From, Thiru S.Ramachandran S/o Sundar Reddiyar, 1/28, North Street, Ethirkottai, Vembakottai Taluk, Virudhunagar – 626131.

То

**District Environmental Engineer (Virudhunagar District)** TNPCB, No.23, Master Plan Area, Sathur Road, Collectorate, Virudhunagar - 626 002.

Sub: Submission of Draft EIA/EMP report and Summary for Rough stone and Gravel Quarry of Thiru S.Ramachandran at 672/3, 674, 675/2, 676/3 over an area of 2.28.0Ha in Ethirkottai Village, Vembakottai Taluk, Virudhunagar District, Tamil Nadu – Public Hearing\_Reg

Ref: ToR granted by SEIAA, Tamil Nadu vide letter SEIAA-TN/F.No.9271/SEAC/ToR 1208/2022 dated 14.07.2022.

Sir,

With reference to the above mentioned subject, I am herewith submitting the copies of Draft EIA/EMP report and Summary of EIA/EMP report in English and Tamil along with CD for Rough stone and Gravel Quarry at 672/3, 674, 675/2, 676/3 over an area of 2.28.0Ha in Ethirkottai Village, Vembakottai Taluk, Virudhunagar District, Tamil Nadu.

As per the terms of reference issued by SEIAA, Tamil Nadu reffered to as (1) above, point no. 39 stipulates conduction of public hearing. Hence, I request you to consider conducting a public hearing for my project at the earliest.

Here with enclosed D.D No – dated for public hearing.

Thank you.

Yours Faithfully,

Thiru S.Ramachandran Encl: as above

# **DRAFT EIA / EMP REPORT**

FOR

# **ROUGHSTONE AND GRAVEL QUARRY**

Extent	2.28.0На
Location	Ethirkottai Village, Vembakottai Taluk, Virudhunagar District, Tamil Nadu
S.F.Nos	672/3, 674, 675/2, 676/3
Land Type	Patta Land
Production for 5 years	Roughstone – 1,97,455 m3 Gravel – 46,896 m3 Weathered Rock – 31,264 m3
Depth	20m bgl
Lease Period	5 years

- SEIAA-Terms of Reference issued bv SEIAA. Tamil Nadu vide TN/F.No.9271/SEAC/ToR 1208/2022 dated 14.07.2022.
- **Baseline Monitoring Period Winter Season (December 2022 to February 2023)**

#### **PROJECT PROPONENT**



1/28, North Street, Ethirkottai, Vembakottai Taluk, Virudhunagar – 626131.

#### CONSULTANT

### **CREATIVE ENGINEERS & CONSULTANTS**

NABET ACCREDITED CONSULTANCY, NABL ACCREDITED TESTING LAB

9B/4, Bharathwajar Street, East Tambaram, Chennai-600059.

Ph: 044-22395170, Cell: 09444133619 Email : cecgiri@yahoo.com,

#### Category – B1

matina Incelifities

# **NOVEMBER 2023**

#### **REVISIONS OF EIA/EMP REPORT**

Revision number	Report Status	Date of submission
00/NOV/23	Draft EIA /EMP Report	22.11.2023

Environmental Impact Assessment & Environmental Management Plan Report for Rough stone and Gravel Quarry of Thiru S.Ramachandran at Rough stone and Gravel Quarry at 672/3, 674, 675/2, 676/3 over an area of 2.28.0Ha in Ethirkottai Village, Vembakottai Taluk, Virudhunagar District, Tamil Nadu was prepared by Creative Engineers & Consultants and authorized for submission by Mr. P.Giri, EIA Coordinator, CEO, of Creative Engineers & Consultants on 22.11.2023 after due review by the personnel and consultation with Thiru S.Ramachandran. Current Revision number of the EIA/EMP report is 00/NOV/23, signifying as per the revision mentioned in the above table that this is a draft EIA/EMP report.



#### PROJECT PROPONENT DECLARATION

I, Thiru S.Ramachandran received ToR under EIA Notification 2006 from SEIAA, Tamil Nadu vide their SEIAA-TN/F.No.9271/SEAC/ToR 1208/2022 dated 14.07.2022 for mining lease for Rough stone and Gravel Quarry at 672/3, 674, 675/2, 676/3 over an area of 2.28.0 Ha in Ethirkottai Village, Vembakottai Taluk, Virudhunagar District, Tamil Nadu.

I have entrusted the EIA study to M/s. Creative Engineers & Consultants (CEC), Chennai who have been accredited by the National Accreditation Board for Education & Training (NABET), Quality Council of India with their accreditation valid upto 23.12.2023.

The Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) and Environmental Management Plan (EMP) have been prepared as per the generic structure proposed in the EIA notification 2006, ToR issued by SEIAA, Tamil Nadu. The prescribed ToR along with compliance is also incorporated in the EIA/EMP Report.

This report is prepared based on the information and data obtained from the Mining Plan and other records and the field study carried out by the consultant. The data given in the EIA/EMP report are factually correct to the best of my knowledge.

Thiru S.Ramachandran



**CREATIVE ENGINEERS & CONSULTANTS** 

(NABET ACCREDITED, NABL ACCREDITED TESTING LABORATORY, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND COMMERCE REGISTERED COMPANY

#### EIA Consultant Undertaking

[In compliance with MoEF Office Memorandum No. J-11013/41/2006-IA.II (I) dated 04.08.2009]

**Creative Engineers & Consultants** (CEC) is an NABL accredited testing Laboratory, and also NABET accredited Category–A environment consultancy organization for preparing EIA/EMP reports for the sectors Mining of minerals, Thermal power plants, Mineral Beneficiation & Cement plants.

CEC has been accredited by the National Accreditation Board for Education & Training (NABET), Quality Council of India for empanelment of EIA Consultants with accreditation valid upto 23.12.2023.

Thiru S.Ramachandran received ToR under EIA Notification 2006 from SEIAA, Tamil Nadu vide their SEIAA-TN/F.No.9271/SEAC/ToR 1208/2022 dated 14.07.2022 for mining lease for Rough stone and Gravel Quarry at 672/3, 674, 675/2, 676/3 over an area of 2.28.0 Ha in Ethirkottai Village, Vembakottai Taluk, Virudhunagar District, Tamil Nadu.

The prescribed TOR is complied with and incorporated in the EIA Report and submitted. This report is based on the information and data obtained from Approved Mining Plan, other records and data from the field study by CEC. The data generated and given in the EIA/EMP Report are factually correct. The sample analyses are carried out through CEC's laboratory.

(P. Giri) Chief Executive & EIA Coordinator Creative Engineers & Consultants

Annexure – VII

#### Declaration by Experts contributing to the EIA Report for

#### Rough stone and Gravel Quarry of Thiru S.Ramachandran at 672/3, 674, 675/2, 676/3 over an area of 2.28.0Ha in Ethirkottai Village, Vembakottai Taluk, Virudhunagar District, Tamil Nadu

I, hereby, certify that I was a part of the EIA team in the following capacity that developed the above EIA.

EIA coordinator:

Name: P.Giri Signature and Date: (

Period of involvement: May 2022 onwards Contact information: 09444133619

Functional area experts:

S. No.	Function al areas	Name of the expert/s	Involvement (period and task**)	Signature and date
1	AP*	P.Giri	<ul> <li>Identification of baseline monitoring stations and study of the monitored data with respect to the applicable standards.</li> <li>Identification of sources of air pollution comprising dust, gaseous emission due to mining &amp; other activities</li> <li>Identification of Impacts &amp; suggestion of mitigation measures</li> <li>Period: May 2022 onwards</li> </ul>	Byuni
		B.Swamynathan	<ul> <li>Data interpretation of Micro meteorological data for wind rose.</li> <li>Identification of polluting source and suggestion of suitable mitigation measures.</li> <li>Period: December 2022 onwards</li> </ul>	Bouronnyrolton

2	WP*	G.Sandhya	<ul> <li>Study of the monitored data with respect to the applicable standards.</li> <li>Identification of Water requirement &amp; Source</li> <li>Preparation of water balance diagram</li> <li>Identification of Water polluting sources</li> <li>Impact of the project on the water quality, both surface and groundwater</li> <li>Suggestion of Mitigation measures to control water pollution</li> <li>Period: December 2022 onwards</li> </ul>	Q
3	SHW*	P.Giri	<ul> <li>Quantification of mineral &amp; waste from mining operation</li> <li>Waste disposal method evaluation</li> <li>Providing dump management plan</li> <li>Providing Surface Runoff Management Structure Requirements.</li> <li>Identification of Hazardous waste and its details of disposal</li> <li>Period: May 2022 onwards</li> </ul>	Qui
4	SE*	R.Baburaj	<ul> <li>Identification of villages in the study area and finalization of demographic profile of the villages within the study area.</li> <li>Preparation of sections relevant to SE functional area in the EIA/EMP report</li> <li>Period: December 2022 onwards</li> </ul>	q. P. V
5	EB*	<b>B.</b> Swamynathan	<ul> <li>Perusal of existing data relevant to this project.</li> <li>Studying the details of flora and fauna, separately for core, buffer zone and forest area based on primary field survey.</li> <li>Identification of species , Indicating the Schedule of the fauna present in the study area</li> <li>Assessment of impact on Biological environment and suggestion of mitigative measures</li> <li>Collecting &amp; providing details of existing and proposed Green belt development /plantation in the core zone Period: December 2022 onwards</li> </ul>	Boutommentation
6	HG*	K.Shankar	• Study of existing surface drainage arrangements in the core and buffer zone, impact due to mining on these drainage courses and suggestion of mitigative measures	k-Sharker

			<ul> <li>Perusal of site specific ground water table details for the core zone and the study area.</li> <li>Studied the hydrological aspects of surface and groundwater in study area</li> <li>Study about impact on the hydrology due to mining operation</li> <li>Suggesting mitigative measures like RWH for enhancement of ground water level Period: December 2022 onwards</li> </ul>	
7	GEO*	K.Shankar	<ul> <li>Study of geology of the ML area and the surrounding areas.</li> <li>Provide details about Mineral composition Period: December 2022 onwards</li> </ul>	K-Ghanken
8	SC*	B.Swamynathan	<ul> <li>Study of soil profile</li> <li>Assessment of Impact on soil and suggesting plantation scheme.</li> <li>Period: December 2022 onwards</li> </ul>	Boutom Wellow
9	AQ*	G.Sandhya	<ul> <li>Quantification of emission particulars</li> <li>Air quality modelling for post project impact on the air quality prediction of the study area. Analysis of the Isopleth generated</li> <li>Arriving at the post project concentration at the AAQ monitoring locations</li> <li>Preparation of meteorological data in suitable form for input into the model</li> <li>Simulation of model for generation of Isopleth and data interpretation.</li> <li>Studying the impact on AAQ monitoring locations due to the generated emissions.</li> <li>Preparation of sections relevant to AQ functional area in the EIA/EMP report.</li> </ul>	a
10	NV*	P.Giri	<ul> <li>Identification of baseline monitoring stations and study of the monitored data with respect to the applicable standards.</li> <li>Predict the noise level and vibration level due to proposed mining operation based on scientific evaluation.</li> <li>Suggesting the Mitigation measures to control noise pollution, Suggesting the Mitigation measures to</li> </ul>	Bui

			control ground vibration Period: May 2022 onwards	
11	LU	B.Swamynathan	<ul> <li>Collection of Remote sensing satellite data to study the land use pattern.</li> <li>Primary field survey and limited field verification</li> <li>Preparation of Land use map using Satellite data of the project area separately for the core zone and the buffer zone and providing the land use pattern.</li> <li>Period: December 2022 onwards</li> </ul>	
12	RH*	K.Shankar	<ul> <li>Identified Major risks involved in the project Mitigation measures suggested to avoid risk.</li> <li>Preparation of onsite and offsite emergency management plan</li> <li>Period: December 2022 onwards</li> </ul>	

\*One TM against each FAE may be shown \*\*Please attach additional sheet if required

#### Declaration by the Head of the accredited consultant organization/ authorized person

I, P.Giri hereby,confirm that the above mentioned experts prepared the EIA report for Rough stone and Gravel Quarry of Thiru S.Ramachandran at 672/3, 674, 675/2, 676/3 over an area of 2.28.0Ha in Ethirkottai Village, Vembakottai Taluk, Virudhunagar District, Tamil Nadu

I also confirm that EIA Coordinator (EC) has gone through the report, and the consultant organization shall be fully accountable for any misleading information. It is certified that no unethical practices, plagiarism involved in carrying out the work and external data / text has not been used without proper acknowledgement while preparing this EIA report.

Signature:

Name: P.Giri

Designation: Chief Executive

Name of the EIA consultant organization: Creative Engineers & Consultants, Chennai – 59 NABET Certificate No. & Issue Date: No- NABET/EIA/2023/SA 0187 & date 30.01.2023





## National Accreditation Board for Education and Training



# **Certificate of Accreditation**

## Creative Engineers and Consultants,

9B/4, Bharathwajar street, East Tambaram,Chennai, Tamil Nadu

\The organization is accredited as **Category-A** under the QCI-NABET Scheme for Accreditation of EIA Consultant Organization, Version 3: for preparing EIA-EMP reports in the following Sectors –

S.	Sector Description	Sector	Cat	
No	Sector Description	NABET	MoEFCC	Cat.
1	Mining of minerals including opencast/ underground mining	1	1 (a) (i)	Α
2	Thermal power plants	4	1 (d)	Α
3	Mineral beneficiation	7	2 (b)	Α
4	Cement Plants	9	3 (b)	Α

Note: Names of approved EIA Coordinators and Functional Area Experts are mentioned in SAAC minutes dated Oct 4, 2022 posted on QCI-NABET website.

The Accreditation shall remain in force subject to continued compliance to the terms and conditions mentioned in QCI-NABET's letter of accreditation bearing no. QCI/NABET/ENV/23/2653 dated January 30, 2023. The accreditation needs to be renewed before the expiry date by Creative Engineers and Consultants, following due process of assessment.

Sr. Director, NABET Dated: January 30, 2023 Certificate No. NABET/EIA/2023/SA 0187

Valid up to December 23, 2023

For the updated List of Accredited EIA Consultant Organizations with approved Sectors please refer to QCI-NABET website.

#### **CONTENTS**

S.No	PARTICULARS	PG NO.					
	TERMS OF REFERENCE & ITS COMPLIANCE						
Α.	COPY OF TOR	T-1					
В.	COMPLIANCE TO TOR POINTS	T-19					
	EIA/ EMP REPORT- CHAPTERS						
I	INTRODUCTION	1-1					
II	PROJECT DESCRIPTION	2-1					
III	DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT	3-1					
IV	ANTICIPATED ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS AND MITIGATION MEASURES	4-1					
V	ANALYSIS OF ALTERNATIVES	5-1					
VI	ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAMME	6-1					
VII	ADDITIONAL STUDIES	7-1					
VIII	PROJECT BENEFITS	8-1					
IX	ENVIRONMENTAL COST BENEFIT ANALYSIS	9-1					
Х	ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN	10-1					
XI	SUMMARY & CONCLUSION	11-1					
XII	DISCLOSURE OF CONSULTANTS ENGAGED	12-1					
ļ	ADDITIONAL ENCLOSURES WITH EIA/EMP REPORT CHAPT	ERS					
	ANNEXURES	A-1					



#### **CHAPTER-WISE CONTENTS**

CHA	PTER 1 INTRODUCTION	1-1
1.1	PURPOSE OF THE REPORT:	1-1
1.2	IDENTIFICATION OF PROJECT & PROJECT PROPONENT:	1-1
1.3	BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF NATURE, SIZE, LOCATION & PROJECT IMPORTANCE	E 1-2
1.4	SCOPE OF THE STUDY:	1-3
CHA	PTER 2 PROJECT DESCRIPTION	2-1
2.1	TYPE OF PROJECT:	2-1
2.2	NEED & JUSTIFICATION FOR THE PROJECT:	2-1
2.3	LOCATION:	2-1
2.4	LAND CLASSIFICATION:	2-8
2.5	GEOLOGY:	2-8
2.6	SIZE AND MAGNITUDE OF THE OPERATION:	2-9
2.6.1	RESERVES:	2-10
2.6.2	MINING METHOD:	2-10
2.7	PROPOSED SCHEDULE FOR APPROVAL AND IMPLEMENTATION:	2-10
2.8	TECHNOLOGY AND PROCESS DESCRIPTION:	2-11
2.9	PROJECT DESCRIPTION:	2-11
2.10	DESCRIPTION OF MITIGATION MEASURES:	2-15
2.11	ASSESSMENT OF NEW & UNTESTED TECHNOLOGY:	2-15
2.12	CONCLUSION:	2-15
CHA	PTER 3 DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT	3-1
3.1	GENERAL:	3-1
3.2	SOCIO-ECONOMIC CONFIGURATIONS OF THE AREA:	3-3
3.3	EXISTING ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY	3-9
3.4	LAND ENVIRONMENT - LANDUSE & LAND COVER	3-27
3.5	BIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENT:	3-32



3.6 HYDROGEOLOGICAL STUDY:

3-36

# CHAPTER 4 ANTICIPATED ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS AND MITIGATIONMEASURES4-14.1GENERAL4-14.2AIR ENVIRONMENT:4-14.3WATER ENVIRONMENT:4-8

- 4.4
   NOISE AND VIBRATION:
   4-12

   4.5
   LAND ENVIRONMENT:
   4-16

   4.6
   BIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENT:
   4-17
- 4.7SOCIO ECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT:4-224.8OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY:4-23
- 4.9
   LOGISTICAL SYSTEM:
   4-24

   4.10
   WASTE MANAGEMENT:
   4-25
- CHAPTER 5 ANALYSIS OF ALTERNATIVES 5-1
- 5.1 ALTERNATE TECHNOLOGY:
   5-1

   5.2 ALTERNATE SITE:
   5-1
- CHAPTER 6 ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAMME 6-1
- 6.1 GENERAL 6-1 MONITORING SCHEDULES FOR VARIOUS PARAMETERS 6.2 6-1 LEGISLATIVE AND REGULATORY FRAME WORK: 6-2 6.3 ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING COST: 6.4 6-8 **CHAPTER 7 ADDITIONAL STUDIES** 7-1 7.1 7-1 GENERAL:
- 7.2PUBLIC CONSULTATION:7-17.3RISK ASSESSMENT:7-17.4REHABILITATION AND RESETTLEMENT (R & R) PLAN:7-47.5MINE CLOSURE PLAN:7-47.6CUMULATIVE IMPACT STUDY:7-5
- 7.6 CUMULATIVE IMPACT STUDY:



DRAFTEIA/EMPREPORTFORROUGHSTONEANDGRAVELQUARRYOFTHIRUS.RAMACHANDRANAT672/3,674,675/2,676/3OVERANAREAOF2.28.0HAINETHIRKOTTAIVILLAGE, VEMBAKOTTAITALUK, VIRUDHUNAGARDISTRICT, TAMILNADU7.7PIT SLOPESTABILITYPLAN7-14

_	_		-		-
CHAPTER	9 EN	VIRC	ONMENTAL ·	COST BENEFIT ANALYSIS	9-1

**CHAPTER 8 PROJECT BENEFITS** 

CHAPTER 10 E	NVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN	10-1

10.1	INTRODUCTION:	10-1
10.2	COMPONENTS OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN:	10-1
10.3	ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION CONTROL COST:	10-8
10.4	CONCLUSION:	10-9
СНА	PTER 11 SUMMARY & CONCLUSION	11-1
11.1	INTRODUCTION:	11-1
11.2	SALIENT FEATURES OF THE PROJECT:	11-2
11.3	EXISTING ENVIRONMENTAL SCENARIO:	11-4
11.4	ANTICIPATED ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS AND MITIGATION MEASURES:	11-9
11.5	ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAMME:	11-15
11.6	ADDITIONAL STUDIES:	11-15
11.7	CONCLUSION:	11-17

CHAPTER 12 DISCLOSURE OF CONSULTANTS ENGAGED 12-1



8-1

#### **LIST OF FIGURES**

Figure 2.1: Location Map	2-2
Figure 2.2: Approachability Map	2-3
Figure 2.3: Lease Plan	2-3
Figure 2.4: Satellite Imagery Showing Corner Co-ordinates of the Project Area	2-6
Figure 2.5: Village Map	2-8
Figure 2.6: Geological Plan & Cross Section	2-9
Figure 2.7: Process Flow Diagram	2-11
Figure 2.8: Year wise Plan & Cross Section	2-13
Figure 2.9: Conceptual Plan & Cross Section	2-14
Figure 3.1: Study Area Map	3-2
Figure 3.2: Demographic Structure in Buffer Zone	3-5
Figure 3.3: History of Cyclonic Storms	3-10
Figure 3.4: Seismic Zone Map of India	3-11
Figure 3.5: Total Rainfall	3-13
Figure 3.6: Average Annual Rainfall	3-13
Figure 3.7: Average Wind Rose	3-15
Figure 3.8: Ambient Air Quality Study Stations	3-17
Figure 3.9: Ambient Air Quality Data	3-18
Figure 3.10: Location of Water Sampling Stations	3-20
Figure 3.11: Location of Noise Sampling Stations	3-23
Figure 3.12: Noise Level Data	3-24
Figure 3.13: Location of Soil Sampling Stations	3-26
Figure 3.14 : Landsat 8 Satellite Data of the Study Area	3-28
Figure 3.15: Map Showing Land Use Categories around 10km Buffer	3-29
Figure 3.16: Landuse within the Buffer Zone Area	3-31
Figure 3.17: Drainage Map	3-37
Figure 3.18: Geology of the Study Area	3-38



Creative Engineers & Consultants

Figure 3.19: Geomorphology of the study area	3-38
Figure 3.20:Lithology of the study area	3-39
Figure 3.21: Soil Map of the study area	3-39
Figure 3.22: Pre Monsoon Water Level	3-41
Figure 3.23: Post Monsoon Water Level	3-41
Figure 3.24: Stage of Groundwater Development Map	3-42
Figure 4.1: Isopleth of GLC Prediction for $PM_{10}$	4-5
Figure 4.2: Isopleth of GLC Prediction for $PM_{2.5}$	4-6
Figure 4.3: Water Balance Diagram	4-8
Figure 4.4: Surface Runoff Management Structures	4-9
Figure 4.5: Mine Closure Plan	4-21
Figure 7.1: Vicinity Map	7-6
Figure 7.2: Cumulative Isopleth of GLC Prediction for PM <sub>10</sub>	7-8
Figure 7.3: Cumulative Isopleth of GLC Prediction for PM <sub>2.5</sub>	7-9
Figure 7.4: Post Mining Land Use	7-13
Figure 10.1: Organization Chart	10-3
Figure 12.1: Disclosure of consultants engaged	12-1



#### LIST OF TABLES

Table 1.1 Identification of project	1-1
Table 1.2: Identification of Project Proponent	1-2
Table 1.3: Statutory Approvals	1-2
Table 1.4: Brief Description of Nature of project	1-2
Table 1.5: Location of the project	1-3
Table 2.1: Mine site description	2-1
Table 2.2: Survey Number wise Area Breakup	2-8
Table 2.3: Geological and Mineable Reserves	2-10
Table 2.4: Details of Equipments	2-10
Table 2.5: Proposed Schedule of Implementation	2-11
Table 2.6: Existing Pit Dimensions	2-11
Table 2.7: Production Schedule During Plan Period	2-12
Table 2.8: Ultimate Pit Dimensions	2-13
Table 2.9: Land Use	2-14
Table 2.10: Project Requirements	2-15
Table 3.1: Type of Baseline Data	3-1
Table 3.2: Environmental Setting of the Study Area	3-3
Table 3.3: Details of Buffer Zone	3-4
Table 3.4: Social, Economic and Demographic Profile of the Study Area	3-4
Table 3.5: Primary Schools in the Buffer Zone Rural Villages	3-7
Table 3.6: Education Facility Availability	3-7
Table 3.7: Healthcare Amenities Availability	3-7
Table 3.8: Infrastructure Facilities	3-8
Table 3.9: Average Annual Rainfall Data (2011-2020)	3-12
Table 3.10: Meteorological Data	3-14
Table 3.11: Air Quality Monitoring	3-16
Table 3.12: Air Quality Monitoring Locations	3-16



Coniting Touribilities

REV NO : 00/NOV/23

Table 3.13: Ambient Air Quality Data	3-18
Table 3.14: Water Quality Monitoring	3-19
Table 3.15: Summary of Water Quality Data	3-2
Table 3.16: Noise Level Monitoring	3-2
Table 3.17: Ambient Noise Level in dB (A)	3-24
Table 3.18: Soil Quality Monitoring	3-25
Table 3.19: Soil Quality Data	3-27
Table 3.20: RS satellite image used for the present study	3-28
Table 3.21: Major Landuse Units of the Study Area	3-29
Table 3.22: Area Estimation of Landuse Categories in Buffer Zone	3-30
Table 3.23: Land Use Pattern of the Study Area Falling Within 10 Km Area in (Ha)	3-37
Table 3.24: List of Floristic Species in the Core Zone	3-32
Table 3.25: List of Floristic Species in the Buffer Zone	3-33
Table 3.26: List of Fauna in the Buffer Zone	3-36
Table 3.27: General Trend of Depth to Water Level	3-40
Table 4.1: Impact and Mitigation Measures – Air Environment	4-2
Table 4.2: Emission Sources	4-3
Table 4.3: Emission Factors	4-4
Table 4.4: Emission Rate	4-4
Table 4.5: Peak Incremental Concentration	4-4
Table 4.6: Concentrations Of PM <sub>10</sub> after Project Implementation	4-7
Table 4.7: Concentrations Of PM <sub>2.5</sub> after Project Implementation	4-7
Table 4.8: Ground Water Resources Estimation– Vembakottai Taluk (M.Cum)	4-1(
Table 4.9: Main Sources of Noise	4-12
Table 4.10: Impact of Noise Levels	4-12
Table 4.11: Post Project Noise Levels	4-13
Table 4.12: Permissible Peak Particle Velocity (PPV) In Mining Areas	4-1
Table 4.13: Land Use Table	4-16
Table 4.14: Land Use During Post Operational Period	4-17



Coniting Touribilities

Creative Engineers & Consultants

**REV NO : 00/NOV/23** 

Table 4.15: Impact on Biological Environment	4-17
Table 4.16: Proposed Plantation	4-20
Table 4.17: CER Cost	4-22
Table 4.18: Details of Transportation	4-24
Table 6.1: Environmental Monitoring Schedule	6-2
Table 6.2: Environmental Standards	6-3
Table 6.3: National Ambient Air Quality Standards	6-3
Table 6.4: IS – 10500 :2012 Standards	6-5
Table 6.5: Noise Level Standards	6-7
Table 6.6: Permissible Noise For Industrial Workers As Laid Down By CPCB	6-7
Table 6.7: Permissible Peak Particle Velocity (PPV) In Mining Areas	6-8
Table 7.1: Details of quarries within 500m radius	7-5
Table 7.2: Salient details of the proposed quarries	7-7
Table 7.3: Cumulative Peak Incremental Concentration	7-7
Table 7.4: Concentrations of PM <sub>10</sub> after Project Implementation	7-10
Table 7.5: Concentrations of PM2.5 after Project Implementation	7-10
Table 7.6: Post project noise levels	7-11
Table 7.7: Cumulative number of trips	7-12
Table 10.1: Environmental Control Cost	10-8
Table 11.1: Site Details	11-2
Table 11.2: Environment Setting of The Study Area	11-2
Table 11.3: Technical Description	11-3
Table 11.4: Details of Buffer Zone	11-5
Table 11.5: Social, Economic And Demographic Profile of the Study Area	11-5
Table 11.6: Baseline Data	11-6
Table 11.7: Land Use in 10Km Buffer Zone	11-7
Table 11.8: Mitigation Measures – Air Environment	11-9
Table 11.9: Mitigation Measures – Water Pollution	11-11



#### LIST OF ANNEXURES

ANNEXURE NO.	PARTICULARS	PAGE NO.
1	Precise area communication Letter	A-1
2	Mine plan approval letter	A-4
3	Details of other quarries in 500m radius	A-8
4	Population Breakup and Literacy Levels in the Buffer Zone	A-10
5	Occupational Structure in the Buffer Zone	A-11
6	Educational Facilities in the Buffer Zone	A-12
7	Medical Facilities in the Buffer Zone	A-13
8	Infrastructural Facilities in the Buffer Zone	A-14
9	Ambient Air Quality Data	A-15
10	Water Quality Data	A-22
11	Village-wise Land Use Pattern in the Buffer Zone	A-24
12	Public Hearing Document	A-25
13	DFO Letter	A-34
14	Affidavit	A-35

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*





#### THIRU.DEEPAK S.BILGI, I.F.S. MEMBER SECRETARY

STATE LEVEL ENVIRONMENT IMPACT ASSESSMENT AUTHORITY-TAMILNADU 3<sup>rd</sup> Floor, Panagal Maaligai, No.1, Jeenis Road, Saidapet, Chennai - 600 015. Phone No. 044-24359973 Fax No. 044-24359975

#### TERMS OF REFERENCE (ToR)

#### Lr No.SEIAA-TN/F.No.9271/SEAC/ToR-1208/2022 Dated :14.07.2022

To

Thiru. S. Ramachandran S/o. Sundar reddiyar 1/28, North Street

Ethirkottai

Vembakottai Taluk

Virudhunagar - 626131

.Sir / Madam,

- Sub: SEIAA, Tamil Nadu Terms of Reference with Public Hearing (ToR) for the Proposed Rough stone and gravel quarry lease over an extent of 2.28.0 Ha at S.F.Nos. 672/3, 674, 675/2 & 676/3, Ethirkottai Village, Vembakottai Taluk, Virudhunagar District, Tamil Nadu by Thiru. S. Ramachandran - under project category – "B1" and Schedule S.No. 1(a) – ToR issued along with Public Hearingpreparation of EIA report – Regarding.
- Ref: 1. Online proposal No. SIA/TN/MIN/ 77000/2022, dated: 18.05.2022
  - 2. Your application seeking Terms of Reference submitted on: 20.05.2022
  - 3. Minutes of the 287th Meeting of SEAC held on 22.06.2022
  - 4. Minutes of the 532th Meeting of SEIAA held 14.07.2022.

Kindly refer to your proposal submitted to the State Level Impact Assessment Authority for Terms of Reference.

The project proponent, Thiru. S. Ramachandran has submitted application seeking ToR for B1 category project in Form-I, for the Proposed Rough stone and gravel quarry lease over an extent

MEMBER SECRET. SEIAA-TN

Page 1 of 21

of 2.28.0 Ha at S.F.Nos. 672/3, 674, 675/2 & 676/3 Ethirkottai Village, Vembakottai Taluk, Virudhunagar District, Tamil Nadu and has furnished Pre-feasibility report.

#### Discussion by SEAC and the Remarks:-

Proposed Rough Stone & Gravel quarry lease over an extent of 2.28.0 Ha at S.F.No. S.F.No. 672/3, 674, 675/2 & 676/3, Ethirkottai Village, Vembakottai Taluk, Virudhunagar District, Tamil Nadu by Thiru. S. Ramachandran for Terms of Reference (SIA/TN/MIN/77143/2022, 21.05.2022)

The proposal was placed in this 287<sup>th</sup> Meeting of SEAC held on 22.06.2022. The details of the project furnished by the proponent are available in the website (parivesh.nic.in).

The SEAC noted the following

- The Project Proponent, Thiru. S. Ramachandran has applied for Terms of Reference for the Rough Stone & Gravel quarry lease over an extent of 2.28.0 Ha at S.F.No. S.F.No. 672/3, 674, 675/2 & 676/3, Ethirkottai Village, Vembakottai Taluk, Virudhunagar District, Tamil Nadu.
- The proposed quarry/activity is covered under Category "B1" of Item 1(a) "Mining Projects" of the Schedule to the EIA Notification, 2006.
- 3. As per the mining plan the lease period is 10 years. The mining plan is for the period of five years & production should not exceed 239140 cu.m of rough stone, 31264Cu.m of Weathered Rock & 46896 Cu.m of Gravel. The annual peak production is 63035 cu.m of rough stone(4<sup>th</sup> year), 14036Cu.m of Weathered Rock (1<sup>st</sup> year) & 21054 Cu.m of Gravel(1<sup>st</sup> year) The ultimate depth is 25 m BG.

Based on the presentation made by the proponent SEAC recommended to grant of Terms of Reference (TOR) with Public Hearing is issued, subject to the following TORs, in addition to the standard terms of reference for EIA study for non-coal mining projects and details issued by the MOEF & CC to be included in EIA/EMP Report:

- 1. The PP shall furnish the letter from Thasildhar stating the details of Fire Works units located within 300m radios from the proposed site.
- The PP shall conduct a survey with respect to the permanent structures located within 300m from the project site and the same shall be included in EIA Report.

MÉMBER SECRETARY SEIAA-TN

- The PP shall submit a letter received from DFO concerned stating the proximity details of Reserve Forests, Protected Areas, Sanctuaries, Tiger reserve etc., up to a radius of 25 km from the proposed site.
- 4. The PP shall carry out Hydro Geological study and the same shall be included in EIA report.
- 5. In the case of proposed lease in an existing (or old) quarry where the benches are not formed (or) partially formed as per the approved Mining Plan, the Project Proponent (PP) shall prepare and submit an 'Action Plan' for carrying out the realignment of the benches in the proposed quarry lease after it is approved by the concerned Asst. Director of Geology and Mining during the time of appraisal for obtaining the EC.
- 6. The Proponent shall submit a conceptual 'Slope Stability Plan' for the proposed quarry during the appraisal while obtaining the EC, when the depth of the working is extended beyond 30 m below ground level.
- The PP shall furnish the affidavit stating that the blasting operation in the proposed quarry is carried out by the statutory competent person as per the MMR 1961 such as blaster, mining mate, mine foreman, II/I Class mines manager appointed by the proponent.
- 8. The PP shall present a conceptual design for carrying out only controlled blasting operation involving line drilling and muffle blasting in the proposed quarry such that the blast-induced ground vibrations are controlled as well as no fly rock travel beyond 30 m from the blast site.
- The EIA Coordinators shall obtain and furnish the details of quarry/quarries operated by the proponent in the past, either in the same location or elsewhere in the State with video and photographic evidences.
- If the proponent has already carried out the mining activity in the proposed mining lease area after 15.01.2016, then the proponent shall furnish the following details from AD/DD, mines,
  - a. What was the period of the operation and stoppage of the earlier mines with last work permit issued by the AD/DD mines?
  - b. Quantity of minerals mined out.
  - c. Highest production achieved in any one year
  - d. Detail of approved depth of mining.
  - e. Actual depth of the mining achieved earlier.

MEMBER SECRET SEIAA-TN

- f. Name of the person already mined in that leases area.
- g. If EC and CTO already obtained, the copy of the same shall be submitted.
- Whether the mining was carried out as per the approved mine plan (or EC if issued) with stipulated benches.
- 11. All corner coordinates of the mine lease area, superimposed on a High Resolution Imagery/Topo sheet, topographic sheet, geomorphology, lithology and geology of the mining lease area should be provided. Such an Imagery of the proposed area should clearly show the land use and other ecological features of the study area (core and buffer zone).
- 12. The PP shall carry out Drone video survey covering the cluster, Green belt , fencing etc.,
- 13. The proponent shall furnish photographs of adequate fencing, green belt along the periphery including replantation of existing trees & safety distance between the adjacent quarries & water bodies nearby provided as per the approved mining plan.
- 14. The Project Proponent shall provide the details of mineral reserves and mineable reserves, planned production capacity, proposed working methodology with justifications, the anticipated impacts of the mining operations on the surrounding environment and the remedial measures for the same.
- 15. The Project Proponent shall provide the Organization chart indicating the appointment of various statutory officials and other competent persons to be appointed as per the provisions of Mines Act'1952 and the MMR, 1961 for carrying out the quarrying operations scientifically and systematically in order to ensure safety and to protect the environment.
- 16. The Project Proponent shall conduct the hydro-geological study considering the contour map of the water table detailing the number of ground water pumping & open wells, and surface water bodies such as rivers, tanks, canals, ponds etc. within 1 km (radius) along with the collected water level data for both monsoon and non-monsoon seasons from the PWD / TWAD so as to assess the impacts on the wells due to mining activity. Based on actual monitored data, it may clearly be shown whether working will intersect groundwater. Necessary data and documentation in this regard may be provided.
- 17. The proponent shall furnish the baseline data for the environmental and ecological parameters with regard to surface water/ground water quality, air quality, soil quality & flora/fauna including traffic/vehicular movement study.
- 18. The Proponent shall carry out the Cumulative impact study due to mining operations carried

MEMBER SECRETARY SEIAA-TN

Page 4 of 21

out in the quarry specifically with reference to the specific environment in terms of soil health, biodiversity, air pollution, water pollution, climate change and flood control & health impacts. Accordingly, the Environment Management plan should be prepared keeping the concerned quarry and the surrounding habitations in the mind.

- Rain water harvesting management with recharging details along with water balance (both monsoon & non-monsoon) be submitted.
- 20. Land use of the study area delineating forest area, agricultural land, grazing land, wildlife sanctuary, national park, migratory routes of fauna, water bodies, human settlements and other ecological features should be indicated. Land use plan of the mine lease area should be prepared to encompass preoperational, operational and post operational phases and submitted. Impact, if any, of change of land use should be given.
- 21. Details of the land for storage of Overburden/Waste Dumps (or) Rejects outside the mine lease, such as extent of land area, distance from mine lease, its land use, R&R issues, if any, should be provided.
- 22. Proximity to Areas declared as 'Critically Polluted' (or) the Project areas which attracts the court restrictions for mining operations, should also be indicated and where so required, clearance certifications from the prescribed Authorities, such as the TNPCB (or) Dept. of Geology and Mining should be secured and furnished to the effect that the proposed mining activities could be considered.
- 23. Description of water conservation measures proposed to be adopted in the Project should be given. Details of rainwater harvesting proposed in the Project, if any, should be provided.
- 24. Impact on local transport infrastructure due to the Project should be indicated.
- 25. A tree survey study shall be carried out (nos., name of the species, age, diameter etc.,) both within the mining lease applied area & 300m buffer zone and its management during mining activity.
- 26. A detailed mine closure plan for the proposed project shall be included in EIA/EMP report which should be site-specific.
- 27. Public Hearing points raised and commitments of the Project Proponent on the same along with time bound Action Plan with budgetary provisions to implement the same should be provided and also incorporated in the final EIA/EMP Report of the Project and to be submitted to SEIAA/SEAC with regard to the Office Memorandum of MoEF& CC

MEMBER SEC

accordingly.

- The Public hearing advertisement shall be published in one major National daily and one most circulated vernacular daily.
- 29. The PP shall produce/display the EIA report, Executive summery and other related information with respect to public hearing in Tamil Language also.
- 30. As a part of the study of flora and fauna around the vicinity of the proposed site, the EIA coordinator shall strive to educate the local students on the importance of preserving local flora and fauna by involving them in the study, wherever possible.
- 31. The purpose of Green belt around the project is to capture the fugitive emissions, carbon sequestration and to attenuate the noise generated, in addition to improving the aesthetics. A wide range of indigenous plant species should be planted as given in the appendix-I in consultation with the DFO, State Agriculture University and local school/college authorities. The plant species with dense/moderate canopy of native origin should be chosen. Species of small/medium/tall trees alternating with shrubs should be planted in a mixed manner.
- 32. Taller/one year old Saplings raised in appropriate size of bags, preferably eco-friendly bags should be planted as per the advice of local forest authorities/botanist/Horticulturist with regard to site specific choices. The proponent shall earmark the greenbelt area with GPS coordinates all along the boundary of the project site with at least 3 meters wide and in between blocks in an organized manner
- 33. A Disaster management Plan shall be prepared and included in the EIA/EMP Report for the complete life of the proposed quarry (or) till the end of the lease period.
- 34. A Risk Assessment and management Plan shall be prepared and included in the EIA/EMP Report for the complete life of the proposed quarry (or) till the end of the lease period.
- 35. Occupational Health impacts of the Project should be anticipated and the proposed preventive measures spelt out in detail. Details of pre-placement medical examination and periodical medical examination schedules should be incorporated in the EMP. The project specific occupational health mitigation measures with required facilities proposed in the mining area may be detailed.
- 36. Public health implications of the Project and related activities for the population in the impact zone should be systematically evaluated and the proposed remedial measures should be detailed along with budgetary allocations.

MEMBER SECRETARY SEIAA-TN

Page 6 of 21

- 37. The Socio-economic studies should be carried out within a 5 km buffer zone from the mining activity. Measures of socio-economic significance and influence to the local community proposed to be provided by the Project Proponent should be indicated. As far as possible, quantitative dimensions may be given with time frames for implementation.
- 38. Details of litigation pending against the project, if any, with direction /order passed by any Court of Law against the Project should be given.
- 39. Benefits of the Project if the Project is implemented should be spelt out. The benefits of the Project shall clearly indicate environmental, social, economic, employment potential, etc.
- 40. If any quarrying operations were carried out in the proposed quarrying site for which now the EC is sought, the Project Proponent shall furnish the detailed compliance to EC conditions given in the previous EC with the site photographs which shall duly be certified by MoEF&CC, Regional Office, Chennai (or) the concerned DEE/TNPCB.
- 41. The PP shall prepare the EMP for the entire life of mine and also furnish the sworn affidavit stating to abide the EMP for the entire life of mine.

Concealing any factual information or submission of false/fabricated data and failure to comply with any of the conditions mentioned above may result in withdrawal of this Terms of Conditions besides attracting penal provisions in the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.

MÉMBER SECRETAR

EMBER SECRETARY SEIAA-TN

Q

Page 7 of 21

SEIAA-TN

No Scientific Name

100		Tamil Name	Tamil Name
1	Acgle marmelos	Vilvam	ໜີ່ໜ້ອນ
2	Adenaanthera pavonina	Manjadi	மஞ்சாடி, ஆனைக்குன்றிமணி
3	Albizia lebbeck	Vaagai	SUTTON & CONTRACT
4	Albizia amara	Usil	2.580
5	Bauhinia purpurea	Mantharai	மந்தாரை
6	Bauhinia racemosa	Aathi	அந்தி
7	Bauhinia tomentos	Iruvathi	இருவாத்தி
8	Buchanania axillaris	Kattuma	காட்டுமா
9	Borassus flabellifer	Panai	LISTIGUT
10	Butea monosperma	Murukkamaram	முருக்கமரம்
11	Bobax ceiba	Ilavu, Sevvilavu	(Geogram) (C
12	Calophyllum inophyllum	Punnai	riegener
13	Cassia fistula	Sarakondrai	சரக்கொள்ளற
14	Cassia roxburghii	Sengondrai	சரகணைன்றை செங்கொன்றை
15	Chloroxylon sweitenia	Purasamaram	பிசு மரம்
16	Cochlospermum religiosum	Kongu, Manjalllavu	
17			கோங்கு, மஞ்சள் இலவு
18	Cordia dichotoma	Naruvuli	ଅଡ଼ରାମା.
19	Creteva adansoni	Mavalingum	COT GREAT COT STATE
20	Dillenia indica	Uva, Uzha	<b>२</b> मा
21	Dillenia pentagyna	SiruUva, Sitruzha	சிறு உசா
a lot of the lot of th	Diospyro sebenum	Karungali	கருங்காலி
22 23	Diospyro schloroxylon	Vaganai	2017-26-505-5007
10000	Ficus amplissima	Kalltchi	கல் இச்சி
24	Hibiscus tiliaceou	Aatrupoovarasu	ஆற்றப்புரைக
25	Hardwickia binata	Aacha	<b>स्ट्रांग</b>
26	Holoptelia integrifolia	Aayili	ஆயா மரம், ஆயிலி
27	Lannea coromandelica	Odhiam	Securit
8	Lagerstroemia speciosa	Poo Marudhu	பு மருது
	Lepisanthus tetraphylla	Neikottaimaram	தெய் கொட்டடை மரப்
	Limonia acidissima	Vila maram	விலா மரம்
1	Litsea glutinos	Pisinpattai	அரம்பா. பிசின்பட்டை
2	Madhuca longifolia	Illuppai	இலுப்பை
	Manilkara hexandra	UlakkaiPaalai	2_006505 LITEDS0
	Mimusops elengi	Magizhamaram	மகிழமரம்
	Mitragyna parvifolia	Kadambu	audy.
	Morinda pubescens	Nuna	Pears
	Morinda citrifolia	Vellai Nuna	வெள்ளை நுணா
	Phoenix sylvestre	Eachai	TEELOD
9	Pongamia pinnat	Pungam	LINE

Appendix -I List of Native Trees Suggested for Planting

MEMBER SECRETARY SEIAA-TN

40	Premna mollissima	Murutai	ഗ്രൽതൽ
41	Premna serratifolia	Narumunnai	පසු ගුන්නන
42	Premna tomentosa	Malaipoovarasu	மலை பூரைசு
43	Prosopis cinerea	Vanni maram	ഖണ്ണി ഗുൾ
44	Pterocarpus marsupium	Vengai	வேங்கை
45	Pterospermum canescens	Vennangu, Tada	வெண்ணாங்க
46	Pterospermum xylocarpum	Polavu	ประกฎ
47	Puthranjiva roxburghi	Karipala	கறிபாலா
48	Salvadora persica	Ugaa Maram	व्यास्त धइके
49	Sapindus emarginatus	Manipungan, Soapukai	மணிப்புங்கள் சோப்புக்காய்
50	Saraca asoca	Asoca	அசோகா
51	Streblus asper	Piray maram	பீராய் மரம்
52	Strychnos nuxvomic	Yetti	sn_up
53	Strychnos potatorum	Therthang Kottai	BEESTA GETLAN
54	Syzygium cumini	Naval	HTANÓ
55	Terminalia belleric	Thandri	தான்றி
56	Terminalia arjuna	Ven marudhu	வென் மகுது
57	Toona ciliate	Sandhana vembu	சந்தன வேம்பு
58	Thespesia populnea	Puvarasu	rimie
59	Walsuratrifoliata	valsura	வால்கரா
60	Wrightia tinctoria	Veppalai	வெப்பாலை
61	Pithecellobium dulce	Kodukkapuli	கொடுக்காப்புளி

#### Discussion by SEIAA and the Remarks:-

The proposal was placed in the 532<sup>nd</sup> Authority meeting held on 14.07.2022. After detailed discussions, the Authority accepts the recommendation of SEAC and decided to grant **Terms of Reference (ToR) along with Public Hearing** under cluster for undertaking the combined Environment Impact Assessment Study and preparation of separate Environment Management Plan subject to the conditions as recommended by SEAC & normal condition in addition to the following conditions:

 Restricting the ultimate depth of mining upto 20m and quantity of 1,97,455cu.m of Rough stone, 46,896 cu.m of Gravel & 31264 cu.m of Weathered Rock are permitted for mining over a period of five years considering the environmental impacts due to the mining, safety precautionary measures of the working personnel and following the principle of the sustainable mining.

MEMBER SECRETARY SELAA-TN

- Detailed study shall be carried out in regard to impact of mining around the proposed mine lease area on the nearby Villages, Water-bodies/ Rivers, & any ecological fragile areas.
- The project proponent shall furnish VAO certificate with reference to 300m radius regard to approved habitations, schools, Archaeological structures etc.
- 4. As per the MoEF& CC office memorandum F.No.22-65/2017-IA.III dated: 30.09.2020 and 20.10.2020 the proponent shall address the concerns raised during the public consultation and all the activities proposed shall be part of the Environment Management Plan.
- 5. The Environmental Impact Assessment shall study in detail the carbon emission and also suggest the measures to mitigate carbon emission including development of carbon sinks and temperature reduction including control of other emission and elimate mitigation activities.
- The Environmental Impact Assessment should study the biodiversity, the natural ecosystem, the soil micro flora, fauna and soil seed banks and suggest measures to maintain the natural Ecosystem.
- Action should specifically suggest for sustainable management of the area and restoration of ecosystem for flow of goods and services.
- The project proponent shall study impact on fish habitats and the food WEB/ food chain in the water body and Reservoir.
- The Terms of Reference should specifically study impact on soil health, soil erosion, the soil physical, chemical components and microbial components.
- 10. The Environmental Impact Assessment should study impact on forest, vegetation, endemic, vulnerable and endangered indigenous flora and fauna.
- The Environmental Impact Assessment should study impact on standing trees and the existing trees should be numbered and action suggested for protection.
- The Environmental Impact Assessment should study on wetlands, water bodies, rivers streams, lakes and farmer sites.
- 13. The Environmental Impact Assessment should hold detailed study on EMP with budget for Green belt development and mine closure plan including disaster management plan.
- The Environmental Impact Assessment should study impact on climate change, temperature rise, pollution and above soil & below soil carbon stock.
- 15. The Environmental Impact Assessment should study impact on protected areas, Reserve Forests, National Parks, Corridors and Wildlife pathways, near project site.

MEMBER SECRETARY SEIAA-TN

Page 10 of 21

- 16. The project proponent shall study and furnish the impact of project on plantations in adjoing patta lands, Horticulture, Agriculture and livestock.
- 17. The project proponent shall study and furnish the details on potential fragmentation impact of natural environment, by the activities.
- 18. The project proponent shall study and furnish the impact on aquatic plants and animals in water bodies and possible scars on the landscape, damages to nearby caves, heritage site, and archaeological sites possible land form changes visual and aesthetic impacts.
- 19. The project proponent shall study and furnish the possible pollution due to plastic and microplastic on the environment. The ecological risks and impacts of plastic & microplastics on aquatic environment and fresh water systems due to activities, contemplated during mining may be investigated and reported.
- The project proponent shall detailed study on impact of mining on Reserve forests free ranging wildlife.
- 21. Detailed study shall be carried out in regard to impact of mining around the proposed mine lease area covering the entire mine lease period as per precise area communication order issued from reputed research institutions on the following
  - a) Soil health & bio-diversity.
  - b) Climate change leading to Droughts, Floods etc.
  - c) Pollution leading to release of Greenhouse gases (GHG), rise in Temperature, & Livelihood of the local people.
  - d) Possibilities of water contamination and impact on aquatic ecosystem health.
  - e) Agriculture, Forestry & Traditional practices.
  - f) Hydrothermal/Geothermal effect due to destruction in the Environment.
  - g) Bio-geochemical processes and its foot prints including environmental stress.
  - h) Sediment geochemistry in the surface streams.
- 22. Hydro-geological study considering the contour map of the water table detailing the number of ground water pumping & open wells, and surface water bodies such as rivers, tanks, canals, ponds etc. within 1 km (radius) so as to assess the impacts on the nearby waterbodies due to mining activity. Based on actual monitored data, it may clearly be shown whether working will intersect groundwater. Necessary data and documentation in this regard may be provided, covering the entire mine lease period.

MEMBER SECRET SELAA-TN

Page 11 of 21

- 23. To furnish disaster management plan and disaster mitigation measures in regard to all aspects to avoid/reduce vulnerability to hazards & to cope with disaster/untoward accidents in & around the proposed mine lease area due to the proposed method of mining activity & its related activities covering the entire mine lease period as per precise area communication order issued.
- 24. To furnish risk assessment and management plan including anticipated vulnerabilities during operational and post operational phases of Mining.
- 25. Detailed Mine Closure Plan covering the entire mine lease period as per precise area communication order issued.
- 26. Detailed Environment Management Plan along with adaptation, mitigation & remedial strategies covering the entire mine lease period as per precise area communication order issued.

# A. STANDARD TERMS OF REFERENCE

- Year-wise production details since 1994 should be given, clearly stating the highest production achieved in any one year prior to 1994. It may also be categorically informed whether there had been any increase in production after the EIA Notification 1994 came into force, w.r.t. the highest production achieved prior to 1994.
- A copy of the document in support of the fact that the Proponent is the rightful lessee of the mine should be given.
- 3) All documents including approved mine plan, EIA and Public Hearing should be compatible with one another in terms of the mine lease area, production levels, waste generation and its management, mining technology etc. and should be in the name of the lessee.
- 4) All corner coordinates of the mine lease area, superimposed on a High Resolution Imagery/ topo sheet, topographic sheet, geomorphology and geology of the area should be provided. Such an Imagery of the proposed area should clearly show the land use and other ecological features of the study area (core and buffer zone).
- 5) Information should be provided in Survey of India Topo sheet in 1:50,000 scale indicating geological map of the area, geomorphology of land forms of the area, existing minerals and mining history of the area, important water bodies, streams and rivers and soil characteristics.
- 6) Details about the land proposed for mining activities should be given with information as to whether mining conforms to the land use policy of the State; land diversion for mining should have approval from State land use board or the concerned authority.
- It should be clearly stated whether the proponent Company has a well laid down Environment

MEMBER SECRETARY SEIAA-TN Policy approved by its Board of Directors? If so, it may be spelt out in the EIA Report with description of the prescribed operating process/procedures to bring into focus any infringement/deviation/ violation of the environmental or forest norms/ conditions? The hierarchical system or administrative order of the Company to deal with the environmental issues and for ensuring compliance with the EC conditions may also be given. The system of reporting of non-compliances / violations of environmental norms to the Board of Directors of the Company and/or shareholders or stakeholders at large, may also be detailed in the EIA Report.

- 8) Issues relating to Mine Safety, including subsidence study in case of underground mining and slope study in case of open cast mining, blasting study etc. should be detailed. The proposed safeguard measures in each case should also be provided.
- 9) The study area will comprise of 10 km zone around the mine lease from lease periphery and the data contained in the EIA such as waste generation etc. should be for the life of the mine / lease period.
- 10) Land use of the study area delineating forest area, agricultural land, grazing land, wildlife sanctuary, national park, migratory routes of fauna, water bodies, human settlements and other ecological features should be indicated. Land use plan of the mine lease area should be prepared to encompass preoperational, operational and post operational phases and submitted. Impact, if any, of change of land use should be given.
- Details of the land for any Over Burden Dumps outside the mine lease, such as extent of land area, distance from mine lease, its land use, R&R issues, if any, should be given.
- 12) Certificate from the Competent Authority in the State Forest Department should be provided, confirming the involvement of forest land, if any, in the project area. In the event of any contrary claim by the Project Proponent regarding the status of forests, the site may be inspected by the State Forest Department along with the Regional Office of the Ministry to ascertain the status of forests, based on which, the Certificate in this regard as mentioned above be issued. In all such cases, it would be desirable for representative of the State Forest Department to assist the Expert Appraisal Committees.
- 13) Status of forestry clearance for the broken up area and virgin forestland involved in the Project including deposition of Net Present Value (NPV) and Compensatory Afforestation (CA) should be indicated. A copy of the forestry clearance should also be furnished.

MEMBER SECRETARY SEIAA-TN

Page 13 of 21

CH

- Implementation status of recognition of forest rights under the Scheduled Tribes and other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006 should be indicated.
- 15) The vegetation in the RF / PF areas in the study area, with necessary details, should be given.
- 16) A study shall be got done to ascertain the impact of the Mining Project on wildlife of the study area and details furnished. Impact of the project on the wildlife in the surrounding and any other protected area and accordingly, detailed mitigative measures required, should be worked out with cost implications and submitted.
- 17) Location of National Parks, Sanctuaries, Biosphere Reserves, Wildlife Corridors, Ramsar site Tiger/ Elephant Reserves/(existing as well as proposed), if any, within 10 km of the mine lease should be clearly indicated, supported by a location map duly authenticated by Chief Wildlife Warden. Necessary clearance, as may be applicable to such projects due to proximity of the ecologically sensitive areas as mentioned above, should be obtained from the Standing Committee of National Board of Wildlife and copy furnished.
- 18) A detailed biological study of the study area [core zone and buffer zone (10 km radius of the periphery of the mine lease)] shall be carried out. Details of flora and fauna, endangered, endemic and RET Species duly authenticated, separately for core and buffer zone should be furnished based on such primary field survey, clearly indicating the Schedule of the fauna present. In case of any scheduled-I fauna found in the study area, the necessary plan along with budgetary provisions for their conservation should be prepared in consultation with State Forest and Wildlife Department and details furnished. Necessary allocation of funds for implementing the same should be made as part of the project cost.
- 19) Proximity to Areas declared as 'Critically Polluted' or the Project areas likely to come under the 'Aravali Range', (attracting court restrictions for mining operations), should also be indicated and where so required, clearance certifications from the prescribed Authorities, such as the SPCB or State Mining Department should be secured and furnished to the effect that the proposed mining activities could be considered.
- 20) Similarly, for Coastal Projects, a CRZ map duly authenticated by one of the authorized agencies demarcating LTL. HTL, CRZ area, location of the mine lease with respect to CRZ, coastal features such as mangroves, if any, should be furnished. (Note: The Mining Projects falling under CRZ would also need to obtain approval of the concerned Coastal Zone Management Authority).

MEMBER SECRETARY

SEIAA-TN

Page 14 of 21

21) R&R Plan/compensation details for the Project Affected People (PAP) should be furnished. While preparing the R&R Plan, the relevant State/National Rehabilitation & Resettlement Policy should be kept in view. In respect of SCs /STs and other weaker sections of the society in the study area, a need based sample survey, family-wise, should

be undertaken to assess their requirements, and action programmes prepared and submitted accordingly, integrating the sectoral programmes of line departments of the State Government. It may be clearly brought out whether the village(s) located in the mine lease area will be shifted or not. The issues relating to shifting of village(s) including their R&R and socio-economic aspects should be discussed in the Report.

- 22) One season (non-monsoon) [i.e. March-May (Summer Season); October-December (post monsoon season); December-February (winter season)]primary baseline data on ambient air quality as per CPCB Notification of 2009, water quality, noise level, soil and flora and fauna shall be collected and the AAQ and other data so compiled presented date-wise in the EIA and EMP Report. Site-specific meteorological data should also be collected. The location of the monitoring stations should be such as to represent whole of the study area and justified keeping in view the pre-dominant downwind direction and location of sensitive receptors. There should be at least one monitoring station within 500 m of the mine lease in the pre-dominant downwind direction. The mineralogical composition of PM10, particularly for free silica, should be given.
- 23) Air quality modeling should be carried out for prediction of impact of the project on the air quality of the area. It should also take into account the impact of movement of Vehicles for transportation of mineral. The details of the model used and input parameters used for modeling should be provided. The air quality contours may be shown on a location map clearly indicating the location of the site, location of sensitive receptors, if any, and the habitation. The wind roses showing pre-dominant wind direction may also be indicated on the map.
- 24) The water requirement for the Project, its availability and source should be furnished. A detailed water balance should also be provided. Fresh water requirement for the Project should be indicated.
- 25) Necessary clearance from the Competent Authority for drawl of requisite quantity of water for the Project should be provided.

MEMBER SECRETARY SEIAA-TN

B

Page 15 of 21

- 26) Description of water conservation measures proposed to be adopted in the Project should be given. Details of rainwater harvesting proposed in the Project, if any, should be provided.
- 27) Impact of the Project on the water quality, both surface and groundwater, should be assessed and necessary safeguard measures, if any required, should be provided.
- 28) Based on actual monitored data, it may clearly be shown whether working will intersect groundwater. Necessary data and documentation in this regard may be provided. In case the working will intersect groundwater table, a detailed Hydro Geological Study should be undertaken and Report furnished. The Report inter-alia, shall include details of the aquifers present and impact of mining activities on these aquifers. Necessary permission from Central Ground Water Authority for working below ground water and for pumping of ground water should also be obtained and copy furnished.
- 29) Details of any stream, seasonal or otherwise, passing through the lease area and modification / diversion proposed, if any, and the impact of the same on the hydrology should be brought out.
- 30) Information on site elevation, working depth, groundwater table etc. Should be provided both in AMSL and bgl. A schematic diagram may also be provided for the same.
- 31) A time bound Progressive Greenbelt Development Plan shall be prepared in a tabular form (indicating the linear and quantitative coverage, plant species and time frame) and submitted, keeping in mind, the same will have to be executed up front on commencement of the Project. Phase-wise plan of plantation and compensatory afforestation should be charted clearly indicating the area to be covered under plantation and the species to be planted. The details of plantation already done should be given. The plant species selected for green belt should have greater ecological value and should be of good utility value to the local population with emphasis on local and native species and the species which are tolerant to pollution.
- 32) Impact on local transport infrastructure due to the Project should be indicated. Projected increase in truck traffic as a result of the Project in the present road network (including those outside the Project area) should be worked out, indicating whether it is capable of handling the incremental load. Arrangement for improving the infrastructure, if contemplated (including action to be taken by other agencies such as State Government) should be covered. Project Proponent shall conduct Impact of Transportation study as per Indian Road Congress Guidelines.
- 33) Details of the onsite shelter and facilities to be provided to the mine workers should be

MEMBER SECRETARY SEIAA-TN

Page 16 of 21

included in the EIA Report.

- 34) Conceptual post mining land use and Reclamation and Restoration of mined out areas (with plans and with adequate number of sections) should be given in the EIA report.
- 35) Occupational Health impacts of the Project should be anticipated and the proposed preventive measures spelt out in detail. Details of pre-placement medical examination and periodical medical examination schedules should be incorporated in the EMP. The project specific occupational health mitigation measures with required facilities proposed in the mining area may be detailed.
- 36) Public health implications of the Project and related activities for the population in the impact zone should be systematically evaluated and the proposed remedial measures should be detailed along with budgetary allocations.
- 37) Measures of socio economic significance and influence to the local community proposed to be provided by the Project Proponent should be indicated. As far as possible, quantitative dimensions may be given with time frames for implementation.
- 38) Detailed Environmental Management Plan (EMP) to mitigate the environmental impacts which, should inter-alia include the impacts of change of land use, loss of agricultural and grazing land, if any, occupational health impacts besides other impacts specific to the proposed Project.
- 39) Public Hearing points raised and commitment of the Project Proponent on the same along with time bound Action Plan with budgetary provisions to implement the same should be provided and also incorporated in the final EIA/EMP Report of the Project.
- 40) Details of litigation pending against the project, if any, with direction /order passed by any Court of Law against the Project should be given.
- 41) The cost of the Project (capital cost and recurring cost) as well as the cost towards implementation of EMP should be clearly spelt out.
- 42) A Disaster management Plan shall be prepared and included in the EIA/EMP Report.
- 43) Benefits of the Project if the Project is implemented should be spelt out. The benefits of the Project shall clearly indicate environmental, social, economic, employment potential, etc.
- 44) Besides the above, the below mentioned general points are also to be followed:
  - a) Executive Summary of the EIA/EMP Report
  - b) All documents to be properly referenced with index and continuous page numbering.

MEMBER SECRETARY

G

SEIAA-TN

- c) Where data are presented in the Report especially in Tables, the period in which the data were collected and the sources should be indicated.
- d) Project Proponent shall enclose all the analysis/testing reports of water, air, soil, noise etc. using the MoEF&CC/NABL accredited laboratories. All the original analysis/testing reports should be available during appraisal of the Project.
- e) Where the documents provided are in a language other than English, an English translation should be provided.
- f) The Questionnaire for environmental appraisal of mining projects as devised earlier by the Ministry shall also be filled and submitted.
- g) While preparing the EIA report, the instructions for the Proponents and instructions for the Consultants issued by MoEF&CC vide O.M. No. J-11013/41/2006-IA.II(I) dated 4th August, 2009, which are available on the website of this Ministry, should be followed.
- h) Changes, if any made in the basic scope and project parameters (as submitted in Form-I and the PFR for securing the TOR) should be brought to the attention of MoEF&CC with reasons for such changes and permission should be sought, as the ToR may also have to be altered. Post Public Hearing changes in structure and content of the draft EIA/EMP (other than modifications arising out of the P.H. process) will entail conducting the PH again with the revised documentation.
- i) As per the circular no. J-11011/618/2010-IA.II(I) dated 30.5.2012, certified report of the status of compliance of the conditions stipulated in the Environment Clearance for the existing operations of the project, should be obtained from the Regional Office of Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, as may be applicable.
- j) The EIA report should also include (i) surface plan of the area indicating contours of main topographic features, drainage and mining area, (ii) geological maps and sections and (iii) sections of the mine pit and external dumps, if any, clearly showing the land features of the adjoining area.

# In addition to the above, the following shall be furnished:-

The Executive summary of the EIA/EMP report in about 8-10 pages should be prepared incorporating the information on following points:

- 1. Project name and location (Village, District, State, Industrial Estate (if applicable).
- 2. Process description in brief, specifically indicating the gaseous emission, liquid effluent and

MEMBER SECRETARY SEIAA-TN

Q

solid and hazardous wastes.

- 3. Measures for mitigating the impact on the environment and mode of discharge or disposal.
- 4. Capital cost of the project, estimated time of completion.
- The proponent shall furnish the contour map of the water table detailing the number of wells located around the site and impacts on the wells due to mining activity.
- 6. A detailed study of the lithology of the mining lease area shall be furnished.
- 7. Details of village map, "A" register and FMB sketch shall be furnished.
- Detailed mining closure plan for the proposed project approved by the Geology of Mining department shall be shall be submitted along with EIA report.
- 9. Obtain a letter /certificate from the Assistant Director of Geology and Mining standing that there is no other Minerals/resources like sand in the quarrying area within the approved depth of mining and below depth of mining and the same shall be furnished in the EIA report.
- EIA report should strictly follow the Environmental Impact Assessment Guidance Manual for Mining of Minerals published February 2010.
- Detail plan on rehabilitation and reclamation carried out for the stabilization and restoration of the mined areas.
- 12. The EIA study report shall include the surrounding mining activity, if any.
- 13. Modeling study for Air, Water and noise shall be carried out in this field and incremental increase in the above study shall be substantiated with mitigation measures.
- 14. A study on the geological resources available shall be carried out and reported.
- 15. A specific study on agriculture & livelihood shall be carried out and reported.
- Impact of soil erosion, soil physical chemical and biological property changes may be assumed.
- 17. Site selected for the project Nature of land Agricultural (single/double crop), barren, Govt./ private land, status of is acquisition, nearby (in 2-3 km.) water body, population, with in 10km other industries, forest, eco-sensitive zones, accessibility, (note - in case of industrial estate this information may not be necessary)
- 18. Baseline environmental data air quality, surface and ground water quality, soil characteristic, flora and fauna, socio-economic condition of the nearby population
- Identification of hazards in handling, processing and storage of hazardous material and safety system provided to mitigate the risk.

MEMBER SECRETA

MEMBER SECRETARY SEIAA-TN

Ø

Page 19 of 21

- 20. Likely impact of the project on air, water, land, flora-fauna and nearby population
- 21. Emergency preparedness plan in case of natural or in plant emergencies
- 22. Issues raised during public hearing (if applicable) and response given
- 23. CER plan with proposed expenditure.
- 24. Occupational Health Measures
- 25. Post project monitoring plan
- The project proponent shall carry out detailed hydro geological study through intuitions/NABET Accredited agencies.
- 27. A detailed report on the green belt development already undertaken is to be furnished and also submit the proposal for green belt activities.
- 28. The proponent shall propose the suitable control measure to control the fugitive emissions during the operations of the mines.
- 29. A specific study should include impact on flora & fauna, disturbance to migratory pattern of animals.
- 30. Reserve funds should be earmarked for proper closure plan.
- 31. A detailed plan on plastic waste management shall be furnished. Further, the proponent should strictly comply with, Tamil Nadu Government Order (Ms) No.84 Environment and forests (EC.2) Department dated 25.06.2018 regarding ban on one time use and throw away plastics irrespective of thickness with effect from 01.01.2019 under Environment (Protection) Act, 1986. In this connection, the project proponent has to furnish the action plan.

# Besides the above, the below mentioned general points should also be followed:-

- a. A note confirming compliance of the TOR, with cross referencing of the relevant sections / pages of the EIA report should be provided.
- b. All documents may be properly referenced with index, page numbers and continuous page numbering.
- c. Where data are presented in the report especially in tables, the period in which the data were collected and the sources should be indicated.
- d. While preparing the EIA report, the instructions for the proponents and instructions for the consultants issued by MoEF & CC vide O.M. No. J-11013/41/2006-IA.II (I) dated 4th August, 2009, which are available on the website of this Ministry should also be followed.

Q9

MEMBER SECRETARY SEIAA-TN

Page 20 of 21

- e. The consultants involved in the preparation of EIA/EMP report after accreditation with Quality Council of India (QCI)/National Accreditation Board of Education and Training (NABET) would need to include a certificate in this regard in the EIA/EMP reports prepared by them and data provided by other organization/Laboratories including their status of approvals etc. In this regard circular no F. No.J -11013/77/2004-IA-II(I) dated 2<sup>nd</sup> December, 2009, 18<sup>th</sup> March 2010, 28<sup>th</sup> May 2010, 28<sup>th</sup> June 2010, 31<sup>st</sup> December 2010 & 30<sup>th</sup> September 2011 posted on the Ministry's website http://www.moef.nic.in/ may be referred.
  - After preparing the EIA (as per the generic structure prescribed in Appendix-III of the EIA Notification, 2006) covering the above mentioned points, the proponent will take further necessary action for obtaining environmental clearance in accordance with the procedure prescribed under the EIA Notification, 2006.
  - The final EIA report shall be submitted to the SEIAA, Tamil Nadu for obtaining Environmental Clearance.
  - The TORs with public hearing prescribed shall be <u>valid for a period of three years</u> from the date of issue, for submission of the EIA/EMP report as per OMNo.J-11013/41/2006-IA-II(I)(part) dated 29<sup>th</sup> August, 2017.

MEMBER SECRETAR SEIAA-TN

#### Copy to:

- The Additional Chief Secretary to Government, Environment & Forests Department, Govt. of Tamil Nadu, Fort St. George, Chennai - 9
- The Chairman, Central Pollution Control Board, Parivesh Bhavan, CBD Cum-Office Complex, East Arjun Nagar, New Delhi 110032.
- The Member Secretary, Tamil Nadu Pollution Control Board, 76, Mount Salai, Guindy, Chennai-600 032.
- The APCCF (C), Regional Office, MoEF & CC (SZ), 34, HEPC Building, 1<sup>st</sup>& 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, Cathedral Garden Road, Nungambakkam, Chennai -34.
- Monitoring Cell, IA Division, Ministry of Environment, Forests & CC, Paryavaran Bhavan, CGO Complex, New Delhi 110003
- 6. The District Collector, Virudhunagar District.
- 7. Stock File.

#### **TOR COMPLIANCE**

S.No	ToR Points	Reply	Pg.No
A. To	R in Addition to Standard ToR		
1.	The PP shall furnish the letter from Thasildhar stating the details of Fire Works units located within 300m radius from the proposed site.	Under process	
2.	The PP shall conduct a survey with respect to the permanent structures located within 300m from the project site and the same shall be included in EIA Report.	Village Map has been enclosed as Figure No.2.5, Chapter-II.	2-8
3.	The PP shall submit a letter received from DFO concerned stating the proximity details of Reserve Forests, Protected Areas, Sanctuaries, Tiger reserve etc., up to a radius of 25 km from the proposed site.	Under process	
4.	The PP shall carry out Hydro Geological study and the same shall be included in EIA report.	Hydrogeological studies is provided under Section 3.6, Chapter-III.	3-36
5.	In the case of proposed lease in an existing (or old) quarry where the benches are not formed (or) partially formed as per the approved Mining Plan, the Project Proponent (PP) shall prepare and submit an 'Action Plan' for carrying out the realignment of the benches in the proposed quarry lease after it is approved by the concerned Asst. Director of Geology and Mining during the time of appraisal for obtaining the EC.	Quarrying in this lease area was earlier carried out for the period of 03.11.2003 to 02.11.2008 with the proceeding no. KV1/2214/2003 dated 03.10.2003. Letter has been obtained from Assistant Director, Geology & Mining, Virudhunagar vide Roc.No.KV1/664/2021 dated 17.03.2022 regarding the lease period, quantity mined and the depth of mining. (Annexure-3) Pit slope stability plan is provided under Section 7.7, Chapter-VII.	2-11 7-7
6.	The Proponent shall submit a conceptual 'Slope Stability Plan' for the proposed quarry during the appraisal while obtaining the EC, when the depth of the working is extended beyond 30 m below ground level.	The proposed depth of mining as per approved mining plan was 25m. However based on SEIAA recommendation, the depth of mining has been reduced to 20m.	2-11
7.	The PP shall furnish the affidavit stating that the blasting operation in the proposed quarry is carried out by the statutory competent person as per the MMR 196I such as blaster,	Under process	



	mining mate, mine foreman, lyl Class mines		
	manager appointed by the proponent.		
8.	The PP shall present a conceptual design for carrying out only controlled blasting operation involving line drilling and muffle blasting in the proposed quarry such that the blast-induced ground vibrations are controlled as well as no fly rock travel beyond 30 m from the blasting site.	The various measures planned to reduce ground vibrations dues to blasting is provided under Section 4.4.2, Chapter-IV.	4-14
9.	The EIA Coordinators shall obtain and furnish the details of quarry/quarries operated by the proponent in the past, either in tie same location or elsewhere in the State with video and photographic evidences.	Agreed	
10.	<ul> <li>If the proponent has already carried out the mining activity in the proposed mining lease area after 15.01.2016, then the proponent shall furnish the following details from AD/DD, mines,</li> <li>a) What was the period of the operation and stoppage of the earlier mines with last work permit issued by the AD/DD mines?</li> <li>b) Quantity of minerals mined out.</li> <li>c) Highest production achieved in any one year</li> <li>d) Detail of approved depth of mining.</li> <li>e) Actual depth of the mining achieved earlier.</li> <li>f) Name of the person already mined in that leases area.</li> <li>g) If EC and CTO already obtained, the copy of the same shall be submitted.</li> <li>Whether the milling was carried out as per the approved mine plan (or EC if issued) with stipulated benches.</li> </ul>	Letter has been obtained from Assistant Director, Geology & Mining, Virudhunagar vide Roc.No.KV1/664/2021 dated 17.03.2022 regarding the lease period, quantity mined and the depth of mining. (Annexure-3)	A-X
11.	All comer coordinates of the mine lease area, superimposed on a High Resolution Imagery/Topo sheet, topographic sheet, geomorphology, lithology and geology of the mining lease area should be provided. Such an Imagery of the proposed area should	<ul> <li>Project coordinates superimposed in satellite imagery and given as Figure No - 2.6 – 2.8 in Chapter – II.</li> <li>The geology and geomorphology map is provided in Figure No.3.21, 3.22, Chapter-III.</li> </ul>	2-6 3-38



	clearly show the land use and other ecological features of the study area (core and buffer zone).	provided under Figure No. 3.23, 3.24, Chapter-III. The 10km Radius Index plan showing buffer zone is given in Figure No.3.1 in Chapter – III.	3-1
12.	The PP shall carry out Drone video survey covering the cluster, Green belt , fencing etc.,	Will be carried out	
13.	The proponent shall furnish photographs of adequate fencing, green belt along the periphery including replantation of existing tees & safety distance between the adjacent quarries & water bodies nearby provided as per the approved mining plan.	Site photographs is provided in Chapter-II. Based on the conditions of Precise Area Communication letter, a safety distance of 10m for cart track and 7.5m safety distance has been left for the adjoining patta lands.	2-6
	details of mineral reserves and mineable reserves, planned production capacity	<ul> <li>The details of geological and mineable reserves are provided in Table No.2.3, Chapter-II.</li> </ul>	2-10
14.	proposed working methodology with justifications, the anticipated impacts of the mining operations on the surrounding environment and the remedial measures for the same.	<ul> <li>The process flow diagram is provided in Table No.2.8, Chapter-II.</li> <li>The production schedule during the plan period is provided in Table No.2.7, Chapter-II.</li> </ul>	2-11 2-12
15.	The Project Proponent shall provide the Organization chart indicating the appointment of various statutory officials and other competent person to be appointed as per the provisions of Mines Act'1952 and the MMR, 1961 for carrying out the quarrying operations scientifically and systematically in order to ensure safety and to protect the environment.	The organization chart has been provided in Figure No.10.1, Chapter-X.	10-3
16.	The Project Proponent shall conduct the hydro-geological study considering the contour map of the water table detailing the number of ground water pumping & open wells, and surface water bodies such as rivers, tanks, canals, ponds etc. within 1 km (radius) along with the collected water level data for both monsoon and non-monsoon seasons from the PWD / TWAD so as to assess the impacts on the wells due to mining activity. Based on actual monitored	Details of hydrogeological scenario of this project is provided under section 3.6, Chapter-III.	3-36



	data, it may clearly be shown whether working will intersect groundwater. Necessary data and documentation in this regard may be provided.		
17.	The proponent shall furnish the baseline data for the environmental and ecological parameters with regard to surface water/ground water quality, air quality, soil quality & flora/fauna including traffic/vehicular movement study.	The baseline data on micro- meteorology, ambient air quality, Water quality, noise level, soil and flora & fauna are collected during Winter Season (December 2022 to February 2023) and detailed in Section 3.3 to 3.5 of Chapter-III. The details of Traffic Study is provided under Section 4.9, Chapter-IV.	3-14 4-24
18.	The Proponent shall carry out the Cumulative impact study due to mining operations carried out in the quarry specifically with reference to the specific environment in terms of soil health, biodiversity, air pollution, water pollution, climate change and flood control & health impacts. Accordingly, the Environment Management plan should be prepared keeping the concerned quarry and the surrounding habitations in the mind.	<ul> <li>The details of other quarries located in 500m radius of the project is provided in Annexure-3. The baseline monitoring carried out for this project reflects the cumulative impact of this existing quarry.</li> <li>The identification of impact due to air, water, health impacts etc. has been carried out in Chapter-IV. The environmental management plan has been provided elaborately in Chapter-X.</li> </ul>	4-1 10-1
19.	Rain water harvesting management with recharging details along with water balance (both monsoon & non-monsoon) be submitted.	The non-monsoon water requirement for this project will be 10.0 KLD and the monsoon quantity will be 5.0 KLD. The required water will be procured from outside agencies initially. Later, water collected in the mine pit will be used to meet the needs.	2-13
20.	Land use of the study area delineating forest area, agricultural land, grazing land, wildlife sanctuary, national park, migratory routes of fauna, water bodies, human settlements and other ecological features should be indicated. Land use plan of the mine lease area should be prepared to encompass preoperational, operational and post operational phases and submitted. Impact, if any, of change of land use should be given.	<ul> <li>The land use of the study area was studied to demarcate various LULC categories and its details are provided under section 3.4, Chapter-III.</li> <li>The land use pattern at present and at the end of the quarrying period has been provided under section 4.5.1, Chapter-IV.</li> <li>The post mining land use has been provided in Table No. 4.14The post mining land use plan showing afforestation and water body is shown in Figure No- 4.5.</li> </ul>	3-27 4-16



	Details of the land for storage of	There is no waste generation anticipated in	
21.	Overburden/Waste Dumps (or) Rejects outside the mine lease, such as extent of land area, distance from mine lease, its land use, R&R issues, if any, should be provided.	this quarry operation since the entire excavated material will be utilized. Hence, there is no external overburden dump involved. Besides, there is no proposal for overburden dump outside the lease area.	2-12
22.	Proximity to Areas declared as 'Critically Polluted' (or) the Project areas which attracts the court restrictions for mining operations, should also be indicated and where so required, clearance certifications from the prescribed Authorities, such as the TNPCB (or) Dept. of Geology and Mining should be secured and furnished to the effect that the proposed mining activities could be considered.	Not applicable	
23.	Description of water conservation measures proposed to be adopted in the Project should be given. Details of rainwater harvesting proposed in the Project, if any, should be provided.	<ul> <li>The rain water falling in the quarry will be harvested in the sump at the lowest level of the quarry. This sump will act as a settling pond to prevent solids escaping along with discharge, before outlet. etc.</li> <li>Towards surface runoff management, a garland drain will be constructed around the quarry and will be connected to a settling pond with silt traps. The supernatant clear water from the settling pond will be flow to the downstream users. The surface runoff management structures diagram is given in Figure No 4.3, Chapter-IV.</li> <li>The methods for reducing water consumption and rainwater harvesting is provided in section 4.3.4, Chapter-IV.</li> </ul>	4-9
24.	Impact on local transport infrastructure due to the Project should be indicated.	From this proposed quarry the entire output will be transported to the crusher units for producing stone aggregates of different sizes or construction of roads, bridges, buildings and other buyers etc. Details of the traffic study is provided under section 4.9, Chapter- IV.	4-24
25.	A tree survey study shall be carried out (nos., name of the species, age, diameter etc.,) both within the mining lease applied	The details of flora in the core zone and the buffer zone are provided from Table No.3.24–3.25, Chapter-III.	3-32



	area & 300m buffer zone and its management during mining activity.		
26.	A detailed mine closure plan for the proposed project shall be included in EIA/EMP report which should be site- specific.	Details of Mine Closure Plan is provided under section 7.5, Chapter-VII.	7-4
27.	Public Hearing points raised and commitments of the Project Proponent on the same along with time bound Action Plan with budgetary provisions to implement the same should be provided and also incorporated in the final EIA/EMP Report of the Project and to be submitted to SEIAA/SEAC with regard to the Office Me or um of MoEF&CC accordingly	This draft EIA/EMP report will be exposed to public consultation as per mandatory procedures through the District Collector and State Pollution Control Board officials after giving 30 days advance notice in two local newspapers about the scheduled date and time for conduct of the public hearing procedures. The opinions, concerns and objections of stakeholders will be recorded during the public hearing. All the public queries and the replies to the query by the project proponent and officials concerned will be recorded and incorporated in the EIA/EMP report for approval by SEIAA, Tamil Nadu.	7-1
28.	The Public hearing advertisement shall be published in one major National daily and one most circulated vernacular daily.	Agreed	
29.	The PP shall produce/display the EIA report, Executive summery and other related information with respect to public hearing in Tamil Language also.	Agreed	
30.	As a part of the study of flora and fauna around the vicinity of the proposed site, the EIA coordinator shall strive to educate the local students on the importance of preserving local flora and fauna by involving them in the study, wherever possible.	A detailed study of flora and fauna composition in the core and buffer zone of the project has been made through primary field surveys. The details are furnished in para 3.5, Chapter III.	3-32
31.	The purpose of Green belt around the project is to capture the fugitive emissions, carbon sequestration and to attenuate the noise generated, in addition to improving the aesthetics. A wide range of indigenous plant species should be planted as given in the appendix in consultation with the DFO, State Agriculture University and local	In the lease area, safety barrier 7.5m is left as safety zone. Greenbelt / Plantation will be carried out in and around the lease area to enhance the vegetative growth and aesthetic in the area. Details are given in Table No.4.16, Chapter-IV.	4-20



	school/college authorities. The plant species with dense/moderate canopy of native origin should be chosen. Species of small/medium/tall trees alternating with shrubs should be planted in a mixed manner.		
32.	Taller/one year old Saplings raised in appropriate size of bags, preferably eco- friendly bags should be planted in proper espacement as per the advice of local forest authorities/botanist/Horticulturist with regard to site specific choices. The proponent shall earmark the greenbelt area with GPS coordinates all along the boundary of the project site with at least 3 meters wide and in between blocks in an organized manner.	Agreed	
33.	A Disaster management Plan shall be prepared and included in the EIA/EMP Report.	The disaster management plan has been provided under section 7.4, Chapter-VII.	7-1
34.	A Risk Assessment and management Plan shall be prepared and included in the EIA/EMP Report.	Details about Risk Assessment has been provided under section 7.2, Chapter-VII.	7-2
35.	Occupational Health impacts of the Project should be anticipated and the proposed preventive measures spelt out in detail. Details of pre-placement medical examination and periodical medical examination schedules should be incorporated in the EMP. The project specific occupational health mitigation measures with required facilities proposed in the mining area may be detailed.	Details of occupational health and safety aspects are given under the subsections of Para 4.8, Chapter-IV.	4-23
36.	Public health implications of the Project and related activities for the population in the impact zone should be systematically evaluated and the proposed remedial measures should be detailed along with budgetary allocations.	<ul> <li>Details of the socio economic survey conducted in the buffer zone has been provided in Para 3.2.4, Chapter-III.</li> <li>Public health facilities will be further aimed to be developed through CER activities wherein periodic health checkups, medical camps for the locals will be conducted.</li> </ul>	3-8
37.	The Socio-economic studies should be carried out within a 5 km buffer zone from the mining activity. Measures of socio-	<ul> <li>Nearby villages were visited for conducting study to know about socio-economic</li> </ul>	3-8



	economic significance and influence to the local community proposed to be provided by the Project Proponent should be indicated. As far as possible, quantitative dimensions may be given with time frames for implementation.	conditions, including aspirations and requirements of the people for a better living and collected relevant data. The details are provided under section 3.2.4, Chapter-III.	
38.	Details of litigation pending against the project, if any, with direction /order passed by any Court of Law against the Project should be given.	There is no litigation pending against the project.	
		• The proposed Roughstone and Gravel Quarry will benefit this region in the fields of employment opportunities, improved per capita income for local people, improved social welfare facilities in respect of education, health, infrastructural etc.	
39.	Benefits of the Project if the Project is implemented should be spelt out. The benefits of the Project shall clearly indicate environmental, social, economic, employment potential, etc.	<ul> <li>Direct employment to about 18 people and indirect employment to scores of people.</li> <li>By means of carrying out the socio-economic development activities, local community development is expected. Towards the same, the proponent has planned to allocate Rs.5 Lakhs for various activities under CER for all the three projects together. From the CER activities allocated for various social welfare activities, the villages near the lease area will be benefited.</li> </ul>	8-1
40.	If any quarrying operations were carried out in the proposed quarrying site for which now the EC is sought, the Project Proponent shall furnish the detailed compliance to EC conditions given in the previous EC with the site photographs which shall duly be certified by MoEF&CC, Regional Office, Chennai (or) the concerned DEE/TNPCB.	Quarrying in this lease area was earlier carried out for the period of 03.11.2003 to 02.11.2008 with the proceeding no. KV1/2214/2003 dated 03.10.2003. Letter has been obtained from Assistant Director, Geology & Mining, Virudhunagar vide Roc.No.KV1/664/2021 dated 17.03.2022 regarding the lease period, quantity mined and the depth of mining. (Annexure-3)	2-11
41.	The PP shall prepare the EMP for the entire life of mine and also furnish the sworn affidavit stating to abide the EMP for the entire life of mine.	Will be submitted	



