# Application Form (Draft EIA Report)

For

Thiru.S. Raghu

Proposed Rough stone Quarry – 1.30.0 Ha

at

S.F.No. 381(Part-1) of Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District, Tamilnadu State

Sector No. 1(a) (Sector No. 1 as per NABET)

Category of the Project: B1 Cluster Mining

Baseline Period: January, February & March 2023

Environmental Consultant & Laboratory details:
Ecotech Labs Pvt Ltd.





No 48, 2nd Main road, South extension Ram nagar, Pallikaranai, Chennai -600100. Proponent details:

Thiru.S.Raghu,
S/O. Sreeramaiya,
D.No. 6/202,
Anusonai village,
Bommathathanur post,
Denkanikottai Taluk,
Krishnagiri District.

Thiru.S.Raghu,

S/o. Sreeramaiya,

D.No. 6/202,

Anusonai Village,

Bommathathanur Post,

Denkanikottai Taluk,

Krishnagiri District

## **UNDERTAKING**

I, Thiru.S.Raghu, undertaking that the Draft Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Report for Rough Stone Quarry over an extent of 1.30.0 Ha at S.F.No. 381(Part-1) of Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District, Tamilnadu State under project category B1 and Schedule S.No.1(a)

TOR issued by the State Expert Appraisal Committee, TN vide Letter No. SEIAA-TN/F. No. 9566/ SEAC/ToR-1326/2023 Dated: 10.02.2023.

I, hereby assure that all the information and data provided in the EIA report is accurate, true and correct and owns responsibility for the same.

Place: Krishnagiri Yours faithfully

Date: Thiru. S.Raghu

Plot No. 48A, 2nd Main Road, Ram Nagar, South Extension, Pallikkaranat, Cherinar - 600 100 GST NO. 33AADCE6103A2ZH PAN NO. AADCE6103A



Cell No. 98400 87542 Email: info@ecotechlabs.in Website: www.ecotechlabs.in CIN: U74900TN2014PTC094895

#### **UNDERTAKING**

I, Dr. A. Dhamodharan, Managing Director confirms that this Draft EIA Report of Rough Stone Quarry over an extent of 1.30.0 Ha at S.F.No. 381(Part-1) of Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District, Tamilnadu State has been prepared at M/s. Ecotech Labs Pvt. Ltd., Chennai.

I also confirm that I shall be fully accountable for any misleading information mentioned in this Report.

Signature:

Name: Dr. A. Dhamodharan

Designation: Managing Director

Name of the EIA Consultant Organization: M/s. Ecotech Labs Pvt Ltd., Chennai.

NABET Certificate No: NABET/EIA/2124/SA 0147

A. Demin

Date: Place: Chennai

Declaration by Experts contributing to the EIA of Existing Rough Stone Quarry- 2.50.0 Ha by Thiru.S.Raghu at S.F.No. (381Part-1) of Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District, Tamilnadu State I, hereby, certify that I was a part of the EIA team in the following capacity that developed the above EIA.

EIA Coordinator: Dr. A. Dhamodharan

Dr. A. DHAMODHARAN
(NABET APPROVED EIA COORDINATOR)
NABET/EIA/2124/SA 0147
Environmental Consultant
Eco Tech Labs Pvt. Ltd
Plot No.48A, 2nd filein Road, Ram Nagar South Extn.
Pallikaranal, Chennal - 600 100.

Signature:

**Period of involvement:** 01.03.2022 to Till now

Contact information: M/s. Ecotech Labs Pvt Ltd.,

No. 48, 2<sup>nd</sup> Main road, Ram Nagar South Extension,

Pallikaranai

S. No.	Functi onal areas	Name of the experts	Involvement (period and task)	Signature and date
1	AP	Mrs. K. Vijayalakshmi	1. Selection of Baseline Monitoring stations based on the wind direction 2. Interpretation of Baseline data by comparing it with standards prescribed by CPCB against the type of area 3. Identification of sources of air pollution and suggesting mitigation measures to minimize impact  Period: March 2022 – Till now	* HA

2	WP	Dr. A. Dhamodhara n	1. Selection of baseline Monitoring Locations for Ground water analysis and also identifying nearest surface water to be studied.  2. Interpretation of baseline data collected 3. Identification of impacts based on the baseline study conducted and also to the ground water and nearby surface water due to the proposed project 4. Preparation of suitable and appropriate mitigation plan.  Period: March 2022 – Till now	A D hours
3	SHW	Dr. A. Dhamodhara n	1. Identification of nature of solid waste generated 2. Categorization of the generated waste and estimating the quantity of waste to be generated based on the per capita basis. Identification of impacts of SHW on Environment 3. Suggesting suitable mitigation measures by recommending appropriate disposal method for each category of waste generated 4. Top soil and refuse management <i>Period: March 2022 – Till now</i>	A-Dane
4	SE	Mr. S. Pandian	<ol> <li>Primary data collection through the census questionnaire</li> <li>Obtaining Secondary data from authenticated sources and incorporating the same in EIA report.</li> <li>Impact assessment &amp; proposing suitable mitigation plan</li> <li>CSR budget allocation by discussing with the local body and allotting the same for need based activity.</li> <li>Period: March 2022 – Till now</li> <li>*Involves Public Hearing</li> </ol>	
5	EB	Dr. A. Dhamodhara n	1. Primary data collection through field survey and sheet observation for ecology and biodiversity 2. Secondary Collection through various authenticated sources 3. Prediction of anticipated impacts and suggesting appropriate mitigation measures.	A-D) Source

			Period: March 2022 – Till now	
6	HG	Dr. T. P. Natesan	1. Study of existing surface drainage arrangements in the core and buffer zone, impact due to mining on these drainage courses and suggestion of mitigative measures 2. Determination of groundwater use pattern, development of rainwater harvesting program. Storm water management through garland drainage system.  Period: March 2022 – Till now	
7	GEO	Dr. T. P. Natesan	1. Field survey for assessing regional and local geology, aquifer distribution, Determination of groundwater use pattern, development of rainwater harvesting program.  Period: March 2022 – Till now	C.0) re-1+
8	SC	Dr. A. Dhamodhara n	1. Interpretation of baseline report 2. Identification of possible impacts on soil, prediction of soil conservation and suggesting suitable mitigation measures.  Period: March 2022 – Till now	A Danie
9	AQ	Mrs. K. Vijayalakshmi	<ol> <li>Collection of Meteorological data for the baseline study period</li> <li>Plotting wind rose plot and thereby selecting the monitoring locations based on the wind pattern</li> <li>Estimation of sources of air emissions and air quality modeling is done</li> <li>Interpretation of the results obtained</li> <li>Identification of the impacts and suggesting suitable mitigation measures.</li> <li>Period: March 2022 – Till now</li> </ol>	+ Al

10	NV	Mrs. K. Vijayalakshmi	<ol> <li>Selection of monitoring locations</li> <li>Interpretation of baseline data</li> <li>Prediction of impacts due to noise pollution and suggestion of appropriate mitigation measures</li> <li>Period: May 2022 – Till now</li> </ol>	Men
11	LU	Dr. T. P. Natesan	<ol> <li>Collection of Remote sensing satellite data to study the land use pattern.</li> <li>Primary field survey and limited field verification for land categorization in the study area</li> <li>Preparation of Land use map using Satellite data for 10km radius around the project site.</li> <li>Period: March 2022 – Till now</li> </ol>	C0) NO. 1
12	RH	Mrs. K. Vijayalakshmi	<ol> <li>Identification of the risk</li> <li>Interpreting consequence contours</li> <li>Suggesting risk mitigation measures</li> <li>Period: March 2022 – Till now</li> </ol>	4000

### Declaration by the Head of the accredited consultant organization/ authorized person

I, Dr. A. Dhamodharan, hereby, confirm that the above-mentioned experts prepared the EIA report of mining project at Survey Numbers. S.F.No. 381(Part-1) of Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District, Tamilnadu State. I also confirm that the consultant organization shall be fully accountable for any misleading information mentioned in this statement.

Signature:

Name: Dr. A. Dhamodharan

**Designation:** Managing Director

Name of the EIA consultant organization: M/s. Eco Tech Labs Private Limited

NABET Certificate No. & Issue Date: NABET/EIA/2124/SA 0147

A-D) Komilia

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Project Location	Gopanapalli village, hosur taluk, kishnagiri district	

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#### **ABBREVIATION**

LU -Land use

AP – Air Pollution monitoring, prevention and control

AQ- Meteorology, Air quality modeling and prediction

WP – Water pollution monitoring, prevention and control

EB- Ecology and Biodiversity

NV- Noise & Vibration

SE-Socio-economics

HG- Hydrology, ground water and water conservation

GEO –Geology

RH – Risk assessment and hazards management

SHW -Solid and Hazardous waste management

SC- Soil conservation

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#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

#### 1.Project Background:

The Proposed project total extent area is 1.30.00 Ha, It is a government Poramboke land in S.F.No.381 (part-1) of Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, and Krishnagiri District. The category of project is B1, It is a Rough stone quarry in Gopanapalli village. The area is situated on hilly terrain area sloping towards western side covered with Rough Stone which does not sustain any type of vegetation.

The quarry operation is proposed to carry out with conventional open cast mechanized method using shot-hole drilling and smooth blasting. Roughstone is removed by using hydraulis excavators, proposed bench height is  $7 \, \text{m}$  and bench width is  $5 \, \text{m}$ . The thickness of topsoil in this area is  $2.0 \, \text{m}$ .

The quarry operation is proposed up to depth of 51 m-topsoil 2.0 m + Rough stone 49 m (surface ground level above height is 8 m and surface ground level below depth is 43 m). The total Geological Resources is about 616028 m³ of Rough stone. The Mineable Reserves and proposed yearwise production is carried out 231,238 m³ of Roughstone to be mined for ten years. The precise area letter and relevant mining laws in force. Mining Plan was approved by The Deputy Director, Department of Geology & Mining, Krishnagiri district vide letter Rc.No.539/2022/Mines dated 04.05.2022. Precise area communication letter received from the district collector, Krishnagiri district vide letter Rc.No.539/2022/Mines, dated 04.05.2022.

The project area does not fall in Hill Area Conservation Authority region. There is no interstate boundary, CRZ zone, Western Ghats, notified Bird sanctuaries, wild life sanctuaries as per Wild life protection Act 1972, within the radius of 15Km.

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#### 2. NATURE & SIZE OF THE PROJECT

The Existing Rough Stone Quarry over an extent of 1.30.00 Hectares land is located at Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District.