В.	Additional ToR		
1.	Restricting the ultimate depth of mining upto 20m and quantity of 1,97,455cu.m of Rough stone, 46,896 cu.m of Gravel & 31264 cu.m of Weathered Rock are permitted for mining over a period of five years considering the environmental impacts due to the mining, safety precautionary measures of the working personnel and following the principle of the sustainable mining.	The proposed depth of mining as per approved mining plan was 25m. However based on SEIAA recommendation, the depth of mining has been reduced to 20m. The revised production schedule is provided in Table 2.7, Chapter-II.	2-12
2.	Detailed study shall be carried out in regard to impact of mining around the proposed mine lease area on the nearby villages, Water-bodies/ Rivers & any ecological fragile areas.	There is an odai at a distance of 200m (NW), 275m (NW) and at 225m (SE) side of the lease area. There is no proposal to discharge any effluent into these water bodies. No major impact is envisaged on the nearby water bodies due to project operations.	4-10
3.	The project proponent shall furnish VAO certificate with reference to 300m radius regard to approved habitations, schools, Archeological structures, etc.	Letter has been obtained from VAO and the same is enclosed as Annexure-X of the mining plan.	
4.	As per the MoEF& CC office memorandum F.No.22_65/2017_IA.III dated: 30.09.2020 and 20.10 2020 the proponent shall address the concerns raised during the public consultation and all the activities proposed shall be part of the Environment Management plan.	Agreed	
5.	The Environmental Impact Assessment shall study in detail the carbon emission and also suggest the measures to mitigate carbon emission including development of carbon sinks and temperature reduction including control of other emission and climate mitigation activities.	Considering that the quantum of production is less, only 1 excavator, 4 tippers will be engaged. These equipments will be properly and regularly maintained. Besides, as mentioned earlier, regular vehicular emission tests will be done for the transport vehicles to ensure minimal impact due to carbon emissions. To further mediate the carbon emissions, a good greenbelt and plantation plan has been planned wherein 1150 number of plants will be planted in and around the lease area.	4-3
6.	The Environmental impact Assessment	An ecological survey of the study area was	3-32



	should study the biodiversity, the natural ecosystem, the soil micro flora, fauna and soil seed banks and suggest measures to maintain the natural Ecosystem.	conducted with reference to listing of species and assessment of the existing baseline ecological conditions. Details are provided under section 3.5.1, Chapter-III.	
7.	Action should specifically suggest for sustainable management of the area and restoration of ecosystem for flow of goods and services.	The post mining land use has been provided in Table No. 4.13. The post mining land use plan showing afforestation and water body is shown in Figure No- 4.4.	4-16
8.	The project proponent shall study impact on fish habitats and the food WEB/ food chain in the water body and Reservoir.	There is no major perennial waterbody in close proximity of the lease area.	4-10
9.	The Terms of Reference should specifically study impact on soil health, soil erosion, the soil physical, chemical components and microbial components.	<ul> <li>Soil samples were collected in 3 locations in the core and buffer zone to analyse the physiochemical characteristics of the soil in the area. The soil quality data is provided in Table No.3.19, Chapter-III.</li> <li>The soil map is provided in Figure No.3.20, Chapter-III.</li> </ul>	3-27 3-39
10.	The Environmental Impact Assessment should study impact on forest, vegetation, endemic, vulnerable and endangered indigenous flora and fauna.	• An ecological survey of the study area was conducted with reference to listing of species and assessment of the existing baseline ecological conditions. Details are provided under section 3.5.1, Chapter-III.	3-32
11.	The Environmental Impact Assessment should study impact on standing trees and the existing trees should be numbered and action suggested for protection.	<ul> <li>Replied in Additional ToR Point No 6.</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>The nearest major water bodies is provided in Table No.3.2, Chapter-III.</li> </ul>	3-3
12.	The Environmental Impact Assessment should study on wetlands, water bodies, rivers streams, lakes and farmer sites.	• There is an odai at a distance of 200m (NW), 275m (NW) and at 225m (SE) side of the lease area. There is no proposal to discharge any effluent into these water bodies. No major impact is envisaged on the nearby water bodies due to project operations	4-10
		<ul> <li>The mining area consists of hard compact rock, hence no major water seepage within the mine is expected from the periphery. The</li> </ul>	



		ultimate pit depth of mining is 20m. The ground water table in this area is below this level. Hence, ground water intersection in not envisaged and ground water will not be affected appreciably due to the quarrying operation.	
13.	The Environmental Impact Assessment should hold detailed study on EMP with budget for green belt development and mine closure plan including disaster management plan.	<ul> <li>Detailed environmental management plan is provided in Chapter-X.</li> <li>The environmental management cost is provided under Table No.10.1, Chapter-X.</li> <li>Disaster management plan is provided under section 7.4.1, Chapter-VII.</li> </ul>	10-1 7-3
14.	The Environmental Impact Assessment should study impact on climate change, temperature rise, pollution and above soil & below soil carbon stock.	• Considering that the quantum of production is less, only 1 excavator, 4 tippers will be engaged. These equipments will be properly and regularly maintained. Besides, as mentioned earlier, regular vehicular emission tests will be done for the transport vehicles to ensure minimal impact due to carbon emissions. To further mediate the carbon emissions, a good greenbelt and plantation plan has been planned wherein 1150 number of plants will be planted in and around the lease area.	4-3
15.	The Environmental Impact Assessment should study impact on protected areas, Reserve Forests, National Parks, Corridors and Wildlife pathways, near project site.	• The mining lease area and the 10 km buffer zone from the periphery of the core zone is devoid of declared ecologically sensitive features like national parks, biospheres, sanctuaries, etc.	4-17
16.	The project proponent shall study and furnish the impact of project on plantations in adjoing patta lands, Horticulture, Agriculture and livestock.	• Due to poor soil condition and non- availability of perennial water source, no major agricultural activity is carried out in and around the lease area. Only patches of agricultural activity are observed on the eastern periphery of the study area along the river sides in few places in the monsoon season based on water availability. Coconut farms are seen the study area.	4-18



17.	The project proponent shall study and furnish the details on potential fragmentation impact of natural environment, by the activities.	• The post mining land use has been provided in Table No. 4.17. The post mining land use plan showing afforestation and water body is shown in Figure No- 4.4.	4-17
18.	The project proponent shall study and furnish the impact on aquatic plants and animals in water bodies and possible scars on the landscape, damages to nearby caves, heritage site, and archaeological sites possible land form changes visual and aesthetic impacts.	<ul> <li>An ecological survey of the study area was conducted with reference to listing of species and assessment of the existing baseline ecological conditions. Details are provided under section 3.5.1, Chapter-III.</li> <li>The land use pattern details are provided under section 4.5.1, Chapter-IV.</li> <li>Greenbelt / Plantation will be carried out to enhance the vegetative growth and aesthetic in the safety zone area.</li> </ul>	3-32 4-20
19.	The project proponent shall study and furnish the possible pollution due to plastic and microplastic on the environment. The ecological risks and impacts of plastic & microplastics on aquatic environment and fresh water systems due to activities, contemplated during mining may be investigated and reported.	• Single use plastics/ use and throwaway plastics will be banned in the site as directed by the Tamil Nadu Government vide GO(Ms)No.84 regarding ban on use of plastic products. The employees will be encouraged to use compostable material or reusable material.	4-26
20.	The project proponent shall detailed study on impact of mining on Reserve forests free ranging wildlife.	There are no reserve forests in the 10Km radius. Details of impact on biological environment is provided under section 4.6.2, Chapter-IV.	4-17
21.	<ul> <li>Detailed study shall be carried out in regard to impact of mining around the proposed mine lease area covering the entire mine lease period as per precise area communication order issued from reputed research institutions on the following</li> <li>a) Soil health &amp; bio-diversity.</li> <li>b) Climate change leading to Droughts, Floods etc.</li> <li>c) Pollution leading to release of Greenhouse gases (GI-IG), rise in Temperature, &amp; Livelihood of the local people.</li> </ul>	The impact of mining on biological environment is covered under Table 4.15, Chapter-IV.	4-17



	<ul> <li>d) Possibilities of water contamination and impact on aquatic ecosystem health.</li> <li>e) Agriculture. Forestry &amp; Traditional practices.</li> <li>f) Hydrothermal/Geothermal effect due to destruction in the Environment.</li> <li>g) Bio-geochemical processes and its foot prints including environmental stress.</li> <li>h) Sediment geochemistry in the surface streams.</li> </ul>		
22.	Hydro-geological study considering the contour map of the water table detailing the number of ground water pumping & open wells, and surface water bodies such as rivers, tanks, canals, ponds etc. within 1 km (radius) so as to assess the impacts on the nearby water bodies due to mining activity. Based on actual monitored data, it may clearly be shown whether working will intersect groundwater. Necessary data and documentation in this regard may be provided, covering the entire mine lease period.	Details of hydrogeological scenario of this project is provided under section 3.6, Chapter-III.	3-36
23.	To furnish disaster management plan and disaster mitigation measures in regard to all aspects to avoid/reduce vulnerability to hazards & to cope with disaster/untoward accidents in & around the proposed mine lease area due to the proposed method of mining activity & its related activities covering the entire mine lease period as per precise area communication order issued.	The disaster management plan has been provided under section 7.4.1, Chapter-VII.	7-3
24.	To furnish risk assessment and management plan including anticipated vulnerabilities during operational and post operational phases of Mining.	Details about Risk Assessment has been provided under section 7.3, Chapter-VII.	7-1
25.	Detailed Mine Closure Plan covering the entire mine lease period as per precise area communication order issued.	Details of Mine Closure Plan is provided under section 7.5, Chapter-VII.	7-4



C. Sta	ndard ToR		
1	Year-wise production details since 1994 should be given, clearly stating the highest production achieved in any one year prior to 1994. It may also be categorically informed whether there had been any increase in production after the EIA Notification 1994 came into force, w.r.t. the highest production achieved prior to 1994.	This is a proposed project. No mining has been carried out in this lease area so far by the proponent.	2-12
2	A copy of the document in support of the fact that the Proponent is the rightful lessee of the mine should be given	Precise area communication letter was obtained from the District Collector Virudhanagar Vide KV1/664/2021- kaniamam dated:11.02.2022.	A-1
3	All documents including approved mine plan, EIA and Public Hearing should be compatible with one another in terms of the mine lease area, production levels, waste generation and its management, mining technology etc. and should be in the name of the lessee.	The production capacity, quantity of waste, its management and mining technology in mine plan and EIA, etc., are compatible with one another.	
4	All corner coordinates of the mine lease area, superimposed on a High Resolution Imagery/ toposheet, topographic sheet, geomorphology and geology of the area should be provided. Such an Imagery of the proposed area should clearly show the land use and other ecological features of the study area (core and buffer zone).	<ul> <li>Project coordinates superimposed in satellite imagery and given as Figure No - 2.4 in Chapter – II.</li> <li>The geology and geomorphology map is provided in Figure No.3.18, 3.19 Chapter-III. The Lithology map and Soil map are provided under Figure No. 3.20, 3.21, Chapter-III.</li> <li>The 10km Radius Index plan showing buffer zone is given in Figure No.3.1 in Chapter – III.</li> </ul>	2-6 3-38 3-39 3-2
5	Information should be provided in Survey of India Topo sheet in 1:50,000 scale indicating geological map of the area, geomorphology of land forms of the area, existing minerals and mining history of the area, important water bodies, streams and	Replied in Standard ToR point no.4	



	wivers and sail sharests visting	[]	
	rivers and soil characteristics.		
6	Details about the land proposed for mining activities should be given with information as to whether mining conforms to the land use policy of the State; land diversion for mining should have approval from State land use board or the concerned authority.	Not Applicable	
7	It should be clearly stated whether the proponent Company has a well laid down Environment Policy approved by its Board of Directors? If so, it may be spelt out in the EIA Report with description of the prescribed operating process/procedures to bring into focus any infringement/deviation/ violation of the environmental or forest norms/ conditions? The hierarchical system or administrative order of the Company to deal with the environmental issues and for ensuring compliance with the EC conditions may also be given. The system of reporting of non-compliances / violations of environmental norms to the Board of Directors of the Company and/or shareholders or stakeholders at large, may also be detailed in the EIA Report.	<ul> <li>The proponent will frame a well-planned environmental policy. Its details are provided under Section 10.2.1, Chapter-X.</li> <li>The Mines Manager will undertake effective monitoring and implementation of various environmental control measures promptly and effectively and to oversee various environmental management schemes for air quality control, water quality status, noise level control, plantation programme, social development schemes, etc in the mine. The organizational chart for the same has been provided in Figure No.10.1, Chapter-X.</li> </ul>	10-1
8	Issues relating to Mine Safety, including subsidence study in case of underground mining and slope study in case of open cast mining, blasting study etc. should be detailed. The proposed safeguard measures in each case should also be provided.	Various risks likely to arise due to mining activities are detailed under section 7.4, Chapter-VII. This being an opencast mine, subsidence is not applicable. The impact due to ground vibrations due to blasting is given in para 4.3.2, Chapter-IV.	7-4 4-14
9	The study area will comprise of 10 km zone around the mine lease from lease periphery and the data contained in the EIA such as waste generation etc. should	The study area chosen for collecting existing environmental status covers 10 km radial distance from the project periphery (Figure No - 3.1). Data given in the report is	3-2



		for the life of the sector	-
	be for the life of the mine / lease period.	for the life of the mine.	
10	Land use of the study area delineating forest area, agricultural land, grazing land, wildlife sanctuary, national park, migratory routes of fauna, water bodies, human settlements and other ecological features should be indicated. Land use plan of the mine lease area should be prepared to encompass preoperational, operational and post operational phases and submitted. Impact, if any, of change of land use should be given.	<ul> <li>The land use of the study area was studied to demarcate various LULC categories and its details are provided under section 3.4, Chapter-III.</li> <li>The land use pattern at present and at the end of the quarrying period has been provided under section 4.5.1, Chapter-IV.</li> <li>The post mining land use has been provided in Table No. 4.14. The post mining land use plan showing afforestation and water body is shown in Figure No- 4.5.</li> </ul>	3-32 4-17
11	Details of the land for any Over Burden Dumps outside the mine lease, such as extent of land area, distance from mine lease, its land use, R&R issues, if any, should be given.	There is no waste generation anticipated in this quarry operation since the entire excavated material will be utilized. Hence, there is no external overburden dump involved. Besides, there is no proposal for overburden dump outside the lease area.	2-12
12	Certificate from the Competent Authority in the State Forest Department should be provided, confirming the involvement of forest land, if any, in the project area. In the event of any contrary claim by the Project Proponent regarding the status of forests, the site may be inspected by the State Forest Department along with the Regional Office of the Ministry to ascertain the status of forests, based on which, the Certificate in this regard as mentioned above be issued. In all such cases, it would be desirable for representative of the State Forest Department to assist the Expert Appraisal Committees.	There is no forest land in the lease area.	
13	Status of forestry clearance for the broken up area and virgin forestland involved in the Project including deposition of Net Present Value (NPV) and Compensatory Afforestation (CA) should be indicated. A	There is no forest land in the lease area.	



Coniting Touribilities

	copy of the forestry clearance should also be furnished.		
14	Implementation status of recognition of forest rights under the Scheduled Tribes and other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006 should be indicated.	Not Applicable	
15	The vegetation in the RF / PF areas in the study area, with necessary details, should be given.	There is no forest land in the lease area.	
16	A study shall be got done to ascertain the impact of the Mining Project on wildlife of the study area and details furnished. Impact of the project on the wildlife in the surrounding and any other protected area and accordingly, detailed mitigative measures required, should be worked out with cost implications and submitted.	The mining lease area and the 10 km buffer zone from the periphery of the core zone is devoid of declared ecologically sensitive features like national parks, biospheres, sanctuaries, etc.	4-17
17	Location of National Parks, Sanctuaries, Biosphere Reserves, Wildlife Corridors, Ramsar site Tiger/ Elephant Reserves/(existing as well as proposed), if any, within 10 km of the mine lease should be clearly indicated, supported by a location map duly authenticated by Chief Wildlife Warden. Necessary clearance, as may be applicable to such projects due to proximity of the ecologically sensitive areas as mentioned above, should be obtained from the Standing Committee of National Board of Wildlife and copy furnished.	Replied in Standard ToR point No.16	
18	A detailed biological study of the study area [core zone and buffer zone (10 km radius of the periphery of the mine lease)] shall be carried out. Details of flora and fauna, endangered, endemic and RET	A detailed study of flora and fauna composition in the core and buffer zone of the project has been made through primary field surveys. The details are furnished in para 3.5, Chapter III.	3-32



	Species duly authenticated, separately for core and buffer zone should be furnished based on such primary field survey, clearly indicating the Schedule of the fauna present. In case of any scheduled-I fauna found in the study area, the necessary plan along with budgetary provisions for their conservation should be prepared in consultation with State Forest and Wildlife Department and details furnished. Necessary allocation of funds for implementing the same should be made as part of the project cost.		
19	Proximity to Areas declared as 'Critically Polluted' or the Project areas likely to come under the 'Aravali Range', (attracting court restrictions for mining operations), should also be indicated and where so required, clearance certifications from the prescribed Authorities, such as the SPCB or State Mining Department should be secured and furnished to the effect that the proposed mining activities could be considered.	Not Applicable	
20	Similarly, for coastal Projects, A CRZ map duly authenticated by one of the authorized agencies demarcating LTL. HTL, CRZ area, location of the mine lease w.r.t CRZ, coastal features such as mangroves, if any, should be furnished. (Note: The Mining Projects falling under CRZ would also need to obtain approval of the concerned Coastal Zone Management Authority).	Not Applicable	
21	R&R Plan/compensation details for the Project Affected People (PAP) should be furnished. While preparing the R&R Plan, the relevant State/National Rehabilitation	The mining activities will be carried out within the mine lease area only. The entire mine lease area is a patta land in proponent's possession. There is no	7-4



	&Resettlement Policy should be kept in view. In respect of SCs /STs and other weaker sections of the society in the study area, a need based sample survey, family- wise, should he undertaken to assess their requirements, and action programmes prepared and submitted accordingly, integrating the sectoml programmes of line departments of the State Government. It may be clearly brought out whether the village(s) located in the mine lease area will be shifted or not. The issues relating to shilling of village(s) including their R&R and socio-economic aspects should be discussed in the Report.	population within the ML area. Hence, the question of R& R does not arise.	
22	May (Summer Season); October- December (post monsoon season) ; December-February (winter season) primary baseline data on ambient air quality as per CPCB Notification of 2009, water quality,: noise level, soil and flora and fauna shall be collected and the AAQ and other data so compiled presented date-wise in the EIA and EMP Report. Site-specific meteorological data should also be collected. The location of the monitoring stations should be such as to represent whole of the study area and justified keeping in view the pre-dominant downwind direction and location of sensitive receptors. There should be at least one monitoring station within 500 m of the mine lease in the pre-dominant downwind direction. The mineralogical composition of PM10, particularly for free silica, should be given.	<ul> <li>The baseline data on micro- meteorology, ambient air quality, Water quality, noise level, soil and flora &amp; fauna are collected during Winter Season (December 2022 to February 2023) and detailed in para 3.3 to 3.5 of Chapter-III.</li> <li>Monitoring stations were selected taking into account, wind direction and location of sensitive receptors.</li> <li>Free silica composition in PM10 sample has been done and the values are found to be Below Detectable Limit (DL 0.05mg/m3) which is well within the prescribed limit of 5mg/m3.</li> </ul>	3-14
23	Air quality modeling should be carried out for prediction of impact of the project on	• Air quality modeling details are furnished in para 4.2.2 and its continuous sub paras	4-3



	the air quality of the area. It should also take into account the impact of movement of Vehicles for transportation of mineral. The details of the model used and input parameters used for modeling should be provided. The air quality contours may be shown on a location map clearly indicating the location of the site, location of sensitive receptors, if any, and the habitation. The wind roses showing pre- dominant wind direction may also be indicated on the map.	<ul> <li>in Chapter-IV of EIA report.</li> <li>The impact on air quality due to the proposed project is estimated using AERMOD View Gaussian Plume Air Dispersion Model developed by Lakes Environmental Software which is based on steady state Gaussian plume dispersion.</li> <li>The model simulations are done for the air pollutant arising from the mining operations, namely, PM10, PM2.5. Ground Level Concentration (GLC) have been computed using hourly meteorological data.</li> <li>The Isopleths of PM10, PM2.5 concentrations for with control measures scenario have also been drawn and these are given in Figure No.4.1 and 4.2.</li> <li>It can be seen that the resultant added concentrations with baseline figures even at worst scenario, show that the values of ambient air quality with respect to PM10 are within the statutory limits in each case.</li> </ul>	
24	The water requirement for the Project, its availability and source should be furnished. A detailed water balance should also be provided. Fresh water requirement for the Project should be indicated.	The total water requirement for this project will be 10.0 KLD comprising 1.0 KLD for drinking water and domestic use, 8.0 KLD for dust suppression and 1.0 KLD for greenbelt. The water will be sourced initially from outside agencies. Later the rainwater collected in the mine pit sump will be used for this purpose. The water balance diagram for the same is shown in Figure No 4.3.	4-8
25	Necessary clearance from the Competent Authority for drawl of requisite quantity of water for the Project should be provided.	Not Applicable.	
26	Description of water conservation measures proposed to be adopted in the Project should be given. Details of rainwater harvesting proposed in the	• The rain water falling in the quarry will be harvested in the sump at the lowest level of the quarry. This sump will act as a settling pond to prevent solids escaping	4-9



	Project, if any, should be provided.	along with discharge, before outlet. etc.	
	r Toject, il any, should be provided.	<ul> <li>Towards surface runoff management, a garland drain will be constructed around the quarry and will be connected to a settling pond with silt traps. The supernatant clear water from the settling pond will be flow to the downstream users. The surface runoff management structures diagram is given in Figure No 4.3, Chapter-IV.</li> <li>The methods for reducing water consumption and rainwater harvesting is provided in section 4.3.4, Chapter-IV.</li> </ul>	
27	Impact of the Project on the water quality, both surface and groundwater. should be assessed and necessary safeguard measures, if any required, should be provided.	<ul> <li>There is an odai at a distance of 200m (NW), 275m (NW) and at 225m (SE) side of the lease area. There is no proposal to discharge any effluent into these water bodies. No major impact is envisaged on the nearby water bodies due to project operations.</li> <li>The ultimate pit depth of mining is 20m. The ground water table in this area is below this level. Hence, ground water intersection in not envisaged and ground water will not be affected appreciably due to the quarrying operation.</li> </ul>	4-10
28	Based on actual monitored data, it may clearly be shown whether working will intersect groundwater. Necessary data and documentation in this regard may be provided. In case the working will intersect groundwater table, a detailed Hydro Geological Study should be undertaken and Report furnished. The Report inter- alia, shall include details of the aquifers present and impact of mining activities on these aquifers. Necessary permission from Central Ground Water Authority for working below ground water and for pumping of ground water should also be	<ul> <li>The ultimate pit depth of mining is 20m. The ground water table in this area is below this level. Hence, ground water intersection in not envisaged and ground water will not be affected appreciably due to the quarrying operation.</li> <li>Details of hydro geological study are given in Para 3.6.2 Chapter – III.</li> </ul>	4-10 3-36



	obtained and copy furnished.		
	obtained and copy furnished.		
29	Details of any stream, seasonal or otherwise, passing through the lease area and modification / diversion proposed, if any, and the impact of the same on the hydrology should be brought out.	Replied above in Standard ToR point No.27.	
30	Information on site elevation, working depth, groundwater table etc. Should be provided both in AMSL and bgl. A schematic diagram may also be provided for the same.	<ul> <li>The area applied for mining lease is a gentle plain terrain.</li> <li>The ultimate pit depth of mining is 20 m. The ground water table in this area is below this level.</li> </ul>	2-2 4-10
31	A time bound Progressive Greenbelt Development Plan shall be prepared in a tabular form (indicating the linear and quantitative coverage, plant species and time frame) and submitted, keeping in mind, the same will have to be executed up front on commencement of the. Project. Phasc-wise plan of plantation and compensatory afforestation should be charted clearly indicating the area to be covered under plantation and the species to be planted. The details of plantation already done should be given. The plant species selected for green belt should have greater ecological value and should be of good utility value to the local population with emphasis on local and native species and the species which are tolerant to pollution.	In the lease area, safety barrier 7.5m is left as safety zone. Greenbelt / Plantation will be carried out in and around the lease area to enhance the vegetative growth and aesthetic in the area. Details are given in Table No.4.16, Chapter-IV.	4-20
32	Impact on local transport infrastructure due to the Project should be indicated. Projected increase in truck traffic as a result of the Project in the present road network (including those outside the Project area) should be worked out, indicating whether it is capable of handling	From this proposed quarry the entire output will be transported to the crusher units for producing stone aggregates of different sizes or construction of roads, bridges, buildings and other buyers etc. Details of the traffic study is provided	4-24



	the incremental load. Arrangement for	under section 4.9, Chapter-IV.	
	improving the infrastructure, if contemplated (including action to be taken by other agencies such as State Government) should be covered. Project Proponent shall conduct Impact of Transportation study as per Indian Road Congress Guidelines.		
33	Details of the onsite shelter and facilities to be provided to the mine workers should be included in the EIA Report.	This is a proposed project. Site services like mine office, first aid room, rest shelters, toilets etc. will be provided as semi-permanent structures.	2-15
34	Conceptual post mining land use and Reclamation and Restoration of mined out areas (with plans and with adequate number of sections) should be given in the EIA report.	The post mining land use has been provided in Table No. 4.13. The post mining land use plan showing afforestation and water body is shown in Figure No- 4.4.	4-17
3	Occupational Health impacts of the Project should be anticipated and the proposed preventive measures spelt out in detail. Details of pre-placement medical examination and periodical medical examination schedules should be incorporated in the EMP. The project specific occupational health mitigation measures with required facilities proposed in the mining area may be detailed	Details of occupational health and safety aspects are given under the subsections of Para 4.8, Chapter-IV.	4-23
30	Public health implications of the Project and related activities for the population in the impact zone should be systematically evaluated and the proposed remedial measures should be detailed along with budgetary allocations	<ul> <li>Details of the socio-economic survey conducted in the buffer zone has been provided in Para 3.2.4, Chapter-III.</li> <li>Public health facilities will be further aimed to be developed through CER activities wherein periodic health checkups, medical camps for the locals will be conducted.</li> </ul>	3-9
37	, Measures of socio economic significance and influence to the local community	Nearby villages were visited for conducting study to know about socio-economic	3-8



	proposed to be provided by the Project Proponent should be indicated. As far as possible, quantitative dimensions may be given with time frames for implementation.	conditions, including aspirations and requirements of the people for a better living and collected relevant data. The details are provided under section 3.2.4, Chapter-III.	
38	Detailed environmental management plan (EMP) to mitigate the environmental impacts which, should inter-alia include the impacts of change of land use, loss of agricultural and grazing land, if any, occupational health impacts besides other impacts specific to the proposed Project.	Detailed environmental management plan is provided in Chapter-X.	10-1
39	Public Hearing points raised and commitment of the Project Proponent on the same along with time bound Action Plan with budgetary provisions to implement the same should be provided and also incorporated in the final EIA/EMP Report of the Project.	This draft EIA/EMP report will be exposed to public consultation as per mandatory procedures through the District Collector and State Pollution Control Board officials after giving 30 days advance notice in two local newspapers about the scheduled date and time for conduct of the public hearing procedures. The opinions, concerns and objections of stakeholders will be recorded during the public hearing. All the public queries and the replies to the query by the project proponent and officials concerned will be recorded and incorporated in the EIA/EMP report for approval by SEIAA, Tamil Nadu.	7-1
40	Details of litigation pending against the project, if any, with direction /order paced by any Court of Law against the Project should be given.	• There is no litigation pending against the project.	
41	The cost of the Project (capital cost and recurring cost) as well as the cost towards implementation of EMP should be clearly spelt out.	• The cost of the project is Rs. 77,28,230 /- Towards EMP measures, Rs.20.48 Lakhs is allocated under capital cost. Besides, Rs.17.89 lakhs per annum will be spent under recurring cost. All the recurring cost of maintenance of pollution control measures, environmental monitoring etc., will be met from revenue.	11-15
42	A Disaster management Plan shall be prepared and included in the EIA/EMP	The disaster management plan has been	7-3



	Report.	provided under section 7.4, Chapter-VII.	
		• The proposed Roughstone and Gravel Quarry will benefit this region in the fields of employment opportunities, improved per capita income for local people, improved social welfare facilities in respect of education, health, infrastructural etc.	
43	Benefits of the Project if the Project is implemented should be spelt out. The benefits of the Project shall clearly indicate environmental, social, economic, employment potential, etc.	<ul> <li>Direct employment to about 14 people and indirect employment to scores of people.</li> <li>By means of carrying out the socio- economic development activities, local community development is expected. Towards the same, the proponent has planned to allocate Rs.5 Lakhs for various activities under CER for all the three projects together. From the CER activities allocated for various social welfare activities, the villages near the lease area will be benefited.</li> </ul>	8-1

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*



# CHAPTER 1

# INTRODUCTION

# 1.1 PURPOSE OF THE REPORT:

**Thiru. S.Ramachandran** proposes to operate a **Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry** Survey No. at 672/3, 674, 675/2 and 676/3 over an area of 2.28.0 Ha in Ethirkottai Village, Vembakottai Taluk, Virudhunagar District, Tamil Nadu and has initiated action towards obtaining environmental clearance.

It is proposed to mine 1,97,455 m<sup>3</sup> of Roughstone and 46,896 m<sup>3</sup> of Gravel and 31,264 m<sup>3</sup> of Weathered Rock for a period of 5 years upto a depth of 20m as per approved ToR as against the mining plan approved quantity of 2,39,140 m<sup>3</sup> of Roughstone and 46,896 m<sup>3</sup> of Gravel and 31,264 m<sup>3</sup> of Weathered Rock for a period of 5 years upto a depth of 25m.

Although the individual lease area of this project is less than 5 Ha, the other existing quarries within the 500m radius cluster along with this subject project works out to >5 Ha. Hence, this proposal is considered under Category – B1 and as per MoEF & CC notification necessitates preparation of EIA/EMP report and public hearing. The details of the quarries located within the 500m radius of the project is given vide **Annexure-3**. A cumulative impact study has been carried out and furnished in **Para 7.3**, **Chapter-VII**.

This EIA/EMP report is prepared based on standard and additional Terms of Reference issued by SEIAA, Tamil Nadu vide letter no. SEIAA-TN/F.No.9271/SEAC/ToR-1208/2022 dated 14.07.2022 and is in conformance of the generic structure prescribed by MOEF&CC in their notification of September 2006 and the approved mining plan.

# 1.2 IDENTIFICATION OF PROJECT & PROJECT PROPONENT:

# Table 1.1 Identification of project

1	Project Name	Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry of Thiru. S. Ramachandran
2	Extent	2.28.0Ha
		Roughstone - 1,97,455 m <sup>3</sup>
3	Production	Gravel - 46,896 m <sup>3</sup>
		Weathered Rock - 31,264 m <sup>3</sup>
4	Ultimate Depth	20m



5	Land Classification	Patta land owned by the applicant
		Survey Number: 672/3, 674, 675/2 and 676/3
6	Location	Village: Ethirkottai
		Taluk: Vembakottai
		District: Virudhunagar
		State: Tamil Nadu

# Table 1.2: Identification of Project Proponent

1	Proponent Name	Thiru. S.Ramachandran
2	Address	1/28, North Street, Ethirkottai Post, Vembakottai Taluk, Virudhunagar– 626131.
3	Contact Number	984213574
4	Email-ID	r4machandran.s@yandex.com

The Proponent can meet the requirement the financial requirement of this project and will ensure that the mining activities are carried out as per statutory requirements.

#### Table 1.3: Statutory Approvals

S.No	Statutory Approval	Authority	Letter Number and Date	Reference
1.	Precise Area Communication Letter	Assistant Director, Dep. of Geology & Mining, Virudhunagar	KV1/664/2021- kaniamam dated:11.02.2022	Annexure-1
2.	Mining Plan Approval	Assistant Director, Dep. of Geology & Mining, Virudhunagar	Rc. KV1/664/2021- kaniamam, dated 11.02.2022.	Annexure-2
3.	Details of other quarries within 500m radius	Assistant Director, Dep. of Geology & Mining, Virudhunagar	Roc. KV1/664/2021- kaniamam, dated 17.03.2022	Annexure-3

Based on the conditions of Precise Area Communication letter, a safety distance of 10m for cart track and 7.5m safety distance has been left for the adjoining patta lands.

# 1.3 BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF NATURE, SIZE, LOCATION & PROJECT IMPORTANCE

#### Table 1.4: Brief Description of Nature of project

1.	Sector	1(a), Non-Coal Mining
2.	Туре	Fresh Project



3.	Category	B1 (Cluster Situation)
4.	Mineral Mined	Rough stone, Gravel and Weathered Rock
5.	Major/Minor Mineral	Minor
6.	Mining method	Opencast Semi mechanized Mining
7.	End use	The top gravel will be supplied to customers. The mined out rough stone & weathered rock, will despatched to crushers/other buyers.

#### Table 1.5: Location of the project

S.No	Particulars	Details
1.	Location	Ethirkottai village, Vembakottai Taluk, Virudhunagar District.
2.	Corner Coordinates	Latitude: 9°21'49.3"N to 9°21'56.8"N Longitude: 77°44'23.1"E TO 77°44'28.0"E
3.	Toposheet Number	58 G/11

Location details are elaborated in Para 2.3, Chapter-II.

# 1.3.1 IMPORTANCE TO THE COUNTRY AND REGION:

Rough stone and Gravel from this quarry will meet the domestic demand. There is good demand for the Gravel & stone aggregate, which is the main requisite for the construction/ infrastructure sector. Gravel quarried from this lease will be directly transported to the nearby end users. The boulders will be marketed to the nearby crushers for producing crusher aggregates.

This project in the area will provide both direct and indirect employment opportunities through allied opportunities in logistics, trading, repairing works etc., improved per capita income for local people, improved social welfare facilities like infrastructural build-up, improvement in facilities due to the proposed CER activities of the proponent etc.

# 1.4 SCOPE OF THE STUDY:

Particulars	Details
Proposal no	SIA/TN/MIN/77000/2022
File no	9271/2022
SEAC meeting for issue of TOR	287 <sup>th</sup> Meeting held on 22.06.2022
SEIAA meeting for issue of TOR	532 <sup>nd</sup> Meeting held on 14.07.2022



Terms of Reference	Received from SEIAA, Tamil Nadu vide their Lr No.SEIAA- TN/F.No.9271/SEAC/ToR-1208/2022. Dated:14.07.2022
Baseline Data Collection	Carried out by Creative Engineers & Consultants , Chennai for Summer Season (Dec 2022 to Feb 2023)

Based on the terms of reference, data collection, the Environmental Impact Assessment was carried out for the project area (core zone and the buffer zone (10km radius from the core zone) and the following studies were covered:

- Collection of primary and secondary data relevant to the project.
- One-Season baseline monitoring for environmental parameters such as air, water, noise, soil, flora & fauna, etc. Analysis of parameters in in-house laboratory.
- Documentation of EIA/EMP report with inclusion of relevant studies conducted by other bodies into the EIA/EMP report.
- Identification of significant environmental parameters that are prone to get affected due to pollution. Namely, Air, Water, Noise, Soil, Biological and Land Environment.
- Evaluation and determination of suitable mitigation measures to reduce and control the said pollution.
- Prediction of post project concentration (baseline + incremental) with respect to air environment for core zone and buffer zone.
- Formulation of an Environmental Management plan including administrative aspects for proposed implementation of mitigative measures in time.

This draft EIA/EMP report will be submitted for public consultation, as per rules and procedures in this respect, as per the EIA notification 2006. The opinions, concerns and objections, if any, of the surrounding public and other stake holders connected, will be taken into consideration and compliance report thereon will be submitted to SEIAA, Tamil Nadu in the final EIA/EMP report.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*



#### **CHAPTER 2**

#### **PROJECT DESCRIPTION**

#### 2.1 TYPE OF PROJECT:

This proposal involves quarrying of rough stone and gravel by Thiru S.Ramachandran using mechanized opencast method for the lease period of 5 years.

#### 2.2 NEED & JUSTIFICATION FOR THE PROJECT:

There is a huge demand for construction material and the entire material produced from this quarry will be used in the local construction / infrastructure sector. Considering the following favorable factors it is practically possible to achieve the proposal within the planned period and this proposal is fully justified.

- Availability of good quality proved reserves
- Techno economic viability of the scheme
- Better approachability to the project, availability of logistic facility in proximity to the site
- Economic and Socio Economic Benefits to the region

#### 2.3 LOCATION:

A brief description of the mining area, along with the location, coordinates, accessibility, etc. has been details below in Table No.2.1.

Location	Ethirkottai village, Vembakottai Taluk, Virudhunagar District.	
Survey No.	672/3, 674, 675/2 and 676/3	
Coordinates	Latitude: 9°21'49.3"N to 9°21'56.8"N	
	Longitude: 77°44'23.1"E TO 77°44'28.0"E	
Nearest Village	Lakshmipuram Village -950m (SW)	
Nearest Town Sivakasi – 13Km (NE)		
Nearest HighwaySH-186 (Vembakottai – Rajapalayam) – 1.75Km (SW) SH-183 (Alangulam – Sivakasi) – 3.4Km (W) SH-187(Vembakottai – Sivakasi) – 4.25Km (E)		
Nearest	Sivakasi – 12km (NE)	

#### Table 2.1: Mine site description



Railway Station	
Nearest Airport	Madurai – 65.0 Km (NE)
Accessibility	The lease area can be approached from M.Madathupatti - Reddiyapatti Road on the northern side of the lease area. This connects SH-183(Alangulam – Sivakasi) on the western side of the lease area at a distance of 3.4Km and to SH-187(Vembakottai – Sivakasi) at a distance of 4.25Km on the eastern side. Besides, SH-186 lies at a distance of 1.75Km on the southern side of the lease area.
Topography	Plain terrain, dry lands with scarce vegetation.
Drainage	Kayalkudi River lies at a distance of 1.5Km on the south western side of the lease area.

Location map is provided in **Figure No.2.1**. The approachability map is provided in **Figure No.2.2**. Corner co-ordinates of the lease area and satellite imagery are shown in **Figure No. 2.3 & 2.4** respectively. Village map for 500m radius from the lease is shown in **Figure No. 2.5**.

# 

# Figure 2.1: Location Map



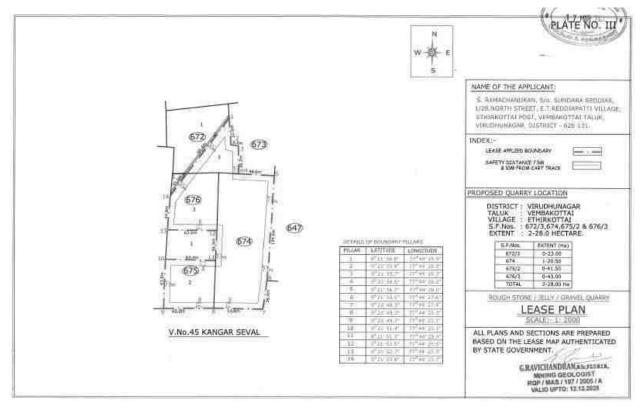
ne Gereileitie

REV NO : 00/NOV/23 2-2



Figure 2.2: Approachability Map

Figure 2.3: Lease Plan





Crusting Countrilities



Figure 2.4: Satellite Imagery Showing Corner Co-ordinates of the Project Area

SITE PHOTOGRAPH





ne Poeninities

Creative Engineers & Consultants

REV NO : 00/NOV/23 2-6





REV NO : 00/NOV/23 2-7

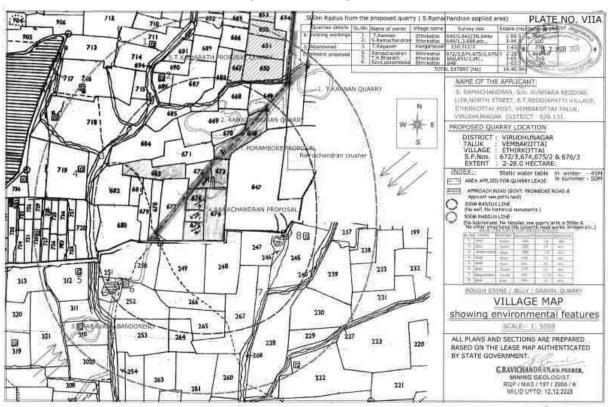


Figure 2.5: Village Map

# 2.4 LAND CLASSIFICATION:

The lease area of 2.280 Ha is a patta land in the name of the applicant Thiru S.Ramachandra vide Patta No. 388, 1318, 611 (Annexure-IX of Mining Plan). The survey no. wise area breakup has been provided below:

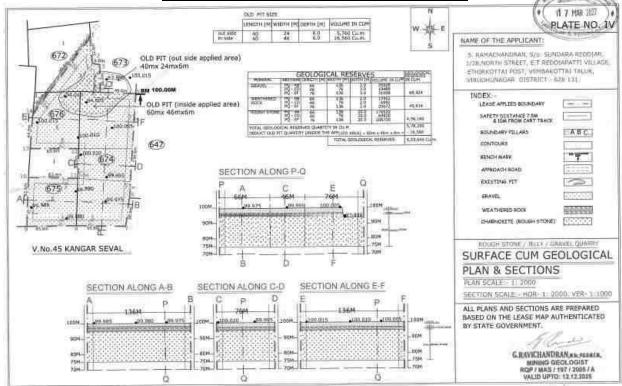
S.F. No	Area (Hectare)
672/3	0.230
674	1.205
675/2	0.415
676/3	0.430
Total	2.280

#### 2.5 GEOLOGY:

The rocks in this area belonging to ARCHEAN group of rocks. Below the Gravel formation a hard Rough stone Charnockite are noted. The rocks are Phaneric to medium grained nature.



And in these rocks there are mineral constituents of BLUE QUARTS, MICRO CLINE FELDSPAR, HYPERSTHENE and flacks of BIOTITE MICA. The rocks are striking towards North – South direction dipping 80° Vertical towards East-West direction. The strike length of the deposit is 66m with an average width of 136m on southern side, the strike length of the deposit is 46m with an average width of 76m on middle side and the strike length of the deposit is 76m with an average width of 136m on northern side.



#### Figure 2.6: Geological Plan & Cross Section

2.6 SIZE AND MAGNITUDE OF THE OPERATION:

- Quarrying in this lease was earlier carried out for the period of 03.11.2003 to 02.11.2008 upto a depth of 6m.
- The proposed mining will be done by open cast semi mechanized mining method.
- Life of mine will be 5 years.
- It is proposed to mine 1,97,455 m<sup>3</sup> of Roughstone and 46,896 m<sup>3</sup> of Gravel and 31,264 m<sup>3</sup> of Weathered Rock for a period of 5 years upto a depth of 20m as per approved ToR as against the mining plan approved quantity of 2,39,140 m<sup>3</sup> of Roughstone and 46,896



m<sup>3</sup> of Gravel and 31,264 m<sup>3</sup> of Weathered Rock for a period of 5 years upto a depth of 25m.

• There is no waste generation anticipated in this quarry operation since the entire excavated material will be transported to buyers.

# 2.6.1 RESERVES:

S. No	Type of reserves	Rough Stone m <sup>3</sup>	Gravel m <sup>3</sup>	Weathered Rock m <sup>3</sup>
1	Mineral resources	456160	68424	45616
2	Mineable Reserves upto 25m	239140	46896	31264
3	Mineable Reserves upto 20m	197455	46896	31264

# Table 2.3: Geological and Mineable Reserves

The mineable reserves is arrived after considering the safety distance of 7.5m peripheral safety distance, 10m safety distance for cart track.

# 2.6.2 MINING METHOD:

Opencast semi mechanized mining using jackhammer drilling, blasting, excavation through excavator & mineral transport through tippers will be carried out. The top gravel is soft and can be directly excavated. The rough stone below will be blasted and then excavated. Bench height of 5.0m & 5m width is considered.

Table 2.4: Details of Equipments

SI. NO	NAME OF THE EQIPMENT	CAPACITY	REQUIRED
1	Excavator	TATA Hitachi EX200	1
2	Tipper	10 tonnes	6
3	Tractor compressor for drilling	175 CFM	2
4	Dewatering Pump	5 Hp Diesel Pumo	1

# 2.7 PROPOSED SCHEDULE FOR APPROVAL AND IMPLEMENTATION:

The proponent propose to implement the production immediately after obtaining all the statutory approvals such as CTE, CTO, etc. The proponent will comply with the environmental clearance conditions during mining operations. The schedule of project implementation envisaged for this project is provided below. This is a tentative schedule subject to various factor, hence unforeseen variations may occur.



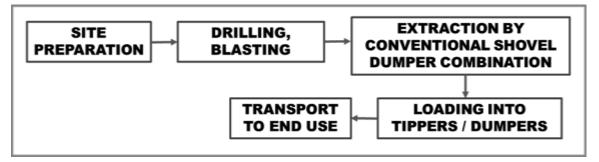
Activities			Mo	nths		
Activities	Zero Date	1	2	3	4	5
Obtaining Environmental Clearance						
Obtaining Consent from State Pollution Control Board			-			
Lease Execution	-					
Equipment mobilization and Commencement of Mining activity after following all the Statutory Requirements						1

Table 2.5: Proposed Schedule of Implementation

# 2.8 TECHNOLOGY AND PROCESS DESCRIPTION:

The quarry operations involve shallow jack hammer drilling, blasting, excavation, loading and transportation of Roughstone to buyers. The production of Roughstone in this quarry involves jackhammer drilling and blasting. The primary boulders are removed from the pits by excavators and further made to smaller sizes by rock breakers attached in excavators. It is a conventional opencast semi mechanized method of mining. The process flow diagram of this project is provided below.

#### Figure 2.7: Process Flow Diagram



#### 2.9 **PROJECT DESCRIPTION:**

# 2.9.1 PAST PRODUCTION:

Quarrying in small part of lease area was earlier carried out for the period of 03.11.2003 to 02.11.2008 with the proceeding no. KV1/2214/2003 dated 03.10.2003.

# Table 2.6: Existing Pit Dimensions

Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)
60	40	6



Letter has been obtained from Assistant Director, Geology & Mining, Virudhunagar vide Roc.No.KV1/664/2021 dated 17.03.2022 regarding the lease period, quantity mined and the depth of mining. (Annexure-3)

# 2.9.2 PLAN PERIOD-PRODUCTION & WASTE DISPOSAL:

The proposed depth of mining as per approved mining plan was 25m. However based on SEIAA recommendation, the depth of mining has been reduced to 20m. The revised production as per approved ToR has been provided below:

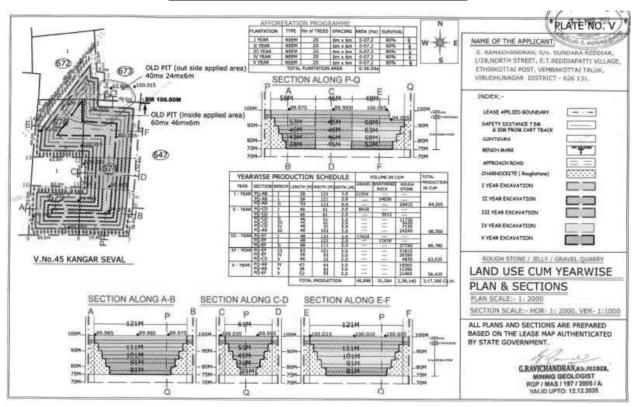
Year	Roughtone (m3)	Weathered Rock (m3)	Gravel(m3)	Total(m3)
I	29415	14036	21054	64505
	52530	5612	8418	66560
	37740	11616	17424	66780
IV	58205			58205
V	19565			19565
	197455	31264	46896	275615

# Table 2.7: Production Schedule During Plan Period

# Waste Disposal during Plan Period:

There is no waste generation anticipated in this quarry operation since the entire excavated material will be utilized. The top overburden in the form of Gravel and weathered rock will be loaded into tipper and marketed to needy customers on payment of necessary Fees to Government. The excavated rough stone will be excavated and loaded into tipper to the needy buyers for producing crusher aggregates, M Sand.





#### Figure 2.8: Year wise Plan & Cross Section

# 2.9.3 CONCEPTUAL STAGE:

The conceptual pit dimensions is provided below:

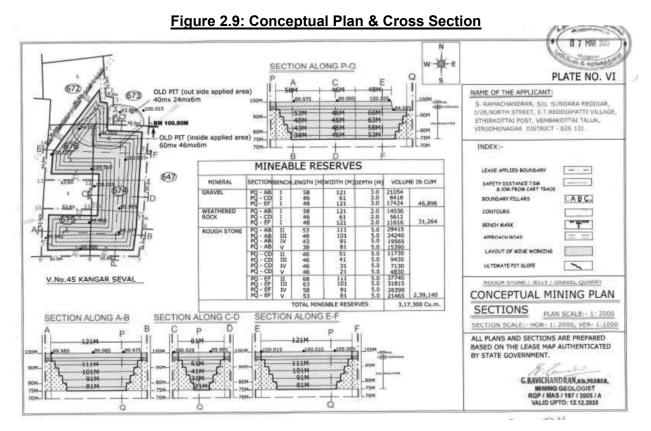
#### Table 2.8: Ultimate Pit Dimensions

Section	LENGTH(m)	WIDTH(m)	DEPTH(m)
PQ-AB	58	121	20
PQ-CD	46	61	20
PQ-EF	68	121	20

The ground water table on the surface in this area is quite deeper. Hence, ground water intersection in not envisaged. The Conceptual Plan & Cross section are shown in **Figure No. 2.11.** 



Chaing Deenhibries



# LAND DEGRADATION/UTILIZATION:

The land use pattern at present and at the end of the quarrying period has been provided below.

S.No	Land Use	Present Area (Ha)	Area in use – End of 5 years period (Ha)
1	Mining \Excavation	0.276	1.800
2	Infrastructure & Road	Nil	0.050
3	Greenbelt and Plantation	Nil	0.360
4	Undisturbed	2.004	Nil
5	Fencing	Nil	0.070
	Total	2.280	2.280

#### Table 2.9: Land Use

At the end of the 5 year period, mining will be carried out up to 20m depth. Ultimately the entire mined out area of 1.800 Ha will be left as water body. 0.050 Ha will be the mine roads & infrastructure, 0.360 Ha will be covered with vegetation, and 0.070 will be fencing.



Consting Terribilities

#### 2.9.4 PROJECT REQUIREMENTS:

#### Table 2.10: Project Requirements

Manpower	18 People directly and more than 50 p	people indirectly	
	Water Requirement: 5 KLD		
	Details	Quantity (KLD)	
	Drinking water and Domestic Use	1.0	
Water Requirement	Dust Suppression	3.0	
and Source	Green belt	1.0	
	Total	5.0	
	Source: The required water will be procured initially from outside agencies.		
	Later Rain water harvested in the mine sump can also be used.		
Power Requirement	No electricity needed for mining operation. The minimum power requirement for		
Fower Requirement	office, etc will be met from state grid.		
Site Services	This is a proposed project. Site services like mine office, first aid room, rest		
Site Services	shelters, toilets etc. will be provided as semi-permanent structures.		
Project Cost	Rs. 77,28,230 /-		
Funds allocated for			
socio-economic	Rs.2.0 Lakhs is allocated under CER budget.		
development			

# 2.10 DESCRIPTION OF MITIGATION MEASURES:

Scientific and systematic development of mines will be carried out by the project authorities for preserving as well as improving the environmental conditions in and around the mining lease area. Elaborate analysis on impacts and mitigation measures to be adopted on implementation of this project and the same has been dealt in Chapter- IV.

# 2.11 ASSESSMENT OF NEW & UNTESTED TECHNOLOGY:

There is no new technology that is being implemented. Opencast method of mining which is the proposed method of mining is a proven technology which is technologically and economically viable. No major technological failures are anticipated. A disaster management plan shall be put into place to take care of any unforeseen situation.

# 2.12 CONCLUSION:

As good environmental preservation is one of the prime motive of the project proponent. It is expected that the project activity will not have any major impact on environmental equilibrium in the study area.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*



#### **CHAPTER 3**

# **DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT**

#### 3.1 GENERAL:

The existing environmental baseline data for the various environmental components were collected in the study area for the purpose of assessing the impact on present environment due to the project activities.

Monitoring was carried out systematically and meticulously as per relevant IS codes, CPCB, MoEF&CC guidelines during **Winter Season (December 2022 to February 2023)** The details of the study are given in this chapter.

For the purposes of this study, the area has been divided into two zones, namely, core and buffer zones. The lease area is considered to be the core zone while the buffer zone encompasses a 10km radius from the periphery of the core zone. The details of villages falling in the study area and other features are given in Index Plan in **Figure No - 3.1** 

The primary data collection was done by means of field monitoring and the secondary data collection was obtained from published sources and government documents. The details of the baseline data collection which has been elaborated through the course of this chapter has been concised below:

S.No	Studies	Parameters / Study	Location
1	Socio Economy	Demographic Data from Census 2011	Core and Buffer Zone
	SOCIO ECONOMY	Sample Survey	Buffer Zone
		Rainfall Data from IMD, Virudhunagar	Virudhunagar District
2	Micro Meteorology	Temperature, Humidity, Wind Speed, Wind Direction	1 Representative Location
3	Ambient Air Quality	PM10, PM2.5, SO2, NOx, CO	1 Core Zone, 4 Buffer Zone
4	Water Quality	Physical and Chemical Parameters	1 Core Zone, 4 Buffer Zone
5	Noise Levels	Ambient Noise	1 Core Zone,4 Buffer Zone
6	Soil Quality	Physical and Chemical Parameters	1 Core Zone, 3 Buffer Zone
7	Land Use and Land Cover	Land use pattern within 10km study area using RS Satellite	Buffer Zone
		Land use based on Census 2011	Core and Buffer Zone
8	Biological Environment	Flora and Fauna	Core Zone and Buffer Zone
9	Hydrology & Hydro Geology	Hydrogeological profile of the area	Core Zone and Buffer Zone

# Table 3.1: Type of Baseline Data





Figure 3.1: Study Area Map



**Creating Possibilities** 

S.No	Particulars	Name	Distance(Km)	Direction	
		SH-186 (Vembakottai –Rajapalayam)	1.75	SW	
1	Nearest Highway	SH-183 (Alangulam – Sivakasi)	3.4	W	
		SH-187(Vembakottai – Sivakasi)	4.25	E	
2	Nearest Railway Station	Sivakasi	12	NE	
3	Nearest Airport	Madurai	65	NE	
		Lakshmipuram	0.95	SW	
4	Neerest Village	Ettakapatti Village	1.4	NE	
4	Nearest Village	Kundayiruppu Village	1.8	SW	
		Editkottai Village	1.9	NW	
5	Nearest Town	Sivakasi	12	NE	
6	Notified Archaeologically important places, Monuments	Vijayakarisalkulam Archeological Site	4.96	SW	
7	Environmental sensitive areas, Protected areas as per Wildlife Protection Act, 1972*	Nil			
8	Reserved / Protected Forests	Nil			
		Odai	0.200	NW	
		Odai	0.275	NW	
		Odai	0.255	SE	
9	Nearest Water Bodies	Kayalkudi River	1.5	SW	
9	Nealest Water Doules	Marugal Odai	3.7	SW	
		Vaippar River	4.1	SE	
		Uppu Odai	7.2	SE	
		Nedunkulam odai	5.6KM	W	
9	Defence Installations	Nil			
10	Seismic Zone	Zone – II (Least Active)			
11	Other Industries in the study area	Other than few rough stone quarries, Crusher, Fireworks unit there are no other industries in the nearby region.			

#### Table 3.2: Environmental Setting of the Study Area

\*Tiger reserve, Elephant reserve, Biospheres, National parks, Wildlife sanctuaries, community reserves and conservation reserves

# 3.2 SOCIO-ECONOMIC CONFIGURATIONS OF THE AREA:

# 3.2.1 GENERAL:

The Socio-Economic details of the study area are collected through:

- Identification of villages falling from the study area map with combined Taluk map.
- Collection of primary data through sample survey, village meetings and focused group discussion.



- Collection of the demographic pattern of villages falling in the area through NIC 2011 census data.
- Occupational structure of villages falling in the study area through NIC 2011 census data.
- Details of the amenities available in villages falling in the study area through NIC 2011 census data. The findings of the study are illustrated below:

# 3.2.2 SECONDARY DATA DESCRIPTION:

The proposed quarry is located in in Edirkottai Village, Vembakottai Taluk, Virudhunagar District. Based on 2011 census data, in the 10km radius the following are present:

Taluk Name	District Name	No. of Villages	No. of Urban Areas
Sattur	Virudhunagar	4	
Sivakasi	Sivakasi Virudhunagar		4
То	tal	26	4

# Table 3.3: Details of Buffer Zone

Table 3.4. Social, Economic and Demographic Prome of the Study Area						
Details	Population	Percentage				
A. Gender-wise distribution						
Male Population	85087	49.55				
Female Population	86618	50.45				
Total	171705	100				
B. Caste-wise population distribution	•					
Scheduled Caste	36778	21.42				
Scheduled Tribes	158	0.09				
Other	134769	78.49				
Total	171705	100				
C. Literacy Levels	•					
Total Literate Population	117410	68.38				
Others	54295	31.62				
Total	171705	100				
D. Occupational structure						
Main workers	84654	49.30				
Marginal workers	5822	3.40				
Total Workers	90476	52.70				
Total Non-workers	81229	47.30				
Total	171705	100				

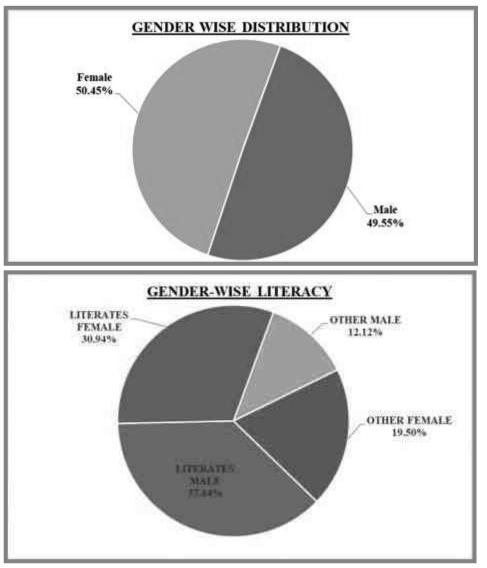
# Table 3.4: Social, Economic and Demographic Profile of the Study Area



**Ometing** Possibilitie

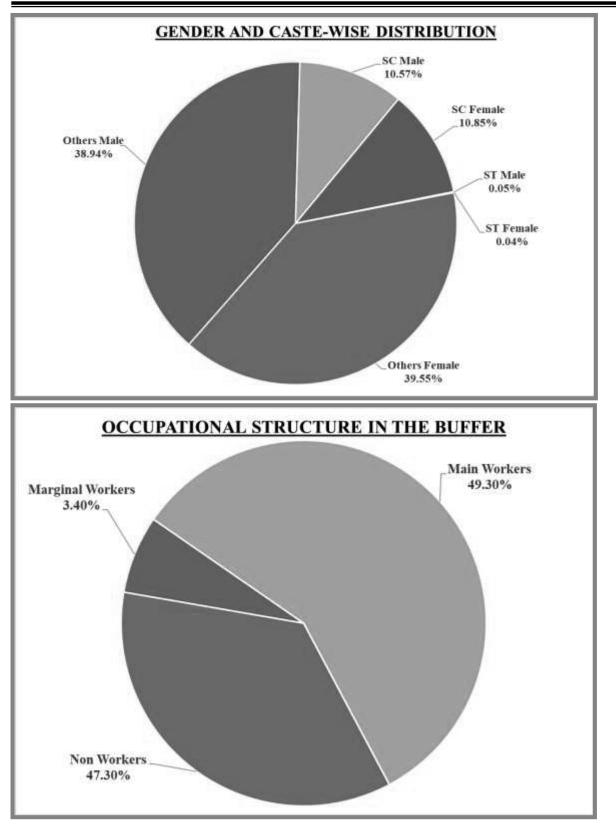
The total population of these 26 rural villages and 4 urban areas is 171705 in which the male population is 85087 (49.55%) and the female population is 86618 (50.45%). This shows that the male and female population ratio is almost equal. Among the total population 0.09% belong to Scheduled Tribes, 21.42 % are Scheduled Caste and the balance 78.49 % people belong to other castes. Among the total population, 68.38% of the people are literate.

The village wise population, literacy levels and occupational structure details area given in **Annexures 4 and 5.** The demographic structure within the buffer zone is shown diagrammatically in **Figure No – 3.2.** 



# Figure 3.2: Demographic Structure in Buffer Zone







#### 3.2.3 DETAILS OF AMENITIES:

Based on 2011 census data, regarding the educational facilities, there are totally 74 Primary Schools functioning in these 26 rural villages. Among them 1 villages have 0 primary school, 3 villages have 1 primary schools, 9 villages have 2 primary schools, 5 villages have 3 primary schools, 4 villages has 4 primary schools ,2 villages have 5 primary schools, 2 villages have 6 primary schools.

S.No	No of Rural Villages	Number of primary schools	Total
1	1	0	0
2	3	1	3
3	9	2	18
4	5	3	15
5	4	4	16
6	2	5	10
7	2	6	12
Total	26		74

#### Table 3.5: Primary Schools in the Buffer Zone Rural Villages

#### Table 3.6: Education Facility Availability

PARTICULARS	Available in village
Govt Primary School	25
Govt Middle School	22
Govt Secondary School	11
Govt Senior Secondary School	6
Govt Arts and Science Degree College	0
Govt Engineering College	0
Govt Medicine College	0
Govt Management Institute	0
Govt Polytechnic	0
Govt Vocational Training School/ITI	0

Better and higher education facilities are available in nearby Virudhunagar city corporation.

# Table 3.7: Healthcare Amenities Availability

PARTICULARS	Available in village
Community Health Centre	1
Primary Health Centre	3
Primary Heallth Sub Centre	21
Maternity And Child Welfare Centre	6
TB Clinic	3
Hospital Allopathic	0
Hospiltal Alternative Medicine	0
Dispensary	3



**Creative Engineers & Consultants** 

Veterinary Hospital	6
Mobile Health Clinic	0
Family Welfare Centre	3

Better Healthcare facilties are available in nearby town like Virudhunagar City Corporation.

#### Table 3.8: Infrastructure Facilities

Particulars	Available in village
Tap Water-Treated	25
Covered Well	8
Hand Pump	21
Tube Wells/Borehole	24
Post office	4
bus services	0
Commercial Bank	5
Cooperative bank	10

The details of the educational, medical and infrastructural facilities available in the buffer zone is provided in **Annexures- 6-8**.

#### 3.2.4 SAMPLE SURVEY:

- Studied villages have different community people which include different religion and different castes.
- Predominantly the study area is seasonal dry, barren land.
- Patches of plantation and agriculture are observed during the monsoon season.
- Paddy, Sunflower, Nithiyakalani,Akathikeerai,Banana and vegetables are commonly cultivated.
- Majority of the people are small farmers and others are working in the nearby industries
- Since agriculture is predominantly rainfed and the water is available only for four months, during the rest of the time they have less employment opportunities. Other occupations include construction workers, vendors, etc.
- Other allied activities livestock rearing and poultry farming are also found.
- Reasonably better amenities like approach road bus facility, electricity, mobile phone connectivity, Public Distribution System, banks etc are available.
- Bore well is the main source for drinking water. There are OHT's, Ground level tanks, public taps are available .



#### 3.3 EXISTING ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

#### 3.3.1 MICRO-METEOROLOGY

#### 3.3.1.1 General:

The meteorological conditions in an area regulate the dispersion of air pollutants being released into the atmosphere. The principal variables are horizontal convective transport i.e. wind speed and direction and vertical convective transport, i.e. mixing height, stability class and topography of the area.

#### 3.3.1.2 Historical Meteorological Data:

#### A. Cyclones And Depressions

Cyclonic storms and depressions in Bay of Bengal affect the East Coast of India. Isolated ones, forming in January to March in the South Bay of Bengal move West-North-westwards and hit Tamil Nadu coast. In April and May, cyclonic storms and depressions form in the South and adjoining Central Bay and move initially to the Northwest, then North and then recurve to the Northeast striking the Arakan coasts in April and Andhra Pradesh (AP)-Orissa-West Bengal (WB) – Bangladesh coasts in May. Most of the monsoon (June – September) storms develop in the central and in the north bay and move west – north - westwards affecting AP – Orissa – WB coasts. Post monsoon (October – December) storms form mostly in the south and central Bay, recurve between 15° and 18° N affecting Tamil Nadu – AP – Orissa – WB – Bangladesh coasts. **Figure No - 3.3** depicts the history of cyclonic storms, which have struck the Indian coast during the months of October, November and December during the last 75 years. (**Source: Vulnerability Atlas of India series, above figure accessed from www.maps of india.com)**. East coast is prone to cyclonic storms round the year but mostly these occur prior to SW i.e., in May and after SW monsoon i.e., in October and November.



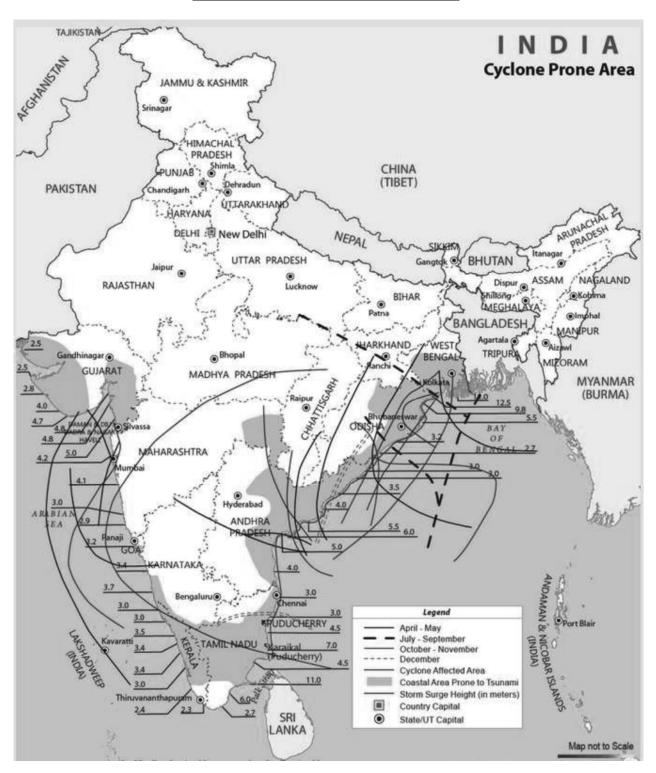


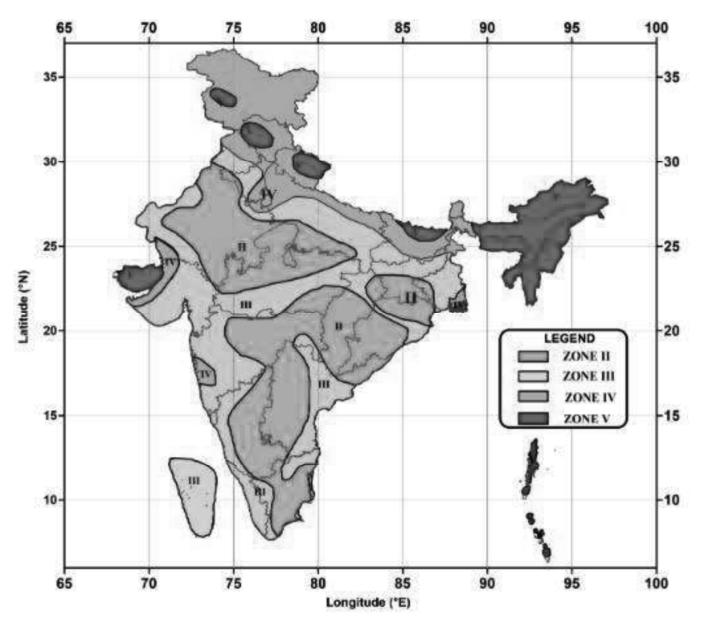
Figure 3.3: History of Cyclonic Storms



Creating Possibilities

#### **B. SEISMIC DATA**

From the seismic zone map of India as depicted in the **Figure No** - **3.4**, it can be seen that the project site and study area falls in the Zone – II and is described as least active zone.



# Figure 3.4: Seismic Zone Map of India



#### C. Climate and Rainfall Data:

**Temperature:** From the middle of February, temperature increases steadily. The weather is quite hot in May and June and the maximum temperature sometimes reaches 40°Celsius. With the onset of the southwest monsoon by the end of May or beginning of June, there is some drop in temperature.

**Cloudiness:** During the months of April and May, the skies become heavily clouded and threatening in the afternoons on many days when thunderstorms follow. In the southwest and northeast monsoon seasons, the sky is heavily clouded or overcast.

**Winds:** Generally light to moderate in strength and NW-SW and vice-versa. Between May and September winds are mainly north westerly or westerly. From October to February winds are mainly north easterly or northerly.

**Rainfall:** Main rainy season is from October to the middle of January.November is generally the rainiest month. The average annual rainfall data from 2011 – 2020

Rainfall data collected by Virudhu Nagar , IMD station for the period of 2011 to 2020 is given in **Table No.3.8** Rainfall histograms are presented in **Figure No - 3.5 and 3.6**.

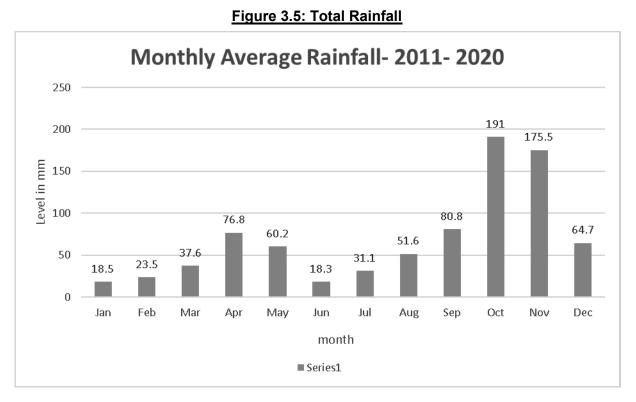
YEAR	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total Rainfall
2011	85.49	162.8	109.57	201.3	119.75	392.46	313.13	227.99	199.02	146.11	190.62	197.52	2345.76
2012	16.29	18.37	76.82	297.85	81.31	192.98	223.09	287.28	155.75	234.49	127.34	14.38	1725.95
2013	10.22	43.85	46.9	14.44	27.26	15.48	2.4	115.17	43.3	118.37	68.61	84.27	590.27
2014	11.2	2.25	7.42	14.03	187.33	9.68	9	78.69	65.2	217.23	146.17	55.08	803.28
2015	4.45	3.43	31.39	95.62	114.89	17.83	28.19	53.96	84.73	103.78	279.24	140.03	957.54
2016	0.24	0.03	1.71	5.88	85.2	16.88	69.79	39.75	47.21	66.65	49.6	60.33	443.27
2017	20.72	2.81	15.1	3.18	32.84	7.88	27.54	42.11	62.59	40.74	42.35	17	314.86
2018	0.74	1.28	11.62	21.13	66.02	14.49	33.67	41.94	47.92	134.91	68.92	7.28	449.92
2019	5.08	2.26	3.23	2.33	4.5	17.83	18.5	71.16	163.58	251.1	109.63	88.91	738.11
2020	3.87	0.48	0.11	24.2	69.81	32.41	40.51	45.93	94.14	138.83	241.45	139.88	831.62
NORMAL	18.5	23.5	37.6	76.8	60.2	18.3	31.1	51.6	80.8	191	175.5	64.7	829.6

# Table 3.9: Average Annual Rainfall Data (2011-2020)

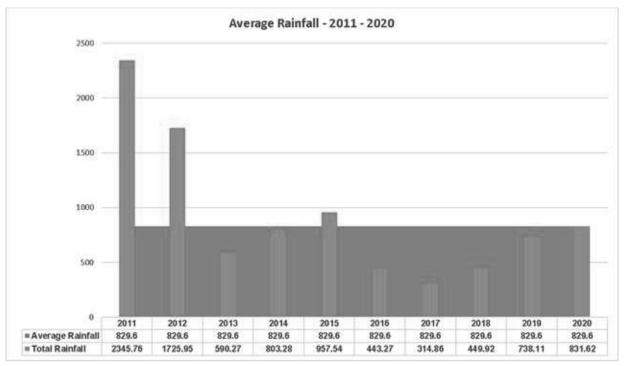
Source – Virudhunagar District, IMD



Creating Possibilities



# Figure 3.6: Average Annual Rainfall





Creating Possibilities

#### 3.3.1.3 SITE SPECIFIC METEOROLOGICAL DATA:

Micrometeorology and microclimatic parameters of wind velocity, wind direction, ambient temperature, relative humidity, were collected throughout the monitoring period.

#### DATA ANALYSIS:

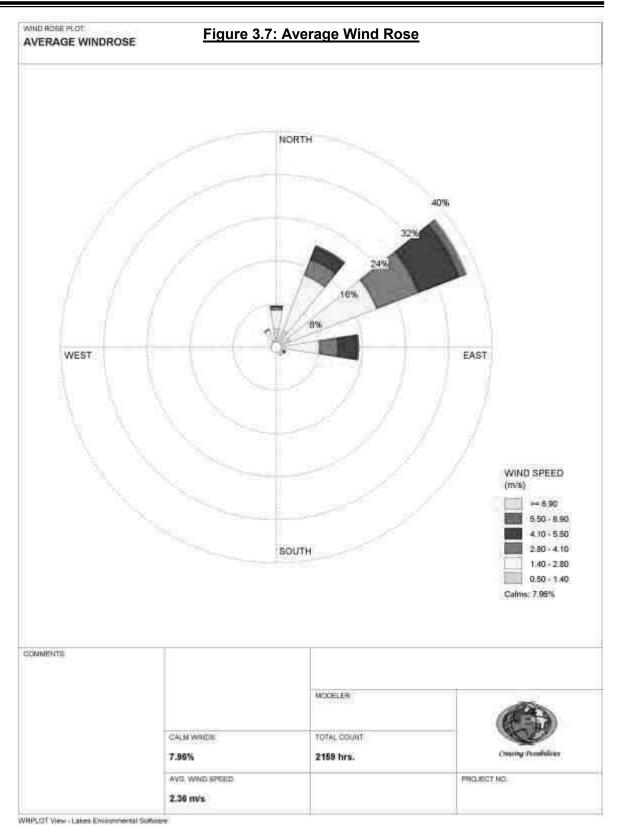
The temperature in the area during the study period ranged from  $16.1^{\circ}$ C to  $35.0^{\circ}$ C while the relative humidity varied between 12.0 - 99%. The wind speed during the study period ranged from <1.8 to 27.7 km/h. The predominant wind direction is from NE. The meteorological data are presented in **Table no – 3.9**. The average wind rose is depicted in **Figure No - 3.7**.

S.NO	PARAMETERS	MIN	MAX	
1	Temperature In <sup>0</sup> c	16.1	35.0	
2	Humidity in %	12.0	99.0	
3	Wind speed in km/hr	<1.8	27.7	
4	Predominant wind direction from	NE		

# Table 3.10: Meteorological Data



Counting Possibilities





**Creative Engineers & Consultants** 

**Creating Possibilities** 

#### 3.3.2 AMBIENT AIR QUALITY (AAQ):

Ambient Air quality has been assessed through a network of 5 ambient air quality stations. The following methodology has been considered for design of ambient air quality monitoring network in the area. Based on these criteria, 5 numbers of air sampling stations were selected in the area as shown below in Table No.3.10.

- Topography / terrain of study area.
- Populated areas within study area.
- Residential /sensitive areas within study area.
- Magnitude of surrounding industries.
- Representation of regional background levels.
- Representation of cross sectional distribution in down wind direction.
- Predominant wind direction and wind pattern.

1.	Monitoring Period	Winter Season ( Dec 2022 – Feb 2023)		
2.	Monitoring Location	The location map showing Ambient Air Quality study stations are shown in <b>Figure No- 3.9.</b>		
	Methodology			
	Parameter	Protocol		
	a. Particulate Matter (PM10)	Gravimetric (IS 5182: Part 23:2017)		
	b. Particulate Matter PM2.5	Gravimetric (IS 5182: Part 24:2019)		
3.	c. Sulphur Dioxide	Colorimetric (West & Gaeke Method) (IS 5182: Part 02: 2017)		
	d. Nitrogen Dioxide	Colorimetric(Modified Jacob & Hocheiser Method)		
		(IS 5182: Part 06:2017)		
	e. Carbon Monoxide	CO Monitor		
	f. Silica	Colorimetric (Molybdate Method) NIOSH 7601 -2003		
4.	Monitoring Frequency 2 days in a week, 4 weeks in a month for 3 months in a season.			

#### Table 3.11: Air Quality Monitoring

#### Table 3.12: Air Quality Monitoring Locations

S.NO	LOCATION CODE	LOCATION	DISTANCE FROM CORE ZONE (KM)	DIRECTION
1	A1	Near Mine Lease Area	-	-
2	A2	Edirkottai Village	1.8km	NW
3	A3	Ettakkapatti Village	1.4km	NE
4	A4	Kundayiruppu Village	1.9km	SW
5	A5	Kangerseval Village	1.5km	SE





#### Figure 3.8: Ambient Air Quality Study Stations



**Creating Possibilities** 

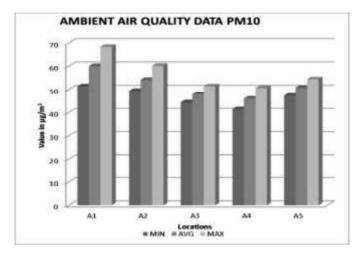
#### Table 3.13: Ambient Air Quality Data

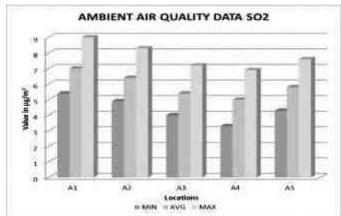
All Value in µg/m<sup>3</sup>

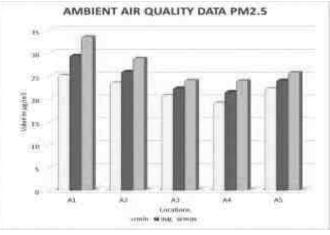
PARAMETERS	Cat.*		<b>PM</b> <sub>10</sub>			PM <sub>2.5</sub>			SO <sub>2</sub>			NO <sub>2</sub>	
LOCATIONS		MIN	AVG	MAX	MIN	AVG	MAX	MIN	AVG	MAX	MIN	AVG	MAX
A1-Near Mine Lease Area	Ι	51.4	60.1	68.3	25.2	29.5	33.6	5.4	7	9	8.2	10.5	13.1
A2-Edirkottai Village	R	49.4	54.2	60.2	23.6	26	28.9	4.9	6.4	8.3	7.8	9.9	11.8
A3-Ettakkapatti Village	R	44.4	47.8	51.4	20.8	22.4	24.1	4	5.4	7.2	6.8	8.3	10.1
A4-Kundayiruppu Village	R	41.4	46	50.6	19.2	21.6	24	3.3	5	6.9	6	7.3	9
A5-Kangerseval Village	R	47.3	50.8	54.4	22.3	24.1	25.8	4.3	5.8	7.6	7.5	9	11.1
NAAQ Limits			<b>PM</b> <sub>10</sub>			PM <sub>2.5</sub>			SO <sub>2</sub>			NO <sub>2</sub>	
	*		100			60			80			80	
	**		100			60			80			80	

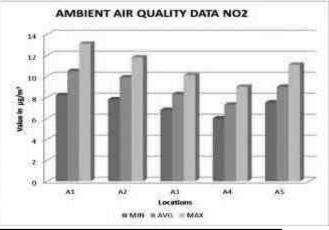
\*Note: Category: \* - Industrial, Residential, Rural and other area, \*\* – Ecologically Sensitive Area (notified by Central Government)

#### Figure 3.9: Ambient Air Quality Data











**Creative Engineers & Consultants** 

REV NO : 00/NOV/23 3-18

#### 3.3.2.1 Results and Discussion:

The AAQ monitored data for all locations for above parameters are shown in **Table No - 3.12** and in **Figure No - 3.10.** Ambient Air Quality data during the study period is given in **Annexure-9.** From the table it is seen that, in the ambient air, the  $PM_{10}$  values were in the range of 41.4- $68.3 \ \mu g/m^3$ .  $PM_{2.5}$  values were in the range of  $19.2 - 33.6 \ \mu g/m^3$ .  $SO_2$  levels were ranging from  $3.3 - 9.0 \ \mu g/m^3$ .  $NO_2$  levels were ranging from  $6.0 - 13.1 \ \mu g/m^3$ .