Mineral intends to quarry : Rough stone Quarry

District : krishnagiri
Taluk : Hosur
Village : Krishnagiri
S. F. Nos. :381 (part-1)
Extent : 1.30.00 Hectares

**Table 1: Brief Description of the Project** 

S. No	o Particulars	Details						
1	Latitude	Latitude : 12° 38' 05.49" N to 12° 38' 03.12" N						
2	Longitude	Longitude : 77° 48' 43.41" E to 77° 48' 37.72" E						
3	Site Elevation above MSL	840 m from MSL						
4	Topography	Hilly terrain topography						
5	Land use of the site	Government Poramboke						
6	Extent of lease area	1.30.00 Ha						
7	Nearest highway	SH17 A, Hosur-Denkanikottai, 2.88 km, W						
8	Nearest railway station	Kelamangalam Railway Station – 6.15 km, SE						
9	Nearest airport	Kampegowda International Airport – 61.49 km, NNW						
10	Nearest town / city	<ul> <li>Town - Hosur - 11.54 Km, N</li> <li>City - Hosur - 11.54 Km, N</li> <li>District -Krishnagiri - 45.47Km, SE</li> </ul>						
11	Rivers / Canal	Ponnaiyar River, 11.86 km, NE						
12	Lake	<ul> <li>Devaganapalli Lake, 1.71 km, NW</li> <li>Nagondapalli Lake, 4.48km, NW</li> <li>Achettapalli Lake, 5.61 km, N</li> <li>Nanjappan Kodigai Eri, 5.80km, SE</li> <li>Bynakanahalli kere, 5.63 km, W</li> <li>Mathukur kere,6.57 km, W</li> <li>Uliveeranahally Kere,7.10 km, WNW</li> <li>Poonapalli Lake, 7.35 km, NW</li> <li>Chinnatti Dam, 7.10 km, SSE</li> <li>Mathigiri lake, 7.36 km, N</li> <li>NB Agraharam lake, 8.82 km, NNE</li> <li>Gokul nagar Lake, 8.07 km, NNE</li> </ul>						

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	❖ Karapalli Lake, 8.89 km, NNE					
13	Hills / valleys	Nil in 15 km radius				
14	Archaeologically places	Nil in 15 km radius				
15	National parks / Wildlife Sanctuaries	Nil in 15 km radius				
16	Reserved / Protected Forests	<ul> <li>❖ Sanamavu Reserve Forest, 8.17 km, E</li> <li>❖ Denkanikotta Reserve Forest, 13.75 km, S</li> </ul>				
17	Seismicity	Proposed Lease area comes under Seismic zone-II				
18	Defense Installations	Ni1				

#### 2.NEED FOR THE PROJECT

- \* Rough stone is quarried for producing crusher aggregates to the nearby building contractors, road contractors and nearby villagers.
- ❖ After the entire reserves mined out, the area will be used as water reservoir to have an artificial recharge to the nearby wells.
- ❖ The rough stone is hard and compact in nature. It can be crushed only in crushers for producing aggregates.
- ❖ As the mining continues, no reclamation or back filling is required.

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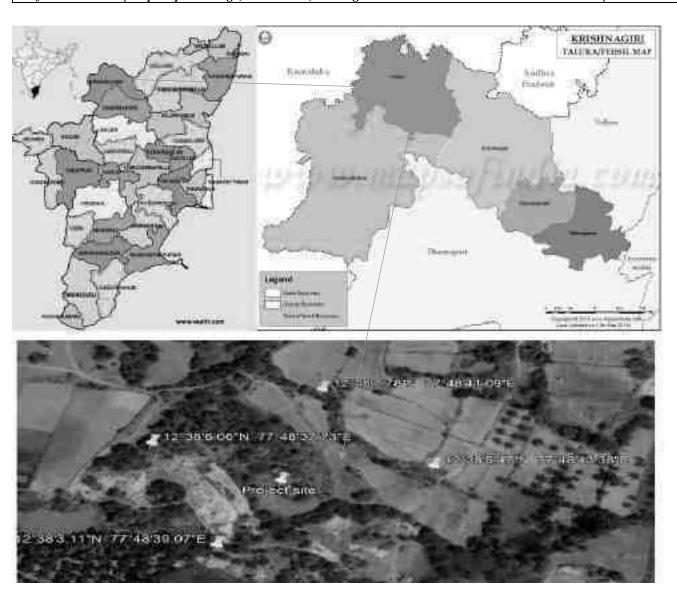


Figure 1: Location Map of the Project Site

Project	Rough stone Quarry- 1.30.00 Ha by Thiru.S.Raghu	Draft EIA
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Figure 2: Google Image of the Project Site

#### 4. CHARNOCKITE

Generally, the Charnockite is grey to greenish colored, coarse to medium grained, greasy nature with or without garnet. Because of the limited outcrops, the quarry sections are studied to infer the various interrelationships between the litho units. Charnockite is interbanded nature with crystalline carbonate rocks are observed in most of the quarry in Pandalgudi, Lakshmipuram, Gopalapuram, Sundakottai chinnakamanpatti, Weathering of the Charnockite on the surface gives a deceptive look of gneiss and in the quarry sections at depth the fresh charnockite is exposed, which are well exemplified in almost all the Charnockite quarry sections.

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# **5. GEOLOGICAL RESOURCES**

Table 2. Geological resources

			GEOL	OGICAL F	RESERVES		
Section	Bench	Length in (m)	Width in (m)	Depth Volume Recoverable in (m) in (Cu.m.) Reserve		Topsoil (Gravel)	
						in Cu.m(100%)	in Cu.m.
XY-AB	I	131	98	2			25676
	II	100	98	5	49000	49000	
	III	131	98	5	64190	64190	
	IV	131	98	5	64190	64190	
	V	131	98	5	64190	64190	
	VI	131	98	5	64190	64190	
	VII	131	98	5	64190	64190	
	VIII	131	98	5	64190	64190	
		Total=			434140	434140	25676

Table 3. Mineable Resources

			N	IINABLE I	RESERVES		
Section	Bench	Length	Width	Depth	Volume	Recoverable	Topsoil
		in (m)	in (m)	in (m)	in (Cu.m.)	Reserve	(Gravel)
						in Cu.m(100%)	Cu.m.
XY-AB	Ι	111	78	2			17316
	II	88	76	5	33440	33440	
	III	104	71	5	36920	36920	
	IV	94	61	5	28670	28670	
	V	84	51	5	21420	21420	
	VI	74	41	5	15170	15170	
	VII	64	31	5	9920	9920	
	VIII	54	21	5	5670	5670	
Total	ı	1	•	1	151210	151210	17316

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Table 4. Year wise Production Plan

	YEARWISE DEVELOPMENT AND PRODUCTION								
YEAR	Section	Bench	Length in (m)	Width in (m)	Depth in (m)	Volume in (m³)	Recoverable Reserve in m³ (100%)	Top Soil	
IVEAD	XY-AB	I	111	78	2			17316	
1-1 EAR	AI-AD	II	88	76	5	33440	33440		
TOTAL	1	I	<u>I</u>	<u> </u>		33440	33440	17316	
II-YEAI	XY-AB	III	52	71	5	18460	18460		
TOTAL	,		l	l	l	18460	18460		
III-YEA	XY-AB	III	52	71	5	18460	18460		
TOTAL	,					18460	18460		
IV-YEA	XY-AB	IV	52	61	5	15860	15860		
TOTAL	,			l	l	15860	15860		
VVEAT	VVAD	IV	42	61	5	12810	12810		
v-1EAl	XY-AB	V	32	51	5	8160	8160		
TOTAL	TOTAL						20970		
GRANI	O TOTAL	,				107190	107190	17316	

The proposed rate of production of Rough stone is estimated as 66801m³ for next five (I-V) years. The average proposed rate of production of Rough stone about 13360m³.

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	YEARWISE DEVELOPMENT AND PRODUCTION								
YEAR	Section	Bench	Length in (m)	Width in (m)	Depth in (m)	Volume in (m³)	Recoverable Reserve in m³ (100%)		
VI-		V	52	51	5	13260	13260		
YEAR									
VII-		VI	37	41	5	7585	7585		
YEAR									
VIII-	XY-AB	VI	37	41	5	7585	7585		
YEAR	711 711	, -				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	7000		
IX-		VII	64	31	5	9920	9920		
YEAR		111				7720	7720		
X-YEAR		VIII	54	21	5	5670	5670		
		TOTAL	TOTAL				44020		

#### 6. MINING

#### **Opencast mining**

Opencast method of semi mechanized mining is adopted to extract Rough Stone. However, as far as the quarrying of Rough stone is concerned, observance of the provisions of Regulation106 (2) (b) as above is seldom [possible due to various inherent petro genetic factors coupled with mining difficulties. Hence it is proposed to obtain relaxation to the provisions of the above regulation from the Director of mines safety for which necessary provision is available with the regulation 106 (2) (b) of MMR-1961, under Mine Act-1952.

## **Process Description**

- The reserves and resource are arrived based upon the Geological investigation
- Removal of Rough Stone by Excavators by Drilling and Blasting.
- ➤ Shallow Drilling With Jackhammer 25.5mm Dia.
- ➤ Minimum Blasting With Class 3 Explosives.

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# 7. Water Requirement

This Rough stone quarry project does not require huge water and electricity for the project.

Table 5. Water Balance

Purpose	Quantity	Sources
Drinking Water	$0.5  \mathrm{KLD}$	Packaged Drinking water vendors available in Goolisandram Village which is about 0.37 km from NNW side of the area.
Green belt	0.75 KLD	From Hired Water Tanker.
Dust suppression	0.75 KLD	From Hired Water Tanker.
Total	2.0 KLD	

#### 8. Manpower

The nearby villagers will be getting employment benefits in the proposed working quarry.

Table 6. Man Power

1	Skilled	Operator		2
		Mechanic		1
		Blaster/Mat		1
2	Semi-skilled	Driver		2
3	Unskilled	Musdoor/Labours		5
		Unskilled-helpers		4
4	Management an	d Supervisory staff		3
			Total	18 Nos

# 9. Solid Waste Management

**Table 7 Solid Waste Management** 

S. No	Type	Quantity	Disposal Method
1	Organic	2.8 kg/day	Municipal bin including food waste
2	Inorganic	4.32 kg/day	TNPCB authorized recyclers

As per CPCB guidelines: MSW per capita/day =0.45 kg/day

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## Table 8. 500m Radius Cluster Mine

# 1) Existing other quarries:

S. No.	Name of the Owner	Village & Taluk	S.F.Nos.	Extent in Hect.	Lease Period
		•••••	Nil		

# 2) Details of abandoned /Old Quarries

S. No.	Name of the Owner	Village & Taluk	S.F.Nos.	Extent in Hect.	Lease Period
		Nil			

# 3) Details of Present Proposed quarries

S. No.	Name of the Owner	Village & Taluk	S.F.Nos.	Extent in Hect.	Lease Period
1	Thiru.S.Raghu	Gopanapallai village, Hosur taluk	381(Part-1)	1.30.0	Instant Proposal
2	M/s.Natural stone	Gopanapallai village, Hosur taluk	220/1(Part-1)	3.00.0	Precise area given
3	Thiru.Nithin Reddy	Gopanapallai village, Hosur taluk	220/1(Part-2)	3.00.0	Precise area given
4	Thiru.Sri Krish	Gopanapallai village, Hosur taluk	220/1(Part-3)	3.00.0	Precise area given
5	Thiru.Vijayakumar	Gopanapallai village, Hosur taluk	220/1(Part-4)	2.00.0	Precise area given
6	Thiru.Dhivakar	Gopanapallai village, Hosur taluk	381/1(Part-2)	1.50.0	Precise area given

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#### 10. Land Requirement

The total extent area of the project is 1.30.00 Ha, government Poramboke Land in Village of Gopanapalli, Hosur Taluk, and Krishnagiri District.

Table 9 Land Use Breakup

SL. NO.	LAND USE	PRESENT AREA (HECT)	AREA IN USE DURING THE QUARRYING PERIOD (HECT)
1.	Area under Quarrying	Nil	0.87.0
2.	Infrastructure	Nil	0.01.0
3.	Roads	Nil	0.01.0
4.	Green Belt	Nil	0.41.0
5.	Unutilized	1.30.0	Nil
	Total	1.30.0На	1.30.0На

#### 11. Human Settlement

There are no habitations within 300m radius. There are villages located in this area within 15 km radius of the quarry.

Table 10 Habitation

SL. NO	DIRECTIO N	VILLAGE	POPULATIO N	DISTANC E
1	North	Goolisandram	163	1.5
2	East	Bennikkal	260	6.0
3	South	Nagappan Agraharam	370	2.5
4	West	Agraharam	310	3.0

#### 12. Power Requirement

The Electricity for Mines office and Lights only at nights (working is restricted on day time only between 9 Am to 5 Pm). Diesel (HSD) will be used for quarrying machineries around **187882 litres of HSD** will be used for the entire project life. Diesel will be brought from nearby diesel pumps. No power is required for the project. Lightings on the Night time the power will be taken from nearby electric poles after obtaining permission from concerned authorities.

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#### 13. Scope of the Baseline Study

This chapter contains information on existing environmental scenario on the following parameters.

- 1. Micro Meteorology
- 2. Water Environment
- 3. Air Environment
- 4. Noise Environment
- 5. Soil / Land Environment
- 6. Biological Environment
- 7. Socio-economic Environment

#### 13.1 Micro – Meteorology

Meteorology plays a vital role in affecting the dispersion of pollutants, once discharged into the atmosphere. Since meteorological factors show wide fluctuations with time, meaningful interpretation can be drawn only from long-term reliable data.

i) Average Minimum Temperature : 18° C

ii) Average Maximum Temperature. : 38°Celsius

iii) Average Annual Rainfall of the area: 800 mm-900 mm

#### 13.2 Air Environment

Ambient air monitoring was carried out on monthly basis in the surrounding areas of the Mine Lease area to assess the ambient air quality at the source. To know the ambient air quality at a larger distance i.e. in the study area of 5 km. radius, air quality survey has been conducted at 5 locations. Major air pollutants like Particulate Matter (PM10), Sulphur Dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>), and Nitrogen Dioxide (NO<sub>2</sub>) were monitored and the results are summarized below.

The baseline levels of  $PM_{10}$  (39- 66  $\mu g/m^3$ ),  $PM_{2.5}$  (15- 34  $\mu g/m^3$ ),  $SO_2$  (6-21  $\mu g/m^3$ ),  $NO_2$  (10- 37  $\mu g/m^3$ ), all the parameters are well within the standards prescribed by National Ambient Air Quality during the study period from January to March 2023.

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#### 13.3 Noise Environment

The maximum Day noise and Night noise were found to be 65 dB(A) and 49 dB(A) respectively in Pattalama Temple. The minimum Day Noise and Night noise were 46 dB(A) and 36 dB(A) respectively which was observed in Anjaneya Temple. The observed values are all well within the Standards prescribed by CPCB.

#### 13.4 Water Environment

- The average pH ranges from 6.98 7.82.
- TDS value varied from 505 mg/1 to 975 mg/1
- Hardness varied from 236 to 634 mg/1
- Chloride varied from 33.3 to 286 mg/l

#### 13.5 Land Environment

The analysis results shows that the majority of soil in the project and surrounding area is slightly alkaline in nature and pH value ranges from 4.7 to 8.32 with organic matter 0.59 to 1.25 %. The concentration of Nitrogen, Phosphorus & Potassium has been found to be in good amount in the soil samples.

#### 13.6 Biological Environment

The proposed Mining lease area is mostly dry barren ground with small shrubs and bushes. No specific endangered flora & fauna exist within the mining lease area.

#### 14. Rehabilitation/ Resettlement

The overall land of the mine is a Government Poramboke land. There is no hutment in the lease area. No human being will be displaced from the project area so no person will be affected contrary local people will get job opportunities and better facilities. There is no rehabilitation & resettlement of people is required.

#### 15. Greenbelt Development

1. The development of greenbelt in the peripheral buffer zone of the mine area.

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- 2. Green belt has been recommended as one of the major component of Environmental Management Plan, which will improve ecology, environment and quality of the surrounding area.
- 3. Local trees like Neem, Vilvam, Panai, etc will be planted along the lease boundary and avenues as well as over Non-active dumps at a rate of 650 trees per annum with interval 5m.
- 4. The rate of survival expected to be 80% in this area

Table.11. Plantation/ Afforestation Program

Name of species proposed	Survival	No of species
Neem, Vilvam, Vaagai, Eachai, Naval, Mantharai, Magizha		
Maram, Vila Maram, Poo Marudhu, Panai, Marudha maram,	80%	650
Thandri, Sengondrai, Poovarasu, Thethankottai Maram,		030
Pungam		
Total		650

#### 16. Anticipated Environmental Impacts

#### 16.1 Air Environment and Mitigation Measures

- 1. Water sprinkling will be done on the roads & unpaved roads.
- 2. Proper mitigation measures like water sprinkling will be adopted to control dust emissions.
- 3. Plantation will be carried out on approach roads, solid waste site & nearby mine premises.
- 4. To control the emissions regular preventive maintenance of equipments will be carried out.

#### 16.2 Noise Environment and Mitigation Measures

- 1. Periodical monitoring of ambient noise will be done as per CPCB guidelines.
- 2. No other equipment except the transportation vehicles and excavator for loading will be allowed.
- 3. Noise generated by these equipments shall be intermittent and does not cause much adverse impact

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#### 17. Responsibilities for Environmental Management Cell (EMC)

The responsibilities of the EMC include the following:

- I. Environmental Monitoring of the surrounding area
- II. Developing the green belt/Plantation
- III. Ensuring minimal use of water
- IV. Proper implementation of pollution control measures

#### 18. Environmental Monitoring Program

A monitoring schedule with respect to Ambient Air Quality, Water & Wastewater Quality, Noise Quality as per Tamil Nadu State Pollution Control Board (TNPCB), shall be maintained.

#### 19. Project Cost

The total project cost is **Rs** 161,90,000/- for deployment of machinery and creation of infrastructural facilities like approach road, mine office / Workers Shed, First Aid Room etc., including electrifications and water supply

Table .12 Project Cost details

S. No.	Description	Cost (Rs.)
1	Fixed cost	Rs.1,31,90,000/-
2	Operational cost	Rs.30,00,000/-
3	EMP cost	Rs.169,70,946

#### 20. Corporate Environmental Responsibility

The Corporate Environment Responsibility (CER) fund will be provided to the below activity.

**Table 13 CER Cost** 

		CER
S.No.	CER Activity	value
		(Rs)

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1.	Panchayat Union Middle School, H.Settipalli	5,00,000
	Provision of	
	➤ Infrastructure, additional class room	
	Environmental books for library (in Tamil language),	
	➤ Greenbelt facilities and	
	➤ Bench and desks	
	➤ Basic amenities such as safe drinking water, Hygienic Toilets	
	facilities, furniture.	
Total		5,00,000

## 21. Benefits of the Project

- There is positive impact on socio-economics of people living in the villages. Mining operations in the subject area has positive impact by providing direct and indirect jobs opportunities
- The project is environmentally compatible, financially viable and would be in the interest of construction industry thereby indirectly benefiting the masses.
- Quarrying in this area is not going to have any negative impact on the social or cultural life of the villagers in the near vicinity.

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#### 1 Introduction

#### 1.1 PREAMBLE

Environment Impact Assessment (EIA) is a process used to identify the environmental, social & economic impacts of a project prior to decision making. It aims to predict environmental impacts at an early stage of project planning and design, find ways and means to reduce adverse impacts, shape projects to suit the local environment and present the prediction options to the proponent. By using EIA, both environmental & economic benefits can be achieved. By considering environmental effects - prediction & mitigation, early benefits in project planning, protection of the environment, optimum utilization of resources, thus saving overall time & cost of the project.

#### 1.2 GENERAL INFORMATION ON MINING OF MINERALS

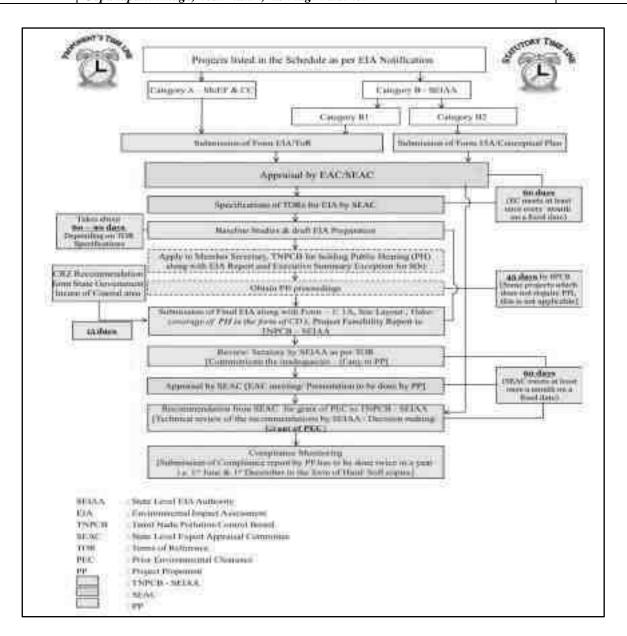
Minerals of Economic importance found in Krishnagiri District are mainly Apatite, Corundum Copper, Gold, Iron Ore, Limestone, Kankar, Vermiculiteand Dimensional Stones. For good dimensional stones, this district is unique in possessing both Multi Coloured and black granite occurrences. The Multi Coloured granite namedas "Paradiso" is extensively quarried in Chendarapalli - Sulamalai- Modikuppam-Velampatti belt. The Hosur- Denkanikottai belt is endowed with Multi Coloured granite deposits. The black granite deposits of Krishnagiri, Hosur and Denkanikottai taluks contains potential deposits of black granite.

#### 1.3 ENVIRONMENTAL CLEARANCE

As per EIA Notification, 2006 and its subsequent amendments (O.M vide No.F.No.L-11011/175/2018-IA-II(M) Govt of India MOEF&CC on December 12th 2018) project comes under category B1 cluster & schedule 1(a) under item 1

The proposed project is categorized under Category "B1" 1(a) (Cluster) - {Mining of Minerals} as the 500m radius area is more than 5 Ha including the mine lease area. Hence, the project will be considered at SEAC, Tamil Nadu.

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#### 1.4 TERMS OF REFERENCE (TOR)

The Terms of Reference have been issued by SEAC TN vide Letter No. SEIAA-TN/F. No. 9566/SEAC/ToR-1326/2023 Dated: 10.02.2023. 45 additional ToR points were recommended by SEAC TN in addition to the Standard ToR Points. The replies for the same were addressed in this report.

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## 1.5 POST ENVIRONMENTAL CLEARANCE MONITORING

## 1.5.1 Methodology adopted

Post project monitoring will be carried out as per conditions stipulated in environmental clearance letter issued by SEIAA, consent issued by SPCB as well as according to CPCB guidelines. The lease area is considered as core zone and the area lying within 10 km radius from the lease boundary is considered as buffer zone, where some impacts may be observed on physical and biological environment. In the buffer zone slight impact may be observed and that too is occasional.

Table 1-1: Post Environmental Clearance Monitoring

S. No.	Description	Frequency of Monitoring
1.	Ambient Air Quality Monitoring	Quarterly/ Half Yearly
2.	Water level & Quality Monitoring	Quarterly/ Half Yearly
3.	Noise Level Monitoring	Quarterly/ Half Yearly
4.	Soil Quality Monitoring	Yearly
5.	Medical Check-up	Yearly

### 1.6 GENERIC STRUCTURE OF THE EIA DOCUMENT

*Chapter 1:* **Introduction**. This chapter contains the general information on the mining of minerals, major sources of environmental impacts in respect of mining projects and details of environmental clearance process.