The existing Ambient Air Quality levels for  $PM_{10}$ ,  $PM_{2.5}$ ,  $SO_2$  and  $NO_2$ , are within the NAAQ standards prescribed CPCB limits of 100 µg/m<sup>3</sup>, 60 µg/m<sup>3</sup>, 80 µg/m<sup>3</sup> & 80 µg/m<sup>3</sup>. The CO values in all the locations were found to be below detectable limit. Silica values in the study area are found to be below detectable limit. (Detection limit – 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup>)

#### 3.3.3 WATER ENVIRONMENT:

Assessment of baseline data on water environment includes Identification of water resources, Collection of water samples and Analyzing water samples collected for physico-chemical parameters as per standards. The water sampling was carried out for 5 locations. Details of the same has been provided below:

1.	Monitoring	g Period	Winter Season ( Dec 2022 – Feb 2023)					
2.	Monitoring Location		The location map showing water sampling locations are given in <b>Figure No.3.11</b> .					
	Code	Location	Sample Type	Distance	Direction			
	W1	Near Mine Lease Area	Bore Well	-	-			
	W2	Edirkottai Village	Borewell	1.8km	NW			
	W3	Ettakkapatti Village	Borewell	1.4km	NE			
	W4	Kundayiruppu Village	Borewell	1.9km	SW			
	W5	Kangerseval Village	Borewell	1.5km	SE			
3.	Methodolo	ogy	Sampling - IS 3025 Part - I Analysis – IS 3025 relevant parts / APHA 23rd Edition					





#### Figure 3.10: Location of Water Sampling Stations



Creating Possibilities

Season	Dec 2022 to Feb 2023				
Monitoring Locations	5 locations				
Parameters	Range of values	Limits*			
pH at 25 °C	6.96 – 7.54	6.5-8.5			
Total Dissolved Solids, mg/L	510 – 652	2000			
Chloride as Cl-, mg/L	106 – 215	1000			
Total Hardness (as CaCO3), mg/L	174 – 492	600			
Total Alkalinity (as CaCO3), mg/L	112– 582	600			
Sulphates as SO42-, mg/L	11.4 – 82.9	400			
Iron as Fe, mg/L	0.04-0.07	0.3			
Nitrate as NO3, mg/L	BDL(D.L – 1.0)– 2.58	45			
Fluoride as F, mg/L	0.44 – 0.58	1.5			

#### Table 3.15: Summary of Water Quality Data

#### 3.3.3.1 Results and Discussion:

The results of the water sample analysis are shown in **Table No - 3.14.** The pH values were ranging in between 6.96 – 7.54 TDS values were in the range of 510 – 652mg/L. Chloride values were ranging from 106 – 215mg/L. Iron content was found to be in the range 0.04–0.07mg/L. The water quality of ground water is found to be within the prescribed Permissible limits of IS: 10500 Norms in the absence of an alternative source as per Drinking Water Specifications. The water quality data is provided in **Annexure-10**.

## 3.3.4 NOISE ENVIRONMENT:

Opearional phase of this project may lead to increase noise levels from the existing levels at least in and around the project area. As noise level beyond permissible limits will cause adverse impacts on the environment, it has become imperative to assess the noise levels in and around the mine area. Noise level measurements were taken at the 5 locations during the monitoring period. Details of the same are provided below:

1.	Monitoring Period	Winter Season ( Dec 2022 – Feb 2023)				
2.	Monitoring Location	The location map showing noise monitoring locations are given in <b>Figure No.3.12.</b>				
	Code	Location	Distance	Direction		

## Table 3.16: Noise Level Monitoring



	N1	Near Mine Lease Area	-	-			
	N2	Edirkottai Village	1.8km	NW			
	N3	Ettakkapatti Village	1.4km	NE			
	N4	Kundayiruppu Village	1.9km	SW			
	N5	Kangerseval Village	1.5km	SE			
3.	Methodology	Noise levels were measured using sound level meter manufactured by (Model No - SL- 4001, Make - Lutron). Sound Pressure Level (SPL) measurements were measured at all locations where ambient air quality monitored; one reading for every hour was taken for 24 hours.					
4.	Monitoring Frequency	Once during monitoring period					



**Creating Possibilities** 



#### Figure 3.11: Location of Noise Sampling Stations



**Creating Possibilities** 

DRAFT	EIA/EMP	REPORT	FOR	ROU	GH S	TONE	AND	G	RAVEL	Q	UARRY	OF
THIRU	S.RAMACHA	NDRAN AT	672/3,	674,	675/2,	676/3	OVER	AN	AREA	OF	2.28.0HA	IN
ETHIRKOTTAI VILLAGE, VEMBAKOTTAI TALUK, VIRUDHUNAGAR DISTRICT, TAMIL NADU												

Date and time of monitoring	N1	N2	N3	N4	N5		
Day Equivalent	45.5	47.0	45.7	47.8	46.9		
Night Equivalent	38.4	36.2	38.8	36.8	39.8		
Day & Night Equivalent	44.2	45.5	44.4	46.2	45.6		
Limits: As per CPCB: Work zone Exposure in 8 hr - 90 dB(A)							

Table 3 17: Ambient Noise Level in dB (A)

As per MoEF&CC: Residential: Day equivalent - 55 dB(A); Night equivalent - 45 dB(A)

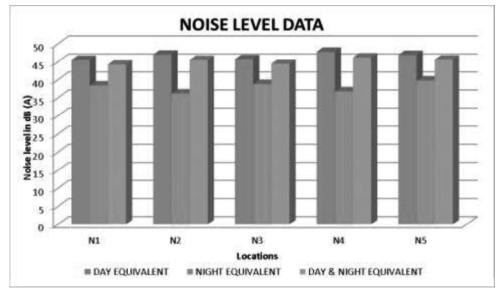


Figure 3.12: Noise Level Data

## 3.3.4.1 Results and Discussion:

The results of noise levels for all locations are given in Table No-3.15. The noise values for all above locations are shown in a comparative chart given in Figure No - 3.13. In the buffer zone, day Equivalent Noise (Leq-d) noise levels were ranging from 45.5 dB(A) to 47.8 dB(A) and night Equivalent Noise (Leq-d) levels ranged between 36.2 dB(A) to 39.8 dB(A). While comparing with the MOEF&CC Norm of 55 dB(A) for day time and 45 dB(A) for night time, the monitored ambient noise levels were within the limit values for Residential areas.

## 3.3.5 SOIL CHARACTERISTICS:

Soil samples were collected in 4 locations in the core and buffer zone to analyse the physiochemical characteristics of the soil in the area. Elaborate details of the same has been provided below.



1.	Monitoring Period	Winter Season ( Dec 2022 – Feb 2023)						
	Monitoring Location	The location map showing soil sampling locations are given in <b>Figure No.3.14.</b>						
	Code	Location	Distance	Direction				
2.	S1	Near Mine Lease Area	-	-				
	\$2	Edirkottai Village	1.8km	NW				
	S3	Ettakkapatti Village	1.4km	NE				
	S4	Kundayiruppu Village	1.9km	SW				
3.	Methodology	Composite soil samples us apparatus.	sing sampling augers	and field capacity				
4.	Monitoring Frequency	Once during monitoring period						

# Table 3.18: Soil Quality Monitoring





#### Figure 3.13: Location of Soil Sampling Stations



**Creating Possibilities** 

S.No	Parameters	Unit	S1	S2	S3	S4
1	pH at 25°C	-	6.92	7.14	7.08	7.32
2	Electrical Conductivity	(µmhos/ cm)	63.57	48.95	80.57	65.92
3	Dry matter content	%	97.58	96.46	94.85	96.57
4	Water Content	%	2.42	3.54	5.15	3.43
5	Organic Matter	%	0.62	0.98	0.75	1.34
6	Soil texture	-	Sandy Clay	Sandy Loam	Silt Loam	Sandy Clay
7	Grain Size Distribution i. Sand	%	48.98	49.96	39.45	51.16
8	ii. Silt	%	10.42	37.62	55.31	6.25
9	iii. Clay	%	40.6	12.42	5.24	42.6
10	Phosphorous	µg/g	2.32	2.15	1.36	2.86
11	Sodium	mg/kg	770	726	695	1022
12	Potassium	mg/kg	530	592	574	834
13	Total Nitrogen	mg/kg	195	116	159	190
14	Total Sulphur	%	BDL(D.L - 0.02)	BDL(D.L - 0.02)	BDL(D.L - 0.02)	BDL(D.L - 0.02)

#### Table 3.19: Soil Quality Data

#### 3.3.5.1 Results and Discussion:

Results of the soil samples show that the pH values were ranging between 6.92 to 7.32 and Electrical Conductivity values were ranging between  $48.96 - 80.57 \mu$ mhos/cm. Soils are generally sandy clay loam type. Organic matter values were ranging between 0.62 - 1.34 %.

Total Nitrogen values were ranging between 116 - 195 mg/kg. Phosphorus values were ranging between  $1.36 - 2.86 \mu$ g/g. Potassium values were ranging between 530 -834 mg/kg. Sodium values were ranging between 695- 1022 mg/kg. Total Sulphur values were observed to be BDL. The soil quality data for the 4 samples collected and analyzed are provided in **Table No – 3.18**.

## 3.4 LAND ENVIRONMENT - LANDUSE & LAND COVER

For preparing an impact statement, aspects of the land conditions are covered under land use. An industrial project / mine can cause changes in land use, soil process in different intensities depending upon the size of the project and distance involved between the industries and the area. Here, land use status for a radius of 10 km has been studied.

# 3.4.1 DATA USED AND METHODOLOGY

For the present study on land use pattern of buffer area around the proposed stone and gravel quarry, an archived historical data of Landsat 8 data shas been used as base data acquired on

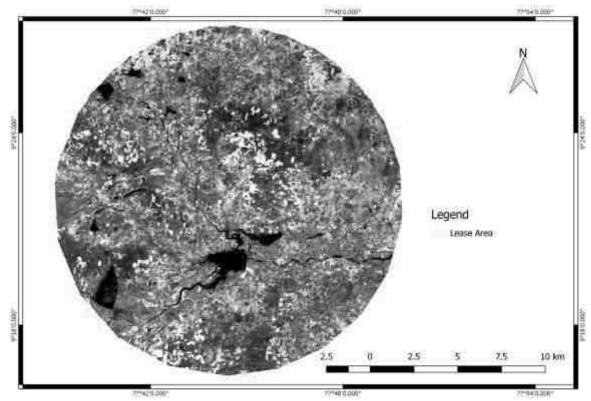


February 2022 (Figure No.3.14) has been used to generate the require landuse map showing their spatial pattern within the buffer area. The table showing data used for generation of information on landuse and subsequent GIS analysis is given below

S.No	Type of Data	Date	Generated Map		
1	Landsat 8	Feb 2021	Landuse (LU) Map showing 10 Km buffe		
1.	Lanusalo	1 60 2021	zone		

Interpretation of satellite image requires understanding of relationship between image elements and their respective terrain elements. Since, in the present study, the landuse information is obtained using visual interpretation, an interpretation key is generated. The image elements such as color, tone, texture, size, shape and associated elements have been used to delineate various landuse categories. The landuse categorization and nomenclature used in the present study is based on the national level landuse classification system, which is adopted for the entire country as recommended by NationaL Remote Sensing Centre (NRSC), Department of Space, Government of India.







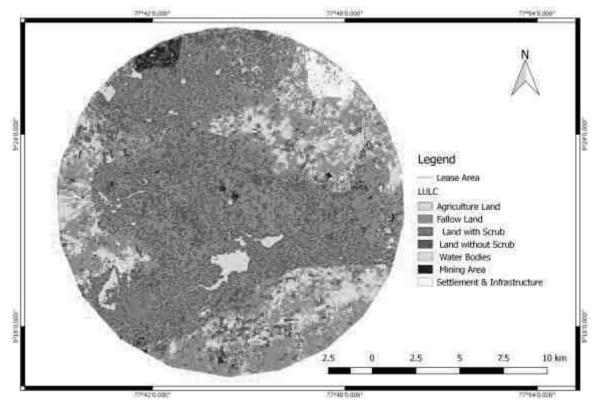
Creating Coscibilities

		induse office of the Study Area	
S.No	Major Category	Landuse unit	
1	Built-Up Land	Village, Town, Industrial / Vacant Area	
2	Agricultural Land	Crop Land Fallow Land Plantation Farm Land	
3	Forest Land	Open Scrub Forest	
1	Waste Land	Land With Scrub/ Land Without Scrub Barren	
4	Mining Area	Rocky/ Stony Waste Quarries / Abandoned Quarries	
5	Waterbodies	Tanks/ Rivers / Streams	

# Table 3.21: Major Landuse Units of the Study Area

Such LandUse and Land cover (LULC) categories have been verified using field check and identified sample sites within the buffer area, verified on field and transferred into gis geocoordinates using observation coordinates received from hand held GPS (global positioning system) instrument. Thus, an interpreted final landuse map has been generated (Figure No. 3.15) using above such elaborate procedure and transformed into GIS environment for its spatial distribution and area estimation. Spatial nature and extent of various landuse categories within the buffer area is discussed is given below:

#### Figure 3.15: Map Showing Land Use Categories around 10km Buffer





S.No	Landuse Feature	Area (Sq.Km)	Percentage
1	Agriculture	52.17	16.71
2	Fallow Land	126.84	38.10
3	Land With Scrub	78.72	25.22
4	Land Without Scrub	29.51	9.45
5	Water bodies	8.23	2.64
6	Mining Area/ Industries	4.10	1.31
7	Settlement / Infrastructure	20.56	6.56
	Total	311.77	100

Table 3.22: Area Estimation of Landuse Categories in Buffer Zone

From the above table it is seen that 16.73 % of the study area is agriculture land and 38.10 % are fallow land. Land with scrub constitutes 25.25 %.

# 3.4.2 LAND USED BASED ON REVENUE RECORDS:

The lease area falls in Ethirkottai Village, Vembakottai Taluk, Virudhunagar District, Tamil Nadu state and the study area for the land use pattern (10 km radius) has been divided into four zones viz. Zone-I (0-2 km), Zone-II (2-5 km), Zone-III (5-10 km) and Zone-IV (0-10 km) respectively. The land use pattern of the study area falling within 10 km radius around the proposed project area is presented in Table no - 3.21. Village wise land use pattern is provided in **Annexure-11**.

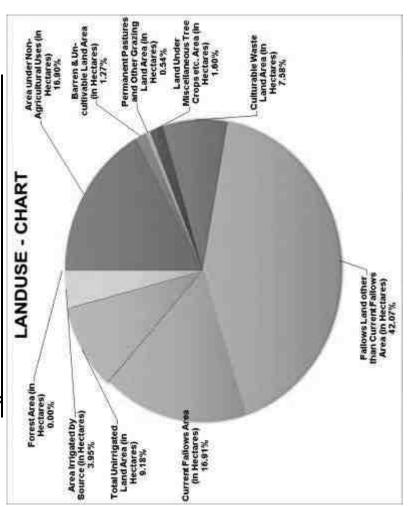


DRAFT	EIA/EMP	REPORT	FOR	ROUGH	STONE	AND	GRAVEL	QUARRY	OF
THIRU S	THIRU S.RAMACHANDRAN AT 672/3, 674, (	AT 672/3, 67	4, 675/2,	676/3 OVER A	N AREA OF 2.28	OHA IN EI	<b>THIRKOTTAL VI</b>	675/2, 676/3 OVER AN AREA OF 2.28.0HA IN ETHIRKOTTAI VILLAGE, VEMBAKOTT	OTTAI
TALUK. V	TALUK. VIRUDHUNAGAR DISTRICT. TAMIL	<b>ISTRICT. TAM</b>	IL NADU						

(Ha)
in
Area
) m
v v
Ē
Within
σ
Fallin
rea
4
vbu
St
the
of
tern
att
с С
Us
ך ק
Lan
23:
ຕ
able
F

Study Area	Total Geographical Area	Forest Area	Area under Non- Agricultural Uses	Barren & Un- cultivable Land Area	Permanent Pastures and Other Grazing Land Area	Land Under Miscellaneous Tree Crops etc. Area	Culturable Waste Land Area	Fallows Land other than Current Fallows Area	Current Fallows Area	Total Un irrigated Land Area	Area Irrigated by Source
0-2 KM	2859.49	0	218.18	0	1.8	8.81	11.23	1459.59	779.28	273.58	107.02
2-5 KM	6481.54	0	1029.61	20	14.71	81.05	18.02	3956.65	533.59	710.74	117.17
5-10 KM	24401.89	0	4460.67	407.12	166.54	449.88	2527 17	8779.21	4391.46	2112.21	1107.63
0-10 KM	33742.92	0	5708.46	427.12	183.05	539.74	2556.42	14195.45	5704.33	3096.53	1331.82





Control Overhilling

Creative Engineers & Consultants

**REV NO: 00/NOV/23** 

3-31

#### 3.5 BIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENT:

Study of the biological environment of any area comprises of well-planned ecological survey for the floristic and faunal composition of the areas through various scientifically planned techniques.

#### 3.5.1 FLORA:

An ecological survey of the study area was conducted with reference to listing of species and assessment of the existing baseline ecological conditions. The objective of the survey is as follows:

- ✤ Generate existing data from field observations of various terrestrial floristic occurrences.
- Collect secondary data from Government records as well as through discussion with Forest officials, knowledgeable public etc.,
- Compare the data with authentic past records to identify changes, if any.
- Identify the impact of project operations on the biological aspects.

To accomplish the above objectives, a general ecological survey covering an area of 10 km radius was conducted. The locations were identified for phyto-sociological aspects to assess the current status.

## A.CORE ZONE:

The lease area is a non forest, private patta land with thorny bushes and partly minedout area. The lease area is dominated with Acacia nilotica & Prosopis juliflora. The detailed list of plants found in the core zone are given in Table no -3.23.

SI.No	Species Name	Common Name	Family
Trees			
1	Prosopis juliflora	Cimaikkaruvel	Fabaceae
2	Acacia nilotica	Karuvelan	Fabaceae
Shrubs			
1	Ricinus communis	Amanakku	Euphorbiaceae
2	Calotropis gigantea (L.) R. Br.	Yerukku	Asclepiadaceae
3	Jatropha glandulifera	Vellaikattukottai	Euphorbiaceae
4	Lantana camara L.	Unni chedi	Lythraceae
Herbs			

## Table 3.24: List of Floristic Species in the Core Zone



SI.No	Species Name	Common Name	Family
1	Abutilon indicum (L.) Sweet	Thuththi	Malvaceae
2	Anisomeles indica	marutti	Lamiaceae
3	Achyranthes aspera L.	Nayuruvi	Amaranthaceae
4	Cassia tora L.	Thagarai	Caesalpiniaceae

#### **B. BUFFER ZONE:**

The Dominated species in the buffer zone are Azadirachta indica, Albizia lebbeck Murraya koenigii Borassus flabellifer, Sygygium cumuni Prosopis juliflora, Gmelina arborea, Acacia auriculiformis etc. Patches of coconut farmsSunflower, Banana, Nithiyakalani cultivation, are also observed in the study area.

SI.No	Species Name	Family	Local Name
		Trees	•
1	Mangifera indica	Anacardiaceae	Maamaram
2	Atalantia monophylla	Rutaceae	Kattu Elumeachi
3	Psidium guava	Myrtaceae	Коууа
4	Sygygium cumuni	Anacordiaceae	Naval
5	Mimusops elengi	Sapotaceae	Magizhamboo
6	Leucaena leucocephala	Fabaceae	Subabul
7	Phyllanthus emblica	Euphorbiaceae	Nelli
8	Morinda tinctoria	Rubiaceae	Nuna
9	Tectona grandis	Verbenaceae	Tekku
10	Murraya koenigii	Rutaceae	Curry leaf
11	Dodonaea viscosa	Sapindaceae	viraali
12	Terminalia catappa	Combretaceae	Badam Tree
13	Borassus flabelliformis	Arecaceae	Panna-maram
14		Fabaceae	Kilukiluppai
15	Pithecellobium dulce	Fabaceae	Kodukkapuli
16	Gmelina arborea	Lamiaceae	Kumalaamaram
17	Acacia auriculiformis	Fabaceae	Pencile tree
18	Samanea saman	Fabaceae	Amaivagai
19	Thespesia populnea	Malvaceae	Puvarasu
20	Musa paradisiaca	Musaceae	Valzhlai
21	Azadirachta indica	Meliaceae	Vembu
22	Albizia lebbeck	Fabaceae	Vagai
23	Polyalthia longifolia	Annonaceae	Nietilingam
24	Aegle marmelos	Rutaceae	Vilvamaran
25	Cocus nucifera	Arecaceae	Tennai
26	Pongamia pinnata	Fabaceae	Pungai
27	Acacia leucophloea	Fabaceae	Valvelam
28	Madhuca longifolia	Sapotaceae	Iluppai
29	Senna siamea	Fabaceae	Manjal konrai
30	<u> </u>	Fabaceae	Gulmohar
31	Tamarindus indica	Fabaceae	Puli
32	Cassia fistula	Fabaceae	Konrai

#### Table 3.25: List of Floristic Species in the Buffer Zone



Creating Pearlbilities

SI.No	Species Name	Family	Local Name
33	Annona squamosa	Annonaceae	Siththa
34	Citrus limon	Rutaceae	Lemon
35	Acacia nilotica	Fabaceae	Karuvelan
36	Carica papaya	Caricaceae	Pappali
37	Ficus hispida	Moraceae	Aarasu
38	Phoenix sylvestris	Arecaceae	Eeachamaram
39	Ficus religiosa	Moraceae	Poarasamaram
40	Casuarina equisetifolia	Casuarinaceae	Savukku
41	Delonix elata	Fabaceae	Perungondrai
42	Manilkara zapota	Sapotaceae	Sappota
43	Albizia amara	Fabaceae	Vagai
44	Caesalpinia pulcherrima	Fabaceae	Mayilkondrai
45	Annacordium occidentalae	Anacordiaceae	Munthiri
46	Prosopis juliflora	Fabaceae	Seemai karuvel
47	Ficus benghalensis	Moraceae	Aalamaram
48	Moringa oleifera	Moringaceae	Murungai
49	Terminalia arjuna	Combretaceae	Marudha Maram
		Shrubs	·
1	Calotropis gigantea	Apocynaceae	Earukku
2	Hibiscus rosa-sinensis	Malvaceae	Semparuthi
3	Lantana camara	Verbenaceae	Nuni
4	Jatropha glandulifera	Euphorbiaceae	Vellaikattukottai
5	Sida cordifolia	Malvaceae	Sida plant
6	Ixora casei	Rubiaceae	Idlipoo
7	Cassia auriculata	Fabaceae	Aavarampoo
8	Nerium indicum	Apocynaceae	Arali
9	Tecoma stans	Bignoniaceae	Yellow trumpetbush
10	Ricinus communis	Euphorbiaceae	Amanakku
11	Ziziphus jujuba	Rhamnaceae	Elanthai
12	Justicia adhatoda	Acanthaceae	Adathoda
13	Boerhaavia diffusa	Nyctaginaceae	Kagithapoo
14	Vitex negundo	Verbinaceae	Vanili
15	Lawsonia inermis	Lythraceae	Maruthani
16	Rosa indica	Rosaceae	Rose
	1	Herbs	
	Cleome viscosa	Cleomaceae	Naai velai
2	Tridax procumbens	Asteraceae	Vettukai poondu
3	Tragia involucrata	Euphorbiaceae	Kanchori
4	Solanum incanum	Solanaceae	Karimulli
5	Acanthospermum hispidum	Asteraceae	Gokul kanta
6	Ocimum americanum	Lamiaceae	Nai Thulasi
7	Solanum xanthocarpum	Solanaceae	Kandangkattari
8	Sida acuta	Malvaceae	Palambasi
9	Solanum nigrum	Solanaceae	Manatthakalli
10	Ocimum tenuiflorum		Thulasi Kunaimani kaari
11	Acalypha indica	Amaranthaceae	Kupaimeni keeri
12	Leucas aspera		Thumbai
13	Parthenium hysterophorus	Asteraceae	Parthenium
14	Andrographis paniculata	Acanthaceae	Kirayt
15	Tephrosia purpurea	Fabaceae	Vayal poondu



SI.No	Species Name	Family	Local Name	
16	Achyranthes aspera	Amaranthaceae	Nayuruvi	
17	Sida rhombifolia	Malvaceae	Kurundotti	
18	Phyllanthus niruri	Phyllanthaceae	Keelzhaneeli	
19	Amaranthus viridis	Amaranthaceae	Creen amaranth	
20	Anisomeles malabarica	Lamiaceae	Peyimarutti	
21	Argemone mexicana	Papaveraceae	Mexican poppy	
22	Anisomeles indica	Lamiaceae	marutti	
23	Croton sparsiflorus	Euphorbiaceae	Poodu sedi	
24	Vinca rosea	Apocynaceae	Nithiyakalyani	
	CI	imbers		
1	Asparagus racemosus	Asparagaceae	Tannir-vittan	
2	Abrus precatorius	Fabaceae	Kundumani	
3	Cardiospermum halicacabum	Sapindaceae	Mudakathan	
4	Capparis rotundifolia	Capparaceae	Thoratti	
5	Cissus quadrangularis	Vitaceae	Pirandai	
6	Coccinia indica	Cucubitaceae	Kovai	
7	Jasminum angustifolium	Oleaceae	Uccimalligai	
	Crops			
1	Sorghum vulgare	Poaceae	Solam	
2	Sesbania grandiflora	Fabaceae	Agati	
3	Gossypium hirsutum	Malvaceae	Paruththi	
4	Capsicum annuum	Solanaceae	Red chilli	
5	Jasminum officinale	Oleaceae	Malli	
6	Musa paradisiaca	Musaceae	Valzhai	
7	Helianthus annuus	Asteraceae	Sun flower	
8	Solanum melongena	Solanaceae	Kaththarii	
		rasses		
1	Cyperus rotundus	Cyperaceae	korai pullu	
2	Chloris barbata	Poaceae	Kodai pullu	
3	Cynodon dactylon	Poaceae	Arugampillu	

#### 3.5.2 FAUNA:

**Methodology:** Both direct and indirect observation methods were used to survey the fauna. Point Survey Method was used to study the Bird diversity. Besides, discussion with local villagers Collection secondary data from Government records, published reports as well as through discussion with Forest officials, knowledgeable public were used for the study.

**Observation:** There is no Wild Life Sanctuary or National Park within the study area of 10 km. Domesticated animals like Cows, Buffalos, Dogs, Cats etc., are commonly found. The lease and 10 Km buffer zone does not fall in the Western Ghats ESA boundary. No wild mammalian species was directly sighted during the field survey. There is no Sehedule I animals in the buffer zone area. The list of fauna within the study area is given in Table No – 3.26.



Counting Transhifting

S.No	Common Name	Scientific name	
Mammals	Common Name	Scientific fiame	IWPA, Schedule
Mammais	Wild Deer	Cue corefe cristatus	
1	Wild Boar	Sus scrofa cristatus	
2	Common Indian Hare	Lepus ruficaudatus	IV
3	Indian Palm squirrel	Funambuus palmarum	IV
4	Indian Grey Mongoose	Herpestes edwardsii	
5	Bonnet macaque	Macaca radiata	
Birds			
1	Common Quail	Coturnix coturnix	IV
2	Rose-ringed Parakeet	Psittacula krameri	IV
3	Common Babbler	Turdoides caudatus	IV
4	House Sparrow	Passer domesticus	IV
5	Common Crow	Corvus splendens	V
6	Black Drongo	Dicrurus macrocercus	IV
7	Little Cormorant	Phalacrocorax niger	IV
8	Indian Cuckoo	Cuculus micropterus	IV
9	Red-vented Bulbul	Pycnonotus cafer	IV
10	Spotted Dove	Streptopelia chinensis	IV
11	Indian Pond Heron	Ardeola grayii	IV
12	Purple-rumped Sunbird	Nectarinia zeylonica	IV
13	Green Bee-eater	Merops orientalis	IV
14	Common Swift	Apus apus	IV
15	Little Egret	Egretta garzetta	IV
16	Common Myna	Acridotheres tristis	IV
17	Cattle Egret	Bubulcus ibis	IV
18	Common Kingfisher	Alcedo atthis	IV
19	Black Kite	Milvus migrans	IV
Reptiles		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·
. 1	Common Indian krait	Bungarus caeruleus	11
2	Garden Lizard	Calotes versicolar	IV
Amphibians		1	1
1	Common Indian toad	Bufo melanostictus	IV

#### Table 3.26: List of Fauna in the Buffer Zone

## 3.6 HYDROGEOLOGICAL STUDY:

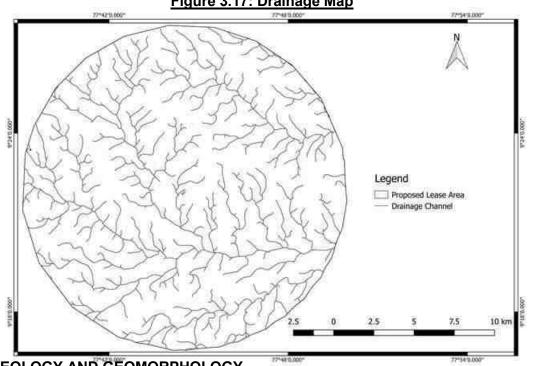
This section delves into the study of the hydrogeological scenario of the study area to evaluate the impact of mining activities on the nearby areas. The study area is considered to understand the nature of the general hydrogeological conditions of the area.

## 3.6.1 PHYSIOGRAPHY AND DRAINAGE:

**Physiography:** The lease area is a barren, patta land which is covered with scrubs and thorny bushes and part of lease area is already minedout. There is no major vegetation found in the lease area. The lease area is a plain land that is sloping towards the south eastern side of the area.



**Drainage:** There are no major perennial water bodies in proximity to the lease area. There are a few tanks located in the study area. The drainage map prepared from the survey of India topographic maps shows the presence of few streams running in a dendritic pattern



#### Figure 3.17: Drainage Map

## 3.6.2 GEOLOGY AND GEOMORPHOLOGY

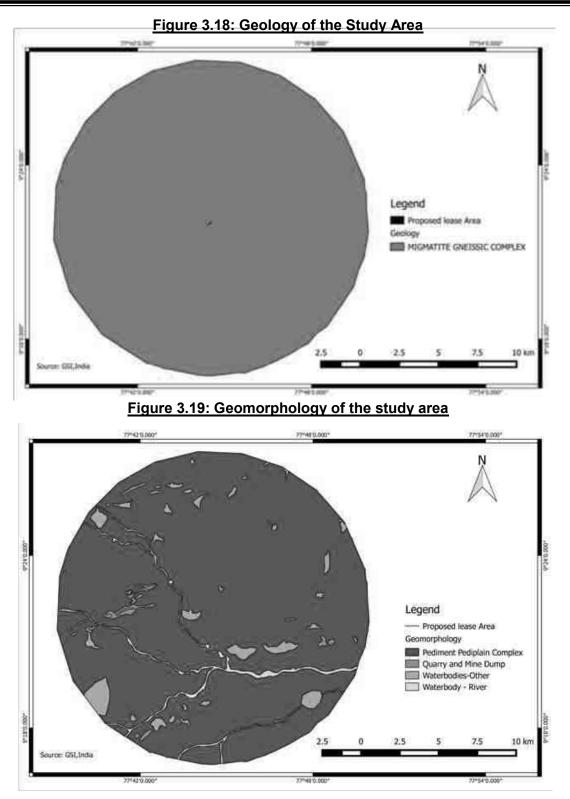
**Geology:** The regional geology of the study area is shown below in Figure 3.18. The type of rock formation in the core and buffer zone is composed of Migtmatite Gneissic complex. The lease area falls under Migtmatite Gneissic complex category.

<u>Geomorphology</u>: The buffer zone consists of different regions of varying geomorphologies. Pediment Pediplain complex dominate the study area, while the lease area also falls in the Pediment Pediplain complex.

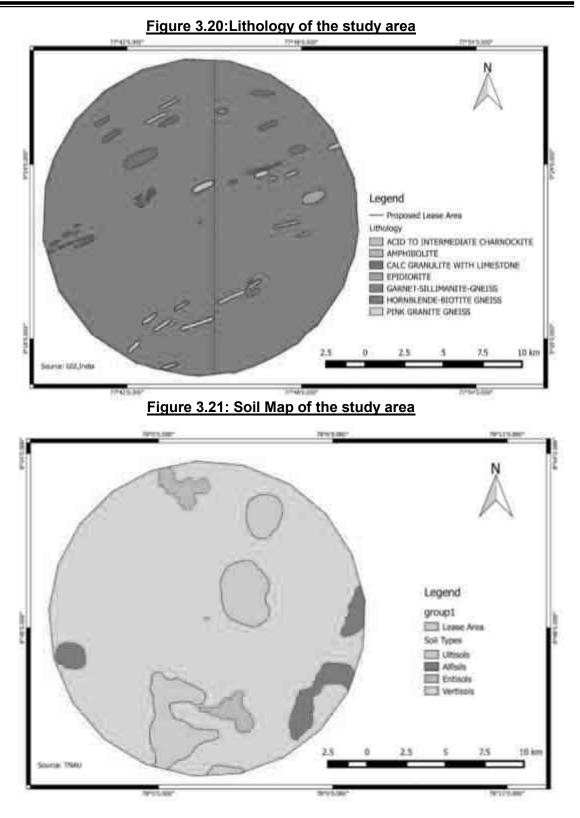
**Lithology:** The study area is mainly dominated by Hornblende-Biotite Geneiss. lithology of Core & Buffer Zone map is given below.

**Soil and Irrigation:** The study area is characterized by Vertisols, Alfisols, ultisols and Entisols. The project area was dominated with Vertisols type of soil and buffer zone wad dominated with Vertisols.











#### 3.6.3 WATER TABLE OF THE AREA:

Based on the depth to water level data obtained from the India-WRIS, Department of Water Resources, Ministry of Jal Shakti, Viruthunagar District, Tamil Nadu the following is observed.

Year	Depth to Wate	er Level (m bgl)	Wells M	onitored
Tear	Pre-Monsoon	Post-Monsoon	Pre-Monsoon	Post-Monsoon
2015	2.67 - 9.65	1.74 - 7.94	3	3
2016	3.5 - 7.66	4.07 – 9.9	4	3
2017	-	2.27- 4.88	-	2
2018	4.03-10.38	6.35-8.5	3	2

	Table 3.27: General	Trend of Depth to Water Level
--	---------------------	-------------------------------

Study of thedepth to water table in 6 locations (wells) in the nearby areas show that the wells are as deep as 40ft to 60ft. Water level after good monsoon reaches almost nearthe surface level whereas it lowers down substantialy during summer season. Bore wells are 300-400 ft deep, give better yield post monsoon where as the yield becomes very less later.

In the study area, the shallow aquifer is developed through dug wells and deeper aquifer through tube wells. The groundwater has revealed that potential fractures are encountered at deeper levels

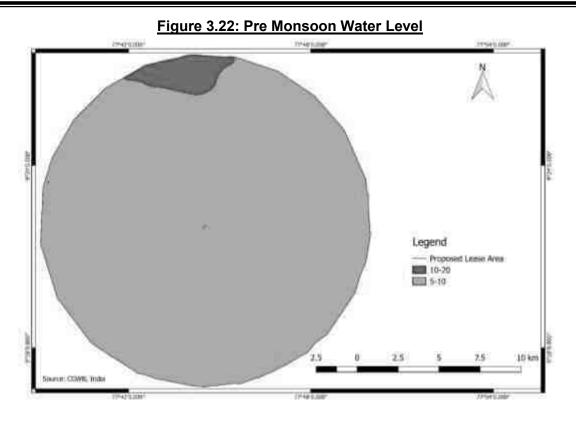
From the Geophysical survey, it is found that the subsurface litho units are gravel, weathered layers poorly fractured and terminated with hard and compact massive rocks with fully devoid of fractures.

The occurrence of groundwater mainly in the porous soil are weathered layers, very negligible amount of groundwater percolated through the poorly fractured layer, after that there is no existence of groundwater. Besides, the mining area consists of hard compact rock, no major water seepage within the mine is expected.

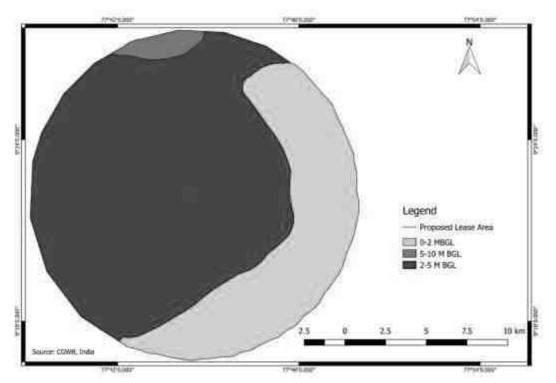
**Pre-monsoon Depth to water level (April)** The depth to water level data and map shows that the pre-monsoon (April) depth to water level in project area ranges between 5.0 to 20.0 m bgl. **(Figure No.3.22**)

**Post monsoon depth to water level (November):** The data shows that depth to water level during post monsoon (November) varies from 2.0 to 10.0 m bgl in the wells monitored. (**Figure No.3.23**)

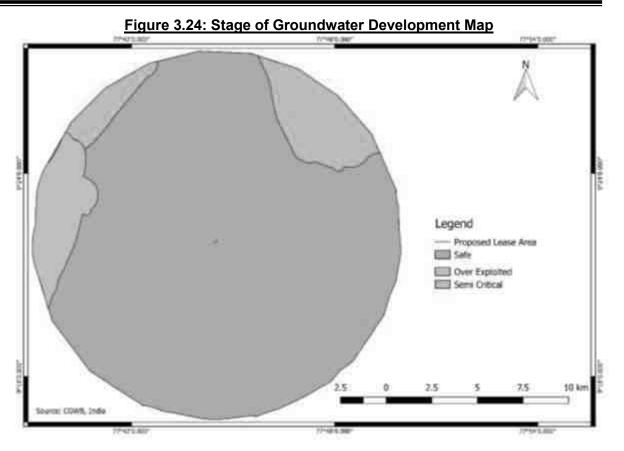




## Figure 3.23: Post Monsoon Water Level







Based on the report published by National Water Mission, Ministry of Jal Shakti, Department of Water Resources, RD & GR, the stage of ground water development for this area falls in "Safe" category and its details are given in Para 4.3.3.1, Chapter – IV.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*



#### CHAPTER 4

# ANTICIPATED ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS AND MITIGATION MEASURES

#### 4.1 GENERAL

In this project Semi – Mechanized Open Cast mining will be carried out to quarry out Rough Stone & Gravel. The identified impacts due to this mine during mining and associated activities have been studied in relation to various environmental components like Air, water, noise, vibration, land, transport etc., and the details of the same are elaborated in this chapter.

#### 4.2 AIR ENVIRONMENT:

# 4.2.1 IMPACTS DUE TO PROJECT OPERATION:

The existing ambient air quality in the area has been described in Chapter-III. The proposed mining and allied operations may cause deterioration of air quality due to pollution arising from the project operation if prompt care is not taken. The principal sources of air pollution in general due to mining and allied activities will be:

- Excavation of material.
- Movement of HEMM such as Excavators, tippers etc.
- Loading and unloading operation
- Transportation

Besides, Gas emission will occur as a result of operation of diesel driven mining equipment, compressors, transporting vehicles, etc.

Particulate matter smaller than 10 microns, referred to as PM<sub>10</sub>, can settle in the bronchi and lungs and cause health problems like Bronchitis, Emphysema, Bronchial Asthma, Irritation of mucus membranes of eyes, etc. Particles smaller than 2.5 micrometers (PM<sub>2.5</sub>), tend to penetrate into the lungs and very small particles (<100 nanometers) may pass through the lungs to affect other organs.

Besides the above mentioned fugitive dust emissions, atmospheric pollution can occur as a result of emission of  $SO_2$ ,  $NO_x$ , CO etc., from diesel driven mining equipment, generator sets, etc. Larger suspended particles are generally filtered in the nose and throat and do not cause problems. Higher concentration of SO2, NOx, CO may cause some health effect on the human



beings exposed to it. In case of this mine, the following measures will be adopted to control impact on the air quality due to mining operations in the lease area:

## Table 4.1: Impact and Mitigation Measures – Air Environment

S.No	Activity	Consequence	Mitigation Measures				
			Usage of Drill bits in good condition				
		Dust	Covering of drill holes with wet cloth				
1	Drilling	Emanation	Usage of sharp drill bits for drilling of holes.				
		Emanation	Provision of dust filters / mask to workers working at highly dust				
			prone and affected areas.				
			Well-designed blasting parameter, effective stemming to achieve				
			optimum breakage occurs without generating fines.				
			Use of appropriate explosives for blasting and avoiding				
		Instantaneous	overcharging of blast holes.				
2	Blasting	dust	Avoiding blasting during high wind periods where the fine dust is				
		emanation	carried out away easily affecting the ambient air quality.				
			Use of controlled blasting techniques with Nonel to keep the dust				
			generation, noise as well as vibration level within the prescribed				
			limits.				
			HEMM will be operated as per the manufacturer's guidelines				
		Dust	Enclosures for operator cabin.				
3	Excavation	emanation,	Imparting sufficient training to operators on safety and				
Ŭ	and Loading	Gaseous	environmental parameters.				
		Emission	Proper maintenance of hauling equipments.				
			Avoiding overloading of dumpers.				
			Regular wetting of transport road using mobile water tanker.				
			Proper maintenance of haul road and other roads				
		Dust	Setting up of tyre wash facility in the transport road.				
4	Transportation	emanation,	Avoiding overloading of tippers				
	ranoportation	Gaseous	Covering of loaded tippers with tarpaulins during transportation				
		Emission	Vehicular emissions will be controlled through regular and proper				
			preventive maintenance schedules and emissions tests are done				
			with diesel smoke meter equipment to ensure emission values.				
		Dust	Development of greenbelt / barriers around mine in the safety				
5	Others	emanation,	zone and carrying out plantation within the lease area.				
Ŭ	Caloro	Gaseous	Green netting will be carried out around the lease periphery on all				
		Emission	sides.				

Due to adoption of all these measures, no major impact on air quality is envisaged due to this proposed opencast mining operation.



Considering that the quantum of production is less, only 1 excavator, 4 tippers will be engaged. These equipments will be properly and regularly maintained. Besides, as mentioned earlier, regular vehicular emission tests will be done for the transport vehicles to ensure minimal impact due to carbon emissions. To further mediate the carbon emissions, a good greenbelt and plantation plan has been planned wherein 1150 number of plants will be planted in and around the lease area.

The impact on air quality due to the proposed project is estimated using AERMOD View Gaussian Plume Air Dispersion Model developed by Lakes Environmental Software which is based on steady state Gaussian plume dispersion. Details of the modeling study / estimation including the modeling technique and post project air quality values are elaborated in the following paras.

## 4.2.2 AIR QUALITY IMPACT PREDICTION:

The model simulations are done for the air pollutant arising from the mining operations, namely, PM<sub>10</sub>, PM<sub>2.5</sub>. **Ground Level Concentration** (GLC) have been computed using hourly meteorological data.

ACTIVITY	SOURCE TYPE
A. Mining operations	Open pit
B. Transportation	Line

#### Table 4.2: Emission Sources

#### 4.2.2.1 Emission Factors

Quantification of particulate emissions has been carried out by the emission factor technique. Emission factor is a statistical average of the rate at which a pollutant is released during an activity. This factor when multiplied by the level of that activity in a given situation will give the overall effect. Fugitive emissions have been predicted by using standard equations given and suggested by AP-42, USEPA(1998), Coal S&T Project and for mining & allied activities and other factors. The modeling is done for the peak production to know the worst scenario. The details of the emission factors used for the same is provided below:



#### Table 4.3: Emission Factors

S.No	Activity	PM10	PM2.5	Unit
1	Ore Loading	1.5 x 10 <sup>-3</sup>	2.1 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>	Kg/T
2	OB Loading	1.4 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>	1.5 x 10⁻⁵	Kg/T
3	Hauling inside lease area	0.19	0.019	g/VKT
4	Drilling	0.1	0.04	Kg/hole

#### 4.2.2.2 Emission Rates:

Based on the emission factors, after adopting necessary control measures like dust suppression, Proper maintenance of HEMM, using better quality diesel, using latest equipment, proper maintenance of roads, etc. the expected emission rate due to various operations in this project is calculated and is given below:

#### Table 4.4: Emission Rate

ACTIVITIES/POLLUTANTS	PM <sub>10</sub> (g/sec)	PM <sub>2.5</sub> (g/sec)
Ore Loading	0.03	0.00
Drilling	0.12	0.05
Hauling inside lease area	0.12	0.02
Total	0.27	0.07

- **A.** *Emission Source Coordinates:* The center of mine was assumed (0, 0) in the mathematical modeling.
- **B.** *Meteorological Conditions Used In Predictions:* The hourly meteorological data has been generated for Winter Season (Dec 2022 to Feb 2023) and the same has been used in the predictions.

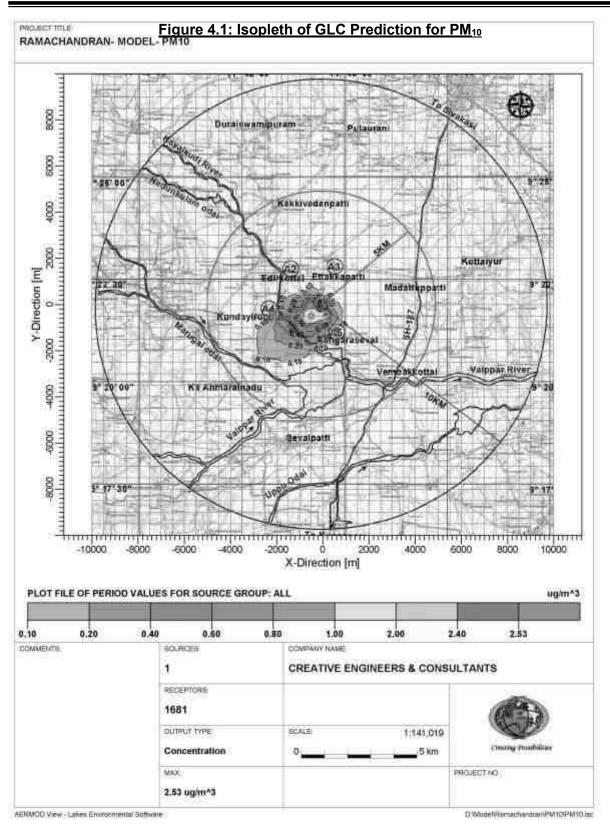
## 4.2.2.3 Results and Discussions

## Table 4.5: Peak Incremental Concentration

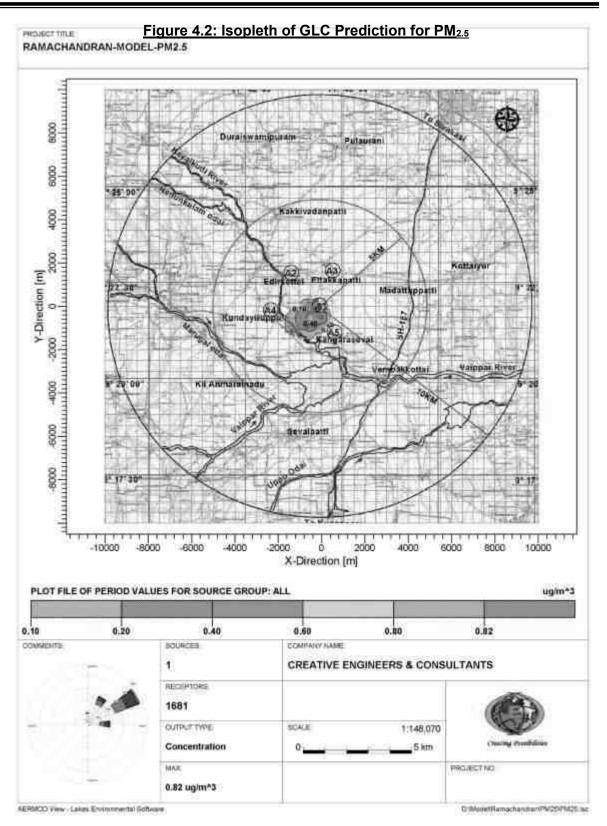
S.No	Parameters	Peak incremental concentration µg/m <sup>3</sup>
1	PM <sub>10</sub>	2.53
2	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.82

It is observed that the peak incremental concentration for  $PM_{10}$ ,  $PM_{2.5}$  occurring very near the source. At away from the source the values are getting reduced due to dispersion effects. The Isopleths of  $PM_{10}$ ,  $PM_{2.5}$  concentrations with control measures scenario have also been drawn and these are given in **Figure No.4.1 and 4.2.** The incremental and predicted concentrations at the locations of ambient air quality have been discussed in the following section.











#### 4.2.2.4 Predicted Ambient Air Quality:

The post project Concentrations of PM10, PM2.5, (GLC) (base line + incremental) after adopting necessary control measures is given in Table No - 4.6 to 4.7.

#### Table 4.6: Concentrations Of PM<sub>10</sub> after Project Implementation

Values in µg/m<sup>3</sup>

Values in ug/m<sup>3</sup>

S. No	Location	Background Concentration	Predicted Incremental Concentration	Post Project Concentration	Statutory Limits
1	A1Near Mine Lease Area	68.3	2.5	70.5	-
2	A2-Edirkottai Village	60.2	<1.0	61.2	
3	A3-Ettakkapatti Village	51.4	<1.0	52.4	100
4	A4-Kundayiruppu Village	50.6	<1.0	51.6	100
5	A5-Kangerseval Village	54.4	<1.0	55.4	

## Table 4.7: Concentrations Of PM<sub>2.5</sub> after Project Implementation

			1.0
d on	Predicted Incremental Concentration	Post Project Concentration	Statutory Limits

S. No	Location	Background Concentration	Incremental Concentration	Post Project Concentration	Statutory Limits
1	A1Near Mine Lease Area	33.6	<1.0	34.6	-
2	A2-Edirkottai Village	28.9	<1.0	29.9	
3	A3-Ettakkapatti Village	24.1	<1.0	25.1	60
4	A4-Kundayiruppu Village	24	<1.0	25.0	60
5	A5-Kangerseval Village	25.8	<1.0	26.8	

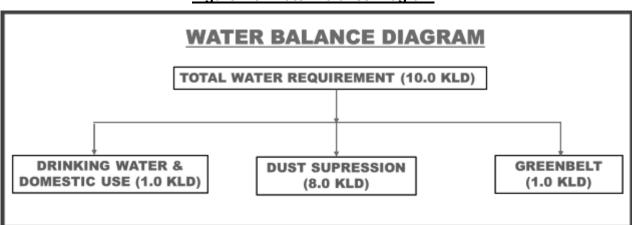
It can be seen that the resultant added concentrations with baseline figures even at worst scenario, show that the values of ambient air quality with respect to PM<sub>10</sub> are in the range of 51.6 µg/m3 to 70.5 µg/m3 and with respect to PM2.5 are in the range of 25.0 µg/m3 to 34.6 µg/m3 which are within the statutory limits in each case. For preservation of environment in this mine strict enforcement of management schemes and regular air quality monitoring will be undertaken for taking corrective actions, as needed. By adopting the effective implementation of all the mitigative measures, no adverse impact on Air quality due to the mining operation in this lease area is expected.



#### 4.3 WATER ENVIRONMENT:

## 4.3.1 WATER REQUIREMENT:

The total water requirement for this project will be 10.0 KLD comprising 1.0 KLD for drinking water and domestic use, 8.0 KLD for dust suppression and 1.0 KLD for greenbelt. The water will be sourced initially from outside agencies. Later the rainwater collected in the mine pit sump will be used for this purpose. The water balance diagram for the same is shown in **Figure No 4.3**.



#### Figure 4.3: Water Balance Diagram

## 4.3.2 SOURCES OF WATER POLLUTION:

The existing water environment showing water quality at different sampling stations in the area has been described in Chapter-III.

Direct impact on human beings due to poor water quality consequent to mining operation can lead to various water borne diseases like diarrhea, jaundice, dysentery, typhoid, etc. Besides, the polluted water may not be useful for animal or human consumption, vegetation and may affect aquatic life, if effluents are not properly treated to remove the harmful pollutants.

The major sources of water pollution normally associated due to mining and allied operations are:

- a. Domestic effluent.
- b. Washouts from stockpile if any.
- c. Disturbance to drainage course in the project area
- d. Generation of mine pit water pumped out from deeper workings if any.



## 4.3.3 TREATMENT SCHEME:

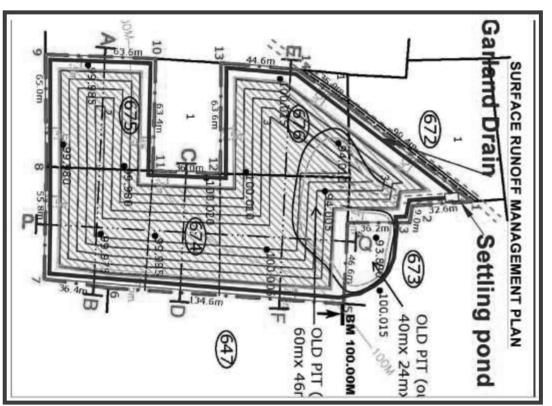
# A. <u>Generation of domestic effluent:</u>

The domestic sewage to be generated from the project will be collected in septic tank with soak pits.

# B. <u>Washouts from overburden, ore stockpile, etc.</u>

Since the entire material from the quarry face will be directly dispatched to the consumers, there will not be any stockpiles. There are no waste dumps in this quarry. As such there will not be any wash out due to stock pile or waste dumps.

The rain water falling in the quarry will be harvested in the sump at the lowest level of the quarry. This sump will act as a settling pond to prevent solids escaping along with discharge, before outlet. etc. Towards surface runoff management, a garland drain of length 800m will be constructed around the quarry and will be connected to a settling pond with silt traps. The supernatant clear water from the settling pond will be flow to the downstream users. The surface runoff management structures diagram is given in **Figure No 4.4**.



# Figure 4.4: Surface Runoff Management Structures



#### C. Disturbance to drainage courses

There is an odai at a distance of 200m (NW), 275m (NW) and at 225m (SE) side of the lease area. There is no proposal to discharge any effluent into these water bodies. No major impact is envisaged on the nearby water bodies due to project operations

#### D. Generation of mine pit water pumped out from deeper workings if any.

The occurrence and movement of groundwater in hard rock formations are restricted to the porous zones of weathered formations and the open systems of fractures, fissures and joints. Generally, in hard rock regions, occurrence of weathered thickness is discontinuous both in space and depth. Hence recharge of groundwater in hard rock formations is influenced by the intensity and depth of weathering. In the nearby region, the formations are compact with less intergranular porosity and fractures leading to less permeability and transmissivity values and as such the ground water level in this area is deep from surface. The mining area consists of hard compact rock, hence no major water seepage within the mine is expected from the periphery. The ultimate pit depth of mining is 20m. The ground water table in this area is below this level. Hence, ground water intersection in not envisaged and ground water will not be affected appreciably due to the quarrying operation. As mentioned earlier, the rainfall will be collected in the mine floor sump and advantageously used. Excess water if any in the sump will be pumped to settling pond for downstream users.

## 4.3.3.1 STAGE OF GROUNDWATER DEVELOPMENT

Details of hydrological scenario of the study area were given in para 3.6, Chapter – III. The groundwater resource data of Virudhunagar district was obtained from the data provided in the technical report of the Central Ground Water Board, South Eastern Costal Region – 'District groundwater brochure, Virudhunagar District.'

Net Groundwater Availability	Existing Gross Draft for Irrigation	Existing Gross Draft for Domestic and industrial water supply	Existing Gross Draft for all uses	Allocation for Domestic and Industrial Requirement supply upto next 25 years (2029)	Allocation for Domestic and Industrial Requirement supply upto next 25 years (2029)	Stage of Ground water Develop ment (%)	Category of Block
26.82	13.14	23.7	15.51	24.7	11.22	58	Safe





From the table it is seen that the stage of groundwater development of Vembakottai where the study area falls is 58%. In view of this, this area can be categorized as 'Safe' from ground water development point of view. Thus there is scope for further ground water development.

## 4.3.4 REDUCING WATER CONSUMPTION OVER THE YEARS:

## 4.3.4.1 GENERAL METHODS:

Use of water will be monitored and used to the minimum required. Awareness will be spread to the employees about the importance of water conservation. Tap and showers will be turned off immediately after use and any leaks will be monitored and immediately controlled. Water requirement for greenbelt and dust suppression can be reduced by choosing the native plants/trees species with low water requirement and which can sustain in such conditions for greenbelt/ plantation and also optimum usage to the required minimum. While the dust suppression itself is an important method of pollution control for air pollution due to dust, the water consumption will be monitored strictly. The water tanker will be examined for any sources of leaks and if found will be immediately sealed so that water can be utilized for dust suppression effectively without loss.

## **4.3.4.2 RAINWATER HARVESTING PLAN**

Since the lease proximate areas are with less water potential and the rainwater is the major source for replenishment of ground water, effective rainwater harvesting and other water augmentation measures are proposed in this project.

- a) Development of garland drain around the guarry connected to settling tank.
- b) Cleaning of drain periodically to prevent siltation
- c) The supernatant clear water from the settling pond will drain into the nearby drainage on the western side of the lease.
- d) Utilizing the rainwater harvested in the mine pit to meet the water requirement of the project.
- e) Excess water, if any in consultation with local villagers and in line with government practices shall be provided to the downstream users.



#### 4.4 NOISE AND VIBRATION:

#### 4.4.1 NOISE ENVIRONMENT:

The ambient noise levels in the study area have been discussed in Chapter - III. The data shows that the existing noise levels are within statutory tolerable limits. The impact prediction and control measure for noise environment due to mining and allied activities is described below:

#### 4.4.1.1 IMPACT PREDICTION DUE TO NOISE:

Noise is one of the inevitable causes of pollution in mining operations, largely due to the extensive mechanization adopted. Besides, other operations such as drilling, blasting, movement of vehicles, etc., also produce noise of considerable magnitude in mining operations. The main sources of noise and expected levels are given below in **Table no – 4.9**.

SI.	Source	Inside	Noise level at dB(A)
No.		Cabin	10 m. from source
1	Shovel	84-91	59-68
2.	Dumpers/Tippers	87-96	75-85
3.	Drill	88- 95	75-83

#### Table 4.9: Main Sources of Noise

Prolonged exposure to a high noise level is harmful to the human auditory system and can create mental fatigue, rebellious attitude, annoyance and carelessness, which may lead to neglect of work and also result in accidents. The impact of noise level as per World Health Organization's 1986 notification is given below in **Table No - 4.10**.

#### Table 4.10: Impact of Noise Levels

NOISE LEVELS	ADVERSE EFFECTS
90-115 dB	Partial deafness and nervous irritability
> 115 dB	Permanent deafness
Impulsive noise (>90dB)	Frightens livestock grazing in the nearby areas



OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration), USA and other similar organisations stipulate that noise level up to 90 dB(A) is acceptable for eight hours exposure Leq (Equivalent sound level) (8hrs) per day. The Directorate General of Mines Safety, in circular No. DG (Tech)/18 of 1975, has prescribed the noise level in mining occupations (TLV) for workers, in an 8 hour shift period with unprotected ear as 90 dB(A) or less.

The noise will be felt only near the active sources. There will be considerable reduction in the noise level due to the absorption factor, environmental surroundings and other attenuation factors. As far as absorption factor is concerned, If the ground cover is vegetated or has a soft texture, sound will decrease at the rate of 4.5 dB(A) every time the distance between the source and the observer is doubled. Besides, there will be shielding factor, which takes into account the environmental surroundings. With every 30m of dense land scape vegetation, 5 dB(A) of additional attenuation can be obtained up to a maximum of 10 dB(A). As such at away places the effect of noise will not be felt.

Anticipated noise levels resulting from operation of the various machineries like excavator, tippers, drill have been computed using point source model. Computation of cumulative noise levels at the nearby villages is made based on the assumption that there are no attenuation paths between the source and the boundary.

Noise modeling is carried out using the following formula:

Lp2 = Lp1 – 20 log R2/R1, Where, Lp1 and Lp2 are sound pressure levels at points located at distances R1 and R2 respectively from the source. The study results are as follows:

SI.No	Location	Baseline Day Eq.in dB(A)	Post project noise Eq in dB(A)	Limit dB(A) as per MoEF&CC
1.	North West Corner	45.5	59.9	90
2.	North East Corner	45.5	58.7	90
3	South East Corner	45.5	58.8	90
4	South West Corner	45.5	56.6	90
5	Edirkottai Village	47.0	47.1	55
6	Ettakkapatti Village	45.7	46.0	55
7	Kundayiruppu Village	47.8	47.9	55
8	Kangerseval Village	46.9	47.1	55

From the studies, it is found that the predicted Noise Levels due to mining operations at the periphery of the mine lease itself will be less even without considering any attenuation factor.



However, practically there will be attenuation due to vegetation etc., and as such there will not be any adverse noise propagation outside the lease boundary. Since the habitations are also away the effect of noise due to mining operations will not be felt at all in the surrounding villages.

## 4.4.1.2 CONTROL MEASURES FOR NOISE ENVIRONMENT:

Hence, by following mitigative measures for noise control, the impact on noise levels will be insignificant:

- Planting rows of native trees along roads, around mine area and other noise generating centers to act as acoustic barriers.
- Sound proof operator's cabin for equipments like shovel, tippers, etc.
- Proper and regular maintenance of equipments may lead to less noise generation.
- Providing in-built mechanism for reducing sound emissions.
- Providing earplugs to workers exposed to higher noise level.
- Conducting regular health check-up of workers including Audiometry test for the workers engaged in noise prone area.
- Displaying the noise level status of operational machinery on the machines to know the extent of noise level and to control the time to which the worker is exposed to higher noise levels.
- Provision of tin net on the southern side and green net along the lease periphery on the other sides.

Further green belt and afforestation will be planned and executed to abate noise and dust propagation in the area.

# 4.4.2 GROUND VIBRATIONAL DUE TO BLASTING EFFECTS:

Vibrations due to blasting may cause damage to nearby structures, if appropriate control measures are not adopted. Flyrock is another possible damage causing outcome of blasting. There are many factors, which influence these, like long explosive column with little stemming column, improper burden, loose material or pebbles near holes and long water columns in the holes.



The following control measures will be planned to reduce ground vibratory conditions to sustainable statutory limits:

- 1) Carrying out controlled blasting using Nonel delay detonator.
- 2) Optimum design for burden and spacing.
- 3) Reducing explosive charge per delay to minimum.
- 4) The peak particle velocity (PPV) of ground vibration will be kept very low through optimally controlled blasting techniques, after necessary field trials.
- 5) To contain fly rocks, stemming column to be less than burden of the hole. Blasting area will also be muffled, if necessary, to stop fly rocks propagation.
- 6) Blasting will not be carried out when strong winds are. Blasting will be done during midday time.
- 7) Controlled blasting to avoid tension cracks which may endanger the stability of bench slopes in the mine.
- 8) Proper care and supervision during blasting by a competent and experienced person to be carried out.

By adoption of above measures, it will be ensured that the ground level vibration due to blasting are maintained within the limits prescribed by DGMS, Dhanbad at the mining areas vide Circular No. 7 dated 29 -08-1997 as given below

		-	In mm/sec
	Dominant excitation frequency Hz		
Type of structure	<8 Hz	8-25 Hz	>25 Hz
A. Buildings/structures not belonging to owner			
Domestic houses /structures	5	10	15
(Kuchha brick and cement)			
Industrial buildings (RCC and framed structures)	10	20	25
Objects of historical importance and sensitive structures.	2	5	10
B. Building belonging to owner with limited span of life			
Domestic houses/structures	10	15	25
(Kuchha brick and cement)			
Industrial buildings	15	25	50
(RCC and framed structures)			

## Table 4.12: Permissible Peak Particle Velocity (PPV) In Mining Areas



Besides, different blasting time for the projects in the vicinity is suggested and the timing is to be mentioned in the display board in the respective mines entrance. Since a cart track is passing near the lease area, though no vehicle movement is observed in this road, It is also suggested to carry out the following precautionary measures before blasting:

- 1) Post security guard / flagmen at least 300m from the mines on either side of the road.
- 2) Blasting flags (red flags) shall be displayed before blasting in the blasting zone before blasting.
- 3) Block movement of men or vehicle and ensure the entire stretch free from movement of men or animals.
- 4) To give a warning signal by way of long hooter / siren/whistle 5 minutes prior to blast.
- 5) To provide "BLAST SIGNAL" 1 minute before blast and also "ALL CLEAR SIGNAL" after inspection of the blasting site and ensuring proper blast by the blaster.
- 6) Restoring the movement only after getting "ALL CLEAR SIGNAL"
- 7) Carrying out blasting through DGMS qualified Blaster and following all the prescribed statutory rules for transportation, storage & handling of explosives .

# 4.5 LAND ENVIRONMENT:

This lease area in S.F.Nos. 672/3, 674, 675/2, 676/3 is a patta land in the name of the applicant. The present land use pattern, and the post mining land use pattern is shown below:

S.No	Land Use	Present Area (Ha)	Area in use – End of 5 years period (Ha)
1	Mining \Excavation	0.276	1.800
2	Infrastructure & Road	Nil	0.050
3	Greenbelt and Plantation	Nil	0.360
4	Undisturbed	2.004	Nil
5	Fencing	Nil	0.070
	Total	2.280	2.280

## 4.5.1 LAND RECLAMATION:

There is no waste generation anticipated in this quarry operation since the entire excavated material will be utilized. Hence, there is no external overburden dump involved. Mining will be



carried out up to 20m depth for 5 years. Ultimately the entire mined out area of 1.800 Ha will be left as water body. 0.050 Ha will be the mine roads & infrastructure, 0.360 Ha will be covered with vegetation, and 0.070 will be fencing.

S.No	Description	Land use (Ha.)			
3.NU	Description	Plantation	Water body	Others	Total
1	Quarrying Pit	-	1.800	-	1.800
2	Infrastructure and Roads	0.050	-	-	0.050
3	Green Belt	0.360	-	-	0.360
4	Undisturbed	-	-	-	-
5	Fencing	-	-	0.070	0.070
	TOTAL	0.410	1.800	0.070	2.280

## Table 4.14: Land Use During Post Operational Period

Entire mined out area will be properly fenced to prevent inadvertent entry of men and animals. In the post mining stage the rainwater harvested in the mined out void shall be utilized to meet the water requirement of the project.

## 4.6 BIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENT:

## 4.6.1 EXISTING FLORA AND FAUNA:

The core zone area is a hard rock formation area, with barren patches. Details of flora/fauna pattern in core and buffer zones have been described in chapter - III.

# 4.6.2 IMPACT OF MINING ON BIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENT:

The significance of impact on biological environment due to mining and allied activities on various fronts is described below:

S.No	ISSUES	OBSERVATIONS
1	Clearance of vegetation due to mining and allied activities	No clearance of major vegetation is involved. Besides, part of the lease area was already mined out during earlier mining operations.
2	Retardation of tree growth, tip burning, etc, due to deposition of dust and the Particulate matter generated from the mining operation.	
3	Proximity to national park/ wildlife sanctuary/reserve forest/mangroves/Coastline/estuary/	The mining lease area and the 10 km buffer zone from the periphery of the core zone is devoid of declared ecologically sensitive features like national parks,

## Table 4.15: Impact on Biological Environment



	sea	biospheres, sanctuaries, etc.
	Release of effluents into water	There is no proposal to discharge any effluent into nearby
4	body that also supplies water to wildlife	water bodies.
5	Proposed project could increase siltation that would affect nearby biodiversity area	Surface runoff management structures like garland drain, settling pond etc. as explained above will be constructed and as such there will not be any appreciable impact on surface water quality which in turn can affect the bio diversity of the area.
6	Activities of the project affects the breeding/nesting sites of birds and animals	In the present ML area, there is no wetland. A migratory bird needs sufficient wetlands with sufficient food, shelter, roosting places and nesting places which is not possible here.
7	Located near an area populated by rare or endangered species	There are no Schedule 1 animals
8	Risk of fall/slip or cause death to wild animals due to project activities	In the post mining stage, barbed wire fencing is proposed all around the mined-out void to prevent falling of animals in the mine pits.
9	Project affects the forest-based livelihood/any specific forest product on which local livelihood depends	Not applicable
10	Project likely to affect migration routes	No migration routes are in the area.
11	Project likely to affect flora of an area, which have medicinal value	No such significantly important medicinal value species within the ML area and its nearby region.
12	The project likely to affect wetlands, fish breeding grounds, marine ecology	There are no any wetlands, fish breeding grounds, marine ecology nearby the ML area which will be affected due to this project.
13	Project affects the Agriculture, Forestry and Traditional Practices	Due to poor soil condition and non-availability of perineal water source, no major agricultural activity is carried out in and around the lease area. Only patches of plantation are observed in few places in the monsoon season based on water availability.
14	Impact on soil health and biodiversity	The lease area is covered with grasses and bushes only (Photograph of the site attached in Chapter-II). Besides, there is no waste generation, disposal or stacking involved in this project. As such no loss of soil health and Bio- diversity is expected.
15	Climate change leading to droughts, floods,etc.	<ul> <li>As such the production from this lease is very low to cause any appreciable impact.</li> </ul>
16	greenhouse gases (GHG) rise in temperature (Hydrothermal/Geothermal effect due to destruction in environment, Bio-geochemical processes and its	•No adverse impact on the surrounding environment is envisaged since the number of equipments to be used to achieve this small production is very less and the magnitude of operation is of very small level.



		line litere e st	<b>af</b> 1-	
	stress) and people.	livelihood	of loc	<ul> <li>al used. These equipments will be properly and regularly maintained. Besides, regular vehicular emission tests will be done for the transport vehicles to ensure minimal impact due to carbon emissions. To further mediate the carbon emissions, a good greenbelt and plantation plan has been planned wherein 1150 number of plants will be planted in and around the lease area.</li> <li>Geologically the area in and around the lease area contains charnokite type rock formation containing mostly fallow land. As such there no major vegetation or agricultural activities are observed.</li> <li>There are no Protected or Eco-Sensitive Zone or forest land nearby wherein it can have an impact.</li> <li>It will be ensured that mining will be carried out adhering to all the statutory rules and regulations and maintaining the environmental quality within the prescribed standards by effective implementation of varioius mitigative measures.</li> <li>These mitigative measures will be continued for the entire lease period ensuring no impact on the environment.</li> <li>As such release of Greenhouse gases (GHG), rise in temperature, affecting livelihood of the local people ,loss of Agriculture, Forestry and Traditional Practices is not envisaged. Such a limited scope will not induce any climatic change leading to droughts, floods etc.</li> </ul>
17	Possibilities and impact health and geochemistry	on aquatic e impact on	ecosyste Sedime	n downstream users. •Rainwater from the mine periphery will be collected

There are no migratory corridors, migratory avian-fauna, rare endemic and endangered species. Therefore there shall be no impacts due to mining activity on them. Even though there are no adverse impact on bio diversity and flora/fauna status due to project operations, positive



impacts will arise due to well-planned reclamation measures for restoration of land status in the area ultimately to productive land category with elaborately planned green belt development activities.

## 4.6.3 CONTROL MEASURES FOR BIOLOGICAL ASPECTS:

To reduce the adverse effects on flora/fauna status of the area due to deposition of dust generated from mining operations, mobile water tanker systems will be ensured in all dust prone areas to arrest dust generation. Methodical and well-planned plantation scheme will be carried out depending upon the immediate need, priority and availability of land. The plantation will be done along the lease boundary in a phased manner.

## 4.6.4 GREEN BELT & PLANTATION:

In the lease area, safety barrier 7.5m around the periphery and 10m safety zone for cart track is left. Greenbelt / Plantation will be carried out to enhance the vegetative growth and aesthetic in the safety zone area. About 1150 trees will be planted in and around the lease area.

Year	No. of tress proposed to be planted	Name of the species
I	230	
	230	
	230	Pungai, Vagai, Vembu, Manjal konrai, Naval,
IV	230	Puvarasu, etc.,
V	230	
Total	1150	

## Table 4.16: Proposed Plantation

Ultimately the entire mined out area of 1.800 Ha will be left as water body. 0.050 Ha will be the mine roads & infrastructure, 0.360 Ha will be covered with vegetation, and 0.070 will be fencing. The post mining land use plan showing afforestation and water body is shown in **Figure No- 4.7**.



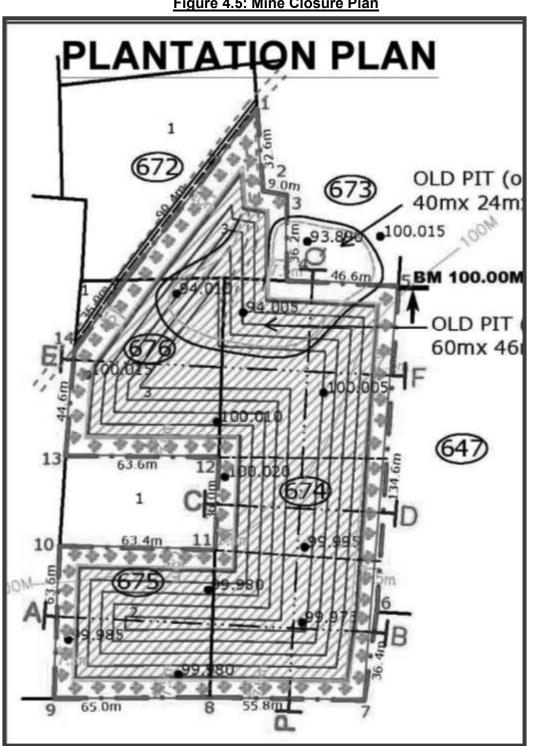


Figure 4.5: Mine Closure Plan



#### 4.7 SOCIO ECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT:

The entire lease area is in the proponent's possession. Hence, there are no habitations or hutments in the core zone area and no rehabilitation or resettlement problems will arise here. The cart track in proximity to the lease area not be disturbed by the proponent and sufficient safety barrier and protective measures has also been considered.

The mining operations in the proposed mine will employ about 18 persons directly and about 50 persons on indirect basis through allied opportunities in logistics, trading, repairing works etc. good employment potential will arise in this area, which will provide raising income levels and standards of living in the area through various service related activities connected with the project operations as shown under.

- Project related logistical operations for transport of Rough Stone, etc,
- Various trading services for consumer goods, spare parts, sundry items, etc.
- Contractual services connected with the project.
- Green belt and horticultural works in the project.
- Casual labor needs for various activities.

Besides, there will be improvement in the following aspects due to project operation:

- Improvement in infrastructural facilities, providing education aids etc. in nearby schools
- Betterment of drinking water facilities.
- Benefit to the State and the Central governments through financial revenues by way of royalty, tax, duties, etc from this project directly and also indirectly.

From above details, it is clear that the project operations will have highly beneficial positive impact in the area.

## Table 4.17: CER Cost

Project Cost (Rs.)	Rs. 77,28,230 /-
CER Cost Requirement (2% of the Project Cost) (Rs.)	Rs. 1,54,564/-
Revised CER cost allocated (Rs.)	Rs. 5,00,000/-



However, towards the socio economic development of the surrounding area, the proponent has earmarked an amount of Rs.5 Lakhs under Corporate Environmental Responsibility. The activities identified under CER will be implemented in a phased manner in provision of facilities in nearby Government School.

#### 4.8 **OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY:**

# 4.8.1 BASELINE STATUS:

Primary data collection through field survey conducted in the study area reveals that there is no reported incident of any occupational diseases in the area. Hazardous jobs like blasting, loading, etc. are planned to be executed safely and with all precautionary measures as prescribed in Metalliferrous Mines Regulations of 1961, so as to minimize hazards and incidences of health problems.

# 4.8.2 IMPACTS ON OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH DUE TO PROJECT OPERATIONS:

Anticipated occupational illness sequel to mining activities can be as follows:

- Dust related pneumonia •
- Tuberculosis •
- Rheumatic arthritis
- Segmental vibration
- Miner's Nystagamus

# 4.8.3 MITIGATIVE MEASURES FOR OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH:

To reduce pollution emanation from the project, following measures are being and will be taken:

- Water sprinkling on haul roads etc.
- Green belt creation to arrest dust and reduce noise propagation.
- Acceptance of good control measures for reducing air pollution, as mentioned earlier . in the chapter.
- Control of noise levels through good preventive maintenance of machineries, green belt creation, provision of ear plug to workers, etc.
- In addition to above measures, the following remedial steps are being and will be enforced to ensure minimization of occupational health and safety problems.



- Medical examination of workers by qualified doctors, as per DGMS circulars.
- Regular awareness campaigns amongst staff and workers
- Staff will be provided with PPE to guard against excess noise levels, Dust generation and inhalation, etc., as per standards prescribed by DGMS.

# 4.8.4 MITIGATIVE MEASURES FOR SAFETY ASPECTS:

The following safety gadgets will be provided to the staff and workers based on their area of operation and work & requirement:

SI No	Safety Equipments
1.	Helmets
2.	Shoes
3.	Goggles
4.	Dust Mask
5.	Hand Gloves
6.	Reflective Jackets
7.	Ear Muffs
8.	Signal Lights/Flags

# 4.9 LOGISTICAL SYSTEM:

From this proposed quarry the entire output will be transported to the crusher units for producing stone aggregates of different sizes or construction of roads, bridges, buildings and other buyers etc. The expected peak transport will be as follows:

SI.no	Particulars of activity	Quantity
А	Maximum Material Transported (m3/year) - Say	66780
В	No of days in a year	300
С	Transport hours per day	8
D	Truck capacity in T	20
	Trips per hour	3 Trips/hr

# Table 4.18: Details of Transportation

From the above table it is seen that there will be about 3 trips per hour. The existing road can easily absorb this traffic due to this project. However, the following mitigative measures are suggested:

 Water sprinkling on material in the transport vehicles before transporting, so that no dust nuisance during transport will arise.



- Plantation on either side of the transport road in consultation with the concerned department.
- Proper maintenance of transport roads
- Proper maintenance of transport vehicles.
- Avoiding overloading of material
- Covering of loaded vehicles with tarpaulins sheet if warranted.
- ✤ Keeping traffic regulators at vulnerable locations.
- Distribution of transport vehicles for avoiding choking of roads
- Limiting of speed
- Installation of barriers at vulunerable locations
- Provision of tyre washing facility at the mine outlet

## 4.10 WASTE MANAGEMENT:

**Solid Waste:** Since the entire mined out material will be used there will not be any solid waste generation from this project.

**Liquid waste:** There is no process effluent generation from this mine. Hence no liquid waste is generated.

**Hazardous waste management:** In this project the following management practices will be followed:

- > Ensuring availability of different colour bins for collection of different types of waste.
- Storing of Hazardous waste material in a separate storage area with impervious containers for waste oil, oil contaminated clothes, used lead acid batteries, scraps, tyre storage etc.
- > Ensure that there are no leakages/spillages of hazardous wastes.
- Ensuring that the fire extinguisher system is available at hazardous material storage area.



The hazardous waste if any will be disposed through authorized recyclers or re-processors periodically. The hazardous wastes will be transported in accordance with the provisions of rules. By effective implementation of above said mitigation measures no major impact due to Hazardous waste is expected.

**Plastic waste:** Single use plastics/ use and throwaway plastics will be banned in the site as directed by the Tamil Nadu Government vide GO(Ms)No.84 regarding ban on use of plastic products. The employees will be encouraged to use compostable material or reusable material.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*



#### **CHAPTER 5**

#### **ANALYSIS OF ALTERNATIVES**

#### 5.1 ALTERNATE TECHNOLOGY:

This is a proposed Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry in which Mechanized Open Cast mining will be carried out. It involves jack hammer drilling, blasting, excavation, loading and transportation of Rough stone to the crushing units. As this method is techno economically proven, consideration of an alternate technology is not warranted.

#### 5.2 ALTERNATE SITE:

The mineral deposits are site specific in nature; hence question of seeking alternate site does not arise.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*



Coniting Describilities

#### **CHAPTER 6**

#### ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAMME

#### 6.1 GENERAL

In this project, appropriate environmental monitoring programme are framed. Regular, systematic and sustained programme schedules for implementation and monitoring of various control measures are devised with clear cut guidelines of various concerned plans for keeping a continuous surveillance on the various environmental quality parameters in the area.

The monitoring schedules are planned to aim at regular and systematic study of various pollution levels with respect to air and water quality, noise levels etc., to ensure that they conform to the standards laid down by the Environment Protection Act, 1986 and various Central and State Pollution Control Board Limits.

The various methodologies and frequency of studies of all environmental quality parameters will be as per prescribed norms laid down by MOEF&CC and State Pollution Control Board. This being a small quarry operation, the Mines in-charge will take care of all the environmental related works also.

Environmental control measures include components like air, water and soil quality, noise levels, afforestation measures, etc. For monitoring of environment over the life of the mine, a set of stations for study of quality parameters are fixed as per the actual requirements and prevailing conditions of environmental factors, as dictated from time to time, depending on the prevailing pollution levels.

#### 6.2 MONITORING SCHEDULES FOR VARIOUS PARAMETERS

The monitoring schedules are planned for systematic study of various pollution levels with respect to air and water qualities, noise levels, etc. to ensure that they conform to the standards laid down by Environmental Protection Act and various statutory Limits. However, based on the need and priority it may be suitably modified / improved in consultation with local authorities. The monitoring schedules to be adopted in this quarry are given below.