Chapter 2: Project Description. In this chapter the proponent should also furnish detailed description of the proposed project, such as the type of the project, need for the project, project location, layout, project activities during construction and operational phases, capacity of the project, project operation i.e., land availability, utilities (power and water supply) and infrastructure facilities such as roads, railways, housing and other requirements. If the project site is near a sensitive area it is to be mentioned clearly why an alternative site could not be considered. The project implementation schedule, estimated cost of development as well as operation etc. should be also included.

*Chapter 3:* **Analysis of Alternatives (Technology and Site).** This chapter gives details of various alternatives both in respect of location of site and technologies to be deployed, in case the initial scoping exercise considers such a need.

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*Chapter 4:* **Description of Environment**. This chapter should cover baseline data in the project area and study area.

Chapter 5: Impact Analysis and mitigation measures. This chapter describes the anticipated impacts on the environment and mitigation measures. The method of assessment of impacts including studies carried out, modelling techniques adopted to assess the impacts where pertinent should be elaborated in this chapter. It should give the details of the impacts on the baseline parameters, both during the construction and operational phases and suggests the mitigation measures to be implemented by the proponent.

*Chapter 6:* Environmental Monitoring Program. This chapter should cover the planned environmental monitoring program. It should also include the technical aspects of monitoring the effectiveness of mitigation measures.

*Chapter 7:* **Additional Studies**. This chapter should cover the details of the additional studies required in addition to those specified in the ToR and which are necessary to cater to more specific issues applicable to the particular project.

Chapter 8: Project Benefits. This chapter should cover the benefits accruing to the locality, neighborhood, region and nation as a whole. It should bring out details of benefits by way of improvements in the physical infrastructure, social infrastructure, employment potential and other tangible benefits.

Chapter 9: Environmental Cost Benefit Analysis. This chapter should cover on Environmental Cost Benefit Analysis of the project.

Chapter 10: Environmental Management Plan. This chapter should comprehensively present the Environmental Management Plan (EMP), which includes the administrative and technical setup, summary matrix of EMP, the cost involved to implement the EMP, both during the construction and operational phase and provisions made towards the same in the cost estimates of project construction and operation. This chapter should also describe the proposed post-monitoring scheme as well as inter-organizational arrangements for effective implementation of the mitigation measures.

*Chapter 11:* **Summary and Conclusions**. This chapter gives the summary of the full EIA report condensed to ten A-4 size pages at the maximum. It should provide the overall justification for implementation of the project and should explain how the adverse effects have been mitigated.

*Chapter 12:* **Disclosure of Consultants.** This chapter should include the names of the consultants engaged with their brief resume and nature of consultancy rendered.

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#### 1.7 DETAILS OF PROJECT PROPONENT

Project Proponent : Thiru.S.Raghu Status of the Proponent : Individual

Proponent's name & address : S/o. Sreeramaiya,

D.No.6/202,

Anusonai village,

Bommathathanur Post, Denkanikottai Taluk,

Krishnagiri District -635113.

## 1.8 BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

### 1.8.1 Project Nature, Size & Location

As per EIA Notification, 2006 and its subsequent amendments (O.M vide No.F.No.L-11011/175/2018-IA-II (M) Government of India MoEF & CC on December 12th 2018) project comes under category B1 cluster & schedule 1(a) under item 1.

Proposed proposal pertains to Rough stone mining project by opencast mechanised method on allotted mine lease area at Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District, Tamil Nadu. It is a hilly terrain area. The total allotted mine lease for the proposed project is 1.30.00 Ha with their maximum production capacity i.e., 23124 m<sup>3</sup> of Rough stone for the period of Five years only.

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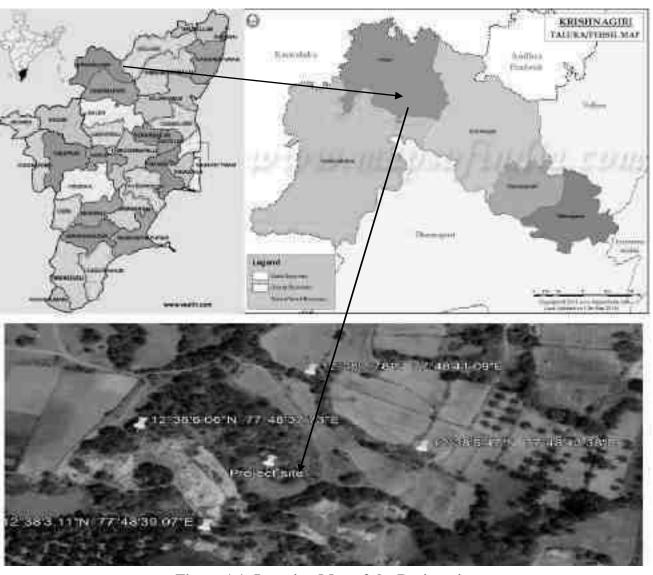


Figure 1.1: Location Map of the Project site

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Project Location	Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District	

## 2 Project Description

This chapter furnishes detailed description of the proposed project, such as the type of the project, need for the project, project location, layout, project activities during mining, capacity of the project, project operation i.e., land availability, utilities (power and water supply) and infrastructure facilities such as roads, railways, housing and other requirements. The project implementation schedule estimated cost for carrying out entire mining activity is included.

#### 2.1 GENERAL

Proposed proposal pertains to Rough stone mining project by open cast mechanized method on allotted mine lease area at Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk of Krishnagiri District, Tamil Nadu. It is a hilly terrain area. We have obtained fresh mining plan from 2022 to 2027 from Department of Geology and Mining, Krishnagiri District for 1.30.00 Ha land area in the S.F.Nos. 381(Part-1) for a proposed mining depth of 51 m below ground level and five years production of 23,12,38 m<sup>3</sup> of Rough stone.

## Type of the project:

As per EIA Notification, 2006 and its subsequent amendments (O.M vide No.F.No.L-11011/175/2018-IA-II (M) Government of India MoEF & CC on December 12th 2018) project comes under category B1 cluster & schedule 1(a) under item 1. The project required to be appraised at state level by State Environment Impact Assessment Authority, Tamil Nadu. Environment Clearance study will involve preparation of draft EIA report on the basis of baseline & impact assessment study is carried out. Also, before appraisal, under 7(III) of EIA notification 2006, the project involves the Public Consultation and the same will be conducted under SPCB (TN) in Krishnagiri District. The proceedings of the same will be incorporated in the Final EIA Report. The mines within 500m radius from the project site is listed below.

Table 2-1: Quarry within 500m Radius

## 1) Existing other quarries:

S.	Name of the Owner	Village &	C E Nos	Extent in	Loogo Dovied
No.	Name of the Owner	Taluk	S.F.Nos.	Hect.	Lease Period

Project	Rough stone Quarry- 1.30.0 Ha by Thiru.S.Raghu	Draft EIA Report
Project Proponent	Thiru.S.raghu	
Project Location	Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District	

	Nil

# 2) Details of abandoned /Old Quarries

S. No.	Name of the Owner	Village & Taluk	S.F.Nos.	Extent in Hect.	Lease Period
		 Nil			

# 3) Details of Present Proposed quarries

S. No.	Name of the Owner	Village & Taluk	S.F.Nos.	Extent in Hect.	Lease Period
1	Thiru.S.Raghu	Gopanapallai village, Hosur taluk	381(Part-1)	1.30.0	Instant Proposal
2	M/s.Natural stone	Gopanapallai village, Hosur taluk	220/1(Part-1)	3.00.0	Precise area given
3	Thiru.Nithin Reddy	Gopanapallai village, Hosur taluk	220/1(Part-2)	3.00.0	Precise area given
4	Thiru.Sri Krish	Gopanapallai village, Hosur taluk	220/1(Part-3)	3.00.0	Precise area given
5	Thiru.Vijayakumar	Gopanapallai village, Hosur taluk	220/1(Part-4)	2.00.0	Precise area given
6	Thiru.Dhivakar	Gopanapallai village, Hosur taluk	381/1(Part-2)	1.50.0	Precise area given

Project	Rough stone Quarry- 1.30.0 Ha by Thiru.S.Raghu	Draft EIA Report
Project Proponent	Thiru.S.raghu	
Project Location	Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District	

## 2.1.1 Need for the project:

The said project plays a significant role in the domestic as well as infrastructural market. To achieve a huge infrastructure being envisaged by Government of India, particularly in road and housing sector, there is a need for basic building materials, the rough stone form the primary building material.

Rough stone is one of the most valuable natural building materials. Aggregates are mostly used for building roads and footpaths. Aggregates – stone used for its strong physical properties – crushed and sorted into various sizes for use in concrete, coated with bitumen to make asphalt or used 'dry' as bulk fill in construction.

Mostly used in roads, concrete and building products. Aggregates represent about 98% of quarry output, most of which is used in road construction, maintenance and repair. Much of this goes to the production of asphalt; the remainder is used 'dry' without the addition of other materials to provide a sturdy base for roads.

Rocks and minerals of economic importance found to occur in Krishnagiri District are Rough stone deposits suitable for the production of Jelly, Cut stones and Pillar Stones.

As a result of developmental activities and market demand for minor minerals, mining of minor mineral is vital. In addition to that, geological reserves of rough stone is abundant in the project area which is evident from the mine activities carried out in the nearby sites.

## 2.2 BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

Table 2-2 Salient Features of the Project

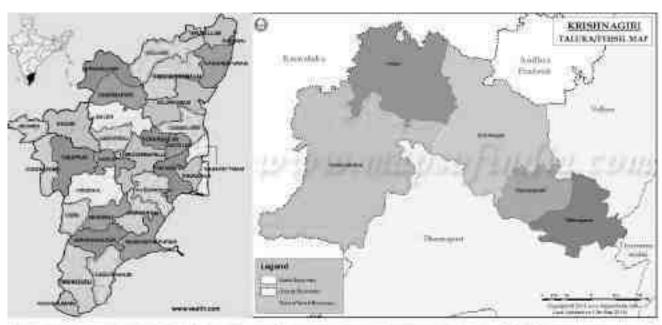
S.	Description	Details			
No.					
1	Project Name	Thiru.S.Raghu Rough stone Quarry			
2	Proponent	Thiru.S.Raghu			
3	Mining Lease Area Extent	1.30.00 Ha			
4	Location	S.F.No.381(Part-1)			
5	Latitude	Latitude : 12° 38′ 05.49″ N to 12° 38′ 03.12″ N			

Project	Rough stone Quarry- 1.30.0 Ha by Thiru.S.Raghu	Draft EIA Report
Project Proponent	Thiru.S.raghu	
Project Location	Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District	

6	Longitude	Longitude : 77° 48' 43.41" E to 77° 48' 37.72" E
7	Topography	Hilly terrain topography
8	Site Elevation above MSL	840 m from MSL
9	Topo sheet No.	57-H/14
10	Minerals of Mine	Rough Stone Quarry
11	Proposed production of	Proposed Capacity of reserves – Rough stone :
	Mine	I-V years -107190 m <sup>3</sup>
		VI-X years-44020
12	Ultimate depth of Mining	31 m below ground level
13	Method of Mining	Open cast mechanized mining
14	Water demand	2.0 KLD
15	Source of water	Water will be supplied through tankers supply
16	Man power	18Nos.
17	Mining Plan Approval	Mining Plan was approved by The Deputy Director (i/c), Department of Geology and Mining, Krishnagiri District vide letter Roc.No.539/2022 dated 24.06.2022
18	Precise area communication letter	Precise area communication letter received from the District Collector, Krishnagiri District vide letter Rc.No.539/2022, dated 04.05.2022.
19	Production details	Geological reserves: 4,34,140 m³ of Rough stone Proposed year wise reserves-(I-V years)= 1,07,190 m³ of Rough stone (VI-X years)=44,020 m³ of Rough stone
20	Boundary Fencing	7.5 m barrier all along the boundary for adjacent patta lands and 10 m safety distance for Govt. Lands. Fencing will be provided.
21	Disposal of overburden	Top soil formation will be removed and transported to the needy end user only after obtaining permission and paying necessary seigniorage fees to the Government.
22	Ground water	The ground water table is reported as 88m BGL in nearby
		open wells and bore wells of this area. Mining depth taken
		as 51m. Now, proposed quarry depth is above the water
		table. Hence, quarrying may not affect the ground water.
23	Habitations within 300m	There is no Habitation within 300m radius of the project
	radius of the Project Site	site.
	ı.	