S.No	Environmental Parameters	Parameters to be monitored	Monitoring area coverage /locations	Frequency of monitoring
1	Air Quality	Sulphur dioxide (SO <sub>2</sub> ), Oxides of Nitrogen (NO <sub>2</sub> ), Respirable Particulate Matter (PM <sub>2.5</sub> and PM <sub>10</sub> ).	2 locations in the buffer zone and 1 work zone locations.	Once in a year in each location.
2	Water Quality	General, Physical, and chemical parameters	Ground Water samples (around the project area) and Mine Pit water samples	Once in a year
3	Water Table Fluctuations	Water Levels	Vater Levels Nearby wells and Borewells	
4	Noise	Leq. Lmax Lmin, Leq Day & Leq Night dB(A)	Work zone locations and buffer zone villages	Once in a year
5	Vibration	Peak Particle Velocity	Mine periphery	Once to arrive at optimum blasting parameters
6	Socio Economic Environment	Socio Economic Survey, Review of implementation of CER activities proposed	Buffer Zone	Yearly basis
7	Occupational Health	Occupational health survey to detect early incidence of diseases, Audiometry Test for workers in noise prone area and review of safety matters.	Staff and Workers involved in the project	Once in a year
8	Greenbelt	Maintenance	Within the lease area	Regularly

## Table 6.1: Environmental Monitoring Schedule

# 6.3 LEGISLATIVE AND REGULATORY FRAME WORK:

The project will have environmental policy declaring its responsibility and commitment to protect the environment and to ensure public safety. The existing policy will be available with all concerned officials of the plant. The following environmental standards as per methodologies prescribed, by MOEF/CPCB/TNPCB will be enforced in this project:



Standards	Issued By	Reference
National Ambient Air Quality Standards	Central Pollution Control Board	Table No. 6.3
Water quality standards per IS 10500:2012	Bureau of Indian Standards	Table No.6.4
Noise Standards	CPCB / MoEF&CC	Table No.6.5
Permissible Peak Particle Velocity	DGMS, Dhanbad	Table No.6.6

#### Table 6.2: Environmental Standards

#### Table 6.3: National Ambient Air Quality Standards

(4PT []]-WE 4]

भ्यतः का राजपत्रं : असाम्प्रतम्

NATIONALAMBIENTAIR QUALITY STANDARDS CENTRAL POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD NOTDPICATION

New Delhi, the 18th November, 2009

No. B-29016/28/90/PCI-L-In exercise of the powers coefferred by Sub-section (2) (b) of section 16 of the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 (Act No.14 of 1981), and in supersession of the Notification No(s). S.O. 384(E), dated 11<sup>th</sup> April, 1994 and S.O. 935(E), dated 14<sup>th</sup> October, 1998, the Central Pollution Control Board hereby notify the National Ambient Air Quality Standards with immediate effect, namely:-

NATIONAL AMBIENT AIR QUALITY STANDARDS

5.	Pollutant	Time Weighted	Concentration in Ambient Air			
Na.	Average	Industrial, Residential, Rural and Other Area	Ecologically Sensitive Area (actified by Central Government)	Methods of Measurement		
(1)	(2)	(0)	(4)	(5)	(6)	
1	Sulphur Dioxide (SO <sub>2</sub> ), µg/m <sup>5</sup>	Annual* 24 hours**	50	20	- Improved West and Garke -Ultraviolet fluorescence	
2	Nitragen Dioxide (NO <sub>2</sub> ), µg/m <sup>3</sup>	Annual* 24 bours**	40	30	Modified Jacob & Hochhoiser (Na- Arsenite)	
-		100 million 100 million			- Chemiluminesemce	
3	Particulate Matter (vice less than 10µm) or PM <sub>m</sub> µg/m <sup>3</sup>	Annual* 24 hours**	60 300	60 100	Gravimetric     TOEM     Beta attassation	
4	Particulate Matter (size less than 2.5µm) or PM <sub>2.9</sub> µg/m <sup>2</sup>	Annual* 24 hours**	40	40 60	Gravinettic     TOEM     Bets sitenuation	
5	Outsu: (O <sub>2</sub> ) µg/m <sup>2</sup>	E hours** I hour**	100	100	- UV photometric     - Chemilminescence     - Chemical Method	
6	Lead (Pb) jug/ter <sup>5</sup>	Annual* 24 hours**	0.50 1.0	0.50 LØ	AAS/ICP method after sampling on EPM 2000 or equivalent filter paper EED-XRF using Teffon filter	
1	Carbon Monecide (CO)	8 hours**	02	62	Non Dispersive Infra Red (NDIR)	
8	eng/m <sup>2</sup> Ammonis (7414 <sub>3</sub> ) µg/m <sup>2</sup>	1 hour** Annual* 24 hours**	04 106 405	04 100 400	-Chemilaninescence -Indephenel blat method	



(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
9	Benzene (CeHe) µg/m <sup>3</sup>	Annual*	05	05	Gas chromatography based continuous analyzer     Adsorption and Desorption followed by GC analysis
10	Benzo(a)Pyrene (BaP) - particulate phase only, ng/m <sup>3</sup>	Annual*	01	01	<ul> <li>Solvent extraction followed by HPLC/GC analysis</li> </ul>
11	Arsenic (As), ng/m <sup>2</sup>	Annual*	06	06	<ul> <li>AAS /ICP method after sampling on EPM 2000 or equivalent filter paper</li> </ul>
12	Nicket (Ni), ng/m <sup>2</sup>	Annual*	20	20	- AAS /ICP method after sampling on EPM 2000 or equivalent filter paper

 Annual arithmetic mean of minimum 104 measurements in a year at a particular site taken twice a week 24 hourly at uniform intervals.

\*\* 24 hourly or 08 hourly or 01 hourly monitored values, as applicable, shall be complied with 98% of the time in a year. 2% of the time, they may exceed the limits but not on two consecutive days of monitoring.

Note. — Whenever and wherever monitoring results on two consecutive days of monitoring exceed the limits specified above for the respective category, it shall be considered adequate reason to institute regular or continuous monitoring and further investigation.

> SANT PRASAD GAUTAM, Chairman [ADVT-III/4/184/09/Exty.]

Note:

The notifications on National Ambient Air Quality Standards were published by the Central Pollution Control Board in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary vide notification No(s). S.O. 384(E), dated 11<sup>th</sup> April, 1994 and S.O. 935(E), dated 14<sup>th</sup> October, 1998.



Chairing Terribilities

#### Table 6.4: IS - 10500 :2012 Standards

SI No.	Characteristic	Requirement (Acceptable Limit)	Permissible Limit in the Absence of Alternate Source	Method of Test, Ref to Part of IS 3025	Remarks
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
i)	Colour, Hazen units, Max	5	15	Part 4	Extended to 15 only, if toxic substances are not suspected in absence of alter- nate sources
ii)	Odour	Agreeable	Agreeable	Part 5	<ul> <li>a) Test cold and when heated</li> <li>b) Test at several dilutions</li> </ul>
iii)	pH value	6.5-8.5	No relaxation	Part 11	
iv)	Taste	Agreeable	Agreeable	Parts 7 and 8	Test to be conducted only after safety has been established
v)	Turbidity, NTU, Max	1	5	Part 10	
vi)	Total dissolved solids, mg/l, Max	500	2 000	Part 16	

**Table 1 Organoleptic and Physical Parameters** 

NOTE - It is recommended that the acceptable limit is to be implemented. Values in excess of those mentioned under 'acceptable' render the water not suitable, but still may be tolerated in the absence of an alternative source but up to the limits indicated under 'permissible limit in the absence of alternate source' in col 4, above which the sources will have to be rejected.



Consting Describilities

#### Table No – 6.2 contd.

SI No.	. Characteristic	Requirement (Acceptable Limit)	Permissible Limit in the Absence of Alternate Source	Method of Test, Ref to	Remarks
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
i)	Aluminium (as Al), mg/l, Max	0.03	0.2	IS 3025 (Part 55)	-
ii)	Ammonia (as total ammonia-N), mg/l, Max	0.5	No relaxation	IS 3025 (Part 34)	_
iii)	Anionic detergents (as MBAS) mg/l, Max	0.2	1.0	Annex K of IS 13428	-
iv)	Barium (as Ba), mg/l, Max	0.7	No relaxation	Annex F of IS 13428 or IS 15302	• _
v)	Boron (as B), mg/l, Max	0.5	1.0	IS 3025 (Part 57)	_
vi)	Calcium (as Ca), mg/l, Max	75	200	IS 3025 (Part 40)	_
vii)	Chloramines (as Cl <sub>2</sub> ), mg/l, Max	4.0	No relaxation	IS 3025 (Part 26)* or APHA 4500-CI G	-
viii)	Chloride (as Cl), mg/l, Max	250	1 000	IS 3025 (Part 32)	_
ix)	Copper (as Cu), mg/l, Max	0.05	1.5	IS 3025 (Part 42)	_
x)	Fluoride (as F) mg/l, Max	1.0	1.5	IS 3025 (Part 60)	
	Free residual chlorine, mg/l, Min	0.2	I No relaxation	IS 3025 (Part 26) IS 3025 (Part 53)	To be applicable only when water is chlorinated. Tested at consumer end. When pro- tection against viral infec- tion is required, it should be minimum 0.5 mg/l Total concentration of man-
XII)	Iron (as Fe), mg/l, Max	0.5	No relacation	13 5025 (Fait 55)	ganese (as Mn) and iron (as Fe) shall not exceed 0.3 mg/l
xiii)	Magnesium (as Mg), mg/l, Max	30	100	IS 3025 (Part 46)	-
xiv)	Manganese (as Mn), mg/l, Max	0.1	0.3	IS 3025 (Part 59)	Total concentration of man- ganese (as Mn) and iron (as Fe) shall not exceed 0.3 mg/l
xv)	Mineral oil, mg/l, Max	0.5	No relaxation	Clause 6 of IS 3025 (Part 39) Infrared partition method	
xvi)	Nitrate (as NO <sub>2</sub> ), mg/l, Max	45	No relaxation	IS 3025 (Part 34)	1 <u></u>
	Phenolic compounds (as C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> OH mg/l, Max	), 0.001	0.002	IS 3025 (Part 43)	_
cviii)	Selenium (as Se), mg/l, Max	0.01	No relaxation	IS 3025 (Part 56) or IS 15303*	-
xix)	Silver (as Ag), mg/l, Max	0.1	No relaxation	Annex J of IS 13428	—
xx)	Sulphate (as SO <sub>4</sub> ) mg/l, Max	200	400	IS 3025 (Part 24)	May be extended to 400 pro- vided that Magnesium does not exceed 30
xxi)	Sulphide (as H,S), mg/l, Max	0.05	No relaxation	IS 3025 (Part 29)	_
xxii)	Total alkalinity as calcium carbonate, mg/l, Max	200	600	IS 3025 (Part 23)	
	Total hardness (as CaCO <sub>2</sub> ),	200	600	IS 3025 (Part 21)	(r <u> </u>
xxiii)	mg/l, Max	5	15		

#### Table 2 General Parameters Concerning Substances Undesirable in Excessive Amounts (Foreword and Clause 4)

NOTES

1 In case of dispute, the method indicated by '\*' shall be the referee method.

2 It is recommended that the acceptable limit is to be implemented. Values in excess of those mentioned under 'acceptable' render the water not suitable, but still may be tolerated in the absence of an alternative source but up to the limits indicated under 'permissible limit in the absence of alternate source' in col 4, above which the sources will have to be rejected.



Consting Describilities

#### Table 6.5: Noise Level Standards

Area Code	Category of Area	Limits in dB(A) Leq	
		Day Time	Night Time
(A)	Industrial area	75	70
(B)	Commercial area	65	55
(C)	Residential area	55	45
(D)	Silence Zone	50	40

Note :

- 1. Day time shall mean from 6 a.m. and 10.0 p.m.
- 2. Night time shall mean from 10.0 p.m. and 6 a.m.
- 3. Silence zone is an area comprising not less than 100 meters around hospitals, educational institutions, courts, religious places or any other area which is declared as such by the competent authority.
- 4. Mixed categories of areas may be average as one of the four above mentioned categories by the competent authority.

\* dB(A) Leq denotes the time weighted average of the level of sound in decibels on scale A which is relatable to human hearing.

A "decibel" is a unit in which noise is measured.

"A", in dB(A) Leq, denotes the frequency weighting in the measurement of noise and corresponds to frequency response characteristics of the human ear.

Leq: It is energy mean of the noise level over a specified period.

## Table 6.6: Permissible Noise For Industrial Workers As Laid Down By CPCB

Exposure time (in hr. per day)	Limit in dB(A)
8	90
4	93
2	96
1	99
1/2	102
1/4	105
1/8	108
1/16	111
1/32	114



Couring Describilities

#### Table 6.7: Permissible Peak Particle Velocity (PPV) In Mining Areas

In mm/sec.

Type of structure	Dominant excitation frequency Hz			
	<8 Hz	l 8-25 Hz	l >25 Hz	
A. Buildings/structures not belonging to owner				
Domestic houses /structures (Kuchha brick and cement)	5	10	15	
Industrial buildings (RCC and framed	10	20	25	
structures)				
Objects of historical importance and sensitive structures.	2	5	10	
B. Building belonging to owner with limited span of life				
Domestic houses/structures	10	15	25	
(Kuchha brick and cement)				
Industrial buildings	15	25	50	
(RCC and framed structures)				

The above said monitoring location and the frequency of monitoring shall be suitably modified in consultation with the nodal agency as per the actual requirements and prevailing conditions of the mine and environmental factors, as dictated from time to time, depending on the prevailing pollution levels, if required.

# 6.4 ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING COST:

Towards environmental monitoring it is proposed to allocate a budget of Rs. 50,000 per annum for this project. Further details of the capital and recurring cost of environmental management has been provided in in Table No. 10.2, Chapter-X.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*



# CHAPTER 7 ADDITIONAL STUDIES

## 7.1 GENERAL:

The additional studies covered for this EIA / EMP report are:

- 1. Public consultation of the project as per MoEF&CC mandates.
- 2. Risk Assessment
- 3. Cumulative Impact Study
- 4. R&R Plan
- 5. Mine closure planning

# 7.2 PUBLIC CONSULTATION:

This draft EIA/EMP report will be exposed to public consultation as per mandatory procedures through the District Collector and State Pollution Control Board officials after giving 30 days advance notice in two local newspapers about the scheduled date and time for conduct of the public hearing procedures. The opinions, concerns and objections of stakeholders will be recorded during the public hearing. All the public queries and the replies to the query by the project proponent and officials concerned will be recorded and incorporated in the EIA/EMP report for approval by SEIAA, Tamil Nadu.

## 7.3 RISK ASSESSMENT:

For the various risks, likely to arise, detailed analysis of causes and control measures is given in below:

S.No	Factors	Causes of risks	Control measures	
1.	Removal of material	<ul><li>a) Bench may slide due to its unconsolidated nature.</li><li>b) Vibration due to movement of vehicles in the benches.</li></ul>	maintained optimally as per DGM	
2.	Drilling	<ul><li>a)Due to high pressure of compressed air hoses may burst.</li><li>b) Down the hole drill rod</li></ul>	replacement of worn out accessories in	



S.No	Factors	Causes of risks	Control measures
		may break due to improper maintenance of rod.	<ul> <li>As per manufacturers recommendation rod to be replaced and bits will be changed.</li> </ul>
3.	Blasting	a)Fly rock, ground vibration, noise etc. b) Improper charging of explosives	<ul> <li>Burden and spacing will be kept optimum on trial basis.</li> <li>Explosive charge per delay will be minimized.</li> <li>Controlled blasting with Nonel will be used.</li> </ul>
4.	Excavation	a)Hauling and loading equipment are in such proximity while excavation b)Swinging of bucket over the body of tipper c) Driving of unauthorized person	<ul> <li>Operator shall not operate the machine when person &amp; vehicles are in such proximity.</li> <li>Shall not swing the bucket over the cab and operator leaves the machine after ensuring the bucket is on ground.</li> <li>Shall not allow any unauthorized person to operate the machine by effective supervision.</li> </ul>
5.	Transportation	<ul> <li>a)Operating the vehicle</li> <li>"nose to tail"</li> <li>b) Overloading of material</li> <li>c) While reversal &amp;</li> <li>overtaking of vehicle</li> <li>d) Operator of truck leaving</li> <li>his cabin when it is loaded</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>It will be ensured that all these causes will be nullified by giving training to the operators.</li> <li>No over loading will be done.</li> <li>Audio visual reverse horn will be provided.</li> <li>Proper training will be given.</li> </ul>
6.	Fire due to electricity and Oil	<ul> <li>a)Due to the short circuit of cables &amp; other electrical parts</li> <li>b) Due to the leakage of inflammable liquid like diesel, oil etc.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Electrical parts shall be cleaned frequently with the help of dry air blower</li> <li>All fastening parts and places will be tightening. Suitable fire suppression equipment shall be provided.</li> </ul>
7.	Natural calamities	Unexpected happenings	The mine management is capable to deal with the situation.

This being a small rough stone project that too working in a safe area, no major disaster is expected.



#### 7.3.1. DISASTER MANAGEMENT PLAN:

In General, following natural/industrial hazards may occur during normal operation.

- > Inundation of mine pit due to flood/excessive rains :
- Slope failure of the pit and waste dumps
- > Accident due to heavy mining equipment and
- Blasting and use of Explosives

Mining operation in this lease will be carried out under the management control and direction of a qualified mine manager. The DGMS have been issuing a number of standing orders, model standing orders and circulars to be followed by the mine management in case of disaster. All these orders statutory rules and regulations will be followed. Seismically project site and study area falls in the Zone – II and is described as least active zone. There are no perennial water body near the lease area to cause any flooding. As such no disaster due to this project is envisaged.

In order to take care of above hazard / disasters the following control measures have been adopted.

- Checking and regular maintenance of garland drains and earthen bunds to avoid any inflow of surface water in the mine pit.
- Avoiding mining during heavy monsoon period and marching of all the HEMM to the top benches during rainy period.
- Provision of high capacity standby pumps with generator sets with sufficient quantity of diesel for emergency pumping especially during monsoon.
- All safety precautions and provisions of regulations will be strictly followed during all mining operations
- > Prohibiting entry of unauthorized persons.
- > Provision of Firefighting and first-aid provisions in the mines.
- Provisions of all the safety appliances such as safety boot, helmets, goggles, dust masks, ear plugs and ear muffs etc. are made available to the employees for their use.



- > Training and refresher courses for all the employees working in hazardous premises
- Observance of all safety precautions for blasting and storage of explosives as per MMR 1961.
- > Working of mine, as per approved plans and regularly updating the mine plans
- Cleaning of mine faces regularly
- > Proper storage, usage of explosives through competent persons.
- Regular maintenance and testing of all mining equipment as per manufacturers guidelines
- > Suppression of dust on the haulage roads with frequent water sprinkling, etc.
- Increasing the awareness of safety and disaster through competitions, posters and annual safety weeks and environmental weeks, encouraged through suitable rewards and other similar drives.

The management and the EMC will be able to deal with the situations efficiently keeping in view of the likely sources of dangers in the mine.

#### 7.4 REHABILITATION AND RESETTLEMENT (R & R) PLAN:

The mining activities will be carried out within the mine lease area only. The entire mine lease area is a Patta land. There is no population within the ML area. Hence, the question of R& R does not arise.

#### 7.5 MINE CLOSURE PLAN:

In the mine closure stage all necessary measures will be taken as per Act & Rules, There is no proposal for back filling, reclamation and rehabilitation. The quarried pits after the end of life of mine will be properly fenced all around to prevent inherent entry of public and cattle and all the statutory requirements will be fulfilled. As already explained, in the post mining stage the rainwater harvested in the mined out void shall be utilized for irrigation and domestic needs locally. The mine closure plan is provided in **Figure 4.5**.



## 7.6 CUMULATIVE IMPACT STUDY:

As mentioned earlier, this Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry is located in Ethirkottai Village, Vembakottai Taluk, Virudhunagar District, Tamil Nadu. The details of the other quarries located within the 500m radius of the project considered for cumulative impact study now **(Annexure-3)** has been provided below:

			1			
S.No	Quarry Detail	Village	S.F.No and	Proceedings No. and		
0.110	Quality Detail	village	Extent (Ha)	Lease Period		
I	Existing Quarry					
1.	Thiru.S.Ramachandran	Ethirkottai	649/1 , 649/3, 668 , 670, 687/3, 688/2 <b>3.94.5</b>	KV1/373/2017 Dated: 05-05-2018 07.07.2018 to 06.07.2023		
2.	Thiru. T. Kannan, S/o. R. Thirupathi Naicker.	Ethirkottai	640/2, 642/3B, 644/2B <b>1.86.0</b>	KV1/15122/2016, Dated: 06.11.2017 20.11.2017 to 19.11.2022		
II	Abandoned Quarry	-Nil-				
	Present Proposed Quarry					
1.	Thiru.Ramachandran	Ethirkottai	672/3, 674, 675/2, 676/3 <b>2.28.00</b>	KV1/664/2021 Dated: 11.02.2022		
2.	Thiru.S.Kannan, S/o.Subba Naickar,	Ethirkottai	678/1, 678/3 & 679 <b>1.32.0</b>	KV1/692/2009, Dated: 12.08.2009		
3.	Thiru.T.K.Barath	Ethirkottai	639/2, 650, 651/1, 651/2 652 etc., <b>4.07.0</b>	KV1/413/2018 16.04.2018		
4.	Thiru T Raghavan, S/o. Thiruppathi,	e Enirkollar		KV1/382/2019 Dated: 04.07.2020		
			14.86.00			

## Table 7.1: Details of quarries within 500m radius

From that above it is seen that, although the individual lease area of this project is less than 5 Ha, the other existing and proposed quarries within the 500m radius along with this subject project works out to >5 Ha. As such cluster situation applicable and this EMP is prepared. A map showing the existing and proposed quarries located near the lease area is provided Figure No.7.1 given below:



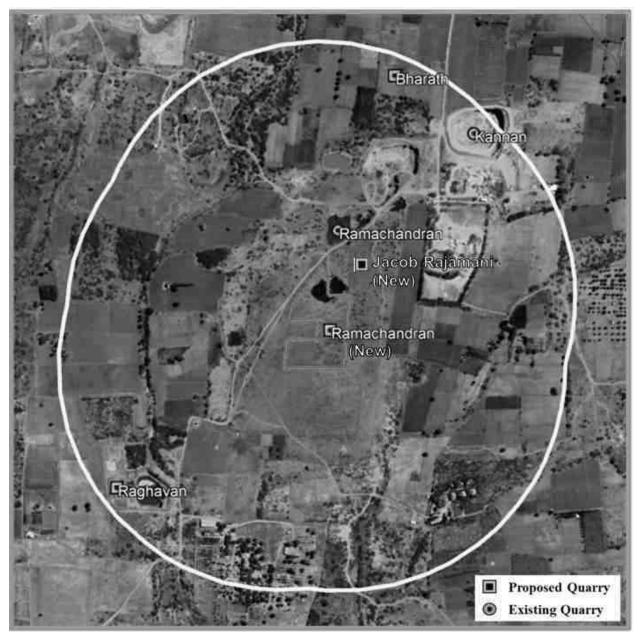


Figure 7.1: Vicinity Map

The baseline monitoring carried out for this project reflects the cumulative impact of these existing quarries. Considering that the lease period of the existing quarry will be coming to an end shortly, this proposed quarry will serve more as a replacement for the existing quarry to ensure meeting the present Roughstone demands. Some of the above-mentioned quarries are already commissioned and working or are already completed. For the proposed quarry of Thiru



Jacob Rajamani and the subject project, cumulative impact study has been carried out and is provided below:

S.No	Project Name	Thiru S.Ramachandran	Thiru Jacob Rajamani	
1	Survey No.	672/3, 674, 675/2 and 676/3	648	
2	Village	Ethirkottai	Edirkottai	
3	Taluk	Vembakottai	Vembakottai	
4	District	Virudhunagar	Virudhunagar	
5	State	Tamil Nadu	Tamil Nadu	
6	Lease Area	2.28.0 Ha	1.03.5 Ha	
7	Precise Area Letter	KV1/664/2021-kaniamam	NA.KA.KV.1/516/2019,	
1	No.	dated:11.02.2022	kaniamam. Dated:17.06.2019	
	Production	Roughstone -1,97,455 m3	84368m <sup>3</sup> of Rough Stone and	
8	Capacity for 5 years	Gravel- 46,896 m3 Weathered	7387m <sup>3</sup> of Gravel	
		Rock- 31,264 m3		
9	Method of mining	Open cast semi mechanized	Open cast semi mechanized	
9		mining method.	mining method.	
10	Lease Period	5 years	5 Years	
11	Ultimate Depth	20m	24m	
12	Project cost	Rs. 77,28,230 /-	Rs. 56,27,040/-	
13	CER budget	RS.2,00,000/-	Rs. 2,50,000/-	

#### Table 7.2: Salient details of the proposed quarries

The cumulative combined impact anticipated due to mining and allied activities in both the proposed quarries are determined for Air, Noise, Vibration, Water, Logistical, Socio Economic and Land Environment. Details of the same are provided below:

## 7.6.1 AIR ENVIRONMENT:

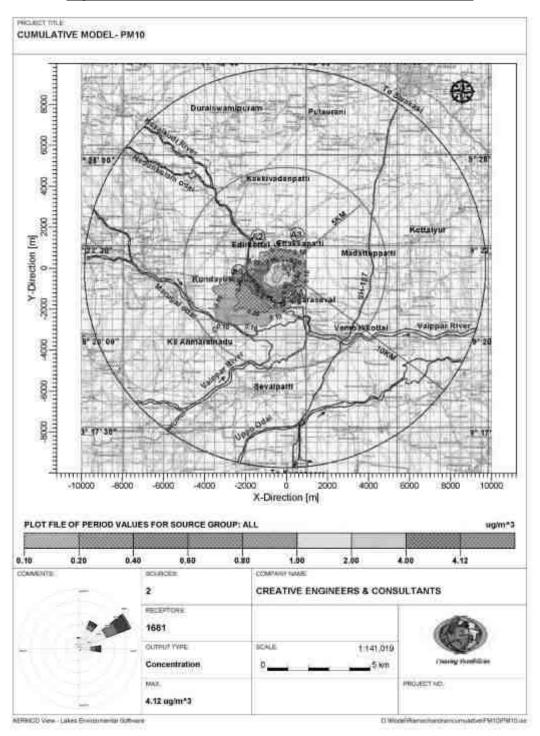
The mining and allied activities particularly excavation, hauling, loading and un loading etc. lead to emission of particulate matter. However, effective mitigative measures are provided in the EIA/EMP report to obviate these effects. The cumulative impact on ambient air quality for  $PM_{10}$  and  $PM_{2.5}$  due to the operations of both these proposed projects are predicted based on Air Quality Model simulations. The modeling is done for the peak production to know the worst scenario. The cumulative peak Ground Level Concentration (GLC) after effective implementation of various mitigative measures have been computed and given below:

## Table 7.3: Cumulative Peak Incremental Concentration

Activity	With Control Measures (µg/m3)		
PM <sub>10</sub>	4.1		
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	2.0		



The cumulative Isopleths of  $PM_{10}$ ,  $PM_{2.5}$  concentrations have been drawn and these are given in **Figure No – 7.2 to 7.3.** 







ine Poenifiktie

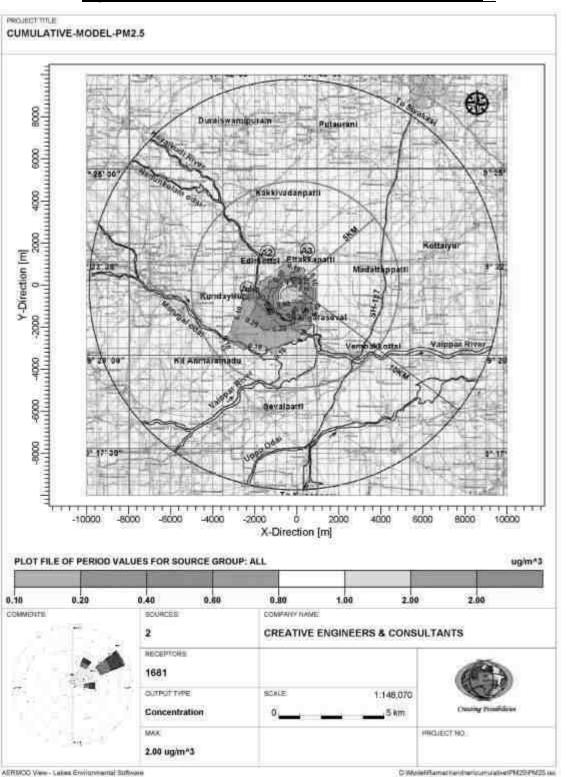


Figure 7.3: Cumulative Isopleth of GLC Prediction for PM2.5



Constine Possibilities

It is observed that the peak incremental concentration for  $PM_{10}$ ,  $PM_{2.5}$  is occurring very near the source. At away from the source the values are getting reduced due to dispersion effects. The incremental and predicted concentrations at the locations of ambient air quality have been discussed below.

## 7.6.1.1 PREDICTED AMBIENT AIR QUALITY:

The cumulative combined post project Concentrations of  $PM_{10}$ ,  $PM_{2.5}$ , (GLC) (base line + incremental) after adopting necessary control measures is given below:

## Table 7.4: Concentrations of PM<sub>10</sub> after Project Implementation

Values in µg/m<sup>3</sup>

S. No	Location	Background Concentration	Predicted Incremental Concentration	Post Project Concentration	Statutory Limits
1	A1Near Mine Lease Area	68.3	4.1	72.1	-
2	A2-Edirkottai Village	60.2	<1.0	61.2	100
3	A3-Ettakkapatti Village	51.4	<1.0	52.4	
4	A4-Kundayiruppu Village	50.6	<1.0	51.6	1
5	A5-Kangerseval Village	54.4	<1.0	55.4	

## Table 7.5: Concentrations of PM2.5 after Project Implementation

S. No	Location	Background Concentration	Predicted Incremental Concentration	Post Project Concentration	Statutory Limits
1	A1Near Mine Lease Area	33.6	2.0	35.6	-
2	A2-Edirkottai Village	28.9	<1.0	29.9	
3	A3-Ettakkapatti Village	24.1	<1.0	25.1	60
4	A4-Kundayiruppu Village	24.0	<1.0	25.0	00
5	A5-Kangerseval Village	25.8	<1.0	26.8	

It can be seen that the resultant added concentrations with baseline figures even at worst scenario and cumulative impact of the projects show that the values of ambient air quality with respect to  $PM_{10}$  are in the range of 51. 6  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> to 72.1  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> and with respect to  $PM_{2.5}$  are in the range of 25.0  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> to 35.6  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> which are within the statutory stipulations in respective case.

# 7.6.2 WATER ENVIRONMENT:

The water requirement for both these project is 12.5KLD comprising 10KLD for S.Ramachandran Quarry and 2.5 KLD for Thiru Jacob Rajamani Quarry. Though it may be sourced from outside agencies initially, for these projects it is planned to use the rain water



collected in the mine sump later. Groundwater intersection is not envisaged due to both the quarrying operations. Besides, the stage of groundwater development in Vembakottai Taluk based on technical report of the Central Ground Water Board, South Eastern Costal Region – 'District groundwater brochure, Virudhunagar District.' is categorized as 'Safe' thus proving that there is further scope for groundwater development. Hence, no major impact is expected on groundwater regime due to the cumulative project operations.

### 7.6.3 NOISE ENVIRONMENT:

Post project noise in the core zone has already been provided under para 4.4, Chapter-IV where it is seen that the predicted Noise Levels due to mining operations at the periphery of the mine lease itself will be less even without considering any attenuation factor. However, practically there will be attenuation due to vegetation etc., and as such there will not be any adverse noise propagation outside the lease boundary. Hence, the cumulative post project noise in the nearby villages has been carried out using the following formula and the results are given below:

 $Lp2 = Lp1 - 20 \log R2/R1$ 

Where, Lp1 and Lp2 are sound pressure levels at points located at distances R1 and R2 respectively from the source.

S.No	Location	Baseline Day Eq.in dB(A)	Post project noise Eq in dB(A)	Limit dB(A) as per MoEF&CC
1	Edirkottai Village	47.0	47.5	55
2	Ettakkapatti Village	45.7	46.3	55
3	Kundayiruppu Village	47.8	48.1	55
4	Kangerseval Village	46.9	47.3	55

### Table 7.6: Post project noise levels

### 7.6.4 VIBRATION:

By Carrying out controlled blasting using Nonel millli second delay detonator, Optimum design for burden and spacing & reducing the explosive charge per delay to minimum in both the projects no adverse impact due to blasting vibration is expected.



Counting Describilities

### 7.6.5 TRAFFIC:

The mined out minerals will be transported by means of trucks to the consumers like crusher units for producing stone aggregates of different sizes or construction of roads, bridges, buildings and other buyers etc. The cumulative impact on traffic due to transportation of minerals from both these leases are provided below:

Details	Thiru S.Jacob Rajamani	Thiru S.Ramachandran
Average Material Transported (m3/year)	20828	66780
No of days in a year	300	300
Transport hours per day	8	8
Truck capacity in T	20	20
Trips per hour	1 Trip/hr	3 Trips/hr

### Table 7.7: Cumulative number of trips

The total trips from these projects there will be hardly about 4 trips per hour. The existing road can easily absorb this negligible traffic due to this project. Various measures like proper maintenance of road, covering of the loaded truck with tarpaulin, water sprinkling will be carried out to ensure no adverse impact on the logistical front.

### 7.6.6 LAND ENVIRONMENT:

**Thiru S.Jacob Rajamani**'s lease area of 1.03.5 Ha is Government land. Out of 1.03.5Ha, 0.60 Ha of mined out area will be left as water body. 0.02.0 Ha will be left as road 0.405 Ha will be covered with vegetation & 0.01 will be infrastructure

**Thiru S.Ramachandran**'s lease area of 2.28.0Ha is a patta land. Ultimately the entire mined out area of 1.800 Ha will be left as water body. 0.050 Ha will be the mine roads & infrastructure, 0.360 Ha will be covered with vegetation, and 0.070 will be fencing.

For both projects, in the post mining stage it will be ensured that the entire mined out area will be properly fenced to prevent inadvertent entry of men and animals. The rainwater harvested in the mined out void shall be utilized to meet the water requirement.



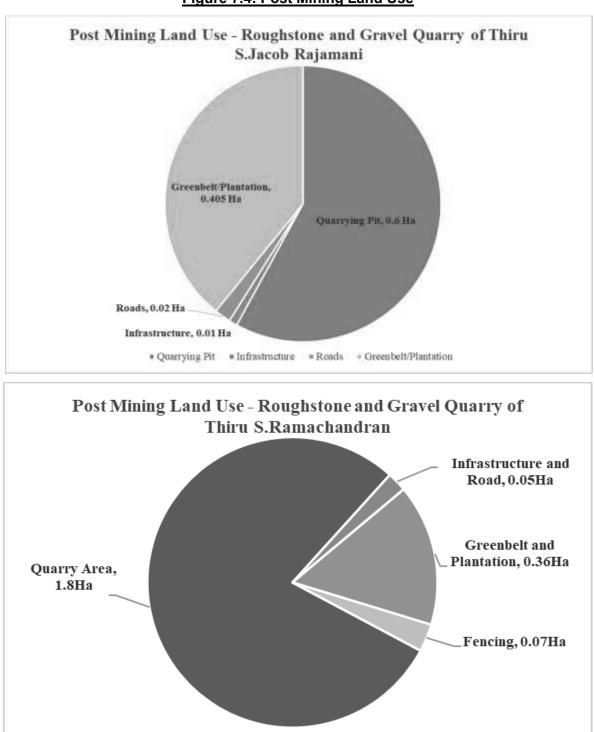


Figure 7.4: Post Mining Land Use



Conting Describilities

### 7.7 PIT SLOPE STABILITY PLAN

- > Factors affecting slope stability of the mine are
  - Geological structure comprising dip, intervening shear zone formation, clay intrusion, joints / discontinuities, faults etc.,
  - Lithology of formation
  - slope geometry
  - Ground water availability which may cause increased thrust on the faces
- Site specific analysis
  - Proposed area is a hard rocky charnockite terrain comprising top 3m gavel, followed by 2m weathered rock and then hard rock.
  - Since the formation is of homogeneous rock type probability of slope failure is low and can be avoided if proper measures are adopted.
  - There will be a 7.5m wide barrier zone which will form a ridge which can also take care of the top section and as such no risk is envisaged on this front.
  - Small portion in the northern part of the lese area is already mined with the maximum pit depth of 6m only. Further benching as per approved mining plan will be ensured and future mining working will be carried out.
  - During future workings the following measures will be ensured:
    - Regular inspection of the mine faces to be carried out by mines manager for ensuring absence of any structural features like faults, joints, dyke, intrusive material in the rock strata which may affect the slope stability and cleared.
    - $\circ$   $\,$  No loose material or boulders is to be stacked on the mine top or pit benches.
    - Height of the benches should be 5m. Working bench width should be at least 2.5 times the bench height. Ultimate pit bench width will be 5m & slope is kept at 45° to ensure slope stability.
    - Haul road formation will be at 1 in 16 slope with adequate road width.
    - $\circ$  There will be no ground water table intersection.
    - No seepage is expected due to formation. Adequate drainage management system comprising peripheral garland drain, settling pond to regulate monsoon water will be created to prevent saturation of compact layers, apparent drainage



over the bench slope to avert damages to quarry face and manage the water flow.

The above will ensure safe and stable mine prospects.

#### **CONCLUSION:**

No adverse impact on the surrounding environment is envisaged from this project since the number of equipment's to be used to achieve this production is less and the magnitude of operation is of low level.

Certified vehicles with low carbon emissions will only be used. These equipment's will be properly and regularly maintained. Besides, regular vehicular emission tests will be done for the transport vehicles to ensure minimal impact due to carbon emissions. To further mediate the carbon emissions, a good greenbelt and plantation plan has been planned wherein 1150 number of plants will be planted in and around the lease area.

Geologically the area in and around the lease area contains charnokite type rock formation containing mostly fallow land. As such there no major vegetation or agricultural activities are observed. There are no Protected or Eco-Sensitive Zone or forest land nearby wherein it can have an impact.

It will be ensured that mining will be carried out adhering to all the statutory rules and regulations, appointing statutory personnel's like qualified mines manager, blaster, informing DGMS before commencement of mining operations and maintaining the environmental quality within the prescribed standards by effective implementation of various mitigative measures.

As such release of Greenhouse gases (GHG), rise in temperature, affecting livelihood of the local people, loss of Agriculture, Forestry and Traditional Practices is not envisaged. Such a limited scope will not induce any climatic change leading to droughts, floods etc.

Mine closure plan plan is prepared for the lease period and already included in the approved mine plan.

Due to absence of perennial water bodies nearby where in any marine ecosystem is observed, no effect on this front is also expected. Hydrological investigation carried out and as given in Para 3.6 of Chapter III & para 4.3 Chapter – IV shows that the all-time ground water table in this area is much below the mining level. Hence, ground water intersection in not envisaged for



the entire life of the mine and ground water will not be affected due to the quarrying operation. As such there will not be any adverse impact on the ground water regime. Besides, this being a mining project, there will be not be any process effluent. As mentioned earlier, the rainfall will be collected in the mine floor sump and gainfully used as per CGWA requirement. Excess water if any in the sump will be pumped to settling pond and supernatant clear water let out for downstream users.

It will be ensured that mining will be carried out adhering to all the statutory rules and regulations, appointing statutory personnel's like qualified mines manager, blaster, informing DGMS before commencement of mining operations and maintaining the environmental quality within the prescribed standards by effective implementation of various mitigative measures for the entire lease period.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*



Coniting Describilities

# CHAPTER 8 PROJECT BENEFITS

The proposed quarry will improve physical and social infrastructures in the area like:

- Direct employment to 18 people.
- Indirect employment to 50 people.
- Financial gains for the governments, through collection of various taxes like royalty, GST, etc.,
- Increase in General Awareness of the People.
- Continual improvements of the local amenities for the local society
- Improvement of the General Living Standard of the People in the Vicinity
- Overall Improvement in HDI (Human Development Index)
- Growth of Allied Industries in the Area.
- Improvement in Per Capita Income.
- Providing certain facilities for the local schools and panchyats

In short, the proposed Rough Stone Quarry will benefit this region in the fields of employment opportunities, improved per capita income for local people, improved social welfare facilities in respect of education, medical systems, infrastructural build-up, etc in its own way.

By means of carrying out the socio-economic development activities, local community development is expected. Towards the same, the proponent has planned to allocate Rs.5 Lakhs for various activities under CER. The activities will be implemented once the mining operations commence. From the CER activities allocated for various social welfare activities, the villages near the lease area will be benefited.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*



# CHAPTER 9 ENVIRONMENTAL COST BENEFIT ANALYSIS

Appendix-III of the MoEF notification S.O. 1533 dated 14.09.2006, which describes the generic structure of Environmental Impact Assessment document, states that the chapter 'Environmental cost benefit analysis' is applicable if it is recommended during scoping stage.

ToR for this project has been received from SEIAA, Tamil Nadu vide their letter No. Lr No.SEIAA-TN/F.No.9271/SEAC/ToR-1208/2022. Dated:14.07.2022. Environmental cost benefit analysis is not prescribed in the terms of reference. Hence, it is not applicable for this project.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*



Couring Describilities

### **CHAPTER 10**

### **ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN**

#### 10.1 INTRODUCTION:

This chapter describes the implementation strategies of the environmental management measures described through the course of this EIA/EMP report for the purpose of mitigating significant impacts due to the proposed mining operations.

### 10.2 COMPONENTS OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN:

The environmental management plan comprises identification of the major impacts due to project operations and their suitable mitigative measures. (Provided in an elaborate manner in Chapter-IV) Based on the environmental policy of the company, the environmental management cell will oversee the implementation of these mitigative measures. The details of the proponent's environmental policy, environmental management cell and also the budgetary allocation towards various environmental management measures has been elaborated in this chapter.

### **10.2.1 ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY:**

The proponent will frame a well-planned environmental policy. The salient features of this policy will be.

- Ensuring risk-free and safe mining operations by following all rules and conditions prescribed in the Indian mines Act, metalliferrous mining regulation, mineral conservation and development rules, etc,
- Ensuring environmental preservation by adoption of remedial measures for control of air, water quality, noise status, biological improvements, green belt creation, etc,.
- Extending CER activities to cater to the needs of local community for various benefits like improvement of physical and social infrastructures for the welfare of local community.



- Ensuring that all mining operations such as deployment of HEMM, conduct of drilling and blasting operations, etc are strictly conducted keeping with regulatory standards & maintaining safe working environment in the area.
- Providing periodical training on safety, Health, & Environment to all employers.
- Any infringement / violation of any rule or unsafe mining operations should be reported mines manager, should be reported by the foremen/ blaster mate etc, who will take immediate corrective measures for avoiding major disasters. The report will ultimately reach the owner through upwardly hierarchical communicative channels from the lowest level to superior levels in a quick time bound duration.
- The mines manager will exercise overall control over entire mining and connected operations and all infringements / violations on any count pertaining to unsafe operations, environmental degradation, etc, should be brought to the notice of the owner of the quarry. Remedial measures for such violations and deviations should be taken care by the mines manager to avoid any hazards or disasters in the mine and nearby areas. The persons responsible for such violations will be punished through appropriate disciplinarily penal actions.
- The EC conditions and stipulations will be strictly observed by Mines manager of the mine in various issues like prescribed environmental monitoring schedules conducting of vibratory studies due to blasting, creation of green belt, management of mined area, occupational health review, etc.
- Penalty actions will be taken by the proponent in cases of continuous negligence resulting in violations deviations in this respect.
- A time schedule of once in 90 days for review of all operational factors as mentioned above is to be enforced, for proper and quick corrective actions needed in the matter.

## 10.2.2 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT CELL:

The Mines Manager/Mine Incharge will undertake effective monitoring and implementation of various environmental control measures promptly and effectively and to oversee various environmental management schemes for air quality control, water quality status, noise level



control, plantation programme, social development schemes, etc in the mine. The organizational chart for the same has been provided below:

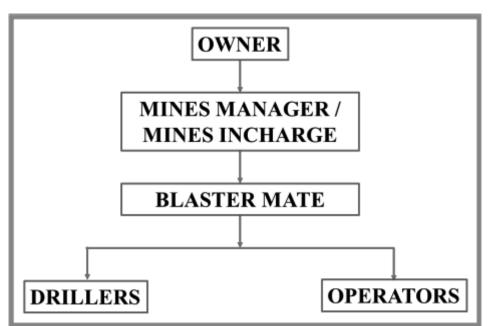


Figure 10.1: Organization Chart

The Mines Manager/Mines Incharge in the mine project site will be directly responsible for various environmental activities in the mine. The owner will correlate and oversee the environmental activities and their effective implementation in consonance with the guidelines in the EMP. The Mines Manager/Mines Incharge will oversee the environmental administration at the mine and he will directly supervise all activities of environmental administration on environmental issues. Necessary assistance from sub ordinates, external consultants and laboratories shall be taken.

Environmental control measures will span various factors like land degradation, air, water and soil quality, noise levels, effective land reclamation for excavated areas, afforestation measures, etc. The administrative functions are given below.

- To observe the implementation of environmental control measures.
- To study the effects of project activities on the environment.



- To ensure implementation of Plantation Programme. Regular monitoring of survival rate of plants is carried out to achieve the desired result.
- To keep records of monitoring etc., in a systematic way, so as to facilitate easy access, when needed by statutory agencies, etc. Also send prescribed returns to statutory authorities.
- To ensure that adequate fencing and plantation is carried out in the safety zones.
- Conducting environmental studies and reporting to SPCB.
- To interact and liaise with Government Departments.
- To evaluate the performance of existing pollution control equipment and systems periodically and take timely action to keep the equipment at its optimum performance condition.
- To take immediate preventive action in case of some unforeseen environmental pollution attributable to the project.
- Conducting safety audits and programmes to create safety awareness in workers/ staff.
- Conducting annual health audits to detect any health problems promptly in the workers/staff. This will reduce occupational health problems.
- Imparting training on safety and conduct safety drills to educate employees.
   Firefighting equipment and system has to be kept in 'ready-to-fight' condition.
- Carrying out socio economic study in the surrounding areas to find out the benefits derived by the society due to the project and also to fulfill the deficiency, if any, immediately.
- Ensuring proper mine closure arrangements



### 10.2.3 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN:

#### 10.2.3.1 General:

Systematic monitoring systems and well-conceived and efficient Environment Management Plan will ensure that during the project operations, the various environmental parameters, are well within the statutorily sustainable limits. The environmental control measures proposed to keep various environmental parameters of the project in terms of air, water, noise, land, biological environment, etc. has been described below.

### 10.2.3.2 Air Quality:

With regards to air quality, to mitigate the fugitive and gaseous emission resulting from mining and allied activities, the following control measures are proposed to be undertaken:

- Regular water sprinkling in the transport roads using mobile tankers for dust suppression.
- Controlled blasting techniques with NONEL.
- Provision of dust filters / mask to workers working at highly dust prone and affected areas.
- Covering of drill holes with wet cloth, using sharp drill bits
- Avoiding blasting during high wind periods where the fine dust is carried out away easily affecting the ambient air quality.
- Proper maintenance of haul roads, HEMM and dumpers.
- Covering of loaded tippers with tarpaulins during transportation
- Vehicular emissions will be controlled through regular and proper preventive maintenance schedules and emissions tests are done with diesel smoke meter equipment to ensure emission values.
- Besides, there will be good green belt cover will be developed around mine periphery and in safety zone.
- Green netting will be carried out around the lease periphery on all sides.



#### 10.2.3.3 Water Environment:

There will be no process effluent generated from this project. The domestic sewage to be generated will be collected in septic tank with soak pit arrangements. Besides, there will be no waste dumps or stockpiles within the lease area as the entire material will be directly despatched to the consumers.

Surface runoff management structures such as garland drain connected to a settling pond will be constructed around the quarry to collect the rain water. The supernatant clear water from the settling pond will be provided to nearby downstream users. Towards rainwater harvesting, the rainwater harvested in the mine will be used to meet the water requirements during mining and excess water in consultation with villagers and in line with government practices will be out in to the nearby stream or shall be distributed to the nearby villages as per their need.

There is an odai at a distance of 200m (NW), 275m (NW) and at 225m (SE) side of the lease area. There is no proposal to discharge any effluent into these water bodies. No major impact is envisaged on the nearby water bodies due to project operations

#### 10.2.3.4 Noise Environment:

During the project operations, various control measures as listed below will be carried out to mitigate adverse impact due to the noise generated due to mining and allied activities:

- Good plantation will be carried out in the safety zone areas
- Noise protectors, insulation of operator cabins, installation of silencers in machineries, etc.
- Proper and regular maintenance of equipments
- Providing earplugs to workers exposed to higher noise level.
- Providing in-built mechanism for reducing sound emissions.
- Conducting regular health check-up of workers including Audiometry test for the workers engaged in noise prone area.



 Displaying the noise level status of operational machinery on the machines to know the extent of noise level and to control the time to which the worker is exposed to higher noise levels.

### 10.2.3.5 Ground Vibration

During the project operations, various control measures as listed below will be carried out to mitigate adverse impact due to the ground vibration caused due to blasting activities:

- Controlled blasting techniques to maintain the peak particle velocity (PPV) below DGMS prescribed levels.
- Ideally formulating drilling and charging pattern and ensuring using less charge per delay.
- To contain fly rocks, stemming column will not be less than burden of the hole. Blasting area will also be muffled, if necessary, to stop fly rocks propagation.
- Blasting will not be carried out when strong winds are blowing towards the inhabited areas. Blasting will be done during midday time and never at night.
- Proper care and supervision during blasting by a competent and experienced person.
- Besides, different blasting time for the projects in the vicinity is suggested and the timing is to be mentioned in the display board in the respective mines entrance.

Further details regarding the same has been provided under section 4.4.2, Chapter-IV.

### 10.2.2.6 Biological Environment:

The mining lease area and 10km buffer zone are devoid of declared ecologically sensitive features such as national parks, sanctuaries etc. Besides, no Schedule-I animals are observed in the core and buffer zone. There will be no major clearance of vegetation involved in this project. However, good greenbelt and plantation programmes are planned within the lease area.

In the lease area, safety barrier 7.5m around the periphery, 10m for cart track. Greenbelt / Plantation will be carried out to enhance the vegetative growth and aesthetic in the safety zone



area. This will boost the biological, visual and aesthetic outlook of the area. Elaborate details regarding the same is provided under section 4.6.4, Chapter-IV.

#### 10.2.2.7 Socio-Economic Environment:

The proposed project operation will provide positive impacts in the region on the employment area as well as on physical and social infrastructural status. Many other tangible benefits will be gained by the local people in the surrounding areas due to ancillary units, trading operations, contractual needs, casual labor, green belt development, etc. Towards the socio-economic development of the surrounding area, the proponent has earmarked an amount of Rs.5.0 Lakhs under Corporate Environmental Responsibility. The activities identified under CER will be implemented in a phased manner.

### 10.3 ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION CONTROL COST:

In this proposed quarry Implementation of environmental control measures as stated aboveinvolves capital as well as recurring expenses. The probable capital and recurring environmental control cost are calculated and given below **Table No – 6.5** 

			Rs. In lakl					
S. No	Mitigation Measure	Capital cost	Recurring Cost /Annum					
Air Environment								
1	Water sprinkling	8.00	0.50					
2	Installing wheel wash system near gate of quarry	0.50	0.20					
3	Muffle blasting – To control fly rocks during blasting	-	0.05					
4	Wet Drilling with dust extraction	0.25	0.03					
5	Environmental Monitoring		0.50					
6	Transport Trucks -Monitoring exhaust fumes, covering with tarpaulin, monitoring manually with security guard to avoid overloading and installation of speed governers, Parking area with flaggers for traffic management	1.67	0.53					
7	Road Maintenance - Haul road maintenancem Regular sweeping and maintenance of approach road		0.46					
	Sub-Total (A)	10.42	2.26					
	Noise Environment							
8	Controlled Blasting using NONEL, provision of blaster shed	0.50	6.59					
	Sub-Total (B)	0.50	6.59					
	Water Environment							
9	Surface Runoff Management Structures	0.23	0.05					

### Table 10.1: Environmental Control Cost



	Sub-Total (C)	0.23	0.05				
	Implementation of EC, Mining Plan & DGMS Condition						
10	Waste Management - Collection and Disposal	0.30	0.22				
11	Fencing and Green Net Provision	4.56	0.10				
12	Health and Safety - Provision of PPEs, IME, PME, First aid facility	0.72	0.45				
13	Sign Boards -safety precaution signages, EC Conditions display board	0.20	0.03				
16	Installation of CCTV cameras	0.30	0.05				
17	Remuneration of statutory persons		7.80				
	Sub-Total (D)	6.08	8.65				
	Green Belt Development						
34	Plantation Inside the lease area(200 Nos.)	0.40	0.06				
35	Plantation Outside the lease area (950 Nos.)	2.85	0.29				
	Sub-Total (E) 3.25 0.35						
	Grand Total	20.48	17.89				

Towards EMP measures, Rs.20.48 lakhs is allocated under capital cost. Besides, Rs.17.89 lakhs per annum will be spent under recurring cost. All the recurring cost of maintenance of pollution control measures, environmental monitoring etc., will be met from revenue.

### 10.4 CONCLUSION:

A meticulously well planned Environmental Management Plan, with various programme schedules and timely execution objectives, as above, will ensure that the future environmental quality in the area will be maintained within statutory limits. The environmental management strategy as explained above will prove that industrial growth, if properly planned with all environmental concerns and appropriate remedial measures can go a long way to improve life pattern and living conditions of the local community around the project.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \*



### **CHAPTER 11**

### **SUMMARY & CONCLUSION**

#### 11.1 INTRODUCTION:

**Thiru. S.Ramachandran** proposes to operate a **Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry** Survey No. at 672/3, 674, 675/2 and 676/3 over an area of 2.28.0 Ha in Ethirkottai Village, Vembakottai Taluk, Virudhunagar District, Tamil Nadu and has initiated action towards obtaining environmental clearance.

It is proposed to mine 1,97,455 m<sup>3</sup> of Roughstone and 46,896 m<sup>3</sup> of Gravel and 31,264 m<sup>3</sup> of Weathered Rock for a period of 5 years upto a depth of 20m as per approved ToR as against the mining plan approved quantity of 2,39,140 m<sup>3</sup> of Roughstone and 46,896 m<sup>3</sup> of Gravel and 31,264 m<sup>3</sup> of Weathered Rock for a period of 5 years upto a depth of 25m.

Although the individual lease area of this project is less than 5 Ha, the other existing quarries within the 500m radius cluster along with this subject project works out to >5 Ha. Hence, this proposal is considered under Category – B1 and as per MoEF & CC notification necessitates preparation of EIA/EMP report and public hearing. The details of the quarries located within the 500m radius of the project is given vide **Annexure-3**. A cumulative impact study has been carried out and furnished in **Para 7.3**, **Chapter-VII**.

This EIA/EMP report is prepared based on standard and additional Terms of Reference issued by SEIAA, Tamil Nadu vide letter no. SEIAA-TN/F.No.9271/SEAC/ToR-1208/2022 dated 14.07.2022 and is in conformance of the generic structure prescribed by MOEF&CC in their notification of September 2006 and the approved mining plan.

S.No	Statutory Approval	Authority	Letter Number and Date	Reference
1.	Precise Area Communication Letter	Assistant Director, Dep. of Geology & Mining, Virudhunagar	KV1/664/2021-kaniamam dated:11.02.2022	Annexure-1
2.	Mining Plan Approval	Assistant Director, Dep. of Geology & Mining, Virudhunagar	Rc. KV1/664/2021- kaniamam, dated 11.02.2022.	Annexure-2

## 11.1.1 STATUTORY APPROVALS:



3.	Details of other quarries within 500m radius	Assistant Director, Dep. of Geology & Mining, Virudhunagar	Roc. KV1/664/2021- kaniamam, dated 17.03.2022	Annexure-3
----	--	--	---	------------

### 11.1.2 ENVIRONMENTAL CLEARANCE APPLICATION:

Particulars	Details
Terms of Reference	Received from SEIAA, Tamil Nadu vide their Lr No.SEIAA- TN/F.No.9271/SEAC/ToR-1208/2022. Dated:14.07.2022
Baseline Data Collection	Carried out by Creative Engineers & Consultants , Chennai for Summer Season (Dec 2022 to Feb 2023)

### 11.2 SALIENT FEATURES OF THE PROJECT:

### Table 11.1: Site Details

Location	Ethirkottai village, Vembakottai Taluk, Virudhunagar District.		
Survey No.	672/3, 674, 675/2 and 676/3		
Coordinates	Latitude: 9°21'49.3"N to 9°21'56.8"N		
	Longitude: 77°44'23.1"E TO 77°44'28.0"E		
Nearest	SH-186 (Vembakottai – Rajapalayam) – 1.75Km (SW)		
Highway	SH-183 (Alangulam – Sivakasi) – 3.4Km (W)		
	SH-187(Vembakottai – Sivakasi) – 4.25Km (E)		
Nearest Village	Lakshmipuram Village -950m (SW)		
Nearest Town	Sivakasi – 13Km (NE)		
Nearest Railway			
Station	Sivakasi – 12km (NE)		
Nearest Airport	Madurai – 65.0 Km (NE)		
Topography	Plain terrain, dry lands with scarce vegetation.		
Accessibility	The lease area can be approached from M.Madathupatti - Reddiyapatti Road on the northern side of the lease area. This connects SH-183(Alangulam – Sivakasi) on the western side of the lease area at a distance of 3.4Km and to SH-187(Vembakottai – Sivakasi) at a distance of 4.25Km on the eastern side. Besides, SH-186 lies at a distance of 1.75Km on the southern side of the lease area.		
Drainage	Kayalkudi River lies at a distance of 1.5Km on the south western side of the lease area.		

### Table 11.2: Environment Setting of The Study Area

S.No	Particulars	Name	Distance(Km)	Direction
1	1 Nearest Highway	SH-186 (Vembakottai –Rajapalayam)	1.75	SW
I		SH-183 (Alangulam – Sivakasi)	3.4	W



	study area	are no other industries in the nearby reg	gion.	
11	Other Industries in the	Other than few rough stone quarries,		ks unit there
10	Seismic Zone	Zone – II (Least Active)		
9	Defence Installations	Nil		
		Nedunkulam odai	5.6KM	W
		Uppu Odai	7.2	SE
		Vaippar River	4.1	SE
9	Nearest Water Bodies	Marugal Odai	3.7	SW
•		Kayalkudi River	1.5	SW
		Odaj	0.255	SE
		Odaj	0.275	NW
		Odaj	0.200	NW
8	Reserved / Protected Forests	Nil		
7	Environmental sensitive areas, Protected areas as per Wildlife Protection Act, 1972*	Nil		
6	Notified Archaeologically important places, Monuments	Vijayakarisalkulam Archeological Site	4.96	SW
5	Nearest Town	Sivakasi	12	NE
		Editkottai Village	1.9	NW
4	Nearest Village	Ettakapatti Village Kundayiruppu Village	1.4	SW
		Lakshmipuram	0.95 1.4	SW NE
3	Nearest Airport	Madurai	65	NE
2	Nearest Railway Station	Sivakasi	12	NE
	Ne are at Dailway Station	SH-187(Vembakottai – Sivakasi)	4.25	E

### Table 11.3: Technical Description

PARTICULARS	DETAILS						
Geological	•	Roughstone – 4,56,160cum ,					
reserve		68,424cum ered Rock-45616cum	1				
Mineable reserve	Gravel-	Roughstone – 2,39,140cum , Gravel- 46,896cum Weathered Rock-31,264cum					
Method of Mining	•	Open cast mechanized mining method with drilling, blasting, excavation, loading and transportation of Roughstone to needy buyers.					
	Year Roughtone (m3) Weathered Rock (m3) Gravel(m3) Tota						
Production	oduction I 29415 14036 21054						
	II	52530	5612	8418	66560		



PARTICULARS	DETAILS						
		37740	11616	17424	66780		
	IV	58205			58205		
	V	19565			19565		
		197455	31264	46896	275615		
	There i	s no waste generatio	on anticipated in this quarry	operation sin	ce the entire		
	excava	ted material will be ι	utilized. The top overburden	n in the form o	of Gravel and		
Waste	weathe	red rock will be load	ded into tipper and markete	ed to needy c	sustomers on		
Generation and	paymer	nt of necessary Fee	s to Government. The exca	avated rough	stone will be		
Management	excava	ted and loaded into	tipper to the needy buye	ers for produ	cing crusher		
	aggreg	ates, M Sand.					
Ultimate Depth	20m	20m					
Man power	18 Peo	ple directly and more	e than 50 people indirectly				
Mode of transport	By Roa	d					
Water	10 KLD						
requirement	IU KLL						
O	The real	quired water will be	procured from outside age	ncies initially.	Later, water		
Source of water	collecte	ed in the mine pit will	be used to meet the needs.				
	All the equipment will be diesel operated. No electricity is needed for mining						
Power	operati	on. The minimum po	ower requirement for office,	etc will be m	et from state		
requirement	grid.						
Life of the mine	5 Years						
Project cost	Rs. 77,28,230 /-						

# 11.3 EXISTING ENVIRONMENTAL SCENARIO:

## 11.3.1 GENERAL:

The studies and data collection have been carried out systematically and meticulously as per relevant IS codes, CPCB and MoEF&CC guidelines and as per approved ToR during **Winter Season (December 2022 to February 2023)** For the purpose of this study, the area has been divided into two zones, namely, core and buffer zones. Core zone is considered as the total lease area, while buffer zone encompasses an area of 10 km radius distance from the periphery of core zone.



#### 11.3.2 SOCIO-ECONOMIC STATUS:

The proposed quarry is located in in Edirkottai Village, Vembakottai Taluk, Virudhunagar District. Based on 2011 census data, in the 10km radius the following are present:

#### Table 11.4: Details of Buffer Zone

Taluk Name	District Name	No. of Villages	No. of Urban Areas
Sattur	Virudhunagar	4	
Sivakasi	Virudhunagar	22	4
Total		26	4

### Table 11.5: Social, Economic And Demographic Profile of the Study Area

Details	Population	Percentage			
A. Gender-wise distribution					
Male Population	85087	49.55			
Female Population	86618	50.45			
Total	171705	100			
B. Caste-wise population distribution					
Scheduled Caste	36778	21.42			
Scheduled Tribes	158	0.09			
Other	134769	78.49			
Total	171705	100			
C. Literacy Levels					
Total Literate Population	117410	68.38			
Others	54295	31.62			
Total	171705	100			
D. Occupational structure					
Main workers	84654	49.30			
Marginal workers	5822	3.40			
Total Workers	90476	52.70			
Total Non-workers	81229	47.30			
Total	171705	100			

### 11.3.2.1 SAMPLE SURVEY:

Nearby villages were visited for conducting sample Village survey on all socio-economic aspects and requirements of the people. The existing socio-economic scenario is studied and CER activities are also suggested to the proponent. The study details are given in **Para 3.2.4**, **Chapter** – **III**.



### **11.3.3 EXISTING ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY:**

#### Table 11.6: Baseline Data

A) METEOROLOGICAL DATA		Monitoring Locati	on - N	lear Mine Lea	ase Area	
PARAMETERS		MINIMUM		MAXIMUM		
Temperature in °C		16.1			35.0	
Humidity in %		12.0			99.0	
Wind speed Km/Hr		<1.8			27.7	
Predominant wind direction (From)		NE				
B) AMBIENT AIR QUALITY		Monitoring Locati	on – 5	o locations	1	
PARAMETER		RESULT	(µg/m	13)	*LIMIT (μg/m3)	
Location		Core Zone	Βι	Iffer Zone		
Particulate Matter (Size <10 µm)		51.4 – 68.3	4′	1.4 – 60.2	100	
Particulate Matter (Size <2.5 µm)		25.2 – 33.6	19	9.2 – 28.9	60	
Sulphur Dioxide (as SO <sub>2</sub> )		5.4 – 9.0	3	3.3 – 8.3	80	
Nitrogen Dioxide (as NO <sub>2</sub> )		8.2 – 13.1	6.0 – 11.8		80	
CO values in all the locations were f area are found to be below detectable C) WATER QUALITY	e lin		0.05 r	ng/m3)		
PARAMETER		Result		*LIMIT (µg/m3)		
pH at 25 °C		6.96 – 7.54 <b>6.5</b>		6.5-8.5		
Total Dissolved Solids, mg/L		510 – 652		2000		
Chloride as Cl-, mg/L		106 – 215		1000		
Total Hardness (as CaCO3), mg/L		174 – 492		600		
Total Alkalinity (as CaCO3), mg/L		112– 582		600		
Sulphates as SO42-, mg/L		11.4 – 82.9		400		
Iron as Fe, mg/L		0.04-0.07		0.3		
Nitrate as NO3, mg/L		BDL(D.L – 1.0)– 2.58		45		
Fluoride as F, mg/L		0.44 – 0.58		1.5		
Conclusion: The water quality of gr	oun	d water is found to	be wit	hin the prese	cribed Permissible	

**Conclusion:** The water quality of ground water is found to be within the prescribed Permissible limits of IS: 10500 Norms in the absence of an alternative source as per Drinking Water Specifications.



D) NOISE LEVELS		Monitoring Location – 5 locations		
PARAMETER	RESULT dB(A)		*! IMIT (ug/m2)	
PARAIVIEIER	Day Equivalent	Night Equivalent	*LIMIT (µg/m3)	
Core Zone	45.5	38.4	90	
Buffer Zone	45.7 – 47.8	36.2 - 39.8	Day Equivalent - 55dB(A), Night Equivalent - 45dB(A)	

\*Permissible noise for industrial workers as laid down by CPCB (at 8 hrs Exposure Time). While comparing with the MoEF&CC Norms, the monitored ambient noise levels are generally within the limit values.

E) SOIL QUALITY	Monitoring Location – 3 locations	
PARAMETER	Range of values	
рН	6.92 - 7.32	
Electrical Conductivity (µmho/cm)	48.96 – 80.57	
Organic matter (%)	0.62 – 1.34	
Total Nitrogen (mg/kg)	116 - 195	
Phosphorus (mg/kg)	1.36 – 2.86	
Sodium (mg/kg)	695- 1022	
Potassium (mg/kg)	530 -834	
Soil is of Sandy Clay type.		

### F) LAND EVIRONMENT:

For the present study on land use pattern in the study area, remote sensing satellite data have been used. The area estimated of land use categories around the 10km buffer zone is provided below:

S.No	Landuse Feature	Area (Sq.Km)	Percentage	
1	Agriculture	52.17	16.71	
2	Fallow Land	126.84	38.10	
3	Land With Scrub	78.72	25.22	
4	Land Without Scrub	29.51	9.45	
5	Water bodies	8.23	2.64	
6	Mining Area/ Industries	4.10	1.31	
9	Settlement / Infrastructure	20.56	6.56	
	Total	311.77	100	

## Table 11.7: Land Use in 10Km Buffer Zone

From the above table it is seen that 16.73 % of the study area is agriculture land and 38.10 % are fallow land. Land with scrub constitutes 25.25 %.



#### G) BIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENT:

**Flora:** The lease area is a non forest, private patta land with thorny bushes and partly minedout area. The lease area is dominated with Acacia nilotica & Prosopis juliflora. The detailed list of plants found in the core zone are given in Table no -3.23. The Dominated species in the buffer zone are Azadirachta indica, Albizia lebbeck Murraya koenigii Borassus flabellifer, Sygygium cumuni Prosopis juliflora, Gmelina arborea, Acacia auriculiformis etc. Patches of coconut farmsSunflower, Banana, Nithiyakalani cultivation, are also observed in the study area.

**Fauna:** There is no Wild Life Sanctuary or National Park within the study area of 10 km. Domesticated animals like Cows, Buffalos, Dogs, Cats etc., are commonly found. The lease and 10 Km buffer zone does not fall in the Western Ghats ESA boundary. No wild mammalian species was directly sighted during the field survey. There is no Schedule I species in the core & buffer zone. The list of fauna within the study area is given in Table No – 3.27.

### H) HYDROLOGICAL STUDY:

The lease area is a barren, patta land which is covered with scrubs and thorny bushes and part of lease area is already minedout . There is no major vegetation found in the lease area. The lease area is a plain land that is sloping towards the south eastern side of the area.

There are no major perennial water bodies in proximity to the lease area. There are a few tanks located in the study area. The drainage map prepared from the survey of India topographic maps shows the presence of few streams running in a dendritic pattern

The general trend of depth to water level for Vembakottai Block, Virudhunagar District, Tamil Nadu the was obtained from the data obtained from India-WRIS, Department of Water Resources, Ministry of Jal Shakti.

In the study area, the shallow aquifer is developed through dug wells and deeper aquifer through tube wells. The groundwater has revealed that potential fractures are encountered at deeper levels. The occurrence of groundwater mainly in the porous soil are weathered layers, very negligible amount of groundwater percolated through the poorly fractured layer, after that there is no existence of groundwater. Besides, the mining area consists of hard compact rock, no major



water seepage within the mine is expected. From the nearby working mines, no such seepage is also observed.

### 11.4 ANTICIPATED ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS AND MITIGATION MEASURES:

### 11.4.1 GENERAL:

This is a proposed project and Semi – Mechanized Open Cast mining will be carried out to quarry out Rough Stone & Gravel. The identified impacts due to this mine during mining and associated activities have been studied in relation to various environmental components like Air, water, noise, vibration, land, transport etc.

### 11.4.2 AIR ENVIRONMENT:

The principal sources of air pollution in the area due to mining and allied activities are dust generation in the mine due to various activities such as excavation of material, movement of HEMM, loading, unloading and transportation operations.. Besides, Gas emission also occur as a result of emission of SO2, NOx, CO etc., from diesel driven mining equipment, compressors, generator sets, etc. The following measures will be adopted to control impact on the air quality due to mining operations in the lease area:

S.No	Activity	Mitigation Measures		
		Usage of Drill bits in good condition		
		Covering of drill holes with wet cloth		
1	Drilling	Usage of sharp drill bits for drilling of holes.		
		Provision of dust filters / mask to workers working at highly dust prone and affected areas.		
	Blasting	Well-designed blasting parameter, effective stemming to achieve optimum breakage occurs without generating fines.		
2		Use of appropriate explosives for blasting and avoiding overcharging of blast holes.		
2	Diasting	Avoiding blasting during high wind periods where the fine dust is carried out away easily affecting the ambient air quality.		
		Use of controlled blasting techniques with Nonel to keep the dust generation, noise as well as vibration level within the prescribed limits.		
3	Excavation and Loading	Proper maintenance of HEMM		
5		Enclosures for operator cabin.		

## Table 11.8: Mitigation Measures – Air Environment



	Imparting sufficient training to operators on safety and environing parameters.		
		Proper maintenance of hauling equipments.	
		Avoiding overloading of dumpers.	
	Regular wetting of transport road using mobile water tanker.		
		Proper maintenance of haul road and other roads	
	4 Transportation	Setting up of tyre wash facility in the transport road.	
4		Avoiding overloading of tippers	
		Covering of loaded tippers with tarpaulins during transportation	
		Vehicular emissions will be controlled through regular and proper preventive maintenance schedules and emissions tests are done with diesel smoke meter equipment to ensure emission values.	
5	Others	Development of greenbelt / barriers around mine in the safety zone and carrying out plantation within the lease area.	
		Green netting will be carried out around the lease periphery on all sides.	

Due to adoption of all these measures, no major impact on air quality is envisaged due to this proposed opencast mining operation.

The impact on air quality due to the proposed project is estimated using AERMOD View Gaussian Plume Air Dispersion Model developed by Lakes Environmental Software which is based on steady state Gaussian plume dispersion. Ground Level Concentration (GLC) have been computed using hourly meteorological data for particulate matter PM10 and PM2.5.

The resultant added concentrations with baseline figures even at worst scenario, show that the values of ambient air quality with respect to  $PM_{10}$  are in the range of 51.6 µg/m3 to 70.5 µg/m3 and with respect to PM2.5 are in the range of 25.0 µg/m3 to 34.6 µg/m3 which are within the statutory limits in each case.

For preservation of environment in this mine strict enforcement of management schemes will be undertaken for taking corrective actions, as needed. By adopting the effective implementation of all the mitigative measures, no adverse impact on Air quality due to the mining operation in this lease area is expected.



Chaing Deschilities

### 11.4.3 WATER ENVIRONMENT:

**Water Requirement:** The total water requirement for this project will be 10.0 KLD comprising 1.0 KLD for drinking water and domestic use, 8.0 KLD for dust suppression and 1.0 KLD for greenbelt. The water will be sourced initially from outside agencies. Later the rainwater collected in the mine pit sump will be used for this purpose.

The activity / source of pollution, its impact / consequence, proposed control measures are explained below:

S.No	Source	Consequence	Mitigation Measures
А	Domestic use	Generation of waste water	The domestic sewage to be generated from the project will be collected in septic tank with soak pits.
В	Rainfall	Runoff from waste dump and stack	Towards surface runoff management, a garland drain of length 800m will be constructed around the quarry and will be connected to a settling pond with silt traps. The supernatant clear water from the settling pond will be flow to the downstream users.
		Rainwater Harvesting	The rain water falling in the quarry will be harvested in the sump at the lowest level of the quarry. This sump will act as a settling pond to prevent solids escaping along with discharge, before outlet. etc.
С	Drainage Course	Disturbance to drainage course	There is an odai at a distance of 200m (NW), 275m (NW) and at 225m (SE) side of the lease area. There is no proposal to discharge any effluent into these water bodies. No major impact is envisaged on the nearby water bodies due to project operations

### Table 11.9: Mitigation Measures – Water Pollution

- Stage of Groundwater Development: The groundwater resource data of Virudhunagar district was obtained from the data provided in the technical report of the Central Ground Water Board, South Eastern Costal Region 'District groundwater brochure, Virudhunagar District.' Based on the report it is seen that this area can be categorized as 'Safe' from ground water development point of view.
- Generation of mine pit water: The occurrence and movement of groundwater in hard rock formations are restricted to the porous zones of weathered formations and the open systems of fractures, fissures and joints. Generally, in hard rock regions, occurrence of weathered thickness is discontinuous both in space and depth. Hence recharge of groundwater in hard rock formations is influenced by the intensity and depth of weathering. In the nearby region, the formations are compact with less intergranular porosity and



fractures leading to less permeability and transmissivity values and as such the ground water level in this area is deep from surface. The mining area consists of hard compact rock, hence no major water seepage within the mine is expected from the periphery. The ultimate pit depth of mining is 20m. The ground water table in this area is below this level. Hence, ground water intersection in not envisaged and ground water will not be affected appreciably due to the quarrying operation.

### 11.4.4 NOISE ENVIRONMENT:

Anticipated noise levels resulting from operation of the various machineries like excavator, tippers, drill have been computed using point source model. Computation of cumulative noise levels at the nearby villages is made based on the assumption that there are no attenuation paths between the source and the boundary. From the studies, it is found that the predicted Noise Levels due to mining operations at the periphery of the mine lease itself will be less even without considering any attenuation factor. However, practically there will be attenuation due to vegetation etc., and as such there will not be any adverse noise propagation outside the lease boundary. Since the habitations are also away the effect of noise due to mining operations will not be felt at all in the surrounding village. Hence, by implementing the following mitigative measures for noise control, the impact on noise levels will continue to be insignificant:

- Planting rows of native trees along roads, around mine area and other noise generating centres to act as acoustic barriers.
- Sound proof operator's cabin for equipments like shovel, tippers, etc.
- Proper and regular maintenance of equipments may lead to less noise generation.
- Providing in-built mechanism for reducing sound emissions.
- Providing earplugs to workers exposed to higher noise level.
- Conducting regular health check-up of workers including Audiometry test for the workers engaged in noise prone area.
- Displaying the noise level status of operational machinery on the machines to know the extent of noise level and to control the time to which the worker is exposed to higher noise levels.
- Provision of green net in lease periphery



Further green belt and afforestation will be planned and executed to abate noise and dust propagation in the area.

### 11.4.5. VIBRATION:

To reduce ground vibratory conditions, various control measures will be implemented such as keeping PPV below 10mm/s for 8-25hz frequency range, formulating drilling and charging pattern with less explosive charge, initiating sequence and using NONEL, carrying out blasting with minimum charge per delay, avoiding blasting during strong winds etc. By adoption of above measures, it will be ensured that the ground level vibration due to blasting are maintained within the limits prescribed by DGMS, Dhanbad at the mining areas vide Circular No. 7 dated 29 -08-1997. Besides, different blasting time for the projects in the vicinity is suggested and the timing is to be mentioned in the display board in the respective mines entrance. Elaborate details regarding the same are provided under section 4.4.2, Chapter-IV.

### 11.4.6 IMPACT ON LAND ENVIRONMENT:

The entire mine lease area of 2.280 Ha is a own patta land. There is no waste generation anticipated in this quarry operation since the entire excavated material will be utilized. Hence, there is no external overburden dump involved. Plantation will be carried out in this safety zone area. Mining will be carried out up to 20m depth for 5 years. Ultimately the entire mined out area of 1.800 Ha will be left as water body. 0.050 Ha will be the mine roads & infrastructure, 0.360 Ha will be covered with vegetation, and 0.070 will be fencing. Entire mined out area will be properly fenced to prevent inadvertent entry of men and animals. In the post mining stage the rainwater harvested in the mined out void shall be utilized.

### 11.4.7 BIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENT:

Necessary mitigative measures like dust suppression, proper maintenance of equipment's, greenbelt and plantation etc., will be carried out to prevent dust generation & any further impact on the vegetation. In the lease area, safety barrier 7.5m around the periphery and 10m safety zone for cart track is left. Greenbelt / Plantation will be carried out to enhance the vegetative growth and aesthetic in the safety zone area. About 1150 trees will be planted in and around the lease area.

### 11.4.8 SOCIO ECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT:



**Creative Engineers & Consultants** 

The entire lease area is a private patta land. Hence, there are no habitations or hutments in the core zone area and no rehabilitation or resettlement problems will arise here. The mining operations in the proposed quarry will employ about 18 people. Besides through allied opportunities in logistics, trading, repairing works etc. good employment potential will arise in this area, which will provide raising income levels and standards of living in the area through various service related activities connected with the project operations.

Towards the socio economic development of the surrounding area, the proponent has earmarked an amount of Rs.5.0 Lakhs under Corporate Environmental Responsibility. The activities identified under CER will be implemented in a phased manner. In consultation with the locals based on the need & priority it will be implemented.

## 11.4.9 OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY ASPECTS:

In order to ensure minimisation of occupational health and safety problems in the project operation, the following preventive remedial measures will be effectively exercised in the project operations, so as to comply with applicable standards.

- Medical examination of workers at pre-entry level stage of workers, etc., by qualified doctors, with periodical examination of all workers/staff at least once a year, as per DGMS circulars.
- Regular awareness campaigns amongst staff and workers
- Staff will be provided with PPE to guard against excess noise levels, Dust generation and inhalation, etc., as per standards prescribed by DGMS.

## 11.4.10 IMPACT ON LOCAL LOGISTICAL SYSTEM DUE TO PROJECT:

From this proposed quarry the entire output will be transported to the consumers like external crusher units for producing stone aggregates of different sizes or construction of roads, bridges, buildings and other buyers etc. There will be about 3 trips per hour. The transport route can easily absorb this negligible traffic due to this project. The following mitigative measures are suggested for mitigation of adverse impacts on the logistical aspect of the project:

- Water sprinkling on Rough stone in the transport vehicles before transporting, so that no dust nuisance during transport will arise.
- Proper maintenance of transport roads
- Proper maintenance of transport vehicles.



- Avoiding overloading of material
- Covering of loaded vehicles with tarpaulins sheet if warranted.

# 11.4.11 WASTE MANAGEMENT:

Since the entire mined out material will be used there will not be any solid waste generation from this project. There is no process effluent generation from this mine. Hence no liquid waste is generated.

The hazardous waste generated in this mine will be stored in a separate storage area with impervious containers for waste oil, oil contaminated clothes, used lead acid batteries, scraps, tyre storage etc. It will be disposed through authorized recyclers or re-processors periodically. The hazardous wastes will be transported in accordance with the provisions of rules. By effective implementation of above said mitigation measures no major impact due to Hazardous waste is expected.

Single use plastics/ use and throwaway plastics will be banned in the site as directed by the Tamil Nadu Government vide GO(Ms)No.84 regarding ban on use of plastic products. The employees will be encouraged to use compostable material or reusable material.

# 11.5 ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAMME:

The monitoring schedules are planned for systematic study of various pollution levels with respect to air and water qualities, noise levels, etc. to ensure that they conform to the standards laid down by Environmental Protection Act and various statutory Limits.

Monitoring location and the frequency of monitoring shall be suitably modified in consultation with the nodal agency as per the actual requirements and prevailing conditions of the mine and environmental factors, as dictated from time to time, depending on the prevailing pollution levels, if required.

Towards EMP measures, Rs.20.48 Lakhs is allocated under capital cost. Besides, Rs.17.89 Lakhs per annum will be spent under recurring cost. All the recurring cost of maintenance of pollution control measures, environmental monitoring etc., will be met from revenue. Further details of the capital and recurring cost of environmental management has been provided in in Table No. 10.2, Chapter-X.



### 11.6 ADDITIONAL STUDIES:

The additional studies covered for this EIA / EMP report are:

- 1. Public consultation of the project as per MoEF&CC mandates.
- 2. Risk Assessment
- 3. R&R Plan
- 4. Mine closure plan

This draft EIA/EMP report will be exposed to public consultation as per mandatory procedures through the District Collector and State Pollution Control Board officials after giving 30 days advance notice in two local newspapers about the scheduled date and time for conduct of the public hearing procedures. The opinions, concerns and objections of stakeholders will be recorded during the public hearing. All the public queries and the replies to the query by the project proponent and officials concerned will be recorded and incorporated in the EIA/EMP report for approval by SEIAA, Tamil Nadu.

Elaborate description in respect of Risk Assessment and Mine closure plan are given in **Chapter** - **VII**.

Although the individual lease area of this project is less than 5 Ha, the other existing and proposed quarries within the 500m radius along with this subject project works out to >5 Ha. As such cluster situation applicable and this EMP is prepared. The baseline monitoring carried out for this project reflects the cumulative impact of the existing quarry Considering that the lease period of the existing quarry will be coming to an end shortly, this proposed quarry will serve more as a replacement for the existing quarries to ensure meeting the present Roughstone demands. For the proposed quarry of Thiru Jacob Rajamani and the subject project, cumulative impact study has been carried out and salient details are provide below:

<u>Air</u> : The cumulative impact on ambient air quality for  $PM_{10}$  and  $PM_{2.5}$  due to the operations of these proposed projects are predicted based on Air Quality Model simulations. It can be seen that the resultant added concentrations with baseline figures even at worst scenario and cumulative impact of the projects show that the values of ambient air quality with respect to  $PM_{10}$  are in the range of 51. 6 µg/m<sup>3</sup> to 72.1 µg/m<sup>3</sup> and with respect to  $PM_{2.5}$  are in the range of 25.0 µg/m<sup>3</sup> to 35.6 µg/m<sup>3</sup> which are within the statutory stipulations in respective case.



<u>Water</u> : The water requirement for both these project is 12.5KLD comprising 10KLD for S.Ramachandran Quarry and 2.5 KLD for Thiru Jacob Rajamani Quarry. Though it may be sourced from outside agencies initially, for these projects it is planned to use the rain water collected in the mine sump later. Groundwater intersection is not envisaged due to both the quarrying operations. Besides, the stage of groundwater development in Vembakottai Taluk based on technical report of the Central Ground Water Board, South Eastern Costal Region – 'District groundwater brochure, Virudhunagar District.' is categorized as 'Safe' thus proving that there is further scope for groundwater development. Hence, no major impact is expected on groundwater regime due to the cumulative project operations.

**Noise :**Cumulative post project noise levels in the nearby 4 villages are within the statutory limits of 55dB(A). Besides it is proposed to carry out various mitigative measures such as carrying out greenbelt and afforestation to act as acoustic barriers.

**<u>Vibration</u>**: By Carrying out controlled blasting using Nonel millli second delay detonator, Optimum design for burden and spacing & reducing the explosive charge per delay to minimum in both the projects no adverse impact due to blasting vibration is expected.

**Traffic:** The mined out minerals will be transported by means of trucks to the consumers like crusher units for producing stone aggregates of different sizes or construction of roads, bridges, buildings and other buyers etc. The total trips from these projects there will be about 4 trips per hour. The existing road can absorb this traffic due to this project. Various measures like proper maintenance of road, covering of the loaded truck with tarpaulin, water sprinkling will be carried out to ensure no adverse impact on the logistical front.

**Socio-Economy:** The mining operations will provide direct employment opportunity and indirect employment opportunity for scores of people through allied opportunities in logistics, contract workers, trading, repairing works etc. Towards development of the surrounding area, various activities will be carried out under Corporate Environmental Responsibility for these projects.

**Land use:** For the projects, in the post mining stage it will be ensured that the entire mined out area will be properly fenced to prevent inadvertent entry of men and animals. The rainwater harvested in the mined out void shall be utilized to meet the water requirement.



Coniting Describilities

### 11.7 CONCLUSION:

By systematic and scientific mining adhering to all the statutory norms and enforcing and strictly implementing the above said mitigation measures mentioned in this report, no adverse impact is envisaged. The proposed mining project will benefit this region in the fields of potential employment opportunities, improved per capita income for local people, improved social welfare facilities in respect of education, medical healthcare systems, etc. in its own way and also revenue to Government through royalty, taxes etc. Besides, it will meet the raw material requirement of the construction industry also.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*



Couring Touribilities

# CHAPTER 12

# DISCLOSURE OF CONSULTANTS ENGAGED

**Creative Engineers & Consultants,** Chennai is an **NABL** accredited testing laboratory and **NABET** accredited EIA consultancy. Established over 25 years ago, this company has steadily made good strides in the environmental impact assessment fields, and is also one of the first companies to get accredited by NABET as an Accredited Consultant Organization as early as 2011. Creative Engineers & Consultants has to its credit, successful completion of numerous EIA/EMP reports, grant of environmental clearances and periodic environmental monitoring works. Presently, the company has been accredited by NABET as a 'Category-A' organization for the sectors of Mining of Minerals (opencast only), Thermal Power Plants, Mineral Beneficiation and Cement Plants with the accreditation valid upto 23.12.2023. The team of experienced professionals that are a part of this organization has been detailed below.

EXPERT NAME	QUALIFICATION	POSITION	EXPERIENCE
Mr. P. Giri	AMIE (Mining)	EIA Coordinator & Functional area Expert	Over 30 years of experience in EIA/EMP report, mine plan
Mr. K. Shankar	M.Sc (Geology). PGMEMG	(AP,NV,HW), Functional area Expert (GEO, HG, SHW, RH) & IBM approved RQP.	preparation, including modeling Over 25 years of experience in EIA/EMP report, Mine plan, hydrological report preparation
Dr. N. Radhakrishnan	M.Sc., M.Tech., Ph.D	Functional area Expert (Land use)	Over 25 years of experience in using the advanced spatial analysis techniques in GIS environment. Specialized in Spatial Information Technology and Applications (remote sensing, GIS)
Mr.S.S.Rajendran	M.Sc. (Pharmaceutical Chemistry)	Lab head	More than 9 years of experience in Environmental laboratory.

# Figure 12.1: Disclosure of consultants engaged



# DRAFT EIA/EMP REPORT FOR ROUGH STONE AND GRAVEL QUARRY OF THIRU S.RAMACHANDRAN AT 672/3, 674, 675/2, 676/3 OVER AN AREA OF 2.28.0HA IN ETHIRKOTTAI VILLAGE, VEMBAKOTTAI TALUK, VIRUDHUNAGAR DISTRICT, TAMIL NADU

EXPERT NAME	QUALIFICATION	POSITION	EXPERIENCE
			Over 13 years of experience in
			dispersion modeling, computer
	M.A (Sociology),	Functional Area Funct	applications. Specialized in
Mr. R. Babu raj	B.Com(Y.L&Cost),	Functional Area Expert	CAD and computer software,
	ITI, Advance Diploma in Computer application	(Socio Economy)	applications. 5years experience
			in the field of socio economy
			and its allied report preparation.
Mr. B. Govindaraman	B.Sc.	Field technician	Over 20 years of field monitoring & data collection experience
Dr.B.Swamynathan	M.Sc (Ecology & Environmental Sciences), M.Phill (Botany), Ph.D (Ecology & Environmental Sciences)	EIA Coordinator, FAE (EB,SC,LU & AP)	More than 12 years of experience in Environment and allied fields.
Ms. G. Sandhya	B. Tech Chemical Engineering M.Tech Environmental Engineering	EIA Coordinator, FAE (AQ, WP)	Over 5 years experience in preparation of EIA/EMP reports

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*



#### புவியியல் மற்றும் சுரங்கத்துறை

உதவி இயக்குநர் அலுவலகம் இடியல் இது இயல் மாவட்ட ஆட்சியர் அலுவலக வளாகம் விருதுநகர்.

ANALE

4

MAR 2022

ルフ

7

பார்வை:

 $\odot$ 

\_)

J

நாள்: 11.02.2022.

#### குறிப்பாணை

பொருள்: கனிமங்களும் குவாரிகளும் - விருதுருகர் மாவட்டம் -வெம்பக்கோட்டை வட்டம் - எதிர்கோட்டை கிராமம் -பட்டா புல எணக்கள்: 672/3 (0.23.00), 674 (1.20.50), (0.41.50) மற்றும் 676/3 (0.43.00) 675/2 மொத்தப்பரப்பு 2.28.00 ஹெக்டோ பத்து வருடங்களுக்கு உடைகல் மற்றும் கிராவல் குவாரி உரிமம் வழங்கல் - சரியான பரப்பு (Precise Area)-தேர்வு செய்யப்பட்டது - சுரங்கத்திட்டம் மற்றும் மாநில அளவிலான சுற்றுச்சூழல் தாக்க மதிப்பீட்டு இசைவினைப் பெற்று சமர்ப்பிக்க ஆணையத்தின் கோருவது - தொடர்பாக.

- திரு.சு.ராமச்சந்திரன், த/பெ. சுந்தரரெட்டியார், எதிர்கோட்டை விண்ணப்பம் நாள்: 08.09.2021.
- இவ்வலுவலக கடிதம் எண் ந.க.கேவி1/664/2021, நாள்: 15.09.2021.
- சாத்தூர் வருவாய் கோட்டாட்சியர் கடிதம் எண்: மூ.மு.அ2/4675/2021 நாள்: 31.01.2021.
- உதவி இயக்குநர், புவியியல் மற்றும் சுரங்கத்துறை அவர்களின் புலத்தணிக்கை அறிக்கை நாள்: 09.02.2022.
- 1959 -ம் வருடத்திய தமிழ்நாடு சிறுகனிய சலுகை விதிகள் 41 மற்றும் 42.
- . 6. அரசாணை எண்.169 தொழில் (எம்.எம்.சி.1) துறை, நாள்: 04.08.2020.
  - 7. அரசாணை எண்.208, தொழில் (எம்.எம்.சி.1) துறை, நாள்: 21.09.2020.
  - 8. தொடர்புடைய ஆவணங்கள்.

விருதுநகர் மாவட்டம், வெம்பக்கோட்டை வட்டம், எதிர்கோட்டை கிராமம், பட்டா புல **எண்கள்:** 672/3 (0.23.00), 674 (1.20.50), 675/2 (0.41.50) மற்றும் 676/3 (0.43.00) மொத்தப்பரப்பு 2.28.00 ஹெக்டேரில் 10 வருடங்களுக்கு உடைகல்

A1

\*\*\*\*

\$ theating

ցույի Հանիս նորդեպ նրանները։

a,

மற்றும் கிராவல் குவாரி குத்தகை உரிமம் வழங்கக்கோரி விருதுநகர் மாவட்டம், வெம்பக்கோட்டை வட்டம், எதிர்கோட்டை அஞ்சல், E.ரெட்டியாபட்டி கிராமம், கதவு எண்: 1/28 என்ற முகவரியில் குடியிருந்து வரும் திரு.சு.ராமச்சந்திரன், த/பெ. சுந்தரரெட்டியார் என்பவர் பார்வை 1-ல் காணும் விண்ணப்பத்தினை சமர்பித்துள்ளார்.

சாத்தூர் வருவாய் கோட்டாட்சியர் மற்றும் புவியியல் மற்றும் சுரங்கத்துறை, உதவி இயக்குநர் ஆகியோர் கீழ்காணும் நிபந்தனைகளுக்குட்பட்டு மேற்கண்ட புலங்களில் உடைகல், கிராவல் குவாரி குத்தகை உரிமம் ஐந்தாண்டுகளுக்கு வழங்க பரிந்துரை செய்துள்ளனர்.

- அருகிலுள்ள பட்டா நிலங்களுக்கு 7.5 மீ பாதுகாப்பு இடைவெளி விடுத்து குலாரி செய்தல் வேண்டும்,
- புலங்களின் அருகில் செல்லும் வண்டிப்பாதைக்கு 10 மீ பாதுகாப்பு இடைவெளி பேணப்பட வேண்டும்.

0

0

 $\odot$ 

( )

L)

- 3) பொதுமக்கள் / விவசாய நிலங்களுக்கு பாதிப்பு ஏற்படாத வகையில் தகுதி வாய்ந்த அங்கீகரிக்கப்பட்ட நபர்கள் மூலம் வெடிமருந்துகள் சேமிக்கப்பட்டு குவாரியில் வெடித்தல் வேண்டும்.
- சுரங்கத்திட்டம் மற்றும் சுற்றுச்சூழல் தடையில்லாச் சான்று குத்தகை உரிமம் லழங்குவதற்கு முன் சமர்ப்பிக்க வேண்டும்.
- 5) குவாரியில் வேலை செய்யும் தொழிலாளர்கள் தொழிலாளர் நலவாரியம் மற்றும் காப்பீடு திட்டத்தில் பதிவு செய்து தொழிலாளர் நலன் பேணபட வேண்டும்.
- குழந்தை தொழிலாளா்களை குவாரி பணியில் அமா்த்தக் கூடாது.
- 7) கனிமங்களை வாகனங்களில் கொண்டு செல்லும் போது பாதசாரிகள், பொது மக்கள் பாதிக்காதவண்ணம் தார்பாய்கள் கொண்டு மூடி எடுத்துச் செல்ல வேண்டும்.

எனவே, துறை அலுவலர்களின் பரிந்துரையினை ஏற்றும் நிபந்தனைகளுக்கு உட்பட்டும், விருதுநகர் மாவட்டம், வெம்பக்கோட்டை வட்டம், எதிர்கோட்டை கிராமம், பட்டா புல எண்கள்: 672/3 (0.23.00), 674 (1.20.50), 675/2 (0.41.50) மற்றும் 676/3 (0.43.00) மொத்தப்பரப்பு 2.28.00 ஹெக்டேர் நிலத்திற்கு 1959-ம் வருடத்திய தமிழ்நாடு சிறுகனிம் சலுகை விதிகள் விதி என்: 19 மற்றும் 20-ன்படி ஐந்து வருடகாலத்திற்கு உடைகல் மற்றும் கிராவல் குவாரி உரிமம் வழங்க தகுதி வாய்ந்த நிலப்பரப்பாக (Precisc area) கருதப்படுகிறது.



தமிழ்நாடு சிறுகனிம சலுகை விதிகள்-1959 விதி எண்: 41ன்படி குவாரி பணி 7 MAR 2022 மேற்கொள்வது தொடர்பாக வரைவு சுரங்கத் திட்டத்தினை (Mining Plan) 90 தினங்களுக்குள் சமர்ப்பிக்குமாறும், விதி எண்: 42-ன்படி மாநில அளவிலான சுற்றுச்சூழல் தாக்க மதிப்பீட்டு ஆணையத்தின் (State Level Environmental Impact Assessment Authority) இசைவினைப் பெற்று சமர்ப்பிக்குமாறும் மனுதாரா திரு.சு.ராயச்சந்திரன் கேட்டுக் கொள்ளப்படுகிறார்.

உத்வி இயக்குநா

**இயக்குந**ர் இதன்றன் ம

புவியியல் மற்றும் சுரங்கத்துறை, விருதுநகர்

#### பெறாரர்

திரு.சு.ராமச்சந்திரன், த/பெ. சுந்தரரெட்டியார் கதவு எண்: 1/28 E.ரெட்டியாபட்டி கிராமம், எதிர்கோட்டை அஞ்சல், வெம்பக்கோட்டை வட்டம், விருதுநகர் மாவட்டம்.



#### நகல்

உறுப்பினர் செயலர், மாநில சுற்றுசூழல் தாக்க மதிப்பீட்டு ஆணையம் (SEIAA), சென்னை.

S. Flankly

#### From

Thiru.T.Selvasekar, M.Sc., Assistant Director, Geology and Mining, Virudhunagar. **To** Thiru.Ramachandran, S/o.Sri.Sundarareddiyar, No:1/28, North Street, E.T.Reddiapatti,

#### E.T.Reddiapatti, Ethirkottai Post, Vembakottai Taluk, Virudhunagar District.

#### Roc.No: KV1/664/2021, Dated: 17.03.2022.

Sir,

- Sub: Mines and Minerals Minor Mineral Virudhunagar District - Vembakottai Taluk – Ethirkottai Village – Patta Land - S.F.Nos: 672/3 (0.23.00), 674 (1.20.50), 675/2 (0.41.50) and 676/3 (0.43.00) – Extent 2.28.00 Hectares – Quarry lease application preferred by Thiru.Ramachandran for quarrying Rough Stone and Gravel - Approval of Mining Plan - Regarding.
- **Ref:** 1. Quarry lease application received from Thiru.Ramachandran dated: 08.09.2021.
  - The Assistant Director, Geology and Mining, Virudhunagar Rc.No.KV1/664/2021, Dated: 11.02.2022.
  - 3. Thiru.Ramachandran letter, dated: 17.03.2022.

Thiru.Ramachandran has preferred an application for the grant of quarrying lease to quarry Rough Stone and Gravel over an extent of 2.28.00 Hectares of Patta Land in S.F.Nos: 672/3 (0.23.00), 674 (1.20.50), 675/2 (0.41.50) and 676/3 (0.43.00) of Ethirkottai Village, Vembakottai Taluk in Virudhunagar District for a period of Five Years (5) Under Rule 19 of Tamil Nadu Minor Mineral Concession Rules 1959.

2) The application was examined and consented to grant lease to quarrying Rough Stone and Gravel over an extent of 2.28.00 Hectares of Patta Land in S.F.Nos: 672/3 (0.23.00), 674 (1.20.50), 675/2 (0.41.50) and 676/3 (0.43.00) for a period of Five Years (5) subject to produce Mining Plan for approval.

3) The applicant has submitted the Mining Plan, prepared as per guidelines issued by the Commissioner of Geology and Mining and as per Rules and Acts. The Geological and Mineable reserves are



discussed in Part – A of the Plan. The applicant can quarry the mineral in the following measurements:-

Mineral	Section	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Volume CUM	Total Volume CUM
	PQ-AB	66	136	3.0	26928	
Gravel	PQ-CD	46	76	3.0	10488	68,424
	PQ-EF	76	136	3.0	31008	
117	PQ-AB	66	136	2.0	17952	
Weathered	PQ-CD	46	76	2.0	6992	45,616
Rock	PQ-EF	76	136	2.0	20672	
D - 1	PQ-AB	66	136	20.0	179520	3
Rough	PQ-CD	46	76	20.0	69920	4,56,160
Stone	PQ-EF	76	136	20.0	206720	×
	eological Re l pit quanti =60π		the appli		•	0,200 ,560
то	TAL GEOL	OGICAL R	ESERVES	i	5,53	3,640

## GEOLOGICAL RESERVES (As Per Mining Plan)

77

# MINEABLE RESERVES (As per Mining Plan)

Mineral	Section	BENCH	Length (m)	Width (m)	Depth (m)	Volume CUM	Mineable Reserves in CUM
	PQ-AB	I	58	121	3.0	21054	
Gravel	PQ-CD	I	46	61	3.0	21034 8418	46,896
	PQ-EF	I	48	121	3.0	17424	
Weathe	PQ-AB	I	58	121	2.0	14036	
red	PQ-CD	I	46	61	2.0	5612	31,264
Rock	PQ-EF	I	48	121	2.0	11616	
	PQ-AB	II	53	111	5.0	29415	
	PQ-AB	III	48	101	5.0	29410	
	PQ-AB	IV	43	91	5.0	19565	
Rough Stone	PQ-AB	v	38	81	5.0	15390	2,39,140
Stone	PQ-CD	11	46	51	5.0	11730	
	PQ-CD	III	46	41	5.0	9430	
*	PQ-CD	IV	46	31	5.0	7130 4830	

( F. Failing-

78

PQ-EF PQ-EF PQ-EF	II III IV	68 63 58	111 101 <sub>、</sub> 91	5.0 5.0 5.0	37740 31815 26390	
PQ-EF	v	53	81	5.0	21465	

## Yearwise Production Schedule (As per Mining Plan)

			Length	Width	Depth	1	Volume in Cl	UM	Total Production
Year	Section	Bench	(m)	(m)	(m)	Gravel	Weathered Rock	Rough Stone	on Cu.m
	PQ-AB	I	58	121	3.0	21054			
I Year	PQ-AB	I	58	1,21	2.0		14036	77	64,505
	PQ-AB	II	53	111	5.0	177.77	( <u>1997)</u> ,	29415	V
	PQ-CD	Ι	46	61	3.0	8418			
	PQ-CD	I.	46	61	2.0	*	5612		
	PQ-CD	Π,	<u>46</u> .	51	5.0	1000		11730	
II Year	PQ-CD	III	46	41	5.0	1000		9430	66,560
	PQ-CD	ΙV	46	31	5.0			7130	
	PQ-AB	$\Pi$	48	101	5.0			24240	
	PQ-EF	I	48,	121	3.0	17424			
III Year	PQ-EF	I	48	121	2.0		11616		66,780 -
	PQ-EF	II	63	111	5.0			37740	00,700 9
IV Year	PQ-EF	III	63	101	5.0	-202		31815	
	PQ-EF	١V	58	91	5.0		1404	26390	63,035
	PQ-CD	v	46	21	5.0			4830	
V Year	PQ-AB	IV	48	91	5.0	) =====		19565	
	PQ-AB	v	38	81	5.0		5757	15390	56,420
	PQ-EF	v	53	81	<u>5.0</u>	17474		21465	
	TOI	AL PRO	DUCTION	ſ		46,896	31,264	2,39,140	3,17,300

The available mineable reserves have been computed as **2,39,140 m<sup>3</sup>** as Rough Stone, Gravel as **46,896 m<sup>3</sup>**, Weathered rock **31,264 m<sup>3</sup>** up to the depth of **25m** from the ground level.

A6

(2) S. Balty

The Environmental Management Plan and Mine closure plan are discussed Part - B 9 & 10 and all conditions has been incorporated in the Mining Plan as laid down by the authorities.

4) In view of the above, in exercise of the powers delegated under Rule 41 of Tamil Nadu Minor Mineral Concession Rules, 1959, I hereby approve the Mining Plan submitted by Thiru.Ramachandran for quarrying Rough Stone and Gravel over an extent of 2.28.00 Hectares of Patta Land in S.F.Nos: 672/3 (0.23.00), 674 (1.20.50), 675/2 (0.41.50) and 676/3 (0.43.00) of Ethirkottai Village, Vembakottai Taluk and Virudhunagar District for a period of 5 years to obtain Environment Clearance from SEIAA, Chennai subject to the following conditions:

- 1. The Mining Plan is approved without prejudice to any other law applicable to the quarry permission from time to time where such Laws are made by the State Government or any other authority.
- 2. This approval of the Mining Plan does not in any way imply the approval of the Government in terms of any other provisions of the Tamil Nadu Minor Mineral Concession Rules, 1959.
- 3. The Mining Plan is approved without prejudice to any other order or direction from any court of competent jurisdiction.
- 4. The approval of the Mining Plan does not in any way imply the approval of the Government in terms of any other provisions of the Mines and Minerals (Development and Regulation) Amendment Act, 2015 or any other connected Laws including, Environment Protection Act, 1986, and the Rules made there under in Tamil Nadu Minor Mineral Concession Rules, 1959.

**Encl:** Two copies of Mining Plan.

Assistant Director

Geology and Mining, Virudhunagar.

**Copy to:** The Member Secretary, State Level Environmental Impact Assessment Authority, PanagalMaligai, No. I Jeenis Road, Saidapet, Chennai-15.

( Faulty

#### From

Thiru.T.Selvasekar, M.Sc., Assistant Director, Geology and Mining, Virudhunagar. Thiru.Ramachandran, S/o.Sri.Sundarareddiyar, No:1/28, North Street, E.T.Reddiapatti, Ethirkottai Post, Vembakottai Taluk, Virudhunagar District.

#### Roc.No: KV1/664/2021, Dated: 17.03.2022.

To

Sir,

- Sub: Mines and Minerals Minor Mineral -Virudhunagar District - Vembakottai Taluk – Ethirkottai Village – Patta Land - S.F.Nos: 672/3 (0.23.00), 674 (1.20.50), 675/2 (0.41.50) and 676/3 (0.43.00) – Extent 2.28.00 Hectares – Quarry lease application preferred by Thiru.Ramachandran for quarrying Rough Stone and Gravel - Details of quarries in 500 meter radius - Regarding.
- **Ref:** 1. Quarry lease application received from Thiru.Ramachandran dated: 08.09.2021.
  - 2. The Assistant Director, Geology and Mining, Virudhunagar Rc.No.KV1/664/2021, Dated: 11.02.2022.
  - 3. Thiru.Ramachandran letter, dated: 17.03.2022.

\*\*\*\*\*

Thiru.Ramachandran has preferred an application for the grant of quarrying lease to quarry Rough Stone and Gravel over an extent of 2.28.00 Hectares of Patta Land in S.F.Nos: 672/3 (0.23.00), 674 (1.20.50), 675/2 (0.41.50) and 676/3 (0.43.00) of Ethirkottai Village, Vembakottai Taluk and Virudhunagar District for a period of 5 (Five) Years Under Rule 19 of Tamil Nadu Minor Mineral Concession Rules 1959.

The applicant Thiru.Ramachandran in the reference 3<sup>rd</sup> cited has requested to furnish details of quarries situated within 500 m radial distance from the applied area.

@ S. Raultie

8)

In this connection, it is informed that the details of quarry situated within 500 meter radius from the proposed area for Environmental Clearance as detailed below:

# 1) Details of quarry within 500 m radius from the applied area

S. No	Quarry detail	Village	S.F. No.& Extent (Hect)	Proceedings No. & Lease Period
I	Existing Quarry:			
1,	Thiru.S.Ramachandran	Ethirkottai	649/1,649/3 668,670,687/3 688/2 <b>3.94.5</b>	KV1/373/2017 Dated: 05-05-2018 07.07.2018 to 06.07.2023
2.	Thiru. T. Kannan, S/o. R. Thirupathi Naicker.	Ethirkottai	640/2 642/3B, 644/2B <b>1.86.0</b>	KV1/15122/2016, Dated: 06.11.2017 20.11.2017 to 19.11.2022
II	Abandoned Quarry:	- Nil-		
III	<b>Present Proposed Quarr</b>	y:		
1.	Thiru.Ramachandran	Ethirkottei	672/3, 674, 675/2, 676/3 <b>2.28.00</b>	KV1/664/2021 Dated: 11.02.2022
2.	Thiru.S.Kannan, S/o.SubbaNaickar,	Ethirkottai	678/1, 678/3 & 679 <b>1.32.0</b>	df-12.08.2009 14.uz1692/2009
3.	Thiru.T.K.Barath	Ethirkottai	639/2 , 650, 651/1, 651/2 652 etc., <b>4.07.0</b>	KV1/413/2018 16.04.2018
4.	Thiru.T.Raghavan, S/o. Thiruppathi,	Kangar Seval	310 311/2 <b>1.38.50</b>	KV1/382/2019 Dated: 04.07.2020
			14.86.00	

# 2) The dimension of the existing pit in the area applied for leases is given below.

	Length	Width	Depth
	(Max)	(Max)	(Max)
	(M)	(M)	(M)
Pit - 1	60	40	6

DAS S. Thanking.

S1. No.	Extent	SF. Nos.	Village & Taluk	Proceedings No. & date	Period
1	5.03.50	672/3, 674, 675/2, 676/3 etc.,	Ethirkottai & Sivakasi	KV1/2214/2003 Dated: 03.10.2003	03.11.2003 To 02.11.2008

# 3) The period of the earlier Quarry operations (Expired)

Environmental	Proceedings & Lease	Permit i Transj Quar	orted	
Clearance	Period	Rough Stone	Gravel	Depth (m)
- 	KV1/2214/2003 Dated: 03.10.2003 03.11.2003 To 02.11.2008	10,000 Cu.m	3,500 Cu.m	бт (Average)

3/6 Assistant Director, Geology and Mining, Virudhunagar.

82

80

Copy to:

The Member Secretary, State Level Environmental Impact Assessment Authority, PanagalMaligai, No. I Jeenis Road, Saidapet, Chennai-15.

\$ S. Bamthy

N N	No. of	Name of	Rural /	HOUSE		POPULATION	NC	POPULAT	POPULATION BELOW 6 AGE	V 6 AGE	SCH	SCHEDULE CASTE	STE	SCH	SCHEDULE TRIBE	IBE		LITRERATES			ILLITRERATES	s
	Villages	village	urban	HOLDS	TOTAL	MALE	F.MALE	TOTAL	MALE	F.MALE	TOTAL	MALE	F.MALE	TOTAL	MALE	F. MALE	TOTAL	MALE	F.MALE	TOTAL	MALE	F.MALE
m,Siv	km,Sivakasi Sub	Sub-District, Virudhunagar District	gar District																			
		Edirkottai	Rura	1203	4329	9 2129	2200	465	254	211	331	156	175	0	0	0	3086	1656	1430	1243	473	770
	2 Ka	Kangaraseval	Rural	429	1627			180	96	84	408	187	221	0	0	0	1047	561	486	580	229	351
	<u>е</u>	total (A)		1632	5956	6 2919	3037	645	350	295	739	343	396	0	0	0	4133	2217	1916	1823	702	1121
2-5 km,Sivakasi	akasi Sub	Sub-District, Virudhunagar District	lar District							1		1										
_	1 K	Kananjampatti	Rura	1086	3791			450	237	213	695	364	331	0	0	0	2554	1391	1163	1237	494	743
		Alangulam (Part)	Rura	508	1924			164	<u> 9</u> 6	69	480	247	233	0	0	0	1473	812	661	451	192	259
		Kundayiruppu	Rural	1846	6812		3447	852	424	428	1677	820	857	0	0	0	4602	2498	2104	2210	867	1343
	4 Ki	Kilanmarinadu	Rural	637	2388	8 1190	1198	252	116	136	525	261	264	0	0	0	1614	914	700	774	276	498
	8	total (B)		4077	14915	5 7444	7471	1718	872	846	3377	1692	1685	0	0	0	10243	5615	4628	4672	1829	2843
km,Siv	5-10 km,Sivakasi Sut	Sub-District, Virudhunagar District	Igar District														i					
	1 N	Naranapuram (Part)	Rura	609	2031	1 987	1044	253	140	113	591	294	297	0	0	0	1217	999	551	814	321	493
	2 Ar	Anaiyur (Part)	Rura	1364	4919	9 2408	2511	610	288	322	2630	1281	1349	0	0	0	3523	1882	1641	1396	526	870
	3 W	Maraneri	Rura	2706	9746	6 4733	5013	1046	508	538	4251	2110	2141	0	0	0	6555	3519	3036	3191	1214	1977
	4 Du	Duraiswamipuram	Rura	2332	8642			901	442	459	3028	1515	1513	0	0	0	5597	3111	2486	3045	1159	1886
		Nadukkudi	Rural	1348	4797			575	296	279	2439	1231	1208	0	0	0	3122	1717	1405	1675	666	1009
	6 V€	Vettilaiyurani	Rural	1285	4773	~	.,	531	255	276	1979	964	1015	0	0	0	3357	1822	1535	1416	530	886
	7 St	Subramaniyapuram	Rural	544	1879			209	111	98	222	108	114	0	0	0	1166	636	530	713	278	435
	8 Se	Salvarpatti	Rural	1029	3563	3 1776		453	232	221	340	162	178	0	0	0	2067	1192	875	1496	584	912
	6	Vijayarengapuram	Rura	793	2977		1506	400	197	203	1455	703	752	0	0	0	1832	1036	796	1145	435	710
	10 Ta	Tayilupatti	Rura	2704	9684	7	4887	953	498	455	1338	671	667	111	58	53	6527	3636	2891	3157	1161	1996
		Kongankulam	Rura	318	1050			87	44	43	138	64	74	0	0	0	761	409	352	289	98	191
		Vembakottai	Rural	1196	4478			573	285	288	756	371	385	0	0	0	3128	1714	1414	1350	511	839
		Vijayakarisalkulam	Rural	1055	3981			485	255	230	298	145	153	0	0	0	2492	1441	1051	1489	582	907
		Panaiyadippatti	Rural	848	3005	1	1498	299	156	143	873	433	440	0	0	0	2111	1177	934	894	330	564
		Surarpatti	Rural	406	1523		772	195	103	92	666	496	503	0	0	0	933	525	408	590	226	364
	16 La	Lakshmipuram	Rural	1603	5610	0 2771	2839	577	251	326	1327	652	675	5	3	2	3847	2156	1691	1763	615	1148
Sattur Sub	b-District, \	Sub-District, Virudhunagar District					-					Ī			-							
		Sankarapandiyapuram	Rura	893	3200			315	163	152	1116	540	576	0	0	0	2096	1171	925	1104	409	695
		Thlukkankurichchi	Rura	655	2294			269	135	134	143	99	27	0	0	0	1409	781	628	885	335	550
	3 Se	Sevalpatti	Rura	1316	4806			569	288	281	579	307	272	21	12	<b>б</b>	3098	1795	1303	1708	643	1065
	4 Kı	Kuganparai	Rural	394	1290	0 641	649	119	61	58	167	78	89	0	0	0	899	489	410	391	152	239
Sivakasi Sı	Sub-Distric	Sub-District, Virudhunagar District	rict																			
		Naranapuram (CT)	Urban	3303	11665		5899	1376	685	691	1372	661	711	2	-	-	7979	4336	3643	3686	1430	2256
		Anaiyur (CT)	Urban	6884	24436			2620	1349	1271	2142	1047	1095	ω	ო	5	17469	9344	8125	6967	2716	4251
		Viswanatham (CT)	Urban	7134	25555	Ì	12782	2770	1410	1360	3672	1818	1854	10	7	З	18040	9843	8197	7515	2930	4585
	4 Ai	Alangulam (CT)	Urban	1364	493			456	236	220	807	398	409	-	1	0	3809	2052	1757	1121	423	696
	Ĭ	Total (C)		23398	150834			16641	8388	8253	32662	16115	16547	158	85	73	103034	56450	46584	47800	18274	29526
	Ċ	Conditional Longe				and a set of the set o																

					OCCUPA		1	<u>SIRUCIURE IN</u>			I NE SI UNT AKEA						
	No. of	Name of	Rural /	MAIN V	MAIN WORKERS	CULT	CULTIVATORS	AGRI L	AGRI LABOURS	HOUSE	е ногр	1TO	OTHERS	MARGINA	MARGINAL WORKERS	NON V	NON WORKERS
ON'IC	Villages	village	urban	MALE	F.MALE	MALE	F.MALE	MALE	F.MALE	MALE	F.MALE	MALE	F.MALE	MALE	F.MALE	MALE	F.MALE
02 km,Siva	ıkasi Sub-Di.	0-2 km,Sivakasi Sub-District, Virudhunagar District	ų.														
-	-	Edirkottai	Rura	1178	836	02	34	44	37	11	5	1053	760	131	182	820	1182
7	2	Kangaraseval	Rura	478	413	52	38	114	139	ю	5	309	231	9	22	306	402
		total (A)		1656	1249	122	72	158	176	14	10	1362	991	137	204	1126	1584
2-5 km,Sivai	kasi Sub-Dis	2-5 km,Sivakasi Sub-District, Virudhunagar District															
e	-	Kananjampatti	Rura	1052	853	36	20	34	29	43	49	626	755	85	132	748	921
4	7	Alangulam (Part)	Rura	547	340	21	9	42	58	6	14	475	262	6	6	448	571
5	с	Kundayiruppu	Rura	1707	1406	141	87	344	472	26	19	1196	828	220	251	1438	1790
9	4	Kilanmarinadu	Rura	648	417	38	21	53	141	80	14	549	241	75	86	467	695
		total (B)		3954	3016	236	134	473	700	86	96	3159	2086	389	478	3101	3977
5-10 km,Sivakasi		Sub-District, Virudhunagar District	*														
7	-	Naranapuram (Part)	Rura	572	492	28	15	23	15	7	ω	514	454	6	23	406	529
80	2	Anaiyur (Part)	Rura	1406	1113	73	29	103	06	7	55	1223	939	21	43	981	1355
ი	e	Maraneri	Rura	2806	2315	67	53	96	78	44	94	2569	2090	24	24	1903	2674
10	4	Duraiswamipuram	Rura	2214	1887	226	127	196	225	34	47	1758	1488	334	353	1722	2132
11	5	Nadukkudi	Rura	1327	1156	109	69	154	164	<b>б</b>	23	1055	006	117	152	626	1106
12	9	Vettilaiyurani	Rura	1184	857	27	30	81	38	26	21	1000	768	228	240	940	1324
13	2	Subramaniyapuram	Rura	498	355	58	33	7	5	ę	÷	430	316	37	107	379	503
14	ø	Salvarpatti	Rura	1043	866	59	36	30	26	10	7	944	929	18	39	715	750
15	6	Vijayarengapuram	Rura	867	298	20	13	18	14	11	84	818	756	8	26	596	613
16	10	Tayilupatti	Rura	2889	2420	41	19	16	29	19	20	2813	2352	64	46	1844	2421
17	1	Kongankulam	Rura	320	271	11	7	197	222	-	0	111	42	ю	-	184	271
18	12	Vembakottai	Rura	1251	262	50	10	133	87	<b>б</b>	10	1059	688	88	219	988	1239
19	13	Vijayakarisalkulam	Rura	1088	1041	135	111	69	52	9	30	878	848	28	31	206	886
20	14	Panaiyadippatti	Rura	903	820	40	34	96	82	2	2	765	702	28	32	576	646
21	15	Surarpatti	Rura	274	254	4	7	34	22	0	0	236	225	185	195	292	323
22	16	Lakshmipuram	Rural	1570	1198	128	123	507	607	21	26	914	442	119	61	1082	1580
Sattur Sub-	District, Viru	Sattur Sub-District, Virudhunagar District															
23	٢	Sankarapandiyapuram	Rura	961	797	123	89	227	200	4	3	607	505	14	24	605	662
24	2	Thlukkankurichchi	Rura	699	594	8	5	76	44	6	5	576	540	49	86	398	498
25	3	Sevalpatti	Rura	1474	1159	59	23	178	229	16	42	1221	865	19	50	945	1159
26	4	Kuganparai	Rura	433	412	165	150	61	107	24	21	183	134	14	20	194	217
Sivakasi Su	Ib-District, VI	Sub-District, Virudhunagar District															
27	-	Naranapuram (CT)	Urban	3550	2610	28	3	31	10	44	92	3447	2505	42	99	2174	3223
28	7	Anaiyur (CT)	Urban	6745	3957	33	17	61	57	85	98	6566	3785	471	337	4844	8082
29	3	Viswanatham (CT)	Urban	7687	4712	19	3	45	19	97	262	7526	4428	133	171	4953	7899
30	4	Alangulam (CT)	Urban	1350	618	98	11	191	232	61	24	1000	351	103	112	1022	1725
		total (C)		43081	31698	1689	1017	2630	2654	549	975	38213	27052	2156	2458	29487	41954
		Grand Total (A+B+C)		48691	35963	2047	1223	3261	3530	649	1081	42734	30129	2682	3140	33714	47515

**OCCUPATIONAL STRUCTURE IN THE STUDY AREA** 

\*Source: District Primary Cences Absract, Virudhunagar District of Tamilnadu State-2011

**EDUCATIONAL FACILITIES IN THE STUDY AREA** 

Educational Go			Go	Govt Pre - Primary	Govt	Govt	Govt	Govt Senior	Govt Arts	Govt	Govt	Govt	Covie	Govt	Government	Government
School Primary (Nursery/LKG/UKG) School (Numbers)	Educational School Primary Facilities (Nursery/LKG/UKG) School (A(1)/ NA(2)) (Numbers) (Numbers)	School Primary (Nursery/LKG/UKG) School (Numbers)	Primary School (Numbers)		Ξ	Middle School (Numbers)	Secondary School (Numbers)	Secondary School (Numbers)	and science Degree College (Numbers)	Engineering College (Numbers)	Medicine College (Numbers)	Management Institute (Numbers)	Govr Polytechnic (Numbers)	vocational Training School/ITI (Numbers)	Non Formal Training Centre (Numbers)	School For Disabled (Numbers)
02 km,Sivakasi Sub-District, Virudhunagar District	ub-District, Virudhunagar District	District														
1 Edirkottai 1 2 2 2	1 2			2		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
2 Kangaraseval 1 2 1	1 2	2		1	_	٢	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	٢	0
total (A) 4 3	4	4		3		٢	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
2-5 km,Sivakasi Sub-District, Virudhunagar District	ib-District, Virudhunagar District	District														
1 Kananjampatti 1 4 4	1 4			4		2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0
2 Alangulam (Part) 1 5 3	<b>1</b> 5			3		Э	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
3 Kundayiruppu 1 3 3	1 3			3		٦	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
4 Kilanmarinadu 1 2 1	L		2 1	٢		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	٢	0
total (B) 14 11	14			11	_	9	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	0
5-10 km, Sivakasi Sub-District, Virudhunagar District	ub-District, Virudhunagar District	r District			1											
1 Naranapuram (Part) 1 6 2	1 6			7	<u> </u>	ო	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	e	0
2 Anaiyur (Part) 1 9 6	<b>1</b> 9	6		9	_	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	0
3 Maraneri 1 2 3	1 2	2		e	<u> </u>	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	e	0
4 Duraiswamipuram 1 0 4	•			4	-	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0
5 Nadukkudi 1 3 3	3			e	1	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	e	0
1 3	1 3	3		2		1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
7 Subramaniyapuram 1 2 2	1 2			2		1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ю	0
8 Salvarpatti 1 2 2 2	1 2			2		٢	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
9 Vijayarengapuram 1 3 2	1 3			2		٦	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
10 Trayilupatti 1 1 5 5	<b>1</b> 5	5		2		n	2	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0
11 Kongankulam 1 1 0	1 1	1 1 0	1 0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12 Vembakottai 1 4 5	1 4			5		٢	1	٦	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	٢
Vijayakarisalkulam 1 2	1 2			2		1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
14 Panaiyadippatti 1 3 6	1 3			9	-	٢	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	0
15 Surarpatti 1 2 3	1 2			е		1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Э	0
16 Lakshmipuram 1 4 4 4	1 4			4		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0
Sub-District, Virudhunagar District	, Virudhunagar District															
1 Sankarapandiyapuram 1 3 4	1 3			4	-	-	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0
2 Thlukkankurichchi 1 1 2	-	1 1 2	1 2	2		-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
3 Sevalpatti 1 5 2	1 5			2		-	1	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0
4 Kuganparai 1 1 1	1	-	۲	-	1	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	۲	0
	61			60	L	24	12	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	62	÷
Grand Total (A+B+C) 79 74	42			74		31	14	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	76	-

\*Source: District Primary Cences Absract, Virudhunagar District of Tamilnadu State-2011

SI.No	No. of Villages	Name of village	Medical Facilities (A(1)/NA(2))	Community Health Centre (Numbers)	Primary Health Primary Heallth Centre Sub Centre (Numbers) (Numbers)	Primary Heallth Sub Centre (Numbers)	Child Welfare Centre (Numbers)	TB Clinic (Numbers)	Hospital Allopathic (Numbers)	Alternative Medicine (Numbers)	Dispensary (Numbers)	Veterinary Hospital (Numbers)	Mobile Health Clinic (Numbers)	Family Welfare Centre (Numbers)
2 km,Si	vakasi Sub-	0-2 km, Sivakasi Sub-District, Virudhunagar District	ict											
-	-	Edirkottai	-	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	2	Kangaraseva	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
T		total (A)		0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2-5 km,Sivakasi	vakasi Sub-l	Sub-District, Virudhunagar District	ict											
e	-	Kananjampatti	2	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	2	Alangulam (Part)	۲	۲-	-	-	-	-	0	0	Ł	1	0	~
5		Kundayiruppu	٢	0	0	ę	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9		Kilanmarinadu	۲	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		total (B)		1	-	9	-	1	0	0	£	1	0	-
5-10 km,Sivakasi		Sub-District, Virudhunagar District	rict											
7	+	Naranapuram (Part)	٢	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
æ	2	Anaiyur (Part)	-	0	0	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	3	Maraneri	1	0	-	1	٢	1	0	0	1	1	0	-
10	4	Duraiswamipuram	-	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0
11	5	Nadukkudi	-	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12	9	Vettilaiyurani	-	0	0	٢	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13		Subramaniyapuram	L	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14		Salvarpatti	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15	6	Vijayarengapuram	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16		Tayilupatti	1	0	r-	Ł	٢	1	0	0	٢	1	0	٢
17	11	Kongankulam	1	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18		Vembakottai	-	0	0	-	-	0	0	0	0	-	0	0
19	13	Vijayakarisalkulam	-	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	14	Panaiyadippatti	1	0	0	1	٢	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21		Surarpatti	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22	16	Lakshmipuram	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sattur Sul	b-District, Vi	Sub-District, Virudhunagar District												
23	-	Sankarapandiyapuram	-	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
24	2	Thlukkankurichchi	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25	n	Sevalpatti	-	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
26	4	Kuganparai	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		total (C)		0	2	16	5	2	0	0	2	4	0	2
		Grand Total (A+B+C)		1	3	23	9	3	0	0	3	5	0	3

**MEDICAL FACILITIES IN THE STUDY AREA** 

Note : A: Available, NA- Not Available

Agricultural Credit Societies		Ļ	2		ç	V T		-		2	1	1	+	1	2	2	-	2	1	1	2	2	.7 0	.N	<del>.</del> –	c	4 7		-				
Cooperative Ag Bank Cred		1	2		_	7 4	- 2	2	-	2	1	2	1	1	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2			~				-				
																. •	. •							-				ľ					
Commercial Bank		2	2		c	v +	- ~	2		2	2	1	F	2	2	2	2	2	٢	2	۲-	2	.7 0	N	2	ç	4 C	7 7	2				
Railway Station		2	2		c	N +	- 2	2		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	.7 0	7	2	c	4 C	7 7	2				
Public Bus Service		2	2		c	N C	7 0	2		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2		7	2	c	4 C	1 0	2				
Mobile Phone Coverage	'	1	-		-			-		-	1	2	+	1	-	2	-	+	٢	-	-	-	-	-	-	÷			٢				
Telephone (landlines)		-	-		7			-		-	1	1	1	1	٢	-	-	1	-	-	٢	-	- ,		~	÷			Ł				
Post And Telegraph Office		2	2		¢	v <del>.</del>	- 0	5	-	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	-	2	£	2	77 0	7	2	c	4 C	v <del>.</del>	2				
Sub Post Office		-	-		c	ν.		2		-	1	1	٢	-	-	-	-	2	2	2	-	-	- (	.7	-	÷	- c	<b>→ ←</b>	-				
Post Office		2	2		c	v +	- ~	2		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	١	2	-	2	7 0	7	2	6	1 C	4	2				
Tank/Pond/Lake		2	2		c	v c	7 7	5		~	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	7.7	2	Ţ	- c	2	2	e-2011			
River/Canal		2	2		Ţ	- c	7 0	2		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	-	2	5	.7 0	N	7	6	4 C	7 7	2	nilnadu Stat			
e Spring		2	٢		¢	ч c	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	2		2	2	2	2	-	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	N 0	7	2	¢	1 c	1 0	2	ct of Tar			
Hand Tube Spring		2	٢		Ŧ		-   -	-		-	1	1	٢	2	۲	-	-	+	-	-	Ł	-		<del>.</del> -	~	Ŧ			Ł	agar Distri			
Hand Pump W		2	٢		*		- ~	-		~	٢	٢	٢	-	۲	2	-	-	٢	٢	-	2	- ,		-	¢	1 -		F	rudhun			
Covered Well		٢	2		¢	ч <del>.</del>	- ~	2		2	٢	1	2	2	2	2	-	-	2	2	-	2	2 0	7	~	ç	1 C	10	2	ract, Vi			
Tap Water- Treated	gar District	-	٦	gar District	Ţ			-	agar District	-	1	1	٢	1	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	-	-		-	+			2	cences Abs			
Name of vi <b>ll</b> age	Sub-District, Virudhunagar District	Edirkottai	(angaraseval	2-5 km, Sivakasi Sub-District, Virudhunagar District	(accelement)	Nariarijarripatu Alana∵Jam /Dod)	Kundaviruppu Kundaviruppu	Glanmarinadu	5-10 km, Sivakasi Sub-District, Virudhunagar District	Naranapuram (Part)	Anaiyur (Part)	Maraneri	Duraiswamipuram	Nadukkudi	Vettilaiyurani	Subramaniyapuram	Salvarpatti	Vijayarengapuram	Tayilupatti	Kongankulam	Vembakottai	Vijayakarisalkulam	Panaiyadippatti	Surarpatti	Lakshmipuram	3ub-District, Viruanunagar District 1 Sankaranandivanuram	Third contrained and the second s	Sevalpatti	Kuganparai	Source: District Primary Cences Absract, Virudhunagar District of Tamilnadu State-2011	Note : A: Available, NA- Not Available		
No. of Villages	0 - 2 km, Sivakasi S	1 E	2	ivakasi S			v m	4	Sivakasi	-		3 N			9		8		10 T						16 L					*Source	Vote : A: A	A(1)/NA(2)	
SI.No	-2 km,S	+	2	5 km,S	¢	0 -	ۍ t	9	10 km,	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	02.0	17	22		24	25 25	26	-	~	4	

LAND USE PATTERN IN THE STUDY AREA

\*Source: District Primary Cences Absract, Virudhunagar District of Tamilnadu State-2011



(NABET ACCREDITED, NABL ACCREDITED TESTING LABORATORY, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND COMMERCE REGISTERED COMPANY

# **AMBIENT AIR QUALITY**

Project	:	Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry Of Thiru. S. Ramachandran
Name of the Location	:	Near Mine Lease Area
Station Code	:	A1

SL.NO	DATE	PM10	PM2.5	SO2	NO2
1	06.12.22	59.8	29.3	6.7	10.4
2	07.12.22	54.9	26.9	5.9	9.0
3	17.12.22	58.5	28.5	6.3	10.0
4	18.12.22	53.5	26.3	5.6	8.7
5	20.12.22	61.3	30.1	7.1	10.8
6	21.12.22	56.4	27.8	6.0	9.4
7	31.12.22	57.7	28.3	6.2	9.8
8	26.12.22	52.8	25.9	5.5	8.4
9	02.01.23	66.1	32.5	8.5	12.2
10	03.01.23	60.5	29.8	6.9	10.7
11	12.01.23	51.4	25.2	5.4	8.2
12	13.01.23	55.6	27.3	5.9	9.2
13	16.01.23	62.6	30.9	7.5	11.2
14	17.01.23	54.3	26.6	5.7	8.8
15	26.01.23	66.8	32.8	8.7	12.4
16	27.01.23	64.0	31.3	8.0	11.7
17	30.01.23	63.4	31.1	7.7	11.4
18	31.01.23	59.1	29.0	6.5	10.2
19	10.02.23	68.3	33.6	9.0	13.1
20	11.02.23	64.7	31.9	8.1	11.8
21	13.02.23	61.9	30.4	7.3	11.0
22	14.02.23	57.0	28.0	6.1	9.8
23	24.02.23	67.5	33.1	8.9	12.8
24	25.02.23	65.4	32.2	8.3	12.0
	MIN	51.4	25.2	5.4	8.2
	AVE	60.1	29.5	7.0	10.5
	MAX	68.3	33.6	9.0	13.1

Note: BDL – Below Detectable Limit, DL: Detectable Limit.

9.9

Prepared by



9B/4, Bharathwajar Street, East Tambaram, Chennai 600 059.

Ph : 22395170, 9444133619, Fax : 91-44-22396643.

e-mail : cecgiri@yahoo.com, web : www.creativeengineers.co.in

Δ17



(NABET ACCREDITED, NABL ACCREDITED TESTING LABORATORY, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND COMMERCE REGISTERED COMPANY

# **AMBIENT AIR QUALITY**

Project	:	Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry Of Thiru. S. Ramachandran
Name of the Location	:	Edirkottai Village
Station Code	:	A2

SL.NO	DATE	PM10	PM2.5	SO2	NO2
1	06.12.22	50.1	24.1	5.1	8.2
2	07.12.22	52.9	25.4	6.1	9.3
3	17.12.22	51.8	24.9	5.5	8.9
4	18.12.22	54.9	26.3	6.5	10.4
5	20.12.22	54.1	26.0	6.3	10
6	21.12.22	57.2	27.3	7.3	11.1
7	31.12.22	49.7	23.8	5.1	8
8	26.12.22	52.6	25.2	5.9	9.3
9	02.01.23	54.5	26.1	6.4	10.2
10	03.01.23	57.6	27.5	7.5	11.3
11	12.01.23	49.4	23.6	4.9	7.8
12	13.01.23	52.3	25.1	5.6	9.1
13	16.01.23	53.7	25.8	6.2	9.8
14	17.01.23	50.6	24.3	5.2	8.3
15	26.01.23	58.4	28.0	7.9	11.4
16	27.01.23	55.4	26.6	6.7	10.7
17	30.01.23	51.2	24.4	5.3	8.5
18	31.01.23	53.4	25.5	6.1	9.4
19	10.02.23	60.2	28.9	8.3	11.8
20	11.02.23	56.6	27.1	7.1	11
21	13.02.23	57.9	27.9	7.7	11.3
22	14.02.23	51.4	24.8	5.4	8.7
23	24.02.23	58.6	28.1	8.1	11.5
24	25.02.23	55.7	26.9	6.9	10.8
	MIN	49.4	23.6	4.9	7.8
	AVE	54.2	26.0	6.4	9.9
	MAX	60.2	28.9	8.3	11.8

Note: BDL – Below Detectable Limit, DL: Detectable Limit.

99

Prepared by



9B/4, Bharathwajar Street, East Tambaram, Chennai 600 059.

Ph : 22395170, 9444133619, Fax : 91-44-22396643.

e-mail : cecgiri@yahoo.com, web : www.creativeengineers.co.in



(NABET ACCREDITED, NABL ACCREDITED TESTING LABORATORY, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND COMMERCE REGISTERED COMPANY

# **AMBIENT AIR QUALITY**

Project	:	Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry Of Thiru. S. Ramachandran
Name of the Location	:	Ettakkapatti Village
Station Code	:	A3

SL.NO	DATE	PM10	PM2.5	SO2	NO2
1	08.12.22	50.3	23.5	6.6	9.4
2	09.12.22	47.9	22.4	5.3	8.3
3	15.12.22	46.7	21.9	4.9	7.9
4	16.12.22	45.3	21.2	4.3	7.1
5	22.12.22	47.0	22.0	5.0	8.0
6	23.12.22	48.3	22.6	5.4	8.4
7	29.12.22	45.8	21.4	4.5	7.3
8	30.12.22	47.6	22.3	5.2	8.2
9	04.01.23	49.7	23.3	6.1	9.0
10	05.01.23	50.6	23.8	6.9	9.7
11	11.01.23	44.4	20.8	4.0	6.8
12	12.01.23	46.4	21.8	4.7	7.8
13	18.01.23	49.4	23.1	6.0	8.9
14	19.01.23	47.4	22.2	5.1	8.1
15	25.01.23	44.6	20.9	4.1	6.9
16	26.01.23	46.1	21.6	4.6	7.7
17	01.02.23	50.9	23.9	7.1	9.9
18	02.02.23	48.8	22.8	5.5	8.7
19	08.02.23	44.9	21.0	4.2	7.0
20	09.02.23	48.5	22.7	5.4	8.5
21	15.02.23	51.4	24.1	7.2	10.1
22	16.02.23	50.0	23.4	6.3	9.1
23	22.02.23	45.5	21.3	4.4	7.2
24	23.02.23	49.1	23.0	5.7	8.8
	MIN	44.4	20.8	4.0	6.8
	AVE	47.8	22.4	5.4	8.3
	MAX	51.4	24.1	7.2	10.1

Note: BDL – Below Detectable Limit, DL: Detectable Limit.

q. Pat

Prepared by



9B/4, Bharathwajar Street, East Tambaram, Chennai 600 059.

Ph : 22395170, 9444133619, Fax : 91-44-22396643.

e-mail : cecgiri@yahoo.com, web : www.creativeengineers.co.in



(NABET ACCREDITED, NABL ACCREDITED TESTING LABORATORY, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND COMMERCE REGISTERED COMPANY

# **AMBIENT AIR QUALITY**

Project	:	Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry Of Thiru. S. Ramachandran
Name of the Location	:	Kundayiruppu Village
Station Code	:	A4

SL.NO	DATE	PM10	PM2.5	SO2	NO2
1	08.12.22	44.6	20.9	4.5	6.9
2	09.12.22	41.8	19.6	3.6	6.1
3	15.12.22	45.7	21.4	4.9	7.2
4	16.12.22	43.7	20.5	4.3	6.7
5	22.12.22	47	22.0	5.2	7.5
6	23.12.22	42.3	19.8	3.9	6.2
7	29.12.22	46.3	21.6	5	7.3
8	30.12.22	48.5	22.6	5.5	7.9
9	04.01.23	49.4	23.1	6	8.2
10	05.01.23	43.3	20.3	4.2	6.5
11	11.01.23	41.4	19.2	3.3	6
12	12.01.23	44.3	20.8	4.4	6.8
13	18.01.23	49.8	23.3	6.2	8.3
14	19.01.23	47.4	22.2	5.3	7.7
15	25.01.23	44.7	21.1	4.6	7
16	26.01.23	42.4	19.9	4	6.3
17	01.02.23	46.6	21.8	5.1	7.4
18	02.02.23	43	20.1	4	6.4
19	08.02.23	50.6	24.0	6.9	9
20	09.02.23	48.7	22.8	5.6	8
21	15.02.23	45.4	21.3	4.7	7.1
22	16.02.23	47.9	22.4	5.4	7.8
23	22.02.23	49	22.9	5.9	8.1
24	23.02.23	50.5	23.6	6.6	8.5
	MIN	41.4	19.2	3.3	6.0
	AVE	46.0	21.6	5.0	7.3
	MAX	50.6	24.0	6.9	9.0

Note: BDL – Below Detectable Limit, DL: Detectable Limit.

q. Pal

Prepared by



9B/4, Bharathwajar Street, East Tambaram, Chennai 600 059.

Ph : 22395170, 9444133619, Fax : 91-44-22396643.

e-mail : cecgiri@yahoo.com, web : www.creativeengineers.co.in



(NABET ACCREDITED, NABL ACCREDITED TESTING LABORATORY, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND COMMERCE REGISTERED COMPANY

# **AMBIENT AIR QUALITY**

Project	:	Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry Of Thiru. S. Ramachandran
Name of the Location	:	Kangerseval Village
Station Code	:	A5

SL.NO	DATE	PM10	PM2.5	SO2	NO2
1	10.12.22	49.1	23.3	5.0	8.1
2	11.12.22	52.5	24.9	6.4	9.9
3	13.12.22	47.7	22.6	4.5	7.6
4	14.12.22	49.6	23.5	5.2	8.3
5	24.12.22	53.3	25.3	6.8	10.5
6	25.12.22	51.5	24.4	5.9	9.3
7	27.12.22	53.0	25.1	7.2	10.3
8	28.12.22	50.9	24.0	5.6	8.9
9	06.01.23	47.8	22.8	4.7	7.7
10	07.01.23	50.4	23.9	5.4	8.5
11	09.01.23	47.3	22.3	4.3	7.5
12	10.01.23	49.4	23.4	5.1	8.2
13	20.01.23	53.6	25.5	7.2	10.7
14	21.01.23	50.7	24.0	5.5	8.7
15	23.01.23	48.9	23.2	4.9	8.0
16	24.01.23	50.0	23.8	5.3	8.4
17	03.02.23	53.9	25.5	7.4	10.9
18	04.02.23	52.0	24.6	6.2	9.7
19	06.02.23	48.5	23.0	4.9	7.9
20	07.02.23	51.1	24.2	5.7	9.1
21	17.02.23	54.4	25.8	7.6	11.1
22	18.02.23	52.7	25.0	6.5	10.1
23	20.02.23	48.3	22.9	4.7	7.8
24	21.02.23	51.8	24.6	6.0	9.5
	MIN	47.3	22.3	4.3	7.5
	AVE	50.8	24.1	5.8	9.0
	MAX	54.4	25.8	7.6	11.1

Note: BDL – Below Detectable Limit, DL: Detectable Limit.

Prepared by



9B/4, Bharathwajar Street, East Tambaram, Chennai 600 059.

Ph : 22395170, 9444133619,Fax : 91-44-22396643.

e-mail : cecgiri@yahoo.com, web : www.creativeengineers.co.in

	CREATIVE (NABE Creating Poundifician	CREATIVE (MABET		<b>TE ENGINEERS &amp; CONSULTANTS</b> Abet accredited, nabl accredited testing laboratory, department of industries and commerce registered company	CONSUL TESTING LABORAT ERCE REGISTERED CO	<b>TANTS</b>			
			WATER	<b>ΟυΑ</b> LITY Ι	DATA				
<b>Project Name</b>		tone and Gra	Rough Stone and Gravel Quarry Of Thiru.	Thiru. S. Rama	S. Ramachandran				
		Location	tion Code			Location Name	ame		
			W1			Near Mine Lease Area	se Area		
Location Name			W2			Edirkottai Village	llage		
			W3			Ettakkapatti Village	/illage		
			W4			Kundayiruppu Village	Village		
			W5			Kangerseval Village	Village		
	-								
S. No.	Parameter	Unit	W1	W 2	W 3	W 4	W 5	*Permissibl e Limits	
-	Hd	•	7.18	7.08	6.96	7.02	7.54	6.5-8.5	
2	Electrical Conductivity	hmhos/cm	846	1082	1042	856.4	932.8	•	
З	Odor	I	AGREEABLE	AGREEABLE	AGREEABLE	AGREEABLE	AGREEABLE	AGREEABL E	
4	Turbidity	NTU	<u>۲</u>	4	2	۲	<1	5.0	
£	Total Hardness as CaCO <sub>3</sub>	mg/L	432	492	335	174	186	600	
9	Calcium Hardness CaCO <sub>3</sub>	mg/L	255	286	204	145	156	I	
2	Magnesium Hardness CaCO <sub>3</sub>	mg/L	221	206	131	29.0	30'0		
8	Calcium Ca	mg/L	102	114	81.6	58.0	62.4	200	
6	Magnesium Mg	mg/L	42.5	49.4	31.4	7.0	7.2	100	
10	Alkalinity CaCO <sub>3</sub>	mg/L	112	254	190	260	582	600	
11	Chloride CI-	mg/L	205	210	215	138	106	1000	
12	Sulphate SO4 <sup>2</sup>	mg/L	11.4	21.8	82 <u>.</u> 9	19.5	22.6	400	
13	Iron Fe	mg/L	0.06	0.04	0.04	0.07	0.05	0.3	
		9B/4, Bh	arathwajar Stree	9B/4, Bharathwajar Street, East Tambaram, Chennai 600 059.	, Chennai 600 0	59.			
		4	h : 22395170, 94	Ph : 22395170, 9444133619,Fax : 91-44-22396643	44-22396643.				
		e-mail : cecgi	cecgiri@yahoo.	ri@yahoo.com, web : www.creativeengineers.co.in	reativeengineers				

	$\cap$	59
	APA	iftie
V	K T	Deail
1	S.V	1
	(TE)	Trat
		0

(NABET ACCREDITED, NABL ACCREDITED TESTING LABORATORY,

DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND COMMERCE REGISTERED COMPANY

L	S. No.	Parameter	Unit	W1	W 2	W 3	W 4	5 M	*Permissibl e Limits
1	14	Nitrate NO <sub>3</sub>	mg/L	1.86	BDL (D.L - 1.0)	2.58	BDL(D.L-1.0)	BDL(D.L-1.0)	45
I	15	Fluoride F	mg/L	0.44	0.58	0.52	0.48	0.45	1.5
I	16	Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	510	652	630	515	562	2000
1	17	Free Residual Chlorine CI-	mg/L	BDL (D.L-0.2)	BDL (D.L-0.2)	BDL (D.L-0.2)	BDL(D.L-0.2)	BDL(D.L-0.2)	1.0
1]	18	Manganese Mn	mg/L	BDL (D.L-0.05)	BDL (D.L-0.05)	BDL (D.L-0.05)	BDL (D.L-0.05)	BDL (D.L-0.05)	0.3

<u>Note:</u> \* The water quality of the collected ground water samples were found to be within the prescribed permissible limits of IS: 10500:2012 Norms for Drinking in the absence of an alternative source.

405 6

**Prepared by** 



Ph : 22395170, 9444133619,Fax : 91-44-22396643. e-mail : cecgiri@yahoo.com, web : www.creativeengineers.co.in

9B/4, Bharathwajar Street, East Tambaram, Chennai 600 059.

'n					
	14				A CONTRACTOR
				(+ (17 MAR	2022
	50			NMENT MANAGEMENT	
	80 -			NE, JELLY & GRAVEL	30 CO 1
	14	(PREPARED UNDER		(1) & 22 OF TNMMCR1959	化中
	14		AMENDED	2015)	14
	30 000	MINING PLAN SUBM	ITTED UNDER	RULE NO. 41 & 42 OF TNMMCR	30 000
×.	30		AMENDE		\$0.000 \$0.000
	**	For Obtaining	a Environm	ental Clearance from	44
	1		-	ental Authority	14
	30 000 M	PATTA LAND	LEASE F	PERIOD FIVE YEARS	30 Cm
	30				30
2'n	200		ATION OF 7	THE AREA	44
	4 <sup>44</sup>	EXTENT	:	2.28.00 HECTARE	114
0		S.F. No.	:	672/3, 674,675/2 & 676/3	14 A
	14	VILLAGE	1	ETHIRKOTTAI	14 M
1	100	TALUK	1	VEMBAKOTTAI	50
1	14	PANCHAYATH UNION	2	VEMBAKOTTAI	3
ŭ	80	DISTRICT	:	VIRUDHUNAGAR	
	80 C	STATE		TAMIL NADU	***
	\$0 m				30 cm
	推动		APPLIC	ANT	14
7	14	S.RAMACHANDR	AN, S/o. 5	RI. SUNDARAREDDIYAR,	44
1	80	<ul> <li>Post 200 Departure</li> </ul>		E.T. REDDIAPATTI,	
1	30.000			MBAKOTTAI TALUK,	8°≪
	44	VIRODHO	JNAGAK I	DISTRICT - 626 131.	推动
Ч	44		PREPAR	FD BY	
	30 Th	G. RAV		AN, Msc(Geo),	30
J.	30.000			LIFIED PERSON	की <del>क</del>
J	14			QP/MAS/197/2005/A	44
J,	(A)				
J			P1 P1	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	
J	20. BS			5. Cally	85

Shri. S. RAMACHANDRAN, S/o. Sri. Sundarareddiyar,

1/28, North Street, E.T. Reddiapatti, Ethirkottai post, Vembakottai Taluk, Virudhunagar District - 626 131. Mobile No. 98421 35747

லைக்குநா ஆ

1 7 MAR 2022

# CONSENT LETTER FROM THE APPLICANT

The Mining Plan in respect of **ROUGH STONE, JELLY AND GRAVEL** deposit over an Extent of of 2.28.00 Hectares in S.F. Nos. 672/3(0.23.0), 674(1.20.5), 675/2(0.41.5), 676/3(0.43.0) (Patta Land) in Ethirkottai Village, Vembakottai Taluk, Virudhunagar District, Tamil Nadu state has been prepared by

Shri. G. RAVICHANDRAN,

#### RQP/MAS/197/2005/A

I request the District Collector Virudhunagar, State Environmental Authority to make further correspondence regarding the mining plan with the said Recognized Qualified Person in his following addresses:

Shri. G. RAVICHANDRAN Vennila Livings, G-H, B Block, Rettivaykkal Vayalur Road, Trichy - 620 102. Mobile No. 8778311236 RQP/MAS/197/2005/A Valid Up to 12/12/2025

I hereby undertake that all the modifications, if any made in the mining plan by the Recognized Qualified Person may be deemed to have made with my knowledge and shall be acceptable to me and binding on me in all respects.

Place: Virudhunagar

Date: .03.2021

Signature of the Applicant

Si Kantor

## S.Ramachandran



Shri. S. RAMACHANDRAN, S/o. Sri. Sundarareddiyar,

1/28, North Street, E.L. Reddiapatti, Ethirkottai post, Vembakottai Taluk, Virudhunagar District - 626 131. Mobile No. 98421 35747

Φ

தவி இயக்குநர் அலு

1 7 MAR 2022

# DECLARATION OF THE APPLICANT

The Mine Plan In Respect of **ROUGH STONE, JELLY AND GRAVEL** deposit over an Extent of of 2.28.00 Hectares in S.F. Nos. 672/3(0.23.0), 674(1.20.5), 675/2(0.41.5), 676/3(0.43.0) (Patta Land) in Ethirkottai Village, Vembakottai Taluk, Virudhunagar District, Tamil Nadu state has been prepared with full consultation with me. I have understood its contents and I agree to implement the same in accordance with the Laws applicable to mines.

I am also giving further undertaking to plant the species as specified in the afforestation plan to provide Green belt to protect the environmental aspects while quarrying Rough Stone and Gravel in the Patta Land.

Place: Virudhunagar

Date: .03.2022

Ð

Signature of the Applicant

Letter Roc. No

S.Ramachandran

This Mining is approved based on guidelines/ Instructions issued in the CGM, Letter No.3868/LC/2012 dated 19-11-2012 and incorporation of the perticulars specified in the letter Rec.N. KVI. 66-4 [2004] Dated. J. T. 1.0.3 [2022] of the Astronomy Director of Geology and Mining States and Subject to further Fulfillment of the second subject to and subject to any under Fulfillment of the second fullos 1959

Assistant Orgeter of Geology & Mining Vinudhunagar

This Mining Plan is approved Subject to th conditions / Stipulation Indicated in the Minin Plan Approva

Hied 17/03 2022

Shri. G. RAVICHANDRAN, Msc(Geo)., Recognised Qualified Person Reg. No. RQP/MAS/197/2005/A

Vennila Livings, G-H, B Block, Rettivaykkal Vayalur Road, Trichy - 620 102. Mobile No. 8778311236

# CERTIFICATE FROM THE RECOGNISED QUALIFIED PERSON

This is to certify that the provisions of the Mines Act, Metalliferrous Mines Rules and Regulations, Miner Mineral Conservation and Development Rules, 2010 & Minerals Amended Rules of Tamilnadu Minor Mineral Concession Rule 1959 etc, made there under have been observed in the preparation of Mining Plan for **ROUGH STONE, JELLY AND GRAVEL** deposit over an Extent of 2.28.00 Hectares in S.F. Nos. 672/3(0.23.0), 674(1.20.5), 675/2(0.41.5), 676/3(0.43.0) (Patta Land) in Ethirkottai Village, Vembakottai Taluk, Virudhunagar District, Tamil Nadu state.

THIRU. .S. RAMACHANDRAN, S/o. SRI. SUNDARAREDDIYAR, 1/28,NORTH STREET, E.T. REDDIAPATTI, ETHIRKOTTAI POST, VEMBAKOTTAI TALUK, VIRUDHUNAGAR DISTRICT – 626 131.

Wherever Specific permission are required , the applicant will approach the concerned authorities of state Government and State Environmental Authority officers, for such permission, approvals, exemption or relaxation Standards prescribed by Rules and regulations in respect of miners health and the rules will be strictly implemented.

It is also certified that the information furnished in the mining plan is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

Place: Trichy - 620 102

Date: .03.2022

G. RAVICHANDRAN G.RAVICHANDRAN, M.Sc. P.G.D.M.EM, MINING GEOLOGIST ROP / MAS / 197 / 2005 / A VALID UPTO: 12.12.2025

88

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

5

0

U

J

υ

U

J

87

9 AGA SWASSA DAGIN at the state of th

SI.NO	Description	Page No
	Introduction	1
1	GENERAL INFORMATION	2
2	LOCATION	3
	PART -A	
3	GEOLOGY AND MINEABLE RESERVES	4
4	MINING	5
5	BLASTING	6
6	MINE DRAINAGE	7
7	OTHER PERMANENT STRUCTURES	8
8	EMPLOYMENT POTANTIAL AND WELFARE MEASURES	9
	PART - B	
9	ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN	10
10	MINE CLOSURE PLAN	16
11	ANY OTHER INFORMATIONS	16

() S. Party.

MUNUSD & AUTHORS LIST OF ANNEXURES

0

n

( )

Ú.

U

U.

U

 $\cup$ 

U

0

U

1.5

Ball Buide Bill Hellaray

MAN ZUL

90

SHOBIDAN UNAULLIO

1 1

ø

S.No	Description	Annexure No.
1.	GEOLOGICAL & MINEABLE RESERVES	I
2.	YEARWISE PRODUCTION SCHEDULE	II
3.	BASE LINE STUDIES, HYDROGEOLOGICAL REPORT & PHYSICAL ELECTRICAL RESISTIVITY SURVEY	Ш
4.	Copy of RQP CERTIFICATE	IV
5.	Copy of PRICISE AREA COMMUNICATION	v
6.	A.D INSPECTION REPORT	VI
7.	COPY OF THE ID PROOF OF THE PROPONENT	VII
8.	FMB SKETCH & VILLAGE MAP	VIII
9.	PATTA, 10 (1) CHITTA & "A" REGISTER OF THE CONCERNED SURVEY FIELD NUMBERS	IX
10.	FIELD PHOTOGRAPH ATTESTED BY V.A.O AND V.A.O. CERTIFICATE	X
11.	R.D.O., TASILDAR, D.T., R.I, V.A.O., FIRCA SURVEYOR'S REPORT & A1-NOTICE	XI
12.	PREVIOUS PROCEEDINGS NO. KV1/2214/03, DATED:- 03.10.2003	XII
13.	EXPLOSIVE LICENCE DOCUMENT AGREEMENT COPY & LICENCE COPIES	XIII

() J. Clember

# LIST OF PLATES

S.No	Description	Plate No	Scale
1	Location Plan	I	1cm=12.5kms
2	Route map	I-A	Not to scale
3	Topo sketch-10Km Radius	II	1:1,00,000
4	Lease Plan	III	1:2000
5	Surface cum Geological Plan & section	IV	Plan :-1:2000 section scale :- HOR-1:2000, Ver-1:1000
6.	Land use cum year wise production plan & Section	v	Plan :-1:2000 section scale :- HOR-1:2000, Ver-1:1000
7.	Conceptual mining Plan & section	VI	Plan :-1:2000 section scale :- HOR-1:2000, Ver-1:1000
8.	Environmental Plan	VII	1:5000
9.	Village map showing Environmental features	VII-A	1:5000
10.	Progressive Mine Closure Plan	VIII	Plan :-1:2000 section scale :- HOR-1:2000, Ver-1:1000

\$ \$. Deuting

MINING PLAN INCLUDING

ENVIRONMENT MANAGEMENT PLAN FOR USD & SHUTTLING ROUGH STONE / IELLY / GRAVEL QUARRY

பைக்குநா

7 MAR 2022

1

# Over an Extent of 2.28.00 Hectares in S.F. Nos. 672/3, 674, 675/2 & 676/3 (Patta Land) in Ethirkottai Village, Vembakottai Taluk, Virudhunagar District, Tamilnadu

# **INTRODUCTION**

Extracting minor minerals from an area of less than 5 hectares will need environment clearance from the Union ministry of environment and forest (MOEF). The EIA (Environmental Impact Assessment) notification 2006, requires mining projects, including new projects, expansion, modernization, or renewal of mine leases, with lease area of 5 hectare and above irrespective of major or minor mineral of obtain prior environment clearance. Mining projects with lease area of 5 hectares and above but less than 50 hectares are categorized as category 'B' whereas projects with lease area of 50 hectares are categorized as category 'A'. The category 'A' projects are to be given clearance by MOEF while category 'B projects are considered by the respective state-level EIA authority.

The mining plan has been prepared towards the order of Supreme Court of India 27 February, 2012, based on the Supreme court order, Tamilnadu Government, Secretary, Industry Department (NCI) as issued order vide G.O.Ms.No.79 dated 06.04.2015. In this order Tamilnadu Minor Mineral Concession Rule 1959 as amended rule 41 & 42 as the approved mining plan is required to the grant of mining lease and the lessee of existing quarry which has already granted with quarry lease should also obtain environmental clearance from SEIAA, Tamilnadu.

The approved mining plan has to be obtained prior environment clearance by the committee formed recently by the SEIAA. The government of tamilnadu has formed one committee headed by the chairmen of SEIAA and the nominated members from each department as members. The environment clearance has to be issued by the SEIAA to grant of quarry lease and this mining plan is submitted based on the above orders to obtain environment clearance from SEIAA Tamilnadu committee.

The applicant, Thiru. S. Ramachandran, S/o. Sri. Sundarareddiyar, D.No. 1/28, North street, E.T. Reddiyapatti, Ethirkottai post, Vembakottai Taluk, Virudhunagar District 626131 as an individual having good experience and skill on quarrying of Rough Stone, Jelly and Gravel. He has applied for Renewal grant of Quarry lease to the state government over an extent 2-28.00 Hectares in S.F. Nos. 672/3, 674, 675/2 & 676/3 (Patta Land) in Ethirkottai Village, Vembakottai Taluk, Virudhunagar District, Tamil Nadu.

இயக்குநர்

-Digoj

# 1. General Information

a)	Name of the applicant	:	THIRU. S. RAMACHANDRAN
b)	Address of the Applicant	:	THIRU. S. RAMACHANDRAN, S/o. SUNDARAREDDIYAR, 1/28, NORTH STREET, E.T. REDDIAPATTI, ETHIRKOTTAI POST, VEMBAKOTTAI TALUK, VIRUDHUNAGAR DISTRICT. – 626131.
c)	Mobile No.	*	98421 35747
d)	Status of the applicant	:	Private Individual
e)	Mineral which the applicant Intends to mine	:	Rough Stone, Jelly and Gravel
f)	Precise area communication letter details received from the competent authority of Government		KV 1/664/2021-KANIMUM Dated : 11.02.2022
g)	Period of Permission / lease to be granted	:	05 Years.
h)	Name and address of the RQP /Authorised person preparing the Mining plan		G. Ravichandran,Msc(Geo)., Vennila Livings, G-H B Block Rettaivayakkal Vayalur Road, Trichy - 620 102. Mobile No. 87783 11236
			Registration No : RQP/MAS/197/2005/A

\$ \$. Flently.

2

1.1

					2.50 Busic	on angle is
. LOC	ATION			(	San	H 2022
STAT E	DISTRICT	PANCHAYAT H UNION	TALUK	VILLAGE	S.F.NOs.	EXTENT (flectares)
Tamil nadu	Virudhunagar	Vembakottai	Vemba kottai	Ethirkottai	672/3, 674, 675/2 & 676/3 (Patta Land)	2.28.00 Hect
b)	Classification of t	the area	:	Patta Lands		
c) (	Ownership / Occi (Surface right)	apancy of the a	pplied are	a: Patta lands		
d) T	oposheet No.		8	58-G/11		
La	titude		2	9° 21' 49.3″N	to 9° 21' 54.'	7"N
Lo	ongitude		2	77° 44' 23.1"E	to 77° 44' 28	8.0"E
e) E	xistence of publi Previous Lease			The area applic south side of road and 1.5k shown in the No.1A) The n Sivakasi at a o nearest airport 95Km distance.	Sattur-Ethirkott m from Ettaka ROUTE MAF earest Rail Hea listance of 131 is at Thoothu	ai main patti as (Plate ad is at cm. The
IJ	FIEVIOUS LEASE	veeu aetalis		Collector's Proce KV1/2214/03 I 5years from 03- 02-11-2008	Dated: 03-10-20	03-

8 \$ thanky

----

3

# Part-A

இயக்குநர் அதுகிகள் மா

பியல் & கரங்கத்

# **3. GEOLOGY AND MINEABLE RESERVES**

#### 3.1 Topography and general Geology

The area applied for mining lease is a gentle plain terrain. The area applied for quarry lease is dry lands without any vegetation and the old pits are noted 60m length, 46m width and 6m depth. The gravel having a thickness of 3m and weathered rock formation is having thickness of 2meter below the gravel.

The rocks in this area belonging to ARCHEAN group of rocks. Below the Gravel formation a hard Rough stone Charnockite are noted. The rocks are Phaneric to medium grained nature. And in these rocks there are mineral constituents of BLUE QUARTS, MICRO CLINE FELDSPAR, HYPERSTHENE and flacks of BIOTITE MICA. The rocks are striking towards North – South direction dipping 80° Vertical towards East-West direction. The strike length of the deposit is 66m with an average width of 136meter on southern side, the strike length of the deposit is 76m with an average width of 136meter on middle side and the strike length of the deposit is 76m with an average width of 136meter on northern side.

#### **3.2 DETAILS OF EXPLORATION**

As noted in the nearby working quarries and wells in the radius of 500m, the gravel having a thickness of 3m and weathered rock occurs to a thickness of 2m below gravel. Below 5m Charnockite (Rough stone) is noted.

#### **3.3 ESTIMATION OF RESERVES.**

Reserves have been calculated based on the cross section method. The strike length of the deposit is 66m with an average width of 136meter on southern side, the strike length of the deposit is 46m with an average width of 76meter on middle side and the strike length of the deposit is 76m with an average width of 136meter on northern side.

Based on the above data geological reserves and mineable reserves has been calculated for a depth of 25 meter. The reserves have been computed for depth of 0 to 3m in gravel is calculated to a depth of 3 to 5meter in weathered rock and from 5 to 25meter in Rough stone. The details of reserves are shown in annexure I and in Geological Plan & Section Plate No IV.

SL NO	TYPE OF RESERVES	Gravel + Weathered rock + Rough stone Cub.m
1	Geological reserves	5,53,640
2	Mineable reserves	3,17,300
3	Bench locked & 7.5m boundary barrier reserves	2,36,340

\$ Clauthy

# 4. MINING

The area is working by Semi-**Mechanised open cast method**. The bench height of the quarry is maintained to the height of boom of the machine used for digging and excavation. In the area applied for ML a boundary barrier of 7.5 meters has been left on all direction and a safety distance of 10m on Cart track.

கவி இயக்குநர் அது

During first year the mining operation will be commenced from the Southern side of the applied lease area(Section on PQ-AB) to a strike length of 58m, width 121m. The gravel & weathered rock formation will be removed up to 5m and below 5m depth one bench will be made to achieve the planned production quantity. During second year the quarry advancement will be made towards Northern side of middle portion (Section on PQ-CD) for a strike length of 46m, width 61m from south to north. The gravel & weathered rock formation will be removed up to 5m and below 5m depth three benches will be made to achieve the planned production quantity. During third year the quarry advancement will be made further movement of north direction on northern side (Section on PQ-EF) make 5m depth on gravel and weathered rock formation and below 5m depth one bench will be made to achieve the planned production quantity.

During fourth & fifth year workings the quarry advancement will be made below the working area of the first three year workings make 3benches of each 5m depth on roughstone to be made the planned production quantity.

At the end of fifth year the mine will be having a depth of 25m with 4 benches in rough stone and 5m depth in weathered rock and gravel. During every year working the bench with will be maintained more than the height of the bench with a bench slope of 60° for safe reversal and working of machinery and movement of trucks.

During 5 years working the following quantity of rough stone, gravel will be removed and the details are given below.

YEAR	GRAVEL IN CU.M	WEATHERED ROCK IN CU.M	ROUGHSTONE IN CU.M
1	21054	14036	29415
II	8418	5612	52530
III	17424	11616	37740
IV			63035
V			56420
Total	46,896	31,264	2,39,140

# YEAR WISE PRODUCTION SCHEDULE

#### **Machineries used**

The blasted ROM will be excavated by TATA HITACHI EX200.For drilling tractor mounted compressor of 175 cfm will be used matching with jackhammers. For drilling two Tc drill rods of 32 mm dia and also Wagon drill hole of size 100mm dia will be used and the drill rod depends upon the depth of 4m to 6m drilling. Normally drill rods of .9m length and 1.5m length will be used in the quarry. For transportation 10 tons tippers will be used for transporting ROM and reject from the quarry. The ground water table in this area is ranging from 40 to 45 meter. A diesel pump will be kept for dewatering rain water during rainy season. For manual production the labours will be provided with pick Axe, Spaded, crowbar, iron basket and hammer.

DETA	ILS OF MACHINERIES TO BE USED	IN QUARRY	Ball a abligant wronce a
SI. NO	NAME OF THE EQIPMENT	CAPACITY	REQUIRED 2012
1	Excavator	TATA HITACHI EX200	and the state of t
2	Tipper	10 Tonnes	6 Stilling
3	Tractor compressor for drilling	175 CFM	2
4	Dewatering pump	5 Hp Diesel pump	1

### **MARKETING OF ROUGH STONE AND GRAVEL**

The boulders will be marketed to the nearby crushers for producing crusher aggregates. The Gravel, Weathered rock & reject hard boulders will be marketed to filling and foundation works for construction works. The crusher aggregate will be marketed to nearby areas,

# **CONCEPTUAL MINING PLAN**

Conceptual mining plan is prepared in a scale of 1:2000 in an object of long-term systematic development of bench layouts. In addition to consider the above factors, to avoid rehandling, setting roads, to determine ultimate pit limit depth of mining and ultimate pit slope, selection of sites for construction of infrastructures etc.,

#### Ultimate pit limit dimension:

The ultimate pit size is designed based on certain practical factor such as the economical depth of mining safety zones permissible area etc. The ultimate pit of the mine is given as under

SECTION	LENGTH (M)	WIDTH (M)	DEPTH (M)
PQ-AB	58	121	25
PQ – CD	46	61	25
PQ – EF	68	121	25

However during extraction of ROM bench will be 5m height with a slope of 60° for proper quarrying.

The Gravel & weathered formation will be marketed. After quarrying the mined out area will be used as water reservoir for making artificial recharge factor to the nearby areas.

The Conceptual Plan and Sections is shown in Plate No. VI. The mineable reserves calculated for a depth of 25meter a total Roughstone of 2,39,140m<sup>3</sup>, Weathered rock 46,896m<sup>3</sup> & Gravel 31,264m<sup>3</sup>. Based on an average production of maximum quantity of 60,000 m<sup>3</sup>to 65,000 m<sup>3</sup>/year. The life of the mine will be 3,17,300/60,000 m<sup>3</sup>= 5 years. The available reserve below 25m can be mined in the next quarry renewal period after 5 years. The next five years period more quantity of Rough stone can be quarried. Since the entire Gravel and weathered rock which occurs to a depth of 0 to 5meter is planned for excavation during the present five year working.