Project	Rough stone Quarry- 1.30.0 Ha by Thiru.S.Raghu	Draft EIA Report
Project Proponent	Thiru.S.raghu	
Project Location	Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District	

24	Drinking water	Water	will	be	supplied	through	tankers	from
		Goolisa	ndram	ı villa	ge which is	0.37 Km.		



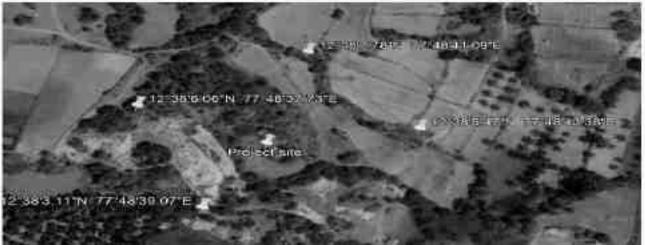


Figure 2.1: Location Map of the Project Site

Project	Rough stone Quarry- 1.30.0 Ha by Thiru.S.Raghu	Draft EIA Report
Project Proponent	Thiru.S.raghu	
Project Location	Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District	



Figure 2.2: Google Earth Image and Coordinates of the Project Site

## 2.2.1 Site Connectivity:

The site is connected to the roadways as follows.

SH 17A – Hosur to Denkanikottai – 2.88 km, W

Project	Rough stone Quarry- 1.30.0 Ha by Thiru.S.Raghu	Draft EIA Report
Project Proponent	Thiru.S.raghu	
Project Location	Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District	



Figure 2.3: Site Connectivity

# 2.3 LOCATION DETAILS:

**Table 2-3: Location Details** 

S. No	Particulars	Details	
1.	Latitude	12° 38' 05.49" N to 12° 38' 03.12" N	
2.	Longitude	77º 48' 43.41" E to 77º 48' 37.72" E	
3.	Site Elevation above MSL	840 m from MSL	
4.	Topography	Hilly terrain topography	
5.	Land use of the site	Government Poramboke	
6.	Extent of lease area	1.30.00 Ha	

Project	Rough stone Quarry- 1.30.0 Ha by Thiru.S.Raghu	Draft EIA Report
Project Proponent	Thiru.S.raghu	
Project Location	Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District	

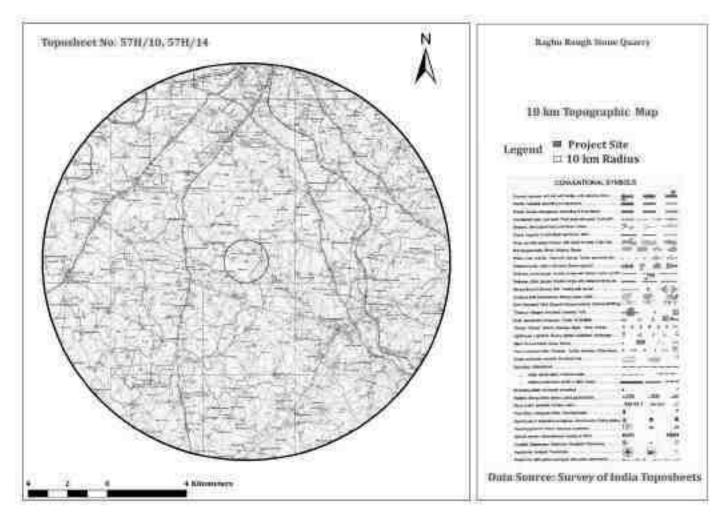


Figure 2.4: Topo Map of Project Site

Project	Rough stone Quarry- 1.30.0 Ha by Thiru.S.Raghu	Draft EIA Report
Project Proponent	Thiru.S.raghu	
Project Location	Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District	



Figure 2.5: Environmental Sensitivity within 15km radius

Project	Rough stone Quarry- 1.30.0 Ha by Thiru.S.Raghu	Draft EIA Report
Project Proponent	Thiru.S.raghu	
Project Location	Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District	

# 2.3.1 Site Photographs

The site photographs of the project site are as follows

North: 12°38'5.47"N 77°48'43.38"E

Krishnagiri, Tamilnadu



East:12°38'6.06"N 77°48'37.73"E Krishnagiri, Tamilnadu



South: 12°38'3.11"N 77°48'39.07"E Krishnagiri, Tamilnadu



West: 12°38'7.78"N 77°48'41.09"E Krishnagiri, Tamilnadu



Figure 2.6: Site Photographs

Project	Rough stone Quarry- 1.30.0 Ha by Thiru.S.Raghu	Draft EIA Report
Project Proponent	Thiru.S.raghu	
Project Location	Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District	

## 2.3.2 Land Use Breakup of the Mine Lease Area

The Mine Lease area is Plain terrain. The land use pattern of the mine lease area as follows.

Table 2-4: Land use pattern

SL. NO.	LAND USE	PRESENT AREA (HECT)	AREA IN USE DURING THE QUARRYING PERIOD (HECT)			
1.	Area under Quarrying	Nil	0.87.0			
2.	Infrastructure	Nil	0.01.0			
3.	Roads	Nil	0.01.0			
4.	Green Belt	Nil	0.41.0			
5.	Unutilized	1.30.0	Nil			
	Total	1.30.0На	1.30.0На			

## 2.3.3 Human Settlement

There are no habitations within the radius of 300m. The nearby habitations are as follows

**Table 2-5: Habitation** 

SL. NO	DIRECTIO N	VILLAGE	POPULATIO N	DISTANC E
1	North	Goolisandram	163	1.5
2	East	Bennikkal	260	6.0
3	South	Nagappan Agraharam	370	2.5
4	West	Agraharam	310	3.0

## 2.4 <u>LEASEHOLD AREA</u>

The Rough Stone Quarry mine of 1.30.0 Ha is a Government Poromboke land. The lease area falls in S.F No: 381(Part-1) of Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, krishnagiri District. There is no reserve forest or protected forest land within the lease area. There is neither human settlement within 300m radius from the lease area.

Project	Rough stone Quarry- 1.30.0 Ha by Thiru.S.Raghu	Draft EIA Report
Project Proponent	Thiru.S.raghu	
Project Location	Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District	

### 2.5 GEOLOGY

The geological formations of the district belong mainly to Archaean age along with rock of Proterozoic age. The former is rerpresented by Khondalite Group of rocks, Charnockite Group of rocks, Migmatites Complex, Sathyamangalam Group of rocks, while the latter is represented by Alkaline rocks. The Khondalite Group includes garnet sillimanite gneiss and quartzite which occur as small patches. The migmatite complex includes garnet ferrous quartzofeldspathic gneiss and horn blends biotite gneiss, the former exposed on the western part of the district. The Sathyamangalam Group includes fuchsite quartzite, sillimanite mica schist and amphibolites. The Bhavani Group in this area includes fissile hornblende-biotite gneiss, granitoid gneiss and pink migmatite. Amphibolites with barbed ferruginous quartzite and associated quartzo-feldspathic rocks (Champion Gneiss) represent the Kolar group and are found west and southwest of Veppanapalli. Following this there are basic intrusions occurring as dykes.

The Charnockite Group occupies a major part of the south-west portion of this district with small bands of garnetiferous quartzo-feldspathicgneiss, Granite gneiss and dolerite dykes. The North-East andNorthernpartof the District mainly consist of granite gneiss with small patches of Pink Migmatite, hornblende-biotite gneiss and dolerite dykes. The Eastern part of the district consists of Epidote-Hornblende Gneiss, Ultra Mafics, Syenite and Carbonatite.

The Alkaline Complex is represented by epidote-horn blende gneiss, ultramafics, syenite and carbonatite and these are distributed in the eastern part of the district. Innumerable basic dykes and felsites, quartz, barites and pegmatite veins form part of the Alkali Complex.

Project	Rough stone Quarry- 1.30.0 Ha by Thiru.S.Raghu	Draft EIA Report
Project Proponent	Thiru.S.raghu	
Project Location	Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District	

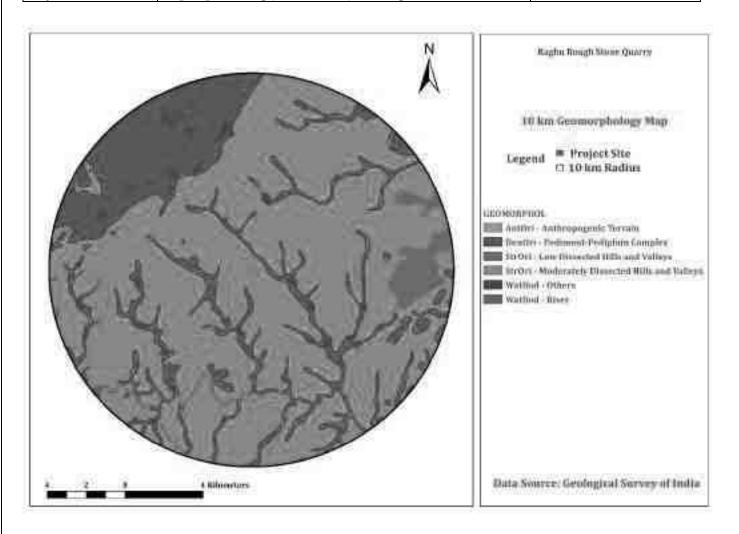


Figure 2.7: Geomorphology

Project	Rough stone Quarry- 1.30.0 Ha by Thiru.S.Raghu	Draft EIA Report
Project Proponent	Thiru.S.raghu	
Project Location	Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District	

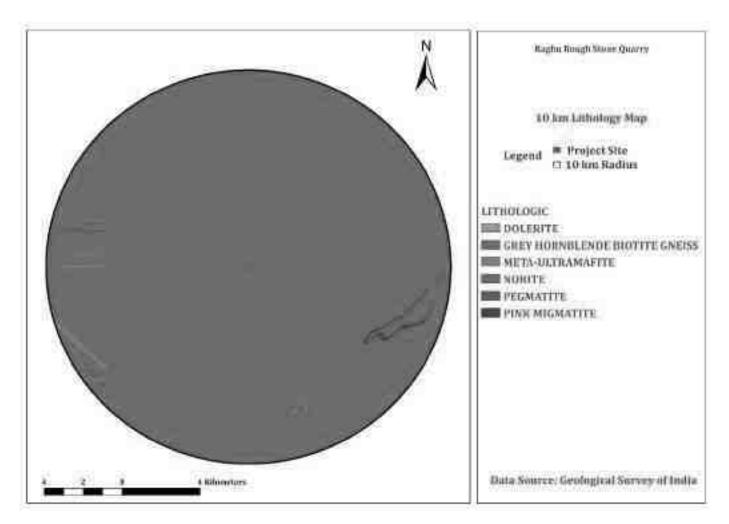


Figure 2.8 Lithology

## 2.6 **QUALITY OF RESERVES:**

The mining lease area is of 1.30.0 Ha, with production capacity of 231238 m<sup>3</sup> of Rough Stone. Due to significant role in the domestic as well as infrastructural market, making the mining of Stone and gravel along with associated minor minerals is economically viable.