# 5. BLASTING

# **5.1 BLASTING PATTERN**

The massive formation shall be broken in to pieces of portable size by drilling and blasting using jack hammers and shot holes blasting. Powder factor of explosives for breaking such hard rock shall be in the order of 1.8 to 2.0 per cub.m. Explosives. Blasting parameter proposed to be adopted for shot holes shall be



Spacing of 0.9 m, burden 0.60m and depth1.5m Output per hole = 0.9 m X 0.60 m X 1.5 m = 0.810 cub.mOutput per hole will be 0.810 cub.m with 90% blasting efficiency Quantity of explosive required to blast one hole with a powder factor of 1.8 Explosive required will be .810 / 1.8 = 0.450 kg per hole In the above quantity booster Cap sensitive explosives will be one third 0.150 kg per hole Daily conception of explosive will depend upon the number of shot holes drilled.

# **5.2 TYPES OF EXPLOSIVES**

Following explosives are recommended for efficient blasting with safe practice

Sl.No	Description	Class/ Division	Туре	Sìze
1	Slurry Explosive	Class - 3	Nitro compound mixer	25mm X 0.125 kg
2	Delay Detonators	Class - 6	Ordinary and elect. (OD & ED)	Standard size of IDL
3	Safety Fuse	Class - 6 Div - 1	Blue sump fuse coil of 10 meter each	

# **5.3 MEASURES PROPOSED TO MINIMISE GROUND VIBRATION DUE TO BLASTING**

There are no villages near by the area applied for mining lease. To control ground vibration delay electric detonator will be used.

# **5.4 STORAGES AND SAFETY MEASURES**

The proposal rate of production is about 211m<sup>3</sup> or 52loads / day of 10tonnes capacity of ROM boulder in one day with average working days of 25 in a month.

The applicant has made an agreement with explosive M/S Sri Balan Explosives, 7, Gomathy nagar  $1^{st}$  street, Sankarankovil, Tenkasi District-627 756 who is having explosive licence bearing no: E/SC/TN/22/552 (E63073) received from chief controller of explosive, Chennai. The owner of the Firm made agreement with Sri. S.Ramachandran to make necessary safety practice to blast in his licence and supply of explosives will be made in Form22 as specified by Indian Explosives Act 1884. (Annexure-XI)

After blasting no explosives will be kept in the mine area and the unused explosives will be taken up by the explosive dealer. Before blasting the explosives will be carried by the dealer in his own explosive van and the unused quantity will be returned to the explosive van for keeping the explosive in his Magazine. Before blasting men and animals will be cleared in a surrounding distance of 500m and three sirens will be made before blast and after completing blasting a long siren will be given. Safety guards with red flags will be posted on all the four side direction.

# **6. MINE DRAINAGE**

From the local enquire the ground water table in this area is ranging from **40 to 45m**. The open dug wells are noted around the applied lease area. The wells are having a depth ranging from 14 to 16m and the wells are dry. There are also no joints or fractures in the hard rock. The area attains rain fall during northeast monsoon. Hence there will be no adverse effect by the mining to the nearby areas.



7

பக்குநா அ

MAR

7

यागायाया हो सामा

((\* ( 11 7 MAR 2022

ளைகளுமர்

SI. No.	Details	Direction	Distance (m)	Depth(m)	Water level
1.	well	north	480	16	Dry HIIIB
2.	well	north	320	14	Dry
3.	seasonalodai	west	300	1.8	Dry
4.	well	west	340	14	Dry
5.	well	west	360	16	Dry
6.	well	south	270	15	Dry
7.	seasonalodai	south	260	0.75	Dry
8.	well	east	280	14	Dry

# 7. OTHER PERMANENT STRUCTURES

There is no hospital or Primary school, village temples and primary health centres within 500m radius of the quarry. There is no river, lake nearby this area. There are also no historical monuments nearby this area. There are also no worship places, reserve forest, social forest, and wild life sanctuaries near this area. The water bodies are dry in all the season.

SL. NO	DIRECTION	VILLAGE	HABITATION	DISTANCE
1	North	Ettakapatti	80	1.5 km
2	South	K. Lakshmipuram	90	1.25 km
3	East	Madathupatti	300	4km
4	West	Ethirkottai	600	3km

# Nearest infrastructures

X

SI. No	Name of infrastructure	Name of village	Distance from area applied for M.L
1	Post office	Ethirkottai	6Km
2	Police station	Alangulam	13Km
3	Town	Sivakasi	13Km
4	DSP office	Sattur	21Km
5	Register office	Rajakularaman	30Km
6	Hospital	Sivakasi	13Km
7	School	Nallammanayakanpatti	3.5Km
8	Railway station	Sivakasi	13Km
9	Airport	Madurai	80km
10	Sea Port	Thoothukudi	95km

# 8. EMPLOYMENT POTENTIAL & WELFARE MEASURES

#### **ORGANISATION CHART**

இயக்குநர்

Ą.

del

7 MAR 2022

Elline and an



Unskilled persons for segregation loading of boulders and helpers 10 nos

The workers will be provided with drinking water facility, sanitation facility in the proposed office building. A bore well will be drilled near the office building,

First aid and labour health facility will be arranged from the nearby hospital at Sivakasi. All safety equipments will be provided for the persons employed in the mine. The supervisor will be provided with mobile phone to contact the owner or any officials during emergency time.

#### SAFTEY AND SOCIAL SECURITY MEASURES

Safety equipments to be provided for the persons employed in the mines.

S. Hantly

- 1. Safety helmet approved by Director General of mines Safety
- 2. Nose Mask
- 3. Ear Plug for machine operators and drillers
- 4. Safety shoes as specified by Director General of Mines Safety
- 5. Safety Goggles for drillers

6. Safety Belt and safety rope approved by Director General Mines of Safety - for labourers, working in the mine for removing danger over hang and undercut boulders. Employment of child labour will be strictly prohibited in the mines. All persons employed in the mines will be provided with Group Insurance System from a Govt. Recognised insurance Agency.

The applicant has given Notary Affidavit for Non employment of child labour directly or indirectly while operating the mine. The Affidavit is enclosed in Annexure.

# PART-B

இயக்குநர

லியியல் & சுரங்கத்தி

7 MAR 2022

Stall

ø

### 9. ENVIRONMENT MANAGEMENT PLAN

#### 9.1 Existing land use pattern

The area applied for mining lease is a gentle plain terrain and having dry lands with no. vegetation available nearby this area. From the study of the nearby well the ground water table is ranging from 40 to 45m.

The area will obtain rain fall during NE monsoon in summer the climate will be very hot and the temp will be up to  $90^{\circ}$ 

#### Present land use planning (break up along with green belt etc).-

S.No.	Land Use Category	At the end of life of mine
1.	Mining \Excavation	1-80.0 hectares
2.	Storage of Top Soil	0.00.0 hectares
3.	Sorting and Mineral Dressing Yard	0.00.0 hectares
4.	Infrastructure & Road	0.05.0 hectares
5.	Afforestation(Greenbelt& Plantation)	0-36.0 hectares
6.	Rain Water Storage	1-80.0 - (After closure of mine)
7.	Undisturbed Area	0.05.5 hectares
8.	Fencing	0.07.0 hectares
	TOTAL	2.28.0 hectares
		late to make and basets a desition de mise

The area applied for mining lease is a plain terrain and having dry lands. The patta land is used for quarrying Rough Stone blue metal. Infra structure will be provided in the patta land. First aid, sanitation facilities is also provided in the office building. The Patta Land with Surface right.

#### 9.2 Water regime:

Ground water occurrence in this area is 40 to 45m depth. The quarrying is restricted up to 25m below Ground Level. Hence the quarry operation will not be affected by the ground water.

#### 9.3 Flora and Funna:

There are no trees observed in the area. Thorny bushes, neem and palm are found in around the area, No plants of botanical interest or animals of zoological interest are noticed. There is no cultivation, plantation or agriculture found within the vicinity of the area.

S. Hauthy.

The area receives rainfall of about 850/per annum and the rainy season is mainly from Oct – Jan during North East monsoon. The summer is hot with maximum temperature of 42°C and winter encounters a minimum temperature of 23°C.

இயக்குநர்

ுகள் மாடி

1 7 MAR 2022

esca

*.* එහු

# 9.5 Human settlement

There is no hospital or Primary school, villages, temples and primary health centres within 500m radius of the quarry. There is no river, lake nearby this area. There are also no historical monuments nearby this area. There are also no worship places, reserve forest, social forest, and wild life sanctuaries near this area. The water bodies are dry in all the season.

SL. NO	DIRECTION	VILLAGE	HABITATION	DISTANCE
1	North	Ettakapatti	80	1.5 km
2	South	K. Lakshmipuram	90	1.25 km
3	East	Madathupatti	300	4km
4	West	Ethirkottai	600	3km

Basic human welfare Amenities such as Health centre, schools, communication facilities, and commercial centres etc., are available at Sivakasi located at a distance of 13Km on the northern side of the area.

# 9.6 Plan for Air, Dust suppression

The air quality will be affected by the Suspended Particle Matter (SPM) generated by the blasting, Jack hammer drilling, Loading and unloading during the Roughstone quarry operation.

The following Mitigations measures will be carried out:

- Mist Water spraying will be carried out by means of water sprinklers to suppress the dust emission in the Haul roads.
- Vegetations will be formed around the quarry to trap the dust.
- Avoiding spillages during the transportation.

D \$. Flaithi

# AMBIENT AIR QUALITY (AAQ):

The ambient air quality depends upon the emission sources, meteorological conditions and the background concentration of specific contaminants. The principal objective of the Ambient Air Quality Monitoring (AAQM) is to assess the existing levels of ambient air quality in and around the lease area for assessing the impact on air quality due to future mining activity in the region.

With the above objective, the following parameters were analyzed at the sampling locations established in the study area.

- Particulate Matter (PM10)
- Particulate Matter (PM<sub>2.5</sub>)
- Sulphur Dioxide
- Oxides of Nitrogen
- Carbon Monoxide

DESIGN CRITERIA FOR AMBIENT AIR QUALITY MONITORING STUDY NETWORK:

Ambient Air quality has been assessed through a net-work of 3 ambient air quality stations. The following methodology has been considered for design of ambient air quality monitoring network in the area.

தயக்குநர்

MAR 2022

லிருதருகா

- Topography / terrain of study area.
- Populated areas within study area
- Residential /sensitive areas within study area
- Predominant wind direction and wind pattern

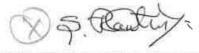
#### 9.7 Plan for noise level control:

Shallow holes of 32mm diameter and 1.5m depth will be drilled and to control ground vibration conventional low power explosives such as slurry explosives, delay electric detonator will be used for rough stone. Hence ground vibration and noise pollution will be minimal and restricted within the quarry workings. There are no villages near by the area applied for mining lease.

The drivers will be strictly inducted to move the vehicle during the transportation not exceed 40km per hour. Sentries with flags & whistle will posted in village junction and populated area to control and regulate traffic.

#### 9.8 Environment impact assessment statement

The mining plan proposed is for a production of Roughstone with involving deep hole drilling and heavy blasting permission as per MMR1961 Regulation 106 (2b) against Director General of Mines Safety, Chennai Region. Such limited mining activity is not likely to cause any impact adversely on environment as for as pollution of air, water and noise is concentrated, anyhow environmental impact studies will be conducted as per EIA notification issued by MOEF. It is B2 category mine. For the average production of 60,000 m<sup>3</sup> to 65,000 m<sup>3</sup>/year is planned. Besides **two working Quarries** and No villages in the surrounding radius of 500 metres.



Quarries	S.no	Name	Village	s.f.nos.	RUSUGO & H	ரங்கத்து Distance
					/ 201 <u>302030304</u> 42552443	- Constant Contribution
Existing	1.	T.Kannan	Ethirkottai	640/2,642/3B,644	1-88.0	400m
working	2.	S.Ramachandran	Ethirkottai	649/1,3,688,etc.	3-94.5	100m
Abandoned	3.	T.Ragavan	Kankarseval	310,311/2	1-65.5	375m
Present	4.	S.Ramachandran	Ethirkottai	672/3,674,675etc.,	2-28.0	400m
proposed	5.	T.K. Bharath	Ethirkottai	650,651/1.etc.,	3-65.5	100m
	6.	Govt. Poramboke	Ethirkottai	648	1-30.5	
	1	Total extent in H	ectares		14-45.0	

2.500 Busident angle day

7 MAR 2022

ê

To avoid environmental pollution during transport of Charnockite (Roughstone) to various destinations the loaded truck will maintain a speed of 40 km / hour. The loaded truck will be covered with tarpaulin cover to avoid dust generation during vehicle movement on the roads. Hence there will not be any environment impact to the mining area are to the nearby villagers.

# 9.9 Proposal for reclamation of land affected during mining activities and at the end of mining (refilling / fencing)

In the proposed mining plan only a maximum depth of 25m has been envisaged as workable depth for safe & economic mining during the lease period. Hence after quarry reaches ultimate pit limit (for this lease period of 25m depth) fencing will be constructed around the quarries pits to prevent inherent entry of the public and cattle. There is no proposal for reclamation and rehabilitation.

# 9.10 Proposal of Afforestation

The proposal of afforestation and land use is shown in Plate No: VI & VIII. The detail of proposed afforestation is given below.

Plantation	Туре	No. of Trees	Spacing	Area (Hectares)	Survival
I YEAR	Neem	20	6m x 6m	0-07.2	80%
II YEAR	Neem	20	6m x 6m	0-07.2	80%
III YEAR	Neem	20	6m x 6m	0-07.2	80%
IV YEAR	Neem	20	6m x 6m	0-07.2	80%
V YEAR	Neem	20	6m x 6m	0-07.2	80%
ТОТА	L	100		0-36.0 Ha	

The applicant will arrange for watering the plants for effective survival of the plant. The afforestation will be properly monitored by the persons employed in the mines. The applicant has also given Notary Affidavit to make afforestation as specified with mining plan to make the area as green belt and to protect the environment.

1) S. Flaintly

1Pr	oposal for water ma	inagement	2 Shore UE Gift Long
	DETAILS	SOURCE	PROVISION QUANTITY/DA
A	Drinking water	A bore well will be drilled near the office area for providing drinking water	T.000KLD
B	Dust Suppression- water sprinkling	Water tanker on hired basis	1.300 KLD
C	Green belt	From the water tanker and the bore well	0.600 KLD
D	Domestic	Water storage in tub near working area	0.300 KLD
		TOTAL	3.200KLD

# 9.12 Proposed financial estimate/ budget for (EMP) environment management :

### A. FIXED COST:-

Sl. No	DETAILS	COST in RS.			
i)	Land Cost	Own patta land			
ii)	Labourers Shed	50,000 onetime expense			
iii)	Fencing	50,000 onetime expen			
iv)	First aid room and accessories	25,000 onetime expense			
v)	Sanitary facility	25,000 onetime expense			
	Total =	Rs. 1,50,000			

# B. OPERATIONAL COST:-

#### PRODUCTION COST / UNIT OF BOULDER PRODUCTION. (One Unit =2.83m<sup>3</sup>)

#### Working cost for production of boulders (machineries Hired basis)

Seignior age fee per unit for transport permit to be paid to state government for rough stone is Rs. 167Per unit and gravel & weathered rock removal by purchasers JCB compo with Tipper and seignior age fee amount to be paid Rs.26/m<sup>3</sup> at the time of marketing will be paid by Purchaser only.

# Machinery to be used

a) **Excavator** The excavators of 0.90cu.m. Bucket capacity and tippers of 10/20Ts capacity will be used. The quantity of Diesel consumption is based on the working hours of Excavators (Filling Factor and Loading Cycling), in the open cast quarry project Excavators are proposed to quarry.

Total Number of Excavator used for quarrying = 1No. <u>Total Excavator Running hours for the project</u> One Excavator will be excavate = 60Cu.m. / Hr.

S. Flemilly

FiveYearProject=Roughstone=2,39,140cu.m/60cu.m =3,986Excavator Hours. Average Diesel Consumption Tata Hitachi (Model EX-110-150) #9Ltr/Ht1 7 MAR 2022 Diesel Price around = Rs.90 (At present scenario) Hence 3986 Hours x 9Ltrs/Hr =35,874Ltrs of HSD will be utilized for the project. The Hired Vehicle charges per hour inclusive of diesel around Rupees 1000/Hour Total operational cost = 3986 Ex.Hours x Rs. 1000 = **Rs.39.86.000** 

இயக்குநர் அ

#### b) Compressor with Drilling machine

Total Number of Compressor with Drilling Machine used for quarrying = 1No. Total Compressor with Drilling Machine Running hours for the project One Compressor with Drilling Machine will be Drilling = 100Cu.m. / Hr.

Five year project Roughstone = 2,39,140 cu.m/100cu.m.=2,391 Running Hours. Average Diesel Consumption = 8Ltr/Hr Diesel Price around = Rs.90 (At present scenario) Hence 2391 Hours x 8Ltrs/Hr =19,128Ltrs of HSD will be utilized for the project. The Hired Vehicle charges per hour inclusive of diesel around Rupees 750/Hour Total operational cost = 2391 Hours x Rs. 750 = Rs.17,93,250

c) Explosives used

First Five Year project Explosives- Charging and Blasting used for Rs.700/100Cu.m. Total drilling material for quarrying = Roughstone = 2,39,140cu.m. **Total cost for first Five year Roughstone** 

= (2,39,140cu.m/100cu.m) x Rs. 700 = Rs.16.73,980

# Total operational cost = (a)+(b)+(c)

= Rs.3986000 + 1793250+1673980 = Rs.74,53,230

Total HSD required for the Project Life = (a)+(b)= 35874+19128 = 55,002 Ltrs

# C. EMP COST:-

**Budget Provision for the Entire quarrying period:** 

5 Ala

	Total	Rs.1,25,000
9.	Afforesation	Rs. 20,000
8.	Water sprinkling	Rs. 20,000
7.	Safety Kids	Rs. 10,000
6.	Sanitary arrangement	Rs. 15,000
5.	Drinking water facility	Rs. 20,000
4.	Ground Vibration test	Rs. 10,000
3.	Noise monitoring	Rs. 10,000
2.	Water quality sampling	Rs. 10,000
1	Air quality sampling	Rs. 10,000

The total amount will be equally distributor for water supplying towards drinking water, domestic use, and water sprinkling for dust suppression and for afforestation programme.

15

Α.	Fixed Cost	= Rs.	1,50,000 Outstate and
<b>B</b> .	<b>Operational Cost</b>		74,53,230 51 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
C.	Emp Cost	= <u>Rs.</u>	
Tota	I Project cost(A+B+	-C) <u>= Rs.</u>	. 77,28,230 1 7 MAR 2022
CER Co	st 2.0% of the project cos	st.	Lanulaine & minimation

The CER Cost to the nearby areas will be about Rs. 1,55,000 for the 5 year project.

#### **10. MINE CLOSURE PLAN**

i)

a. The mined out area will be suitably fenced to avoid inadvertent entry of men and animal to the quarry area.

**b.** After closure of mine the applicant will adhered the rules and regulations governed by state and central government

**c.** All safety measures and mitigations will be maintained properly in the mined out area. Security persons will be engaged in all three shifts to ensure safety in the quarry.

The progressive mine closure plan is enclosed in Plate No. VIII.

# **11. ANY OTHER DETAILS INTEND TO FURNISH BY THE APPLICANT**

- (i) Permission will be obtained from the District Mines Office to extract the Rough Stone from the Boundary barriers and for slopes.
- (ii) Care and precautionary measures will be taken for the safety of workers as per Mines Rules-1955 and Mines Acts-1952.
- (iii) The applicant will endeavor every attempt to quarry the Rough Stone economically without any wastage and to improve the environment and ecology.
- (iv) Any violation pointed out by the inspecting authorities shall be rectified as per the guidelines of the Department.

PLACE: TRICHY

DATE: .03.2022

DIRECTOR ASSISTANT

GEOLOGY AND MINING VIRUDHUNAGAR DISTRICT VIRUDHUNAGAR

G. SIVICHANDRARDE PEDILEL, MINING GEOLOGIST ROP / MAS / 197 / 2005 ( A VALID UPTO: 12.12.2025

# **ANNEXURE-I**

10

8.

-0

1 7 MAR 2022

ê

இயக்குருர் அ

2

# **GEOLOGICAL RESERVES**

MINERAL	SECTION	LENGTH (M)	WIDTH (M)	DEPTH (M)	VOLUME	TOTAL VOLUME IN CUM
GRAVEL	PQ-AB	66	136	3.0	26928	
	PQ-CD	46	76	3.0	10488	
	PQ-EF	76	136	3.0	31008	68,424
WEATHERED ROCK	PQ-AB	66	136	2.0	17952	
	PQ-CD	46	76	2.0	6992	
	PQ – EF	76	136	2.0	20672	45,610
ROUGH STONE	PQ-AB	66	136	20.0	179520	
	PQ-CD	46	76	20.0	69920	
	PQ-EF	76	136	20.0	206720	4,56,160
Total Geological Reso	erves quantit	y in Cu.m.				5,70,200
Deduct Old pit quant	ity ( Inside tl	he applied are	a) = 60m x 40	0m x 6m		-16,560
		5,53,640 Cu.M.				

# MINEABLE RESERVES

MINERAL	SECTION	BENCH	LENGTH (M)	WIDTH (M)	DEPTH (M)	VOLIUME IN CUM	MINEABLE RESERVES
GRAVEL	PQ - AB	1	58	121	3.0	21054	
	PQ – CD	1	46	61	3.0	8418	
	PQ – EF	1	48	121	3.0	17424	46,896
WEATHERED	PQ – AB	1	58	121	2.0	14036	E.
ROCK	PQ – CD	1	46	61	2.0	5612	
	PQ – EF	I	48	121	2.0	11616	31,264
ROUGH	PQ – AB	П	53	111	5.0	29415	
STONE	PQ - AB	111	48	101	5.0	24240	
	PQ – AB	IV	43	91	5.0	19565	
	PQ – AB	V	38	81	5.0	15390	
	PQ-CD	H	46	51	5.0	11730	
	PQ CD	m	46	41	5.0	9430	
	PQ – CD	IV	46	31	5.0	7130	
	PQ – CD	V	46	21	5.0	4830	
	PQ - EF	U U	68	111	5.0	37740	
	PQ – EF	III	63	101	5.0	31815	
	PQ – EF	IV	58	91	5.0	26390	
	PQ EF	v v	53	81	5.0	21465	2,39,140

\$ 5. Rentiny -

G.RAVICHANDRAN, MS: PGDMEN MINING GEOLOGIST RQP / MAS / 197 / 2005 / A VALID UPTO: 12.12.2025

**ANNEXURE - II** 

n

0

U

5

# PRODUCTION SCHEDULE FOR 5 YEARS PERIOD

YE	SECTI	BEN	LENGTH	WIDTH	DEPTH	V	OLUME IN C	UM	TOTAL
AR	ON	СН	(M)	(M)	(M)	GRAVEL	WEATHER ED ROCK	ROUGH STONE	PRODUCTI ON IN CU.M.
I	PQ-AB	I	58	121	3.0	21054			
	PQ-AB	Ι	58	121	2.0	****	14036		
	PQ-AB	II	53	111	5.0			29415	64,505
II	PQ-CD	I	46	61	3.0	8418			
	PQ-CD	I	46	61	2.0		5612		]
	PQ-CD	II	46	51	5.0			11730	
	PQ-CD	ш	46	41	5.0			9430	
	PQ-CD	IV	46	31	5.0			7130	
	PQ-AB	III	48	101	5.0			24240	66,560
III	PQ-EF	1	48	121	3.0	17424			
	PQ-EF	I	48	121	2.0		11616		
_	PQ-EF	II	68	111	5.0			37740	66,780
IV	PQ-EF	III	63	101	5.0			31815	
	PQ-EF	IV	58	91	5.0			26390	
	PQ-CD	V	46	21	5.0			4830	63,035
V	PQ-AB	IV	48	91	5.0			19565	
	PQ-AB	V	38	81	5.0			15390	
	PQ-EF	V	53	81	5.0	2222		21465	56,420
			TO	FAL PROD	UCTION	46,896	31,264	2,39,140	3,17,300

D 5. Really.

and a

கல் இயக்குநர் அது

ð

11 7 MAR 2022

இப்பியல் & சுராவக்கு

G.RAVICHANDRAN, MSC. PGD.MEM, MINING GEOLOGIST ROP / MAS / 197 / 2005 / A VALID UPTO: 12.12.2025

原则出出的历史

1460 8

SETTEND

10

# **Base Line Studies**

The base line studies is prepared for Rough stone, Jelly & Gravel quarry Ethirkottai Village, Vembakottai Taluk, Virudhunagar District, over an extent of 2-28.00 hectares in SF Nos. 672/3, 674, 675/2 & 676/3. The proposed quarry lease will be granted for a period of 5 years. The total planned production quantity for 5 year in rough stone 2,39,140cum, weathered rock 31,264cum & Gravel 46,896 cum.

The project in the area will provide a quit considerable employment to nearby village which in turn enhance the earring source of the nearby village. The comprehensive base line studies and standards constitute of collecting data on ambient air quality, dust fall rate, water quality, soil analyze, noise level and ground vibration study in the area proposed for quarrying along with flora and fauna statistics.

#### General approach to Environment:

The environment studies besides data comprise of the features present of the site area its includes environmental features such as forest area, conservation area, water bodies, industries, wild life and fauna place of historic and importance etc.,

- 1. Air environment
- 2. Noise environment
- 3. Water environment
- 4. Ecology (biological and cultural environment)
- 5. Physical environment

#### **Air Environment**

2

9

The rough stone quarry is non toxic which does not emit any undesirable pollution in the form of solid, liquid and gas. The dust emitted during the transportation of vehicles and the drilling will be carried out in wet condition to prevent dust into air and the haul roads will be periodically sprinkled with mist water spray to prevent dust into the atmosphere. The area in and around is quit fresh and the impact on air environment will always be under controlled and will be monitored. No processing or beneficiation is proposed except quarrying hence the impact on air will be controlled monitored and mitigated.

#### **Noise Environment**

The noise will be only during blasting. For controlling noise prepare and adequate explosives will be charged to the short holes. The machineries will be properly made preventive maintains to avoid much noise during machinery working. Except these features there are no possibilities of producing much noise during quarry working.



#### **Ground vibration studies**

The vibration source only through the movement of vehicles? where the frequency is also very less. Hence the vibration is well below the standard permissible by MOEF. Displacement, velocity and acceleration of the three kinematics descriptions which are to be studies to describe ground motion. The peak particle velocity is the more referred since the area is virgin there is no signification measured velocity found in the area. During blasting delay electric detonators will be used to minimize vibration during blasting.

#### Water Environment

#### SCHLUMBERGER

AND SUCKEDI ON

Geo – physical investigation was carried out by adopting the state method. To find out the lateral variation and vertical in homogeneity's. The hydro – geological report is enclosed.

#### Soil analysis

The area applied for mining lease is flat terrain with little undulations covered by gravel for a depth of 3.0 meter followed by weathered rock and massive rock. The gravel is loose and natural growths to trees or plants are negligible except small bushes.

**Climate** The area receives annual average rain fall of 825mm during southwest monsoon (June – Sep) and northeast monsoon (Oct – Dec). Temperature falls between 42°C -23° C. Rainy season is three months in a year from October to December during monsoon. Temperature is maximum during May – June in a year.

#### Flora and fauna in and around the area

In small quarrying projects like this which involves very limited operations like secondary drilling and blasting. Conservation of flora and fauna along with ecology does not have significant impact of the overall eco system. A detail scuay related to flora and fauna was observed physically. The in and around area was seasonal dry cultivation, predominantly maize, cotton and millet and naturally grown trees like neem tree, karuvelam (julifiora) etc. The fauna is goat, rat crow, cat, ant, cow and squirrel etc.

**Conclusion** The base line studies relents no hazardous levels of dust and noise and prevailing at the project area. A well implemented environment management plan as discussed in the mining plan will help in mitigation the adverse effects due to quarry activities.

The flora in the area is only small thorny bushes as much of the area exhibits flat terrain. No trees are proposed to uproot for the project and new trees will be planted on boundary barrier which will act as acoustic sound barriers. Environment care and attitude preventing environment is instructed to the proponent and advice to carry out and mitigate the minor impacts due to quarrying.



# HYDROGEOLOCAL SURVEY REPORT

and Buddeni Staller A THURSDAY LOUGH 1 7 MAR 2022 () 0

HIDROGEO	LUCAI	SURVEY REPORT
1. Name of the Applicant	:	Thiru. S. Ramachandran Roughstone Jelly and gravel (minor mineral)
2. Major/minormineral		Roughstone, Jelly and gravel (minor mineral)
3. Location :		- · ·
i). Survey nos		672/3, 674, 675/2 & 676/3
ii). Village	:	Ethirkottai
iii}. Taluk	:	Vembakottai
iv). District	:	Virudhunagar
4. Total Extent	:	2-28.00Hectares
5. Category of ground water	:	safe category (over all district)
6. Geomorphology	:	plain terrain covered with Earth soil
		thorny bushes and no vegetations and the
		slope of the land is very gentle towards south.
7. Geology	:	Earth Soil, weathered & massive charnockite.
8. Climate	2	Tropical
9. Average annual rainfall	:	825mm
10. Nearby recharging sources	5 :	There are water recharging source of Seasonal odai on western side. These water courses are mostly dry in all seasons and will have water flow only during heavy rainy season. Due to monsoon failure the seasonalodai cannot be taken as a recharge source.
11. Water level in near area	:	40 to 45 meters from the local enquire.
12. Quality of the ground wate	r:	Not potable CaCl, NaCl, & CaCo3.
13. Hydro- geological conditio	ens:	The hard rock area allows rain water seepage Only in weathered, fissured and fracture zones And the ground water storage and Movement is very poor in the study area.
14. Geophysical study		Geophysical Electrical Resistivity survey conducted in schlumberger configuration (VES) method using IPI2win software for a depth of 45m. The VES-Interpreted curve and Layers by using IPI2win software shows occurrence of hard rock formations below 5m depth.
		1 M

Rauthy.

G.RAVICHANDRAN, M.Sc. P.G.D.M.E.M.,

G.RAVICHANDRAN, MSc. PGD.MEM MINING GEOLOGIST RQP / MAS / 197 / 2005 / A VALID UPTO: 12 10

# 1. GEOPHYSICAL ELECTRICAL RESISTIVITY SURVEY THE SCHLUMBERGER ARRAY

Geophysical Electrical Resistivity survey conducted in schlumberger Configuration (VES) method using IPI2win Software. The Schlumberger array is an array where four electrodes are placed in line around a common midpoint. The two outer electrodes, A and B, are current electrodes, and the two inner electrodes, M and N, are potential electrodes placed close together. With the Schlumberger array, for each measurement the current electrodes A and B are moved outward to a greater separation throughout the survey, while the potential electrodes M and N stay in the same position until the observed voltage becomes too small to measure (source). At this point, the potential electrodes M and N are moved outward to a new spacing. As a rule of the thumb, the reasonable distance between M and N should be equal or less than one-fifth of the distance between A and B at the beginning. This ratio goes about up to one-tenth or one-fifteenth depending on the signal strength. The Schlumberger array is commonly used for vertical electrical sounding (VES) for groundwater and aggregate minerals. Vertical electrical sounding (VES) using the Schlumberger array provides better resolution.

இயக்குநர் அனு காணாள் மாவு

11110 & 5101110

MAR / 2022

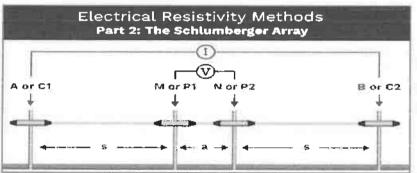
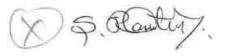
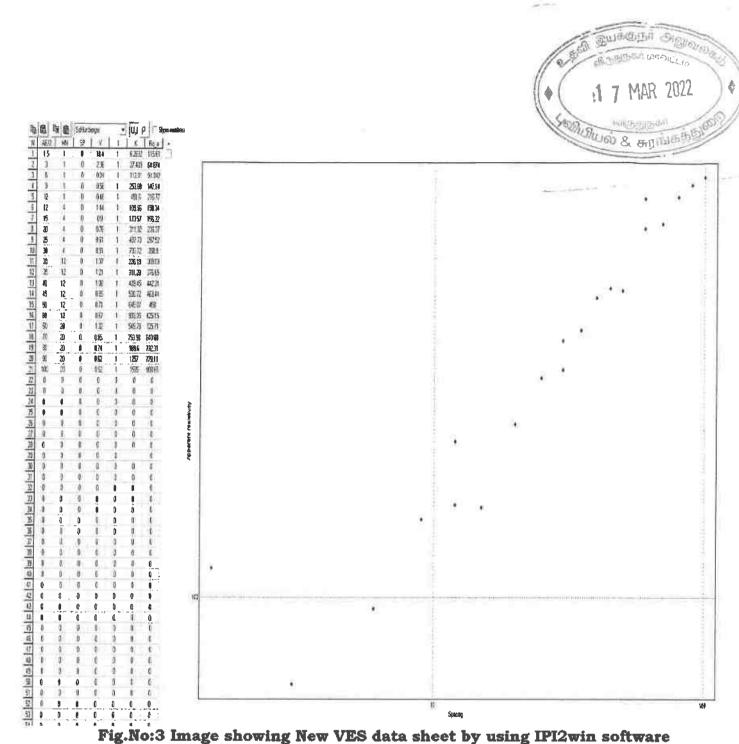


Fig No:1, Schlumberger Array



Fig No: 2. Model DDR-3 Electrical Resistivity Meter





m

.)

- )

-)

U

 $\cup$ 

U

D & Flaiting

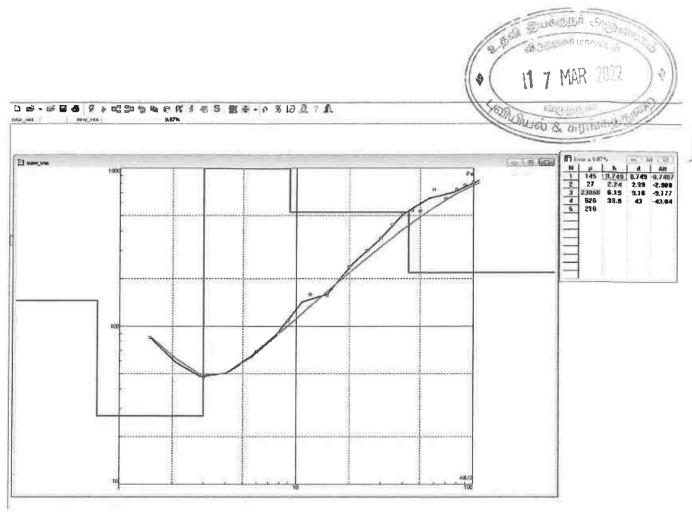


Figure 4 Vertical electrical Sounding Interpreted curve & Layers by using IPI2win software

#### VES- INFERRED STRATA

Ground level -0-3 m	: Gravel with 114 Ohm. Resistivity
3-5m	: Weathered formation with 156 Ohm. Resistivity
5m-40m	: Massive formation on charnockite rock with 1479 Ohm.
	Resistivity
40m -45m	: Water level fluctuations with 342hm.m resistivity
45m - 100m	: Fully massive formation with 2500 Ohm. Resistivity

The presence of soil followed by Charnockite formation with moderate resistivity is indicative of the poor water bearing aquifer. The deeper layer is having curve breaks around 40m to 45m depth with possible potential fractures.

G.RAVICHANDRAN, M.Sc. P.G.D.M.E.M., MINING GEOLOGIST ROP / MAS / 197 / 2005 / A VALID UPTO: 12.12.2025

\$ thating.



# अर्हताप्राप्त व्यक्ति के रुप में मान्यता प्रमाण पत्र (खनिज रियायत नियमावली. 1960 के नियम 22सी के तहत) CERTIFICATE OF RECOGNITION AS QUALIFIED PERSON (Under Rule 22C of Mineral Concession Rules, 1960)

श्री जी. रविचदण, बेन्निला लिविग्स, जी-एव, बी ब्लॉक, रेटटैवयकाल, वयलूर, रोड, तिरुची – 620 102 जिनका फोटो और हस्ताक्षर ऊपर दिया हुआ है, तथा जिनहोंने अपनी अर्हता और अनुभव का सतीयजनक साक्ष्य दिया है. को खनन योजना तैयार करने हेतु खनिज रियायत नियमावली 1960 के नियम 22सी के तहत अर्हताग्राप्त व्यक्ति के रूप में मान्यता प्रदान की जाती है ।

Shri. G. Ravichandran, Vennila Livings, G-H, B block, Rettaivaykkal Vayalur Road, Trichy – 620 102, whose **Photograph and signature** is affixed herein above, having given satisfactory evidence of his qualifications & experience hereby **RECOGNISED** under Rule 22C of the Mineral Concession Rule, 1960 as a Qualified Person to prepare Mining Plans.

उनकी पंजीयन संख्या है His registration number is

ROP / MAS / 197/ 2005 / A

यह मान्यता 10 यहाँ की अवधि के लिए मान्यता है जो दिनाक. 11.12.2025 को समाप्त लोगी। This recognition is valid for a period of 10 years ending on 12.12.2025.

उनके द्वारा प्रस्तुत खनन योजना में गलत जानकारी / दस्तावेज पाए जाने की रिश्वती में यह प्रमाण पत्र वापस लिया जाएगा / निरस्त किया जाएगा।

This certificate will liable to be withdrawn / cancelled in the event of furnishing the wrong information / documents in the Mining Plan submitted by him.

स्थान/ Place :Chennai दिनाक/ Date : 13.11.2015

CHANDRAN, M.S. P.G.D.M.E.M.

MINING GEOLOGIST RQP / MAS / 197 / 2005 / A VALID UPTO: 12.12.2025 Juna

ANNEXURE - IV

- chind

ல் பில்கம்

1 7 MAR 2022

क्षेत्रीय खान नियंत्रक/ Regional Controller of Mines भारतीय खान व्यूरो/ Indian Bureau of Mines चेन्नई क्षेत्र/ Chennai Region

### புவியியல் மற்றும் சுரங்கத்துறை

உதவி இயக்குநர் அலுவலகம், மாவட்ட ஆட்சியர் அலுவலக வளாகம், விருதுநகர்.

ANNEXI

۵

MAR

7

ந.க.எண்: கேவி1/664/2021-கனிமம்,

நாள்: || .02.2022.

#### குறிப்பாணை

கனிமங்களும் குவாரிகளும் - விருதுநகர் மாலட்டம் -பொருள்: வெம்பக்கோட்டை வட்டம் - எதிர்கோட்டை கிராமம் -பட்டா புல எணக்கள்: 672/3 (0.23.00), 674 (1.20.50), លញ់ញូល់ 676/3 (0.43.00)675/2 (0.41.50) மொத்தப்பரப்பு 2.28.00 ஹெக்டோ பத்து வருடங்களுக்கு உடைகல் மற்றும் கிராவல் குவாரி உரியம் வழங்கல் - சரியான பரப்பு (Precise Area) தேர்வு செய்யப்பட்டது - சுரங்கத்திட்டம் மற்றும் மாநில அளவிலான சுற்றுச்சூழல் தரக்க மதிப்பீட்டு ஆணையத்தின் இசைவினைப் 🚽 பெற்று சமர்ப்பிக்க கோருவது – தொடர்பாக.

#### பார்வை:

- திரு.சு.ராமச்சந்திரன், த/பெ. சுந்தரரெட்டியார், எதிர்கோட்டை விண்ணப்பம் நாள்: 08.09.2021.
- இவ்வலுவலக கடிதம் எண் ந.க.கேவி1/664.2021, நாள்: 15.09.2021.
- சாத்தூர் வருவாய் கோட்டாட்சியர் கடிதம் எண்: மூ.மு.அ2/4675/2021 நாள்: 31.01.2021.
- உதவி இயக்குநர், புவியியல் மற்றும் சுரங்கத்துறை அவர்களின் புலத்தணிக்கை அறிக்கை நாள்: 09.02.2022.
- 1959 -ம் வருடத்திய தமிழ்நாடு சிறுகனிம் சலுகை விதிகள் 41 மற்றும் 42.
- அரசாணை எண்.169 தொழில் (எம்.எம்.சி.1) துறை, நாள்: 04.08.2020.
- அரசாணை எண்.208, தொழில் (எம்.எம்.சி.1) துறை, நாள்: 21.09.2020.
- தொடர்புடைய ஆவணங்கள்.

N S. Renty.

விருதுநகர் மாவட்டம், வெம்பக்கோட்டை வட்டம், எதிர்கோட்டை கிராமம், பட்டா புல எண்கள்: 672/3 (0.23.00), 674 (1.20.50), 675/2 (0.41.50) மற்றும் 676/3 (0.43.00) மொத்தப்பரப்பு 2.28.00 ஹெக்டேரில் 10 வருடங்களுக்கு உடைகல் மற்றும் கிராவல் குவாரி குத்தகை உரிமம் வழங்கக்கோரி விருதுநகர் மாவட்டம், வெம்பக்கோட்டை வட்டம், எதிர்கோட்டை அஞ்சல், E.ரெட்டியாபட்டி கிராமம், கதவு எண்: 1/28 என்ற முகவரியில் குடியிருந்து வரும் திரு.சு.ராமச்சந்திரன், த/பெ. சுந்தரரெட்டியார் என்பவர் பார்வை 1-ல் காணும் விண்ணப்பத்தினை சமர்பித்துள்ளார்.

சாத்தூர் வருவாய் கோட்டாட்சியர் மற்றும் புலியியல் மற்றும் சுரங்கத்துறை, உதவி இயக்குநர் ஆகியோர் கீழ்காணும் நிபந்தனைகளுக்குட்பட்டு மேற்கண்ட புலங்களில் உடைகல், கிராவல் குவாரி குத்தகை உரிமம் ஐந்தாண்டுகளுக்கு வழங்க பரிந்துரை செய்துள்ளனர்.

- அருகிலுள்ள பட்டா நிலங்களுக்கு 7.5 மீ பாதுகாப்பு இடைவெளி விடுத்து குவாரி செய்தல் வேண்டும்.
- புலங்களின் அருகில் செல்லும் வண்டிப்பாதைக்கு 10 மீ பாதுகாப்பு இடைவெளி பேணப்பட வேண்டும்.
- 3) பொதுமக்கள் / விவசாய நிலங்களுக்கு பாதிப்பு ஏற்படாத வகையில் தகுதி வாய்ந்த அங்கீகரிக்கப்பட்ட நபர்கள் மூலம் வெடிமருந்துகள் சேமிக்கப்பட்டு குவாரியில் வெடித்தல் வேண்டும்.
- 4) சுரங்கத்திட்டம் மற்றும் சுற்றுச்சூழல் தடையில்லாச் சான்று குத்தகை உரிமம் வழங்குவதற்கு முன் சமர்ப்பிக்க வேண்டும்.

03

0

C.P.

IJ

0

- 5) குவாரியில் வேலை செய்யும் தொழிலாளர்கள் தொழிலாளர் நலவாரியம் மற்றும் காப்பீடு திட்டத்தில் பதிவு செய்து தொழிலாளர் நலன் பேணபட வேண்டும்.
- குழந்தை தொழிலாளர்களை குவாரி பணியில் அமர்த்தக் கூடாது.
- 7) கனிமங்களை வாகனங்களில் கொண்டு செல்லும் போது பாதசாரிகள், பொது மக்கள் பாதிக்காதவண்ணம் தார்பாய்கள் கொண்டு மூடி எடுத்துச் செல்ல வேண்டும்.

எனவே, துறை அலுவலர்களின் பரிந்துரையினை ஏற்றும் நிபந்தனைகளுக்கு உட்பட்டும், விருதுநகர் மாவட்டம், வெம்பக்கோட்டை வட்டம், எதிர்கோட்டை கிராமம், பட்டா புல எண்கள்: 672/3 (0.23.00), 674 (1.20.50), 675/2 (0.41.50) மற்றும் 676/3 (0.43.00) மொத்தப்பரப்பு 2.28.00 ஹெக்டேர் நிலத்திற்கு 1959-ம் வருடத்திய தமிழ்நாடு சிறுகனிம சலுகை விதிகள் விதி எண்: 19 மற்றும் 20-ன்படி ஐந்து வருடகாலத்திற்கு உடைகல் மற்றும் கிராவல் குவாரி உரிமம் வழங்க தகுதி வாய்ந்த நிலப்பரப்பாக (Precise area) கருதப்படுகிறது.

5. Penthis

ருகல்

2022 தமிழ்நாடு சிறுகனிம சலுகை விதிகள்-1959 விதி எண்: 41ன்படி குவாரி பணி 7 MAR மேற்கொள்வது தொடர்பாக வரைவு சுரங்கத் திட்டத்தினை (Mining Plan) 90 8. S. TILE தினங்களுக்குள் சமர்ப்பிக்குமாறும், விதி எண்: 42-ன்படி மாநில அளவிலான சுற்றுச்சூழல் தாக்க மதிப்பீட்டு ஆணையத்தின் (State Level Environmental Impact Assessment Authority) இசைவினைப் பெற்ற சமர்ப்பிக்குமாறும் மனுதாரா திரு.சு.ராமச்சந்திரன் கேட்டுக் கொள்ளப்படுகிறார்.

உதவி இயக்குநர்,

BUIGHT

புவியியல் மற்றும் சுரங்கத்துறை, விருதுநகர்

#### பெறாரா

திரு.சு.ராமச்சந்திரன், த/பெ. சுந்தரரெட்டியார் கதவு எண்: 1/28 E.ரெட்டியாபட்டி கிராமம், எதிர்கோட்டை அஞ்சல், வெய்பக்கோட்டை வட்டம், விருதுநகர் மாவட்டம்.



உறுப்பினர் செயலர், மாநில சுற்றுசூழல் தாக்க மதிப்பீட்டு ஆணையம் (SEIAA), சென்னை.

S. Renty

# ANNEXURE - VI I 7 MAR 2022

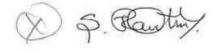
# இட ஆய்வறிக்கை (நாள்:09.02.2022)

விருதநகர் மாவட்டம், வெம்பக்கோட்டை வட்டம், எதிர்கோட்டை அஞ்சல், E.ரெட்டியாபட்டி கிராமம், கதவு எண்: 1/28 என்ற முகவரியில் குடியிருந்து வரும் திரு.சு.ராமச்சந்திரன், த./பெ. சுந்தரரெட்டியார் என்பவர் விருதுதகர் மாவட்டம், வெம்பக்கோட்டை வட்டம், எதிர்கோட்டை கிராமம், பட்டா பல எண்கள்: 672/3 (0.23.00), 674 (1.20.50), 675/2 (0.41.50) மற்றும் 676/3 (0.43.00) மொத்தப்பரப்பு 2.28.00 ஹெக்டேரில் பத்து வருட காலத்திற்கு உடைகல் மற்றும் கிராவல் குவாரி குத்தகை உரிமம் வேண்டி 1959 -ம் வருடத்திய தமிழ்நாடு சிறுகனிம சலுகை விதிகள் விதி எண்.19 -ன் படி விண்ணப்பம் செய்திருந்தார். விண்ணப்ப புலங்கள் 09.02.2022 தினத்தன்று ஆய்வு செய்யப்பட்டது.

விண்ணப்பிக்கப்பட்ட புல எண்கள்: 672/3 (0.23.00), 675/2 (0.41.50) ஆகியலை பட்டா எஸ்: 388 -ன் படி திரு.ராமச்சந்திரன் என்பவர் பெயரிலும் புல எண்கள்: 674 (1.20.50) மற்றும் 676/3 (0.43.00) ஆகியவை பட்டா எஸ்கள்: 1318 மற்றும் 611 -ன் படி திரு.சு.ராமச்சுந்திரன், த/பெ சுந்தரரெட்டியார் பெயரில் எதிர்கோட்டை கிராம ஆவணங்களில் பதிவாகியுன்னது. இவ்வாறாக மேற்கண்ட புலங்களுக்கு விண்ணப்பதாரர் முழு உரிமையுடையவராகிறார்.

விண்ணப்பிக்கப்பட்ட புலங்களை சுற்றிலும் 300 மீட்டர் சுற்றளவில் குடியிருப்புகள், பள்ளிகள், கோயில்கள், மசூதிகள், சுடுகாடு ஏதும் இல்லை. 50 மீட்டர் சுற்றளவில் தேசிய / மாநில நெடுஞ்சாலைகள், ஆறுகள், கட்டிடங்கள், உயர்/தாழ் அழுத்த யின்கம்பிகள் இல்லை. புலங்களுக்கு அருகிலுள்ள புல எண்கள்: 673, 683 ஆகியவற்றில் செயல்படாத குவாரிகள் உள்ளது. புல எனர்: 648 அரசு நிலத்தில் முடிவடைந்த குவாரி உள்ளது. உயர்வகை மரங்கள் ஏதுவும் இல்லை. புலங்களுக்கு சென்று வர பாதை வசதி உள்ளது.

விண்ணப்பிக்கப்பட்ட புலங்கள் புஞ்சை வகைப்பாடுடைய தரிசு நிலங்களாகும். புலங்களின் மேற்பர்ப்பு சமதளமாகவும், விவசாய பணிகள் ஏதுமின்றி உள்ளது. புலங்கன் ஒன்றோடு ஒன்று தொடர்ச்சியாக உள்ளது. மேற்பரப்பில் காணப்படும் கிராவல் கனிமத்தை தொடர்ந்து சிதைந்த பாறைகளும் (Weathered Rock) சார்னகைட் (Charnockite) எனப்படும் கடின பாறைகளும் (Hard rock) உள்ளது. கடின பாறைகளில் காணப்படும் வேறுபட்ட நிறங்கள் (Different in colours), இணைப்புகள் (Joints), பிளவுகள், கீரல்கள் (Cracks) வெடிப்புகள் மற்றும் மாறுபட்ட அளவு கொண்ட கனிமங்கள் காரணமாக இப்பாறைகளில் மெருகேற்றக் கூடிய



வண்ண கற்களை (Polished Granite / Blocks) உற்பத்தி செய்ய இயலாது. இவ்வகை பாறைகளில் இருந்து கட்டிடப்பணிகள் மற்றும் சாலை / இரயில்வே பணிகளுக்கு தேவைப்படும் கற்கள், ஜல்லிகள் மற்றும் எம்-சாண்ட் ஆகியவற்றை உற்பத்தி செய்ய இயலும்.

எனவே திரு.சு.ராமச்சந்திரன் என்பவரின் கோரிக்கையினை ஏற்று விருதநகர் மாவட்டம், வெம்பக்கோட்டை வட்டம், எதிர்கோட்டை கிராமம், பட்டா புல எண்கள்: 672/3 (0.23.00), 674 (1.20.50), 675/2 (0.41.50) மற்றும் 676/3 (0.43.00) மொத்தப்பரப்பு 2.28.00 ஹெக்டேரில் உடைகல் மற்றும் கிராவல் குவாரி உரியம் அரசாணை எண்.208, தொழில் (எம்.எம்.சி.1) துறை, நான்: 21.09.2020 -ன் படி ஐந்தாண்டுகளுக்கு (5) தமிழ்நாடு சிறுகனிம சலுகை விதிகள் விதிஎண்.19 மற்றும் 20-ன் படி பின்வரும் நிபந்தனைகளுக்குட்பட்டு வழங்க பரிந்துரை செய்கிறேன்.

நிபந்தனைகள் :

ng san tahun 1, arad

- அருகிலுள்ள பட்டா நிலங்களுக்கு 7.5 மீ பாதுகாப்பு இடைவெளி விடுத்து குவாரி செய்தல் வேண்டும்.
- புலங்களின் அருகில் செல்லும் வண்டிப்பாதைக்கு 10 மீ பாதுகாப்பு இடைவெளி பேணப்பட வேண்டும்.
- 3) பொதுமக்கள் / விவசாய நிலங்களுக்கு பாதிப்பு ஏற்படாத வகையில் தகுதி வாய்ந்த அங்கீகரிக்கப்பட்ட தபர்கள் மூலம் வெடிமருந்துகள் சேயிக்கப்பட்டு குவாரியில் வெடித்தல் வேண்டும். குவாரியில் குறைந்த சக்தி கொண்ட வெடி மருந்துகளை பயன்படுத்தல் வேண்டும்.
- 4) கரங்கத்திட்டம் மற்றும் கற்றுச்சூழல் தடையில்லாச் சான்று குத்தகை உரிமம் வழங்குவதற்கு முன் சமர்ப்பிக்க வேண்டும்.
- 5) குவாரியில் வேலை செய்யும் தொழிலாளர்கள் தொழிலாளர் தலவாரியம் மற்றும் காப்பீடு திட்டத்தில் பதிவு செய்து தொழிலாளர் நலன் பேணபட வேண்டும்.
- 6) குழந்தை தொழிலாளர்களை குவாரி பணியில் அமர்த்தக் கூடாது.

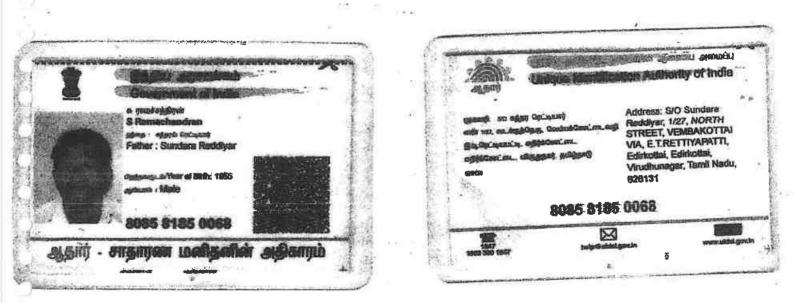
S. Flewthy.

7) கனியங்கனை வாகனங்களில் கொண்டு செல்லும் போது பாதசாரிகள், பொது மக்கள் மற்றும் பிற வாகனங்கள் பாதிக்காதவண்ணம் தூர்பாய்கள் கொண்டு மூடி எடுத்துச் செல்ல வேண்டும்.

உதவி இயக்குநர்,

புனியியல் மற்றும் சுரங்கத்துறை, விருதூகர்.





S & Cathy ...

AT-TRACT MAR 2022 ę ۹ 0 60 & 51910

Elector's Name 💠 Ramachandran வாக்காளர் பெயர்: ராமச்சந்திரன் Father's Name : Sundarareddiyar தந்தை பெயர் கந்தர ரெட்டியார் Sex / பாலிளம் Age as on 1.1.1999 । ஆண Male 42

ELECTION COMMISSION OF INDIA IDENTITY CARO

இந்தியத் தேர்தல் ஆனணயம லாக்காளர் அடையால அட்ஸட

בייים שויים שיים שיים שיים שיים DPH1639319

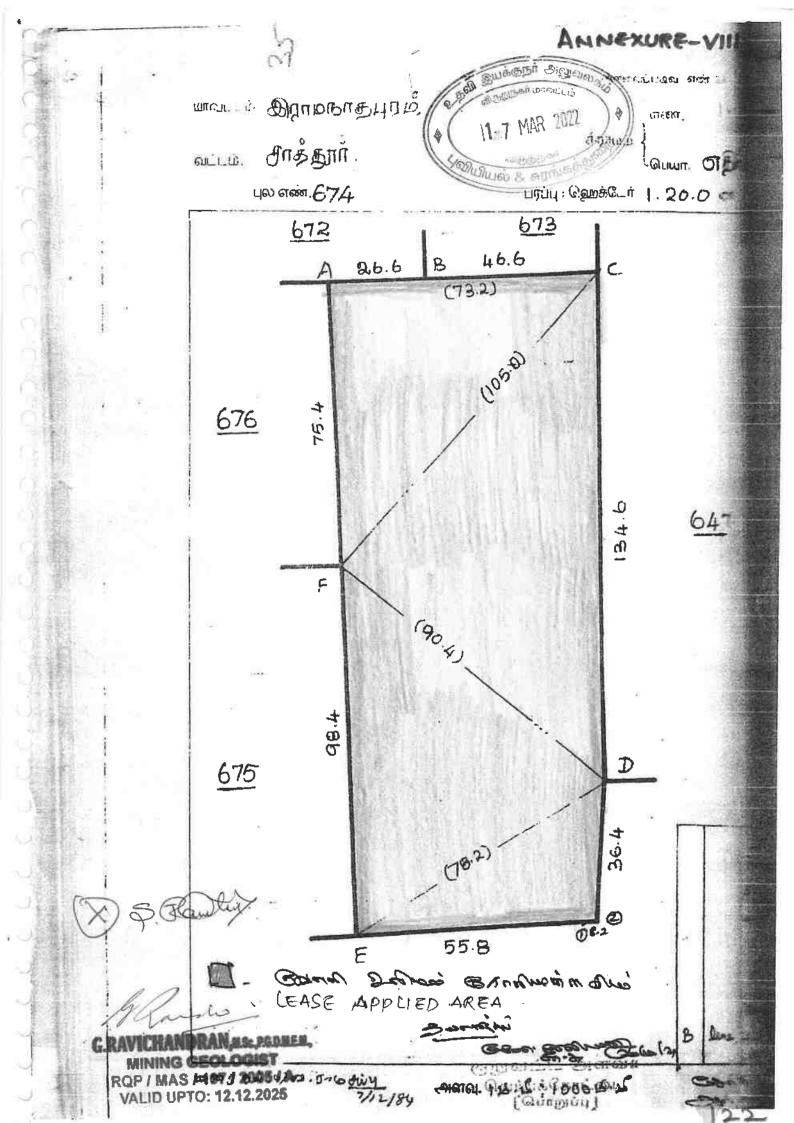
1.1.1999 அன்ற லயது

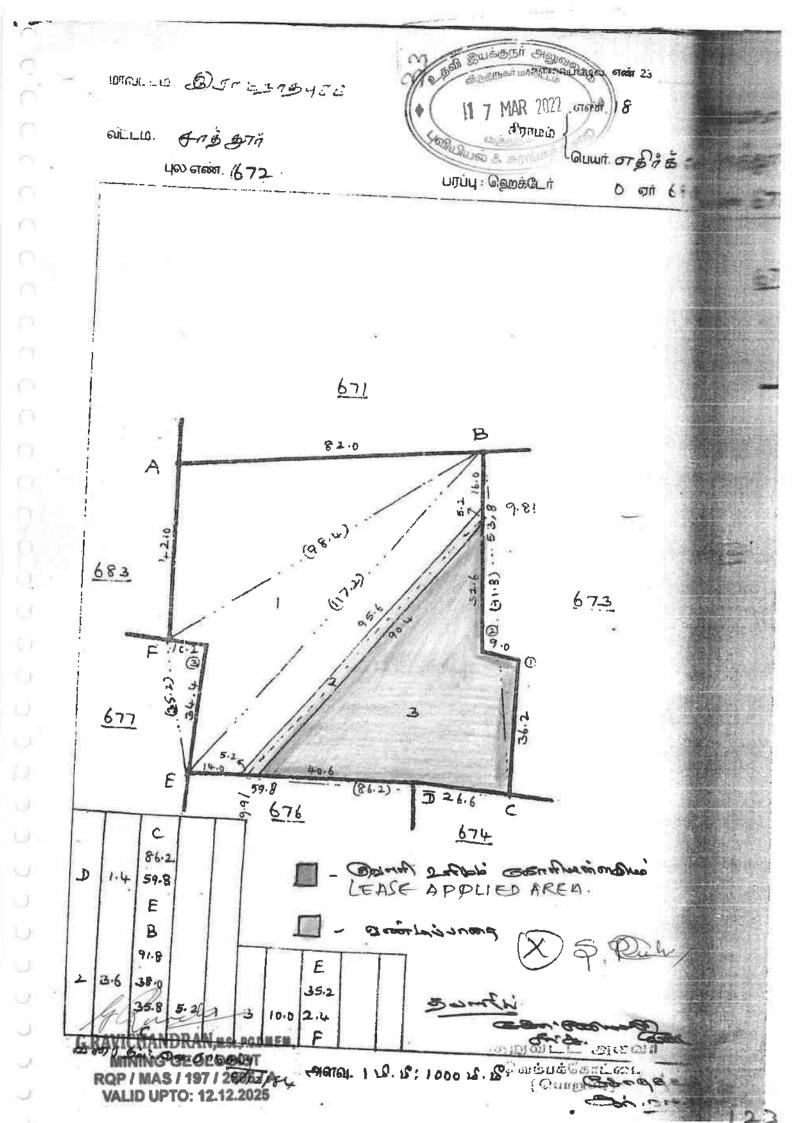
Г

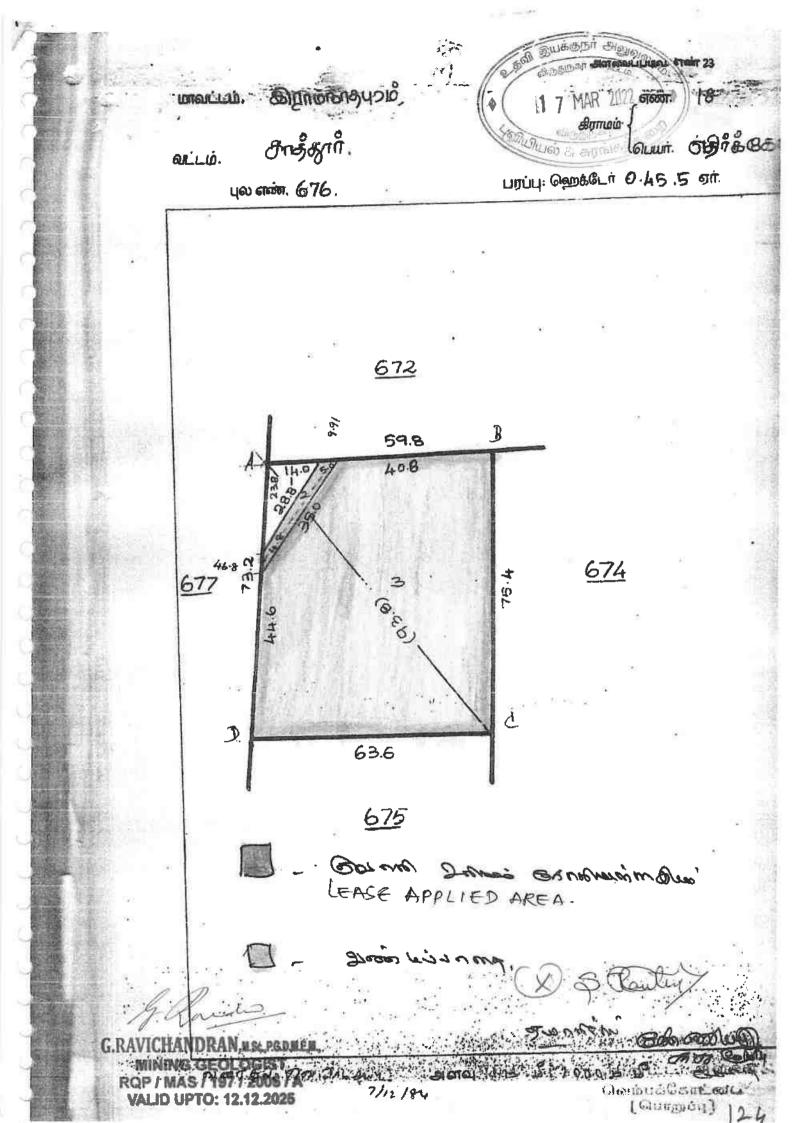
3 1

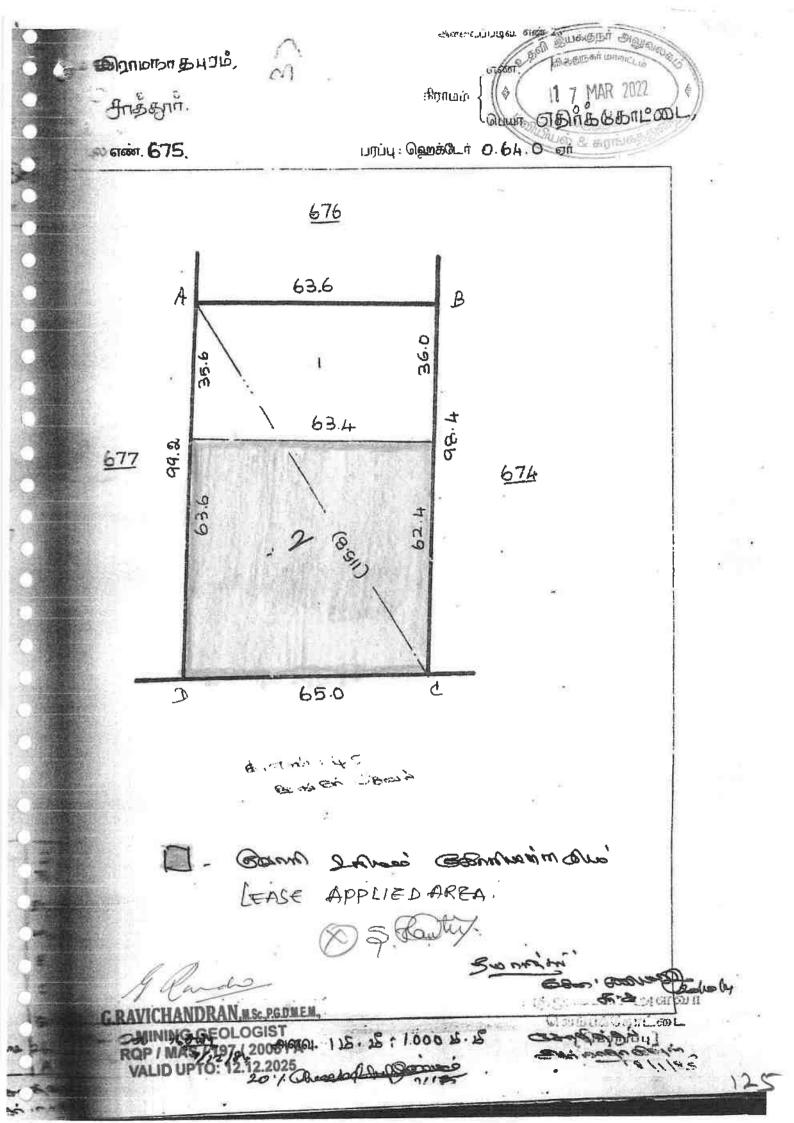
19B Address : E.Reddiyapatti Block No1 E.Reddiyapatti (P) E.Reddiyepatti VIDURHUNAGAR - 626131 முகவரி: 198 இரெட்டியபட்டி வார்டு எண்-1 இ.ரெட்டியபட்டி வருதுதகர் 626131 (B) Samo Facsimile Signature of Electoral Registration Officer வாக்காளா பதிவு அதிகாரியின் கிஜ்ஹோப்ப முத்திரை 1 For 207 .107Sivakasi Assembly Constituency 207 - Award E கட்டமன்ற தொகுதி \* 5 Plaçe : Sivakasi Floren Fl فت 2 Date / gad : 5.12.2000 /: This card may be used as an identify Card under different Government Schemes இந்த ஆட்டையை ஆர்சிய பல்வேகு திட்டங்களின் தற் ஆண். பான ஆட்டையாக பயன் இத்தலாம். 17 9 98

Rawtur.









LOROLL'HO" 20051 Ton Barbare Opersis sincer orte the : 17 MAR 2022 ê iĈ, 1.704 G G 脑 . /08 G a R G IG. G đ 8/9 100-45 Kangaraseval 1-6 km 8-1 Kan G.RAVI HANDRAN, M.Sc POI MINING GEOLOGIS RQP / MAS / 197 / 2005 / A screek VALID UPTO: 12.12.2025 a) and Connort and

விடாட்சியர் அலுவலக இணைய சேவை - நில உரி... https://eservices.tn.gov.in/eservicesnew/land/chittaExtract\_en.html?lan=en





தமிழக அரசு வருவாய்த் துறை

தில உரிமை விபரங்கள் : இ. எண் 10(1) பிரிவு

மாவட்டம் : விகுதுதகர்

 $\overline{C}$ 

 $\overline{(1)}$ 

1 of 1

வருவாய் கிராமம் : எதிர்கோட்டை

வட்டம் : வெம்பக்கோட்டை

பட்டா என் : 388

உரிமையாளர்கள் பெயர்

400 6	ாண் உட்பிரிக	പ്ര പ്രജംപ്ര	செய்	நன்	विस्तर्थत	மற்ற	തല	குறிப்புரைகள்
		arág	தீர்வை	արնգ	தீர்வை	սյունպ	தீர்கை	
		ஹெக் - ஏர்	ரு - பை	ஹெக் - ஏர்	ரு - பை	ஹெக் - ஏர்	ரூ + பை	
67	2 1	0 - 42.50	0.84		20		155	10-05-2003
67	2 3	0 - 23.00	0.46				-	45/99-00  10-05-2003
67	5 2	0 - 41.50	0.83	÷	÷.	æ	77	45/99-00  10-05-2003
		1 - 7.00	2.13					

## குறிப்பு2 :



1.மேற்கண்ட தகவல் / சான்றிதழ் நகல் விவாங்கள் மின் பதிவேட்டிலிருந்து பெறப்பட்டவை. இவற்றை தாங்கள் https://eservices.tn.gov.in என்ற இணைய தளத்தில் 26/09/005/00388/110579 என்ற குறிப்பு ாண்ணை உல்லீடு செய்து உறுதி செய்துகொள்ளவும்.

இத் தகவல்கள் 04-03-2022 அன்று 10:39:00 AM நேரத்தில் அச்சடிக்கப்பட்டது.

கைப்பேசி கேமராவின்2D barcode படிப்பான் மூலம் படித்து 3G/GPRS வழி இணையதளத்தில் சரிபார்க்கவும்

NJ Ranthy.



தமிழக அரசு

வருவாய்த் துறை



நில உரிமை ஷிபரங்கள் : இ. எண் 10(1) பிரிஷ

மாவட்டம் : விருதுநகச்

வருவாய் கிராமம் : எதிர்கோட்டை

 $\cap$ 

71

 $( \cap$ 

V

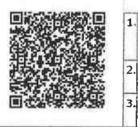
 $1 c^{c} 1$ 

வட்டம் : வெம்பக்கோட்டை பட்டா எண் : 1318

உரிமையாளர்கள் பெயர்

	ந்தர் ரெட்டியார் 			மகன்	,	ச்சந்திரன் 1		-
புல என்	உட்பிரிவு	புன்	புன்செய்		நன்செய்		അഖ	குறிப்புரைகள்
		երունեն	தீர்வை	արնպ	தீர்வை	այրնել	தீர்வை	
_		ஹெக் - ஏர்	ரு - பை	ஹெக் - ஏர்	ரு - பை	ஹெக் - ஏர்	ரு - பை	
674	52	1 - 20.50	2.41	₩.	÷			03-06-2002
906	1A	0 - 50.00	1.39	4	*		**	03-06-2002
906	18	0 ~ 50.50	1.39	-			÷	03-06-2002
411	1C1	0 - 2.00	0.10		*		÷	27-10-2014
412	412 2B2A 0 - 9.00 0.	0.10	-		-		03-06-2002	
		2 - 32.00	5.39					

குறிப்பு2 :



 மேற்கண்ட தகவல் / சான்றிதழ் நகல் விவரங்கள் மின் பதிவேட்டிலிருந்து பெறப்பட்டவை. இவற்றை தாங்கள் https://eservices.tn.gov.in என்ற இணைய தளத்தில் 26/09/005/01318/90573 என்ற குறிப்பு என்னை உள்ளீடு செய்து உறுதி செய்துகொள்ளவும்.

இத் தகவல்கள் 04-03-2022 அன்று 10:41:54 AM நேரத்தில் அச்சடிக்கப்பட்டது.

கைப்பேசி கேமராவின்2D barcode படிப்பான் மூலம் படித்து 3G/GPRS வழி இணையதளத்தில் சரிபார்க்கவும்

8) Z. Canthy.



தமிழக அரசு

வருவாய்த் துறை



நில உரிமை விபரங்கள் : இ. என் 10(1) பிரிவு

மாவட்டம் : விருதுதகர்

வருவாய் கிராமம் : எதிர்கோட்டை

வட்டம் : வெம்பக்கோட்டை பட்டா என்ர : 611

உரிமையாளர்கள் பெயர்

പ്പல எண்	டப்பிரிவு	புன்	). Anti	Bear	heniu	രർയ	குறிப்புரைகள்	
		urúy	<b>தீ</b> ர்வை	urùy	தர்வை	Urùy	தீர்வை	
		ஹெக் – ஏர்	ര്ദ-കെല	ஹெக் - ஏர்	ரு-பை	ஹெக் - ஏர்	ரு - பை	
294	2A	0 - 32.00	1.34		125		225	30-09-2015
294	2C	0 - 87.50	3.67		: 777.0	**		
296	16	0 - 31.00	1.29	(عفو) ا	124	-	<u>11</u> -	
296	3	0 - 41.50	1.74	-	1440		-	
409	18	0 - 10,50	0.29	-				
409	2	0 - 19.50	0.54		-			
45	~	1 - 7.00	4.48		-	÷	**	
47	æ	0 - 56.00	2.33			1.00	**	****
670	-	0 - 40.50	1.12	-	122			03-05-2003
676	1	0 - 1,50	0.06	-	122	-	<u>101</u> 67	03-05-2003
676	3	0 - 43.00	0.86	-	-	1441	20 <sup>1</sup>	03-05-2003
687	3	0 - 35.00	0.97			1	-	16-04-2003
688	2	0 - 85.00	2.35		æ		-	16-04-2003
410	1	0 - 15.00	0.41	-		(444)	1995	27-10-2014
410	2	0 - 19.50	0.54			3000	1.55	
411	1A	0 - 20.50	0.57	-				
46	-	0 - 86.50	3.62	-	**		(	*******
		7 - 31.50	26.18					

குறிப்பு2 :



2.

 மேற்கண்ட தகவல் / சான்றிதழ் நகல் விவரங்கள் மின் பதிவேட்டிலிருந்து பெறப்பட்டவை. இவற்றை தாங்கள் https://eservices.tn.gov.in என்ற இணைய தனத்தில் 26/09/005/00611/140508 என்ற குறிப்பு என்னை உள்ளீடு செய்து உறுதி செய்துகொள்ளவும்.

இத் தகவல்கள் 04-03-2022 அன்று 10:46:57 AM நேரத்தில் அச்சடிக்கப்பட்டது.

3. கைப்பேசி கேமராவின்2D barcode படிப்பான் மூலம் படித்து 3G/GPRS வழி இணையதனத்தில் சரிபார்க்கவும்

D J. Flant

1 of 2

1212020	565	-1	•	•	4	•	•	4-1		1	: 7	7 1	L 363	59	3	77	1003-இருஷ்ணசாமி மற்றும் 2 நப்ரகள்	CL S CLOS
THE PARTY IN	669	-2	P	,	4	0	•	4-1	3	2	7	7	33.	90	0	-	1678-கரேஷ் மற்றும் 2 நபர(கள்)	
North Contraction	101	AL I	NOR.	caity	184	NUM	een-	669				1	79.4		+	78	and a segurial	6500
in to the set	670				4	•		4-3	3	2	7	0	40.5			12	611-ராடாந்தேன்	
A DESCRIPTION OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER	671				4	•		4-3	3	2	77	1	19.5	0 1	1	30	1730-செந்தார் பினால்ஸ் நிறுவனம்	1
COLUMN DUCK	672.	1	P		4	6	õ	4-3 	3	2	77	0	42.9	•		84	388-க. ராமச்சந்திரன்	1
ALC: NO DO	672-	2	P	-	49	•	0	0-0	0		••		3.00	1			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	antophanop
and the second s	672.	2	-		49	•	0	6-0	0	0	00		3.00		T	99		ambsitumes
	672-	3		-	4	•		7-3	4	2	60		23.00		1	16	388-க. ராமச்சந்தொன்	1
	TOTA	LPC	RS	DRAP	CY IN	UME	ER-6	72		-0			71.50	1	13	10	•	
- Alter	673-1		+			•	•	7-3	4	2	09		2.50	•		6	1302- <i>ரக்மணி</i>	
100 million	672-2			4	ap	0		9-0	0	0	00	0	1.50	•		0		andryshamp
The second second	673-2	P		-		•		-0	0	0	00	0	1.59	9	8			entrychamps
	673-3	P		1	1		0 7	-3	•	2	00	• (	49.50		*	8 1	1302-ciumo . 4 9. C	
	TOTAL	Por	SU	RVEY	( 10	MBE	R-67	3	8	-		0	55.60	1	-	1		
The second se	674			4	-	1	7	-3	1	2	00	1	28.50	2	41	1	318-க.ராமச்சத்திரன்	
	675-1			4	T	-	7	-3	6	2	00		22.50	0	45	1	148-துரைபான்டியன் மு <b>ற்று</b> ம் 7 தபர்(கள்)	
	675-2	P		4	0		7	-3		-	00	0	41.58	0	83	3	88-க. ராமச்சந்தேன்	
	TOTAL	TOR	sija	MEY	MU	GREU	- 675					•	64.00	1	28	T	- 12 and my	
	676-1			4	•		7.	3 4		2 0	10	•	1.50		06	6	Arro Doard An 11-micrigani agitCanime Ar CiciliusCanime ar	<b>BO</b> I
	676-2	•	4	-	•	•		• •	1		0	•	1.90	•	80		Gerbus Control on	LL 15 exemptioners
	876-2	2	4	49		•	0-	0 0			0	•	1.00	•	90			authorithe
I	676-3			4		0	7.	3 4	2	T	T		43,00	D	86	61	1-onweißogen	

C

してしていていてい

K	IRIÇ.	1 - T	VII		ин Т	T	T	T	T	L	T	- V	CIM	DA.	KKOTTAI VILLAGE - EDIRKOT	Contraction of the
	669-1	•		4	•	•	4-3	3	2	77	1	36.50	3	77	1003-கிருஷ்ணசாமி மற்றும் 2 பெர்கள்	Hallala Malala
	669-2			4	•	0	4-3	3	z	77		33.50	0	93	1678 Grai wing 2 1 wi (sai) 7 MAR	2022
	TOTAL	FOI	SUR	VEY	NUM	BBR	- 669				1	79.99	+	70	LET LIE & MIT	B B
	670			4	•	0	4-3	3	2	77	0	40.50	1	12	611-ராமசத்திரன்	
公開	671			4	0	•	4-3	3	2	77	1	19.50	3	30	1730-செந்தார் மினரல்ஸ் திறுவனம்	
	672-1	P		4	0	0	4-3	3	2	77	0	42.50	0	84	388-க. ராமச்சந்திரன்	
1 1	672-2	P		up	0	0	0-0	0	0	00	•	3.00	0	00		arringeit
2	672-2	P	4	49		•	0-0	0	0	00	0	3.00	0	00		aratrapila
3	672-3	P		4	•	0	7-3	4	2	90	0	23.00	9	46	388-க. ராமச்சந்திரன்	
	TOTAL	POR	SUR	VEY			672	I	<u> </u>		0	71.50	1	38		
a I	673-1			4		•	7-3	4	2	-	9	2.50	•	86	1302-ആര്ഗണ്	
ż	673-2	P	-	49	0	0	e-0	0	0	80	•	1.50	0			maingaing
2	673-2	P	-4	49	•	•	0-0	ø	0	80	0	1,50	0			-
3	673-3	P	ø	4	•	0	7-3	4	2	00	• (	49.50	9	98	1302-cisuan . 4 9 . C	
	TOTAL	POR.	SUR	'EY B	t juli		673				0	55.00	1	94		
	674		5	4	•	0	7-3	*	2	00	1	28.50	2	41	1318-க.ராமச்சந்திரன்	
1	675-1		•	4	0	•	7-3	4	2	00	0	22.50	0	45	1148-துரைபான்டியன் மற்றும் 7 தபர்(கள்)	
2	675-2	P	8	4		0	7-3	4	2	00	•	41.50	0	83	388-சு. ராமச்சந்தரன்	
	TOTAL	FOR	SURV	EY N	UMB	ER- (	675				0	64.90	1	28	12 min wind	
1	676-1	P	,	4		0	7 - 3	+	2	08	•	1.50	0	06		and and a
2	476-2	2	-	49	0	0	0-0	0	0	90	0	1.00	0	00	எடும்கோட்டை இரா பெற்றத்தொடல்ட வ	0.0
2	676-2	•	-	49	0	0	9-9	•	0	00		1.09	0	00		eningdem
8	676-3	P	,	4	0	•	7-3	+	2	00	¢	43.00	0	86 (	611- <i>91110-5</i> <b>59</b> 0 <b>0</b>	

கிராமக் கணக்கு

|43)– ஆம் பசலியில்

÷.,,

ŝ,

J

ADBBBBB unaili ODDidis BBACALAILI 05, TBABB

¢	ல் வர புலல்	ரத் திட் ாகளின்	டத்தில் விபர	пць. П.		சாகுபடி யாளரின் பெயர்.	1	200 - 200F	குநா அல போகம். முகா மாவட்ட	and and and a	1
நில துளவை எண்.	உட்பிரிவு எண்	ប្រជុំវុះ.	தீர்வை.	ஒரு போகம் அல்லது இரு போகம்.	கைப்பற்று தாரருடைய பெயரும் எண்ணும் அல்லது அனுபோக தாரருடைய பெயர்.	நிலத்தின் எந்த பகுதி யாவது சாகுபடியாளரால் பயிரிடப்பட்டுள்ளதா.	எந்த மாதத்தில் பயிர் செய்யப்பட்டது எந்த மாதத்தில் அறுவதைட்	utûhîtên Quyhê	uulinreen (Billinean Billinean Billinean Billinean Linuu)	உண்மையான பாய்ச்சல் ஆதாரம்.	விளை <i>ச்ச</i> ல் அளவு விமாக்காடு.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	Ø	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
572	3	0230	o.Ab	288	Fr. Druck & Balloon			3.55			
674		50 <sup>-7</sup>	M	1318	-da			Bás			
575	2	0.475	0.83	388	-do-		-	Balas		_	
Jb	3	0.43.	0.86	611	-db-			<u>க</u> டு		_	_
			-				he	5)ono	3571	N	
							2	Dor	L.		
						ó		62	ahor		
							FFD BC		Mandi		
						Q	wieuse		assoc alle		
					•			8			
								-			
										1.	
					- +						
-											20
				-			1			-	

R.F. III-A-10-20,00,000 Cps.-GBP.-MDU.-7,-2014.

) J. Bastin X.

132



#### **MINES LAND PHOTO**



வெம்பக்கோட்டை வட்டம், எதிர்கோட்டை கிராமம் மாவட்டம், விருதுநகர் பட்டா புலஎண்கள். 672/3, 674, 675/2 & 676/3 மொத்தம் 2 - 28.00ஹெக்டேரில் மட்டும் 5 வருடங்களுக்கு உதவிஇயக்குனர், புவியியல் மற்றும் சுரங்கத்துறை, விருதுநகர் மாவட்ட ஆட்சியர் அலுவலக வளாகம், விருதுநகர் – செயல்முறை ஆணை எண். கே.வி.1/664/2021-கனிமம் நாள் அவர்களின் 11.02.2022ன் படி திரு. சு. ராமச்சந்திரன், த/பெ. சுந்தரரெட்டியார் அவர்கள் மனு செய்துள்ளார்கள். மேற்படி இடம் உடைகல், ஜல்லி மற்றும் கிராவல் அங்கீகரிக்கப்பட்ட இடம் என்பதை இதன் வெட்டி எடுப்பதற்கு முலம் சான்றளிக்கிறேன்.