**Table 2-6: Details of Mining** 

S. No	<b>Particulars</b>	Details
1	Method of Mining	Open Cast mechanized
2	Geological Reserves	616028 m <sup>3</sup> of Rough stone

Project	Rough stone Quarry- 1.30.0 Ha by Thiru.S.Raghu	Draft EIA Report
Project Proponent	Thiru.S.raghu	
Project Location	Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District	

3	Recoverable Reserves	231238 m <sup>3</sup> of Rough stone
4	Proposed Production	231238 m³ of Rough stone
5	Elevation Range of the Mine Site	840 m AMSL

# 2.6.1 Geological Reserves

**Table 2-7: Geological Reserves** 

GEOLOGICAL RESERVES								
Section	Bench	L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	Volume in (Cu.m.)	Recoverable Reserve in Cu.m(100%)	Topsoil (Gravel) in Cu.m.	
	Ι	131	98	2			25676	
	II	112	98	7	76832	76832		
	III	131	98	7	89866	89866		
XY-AB	IV	131	98	7	89866	89866		
AI-AD	V	131	98	7	89866	89866		
	VI	131	98	7	89866	89866		
	VII	131	98	7	89866	89866		
	VIII	131	98	7	89866	89866		
Total=					616028	616028	25676	

# 2.6.2 Mineable Reserves

Table 2-8: Mineable Reserves

	MINABLE RESERVES									
Section	Bench	L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	Volume in (Cu.m.)	Recoverable Reserve in Cu.m(100%)	Topsoil (Gravel) in Cu.m.			
	Ι	111	78	2			17316			
XY-AB	II	102	78	7	55692	55692				
XI-AD	III	106	73	7	54166	54166				
	IV	96	63	7	42336	42336				

Project	Rough stone Quarry- 1.30.0 Ha by Thiru.S.Raghu	Draft EIA Report
Project Proponent	Thiru.S.raghu	
Project Location	Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District	

	VI	76 66	33	7	22876 15246	15246	
Total	VIII	56	23	/	9016 <b>231238</b>	9016 <b>231238</b>	17316

## 2.6.3 Year wise Production Plan

Table 2-9: Year wise Production Plan

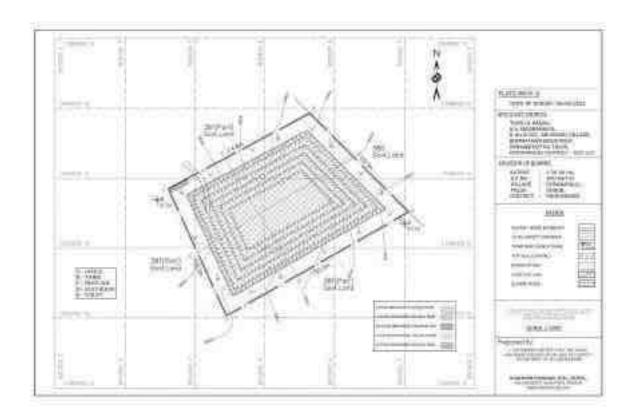
YEARWISE DEVELOPMENT AND PRODUCTION(First Five(I-V)Years)								
YEAR	Sectio n	Benc h	L (m)	(m)	D (m)	Volume in (m3)	Recoverable Reserve in m3 (100%)	Top Soil in m3
I-YEAR	XY-	I	111	78	2			17316
	AB	II	102	78	7	55692	55692	
TOTAL				•	•	55692	55692	17316
II-	XY-	III	53	73	7	27083	27083	
YEAR	AB			13	,	27003	27003	
TOTAL						27083	27083	
III-	XY-	III	53	73	7	27083	27083	
YEAR	AB	111		75	<b>'</b>	27003	27003	
TOTAL					l	27083	27083	
IV-	XY-	IV	53	63	7	23373	23373	
YEAR	AB	1 V	33	03	<b>'</b>	23373	23373	
TOTAL	TOTAL					23373	23373	
V-	XY-	IV	43	63	7	18963	18963	
YEAR	AB	V	33	53	7	12243	12243	
TOTAL	TOTAL						31206	

Project	Rough stone Quarry- 1.30.0 Ha by Thiru.S.Raghu	Draft EIA Report
Project Proponent	Thiru.S.raghu	
Project Location	Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District	

GRAND TOTAL(I-V years) =	164437	164437	17316
--------------------------	--------	--------	-------

YEARWISE DEVELOPMENT AND PRODUCTION(VI-X) Years)							
YEAR	Section	Bench	L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	Volume in (m3)	Recoverable Reserve in m3 (100%)
VI-		V	53	53	7	19663	19663
YEAR							
VII-		VI	38	43	7	11438	11438
YEAR							
VIII-	XY-AB	VI	38	43	7	11438	11438
YEAR		'			,		
IX-		VII	66	33	7	15246	15246
YEAR		<b>V11</b>			'	15240	13240
X-YEAR		VIII	56	23	7	9016	9016
Total (VI-X years) =					66801	66801	
Grand Total (I-X Years) = 231238 231238					231238		

Project	Rough stone Quarry- 4.24.0 Ha by Thiru.S.Marimuthu	Draft EIA Report
Project Proponent	Thiru.S.Marimuthu	
Project Location	Kottaiyur Village, Virudhunagar Taluk, Virudhunagar District	



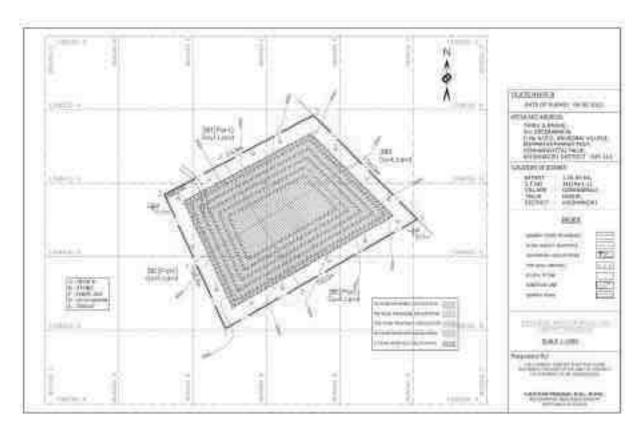


Figure 2.9 Year wise Production Plan

Project	Rough stone Quarry- 1.30.00 Ha by Thiru.S.Raghu	Draft EIA Report
Project Proponent	Thiru.S.Raghu	
Project Location	Gopanapalli village, Hosur tehsil, Krishnagiri district	

### 2.7 TYPE OF MINING

The proposed project is an open cast mechanized mining with one with 7.0 meter vertical bench with a bench width of 5.0 meter. However, as far as the quarrying of Rough Stone is concerned, observance of the provisions of regulations 106(2) (b) as above is seldom possible due to various inherent petro genetic factors coupled with mining difficulties. Hence, it is proposed to obtain relaxation to the provisions of the above regulation from the Director of Mines Safety for which necessary provision is available with the Regulation 106(2) (b) of MMR-1961, under Mines Act-1952.

## 2.7.1 Method of Working:

The Rough stone is proposed to quarry at 7m bench height & 5m width with conventional Open cast mechanized method. The quarrying operation will be carried out in conjunction with conventional method of mining using Jack hammer drilling and blasting for shattering effect and loosen the Rough stone.

#### 2.7.2 Overburden

The entire lease area is covered 2.0m of Top Soil(Gravel) and the estimated quantity of Top soil(Gravel) is 17316m<sup>3</sup>. Top Soil(Gravel) formation will be removed and transported to the needy end user, only after obtaining permission and paying necessary seigniorage fees to the Government.

#### 2.7.3 Machineries to be used

Type of machineries proposed for quarrying operation for the entire project is listed below.

Table 2-10: List of Machineries used

For Mining operation	Excavator of 0.9 Cu.m bucket capacity
	Jack Hammer (30-32 mm dia)
	Tractor mounted compressor
Loading Equipment	Excavator of 0.9 Cu.m bucket capacity
Transportation	Tipper 1No. of 10/20 M.T capacity

### **Blasting:**

#### 2.7.3.1 Blasting Pattern:

The quarrying operation will be carried out in conjunction with conventional method of mining using Jack hammer drilling and blasting for shattering effect and loosen the Rough stone.

Project	Rough stone Quarry- 1.30.00 Ha by Thiru.S.Raghu	Draft EIA Report
Project Proponent	Thiru.S.Raghu	
Project Location	Gopanapalli village, Hosur tehsil, Krishnagiri district	

## 2.7.3.2 Drilling & Blasting:

Drilling and Blasting Parameters are as follows

**Table 2-11: Drilling and Blasting Parameters** 

1	Diameter of the hole	32-36 mm
2	Spacing	60 Cms
3	Depth	1 to 1.5 m
4	Charge / Hole	D.Cord with water or 70gms of gun
		powder or Gelatine.
5	Pattern of hole	Zig Zag
6	Inclination of hole	70° from the horizontal.
7	Quantity of rock broken	0.45 MT x 2.6 = 1.17 MT
8	Quantity of rock broken per day	362.8m <sup>3</sup>
9	Control Blasting efficiency @90%	1.17 x 90% = 1.05MT / hole
10	Charge per hole	140 gms of 25mm dia catridge

## 2.7.3.3 Types of Explosives to be used:

Slurry Class 3 explosives, type of nitro compound are proposed to be used for shattering and heaving effect for removal and winning of Rough Stone. No deep hole drilling or primary blasting is proposed. Detonators of Class 3 and Safety fuse of Class 6 are used.

## 2.7.3.4 Measures to minimize ground vibration due to blasting:

The quarry is situated more than 1 km from the nearby villages. Controlled blasting measures will be adopted for minimizing the ground vibration and fly of rocks. Shallow depths jackhammer drilling & blasting is proposed to be carried out with minimum use of explosive mainly to give shattering effect in rough stone for easy excavation and to control fly of rock.

Table 2-12: Blasting Details

1	Diameter of the hole	32-36 mm
2	Spacing	60 Cms
3	Depth	1 to 1.5 m

Project	Rough stone Quarry- 1.30.00 Ha by Thiru.S.Raghu	Draft EIA Report
Project Proponent	Thiru.S.Raghu	
Project Location	Gopanapalli village, Hosur tehsil, Krishnagiri district	

4	Charge / Hole	D.Cord with water or 70gms of gun
		powder or Gelatine.
5	Pattern of hole	Zig Zag
6	Inclination of hole	70° from the horizontal.
7	Quantity of rock broken	0.45 MT x 2.6 = 1.17 MT
8	Quantity of rock broken per day	362.8m <sup>3</sup>
9	Control Blasting efficiency @90%	1.17 x 90% = 1.05MT / hole
10	Charge per hole	140 gms of 25mm dia catridge

## 2.7.3.5 Storage & Safety measures taken during blasting:

The project proponent "Thiru S.Raghu" will engage an authorized explosive agency to carry out the small amount of blasting and it will be supervised by Permit Mines Manager. The copy of the explosive certificate is attached as *Annexure*.