மேற்படி இடத்திற்கு செல்வதற்கு அணுகுபாதை வசதி உள்ளது என்றும் சான்றளிக்கிறேன்.

இடம்: ஏதிர் கோட்டை நாள்: 22/02/2022

மனுதாரர் கையெப்பம்

கிராம நிர்வாக அலுவலர்.

Downy 20102/2024

கிராம நிருவாக அலுவலர் எதிர்கோட்டை கிராமம் வெம்பக்கோட்டை வட்டம்

8 \$. Flankling

கிராம நிர்வாக அலுவலரின் சான்று குருந்தைல்

விருதுநகர் மாவட்டம், வெம்பக்கோட்டை வட்டம், எதிர்கோட்டை கிராமம் பட்டா புலஎண்கள். 672/3, 674, 675/2 & 676/3 மொத்தம் மட்டும் 5 வருடங்களுக்கு உதவிஇயக்குனர், 2-28.00 னெக்டேரில் ஆட்சியர் புவியியல் ល់ក្រាញ់ល சுரங்கத்துறை, விருதுநகர் மாவட்ட அலுவலக வளாகம், விருதுநகர் அவர்களின் செயல்முறை കുത്തെ எண். கே.வி.1/664/2021-கனிமம் நாள் 11.02.2022ன் படி திரு. சு. ராமச்சந்திரன், த/பெ. சுந்தரரெட்டியார் அவர்கள் மனு செய்துள்ளார்கள். இவர்கள் ஆரம்பிக்க உள்ள உடைகல், ஜல்லி மற்றும் கிராவல் குவாரி செல்ல போதிய அணுகுபாதை வசதி உள்ளது மேலும் இடத்திற்க 300மீட்டர் சுற்றளவில் குடியிருப்புகள், கோயில்கள், நிலத்தை சுற்றி பள்ளிக்கூடம் ஏதும் இல்லை.

மேற்படி புல எண்கள். மேற்படி கிராம கணக்கு தடை ஆணை புத்தகத்தில் இடம் பெறவில்லை. மேலும் 10கி.மீ. சுற்றளவில் பிற மாவட்ட எல்லையோ, மாநில எல்லையோ இடம்பெறவில்லை. மேற்படி சான்று கனிமவளத்துறைக்கு அளிக்கும் வகைக்காக வழங்கப்படுகிறது.

ω

and and ணிவலர். கிராமம் எதிர்கோட்டை வெம்பக்கோட்டை வட்டம்

இயக்குநா

MAR

O & Rauthy.



#### அனுட்குர்:

ஐயா,

z,

1. 2 .

திருமதி. ரா.புஷ்பா, பி.எஸ்.சி., வருவாய் கோட்டாட்சியர், சாத்தூர்.

# ANNEXURE - XI

#### மூ.மு.அ2 / 4675 /2021, நாள்: 31.01.2022

பொருள் :

ைலிமம் மற்றும் சுரங்கம் - விருதுநகர் மாவட்டம் - சாத்தூர் வட்டம் - எதிர்கோட்டை கிராமம் - புல எண்கள். 672/3 (0.23.0), 674 (1.20.5), 675/2 (0.41.5) மற்றும் 676/3 (0.43.0) மொத்தம் 2.28.0 ஹெக்டேர் நிலங்களில் 10 வருடங்களுக்கு உடைகல் மற்றும் கிராவல் குவாரி உரிமம் வழங்கக் கோரியது - கருத்துரு அனுப்புதல் - தொடர்பாக.

பார்வை:

- விருதுநகர் மாவட்ட ஆட்சித்தலைவர் அவர்களின் கடிதம் எண் ந.க கேவி1/664/2021, நாள்: 15.09.2021.
- வெம்பக்கோட்டை, வருவாய் வட்டாட்சியர் கடிதம் எண். ந.க. அ6/2154/2021, நாள்: 31.12.2021.

விருதுநகர் மாவட்டம், வெம்பக்கோட்டை வட்டம், எதிர்கோட்டை கிராமம், புல எண்கள். 672/3 (0.23.0), 674 (1.20.5), 675/2 (0.41.5) மற்றும் 676/3 (0.43.0) மொத்தம் 2.28.0 ஹெக்டேர் பரப்பு நிலத்தில் 10 வருடங்களுக்கு உடைகல் மற்றும் கிராவல் குவாரி உரிமம் வழங்கக் கோரி திரு.ராமச்சந்திரன், த/பெ. சுந்தர்ரெட்டியார் என்பவர் மனு செய்துள்ளது தொடர்பாக, எனதறிக்கையினை கீழ்க்கண்டவாறு சமர்ப்பிக்கிறேன்.

#### நில **உ**ரிமை:-

மனுதாரர் குவாரி செய்ய உரிமம் வழங்கக் கோரும் இடம் வெம்பக்கோட்டை வட்டம், எதிர்க்கோட்டை கிராமம், புல எண்கள். 672/3 (0.23.0), 675/2 (0.41.5) ஆகியவை பட்டா எண். 388 -ராமச்சந்திரன் என்பவர் பெயரிலும், புல எண். 674 (1.20.5) ஆனது பட்டா எண். 1318, புல எண். 676/3 (0.43.0) பட்டா எண். 611 இல் சுந்தரரெட்டியார் மகன் ராமச்சந்திரன் பெயரில் கிராமக் கணக்கில் தாக்கலாகியுள்ளது.

#### ஆட்சேபணை:-

மேற்படி குவாரி அமைவது குறித்து கோபாலபுரம் கிராமப் பொது மக்களிடம் "அ1" நோட்டிஸ் 01.10.2021 அன்று பிரசுரம் செய்யப்பட்டதில் ஆட்சேபணை ஏதும் வரப்பெறவில்லை என கிராம நிர்வாக அலுவலர் அறிக்கை செய்துள்ளார்.

#### 4.நான்குமால் விபரம்:-

#### புல எண். 672/3 (0.23.0)

வடக்கு - புல எண். 672/2 - ரோடு, தெற்கு - புல எண். 674, 676/2 - ராமச்சந்திரன், கிழக்கு - புல எண். 673/3 - ருக்குமணி, மேற்கு - புல எண். 672/2 - ரோடு,

) \$ Randing.

வடக்கு - புல எண். 672/3 - ராமச்சந்திரன், 673/3 - ரூக்குமணி, தெற்கு - லட்சுமிபுரம், கங்கர்செவல் கிராமம், கிழக்கு - புல எண். 647/1 - வடவநாயக்கர் (வ), மேற்கு - புல எண். 676/3, 675/2 - ராமச்சந்திரன், 675/1 - துரைப்பாண்டி (வ),

#### புல எண். 675/2 (0.41.5):-

வடக்கு - புல எண். 675/1 - துரைப்பாண்டி (வ), தெற்கு - கங்கர்செவல் கிராமம், கிழக்கு - புல எண். 674 - ராமச்சந்திரன், மேற்கு - புல எண். 677/3C - மங்கத்தாய் (வ),

#### புல எண். 676/6 (0.43.0):-

வடக்கு - புல எண். 672/1, 672/3 - துரைப்பாண்டி (வ), 672/2 - ரோடு, தெற்கு - புல எண். 675/1 - துரைப்பாண்டி, கிழக்கு - புல எண். 674 - ராமச்சந்திரன், மேற்கு - புல எண். 677/1, 677/3B - மங்கத்தாய் (வ), 677/2 - வண்டிப்பாதை,

#### 2.நில அமைப்பு:-

மனுதாரர் குவாரி உரிமம் புலத்திற்கு 300 மீ சுற்றளவில் குடியிருப்பு பகுதிகள், பள்ளி மற்றும் கல்லூரிகள் எதுவும் கிடையாது. மேலும் 500 மீ சுற்றளவிற்குள் புல எண். 673 இல் க.ராமச்சந்திரன் என்பவருக்கு சொந்தமான குவாரி 2003-2008 வரை 5 ஆண்டுகள் செயல்பட்டு, 2008 முதல் தற்போது வரை செயல்படாமல் உள்ளது. மேற்கே புல எண். 683 இல் தனியாருக்குச் சொந்தமான குவாரி 4 ஆண்டுகளாக செயல்படாத நிலையில் உள்ளது. வடபக்கம் புல எண். 648 இல் அரசுக்கு சொந்தமான குவாரி செயல்படாத நிலையில் உள்ளது.

மேற்படி குவாரி அமைக்கக் கோரும் புலங்களுக்கு 50 மீட்டர் சுற்றளவில் சாலைகள், இரயில் இருப்பு பாதைகள், கோவில்கள் மற்றும் புராதானச் சின்னங்கள், பின்கம்பிகள், நீர்நிலை ஆதாரங்கள், வேறு நிரந்தர அமைப்புகள் ஏதும் கிடையாது. மேற்படி உடைகல் மற்றும் கிராவல் குவாரி நடத்துவதால் அருகிலுள்ள விவசாயம் மற்றும் பட்டா நிலங்களுக்கு பாதிப்பு ஏதும் இல்லை.

எனவே, வெம்பக்கோட்டை வட்டம், எதிர்கோட்டை கிராமம், புல எண்கள். 672/3 (0.23.0), 674 (1.20.5), 675/2 (0.41.5) மற்றும் 676/3 (0.43.0) மொத்தம் 2.28.0 ஹெக்டேர் பரப்பு நிலத்தில் திரு.ராமச்சந்திரன், த/பெ. சுந்தர்ரெட்டியார் என்பவருக்கு தமிழ்நாடு சிறுகனிமவிதிகளுக்கு உட்பட்டு 10 வருடங்களுக்கு உடைகல் மற்றும் கிராவல் குவாரி உரிமம் வழங்க பரிந்துரை செய்கிறேன். இத்துடன் புலத்தணிக்கை அறிக்கை, கிராம கணக்கு ஆவணங்களின் நகல், 10(1), புலப்படச்சுவடி நகல், கிராம வரைபடம், "அ1" நோட்டீஸ் ஆகியவைகளை இணைத்து அனுப்பியுள்ளேன் என்பதைப் பணிவுடன் தெரிவித்துக்கொள்கிறேன்.

இணைப்பு: மேற்கண்டவாறு.

S. Rawtur

/உத்தரவுப்படி/

வருவாய் கோட்டாட்சியர், சாத்தூட் MAM நோமுக உதவியாளா்

ஒம்/ரா.புஷ்பா,

( )

#### அனுப்புநர்

Minut

AN 2022

Com

augunu

திரு.சு.தனராஜ், வருவாய் வட்டாட்சியர், வெம்பக்கோட்டை.

# 000019

ମାର୍ଥାସାସଠନ யுக்குநா เป็นเริ่าไป เอกิราแป้ไปนี้ MAR 2022 Gummi UTONE விருதுநகர் மாவட்டும், விருதுநகக்

137

உரிய வழிமுறையாக வருவாய் கோட்டாட்சியர், சாத்தூர்.

#### ந.க.அ6/2154/2021, நாள்:31.12.2021

கனிமம் மற்றும் சுரங்கம் - விருதுநகர் மாவட்டம் - வெம்பக்கோட்டை வட்டம் - எதிர்க்கோட்டை கிராமம் - புல எண்கள்.672/3 (0.23.0), 674 (1.20.5), 675/2/(0.41.5) மற்றும் 676/3/(0.43.0) மொத்தம் 2.28.0 ஹெக்டர் பரப்பு நிலத்தில் 10 வருடங்களுக்கு உடைகல் மற்றும் கிராவல் குவாரி உரிமம் வழங்கக் கோரியுள்ளது - கருத்துரு அனுப்பக் கோரியது - அறிக்கை அனுப்புதல் -தொடர்பாக.

பார்வை-

வொருள்-

MAR NO 119

- உதவி இயக்குநர், புவியியல் மற்றும் சுரங்கத்துறை, விருதுநகர் கடிதம் ந.க.கே.வி1/664/2021 நாள்:15.09.2021.
- 2. சாத்தூர் வருவாய் கோட்டாட்சியர் அவர்களின் கடிதம் எண்.ந.க.அ2/4675/2021.நாள்:27.09.2021.
- எதிர்க்கோட்டை கிராம நிர்வாக அலுவலர், அறிக்கை. நாள்:18.10.2021.
- ஆலங்குளம் வருவாய் ஆய்வாளர், அறிக்கை. நாள்:20.10.2021.
- 5. வெம்பக்கோட்டை, சார் ஆய்வாளர் அறிக்கை. நாள்:20.10.2021.
- மண்டல துணை வட்டாட்சியர் அறிக்கை. நாள்:11.11.2021.

விருதுநகர் வெம்பக்கோட்டை மாவட்டம், வட்டம், எதிர்க்கோட்டை கிராமம், புல எண்கள்.672/3 (0.23.0), 674 (1.20.5), 675/2 (0.41.5) மற்றும் 676/3 (0.43.0) மொத்தம் 2.28.0 ஹெக்டர் பரப்பு நிலத்தில் 10 வருடங்களுக்கு உடைகல் மற்றும் கிராவல் குவாரி உரிமம் வழங்கக் கோரி திரு.ராமச்சந்திரன் த/பெ.சுந்தர் ரெட்டியார் என்பவர் விண்ணப்பம் செய்துள்ளது தொடர்பாக மனுதாரர் கோரிக்கை தொடர்பாக, 20.12.2021 அன்று புலத்தணிக்கை செய்<u>க</u>ு எனதறிக்கையினை கீழ்க்கண்டவாறு சமர்ப்பிக்கிளேன்.

X & Renthy.

மனுதாரர் குவாரி செய்ய உரிமம் வழங்கக் கோரும் இடம் வெம்பக்கோட்டை வட்டம், எதிர்க்கோட்டை கிராமம், புல எண்கள்.672/3 (0.23.0), 675/2 (0.41.5) ஆகியவை பட்டா எண்.388 ராமச்சந்திரன் என்பவர் பெயரிலும், புல எண்.674 (1.20.5) ஆனது பட்டா எண்.1318, புல எண்.676/3 (0.43.0) பட்டா எண்.611-ல் சுந்தரரெட்டியார் மகன் ராமச்சந்திரன் பெயரில் கிராமக் கணக்கில் கூட்டாக தாக்கலாகியுள்ளது.

(Å

 $(\gamma)$ 

 $\odot$ 

#### 2. நில அமைப்பு:

மனுதாரர் குவாரி உரிமம் புலத்திற்கு 300 மீ சுற்றளவில் குடியிருப்பு பகுதிகள், பள்ளி மற்றும் கல்லூரிகள் எதுவும் கிடையாது. மேலும் 500மீ சுற்றளவிற்குள் புல எண்.673-ல் க.ராமச்சந்திரன் என்பவருக்கு சொந்தமான குவாரி 2003-2008 வரை 5 ஆண்டுகள் செயல்பட்டு, 2008 முதல் தற்போது வரை செயல்படாமல் உள்ளது. மேற்கே புல எண்.683-ல் தனியருக்குச் சொ

"ந்தமான குவாரி 4 ஆண்டுகளாக செயல்படாத நிலையில் உள்ளது. வடபக்கம் புல எண்.648-ல் அரசுக்கு சொந்தமான குவாரி செயல்படாத நிலையில் உள்ளது.

மேற்படி குவாரி அமைக்கக் கோரும் புலங்களுக்கு 50 மீட்டர் சுற்றளவில் சாலைகள், இரயில் இருப்பு பாதைகள், கோவில்கள் மற்றும் புராதனச் சின்னங்கள், மின்கம்பிகள், நீர் நிலை ஆதாரங்கள், வேறு நிரந்தர அமைப்புகள் ஏதும் கிடையாது. மேற்படி உடைகல் மற்றும் கிராவல் குவாரி செய்வதால் அருகிலுள்ள விவசாய மற்றும் பட்டா நிலங்களுக்கு பாதிப்பு ஏதும் இல்லை

#### 4.ஆட்சேபனை:

மேற்படி குவாரி அமைவது குறித்து கோபாலபுரம் கிராமப் பொது மக்களிடம் "A1" நோட்டீஸ் 01.10.2021 அன்று பிரசுரம் செய்யப்பட்டதில் ஆட்சேபனை ஏதும் வரப்பெறவில்லை.

5. நான்குமால் விபரம்:

#### புல எண்:672/3 (0.23.0):

வடக்கு - புல எண்.672/2 - ரோடு தெற்கு - புல எண்.674, 676/2-ராமச்சந்திரன் கிழக்கு - புல எண்.673/3 - ருக்குமணி

8 S. Ramiter Y.

#### பல் எண்:674 (1.20.5):

்வடக்கு - புல எண்.672/3 - ராமச்சந்திரன்,

673/3 - ருக்குமணி

தெற்கு - புல எண்.லட்சுமிபுரம், கங்கர்செவல் கிராமம்./

கிழக்கு - புல எண்.647/1-வடவ நாயக்கா்(வ)

மேற்கு - புல எண்.676/3, 675/2-ராமச்சந்திரன் /

புல எண்.675/1 துரைப்பாண்டி (வ).4

#### புல எண்:675/2 (0.41.5):

வடக்கு - புல எண்.675/1-துரைப்பாண்டி(வ).

தெற்கு - புல எண்.கங்கர்செவல் கிராமம்-

கிழக்கு - புல எண்.674 - ராமச்சந்திரன்

மேற்கு - புல எண்.677/3C -மங்கத்தாய்(வ).

#### புல எண்:676/3 (0.43.0):

வடக்கு - புல எண்.672/1, 672/3 - ராமச்சந்திரன் 🕯

672/2- Слп ) /

தெற்கு - புல எண்.675/1 - துரைப்பாண்டி

கிழக்கு - புல எண்.674-ராமச்சந்திரன்

பேற்கு - புல எண்.677/1, 677/3B - மங்கத்தாய்(வ)

புல எண்.677/2 – வண்டிப்பாதை

#### 6.பரிந்துரை:

மனுதாரர் சமர்ப்பித்துள்ள ஆவணங்களின்படியும், சம்பந்தப்பட்ட கிராம நிர்வாக அலுவலர், வருவாய் ஆய்வாளர், சார் ஆய்வாளர் மற்றும் வெம்பக்கோட்டை மண்டல துணை வட்டாட்சியரின் பரிந்துரையின்பேரிலும், புலத்தணிக்கையின் அடிப்படையிலும், திரு.ராமச்சந்திரன் த/பெ.சுந்தர்ரெட்டியார் என்பவருக்கு புல எண்கள்.672/3 (0.23.0), 674 (1.20.5), 675/2 (0.41.5) மற்றும் 676/3 (0.43.0) மொத்தம் 2.28.0 ஹெக்டர் பரப்பு நிலத்தில் 10 வருடங்களுக்கு உடைகல் மற்றும் கிராவல் குவாரி உரிமம் வழங்க பரிந்துரை செய்கிறேன் என்பதை பணிவுடன் தெரிவித்துக்கொள்கிறேன். இணைப்பு : தொடர்புடைய ஆவணங்கள்.

-/உத்தரவுப்படி/-

ஒ.ம்/-சு.தனராஜ், வட்டாட்சியர், வெம்பக்கோட்டை.

வட்டாட்சியருக்காக

இயுக்குநா அன்றுவிலுக்கு

MAR 2022

பியல் & கரங்கத்த

புலத்தணிக்கைக்குறிப்பு

11/16/05/76/0

7 MAR 2022

140

\$

Land Contraction C
திருமதி.ரா.புஷ்பா, வருவாய் கோட்டாட்சியர் , சாத்தூர்.
வெம்பக்கோட்டை வட்டம், எதிர்கோட்டை கிராமம்
புல எணக்கள். 672/3 (0.23.0), 674 (1.20.5), 675/2 (0.41.5) மற்றும் 676/3 (0.43.0) மொத்தம் 2.28.0 ஹெக்டேர்
29.01.2022
10 வருடங்களுக்கு உடைகல் மற்றும் கிராவல் குவாரி உரிமம் வழங்கக் கோரியது - தொடர்பாக.

விருதுநகர் மாவட்டம், வெம்பக்கோட்டை வட்டம், எதிர்கோட்டை கிராமம், புல எண்கள். 672/3 (0.23.0), 674 (1.20.5), 675/2 (0.41.5) மற்றும் 676/3 (0.43.0) மொத்தம் 2.28.0 ஹெக்டேர் பரப்பு நிலத்தில் 10 வருடங்களுக்கு உடைகல் மற்றும் கிராவல் குவாரி உரிமம் வழங்கக் கோரி திரு.ராமச்சந்திரன், த/பெ. சுந்தர்ரெட்டியார் என்பவர் மனு செய்துள்ளது தொடர்பாக, இன்று (29.01.2022) புலத்தணிக்கை செய்யப்பட்டது. புலத்தணிக்கையின்போது வருவாய் வட்டாட்சியர், மண்டல துணை வட்டாட்சியர், குறுவட்ட ஆய்வாளர், குறுவட்ட அளவர் மற்றும் கிராம நிர்வாக அலுவலர் ஆகியோர் உடனிருந்தனர்.

#### நில உரியை-

Ö.

மனுதாரர் குவாரி செய்ய உரிமம் வழங்கக் கோரும் இடம் வெம்பக்கோட்டை வட்டம், எதிர்க்கோட்டை கிராமம், புல எண்கள். 672/3 (0.23.0), 675/2 (0.41.5) ஆகியவை பட்டா எண். 388 -ராமச்சந்திரன் என்பவர் பெயரிலும், புல எண். 674 (1.20.5) ஆனது பட்டா எண். 1318, புல எண். 676/3 (0.43.0) பட்டா எண். 611 இல் சுந்தரரெட்டியார் மகன் ராமச்சந்திரன் பெயரில் கிராமக் கணக்கில் தாக்கலாகியுள்ளது.

#### ஆட்சேபணை~

மேற்படி குவாரி அமைவது குறித்து கோபாலபுரம் கிராமப் பொது மக்களிடம் "அ1" நோட்டீஸ் 01.10.2021 அன்று பிரசுரம் செய்யப்பட்டதில் ஆட்சேபணை ஏதும் வரப்பெறவில்லை என கிராம நிர்வாக அலுவலர் அறிக்கை செய்துள்ளார்.

#### 4.நான்குமால் விபரம்:-

#### புல எனர். 672/3 (0.23.0)

வடக்கு - புல எண். 672/2 - ரோடு, தெற்கு - புல எண். 674, 676/2 - ராமச்சந்திரன், கிழக்கு - புல எண். 673/3 - ருக்குமணி, மேற்கு - புல எண். 672/2 - ரோடு,

) S. Cantur.

#### LIAU STERRIT. 674 (1.20.5)-

a A

வடக்கு - புல எண். 672/3 - ராமச்சந்திரன், 673/3 - ருக்குமணி, தெற்கு - லட்சுமிபுரம், கங்கர்செவல் கிராமம், கிழக்கு - புல எண். 647/1 - வடவநாயக்கர் (வ), மேற்கு - புல எண். 676/3, 675/2 - ராமச்சந்திரன், 675/1 - துரைப்பாண்டி (வ),

#### புல எண். 675/2 (0.41.5)-

வடக்கு - புல எண். 675/1 - துரைப்பாண்டி (வ), தெற்கு - கங்கர்செவல் கிராமம், கிழக்கு - புல எண். 674 - ராமச்சந்திரன், மேற்கு - புல எண். 677/3С - மங்கத்தாய் (வ),

#### Lie and 676/6 (0.43.0)-

வடக்கு - புல எண். 672/1, 672/3 - துரைப்பானர்டி (வ), 672/2 - ரோடு, தெற்கு - புல எண். 675/1 - துரைப்பாண்டி, கிழக்கு - புல எண். 674 - ராமச்சந்திரன், மேற்கு - புல எனர். 677/1, 677/3B - மங்கத்தாய் (ல), 677/2 - வண்டிப்பாதை,

#### 2 pla gamin-

மனுதாரர் குவாரி உரிமம் புலத்திற்கு 300 மீ சுற்றளவில் குடியிருப்பு பகுதிகள், பள்ளி மற்றும் கல்லூரிகள் எதுவும் கிடையாது. மேலும் 500 மீ சுற்றளவிற்குள் புல எண். 673 இல் க.ராமச்சந்திரன் என்பவருக்கு சொந்தமான குவாரி 2003-2008 வரை 5 ஆண்டுகள் செயல்பட்டு, 2008 முதல் தற்போது வரை செயல்படாமல் உள்ளது. மேற்கே புல எனர். 683 இல் தனியாருக்குச் சொந்தமான குவாரி 4 ஆண்டுகளாக செயல்படாத நிலையில் உள்ளது. வடபக்கம் புல எண். 648 இல் அரசுக்கு சொந்தமாள குவாரி செயல்படாத நிலையில் உள்ளது.

12

மேற்படி குவாரி அமைக்கக் கோரும் பலங்களுக்கு 50 மீட்டர் சுற்றளவில் சாலைகள், இரயில் இருப்பு பாதைகள், கோவில்கள் மற்றும் புராதானச் சின்னங்கள், மின்கம்பிகள், நீர்நிலை ஆதாரங்கள், வேறு நிரந்தர அமைப்புகள் ஏதும் கிடையாது. மேற்படி உடைகல் மற்றும் கிராவல் குவாரி நடத்துவதால் அருகிலுள்ள விவசாயம் மற்றும் பட்டா நிலங்களுக்கு பாதிப்பு ஏதும் இல்லை.

எனவே, வெம்பக்கோட்டை வட்டம், எதிர்கோட்டை கிராமம், புல எண்கள். 672/3 (0.23.0), 674 (1.20.5), 675/2 (0.41.5) மற்றும் 676/3 (0.43.0) மொத்தம் 2.28.0 ஹெக்டேர் பரப்பு நிலத்தில் திரு.ராமச்சந்திரன், த/பெ. சுந்தர்ரெட்டியார் என்பவருக்கு தமிழ்நாடு சிறுகனிமவிதிகளுக்கு உட்பட்டு 10 வருடங்களுக்கு உடைகல் மற்றும் கிராவல் குவாரி உரிமம் வழங்க வழங்க மாவட்ட ஆட்சியர் அவர்களுக்கு கடித வரைவு அனுப்பலாம்.

8 S. Cantin.

auranti Cantenit சா<u>க்க</u>ார்.

# விருதுநகர் மாவட்டம் வெம்பக்கோட்டை வருவாய் வட்டாட்சியரின் புலத்தணிக்கை அறிக்கை மல் க Manufaction & Symias B

1

1.	குத்தகை உரிமம் கே	आतीय व्योळगळ	TULIO G	NUDUULI	டதே	1.1	08.09.2021.	1414 C 222			
2	அ) புலத்தணிக்கை	செய்த தாள்		11111			20.12.2021.				
	ஆ) புலத்தணிக் அலுவலர்கள் பற்றிய		போது	91.9	nose	5 :	எதிர்க்கோட்டை கிராம நிர்வாக அலுவலர் மற்றும் ஆலங்குளம் வருவாம் ஆய்வாளர்.				
3.	குத்தகை உரிமம் ( மற்றும் முகவரி	கோரும் விண்		திரு.ராமச்சந்திரன், த/பெ.சுந்தரரெட்டியார், இடி.ரெட்டியப்பட்டி, எதிர்க்கோட்டை(அஞ்சல்).							
4.	குத்தகை உரிமம் கே	காரும் கனியா	ங்களின்	Guilt	(H-	1	உடைகல், ச				
5.	குத்தகை உரிமம் கே	காரும் கால அ	भूबाब्य	1 2		:	10 (பத்து ஆ	ண்டுகள்)			
6.	குத்தகை உரிமம் பற்றிய விவரம்	கோரும் இ	ரடம் ச	அமைந்த	ள்ளத		leghtang ha	and the second			
வ. என்	QLLU	បុស តា	L (		த்த 4 றக்)	குத்தகை உரிமம் கோரும் பரப்பு (ஹெக்)	வகைப்பாடு				
1	வெம்பக்கோட்டை	எதிர்க் கோட்டை	672/3 674 675/2 676/3 வெளத்தம்			3.0) 0.5) 1.5) 3.0) 8.0	2.28.0	பட்டா நிலம்	à		
7.	அ) குத்தகை உர எண்கள், விண்ணர் டட்டா நிலங்களாக பற்றிய விவரம்	ப்பதாரரின் டெ	பயரில்	ராம ஆஎ ஆக்	मम	ரன், சுந்து பெ	பட்டா என ர்ரெட்டியார் யரில் கூட்டா	யட்டா என ர்.1318 மற்று மகன் ராமச் க கிராமக் கட	ம் 611 சந்திரன		
		เป็ญหน้าสม (25.8	<b>ද්</b> හිතස	: இல்		00-18- <b>8</b> -0 218-2		เป็นไปได้เป็น			
	ஆ) பட்டாதாரரிட ஒப்பந்தம் அதுபற்றிய விவரம்	பெறப்பட்டிரு	ப்பின்	00		tiophi.		CARACENTER	2		
	ஒப்பந்தம் அதுபற்றிய விவரம் இ) குத்தகை கே தாழ்த்தப்பட்டோர் பழங்குடியினருக்கு அடிப்படையில் வழங்கப்பட்டிருப்பில்	பெறப்பட்டிரு ாரும் புல எஎ ஒதுக்கி	5ப்பின் ஸ்கள் /	: இல்	<u>லை.</u>		indelline gen anarandro dahaniya ahar yangi	CARGESTAN Sectors Active Sector Active Sector Active Sector Active Sector	2		
8.	ஒப்பந்தம் அதுபற்றிய விலரம் இ) குத்தகை கே தாழ்த்தப்பட்டோர் பழங்குடியினருக்கு அடிப்படையில்	பெறப்பட்டிரு ாரும் புல எஎ ஒதுக்க ர் அது ம் கோரும்	தப்பின் ஸ்கள் / பட்டா	: இல் : L	<u>லை.</u>		<u>Galekti kan gen</u> anazaren (*) Galen (*) Malen (*) Malen Malen (*) Malen	ap di. Ananara	மேற்(		

Casti F.

S.S. Signalsogia

2822

٢

ADDING BAT LOUTINEL IS

MAR

8	ாட் களுகள் மாட்டியன் போகளுக களங்கிறத -	Service Service	675/2 676/3	675/1 672/1 672/2 672/3	கங்கர்செவல் 1675/1	674 674	677/3C 677/1 677/2 677/3B
9. no 82	குத்தகை உரிமம் கோரும் புல எண்களுக்கு ஏற்கனவே குத்தகை உரிமம் வழங்கப்பட்டிருப்பின் அது பற்றிய விவரம்.	•	இல்லை.		had siddi "y 22 Andreas antifernetad		i.
10.	குத்தகை <b>உரியம் கோரும் புல</b> எண்களுக்கு அருகில் பாதுகாப்பு இடைவெளிக்குள் அமைந்துள்ள நிரந்தர அமைப்புகள் ஒதுக்கப்பட வேண்டிய பாதுகாப்பு இடைவெளி பற்றிய விவரம்		நிலங்களு இடைவெ	நக்கு, ஓ பளி விட (		பாதிய ப	ாதுகாப்பு
11.	அ)குத்தகை உரிமம் கோரும் புல எண்களிலிருந்து 300 மீட்டர் சுற்றளவுக்குள் குடியிருப்பு பகுதிகள்/ அங்கீகரிக்கப்பட்ட வீட்டுமனைப்பிரிவுகள் மற்றும் புராதனச் சின்னங்கள் அமைந்துள்ள விவரம்	(I)	/அங்கீக	ரிக்கப்பட்	ரளவுக்குள் குடி ட வீட்டுமனைப் கள் ஏதும் இல்ல	பிரிவுக	
	ஆ) குத்தகை உரிமம் கோரும் பகுதிக்கு பாதை வசதி உள்ளது பற்றிய விவரம்	:	பாதை வ	சதி உள்	ят <b>д</b> ј.	unuda <sup>1</sup>	-
12	குத்தகை உரிமம் கோரும் புல எண்கள் அமைந்துள்ள கிராமம், மலையிடை பாதுகாப்பு குழுமத்தின் கீழ் வருவது மற்றும் தடையில்லா சான்று பெற வேண்டியது பற்றிய விவரம்	1200	17 27 使る32 (病) 34	grandi	a anti a conside	3.36	
13.	குத்தகை உரிமம் கோரும் பகுதி வனவிலங்கு சரணாலயத்திலிருந்து அமைந்துள்ள தூரம், பெறப்பட வேண்டிய தடையில்லா சான்று பற்றிய விவரம்.		-இல்லை	. Serve Naturali	e, weekeestij Banketone, degen Alegen		
14.	குத்தகை கோரும் புலஎண்களில் தகுந்த அனுமதியின்றி ஏற்கனவே		-இல்லை	<ul> <li>Participa</li> </ul>	and the second		

1. N. W. S. கனிமங்கள் எடுக்கப்பட்டு அபராதம் விதிக்கப்பட்டிருப்பின் அது பற்றிய விவரம். அ) (ජුල්ජුකය -இல்லை-2 flui கோரும் 15. 1 பேரில் நிலம் புலங்களின் நடவடிக்கைகள் கையகப்படுத்தும் இருப்பின் அது பற்றிய விவரம். ஆ) குத்தகை உரிமம் கோரும் புல -இல்லை-1 நீதிமன்றத்தில் எண்களின் பேரில் இருப்பின் அதுபற்றிய வழக்குகள் விவரம்.

0

1

 $\mathbb{C}$ 

3

0

 $\odot$ 

1

1

0

U

U

U

1

.)

( 5 Fanter y.

43

16.	கிராம நீர்வாக அலுவலரின் வாக்குமூலம் பெறப்பட்டுள்ளதா?	:	கிராம நீர்வாக 11 அலுவலர் அளித்துள்ளார்.
17.	குத்தகை உரியம் வழங்குவது தொடர்பாக "அ1" நோட்டீஸ் விளம்பரம் செய்யப்பட்டு பொது மக்களிடமிருந்து ஆட்சேபனை ஏதும் பெறப்பட்டுள்ளதா?	:	"அ1" நோட்டிஸ் வினம்பாம் 01.10.2021 அன்று பிரசுரம் செய்யப்பட்டு ஆட்சேபனைகள் ஏதும் பெறப்படவில்லை.
18.	குத்தகை உரியம் கோகும் புல எண்களின் பேரில் வருவாய்துறை பரிந்துரை செய்கின்றதா?	:	ஆம்

### 19) குத்தகை உரியம் கோகும் விண்ணப்பத்தின் பேரில் வெம்பக்கோட்டை வருவாய் வட்டாட்சியரின் அறிக்கையும் பரித்துரையும்.

திரூராமச்சத்திரன் த/பெகந்தர் ரெட்டியார் என்பவர் விண்ணப்பித்துள்ள புல எண்கள் பட்டா நிலங்கள் என்ற அடிப்படையிலும் எதிர்க்கோட்டை கிராம நிர்வாக அலுவலர் மற்றும் ஆவங்குளம் குறுவட்ட வருவாய் ஆய்வாளர் ஆகியோர் மனுதாரர் நிறுவனத்திற்கு குத்தகை உரிமம் வழங்க பரிந்துரை செய்துள்ளதன் அடிப்படையிலும், மனுதாரர் நிறுவனத்தாருக்கு தமிழ்நாடு சிறுகளிம சலுகை விதிகள் 1959, விதி 19 மற்றும் 20-ன் கீழ் கீழ்கண்ட நிபந்தனைகளுக்கு உட்பட்டு பத்தாண்டுகளுக்கு குத்தகை உரிமம் வழங்கலாம்.

- 1) அருகிலுள்ள பட்டா நிலங்களுக்கு 7.5மீ பாதுகாப்பு இடைவெளி விட வேண்டும்.
- 2) புல எண்களுக்கு அருகில் உள்ள குவாரிகளுக்கு போதிய பாதுகாப்பு தூரம் விட வேண்டும்.
- 3) குவாரி கழிவுகளை குத்தகை உரியம் வழங்கப்படும் பகுதிக்கு உள்ளேயே இருப்பு வைக்க
- 4) வேண்டும்.

ng si n

10

வெடியருந்தினை விதிகளின் படி பாதிப்பு ஏற்படா வண்ணம் பயன்படுத்த வேண்டும்.

 கரங்கத்திட்டம் மற்றும் சுற்றுச்சூழல் தடையில்லாச் சான்று குத்தகை உரிமம் வழங்குவதற்கு முன் சமர்ப்பிக்க வேண்டும்.

வருவாப் வட்டாட்சியர். வெய்பக்கோட்டை

Con Library Con

S. Hartin .

ปกล์สอย่ะ อายาวอับส์ธิสิณษ์อยาว

2

U.

Срабии полон Санарина Слаги За . 9 21. 17 MAR 2022 ) )

LOOME in the Indone Stand in B/DU. Siggogo www. n' oto wain, of shissnume 5 shoup Willington. 388, 40 dos. 672/3 (0.23.10) 4 d Mas. 675/2 (0.41.5), UNLA Mari. 1318, ( 4 of Main. (1.20.5) 1000 122 1152 romater, 611, 405 alorin. 676/3 (0.43.0) 2) = 910 7556 2.28.0 920 581 H SALD FREEDE WITH AD BON JALE ESE Moingl. GRABAL 44 Jai Bardy Loolan Loginshi BERRIN 2- RIDZ' BIZERIZE SERALYMANE. 8200 US (32) nr.) Alcolow 2 min & Léaps HABERATE DEGWUDDULEN 300 2644 25 Espansing 215 glain, 20mm Sig pomosin Enjomenia, un dai. 673 - i S. Snussissis STOP LIAL BOOK DENESSONO BENAULAS BEINAC 2 mms. AS & Barnon 2003-2008 2003 DEMANUCO DES BORNADO, 2008- 26 Maioria BOBURIO DEWNULRED 2 mm 18. SLORE LE Mai Babwardie 400 man. 6-83-2 (SEAR) DEWANUCU DIESE ENDER DENESSIONO FLES 4 25 BL TRIBONAS SEWAI ULAGA 2 marks

ELENIE HARDER. 648-20 ERIAN DE WIZAN ELESE DILEES DERES DERESCONS BRINN DE WILLES RES DERESCONS DEWNILLENDON.

-5

0

( )

 $\odot$ 

Q

0

(Sain M Alonew 2 arm 50 280ch assonable Southing son Conchism, 400,000 Forton missing 1600 520 Bing Stigard 225 Bringen CAM 53555 Starolything 35126 Nord. (Sernin) Starland 2 min yal stari. 672-82 2 UNAQ , 9 5 WWW UL 672/2 (0.030) 9200. മാങ്ളാവനാള് തത് കെട്ടാമം ഇങ്ങള്കില് 2 ന്നള്. ഭാര്ധ്യ 2 അപട് മാള്ബാം തോററി കിതമധ്യമനാം ATTERCEDATION DOGISONNIA LE PROVILA LUILO ENVISEDER white Jacobinati Chosus Barnal Blassoful DENLINAS BUT 10 Briding daugering Brid "SIL" EBNELLEN 20 mil 40 UUG 55 LULLES. Shitt Funda of and algung and add of and dazew 2 mm Harrison stage 40000 units/ JULLY STOL STRIKARAL BRINK Storewin สามว่า สามวัสธานกาย บริธานร้อย. ๑๑แล้งส์ Cansan 2 mone () graight grad Conigson Bb.

என்னு, எதிர்களை கிசாமக் 40 என். 677/3 (0.23.0), 674 (1.20.5) 675/2 (0.41.5) மற்றைக் 676/3 (0.43.0) என இடை 2-28.0 இதுக்கார் பற்று இடித்தில், 2வட ம வருடாங்களுக்க உலக்கல் மற்றும் கிராவல் கேபாலி 2-49மம் தபதாங்க மைதால், தாலக்கர் த/94: காந்தை பதலால் மைதார், தாலக்கர் த/94: காந்தற்று ட் தலாற் என்பவலக்க உலுமு விடிதாங்க பாற்றுது இதய்கினை என்பறைப் பன்னும் இதாவைக்குகான் சிரைப்

ZONAL DEPUTY TAHSILE

Javin Ban Um- doin UAm 2) as high 6 25 mm 6) an On ser 25 ami 200 anmi Intishi finging voly Unimar: 1. In the RE and Bracher Der No Rinz Omo. 12-8- #2/ 4675/2021 1mm: 15-27.09-2021 2. Advis comine saminin Sy and 243 om: 12-2- 246 2154 2021 10mi : 30.09 - 202) 2) 63 Mai unaris Bain Canime 2010 officancial Samo 200m G.T. ODDW LDDy, 4/3 This 1/28 miren orfin com me Bones yrom 672]3-0-23-0, 674-6-2 675 /2-0-41-5, 676 /3-042.0 802 Ounqui 2-28-0 Ozapadi Lowing the gift is some note Darne Amusia 2500 Lynn Bruke & Aznium 2 Anoman Dewig Byme and uchez ungen ound never service mig un D wrapmi aven min-On arowni Gyroniz 2000 Engine Olging your growing or win over for Engine YN Fris mi Anna 300 Lazon om 388 6maro 1318, 611 i Arnizo Ora เกม เมณฑ เปลา เปลา รัวที่ รัวที่ Ohn oran Ban m Bornen som ani grin Annow mong. Caming Bligton 2mices LASOMING. Compy you Fring Sam Singh 300 Bris รีเพริญา อณีท์ อีนารอื่น บอสุภาที่ เบารี่ง เอญวิชบ ธิศรีกรรม Mayo Shime Cuno 500 Run Simmen mya ans YN 55m 673 . 51. 52 - 52m fam 5min 50 8 Maningunmi Granne Obrusi Longo Homewin 20003. Standing S. Flenting ( Raman 147

ביין א א איזיי שאיז א איזייע א איזייע א איזיעראלי איזייע א איזיעראלי איזיעראלייעראלי איזיעראלייעראלי איזיעראלי איזיעראלי איזיעראלי איזיעראלייעראאייעראאַ איזיעראאַ איזיעראאַ איזיעראאַ איזיעראאַ

18

2

ใบกลุบั 6) อาท์ สารณอภาล ใการอัง ๆ พ รางการอร์ 52 คระเก รากุญาการอาท์ 2 การการเการ, สือแกม ฮาอบังงารลงภาม Сอการณาการ เกญาเข้ งาก จาการ สารภามโกท์, ปกา รองจาก โลก รอการ 30 จาการกาท์, Bay Hobmizo อากบริญาท ศีญญั สิปภัณ เป็ก ภามา จาการกาท์, Bay Hobmizo อากบริญาท ศีญญั สิปภัณ เพญาที่ จาท์ อาการ์ มีการกา วิปอเอ อากอร์ ปุพเสียที

Antio micioni 2025- 420mi 671, Oberine, 673]3-()ກັບກຣ ອ້າວພະລະກຳ ກາກ ກຽງການໂກຍຣ (ຊາຊອ) - ສາເຄັກກ (ຊາຊາ 2052 ການ ສາການເຄີຍ, ອີຟູກອີ 420 ຫາກ 647/1- ສະເລ (ການລາກ (ຊາ) ເອີກເດຍ, ແລງອີ 420 ຫາກາກ 672]1, 673]32 - ພານກິຊຊີກມີ (ຊາ) ເອີກເດຍັ 420 ຫາກ 632]2 - 8220, 420 ຫາກ: 683 - 424 712220 ເຊິ່ງ

2 minus - Bunjug Olamb Simus 2min Daugtin A. Comileni Ol-20-21 a voo gow marin az fir Abru Gung wimber Storio z min & 292 (10-10-21) and 35 - 22 was Oto 200 25 - 22 was Oto 200 Norman & 292 (10-10-21) and 35 - 22 was Oto 200 25 - 22 was Oto 200 Norman & Cong mi Olamb Simus gon 260 gons Oto 200 25 - 20 min Oto 200 25 -

Abnue Otsenni Anvein 200 mill Babin Emim 200 mill Abnue Otsenni Anvein 200 mill Babin Emim 200 million Inthe Sens 200 million Strang in The Emilian One Dem Brog is Strag Strag Ober of Smin Of Min mon more One Dem Brog ing Long 2 2000 is and under Other Million Other 2020 ging Long in Other Other Strang in Other Strang in Long in Other Other Strang in Other Strang in Long in Other Other Strang in Other Strang in Long in Other Other Strang in Other Strang in Contract of the Strang in Other Strang in Stran

148

alghamu and ஆலங்குளம்.

Count & Gam'on on't th



# பணித்ததைப்பட்டுகற்கு!

அறைதுதன் மாலாப், ரெம்பக்கொட்டை லாடம் எதிர்கள் தேரையில் புல என்கள் 672/3 -0.23.0, 674 - 1.20.5, 675/2-0.41.5, 676/3-0.43.0 என விமாத்தும் 2.28.0 நொக்கிகி மற்று இலக்தில ம வடுடல் கருக்கு உலட்கல் மற்றுக் கிறாலல் இதைரி விலைக்க உள்மக ஆல்லக்க குகாரி எதிர்கோட்டை கிறாமம் அனைக்க உள்மக ஆல்லக்க கொரி எதிர்கோட்டை கிறாமம் உண்ட E.T. றுட்டியல்டி க. எக்கி 1/28 என்ற இசையியல் அதிக்கு காத்தற்றுட்டியால் மக்கி ராமக்கத்திறன் ரக்மரமன் அதிக்கு காத்தற்றுட்டியால் மக்கி ராமக்கத்திறன் ரக்மரமன் இணைகாலத்தின் தேறை அறிக்கை சாதி வருக்குவி

กลา 55 เกลา อิหาก กลงมีขณาย เรือกลุ่มกลี อากักรู อากัรูนี้ 4 35 เอเริ่มอาการ กลงมีขณายุร เรือกลุ่มกลี อากุรูนี้ อากุรกรกษิ 40 สารสิริ 648 ผี 315 หรือ กลารูรอกอา อินากิ เออรุรกฏริ ศิสกรณ์ 4 เกมร์ 3 รณาธรรม อินากิ เออรุรกฏริ ศิสกรณ์ 4 เกมร์ 3 รณาธรรม อินาลิโ เออรุรกฏริ ศิสกรณ์ 2 เกมร์

S. Rentery.

J

Bangia UN කිහොදුම Buryous Brend Monuester 50 ශීටය හිතින ආශාධි ආකාෂයක්, නිව්ධාන නිමුවිද යාකුණු 8 ടോ മിക്കൻ ഗത്തുള് 40 നളക്ക് ജിൽൽ സിക്ക് , ശിക്ക് കള് ഗക്ക Bi Bow Isong North, Bring Boriss Imaly and york organ Abonciung. Biomiay 2000 49 conjugie Brook Honcoduson HOLONYIMM Durdne conjugie un Dansamans unger 95 ගබාන් ගත 05 හි 2 ගිනාදී හි හැක් නිතා රට්දු のらちち のいろ しゅうかんしい 311 のののこちのののちょう のののしょう നക്ഷാസ്പട്ടുള്ള കട്ടെക്കുന്നു ഗുറ്റ നളന്മ 208 നഗ്രക്സ്തം Broy 6 (03 4 11 )กี 2) ออกอา AV3 3 กับ 405 0 กออกออกที่เช 9 พี่เออกอา Bandas 2 ศีเอรี 9318 ขยุหมือ ขามีอาง ภอภา 3 การคิม VOBOS. Conjuy Ohm Innotist for O's ULLA Among orchismucia vostavoss, avious Bancone Emprical පුණාග්ගප්තින්හි අදුරුදු ගතාන නිහාපතාහය යන්තැයි ிது வித்துக் வகான் கி குறன்.

கிராம நிருவாக் அனுவலர் எதிர்கோட்டை கொலை வெற்பக்கோட்டை வட்டம்



Deg 500 Lonners, Anicos Boncon nice, ORAN BARNER 69708 4N MOBRENA 672/3 (0.23.0), 674 (1.20.5), 675/2 (0.415) Lonjing 676/2 (0.430) Olongaio 2.28.0 Monteria unity British to DOLNIENSES COL Lonjng Brank wash OBDW Mayo Barnhw 4NM3 5 350) ுவன்பெலல் கியூக கிழகவைப்பாறு 2 வாது என்பதை ரதிகித்துக் Opini Demin .

21-50 - 4N non 671, Obostica; 673/3-OFican Anno - Briden Atra 2 Bland Dono Qy56) - 4N mão 647/1, 2121 Bruts 85 (2) Bomil - 677/1, 677/3C - LONS 185557 59 (9) 4N 0000 672/2 - 8930 4N'0000 683 - 504NESTO

MAN

Sun Boars Agami எதிர்கோட்டை கிராமம் வெம்பக்கோட்டை வட்டம்

150

J

தயக்குநர் அனுலுல Dell's Asti (Derring Luis 7 MAR 2022 BUDUJOD &

Brand ( Con N න 2003

(2)  $4n^{3} \cos \frac{b74}{(1205)} \sin \frac{b72}{3} - \frac{3}{900} \sin \frac{b}{9} \sin$ 

3 4N 07003 675/2 U204 0.41.5 2 AND 26 Brook unt 21650 - UN mon 675/1 - 500000000000000 (2) OSmiG) - කාමණී බහාවේ විභාගම - 4N การที่ 674 - True - 53 5450 yn 70 677)3c - Lonses 500 (2) Com 6 (4) 4N mon 676/3 4934 0.43.0 minder months) 4003 4N 0000 672/1 - 8- 9 UFF 5000 2250) 4N 0000 672 2 - BING ( North 672/3 - 85 Jules + 58/00 - 4N month 675/1 - grang un con 191000 (2) 0356 - YN 0000 674 - 5. gn 68 3000 あみあの  $\mathbf{D}$ UN 00000 677 1- LOB 55 500 (2) } BUDGO 4Nor 677/2 - 20004300005 4Nom 677/3B - LONDESBOR (2) 

C O

(And Marin

)

 $\bigcirc$ 

()

)

Arris Do Blo 201 எதிர்கோட அட இராமல் வெம்பக்கோட்டை வட்டம்

\$ Rentin/

Construction of a second

Standar install within the

Received and the second

Water Martin

5+

N MOTHE FURHISE BULDENE

AND & TREAT for OULLAS, DULLIS BEALE OLLAS, OTOSITE BENLON BITTION HOY OTOGRAPHING 1672/3, 200 2310 674-.1.20.5, 675/2 - 0.41-5, 676/3- 0.43.0 00 ABWEIMM MARTIBERNUME BUTTON 25502 E.T. AJLQUOLY BONGON FRING FRINGS STANDSLAWING LASAT SALOSTANDER OTERHOLD 10 21 QUINT SOND 201-500 big the organia Derrit Oranos's Solais Ernet) por Ostingainon. acompy proposition dog safee Theory RONSWAG HOUDD HOUDD FOR OF Show wing Angrians Swithing BUGBAGE.

இயக்குநர் அலு

OBARSBARICON BUNGE HON MOOTHIN 672/3, 6TH, 6T5/2, 6T6/3 OTBWOOD HISMON 380, HILD OTOD 611 & 1818 Frisg DSL'HWINN LABOR Into & Frickbar OLIWITH LILLA Brisdand Simmes. Bonjuy HANTERSON HOUGHONTS OF 300 200 ABLUN Fing an and The work USA Tim, Him MYS in, Sot Months in 985 Boi our.

500 BELA ANTHODON ANT ME 6730 6 5 grig 6 & Omingone Osterius Berning Controloge Conjes Has dag 683 as good multip Opminhong Orwing Bustonyle Hor oring 640 in ONT FIED DETINGONOT Adwirung Douringues 2mmgs.

Conste Opinin Arlow Contraction Colon AMM SO BELLA AMM DON ANDRON, ODDILLUNDSEM BASNODAR Sin, HINGTON POR MICH , LONG BLE LOB M, Bri BROWN Angrighi of the and any.

Down A State Bosn Aug in Horzig Da Bing HON 17000 dm 679, 673, 648, 649, 600 0000 Bar It With grain 40 unang oras unang subfluens fring They ORTHON'S Simplions waroning this United un any

() & Flantley.

Chon . anower Dels 21 Organizianni. வெய்பல்கோட்டு Gurgiùng

#### <u>A1 நோட்டிஸ்</u>

<del>அரசு புறம்போக்கு</del> / பட்டா நிலத்தில் கனிம உரிமம் (கல், மண், கிராவல், கங்கராகல், கிரானைட்) செய்து கொள்ளும் விண்ணப்பம் குறித்து ஆட்சேபனை இல்லை என்பதற்கான அறிக்கை

#### 1111

இதனால் அறிவிக்கப்படுவது என்னவென்றால் திடுதுதன் மலையல், நெம்லக் கிலையை லைப் சாதிக்கையடை உடன்ட கி. நலைப்புகள் திராமத்தில் வசித்து வரும் குந்து ரூட்டிலாக மகள் / மனைவி நிலச்சந்திறனி என்பவர் ரெலல்ச் கிரைடே அல்பல் , அதிர் கரைப்பை இராமத்தில்

MAR 2002

 கான
 நான் கான
 நான் கான
 க்கு வடக்கிலும்,

 Hol வண்ணை
 b71, b73/3 க்கு தெற்கிலும்,

 Hol வண்ணை
 b71/1, b73/3 க்கு தெற்கிலும்,

 Hol வண்ணை
 b71/1, b77/2, b77/3 க்கு கிழக்கிலும்,

 Hol வண்
 b47/1 க்கு மேற்கிலும்

சாவே கால் அளவிற்குள் மேற்படி கிராமத்தின் கிராம நிர்வாக அலுவலர் மற்றும் வட்டாட்சியரிடம் தெரிவிக்க வேண்டும்.

(). Jugon. 5/00. JE And . V. Conul DM S/o Vonlesta Dorry augure agitarime Apros Katons வெம்பக்கோட்டை வட்ட あうちまれる

மேற்படி அறிக்கையானது 0) / 10 /242./தேதியில் தண்டோரா மூலமாகவும், கிராமச் சாவடி மற்றும் முக்கிய இடங்களிலும் பிரசித்தம் செய்யப்பட்டு கையொப்பம் பெறப்பட்டுள்ளது.

Civiliana i v. (BO) mo) S. Suple

K. Perumalsany UnaGuanon, Mon Unaugna . Т. UПOUПED 5/00. 90350504 wm P. Romanowth S/a S. Plazerman Sung M. Sankar, Slo G. mutherraj SSC BANDARD Brutin asmity and multight Burn 107 498 augistican con organic and brown Arro Boèrs agent agitaniaL Arrow GabusGasiaL ailà 9 (0) US \$ B 110-15110 S. 1 145 1.1

)

()

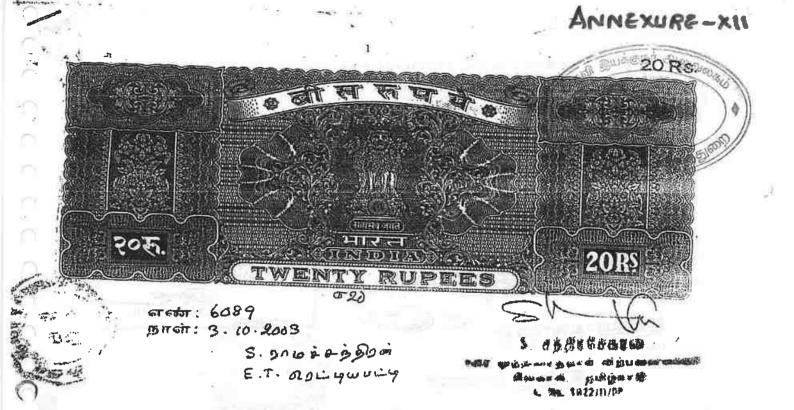
>

 $\odot$ 

U

U

J



#### APPENDIX - IV

(See Rule 19, 20 & 22 of the Tamil Nadu Minor Minerals Concession Rules, 1959) FORM OF AGREEMENT FOR QUARRYING AND CARRYING AWAY MINOR MINERALS FROM RYOTWARI LANDS IN WHICH THE MINERAL BELONG TO GOVERNMENT

ୡୡୡୡୡୡ

## Collector's Proceedings No.KV1/2214/03 Dated 3.10.2003

AGREEMENT MADE THIS Third day of November 2003 between Son ob Sondors Radchir. Thiru S. Ramachandran, E.T. Reddiapatti, Ethirkottai Post, Sivakasi Taluk, Virudhunagar District (herein after referred to as "the registered holder") which term shall include in these presents where the context so admits include also his hers, executors, administrators, legal representatives and assigns, on the one part and the Collector of Virudhunagar District (here in after called the Government which term shall where the context so admits, include his successors in office and assigns) on the other part.

S Clan LESSEE

LESSOR

Nor con and பன்னடம் நாததல் பாரம்பட்ட அன் ஆவணத்தேரு முத்தினாக கட்டனமாகிட கூறு இத்துப்பட்டுவிட்ட புதன மன்திவருவன், த்துதன்ன் என இதன் மூலம் சான்றவித்ததேன். 2000 7.4402 THEURAMAN PRESENTED TN THEOPPICE OF THE CONTAINS SHEEPS 17 SUB REQUERT ROP REELAB AROUN RAMAN OND PARD EEE ON ANALY MIND DET VIEW THOM THE RUSSION ON THE BOOK. 20. 20 REGISTRAR. 5 Cantuly. EXCUTION : ADMITTED B LEFT THUMB IMPRESSION Sundra Reddior son. T. Reddiapalty Ether Lottai (p.s) Sivalconi (T-L) Dist allatin Instrument by Thiru, A New Procession of the pole Who is Exempted from Personal appearance upder NOR Sention 58 (1) of the Recistration Aut DENTIFIED ST OB GUBCHOR Sto OF ano DUADUYWAN' E.T. ODUYWUUU Asiya so S. Arunach Dam 44 PA Nayor Rajaboliges THiley of Stobes 20 Santing. 157

Вола дильберий скоролорода
 Вола дильберий скоролорода
 17 МАК 2022
 Вола дильберий
 Вола дильберий

WHEREAS the registered holder holds (amongst others) the lands described in the schedule hereunder written (herein after referred to as the said lands)

2

hàng đơ chung

AND, WHEREAS, the registered holder has made application to the Collector of the District of Virudhunagar (herein after referred to as "The Collector") seeking grant of quarrying lease for quarrying Rough Stone in the said lands and has lodged with the Collector an accurate map or sketch of the said lands.

AND, WHEREAS, the Collector acting for an on behalf of the Government has granted a quarrying lease to the registered holder and allowed him to commence quarrying operations for five years in the said lands and to deposit mining waste there on by registered holder.

AND WHEREAS the registered holder has deposited with the Collector the sum of Rs.5,000/- as security against any loss or damage which may be incurred by the Government by reason of any of the said lands being rendered unfit for cultivation by any mining operations therein of the registered holder or by the deposit of mining waste thereon by the registered holder.

LESSEE

P

Registered as No. 1934 opened of Book I Volume & Som Pages original Novender s Nil, In this reactions, esc is Real and licete . D e D Nie ora. Openistriari R : 60m 26m2-Economies 5 Sulit fors. DelE: 7.11.03 DOCUMENT NO. INS SHEETS ROOR U D Ο



NOW THESE PRESENTS WITNESS AND the registered holder both here by agree with the Government in the manner following that is to say:-

3

1. The registered holder shall be at liberty at all times during the period of the lease to carry on mining operations for five years in the said lands in a proper and workman like manner and to deposit mining waste on the said lands and shall at all times. be answerable and accountable to the Government for all acts and defaults by any of his nominees, servants or agents in carrying on such operations or in making such deposit.

2. The said premises shall be held by the lessee for the term of five years from the Thind day of November 2003 to the Second day of November 2008. The registered holder shall pay to the Collector for an on behalf of the Government in addition, to the land assessment for the time being payable in respect of the said lands, seigniorage on the minor minerals viz. Rough Stone at the rate specified in Appendix-II to the Tamilnadu Minor Minerals Concession Rules, 1959.

~ LESSEE

ی م

NO. Ressue

Kan

3. The registered holder shall and will keep correct accounts in such form as the Collector shall from time to time required and direct showing the quantities and other particulars of all minerals obtained by the registered holder from the said lands and also the number of persons employed in carrying on the said mining operations therein and shall from time to time when so directed by the Collector prepare and maintain complete and correct plans of all mines and workings in the said lands and shall allow any officer hereunto authorised by the Director of Geology and Mining, Chennai-32 from time to time and at any time to examine such accounts and any such plans and shall when so required supply and furnish all such information and returns regarding all or any of the matter aforesaid as the Gövernment shall, from time to time require and direct.

4. The registered holder shall and will at all times, allow any Officer authorised by the Director of Geology and Mining, Tamilnadu in that behalf to enter upon any part of the said lands where any mining operations may be carried on for the purpose of inspecting the same.

LESSEE

IESSOR 'r} <u>∎</u>≉e

F. Flantin

P. Bull Bullicotter Digital Barrows

¢

162

5. The registered holder shall forthwith sent to the Collector report of any accident which may occur at or in the said lands and also the discovery therein of any minerals other than Rough Stone.

server an appeared

5

6. It shall be lawful for the registered holder at any time to cease mining operations under these presents provided he shall pay to the Collector, for and on behalf of the Government land assessment, cess and seigniorage due to the government and shall restore the said lands or fence of fill in abandoned pits and excavations therein if required by the Collector and upon his so doing these presents shall cease and determine.

7. In case the registered holder shall relinquish the whole or any part of the said lands or in case of expiry or sooner determination of this agreement then and in any such case, he shall restore the lands so relinquished or so much thereof as the Collector shall require to be restored to as state fit for cultivation or shall securely and permanently fence of fill in all such abandoned pits and excavations there in as the Collector shall require to be so fenced or filled in and in case the registered holder shall fail or neglect to restore to a state fit for cultivation, or to so fence or fill in any such abandoned pit, or excavation

5 ઉસ LESSEE

0

63

LESSOR 3 . 19, 4

S. Pantity.

which he shall be required to so fence or fill in them and in such case it shall be lawful for the Collector to so restore any such lands or as the case may be, to so fence or fill in any such pits, or excavation at the expense of the registered holder and to apply the said sum of Rs.5,000/- so deposited in or towards the cost of so doing and to deduct from the amount of the said deposit and retain on behalf of the Government a sum equal to thirty times the assessment of the said lands, which shall have been rendered unfit for cultivation. If however, the amount of deposit is not sufficient to cover the cost of such restoration or filling in or to meet thirty times the assessment on the area rendered uncultivable, it shall be lawful for the Government to recover the balance by resort to Civil Court.

6

8. The registered holder shall not be entitled to any remission of assessment in respect of any of the said lands which shall be rendered unfit for surface cultivation by the carrying on of any mining operations or by the deposit of mining waste, unless thirty times the assessment thereon has already been deducted under the proceeding clause.

9. The registered holder shall not assign, lease or part with the possession of the said lands or any part thereof for the whole or any part of the said lands for the said term without previous intimation in writing to the Collector. He also shall not produce dimensional stones fit for polishing purpose.

10. If the registered holder does not intend to carry on mining operations himself, but intend to lease out the right to do so to another person the registered holder and his lessee shall enter into an agreement with Government binding themselves jointly and severally to accept the conditions and stipulations herein contained which agreement shall be in the form set out in Appendix-V to the Tamilnadu Minor Mineral Concession Rules, 1959.

11. All land assessment, cess and seigniorage payable, under these present shall be recoverable under the provisions of the Tamilnadu Revenue Recovery Act 1864 as if they were arrears of land revenue.

12. In the event of any breach by the registered holder by any of the conditions of this agreement it shall be lawful for the Government to levy enhanced seigniorage fee or for the Collector to give notice in writing to the registered holder of his intention to cancel these presents whereupon the shall stand cancelled but without prejudice to any

LESSOR

S. Clastin

rights which the Government may have against the pattadars in respects of any antecedent claim of breach of convenient or condition.

13. Any notice to be given to the registered holder may addressed to his last known place of above and where a notice has been so addressed it shall deemed to have been duly served for the purpose of these presents.

14. Should any question or dispute arises regarding the agreement executed in pursuance of these rules of any matter or thing connected therewith or the powers of the registered holder thereunder, the amount of payment of the Seigniorage fee or Area Assessment made payable thereby, the matter in issue shall be decided by the Director of Geology and Mining. In case the registered holder is not satisfied with the decision of the Director of Geology and Mining, the matter shall be referred to the State Government for decision.

15. The registered holder shall abide by the condition laid down in the payment of wages Act 1936 (Central Act IV of 1936). The Mines Act, 1952 (Central Act XXXV of 1952) and the Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (Central Act IV of 1884)

16. The registered holder should demarcate the lease hold area at his own cost and shall quarry Rough Stone only within the area leased out to him and keep the boundary stones, painted and maintained at all times.

17. The registered holder shall make his own arrangements for road, pathways channels and ramp etc. to the quarry at his own cost.

18. The registered holder shall obtain the permits and despatch slips for the transport of Rough Stone from the Assistant Director of Geology and Mining Virudhunagar. The despatch slips shall be kept in the quarry site and be issued to all the vehicles while transporting the Rough Stone from the quarry.

19. The registered holder shall leave a safety distance from the features like road. low tension and high tension power lines, transformers, temples, villages, place of Historical importance and Archaeological importance, Highways habitations etc., as per relevant regulations. Mettalliferrous Mines and Regulations Act, 1961 and as per Tamilnadu Minor Minerals Concession Rules, 1959.

0

LESSOR

19,27

MAR

\$ Henthy.

20. The registered holder shall put up a board at the entrance of the lease holds area of showing very clearly the details of the S.Nos., Villages, Extent of the Area, Period of Lease, the authority granting the lease etc.

21. The registered holder shall immediately report any accident that may occur the quarry site to the District Collector, Assistant Director of Geology and Mining, and other Authorities concerned including the Director of Mines Safety, Ooragaum, Kolar District, Karnataka State.

22. The registered holder shall strictly adhere to the conditions and rules stipulated by the Government for the Minor Minerals from time to time.

23. In case event of any breach of rules or the conditions of the lease stated above the lease shall become liable for automatic termination without any prior notice.

24. The registered holder/lessee shall not disturb the Odai situated on the end the adjoining patta lands in any manner.

## THE SCHEDULE

DISTRICT : VIRUDHUNAGAR

Survey			Four Boundaries				
No	Area in Hectares		North	South	East	West	
670	0.40.5		0.40.5	669	64.8	648	669.671
672/1	0.42.5	0.10.0	0.32.5	671	b76,671),	67.3	683,677
672/35	0.23.0-	0.09.0	0.14.0	672/2	674,676	673	67813
674 (	1.20.5		1.20.5	672,673	Venio 45	647	675,076
675/2	0.41.5		0.41.5	675/1	- do -	674	677
678/3 (	0.43.0	0.04.5	0.38.5	672	675	674	676/2,67
688/2	0.85.0		0.85.0	6881.	669	667.600	684,000
687/3	0.35.0		0.35.0	689	688	6 8.8	687/20
906/1A	0.50.0	**	0.50.0	903,907	906/1P	713	904
906/1B	0.50:5	0.04.5	0.46.0	GODILA	713,880	712	904 9.1
TOTAL	5.31.5	0.28.0	5.03.5		405		

VILLAGE : ETHIRKOTTAI

TALUK : SIVAKASI

LESSEE

LESSOR

All that pieces and parcels of land situated in Ethirkottai village in Sub Registration District of Keelarajakularaman within the Registration District of Virudhunagar.

For the purpose of stamp duty the anticipated Annual Seigniorage Fee from the demised land is Rs.32,000/-

IN WITNESS WHERE OF Thiru S. Ramachandran, E.T. Reddiapatti, Ethirkottai Post, Sivakasi Taluk, Virudhunagar District, the registered holder and the Collector, Virudhunagar District. Acting for and on behalf of any by the order and direction of the Governor of Tamilnadu have hereunto set their respective hands.

LESSEE

1.

Signed by the above named in the presence of

D-earf 3. ANIAND 2491 A EBST STREET SEVAL PATTI

2. poorfung CP. JOTHIMENU) 137. Krishnan levil storeact -Social liputtur.

Drafted by

(3, பார்கும 1001 \$/a. sarmanjarū, Ayregonpra ماستد بوسمة مريقية 4 Fat: 8/1338/VGR

S. Flowther?

Signed by the above infact

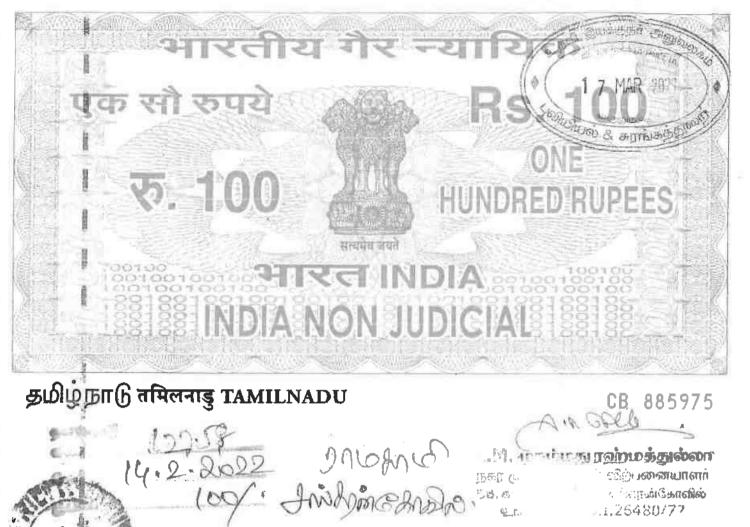
ź.

1. ASSISTANT DIRECTOR GEOLOGY AND MINING VIRUDHUNAGAR DIST. VIRUDHUNAGAR

வனைன் வட்டகட்சியக்(கலிமம்) 的的影响而在



 จะสี่อยู่เพื่อเพิ่มสะเมติสาที่ ல் தொகில்கானில் கிறைகள் கோகில் .1.26480/77



## **DEED OF AGREEMENT**

This Agreement is entered into at SANKARANKOVIL on this 14-02-2022 beteveen THIRU S.RAMACHANDRAN, S/O SUNDARA REDDIYAR,1/28,K.E.REDDIYAPATTI VILLAGE, VEMPAKOTTAI TALUK VIRUDHUNAGAR DISTRICT herein after referred to as party of the FIRST PART, and SRI BALAN EXPLOSIVES, RAMBALAN EXPLOSIVES having office at No. 7 GOMATHY NAGAR 151 STREET, SANKARANKOIL – 627756, TIRUNELVELI DISTRICT herein after referred to as party of the Second part.



167

The party of the first part is operating quarry work in the area ETHIRI KOTTAL Village? VEMPAKOTTAI Taluk, VIRUDHUNAGAR District. over and extent of survey number, PATTA NO672/3(0.23.00),674(1.20.50.),675/2(0.41.50)AND676/3(0.43.00) hectares in 2.28 as per Tamilnadu Govt's Collector Order No. N.K.N:KV1/664/2021 Dated: 11.02.2022 7 MAR 2022

Whereas the party of the First Part wants blasting to be done at quarry to excavate the Blue metal stone. The blasting work is so intensive and large that the part of the first part has decided to entrust the work involved to the party of the second part on contract basis is as follows.

The party of the First part will allot the blasting operations in the above said areas to the party of the Second part who is responsible for blasting rocks and also making his own arrangement for the explosives and exploding equipments required for the work. The entire blasting in the above quarry and the possessment of the blasting equipment will be handled by the party of the second part having valid explosives License No.E63073, E83537 and Shot Firer licenses issued by the Joint Chief Controller of Explosives, South Circle, Chennai and he hereby undertake the responsibility for the work entrusted.

Payments will be made periodically by the party of the first part for the quantity used, explosives consumed and hours and time of the exploding equipments put into use. Calculations will be made and settlement will be arrived every month. The rates for the items of work will as mutually agreed as marginal cost which includes cost of explosives, transportation cost and other charges for blasting work. This agreement is made for all blasting in the said area.

The Agreement is valid from the date of execution and validity of quarrying leases granted by the State Government to the party of the First part. The agreement is terminable earlier by mutual consent with a month's notice. The agreement will expire with the expiry of quarry lease.

S. Randty.

First Party:

/ amasam/

Witnesses:

1. R. Lavanya Sankarankovil 2. R. Feydaeshi R. Feydakshi Sankarankovil

Place: SANKARANKOVIL

Date:18-02-2022

Second Party Slastin.