### 2.8 MAN POWER REQUIREMENTS

The manpower requirement to meet out the production Schedule and the machinery strength envisaged in the mining plan and to comply with the statutory provisions of the Mines Safety Regulations is as follows.

**Table 2-13: Man Power Requirements** 

	Skilled	Operator		2
		Mechanic		1
		Blaster/Mat		1
2	Semi skilled	Driver		2
3	Unskilled	Musdoor/Labours		5
		Unskilled-helpers		4
4	Management an	d Supervisory staff	•	3
				18 Nos

No child less than 18 years will be entertained during quarrying operations.

### 2.8.1 Water Requirement

Total water requirement for the mining project is 2.0 KLD. Domestic water will be sourced from nearby Goolisandram village and other water will be source from nearby road tankers supply.

Project	Rough stone Quarry- 1.30.00 Ha by Thiru.S.Raghu	Draft EIA Report
Project Proponent	Thiru.S.Raghu	
Project Location	Gopanapalli village, Hosur tehsil, Krishnagiri district	

Table 2-14: Water Requirment

Purpose	Quantity	Sources
Drinking Water	0.5 KLD	Packaged Drinking water vendors available in Goolisandram which is about 0.37km NNW of the area
Green belt	0.75KLD	Other domestic activities through road tankers supply
Dust suppression	0.75KLD	From road tankers supply
Total	2.0 KLD	

# 2.9 PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE

The implementation schedule of the proposed Mine Lease of Thiru S.Raghu (1.30.0 ha) is as follows.

**Table 2-15: Mining Schedule** 

MINING SCHEDULE					
Activity	Feb -24	Feb-25	Feb-26	Feb-27	Feb-28
Site Clearance					
Excavation – Rough stone/Overburden					
I Year Production – Cum – 55,692Rough Stone and					
17,316 Gravel					
II Year Production – Cum – 27,083Rough Stone					
III Year Production – Cum – 27,083Rough Stone					
IV Year Production - Cum – 23,373Rough Stone					
V Year Production – Cum – 31,206Rough Stone					

# 2.10 SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT

Table 2-15: Solid Waste Management

S. No	Туре	Quantity	Disposal Method	1
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1	Organic	2.8 kg/day	Municipal bin including food
			waste
2	Inorganic	4.32 kg/day	TNPCB authorized recyclers

As per CPCB guidelines: MSW per capita/day =0.45 kg/day

## 2.11 MINE DRAINAGE

The quarry operation is proposed up to a depth of 51 m below ground level. The water table is below 88 m from the ground level which is observed from the nearby bore wells and bore wells of this area. Hence the ground water will not be affected in any manner due to the quarrying operation during the entire lease period.

### 2.12 POWER REQUIREMENT

This Rough stone quarry project does not require huge water and electricity for the project.

**16 Litre** diesel per hour for excavator for mining and loading for Rough Stone needed and **10 Litre** diesel per hour for excavation of Top soil needed.

## 2.13 PROJECT COST

Cost of the Project	
Fixed cost	Rs.1,31,90,000/-
Operational cost	Rs.30,00,000/-
EMP cost	Rs.169,70,946/-

## 2.14 GREENBELT

- 1. The development of greenbelt in the peripheral buffer zone of the mine area.
- 2. Green belt has been recommended as one of the major components of Environmental Management plan, which will improve ecology, environment and quality of the surrounding area.
- 3. Local trees like, Neem, Vilvam Vaagai, Naval etc will be planted along the lease boundary and avenues as well as over non-active dumps at a rate of 700 trees per annum with interval 5m.
- 4. The rate of survival expected to be 80% in this area

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# Table. 2-17 Plantation/ Afforestation Program

Name of species proposed	Survival	No of species
Neem, Vilvam Vaagai, Eachai, Naval, Mantharai, Magizha Maram,		
Vila maram, Poo Marudhu, Panai Maram, Marudha Maram,	80%	700
Thandri, Sengondrai, Poovarasu, Therthag kottai, Pungam		
Total		700

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# 3 Description of the Environment

### 3.1 **GENERAL**:

The method of mining for extracting rough stone quarry and gravel is required to be selected in such a manner to ensure sustainable development. Mining activities invariably affect the existing environmental status of the site. It has both adverse and beneficial effects. In order to maintain the environmental commensuration with the mining operation, it is essential to undertake studies on the existing environmental scenario and assess the impact on different environmental components. This would help in formulating suitable management plans and sustainable resource extraction.

To understand the existing environmental scenario, Baseline data helps in identification, prediction and evaluation of impacts in Environmental Impact assessment. Through field study, baseline data are collected considering various factors of the project. This includes-

- Physical- the area, the soil properties, the geological characteristics, the topography, etc
- Chemical- water, air, noise and soil pollution levels, etc.
- Biological- the biodiversity of the area, types of flora and fauna, species richness, species distribution, types of ecosystems, presence or absence of endangered species and/or sensitive ecosystems etc.
- Socioeconomic- demography, social structure, economic conditions, developmental capabilities, displacement of locals, etc.

### 3.1.1 Study Area:

The study area for the mining projects is as follows:

- Mine lease area as the "core zone"
- A study area of 10 km radius from the project boundary is designated as buffer Zone and for the study of Socio-economic status, 10 km radius from the boundary limits of the mine lease area has been selected.

We have obtained Terms of Reference from SEIAA vide Letter No. SEIAA-TN/ F. No. 9566/ ToR-1326/2023 Dated: 10.02.2023. The baseline monitoring is carried out in January to March 2023 and the

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analysis is briefed in the EIA report. The proponent has engaged M/s. Ecotech labs Pvt. Ltd for carrying out the existing baseline study.

#### 3.1.2 Instruments Used

The following instruments were used at the site for baseline data collection.

- 1. Respirable Dust Sampler with attachment for gaseous Pollutants, Envirotech APM 460, APM411.
- 2. Fine Particulate Matter (FPM) Sampler, APM 550
- 4. Sound Level Meter Model SL-4010
- 5. 2000 series watchdog automatic weathering monitoring station

### 3.1.3 Baseline Data Collection Period:

The baseline data is collected in accordance with the CPCB Guidelines. The Baseline study is carried out from January to March 2023.

## 3.1.4 Frequency of Monitoring

Table 3-1: Frequency of Sampling and Analysis

Attributes	Sampling	Frequency
Air environment – Meteorological	Project site	1 hourly continuous
(wind speed, wind direction,		
rainfall, humidity, temperature)		
Air environment – Pollutants	5 locations	24 hourly twice a week
PM 10		4 hourly.
PM 2.5		Twice a week, One non-monsoon season
$SO_2$		8 hourly, twice a week
$NO_X$		24 hourly, twice a week
Lead in PM		
Noise	5 locations	24 hourly Once in 5 locations
Water (Ground water)	5 locations	Once in 5 locations

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pH, Temperature, Turbidity, Magnesium Hardness, Total Alkalinity, Chloride, Sulphate, Fluoride, Nitrate, Sodium, Potassium, Salinity, Total nitrogen, Total Coliforms, Fecal Coliforms		
Water (surface water) pH, Temperature, Turbidity, Magnesium Hardness, Total Alkalinity, Chloride, Sulphate, Fluoride, Nitrate, Sodium, Potassium, Salinity, Total nitrogen, Total Coliforms, Fecal Coliforms	Sample from nearby lakes/river	One-time Sampling
Soil (Organic matter, Texture, pH, Electrical Conductivity, Permeability, Water holding capacity, Porosity)	5 locations	Once in 5 locations
Ecology and biodiversity Study	Study area covering 10 km radius	One-time Sampling
Socio- Economic study  (Population, Literacy Level, employment, Infrastructure like school, hospitals & commercial establishments)	Villages around 10 km radius	One-time Sampling

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## 3.1.5 Secondary data Collection

Apart from the primary data, Secondary data is also used for the collection; collation; synthesis and interpretation

- Flora & Faunal Study
- Land use study
- Demography and socio-economic analysis
- Meteorological data, from Indian Meteorological Department (IMD)

## 3.1.6 Study area details

Table 3-2 Study area details

S. No	Description	Details	Source
1.	Project Location	S.F.No. 381(Part-1) - 1.30.0 Ha, Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District, Tamil Nadu State	Field Study
2.	Latitude & Longitude	Latitude : 12° 38' 05.49" to 12° 38' 03.12" N Longitude : 77° 48' 43.41" to 77° 48' 37.72" E	Topo Sheet
3.	Topo Sheet No.	57 H/14	Survey of India Toposheet
4.	Mine Lease Area	1.30.0 Ha	
	Demo	ography in the study area (as per Census 2011)	
5.	Total Population	2764	Census
6.	Total Number of Households	605	Survey of India
7.	Maximum Temperature (°C)	36	IMD
8.	Minimum Temperature (°C)	21	TIVIL

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9.	Ecological Sensitive Areas - Wetlands, watercourses or other waterbodies, coastal zone, biospheres, mountains, forests	<ul> <li>Devaganapalli Lake, 1.71 km, NW</li> <li>Nagondapalli Lake, 4.48km, NW</li> <li>Achettapalli Lake, 5.61 km, N</li> <li>Nanjappan Kodigai Eri, 5.80km, SE</li> <li>Bynakanahalli kere, 5.63 km, W</li> <li>Mathukur kere,6.57 km, W</li> <li>Uliveeranahally Kere,7.10 km, WNW</li> <li>Poonapalli Lake, 7.35 km, NW</li> <li>Chinnatti Dam, 7.10 km, SSE</li> <li>Mathigiri lake, 7.36 km, N</li> <li>NB Agraharam lake, 8.82 km, NNE</li> <li>Gokul nagar Lake, 8.07 km, NNE</li> <li>Karapalli Lake, 8.89 km, NNE</li> <li>Ponnaiyar River, 11.86 km, NE</li> </ul>	Google Earth/Field Study
10.	Densely Populated area	Hosur - 11.66 Km -N	
11.	Areas occupied by sensitive man-made land uses (hospitals, schools, places of worship, community facilities)	S. Places No No Schools & Colleges  Sishya International 1.20 km, SSW school  Government high 3.61 km, school  Kundhumaranapalli 4.21 km high school  Kundhumaranapalli 4.21 km ESE  Hospitals  Government primary health care 3.30 km, NW hospital  Sri balaji clinic 4.48 km, NE	Google Earth/ Field Study

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## 3.1.7 Site Connectivity:

The site is connected to (SH17A Hosur-Denkanikottai road) – 2.88km, W



Figure 3.1: Site Connectivity

## 3.2 LAND USE ANALYSIS

## 3.2.1 Land Use Classification

Land Use / Land Cover - Land Use refers to man's activity and the various uses, which are carried on land. Land Cover refers to natural vegetation, water bodies, rock/soil, artificial cover and others, resulting due to land transformation. The present Land Use/Land Classification map is developed with following objectives. The main objective of the study is to classify the different land use within 10 km from the project boundary.

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## 3.2.2 *Methodology*

Information of land use and land cover is important for many planning and management activities concerning the surface of the earth (Agarwal and Garg, 2000). Land use refers to man's activities on land, which are directly related to land (Anderson et al., 1976). The land use and the land cover determine the infiltration capacity. Barren surfaces are poor retainers of water as compared to grasslands and forests, which not only hold water for longer periods on the surface, but at the same time allow it to percolate down.