-		
		E CONTRACTOR SIL
植物动物		Superior interior
		Page I of 2
夏福市		(A) 11 7 MAR 7022 )+
License Hadress	of andre Rafe 197357 of Flagtenberg Malac 2008 - Rans, Controller of Registering, Canana on 361012513	
Consistent C. In	SHARN YAU UNE _ TILLPAUP BOOMEL	- Con incoment
	LINE "HIGHE DISIDE NUMBER OF ACTIVITY A DE WIND & NAME	and a second s
	(See article no 7 of Part 1 of Schedule IV of Explosives R	ules, 2008)
	अनुमसिः सडक वैम में विस्फोटकों के परिवहन के	fite
	Lifence to a transport explosives in a road var	
जनुसार संख्य यापिक फीस व	17 / Licente Na. : E/SC/TN/25707(E74590) EUV / Annual Fey Ra : 2500/-	
		AND LINDLA
i. Negai Liona	सि प्रतद्वारा जारी की जाती है क is berely guard to : SSP Remains (December : SSP Remains)	A Diales
	Prop.M/a, Sri Balan Explosions 7 Connected View Fi	
2. <b>अनु</b> सां	District-THERUNEL-YELJ, State-Tamil Nadu, Pincode-627756 Renft th uniterifit / Status of licensee : Proprietorably Firm for the fulfilited / Particulars of the road van:	
1 सहय	वेल की विशिष्टियों / Particulars of the road van:	181 cuenna (6)
	deficition stars / Registration No.	En alert
State Street	यान का शेक एवं मोहन / Make and model of whists	TN 79 0012
	सदान दोट्टिन यतास / Unladen weight	MAHINDRA AND MAHINDRA 1450 (20)
and the second se	लदान सहित अधिवनम घठल / Maximum laden weight परिवर्तन के सिप अनुमेध विरूपतेदकों की अधिकलम मात्रा	2459 Kg(s)
and the second state of the second state	Maximum quantity of explosives pennitted for transport	1000 Kg(s)
	वैसिस संख्या / Chassis No.	GLD1C50957
3	सन्य फिटिन्स का वियरण / Descintion of Other Division	MA12P2GLK01C30971
	सहन के सिप अनुसन्ध पिस्फोटकों की आप / Quantity of Explosives permitted to carry	Piro Extinguisher, Spark Arrestor 2000 Kg(a)
4. जनुराह अम्बाज 5. समय स जम्बाजम The lice conditio (क) उपर (ब) जानू	परिसर जिन्मालिखित आरंखण ( आरंखणी ) के अनुरूप होना माहिए / The licensed premises sh रोक्स / Drawing No. 2 ESC/TN/25/787(E74579) विजोष / dated : 30789/2013 कर्य पर वधा संगोपित विस्फोटक अधिनियम, 1884 और उसके अधीन महाए गए विस्फोटक नि को के अधील अनुमारि प्रदान की जाती है । nos is granted subject to the provision of Explosives Act 1884 as amended from time to time as an and the following minimume	all conform to the following drawing(s): नेपास, 2008 के उपसन्धी और सली एवं निम्नलिफिल M the Explosives Rules, 2008 francet theremoter and the in verial 20.4 above.
4. अनुसाम अपेषण 5. समय स अन्यत्वय The lice conditio (क) अप् (क) अप् (क) अप् 6. बाह अनुसा अन्यता प्रसिक्ष	परिसर जिन्दासिखित आरंखण ( आरंखणां ) ये अनुरूप होना माहिए / The licensed premises sh शैक्स / Drawing No : EMUTIN/25/78/(E74576) दिलोक / deted : 2008/2013 कर्य पर यथा संघोषित विस्फोटक अपिनियम, 1884 और उसके अपीन बसाए गए विस्फोटक नि को के अधील अनुवासि प्रदान की जाती है  . nos is granted subject to the provision of Explosives Act 1884 as amended from time to three as	all conform to the following drawing(s): नेपान, 2008 के उपसन्धी और सली एवं निम्नतिषिद्धत of the Explosives Rules, 2008 found theremder and the the verial 2018 of March 2018 के आग 4 जी सम्दर्मित, जहाँ श्री साय, हो, या यदि
4. जानुसाम अपिषण 5. मेंसंब स उपगुलगम The lice conditio (स) उपनु (स) उपनु (स) उपनु (स) उपनु स, जानुसा वह जानुसा अनुसाम परिसर : This lices wherever applies strached bareto.	परिसर जिञ्चालिथित आरंखण ( आरंखणों ) के अनुस्प होना आहिए / The licensed premises sh संस्था / Drawing Not EMOUTINGS मा(EMSPR) दिलोग / Assed 1 2008/2013 कर पर वया संशोधित विस्फोटफ आपिनियम, 1884 और उसके अपील बनाए गए विस्फोटक नि को के अपील अनुसारि प्रदान की जाती है   near is granted subject to the provision of Explosives Act 1884 as anomaled from time to three as an and the following anomales in my Riser 4 जे बयावाधित लडक देन कह आरंखण /(a) Drawings of the road was as stated fitture utilitant दारा हस्तावासित पति /(b) Conditions signed by the licensing sufficienty. मति सारीरवा 31 मार्च 2018 तक विधिसाल्य रहेगी / This licence shall account wild bill 31st day हिंदे आधिनियम या इसके अधीन विद्यित नियमी या इस अनुसार की पहले के उत्संघन, अनुसार असेकण वा उसके संसरक उपानदी में दलाए ता विधारण से अनुसार नहीं यह जाते का जिल्ही का के 1600 का का कार्यात्र का विधिसाल्य रहेगी / This licence shall account wild bill 31st day कार्या व उसके संसरक उपानदी में दलाए ता विधारण से अनुसार नहीं कार जाते का जिल्ही का कार अस्ति संसर्थ अधीन विदाधित नियमी या इस अनुसार की पहले के उत्संघन, अनुसार कार्या का उसके संसरक उपानदी में दलाए ता विधारण से अनुसार नहीं वार जाते का जिल्ही कार्य का उसके संसरक उपानदी में दलाए का का अधीन का कार्य कार्या कि कार्या का कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या का प्राण्ठ प्रित्र कि प्राण्ड के अनुसार कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या अपने का उसके संसरक उपानदी में दलाए ता कि कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या अधीन कर कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार अधीनकार कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार अधीनका कार अधीनका कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्य	all conform to the following drawing(s): नेपान, 2008 के उपसन्धी और सली एवं निम्नतिषिद्धत of the Explosives Rules, 2008 found theremder and the the verial 2018 of March 2018 के आग 4 जी सम्दर्मित, जहाँ श्री साय, हो, या यदि
4. जानुसाम अपिषण 5. मेंसंब स उपगुलगम The lice conditio (स) उपनु (स) उपनु (स) उपनु (स) उपनु स, जानुसा वह जानुसा अनुसाम परिसर : This lices wherever applies strached bareto.	परिसर जिञ्चालिथित आरंखण ( आरंखणों ) के अनुस्प होना आहिए / The licensed premises sh संस्था / Drawing Not EMOUTINGS मा(EMSPR) दिलोग / Assed 1 2008/2013 कर पर वया संशोधित विस्फोटफ आपिनियम, 1884 और उसके अपील बनाए गए विस्फोटक नि को के अपील अनुसारि प्रदान की जाती है   near is granted subject to the provision of Explosives Act 1884 as anomaled from time to three as an and the following anomales in my Riser 4 जे बयावाधित लडक देन कह आरंखण /(a) Drawings of the road was as stated fitture utilitant दारा हस्तावासित पति /(b) Conditions signed by the licensing sufficienty. मति सारीरवा 31 मार्च 2018 तक विधिसाल्य रहेगी / This licence shall account wild bill 31st day हिंदे आधिनियम या इसके अधीन विद्यित नियमी या इस अनुसार की पहले के उत्संघन, अनुसार असेकण वा उसके संसरक उपानदी में दलाए ता विधारण से अनुसार नहीं यह जाते का जिल्ही का के 1600 का का कार्यात्र का विधिसाल्य रहेगी / This licence shall account wild bill 31st day कार्या व उसके संसरक उपानदी में दलाए ता विधारण से अनुसार नहीं कार जाते का जिल्ही का कार अस्ति संसर्थ अधीन विदाधित नियमी या इस अनुसार की पहले के उत्संघन, अनुसार कार्या का उसके संसरक उपानदी में दलाए ता विधारण से अनुसार नहीं वार जाते का जिल्ही कार्य का उसके संसरक उपानदी में दलाए का का अधीन का कार्य कार्या कि कार्या का कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या का प्राण्ठ प्रित्र कि प्राण्ड के अनुसार कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या अपने का उसके संसरक उपानदी में दलाए ता कि कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या अधीन कर कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार अधीनकार कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार अधीनका कार अधीनका कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्या कार्य	all conform to the following drawing(s): नेपान, 2008 के उपसन्धी और सली एवं निम्नतिषिद्धत of the Explosives Rules, 2008 found theremder and the the verial 2018 of March 2018 के आग 4 जी सम्दर्मित, जहाँ श्री साय, हो, या यदि
4. जानुसाम अपिषण 5. मेंसंब स उपगुलगम The lice conditio (स) उपनु (स) उपनु (स) उपनु (स) उपनु स, जानुसा वह जानुसा अनुसाम परिसर : This lices wherever applies strached bareto.	परिसर जिन्मतिशिवित आरंखण ( आरंखणों ) के अनुस्प होना आहिए / The licensed premises sh संक्ष / Drawing Not ESC/TN/25/17/(ENSSE) दिलोग / Assed : 20(8)/2013 कर पर वया संगोधित विस्फोटक अधिनियम, 1884 और उसके अधीन बनाए गए विस्फोटक नि को के अधीन अनुसारि प्रदान की जाती है ! not is granted subject to the provision of Explosives Act 1884 as anamoded from time to three as an and the following anamote. In now संख्या 4 जे व्यावाधीयन कड़क देन कह आरंधाण /(a) Drawings of the road van as stated सायक प्रतियत्त इस संख्या कि का स्वार्थ (b) Conditions signed by the licensing subjects. मति सरीरब 31 म्यूचे 2018 तका विधिमाल्य रहेगी / This licence shall account wild bill 31st day कि अधीनियान या इसके अधीन विद्यापत सियार्ग या इस जनुशांति की शत्मी के उत्सांघन, अनुस्य का स्वार्थ का उसके संस्थन उपायक्षी के विद्यापत नियार्ग या इस जनुशांति की शत्मी के उत्सांघन, अनुस्य का कि कि का का सामन से संस्थन उपायक्षी में विद्यापत नियार्ग या इस जनुशांति की शत्मी के उत्सांघन, अनुस्य का का का का स्वार्थ के का व्यावाधीय एक वित्यार्थ स्वर्थ के का का का का का का का का कि स्थान वा इसके संस्थन उपायक्षी में विद्यापत नियार्ग या इस जनुशांति की शत्मी के उत्सांघन, अनुस्य का कि का	all conform to the following drawing(s): स्वयन, 2008 के उपसन्धों और सली एवं निम्नलिफित at the Explositene Rales, 2008 franced theremader and the tin terrial no.4 above. at March 2018 11 5 के जाम 4 में सम्दर्भित, जहाँ भी लाग, हो, या यदि का या प्रतिबंहत की जा सकती है । or the conditions of this licence an set forth under , the description shown in the pieces and attender .
4. जानुसास अमेषण 5. समय स उप्याप्तम्म The lice conditio (क) उपर (क) उ	परिसर जिल्लासिवित आरंखण ( आरंखणों ) के अनुस्प होना आहिए / The licensed premises sh संख्या / Drawing No.5 ESC/TN/25/17/(ENSSE) दिलोग / Assed 3 20(8)/2013 कर पर वया संगोधित विस्पोटक अधिनियम, 1884 और उसके अधीन बनाए वाए विस्पोटक नि को के अधीन अनुसारि प्रदान की जाती है ! nos is granted subject to the provision of Explosives Act 1884 as anamcied from time to time as an and the following anamce. In nos is granted subject to the provision of Explosives Act 1884 as anamcied from time to time as an and the following anamce. In nos in the following anamce. In nos and the following analysis of the road was as a state of the following analysis of the second form the second by the licensing authority. In Rest 3 and 3 and 3 and 3 and 100 Confine signed by the licensing authority. In Rest 3 and 3 and 3 and 100 Confine and 180 for the road of the second following analysis of the second following analysis of the following analysis of the following and the following analysis of the following analysis of the following and the following and the following and the following analysis of the following and	all conform to the following drawing(s): स्वय, 2008 के उपसन्धों और सली एवं निजनसिफित at the Explositene Rales, 2008 franced theremader and the tin terrial no.4 above. at March 2018 11.5 के जाग 4 जी सम्दर्भित, जहाँ और लाग, हो, या यदि क वा प्रतिबंह्त की जा सबली है । or the conditions of this licence as set forth under , the description shown in the phone and astronome
4. जानुसाम अपिषण 5. मेंसंब स उपगुलगम The lice conditio (स) उपनु (स) उपनु (स) उपनु (स) उपनु स, जानुसा वह जानुसा अनुसाम परिसर : This lices wherever applies strached bareto.	परिसर जिल्लासिवित आरंखण ( आरंखणों ) के अनुस्प होना आहिए / The licensed premises sh संख्या / Drawing No.5 EMOCTINGS (म/(EMSSR) विजोष / Assed 5 2008/2013 कर पर वया संगोधित विस्फोटक अधिनियम, 1884 और उसके अधीन प्रमाप पाए विस्फोटक नि को के अधीन अनुसारि प्रदान की जाती है ! 	all conform to the following drawing(s): Auri, 2008 के उपखल्पों और साली एवं निम्नलिगिस्त at the Explosition Rules, 2008 franced theremader and the tin terrial an 4 above. If March 2018 If 5 के जाग 4 जी सल्दर्शित, जहाँ श्री लाग, हो, या यदि का वा प्रतिबंधूल की जा सबली है । or the conditions of this licence an set forth under, the description shown in the plans and attentions of the conditions for this licence an set forth under, the description shown in the plans and attentions of the forther finiting 1 fourt Chief Controller of Explosions afferings, time 1 South Controller of Explosions afferings, time 1 South Controller of Explosions
4. जानुसाम अपिषण 5. मेंसंब स उपगुलगम The lice conditio (स) उपनु (स) उपनु (स) उपनु (स) उपनु स, जानुसा वह जानुसा अनुसाम परिसर : This lices wherever applies strached bareto.	परिसर जिञ्चासिथित आरंखण ( आरंखणों ) के अनुस्प होना साहिए / The licensed premises sh संख्या / Drawing No : EUCUTINGS मार्ग्रास्ट्राव्य / Links 317, State 3 2018/2013 कर के अधील अनुसारि प्रदान की जाती है ! 	all conform to the following drawing(s): Auri, 2008 के उपखल्पों और साली एवं निम्नलिगिस्त at the Explosition Rules, 2008 franced theremader and the tin terrial an 4 above. If March 2018 If 5 के जाग 4 जी सल्दर्शित, जहाँ श्री लाग, हो, या यदि का वा प्रतिबंधूल की जा सबली है । or the conditions of this licence an set forth under, the description shown in the plans and attentions of the conditions for this licence an set forth under, the description shown in the plans and attentions of the forther finiting 1 fourt Chief Controller of Explosions afferings, time 1 South Controller of Explosions afferings, time 1 South Controller of Explosions
4. जानुसाम अपिषण 5. मेंसंब स उपगुलगम The lice conditio (स) उपनु (स) उपनु (स) उपनु (स) उपनु स, जानुसा वह जानुसा अनुसाम परिसर : This lices wherever applies strached bareto.	परिसर जिञ्चासिवित आरंखण ( आरंखणों ) के अनुस्य होना आहिए / The licensed premises sh संख्या / Drawing No : EUROTINGS जगरमात्राज्य) विजोष / Assid : 20198/2013 कर पर यथा संघोषित विस्फोटक अधिनियम, 1884 और उसके अधीन बागए गए विस्फोटक जि को के अधीन अनुसारि प्रदान की जाती है ! 	all conform to the following drawing(s): Auri, 2008 के उपखल्पों और साली एवं निम्नलिगिस्त at the Explosition Rules, 2008 franced theremader and the tin terrial an 4 above. If March 2018 If 5 के जाग 4 जी सल्दर्शित, जहाँ श्री लाग, हो, या यदि का वा प्रतिबंधूल की जा सबली है । or the conditions of this licence an set forth under, the description shown in the plans and attentions of the conditions for this licence an set forth under, the description shown in the plans and attentions of the forther finiting 1 fourt Chief Controller of Explosions afferings, time 1 South Controller of Explosions afferings, time 1 South Controller of Explosions
4. जानुसाम अपिषण 5. मेंसंब स उपगुलगम The lice conditio (स) उपनु (स) उपनु (स) उपनु (स) उपनु स, जानुसा वह जानुसा अनुसाम परिसर : This lices wherever applies strached bareto.	परिसर जिञ्चासिथित आरंखण ( आरंखणों ) के अनुस्प होना आहिए / The licensed premises sh संख्या / Drawing No : EUCOTINGS जिंग्हान्स ( 1844 और उसके 3 2008/2013 कर्य पर वया संघोषित विस्फोटक अधिनियम, 1884 और उसके अधीन यताए गए विस्फोटक जिं को के अधीन अनुसारि प्रदान की जाती है ! 	all conform to the following drawing(s): Aurr, 2008 के उपखल्यों और सती ययं निम्नतिरिफित at the Explosition Rules, 2008 found theremader and the Hin verial 2018 This for our 4 औ सम्दर्भित, नहीं की लाग, हो, या यहि क पा प्रतिसंग्रह में? आ स्वयती है 1 The description shown in the plans and attactors the description shown in the plans and attactors
4. जानुसास अमेषण 5. समय स उप्याप्तम्म The lice conditio (क) उपर (क) उ	परिसर जिन्दासिवित आरंखण ( आरंखणों ) के अनुस्य होना आहिए / The licensed premises sh संख्य / Drawing No 5 EMOCTINGS मा(EMSPO) विजोण / Assed 5 2008/2013 स्वय पर वया संघोषित विरम्शेटक अधिनियम, 1884 और उसके अधीन यनाए गए विरमोदक नि को के अधीन अनुसारि प्रदान की जातों है ! 	all conform to the following drawing(s): Auri, 2008 के उपखल्यों और सती ययं निम्नतिरिग्रित ad the Explosives Rales, 2008 featured theremader and the in verial ao.4 above. If March 2018 If 3 के 1017 4 औ सन्दर्भित, जहाँ भी लाग, हो, या यहि क या प्रतिसंहत येने जा स्वयती है । the description shown in fire pices and ansocure the description shown in fire pices and ansocure Solf- Reference Reference (South Carlie Controller of Explosives all Defense, Green (South Carls, Chemonic Spectarer antionity) South Circle, Chemai
4. जानुसाम अपिषण 5. मेंसंब स उपगुलगम The lice conditio (स) उपनु (स) उपनु (स) उपनु (स) उपनु स, जानुसा वह जानुसा अनुसाम परिसर : This lices wherever applies strached bareto.	परिसर जिञ्चासिथित आरंखण ( आरंखणों ) के अनुस्प होना आहिए / The licensed premises sh संख्या / Drawing No : EUCOTINGS जिंग्हान्स ( 1844 और उसके 3 2008/2013 कर्य पर वया संघोषित विस्फोटक अधिनियम, 1884 और उसके अधीन यताए गए विस्फोटक जिं को के अधीन अनुसारि प्रदान की जाती है ! 	all conform to the following drawing(s): Auri, 2008 के उपखल्यों और सती ययं निम्नतिरिग्रित ad the Explosives Rales, 2008 featured theremader and the in verial ao.4 above. If March 2018 If 3 के 1017 4 औ सन्दर्भित, जहाँ भी लाग, हो, या यहि क या प्रतिसंहत येने जा स्वयती है । the description shown in fire pices and ansocure the description shown in fire pices and ansocure Solf- Reference Reference (South Carlie Controller of Explosives all Defense, Green (South Carls, Chemonic Spectarer antionity) South Circle, Chemai
4. जानुसाम अपिषण 5. मेंसंब स उपगुलगम The lice conditio (स) उपनु (स) उपनु (स) उपनु (स) उपनु स, जानुसा वह जानुसा अनुसाम परिसर : This lices wherever applies strached bareto.	परिसर जिन्दासिवित आरंखण ( आरंखणों ) के अनुस्य होना आहिए / The licensed premises sh संख्य / Drawing No 5 EMOCTINGS मा(EMSPO) विजोण / Assed 5 2008/2013 स्वय पर वया संघोषित विरम्शेटक अधिनियम, 1884 और उसके अधीन यनाए गए विरमोदक नि को के अधीन अनुसारि प्रदान की जातों है ! 	all conform to the following drawing(s): Auri, 2008 के उपखल्यों और सती ययं निम्नतिरिग्रित ad the Explosives Rales, 2008 featured theremader and the in verial ao.4 above. If March 2018 If 3 के 1017 4 औ सन्दर्भित, जहाँ भी लाग, हो, या यहि क या प्रतिसंहत येने जा स्वयती है । the description shown in fire pices and ansocure the description shown in fire pices and ansocure Solf- Reference Reference (South Carlie Controller of Explosives all Defense, Green (South Carls, Chemonic Spectarer antionity) South Circle, Chemai
4. अनुराम अपरेषण 5. समय स् अनुनायम The lice conditio (क) उपयु (क) उपयु (क) उपयु (क) उपयु (क) उपयु (क) उपयु क) उपयु क) उपरेक्ष (क) (क) (क) (क) (क) (क) (क) (क) (क) (क)	परिसर जिन्दासिवित आरंखण ( आरंखणों ) के अनुस्य होना आहिए / The licensed premises sh संख्य / Drawing No 5 EMOCTINGS मा(EMSPO) विजोण / Assed 5 2008/2013 स्वय पर वया संघोषित विरम्शेटक अधिनियम, 1884 और उसके अधीन यनाए गए विरमोदक नि को के अधीन अनुसारि प्रदान की जातों है ! 	all conform to the following drawing(s): Auri, 2008 के उपखल्यों और सती ययं निम्नतिरिग्रित ad the Explosives Rales, 2008 featured theremader and the in verial ao.4 above. If March 2018 If 3 के 1017 4 औ सन्दर्भित, जहाँ भी लाग, हो, या यहि क या प्रतिसंहत येने जा स्वयती है । the description shown in fire pices and ansocure the description shown in fire pices and ansocure Solf- Reference Reference (South Carlie Controller of Explosives all Defense, Green (South Carls, Chemonic Spectarer antionity) South Circle, Chemai
4. अनुसाम अपिषण 5. मिनव स उग्यालगम The lice conditio (स) उपर्य (स) आनुस 6. यह अनुसा यह अनुसा अनुसाम परिसर 3 This lices wherever applies strached hereto.	परिसर जिन्दासिवित आरंखण ( आरंखणों ) के अनुस्य होना आहिए / The licensed premises sh संख्य / Drawing No 5 EMOCTINGS मा(EMSPO) विजोण / Assed 5 2008/2013 स्वय पर वया संघोषित विरम्शेटक अधिनियम, 1884 और उसके अधीन यनाए गए विरमोदक नि को के अधीन अनुसारि प्रदान की जातों है ! 	all conform to the following drawing(s): Auri, 2008 के उपखल्यों और सती ययं निम्नतिरिग्रित ad the Explosives Rales, 2008 featured theremader and the in verial ao.4 above. If March 2018 If 3 के 1017 4 औ सन्दर्भित, जहाँ भी लाग, हो, या यहि क या प्रतिसंहत येने जा स्वयती है । the description shown in fire pices and ansocure the description shown in fire pices and ansocure Solf- Reference Reference (South Carlie Controller of Explosives all Defense, Green (South Carls, Chemonic Spectarer antionity) South Circle, Chemai
4. जानुसाम अपिषण 5. मिनव स उग्याप्यम The lice condition (स) उपयु (स) जानु 6. यह आनुसा यह आनुसा अनुसाम परिसर 3 This lices wherever applies strached hereto.	परिसर जिन्दासिवित आरंखण ( आरंखणों ) के अनुस्य होना आहिए / The licensed premises sh संख्य / Drawing No 5 EMOCTINGS मा(EMSPO) विजोण / Assed 5 2008/2013 स्वय पर वया संघोषित विरम्शेटक अधिनियम, 1884 और उसके अधीन यनाए गए विरमोदक नि को के अधीन अनुसारि प्रदान की जातों है ! 	all conform to the following drawing(s): Auri, 2008 के उपखल्यों और सती ययं निम्नतिरिग्रित ad the Explosives Rales, 2008 featured theremader and the in verial ao.4 above. If March 2018 If 3 के 1017 4 औ सन्दर्भित, जहाँ भी लाग, हो, या यहि क या प्रतिसंहत येने जा स्वयती है । the description shown in fire pices and ansocure the description shown in fire pices and ansocure Solf- Reference Reference (South Carlie Controller of Explosives all Defense, Green (South Carls, Chemonic Spectarer antionity) South Circle, Chemai
4. जानुसाम अपिषण 5. मिनव स जानुसाम कार्यस्य मार्ग (स) आनु 6. बह आनुसा बह अनुसा अनुसाम परिसर् 3 मोक प्रेटका भौकराष्ट्रम	परिसर जिन्दासिवित आरंखण ( आरंखणों ) के अनुस्य होना आहिए / The licensed premises sh संख्य / Drawing No 5 EMOCTINGS मा(EMSPO) विजोण / Assed 5 2008/2013 स्वय पर वया संघोषित विरम्शेटक अधिनियम, 1884 और उसके अधीन यनाए गए विरमोदक नि को के अधीन अनुसारि प्रदान की जातों है ! 	all conform to the following drawing(s): Autr, 2008 it Statewil site stell of interfections in the Explositors Rales, 2008 founded theremades and the in vertil as 4 above. at March 2018 It is is start 4 if stretified, stell if inter, it, an also it is constitutes of this licence as set forth order, the constitutes of this licence as set forth order, the description shown in the pions and assocress March 2018 A foreitzer former Licent Chief Controller of Explosites attending South Circle, Chounsi A fifteer arsents first i interference under the text.
<ol> <li>अनुराह अरोपण २. मंत्रग्व स अनुनगम The lice condition (क) उपप् (क) आनुरा २. यह अनुराग अनुराह परिसर ३ मिंडे licene भोकरण्ड मनुरागि आदलांक / Dane: 30</li> </ol>	परिसर विस्तविधित आरंखण ( आरंखणों ) के आतुष्य दोना साहिए / The Honned premises sh वेक्स / Drawing No : EMCTRACE ' (EAAAA') के आतुष्य दोना साहिए / The Honned premises sh वेक्स / Drawing No : EMCTRACE ' (EAAAA') के आतुष्य दोना साहिए नाग कि विस्तवेट के कर के बुक्तासने स्वीविध्य कि कार्यते हैं . 	all conform to the following drawing(s): Autr, 2008 it Statewil site stell of interfections in the Explositors Rales, 2008 founded theremades and the in vertil as 4 above. at March 2018 It is is start 4 if stretified, stell if inter, it, an also it is constitutes of this licence as set forth order, the constitutes of this licence as set forth order, the description shown in the pions and assocress March 2018 A foreitzer former Licent Chief Controller of Explosites attending South Circle, Chounsi A fifteer arsents first i interference under the text.
<ol> <li>अनुराह अरोपण २. मंत्रग्व स अनुनाम The lice condition (क) उपप् (क) आनु २. यह अनुरा अनुराह परिसर : This lice wherever applies आदलांक / Date: 30</li> </ol>	परिसर जिन्दासिवित आरंखण ( आरंखणों ) के अनुस्य होना आहिए / The licensed premises sh संख्य / Drawing No 5 EMOCTINGS मा(EMSPO) विजोण / Assed 5 2008/2013 स्वय पर वया संघोषित विरम्शेटक अधिनियम, 1884 और उसके अधीन यनाए गए विरमोदक नि को के अधीन अनुसारि प्रदान की जातों है ! 	all conform to the following drawing(s): Autr, 2008 it Statewil site stell of interfections in the Explositors Rales, 2008 founded theremades and the in vertil as 4 above. at March 2018 It is is start 4 if stretified, stell if inter, it, an also it is constitutes of this licence as set forth order, the constitutes of this licence as set forth order, the description shown in the pions and assocress March 2018 A foreitzer former Licent Chief Controller of Explosites attending South Circle, Chounsi A fifteer arsents first i interference under the text.
<ol> <li>अनुराह अरोपण २. मंत्रग्व स अनुनाम पिक शिल्ल (क) उपर्य (क) आनुरा २. यह अनुरा अनुराह परिसर ३ पिक शिल्ल भोतन्तरपर अनुरोधि आदल्जि / Date: 30</li> </ol>	परिसर विस्तविधित आरंखण ( आरंखणों ) के आतुष्य दोना साहिए / The Honned premises sh वेक्स / Drawing No : EMCTRACE ' (EAAAA') के आतुष्य दोना साहिए / The Honned premises sh वेक्स / Drawing No : EMCTRACE ' (EAAAA') के आतुष्य दोना साहिए नाग कि विस्तवेट के कर के बुक्तासने स्वीविध्य कि कार्यते हैं . 	all conform to the following drawing(s): Autr, 2008 it Statewil site stell of interfections in the Explositors Rales, 2008 founded theremades and the in vertil as 4 above. at March 2018 It is is start 4 if stretified, stell if inter, it, an also it is constitutes of this licence as set forth order, the constitutes of this licence as set forth order, the description shown in the pions and assocress March 2018 A foreitzer former Licent Chief Controller of Explosites attending South Circle, Chounsi A fifteer arsents first i interference under the text.
<ol> <li>अनुराह अरोपण २. मंत्रग्व स अनुनाम पिक शिल्ल (क) उपर्य (क) आनुरा २. यह अनुरा अनुराह परिसर ३ पिक शिल्ल भोतन्तरपर अनुरोधि आदल्जि / Date: 30</li> </ol>	परिसर विस्तविधित आरंखण ( आरंखणों ) के आतुष्य दोना साहिए / The Honned premises sh वेक्स / Drawing No : EMCTRACE ' (EAAAA') के आतुष्य दोना साहिए / The Honned premises sh वेक्स / Drawing No : EMCTRACE ' (EAAAA') के आतुष्य दोना साहिए नाग कि विस्तवेट के कर के बुक्तासने स्वीविध्य कि कार्यते हैं . 	all conform to the following drawing(s): Auri, 2008 के उपसन्धों और सती पर्य निम्नतिरिग्रित ad the Explosives Rales, 2008 featured theremader and the in verial ao.4 above. If March 2018 If 3 के 1017 4 औ सन्दर्भित, जहाँ भी लाग, हो, या यहि क या प्रतिसंहत की सा स्वयती है । the description shown in fire piros and ansocure the description shown in fire piros and ansocure Solf- Reference Reference (South Carlies Channel Reference Reference) South Circle, Channel

THE REAL PROPERTY OF

「「「「「「「「「「」」」」」

C

Sd/-

3/8/2019

70

Bell Bellevelot angles

अनुमापित प्रथम प्रस.ई. -10 | Form LE-10 बाटि प्रायन करती प्रजाणन्त्र | Shot Firer's Certificate (अनुमुद्दी: (V के आग 1 का अनुस्केद 10 देखें | See attick to of Part 1 of Schedule IV) हरपरित जिसम, 2008 का जिसमें 107(5) देखें | see rule 107(5) of Explosives Rules, 2008] 1982

(जान अधिनियम,1952 के अधील न आने वाले क्षेत्र में विस्फोट करने के लिए सक्षेत्रता प्रमाणा nee mentine (Certificate of competency to carry out blasting of explosives in area not coming under OVT. OF M

THE | No.: E/SC/TN/30/1362(E79312)

Tarrat MAN, 62/11/1977 al gan an, al Cie.Sei Bales Explosives, 71 GandhiNegar, Sankaraskovil, THIRUNELVELI, Tamit Nadu - 627756 & filatelt & A , deal acter तारीख को आधोजित बाँट जावर की परिसा तारीख को उस्सीर्ण का सी है और वह विस्पोटक अपिमियम, 1884 और उसके अधीज विरवित मियसों के उपबंधों के अधीज रहते हुय बान अधिनियन,1952मी परिषि के जयीन आनेवाले खानी से अन्यवा दोव में नीचे क्या उत्तिवित विस्पनेटकों का उपयोग करते हुए विस्पनेट प्रयासन करने के लिए प्राधिकृत है

This is to owilly that Shel P General Ausses, born on 02/11/1977 resident of Clu.Sci Balan Explosives,71 GandhiNagur, Sankurankovik, THIRUNELVELL, Tamil Nada - 627755 passed the shattirer's examination held is conducted by Chennal and is authorized to conduct blasting operations as mentioned below using explosives in areas other than mines coming under the purview of the Mines is conducted by Chennal and is authorized to conduct blasting operations as mentioned below using explosives in areas other than mines coming under the purview of the Mines Act 1952, subject to the provisions of the Explore was Aca. 1884 and the rules framed thereunder.

Willis Trance

विस्कोट करने के प्राणिकृत वर्ग, प्रवर्ग और प्रकार : वर्षाया, वेणी: कृषि, कृषि और कुआ नजाने में ब्लाहिटंग के बावी वरण्ड

Authorised class, category and type of blasting : Class : (F), Category : Agricultural, All plases of blasting in agricultural and well alaking)

[नियस 107 का उप-नियस (5) का स्पष्टीकरण देखें | See explanation of sub-rule (5) of rule 107]

बह प्रमाणपत्र 13/02/2019 (तारी करने की तारीक से पांच वर्ष) तक विधिमाल्य होगा | This certificate shall remain valid the 13/02/2019 (five years from the date of issue)

यह प्रसाल-पत्र अधिनियम या उसके अपीन विरचित नियमी जनवा इस प्रमाण-पत्र की शती का कोई अधिकमण करने पर या यदि आवेदक व्यास आवेदन प्रस्प में दी बई

जमुजन्ति पाधिकारी के हस्लाकार

Signature of licensing authority

It. Chief Controller of Explosives, South Circle,

Cherry -1

पूर्व प्रसार ने आधानिक के अपने अपने अपने अपने अपने अपने की सामकर के बाध के पह आधानिक पर की का कर कि का का का क त्याना में कोई फई या विवसन होता है तो निर्माणित का अभिवादित कर दिया आएमा। This certificate is table to be segmented or revolved for any violation of the Act or rales framed thereasder or the conditions of this certificate or if there is any discrepancy or deviation in the information or suppression of facts furnished by the applicant in his application from.

The The Design and the State संपूर्वन मुख्य विस्पीटक विसंग्रक | Joint Chief Controller of Explosives द्वित्रणांचार, केली | South Circle, Chennel FUR |Place toit |Chart

entititiensensenter in filte T Enderseiten far invalidate

पूर्वविधितात्वनमत्म की

07/03/2019

सारीच a of Revalidation

Raini | Dete: 13/02/2014

13/02/2024

रामाप्ति की तिथि

Date of Expiry

ingh चेतावाली : विक्लीटकों को जनल केन से जनाने का उनका दुस्तपोन दियि के अपीन पीसिर सांहिक अपराध होगा। Mattery Warning : Mishandling and scheme of appletives shall constitute serious criminal offence under the law.

http://10.0.1.11/IntExp/FirerPermitLE10Hindi.asp?LetterGeneratedYN=Y

2 5 Rently

			Sure Provent	Contra a	Page 1 o	61
(ग) उपयोग	(जिस्फोटक लियम्) (See atticle 3(a) 1 के लिए एक समय पर वर्ग 1,2,3,4	ों प्ररुप एल. ई3   LICENCE 1008 की अनुसूची 4 के आग 1 के अनु 10 (d) of Part 1 of Schedule IV of 1 -5 या वर्ग 7 के विस्फोटक या किसी में	चित्र 3(क) से (च) दा ixplosives Rules, 20 mailer से भर्म - 3r Ge		7. MAR 2022	
	- PECTIVITE DURING AND	(c) for use explosives of class 1, 2,	3,4,5,6 or 7 in a ma	gazine	(an)	
L. License is hereby grant	iw					
M/s Sri Balun Explosit - Sunkarankoil, District	ves (311(31)1) / Occupier : Shri -THIRUNELVELL Since Tamil	P. Ramasamy), 71-Gomathi Naj Nada, Pincode - 627756	ger, Sankarankoil, T	own/Village	Cos MDIA	Z
को अनुवादि अनुदत्त की व 2. अनुवादिगवारी को प्रतियति 3. वनुवादि निम्नलिखित प्रयोप Licence is valid only for	Status of licenses : Partnership	Plana . possess for use of ? Determinars, Deter	fitrate Mixtore, 34	Le Cherry		
4 अनुशाप्त विस्फोटका के नि	मोटोखित किस्मी, प्रकार और मझा i भौतेखित किस्मी, प्रकार और मझा i blowing kinds and quartity of ex	Defeninters, Deten के लिए विधिमलन है। plessives — (क) (a)	ating Fuse, . के उप	योगे के लिए		
B Sr. No.	नाम और विवरण Name and Description Nitrate Mintere	वर्ग और प्रभाग Class & Division	तप-प्रभाग Sub-division	मात्रा किसी एव Quantity at an	त्र समय अ	
-1	Sufery Puse Electric and or Ordinary Detonat	6,1 6,1 6,1	0	1250 H 10000 H 40000 N	durs.	時間
5 লিয়লিজির ইন্ডাফির (ইন্ডানি The licewood premises sha চ. অণ্ডমণ্টি ঘটিমের লিয়লিজিল	हत्रों) से अनुज़प्त परिसर की पुष्टि होत	log(s): दिनाव	b) and (c)] : FT 2D. (Drawing No. (Dated) 14/07/201 dress:	7000 M E/SC/TN/22/352(1	itra : 18 times : as attore, E63073)	
	THIRUNELVELI	A CALL A DAUGH-ENTICE	Nadu (Pr	स धाना (Palice Sta काड (Pincode) स (Fax)	ation) : Sankarankoli 627756	
and the conditions, addition 1. उपयुक्त क्रम स. इ.मे Drawings (showing 2. उत्पुत्रिय प्राप्तिकारी / Conditions and Adv	पारीयोपित विरफोटक अभिनियम मि रहते हुए अनुदत्त की आतं है। est in the provision of Explosives ul conditions and the following प्रिया कार्यत रेखायित (स्थान, सतिम stic, constructional and other de द्वारना इस्ता, क्षेत्रित इस अनुद्वादित की	A Light Explosives Re 1884 और उनके अर्धन विराधत विर Act 1884 का macaded from time i American American fill संबंधी और अन्य विवरण दर्शित e shift) as stated in secial No. 5 where thift) as stated in secial No. 5 where 1 यहाँ और अधिरितित यहाँ। 9 signed by the licensing autionity	फोटक निषम, 2005 है In time and the Expl हरते दुप्र <u>हा</u> ल	व उपनंधी जाती और	uffere and the	
यह अनुसोध तारीख 31 मार्च यह अनुसचि, अधिनियम या उ अधिक्रमण करने या यदि अनुव यह ताम हो।	2016 तक विभिन्नन्थ रहेगी। २१७७ सर्के अधीन विरस्ति निर्मामी स अनु एव परिसर पोजना या उड़ारी संतप्त	licence shall remain valid uit 31st सुची ४ के भाग अ के प्रति निर्दिष्ट सेट. उपनल में दार्थित विवरण के अनुरुष	day of March 2016 VII के अधीन तथा उ नहीं पाए जाने पर निर	पयर्जित इस अनुइचि बित या प्रतिसंहत क	रेग प्रालकी है जिल्ला	
under Set VIII, wherever app the plann and Annexure attac	aspended or revoked for any viol plicable, referred to in Part 4 of S shed hereto.	ation of the Act or Rules framed th Schedule V or if the licensed premi	here under or the cou ises are not found co	aditions of this licer monthing to the des	tee as set forth scription shown in	
त्वारी हा The Date - 14/07/20	HI I	संपुषत मुख्य वि	নক্ষীকে নিৰ্বহ্নক ৷	Joint Chief Couty Sou	Sid- oller of Explosives th Circle, Chennal	
Amonument of Quantity of I	Explosives/Monthly Parchase Lin Explosives/Monthly Parchase Lin Fig Spa	mi dated : 20/07/2012 mi dated : 31/01/2013 निकिस्ण के पृष्ठांकन के लिए स्थान see for Endorsement of Renewal				
नवीकरण की तारीख Date of Ratewool	समामिते की तारीख Date of Expiry	अनुशापन	प्राधिकारी के हस्ताक्ष of Ticensing sufficient	। ओर स्टाम्प		
21/04/2021	31/03/2026		er of Explosives, So	a state of the second sec		
कानुनी चेताव Statistory We	ानी : विस्फोटकों को गलत इंग से miles : Mishendling and mines	चलाने या उनका दुरूपयोग दिशि न में explosives shall constitute s		Un finne		
Note :- This I	s system genér	ated document o nay take printou	loos ant	Children and Services	iysical	
p://10.0.50.11/IntE	xp/ExplosivesLicenc	eLE3Hindi.asp?Letter	Generated	Nev	21.04.04	
MININE TACINO IS NUMBER	S.	S. Benthy	Sederated T	974	21-04-2021	-

Page 2 of 2

M 7 MAR 2012

## and I CONDITIONS

### HEAR | No.: E/SC/TN/30/1382(E79312)

2.1

- यह परमिद परिव को खग्रसिंग करने के लिप तब तक अधिकृत करता है जब तक कि वह विस्फोटक मियम. 2014 के मतुर्गम कोने पाल 5 में मैप अनुबल्ति पारक (अनुबल्ति संबंधा : DBC/TN/22553(£63073)). M/s Sri Batan Explosives के नौकरि/अनुबंध के अधिन काम कर यह है। This permit authorizes the permit holder to conduct blasting so long as he is working under the employment/contract of M/s Sri Balan Explosives holding valid licence (Licence No. E/SC/TN/22/552(E63073) ) in Form LE-3 of Explosives Rules, 2008.
- 2. विस्पोटक सामगी प्राप्त करने, उसके स्वामित्व परिवृत्न मेहारण, उठाई धर्छ और उपयोग करने के लिए सभी स्थानीय विधियों और विभियमें का अनुसरण हिन्दा आएगा । All local laws and regulations applicable for obtaining, owning, transporting, storing, handling and using explosive materials shall be followed. 3. विस्फोटक सामजी को अधाधिकृत करने से संरक्षित किया जाएगा तथा उसे परित्यक्त नहीं किया जाएगा । Explosive materials shall be protected form manufactured possession and shall not be abandoned.

- विस्पोटक सामग्री का उपयोग केपस ऐसे जनुमयी व्यक्तियों व्याप किया जापना जो उसने अंतर्यस्त परिश्वंक्ट को जानते हाँ और जिनके पास अपेक्षित अनुसापत हो । Explosive mater
- sive materials shall be used only by experienced persons who are fimiliar with the basards involved and who hold all required permits.
- 5. सदाई और पायरिंग वा उसका पर्ययेक्षण केवल ऐसे व्यक्ति व्याग विष्या वाणंगा जिसके पास समुचित बाट फायरकाता प्रमाणपत्र और विस्फोट के लिए अनुसापद हो ।
- Londing and fring shall be performed or supervised only by a person possessing as appropriate shot flow centifices and possile to blast. 6. प्रतिकार्थी सहायक और अब्ध व्यक्ति, जिनके पाक अपेकिंत काट पायरफर्सी प्रसाणपंत्र या आनुसापत्र नहीं है, केवल पेसी अनुसापत्र दारण करने चाले व्यक्तियों के पहेतिहाल के अधीन काम करेंगे । Truines before and other persons who do not hold the required abot first certificate or persons shall work only under the supervision of persons holding such
- रेंडे स्वान पर बाँहे दिल्ली-क सीनमी उम्बरियत या प्रतानित जाने की वायले कई उद्योगिक गोर्डे वा उनके जिनके के उनका जिनकि के करना है :
- No explosive entensis shall be located or stored where they may be exposed to flame encourse heat specia or impact. 8. We wave the 15 after the store uprove with the separate with and all approve and their flame encourse heat special or impact. No smoking shall be permitted within 15 motors of any location where explosive are being handhed or east.
- 9. कोई स्वतित येले स्थान के 15 सीटर के अंतर कोई माविस, विजली क अन्य प्रकार की अनित या उपाला नहीं उत्पापना, जहां विस्फोटकों को जमा किए गए है या उनका उपयोग किया जा रहा है। तथापि इस अपेशा के बुरसित प्रयुक्त जताने के सिए उपयुक्त युन्तियों को छुट प्रान्त होगी।
- No person with in 14 metres of any location where explosive are being handled or used shall carry any matches open light or other fore or flame. However, suitable devices for lighting safety fuse are exempted form this requirement.
- 10. मादक, स्वापक था अन्य बतरनाक औषधिनों से प्रमावित किसी व्यक्ति की विस्पोटक सामग्री के उपयोग की अनुजा नहीं होगी। No person under the influence of intexicating liquors unrootics or other daugerous drugs shall be allowed to handle explosive materials.
- अहारण मैमजीम और विस्फोट स्थान के बीध परिवाल के दीयल विस्फोटक लामगी केंद्र अनुमोदित पात या पैकेल में रखे जाएंगे । Explosive activities shall be logs to alose approved commises or packages while being unsported bowen the norage magnetice and the blancing nice.
   विस्फोट करने का बाट कायरकार्ग प्रमाणपद और अनुसापस्थारक व्यारा प्राप्त की गई और कायर की गई या इससे लियटोई गई सभी विस्कोटक लामगी का

- 12. Пачнос вкла ва але опачной инпиче और неуличение вили шест бы गई और опис бы गई ил इससे निवटाई गई सभी विस्फोटक सामयी का 2006 a shot fire actificate and Pennit to Blast shall keep a daily recert of all explosive samirals received and fired or otherwise doposed of by the pennit holder. Such recents shall be related for five year.
   13. off state and the exployee shall be related for five year.
   14. shot fires and the exployee shall be convenient with procedure to be taken during fire energy ory.
   14. shot fires and the exployee shall be convenient with procedure to be taken during fire energy ory.
   14. shot fires and the exployee shall be convenient with procedure to be taken during fire energy ory.
   15. affer an energy of the shot firer configure and energy with all or any of the dimensions or any be given by the Controller from the internet of all of a shot fire and the information of all or and and and and a state of the shot firer configure and energy with all or any of the dimensions or any be given by the Controller from the internet of all of a state of the shot firer configure that and energy with all or any of the dimensions or any be given by the Controller from the internet of the internet of the shot firer configure that and energy with all or any of the dimensions or any be given by the Controller from the internet of the internet fire and and energy with all or any of the dimensions or any be given by the Controller from the internet of the internet of an end of the internet of all of a first and fire and and a state of the and the control of all provides that and end of the internet of all of a state of the all of a first and end of the end of the internet of all of a state of the internet of all of a state of the internet of all of a state of the all of a state of the internet of the internet of all of a state of the internet of all of a state of the internet of the internet of a state of the internet of a state of the inter

\$ 5 Plenting

संयुक्त मुख्य हिस्फोटक निर्धायक Joint Chief Controller of Faultatives द्वविणीयन, चेन्में | South Circle, Channa

http://10.0.1.11/IntExp/FirerPermitLE10Hindi.asp7LetterGeneratedYN=Y

### Md / Conditions

- यह अनुनासि निगरी जन्म सहक यैन को अंतरणीय नहीं है। This licence is not transfirable to any other explosives van. याल, इसकी बॉबी और अल्प किटिंग्स जी बोखें जी परिवर्डन, जनुनापल प्राधिकारी के अनुसोदन के बिना नहीं किया जाना कारिए।
- Band Bulden unentile 1 7 MAR 2022 வில்கு கரங்கள் 朝的贵族的城

Page 2 of 2

- No alastations should be made to the vehicle, its body and other Dhings without appeared from the licensing sufformity. 3. यह अनुपति या उत्पति अधिपार्थानेक पति सदय देव में रखी जाएगी पत्र निरोधाना अधिपाती के जांगे उत्तरे पर उसे प्रस्तुत किया आएगा। This license or its sufficienties deepy shall at all times be kept in the van and produced on demand by an importing officer. 4. सहयर यान यह पिस्टोटाओं के परिवर्टन के लिए तय त्या प्रयोग नहीं किया आएगा जय तक पिर यह दीवर हातल में नहीं है और जिस्कोटांड नियम 2008 का अनुपासन नहीं करती
- The road van shall not be used for transport of explosives unless it is in a fit condition and complies with the Explosives Rules, 2008. 5. लहुआ याम का प्रयोग, इस अनुजति बारा पापिशृत सामग्री से जिल्ला बिकी सामग्री के लिए तक तब नहीं किया जाएगा जब तथ ही अनुवाधन धापिकारी द्वारा इसकी कियित

- 2
- येम का प्रधान यात्रना के पूर्ण के सर मुख्यमंत्रक.
   The vehicle shall not be used for carrying parameter.
   जिस समय सड़क यात पर विस्पोटकों की सदाई या उतराई था परिवहन किया जा रहा हो, उस समय सड़क बाल रेसे किसी सक्षम ध्यक्ति के प्रधार में होगी जिसे विस्पोटकी की
   जिस समय सड़क यात पर विस्पोटकों की सदाई या उतराई था परिवहन किया जा रहा हो, उस समय सड़क बाल रेसे किसी सक्षम ध्यक्ति के प्रधार में होगी जिसे विस्पोटकी की और उन व्यक्तियों का नाम दर्ज ही जिन्हें यान को चलाने के लिए प्रापिक्ल दिव्या गया ही, जैन के साथ से जाया जाएगा और विभी निरीक्षण अधिकारी द्वारा मांग की जाने पर
- All Ser contrast on the second second and the second secon
- सहक यान ने किसी भी विस्फोटक का परिवहन तब तक नहीं किया आपना जब तक कि वे विस्फोटक नियमों के अनुसार या मुख्य विस्कोटक नियंधक द्वारा विनिर्दिड रीति से 1 पैक न मर दिए नए हो ।
- No explosives unless they are paried in accordance with the Explosives Rales or in a manner specified by the Chief Controller shall be transported in the explosives van. 10.
- Detonations stall not be transported with any other explosives. 11. यदि सड़क बान में कोई टूट पूर्व हो जानी है या उसमें आग सब अधी है या विस्पोट हो जाता है अपना सड़क बान इनमें जिसी से अंसर्गरन हो जाती है तो पेती टूट पूट. युवेटाव, जनित क विश्वप्रेट के पूरी रिपोर्ट के साथ इस तथ्य की जानकारी अनुसापन प्राचित्रकों को सुरस्त दी जाएगी । यदि ऐसी दुपेटना, जनित या विश्वपेट में किनी ध्यकि की मुन्यु हो आती है या जिसी व्यक्ति या सम्पति को माम्मीर को व्यक्ती है तो उसकी मियोर्ट निफारतल पुरिस नरेशन को तुरस्त थी आपनी। अनुबंध के आती है या जिसी व्यक्ति या सम्पति को माम्मीर कोने वहुँबती है तो उसकी मियोर्ट निफारतल पुरिस नरेशन को तुरस्त थी आपनी। Any benildown, accident, 5:3 or explosion occurring to read wan, shall be immediately reported to the licensing authority together with a fall report of such immediately to the nearest Police Station.
- 12. विस्पोटको को पान में प्रतेषक थे अनुराश परिशर में में कहा आपना और परेष्टित के अनुरास परिसर पर में बान से इतारा जावना।
- The explosives shall be loaded into the van only at the licensed parmises of consignor and unloaded from the van at the licensed premises of the consignee. 13. अनुबारिधारी, परियहन किए जाने खारे विष्ट्रश्वेदकों का लेकाजोजा प्रच्या आरई 4 में दसेशा और निरीक्षण अधिकारी प्राय आंगे जाने पर परसुत करेगा।

- अनुसारण्यत् साथक त्यां का व्याधिक account of explanitive unservented in Form RD-6 and present the same on domand by an insporting ellicar.
   अनुसारण्यति और व्याधार के सीरार के सीरार की सीरा की जाने वाली प्रक्रिय के अपगल होंगें। The homese and the complexe shall be converses with procedure to be alter during the surrangency within the pression.
   किसी बिरोक्टन करने या लगूना सेने पाले अधिकारी को लगी बुक्टियुक समय पर अनुसार यी आगा पहुँच प्रदास की आपगी और यह अभिनिधित करने के लिय कि माधिनिकन और इस नियमों के उपकर्षते तथा सुरक्षा सम्बन्ध को का सम्बन्ध का से प्रसन किया जतत है, उस अधिकारी को प्रत्येक सुविधा उपलय कराई जाएगी। Free access shall be given at all reasonable times to any importing or sampling officer and overy facility shall be afferded to the officer for accertaining that the provisions of the Act or these mice and these conditions are duly observed.
- 16. यदि अनुवायन प्राधिकारी या विस्पोटक नियंत्रण, जिलित जे अनुमारिधारण को ऐसी संस्तुतियों को कियान्यित करने के लिए. को ऐसे प्राधिकारी मेरे शय में अमान्य कोयित Secure or avoir & alle cour et au cour et au cours à mor colocil al agress & Bor anneue & agres o course and and the first and the secure and and the secure and and the secure and and the secure and th

while the period spectare by sum and any. 17. अगिन या विस्तोदक के कारण होने वासी दुर्घटना और विस्कृटिवी की हानि, वाचियती के बारे में निकटतना पुलिस स्टेशन और अनुरायक आधिवतरी सेवा अनुवायन वाचियती के बारे में निकटतना पुलिस स्टेशन और अनुरायक आधिवतरी सेवा अनुवायन Accident by fire or scoletion and losses, shortage or their of explosives shall be intradisticly reported to the neuron police station and the lighting authority and lossel office of Accident by fire of scoletion and losses, shortage or their of explosives shall be intradisticly reported to the neuron police station and the lighting authority and lossel office of

संबद्ध जनव दिल्लोट ज

dint Chief Controller of Explorin

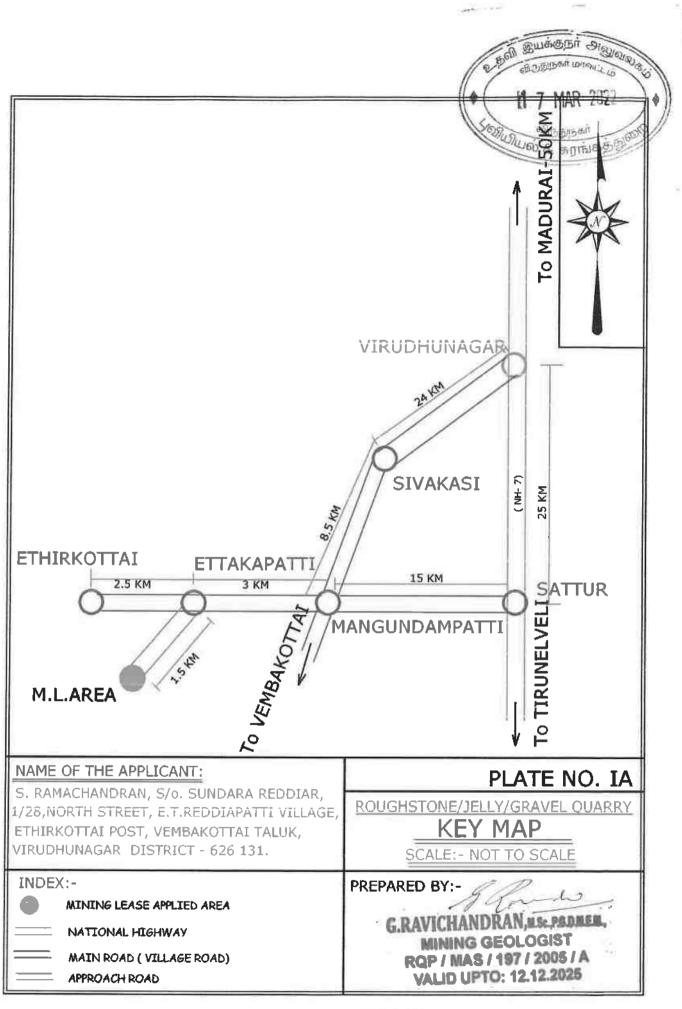
http://10.0.1.11/IntExp/Form25LicenceLE7/Hindi.asp?LetterGeneratedYN=Y

\$. Flantly

இயக்குநர் அனுலல Alagarkovil Karaikkuo Allinagaram Pazhamudhircholai SIVAGANGA Bodinayakkanur Melur Teni Andippatti Usilampatti Madurai Painavu MADURAI TENI Thiruparangundram Sivaganga Uttamapalayam o Tiruppuvanam Tirumangalam Peraivuro Kambam Manamadurai Tiru Kariyapatti Melgudalur Tiruchulio Watrap Narikkudi S Ilaiyankudi Srivilliputtur Tiruttangal Perivar Paramakkudi Lake Rajapalaiyam, Aruppukkottai Kamudi a Sivakasi VIRUDU RAMANA Sattur Pandalgudi AGA Mudukulattur Kakki Sivagiri Vaippar Ervadi Nagalapuram Puliyangudi mthitta Valinokkam Kilak Kovilpatti, Vilettikulam | Sankarankovil Sayalkudi Katugumalai Ettaiyapuram Kadaiyanallur Sengottai TIRUNELVELI Panjalamkurichchi Tenkasi Ottappidaram Chittar Kuttalam Alangulam TUTICORIN /ikramasingapuram Tuticorin Gulf of Mannar Tirunelveli Papanasam O Ambasamudram Palayankottai O Sayarpuram Srivalkuntam Eral Mundanthurai Manimuthar Nazareth Kodewar Nanguneri Tiruchchendur Lake 671 Sattankulam Udankudi KANNIYAKUMARI Kuzhitturai Bhutapandi Tisaiyanvilai Takkalai Padmanabhapuram Kolachel Vattakottai Nagercoil Suchindram Agastiswaram Kanniyakumari INDIAN OCÉAN NAME OF THE APPLICANT: PLATE NO. I S. RAMACHANDRAN, S/o. SUNDARA REDDIAR, 1/28,NORTH STREET, E.T.REDDIAPATTI VILLAGE, ROUGH ETHIRKOTTAI POST, VEMBAKOTTAI TALUK, VIRUDHUNAGAR DISTRICT - 626 131. LEM 12 5KMs \_ INDEX:-PREPARED BY:-MINING LEASE APPLIED AREA ٢ State capital Golden Quadrilateral North-South & East-West ÷ District headquarters NDRAN.M.Sc.PG.D.M.E.M. Corridors National Highway Q., Other town MINING GEOLOGIST RQP / MAS / 197 / 2005 / A Railway Asional Highway number VALID UPTO: 12.12.2025

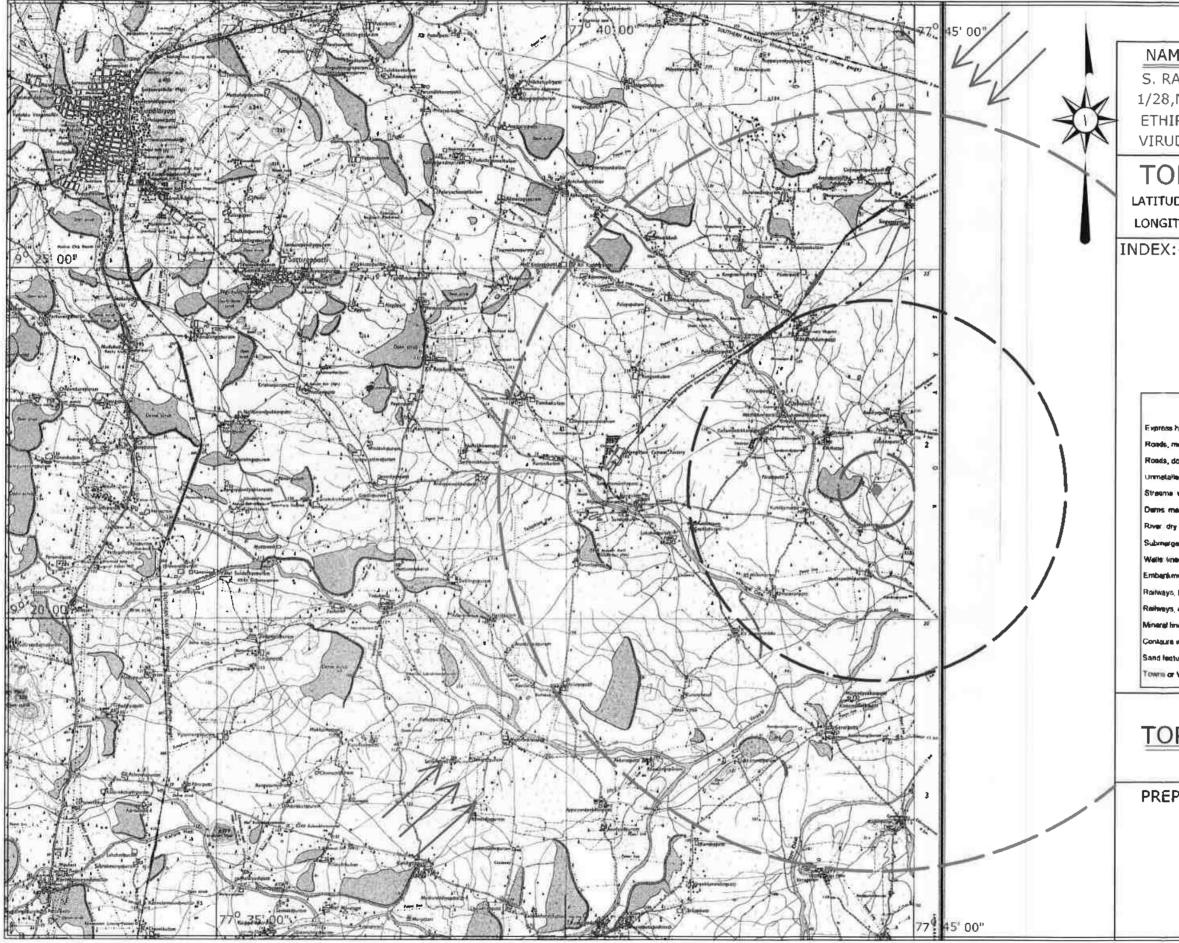
\$ (Hantley

174



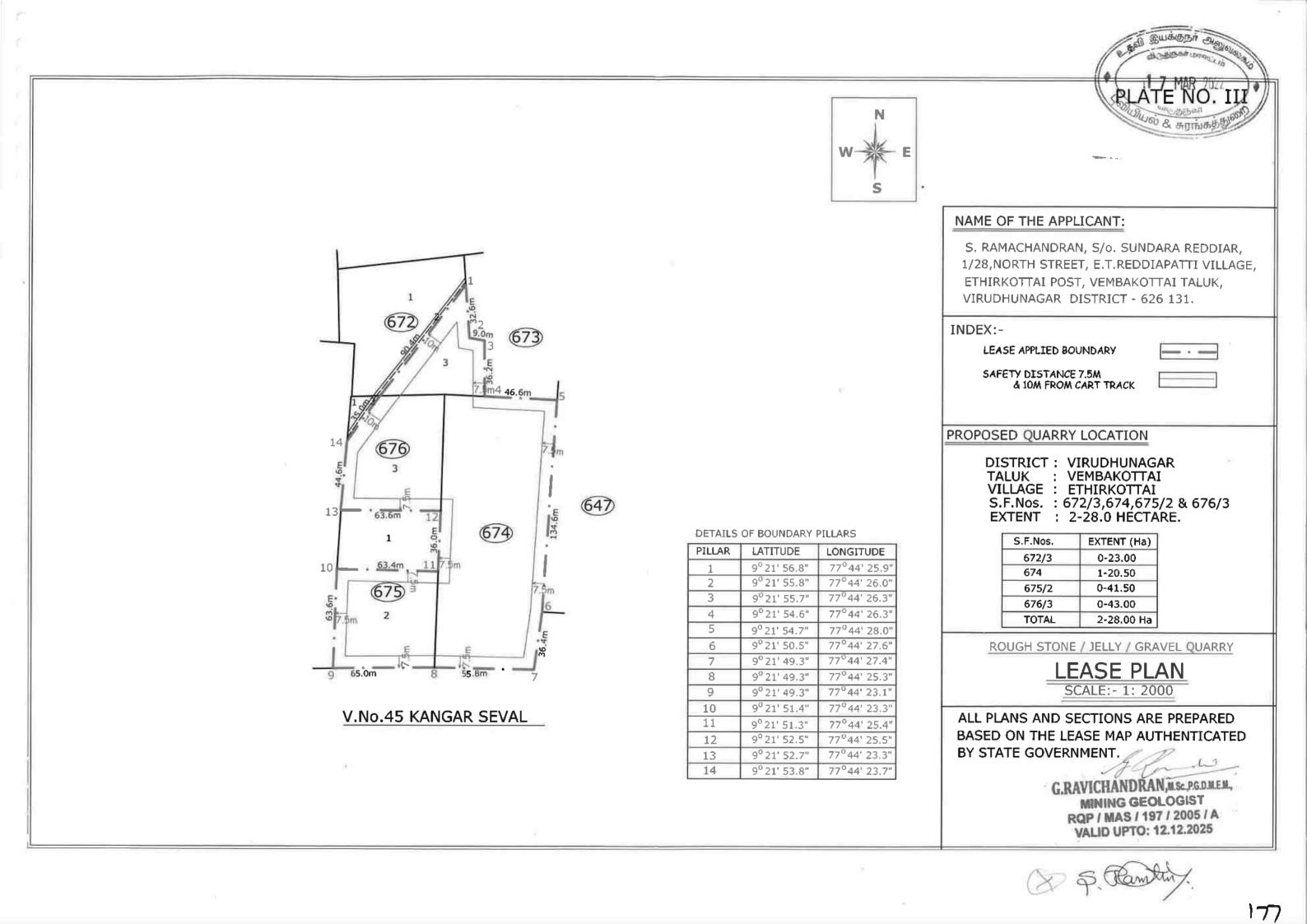
X J. Flenthi

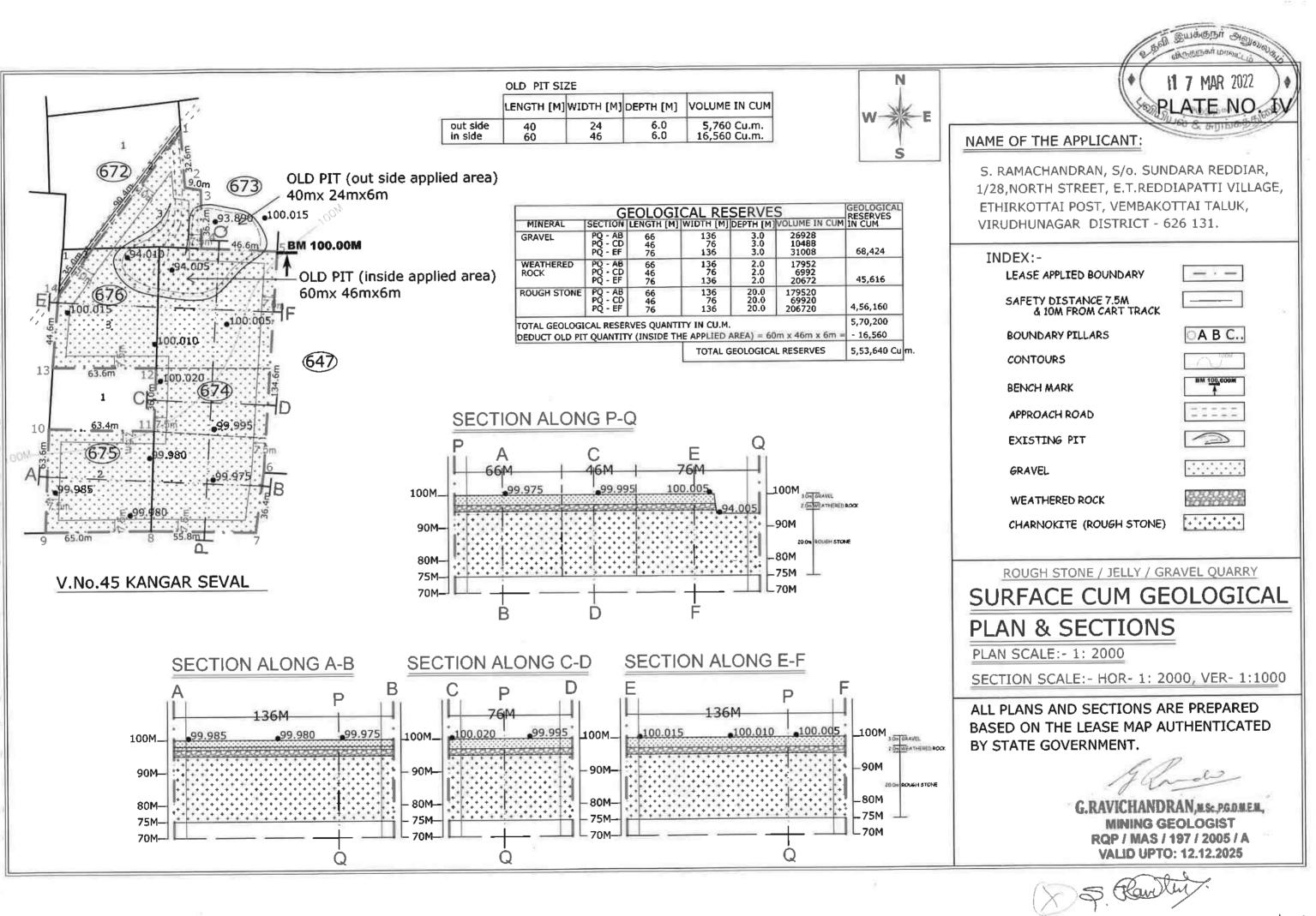
U

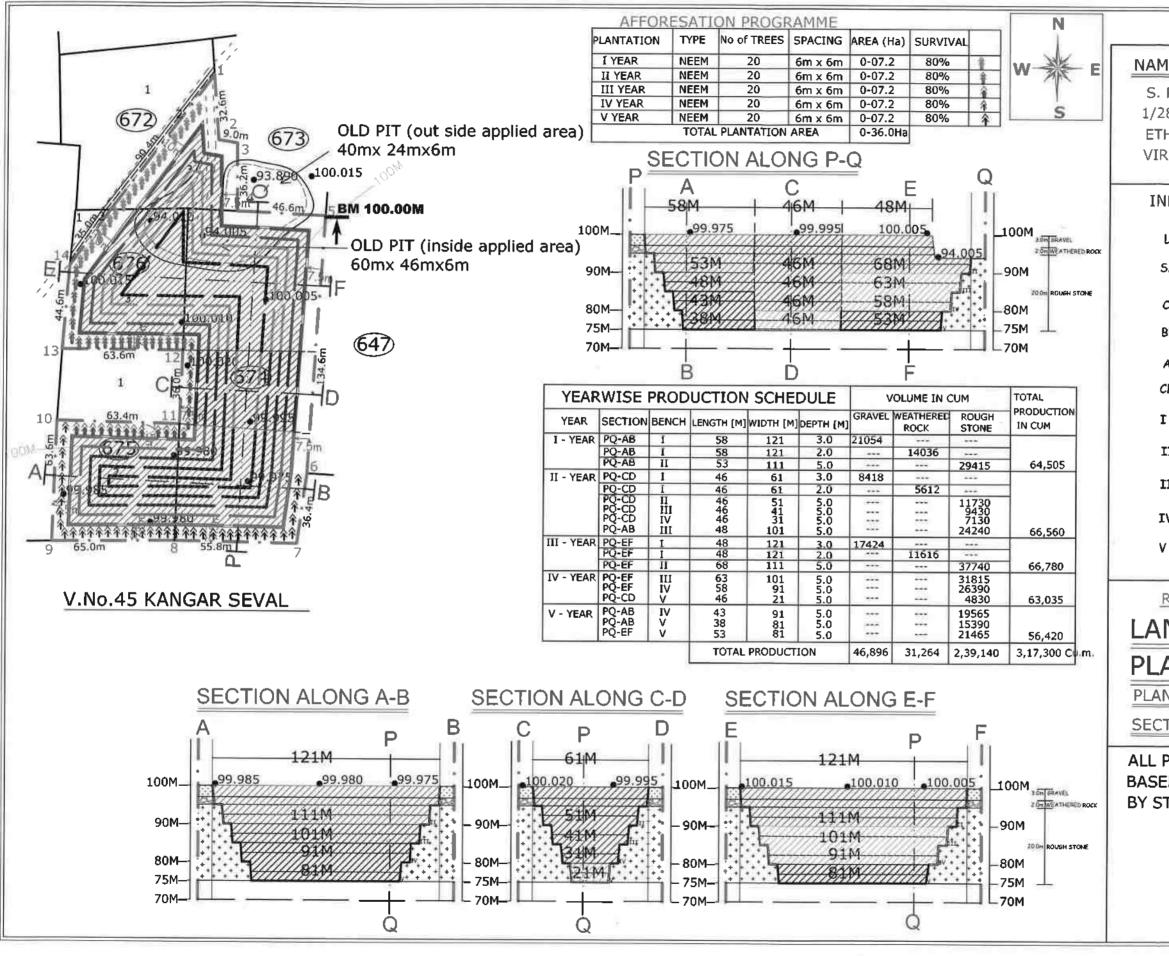


* ·
Shall Buddebit Alguration
+ PLATRE NO.)
ME OF THE APPLICANT: MUSTON AMACHANDRAN, S/O. SUPPARATEDDIAR, NORTH STREET, E.T.REDDIAPATTI VILLAGE, IRKOTTAI POST, VEMBAKOTTAI TALUK, JDHUNAGAR DISTRICT - 626 131.
DPO SHEET No.58-G/11         JDE       : 9° 21' 49.3"N       To 9° 21' 54.7"N         ITUTE       :77° 44' 23.1"E       To 77° 44' 28.0"E
:- MINING LEASE AREA
WIND DIRECTION
IKM RADIUS
5KM RADIUS
10KM RADIUS CONVENTIONAL SYMBOLS
s highway with foil; with bridge with diatance stone metelled according to importance double carrisgeway: according to importance alted toad. Cortl-frack. Padk-track with pass. Foot-path
e with track in bad, undefined Canar Stream or rock-filed, serthwork Wer.
rged rocks Shoal Swamp Reeds med, unlined Tube-weil Spring Tenks: perenntel; dry.
the broad gauge double, single with stabon, under conskn
e with sub-feeturee Rocky slopes Catts atures (1)fat (2)sand-fells(permanent) (3)dunes(shifting) ⑦ @ (%)
or Villagen inhabited; deserted Fort
ROUGHSTONE/JELLY/GRAVEL QUARRY
SCALE:- 1: 1,00,000
PARED BY:-
G.RAVICHANDRAN, MSc., PG.D.M.E.M., MINING GEOLOGIST RQP / MAS / 197 / 2005 / A VALID UPTO: 12.12.2025
\$ \$. Flendligt

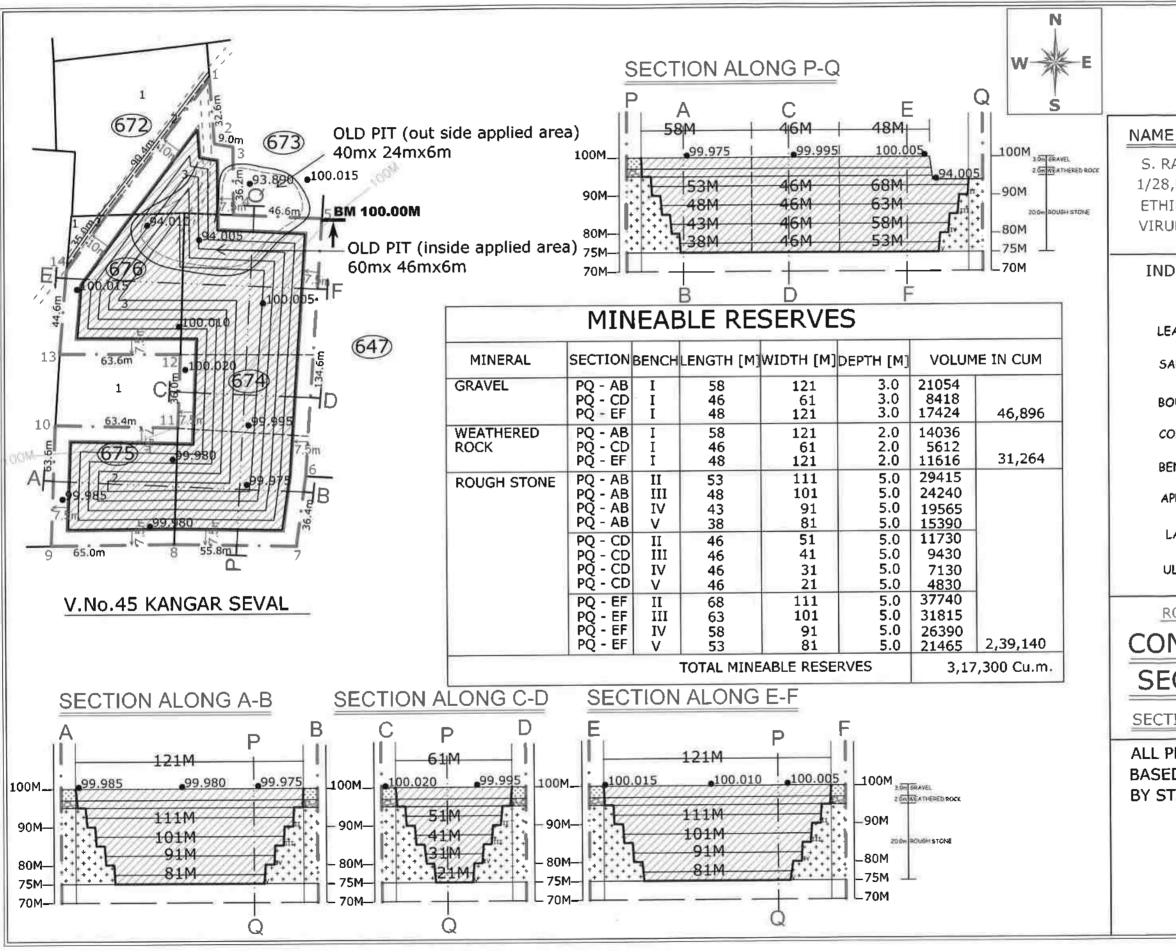
176



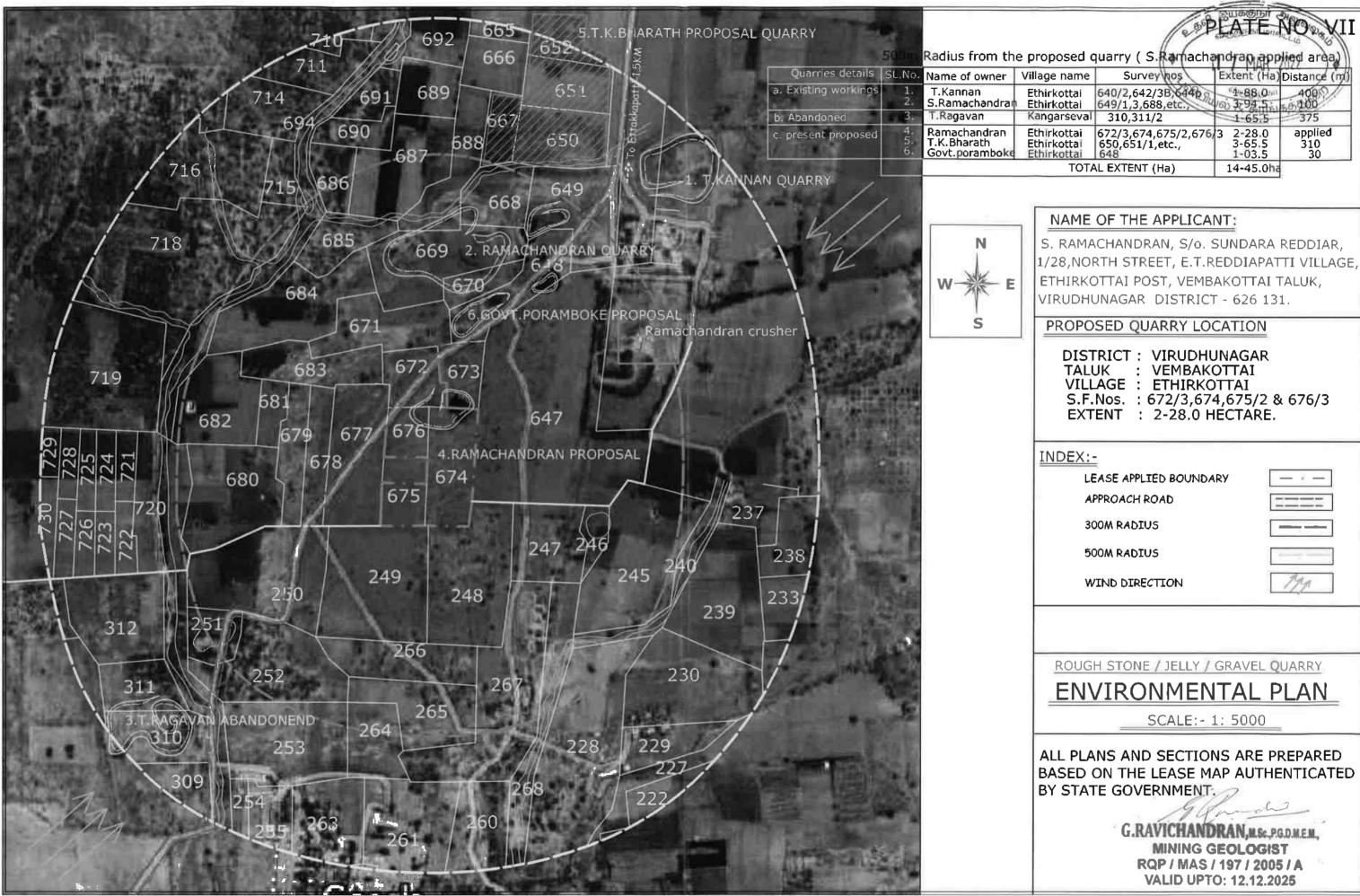




and the second sec	
9. 56 Budden ingrout in Ballen	
(* RLATENO.V)	
IE OF THE APPLICANT:	
RAMACHANDRAN, S/o. SUNDARA REDDIAR, 8,NORTH STREET, E.T.REDDIAPATTI VILLAGE, HIRKOTTAI POST, VEMBAKOTTAI TALUK, RUDHUNAGAR DISTRICT - 626 131.	e <sup>1</sup>
DEX:-	
LEASE APPLIED BOUNDARY	
& 10M FROM CART TRACK	
CONTOURS	
BENCH MARK	
APPROACH ROAD	
HARNOCKITE (Roughstone)	
YEAR EXCAVATION	
I YEAR EXCAVATION	
II YEAR EXCAVATION	
V YEAR EXCAVATION	
YEAR EXCAVATION	
ROUGH STONE / JELLY / GRAVEL QUARRY	
ND USE CUM YEARWISE	
AN & SECTIONS	
N SCALE:- 1: 2000	
TION SCALE:- HOR- 1: 2000, VER- 1:1000	
PLANS AND SECTIONS ARE PREPARED D ON THE LEASE MAP AUTHENTICATED TATE GOVERNMENT.	
6/2 12	
G.RAVICHANDRAN, M.Sc. P.G.D.M.E.M.	
MINING GEOLOGIST	
RQP / MAS / 197 / 2005 / A	
VALID UPTO: 12.12.2025	
( \$ \$ Clautin.	



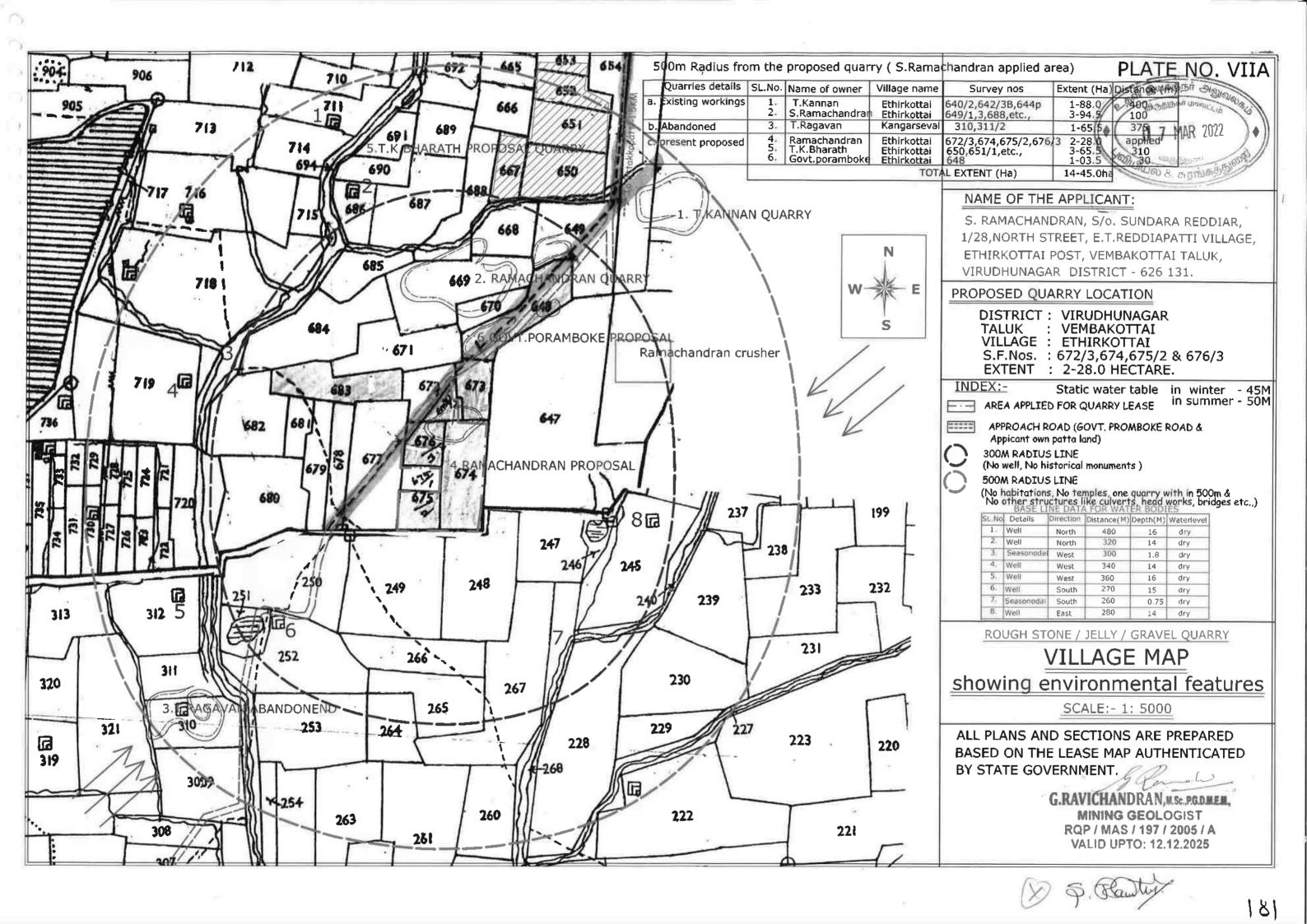
al Eusaent Also
9.550 Eusaen unsonitio
((*( 11 7 MAR 2022 )))
FORUSTURE & ATTENDED
and the second se
PLATE NO. VI
E OF THE APPLICANT:
AMACHANDRAN, S/o. SUNDARA REDDIAR,
IRKOTTAI POST, VEMBAKOTTAI TALUK,
JDHUNAGAR DISTRICT - 626 131.
DEX:-
EASE APPLIED BOUNDARY
AFETY DISTANCE 7.5M
OUNDARY PILLARS
ONTOURS
LAYOUT OF MINE WORKING
ROUGH STONE / JELLY / GRAVEL QUARRY
NCEPTUAL MINING PLAN
PLAN SCALE:- 1: 2000
TION SCALE:- HOR- 1: 2000, VER- 1:1000
PLANS AND SECTIONS ARE PREPARED
D ON THE LEASE MAP AUTHENTICATED
TATE GOVERNMENT.
geland .
G.RAVICHANDRAN, M.Sc., P.G.D.M.E.M., MINING GEOLOGIST
RQP / MAS / 197 / 2005 / A VALID UPTO: 12.12.2025
( S. Rauthy!
179

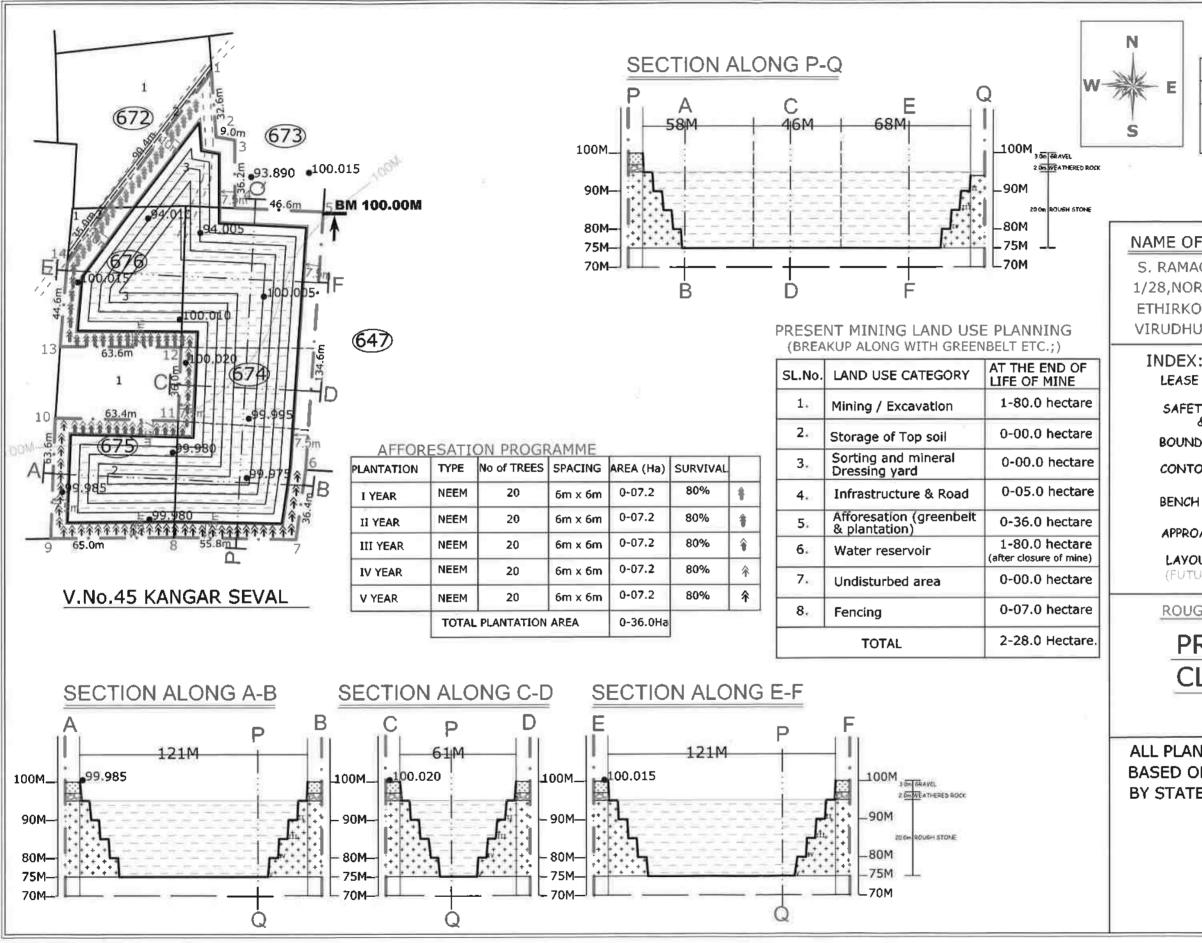


_		-	
	2.80	LATE	NO VII
posed o	uarry ( S.Ramacha	andran app	lied area)
ge name	Survey	Extent (Ha)	Distance (m)
irkottai irkottai	640/2,642/3B,6440 649/1,3,688,etc.,	1+88.0m	4000
garseval	310,311/2	1-65.5	375
irkottai irkottai irkottai	672/3,674,675/2,676/ 650,651/1,etc., 648	3 2-28.0 3-65.5 1-03.5	applied 310 30
TOTA	L EXTENT (Ha)	14-45.0ha	

120

\$ flantint.





	2.5ch @	யக்குநர் அ நூதுதுகர் மாவு	CUIDIOS
	11 /	ATA	101
	1500		
	ULTIMATE	PIT SIZE	55160010
SECTION		PIT SIZE	DEPTH[M]
SECTION PQ-AB	1	The second se	
	LENGTH[M]	WIDTH[M]	DEPTH[M]

## NAME OF THE APPLICANT:

S. RAMACHANDRAN, S/o, SUNDARA REDDIAR, 1/28,NORTH STREET, E.T.REDDIAPATTI VILLAGE, ETHIRKOTTAI POST, VEMBAKOTTAI TALUK, VIRUDHUNAGAR DISTRICT - 626 131.

\_\_\_\_

A B C.

M000,000 M

= =

JEX:	-	
EASE	APPLIED	BOUNDARY

SAFETY DISTANCE 7.5M & 10M FROM CART TRACK BOUNDARY PILLARS

CONTOURS

BENCH MARK

APPROACH ROAD

LAYOUT OF MINE WORKING (FUTURE WATER RESERVOIR)

ROUGH STONE / JELLY / GRAVEL QUARRY

# **PROGRESSIVE MINE CLOSURE PLAN**

SCALE: - 1: 2000

ALL PLANS AND SECTIONS ARE PREPARED BASED ON THE LEASE MAP AUTHENTICATED BY STATE GOVERNMENT.

> G.RAVICHANDRAN, M.S. P.G.D.M.E.M. MINING GEOLOGIST ROP / MAS / 197 / 2005 / A VALID UPTO: 12.12.2025