The terms 'land use' and 'land cover' (LULC) are often used to describe maps that provide information about the types of features found on the earth's surface (land cover) and the human activity that is associated with them (land use). Satellite remote sensing is being used for determining different types of land use classes as it provides a means of assessing a large area with limited time and resources. However, satellite images do not record land cover details directly and they are measured based on the solar energy reflected from each area on the land. The amount of multi spectral energy in multi wavelengths depends on the type of material at the earth's surface and the objective is to associate particular land cover with each of these reflected energies, which is achieved using either visual or digital interpretation. In the present study the task is to study in detail the land use and land cover in and around the project site. The study envisages different LULC around the proposed project area and the procedure adopted is as below.

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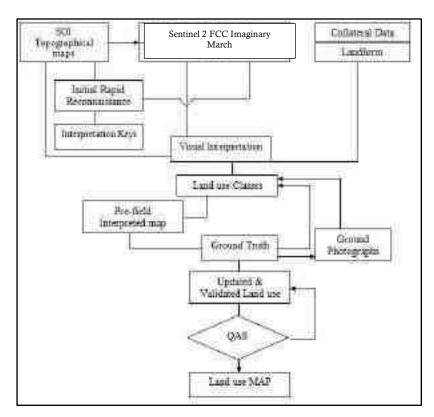


Figure 3.2 Flow Chart showing Methodology of Land use mapping

#### 3.2.3 Satellite Data

Sentinal 2 multispectral satellite data of 2020 was utilized for the present study. Details of satellite data is given below. The rectification of imagery was carried out on to bring the digital data on the earth coordinate system by means of ground control point (GCP) assignments/SOI topo sheets.

## 3.2.4 Scale of mapping

Considering the user defined scale of mapping, 1:50000 Sentinal 2 data was used for Land use / Land cover mapping of 10 km radius for proposed site. The description of the land use categories for 10 km radius and the statistics are given for 10 km radius.

## 3.2.5 Interpretation Technique

Standard on screen visual interpretation procedure was followed. The various Land use / Land cover classes interpreted along with the SOI topographical maps during the initial rapid reconnaissance of the

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study area. The physiognomic expressions conceived by image elements of color, tone, texture, size, shape, pattern, shadow, location and associated features are used to interpret the FCC imagery. Image interpretation keys were developed for each of the LU/LC classes in terms of image elements.

June 2016 FCC imagery (Digital data) of the study area was interpreted for the relevant land use classes. On screen visual interpretation coupled with supervised image classification techniques are used to prepare the land use classification.

- 1. Digitization of the study area (10 km radius from the proposed site) from the topo maps
- 2. In the present study the sentinal satellite image and SOI topo sheets of 58J/10, 58J/11, 58J/14, 58J/15 have been procured and interpreted using the ERDAS imaging and ARC-GIS software adopting the necessary interpretation techniques.
- 3. Satellite data interpretation and vectorization of the resulting units
- 4. Adopting the available guidelines from manual of LULC mapping using Satellite imagery (NRSA, 1989)
- 5. Field checking and ground truth validation
- 6. Composition of final LULC map

The LULC Classification has been done at three levels where level -1 being the broad classification about the land covers that is Built-up land, agriculture land, waste land, wet lands, and water bodies. These are followed by level –II where built-up land is divided into towns/cities as well villages. The Agriculture land is divided into different classes such as cropland, Fallow, Plantation, while wastelands are broadly divided into, Land with scrub and without Scrub and Mining and Industrial wasteland. The wetlands are classified into inland wetlands, coastal wetlands and islands. The water bodies are classified further into River/stream, Canal, Tanks and bay. In the present study level II classification has been undertaken. The SOI Topo map is presented in Annexure and Satellite imagery of 10 km radius from the project site is presented Annexure

#### 3.2.6 Field Verification

Field verification involved collection, verification and record of the different surface features that create specific spectral signatures / image expressions on FCC. In the study area, doubtful areas identified in course of interpretation of imagery is systematically listed and transferred on to the corresponding SOI topographical maps for ground verification. In addition to these, traverse routes were

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planned with reference to SOI topographical maps to verify interpreted LU/LC classes in such a manner that all the different classes are covered by at least 5 sampling areas, evenly distributed in the area. Ground truth details involving LU/LC classes and other ancillary information about crop growth stage, exposed soils, landform, nature and type of land degradation are recorded and the different land use classes are taken the Land use map is presented in Annexure

# 3.2.7 Description of the Land Use / land cover classes

#### 3.2.7.1 Water

Areas where water was predominantly present throughout the year; may not cover areas with sporadic or ephemeral water; contains little to no sparse vegetation, no rock outcrop nor built up features like docks; examples: rivers, ponds, lakes, oceans, flooded salt plains.

#### 3.2.7.2 Trees

Any significant clustering of tall (~15-m or higher) dense vegetation, typically with a closed or dense canopy; examples: wooded vegetation, clusters of dense tall vegetation within savannas, plantations, swamp or mangroves (dense/tall vegetation with ephemeral water or canopy too thick to detect water underneath).

#### 3.2.7.3 Grass

Open areas covered in homogenous grasses with little to no taller vegetation; wild cereals and grasses with no obvious human plotting (i.e., not a plotted field); examples: natural meadows and fields with sparse to no tree cover, open savanna with few to no trees, parks/golf courses/lawns, pastures.

#### 3.2.7.4 Flooded vegetation

Mix of small clusters of plants or single plants dispersed on a landscape that shows exposed soil or rock; scrub-filled clearings within dense forests that are clearly not taller than trees; examples: moderate to

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sparse cover of bushes, shrubs and tufts of grass, savannas with very sparse grasses, trees or other plants.

# 3.2.7.5 Crops

Human planted/plotted cereals, grasses, and crops not at tree height; examples: corn, wheat, soy, fallow plots of structured land.

#### 3.2.7.6 Scrub/Shrub

Mix of small clusters of plants or single plants dispersed on a landscape that shows exposed soil or rock; scrub-filled clearings within dense forests that are clearly not taller than trees; examples: moderate to sparse cover of bushes, shrubs and tufts of grass, savannas with very sparse grasses, trees or other plants

#### 3.2.7.7 Built Area

Human made structures; major road and rail networks; large homogenous impervious surfaces including parking structures, office buildings and residential housing; examples: houses, dense villages / towns / cities, paved roads, asphalt.

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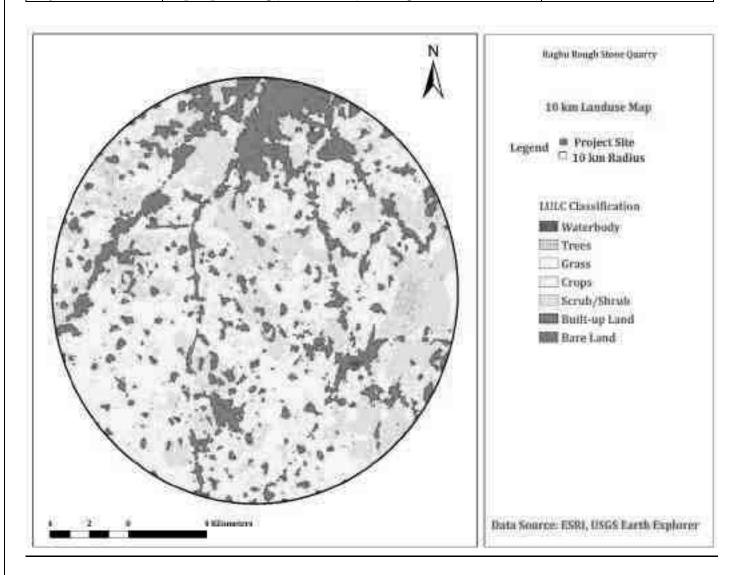


Figure 3.3 Land use classes around 10 km radius from the project site

# 3.2.7.8 Different Land use classes around 10 km radius from the project site

Table 3-3 Land use pattern

Sl.No	Categories	Area in Sq.m
1	Water Body	0.33
2	Trees	3.14
3	Grass	0.69
4	Crops	168.18
5	Scrub/Shrub	80.5
6	Built-up Area	66.85

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7	Barren Land	0.16

## 3.3 WATER ENVIRONMENT

#### 3.3.1 Contour & Drainage

The project site is 840 m AMSL.

#### 3.3.2 Geomorphology

The prominent geomorphic units identified in the district through interpretation of satellite imagery are structural hills in the southwestern part of the district, denudational land forms like buried pediments in the plains and inselbergs and plateaus represented by conical hills aligned with major lineaments. Krishnagiri district forms part of the upland plateau region with many hill ranges and undulating plains. The western part of the district has hill ranges of Mysore plateau with a chain of undulating hills and deep valleys extending in NNE-SSW direction. The plains of the district have an average elevation of 488 m amsl. The plateau region along the western boundary and the northwestern part of the district has an average elevation of 914 m amsl. The Guthrayan Durg with an elevation of 1395 m amsl is the highest peak in the district.

#### Soils

Soils have been classified into Black soil, mixed soil, red loamy soil, gravelly and sandy soils. Red loamy and sandy soils are predominant in Hosur taluk. Vast stretches of loam soils and black soils occur in Krishnagiri district.

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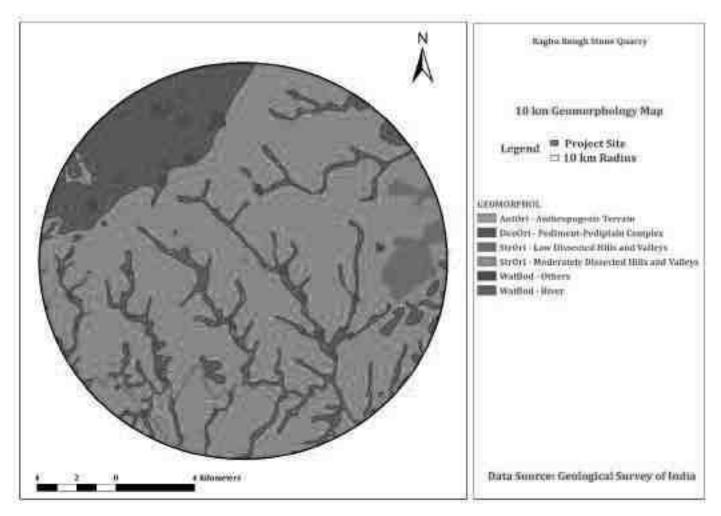


Figure 3.4 Geomorphology within 10km from the project site

# 3.3.3 Geology:

The geological formations of the district belong mainly to Archaean age along with rock of Proterozoic age. The former is rerpresented by Khondalite Group of rocks, Charnockite Group of rocks, Migmatites Complex, Sathyamangalam Group of rocks, while the latter is represented by Alkaline rocks. The Khondalite Group includes garnet sillimanite gneiss and quartzite which occur as small patches. The migmatite complex includes garnet ferrous quartzofeldspathic gneiss and horn blends biotite gneiss, the former exposed on the western part of the district. The Sathyamangalam Group includes fuchsite quartzite, sillimanite mica schist and amphibolites. The Bhavani Group in this area includes fissile hornblende-biotite gneiss, granitoid gneiss and pink migmatite. Amphibolites with barbed ferruginous

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quartzite and associated quartzo-feldspathic rocks (Champion Gneiss) represent the Kolar group and are found west and southwest of Veppanapalli. Following this there are basic intrusions occurring as dykes. The Charnockite Group occupies a major part of the south-west portion of this district with small bands of garnetiferous quartzo-feldspathicgneiss, Granite gneiss and dolerite dykes. The North-East andNorthernpartof the District mainly consist of granite gneiss with small patches of Pink Migmatite, hornblende-biotite gneiss and dolerite dykes. The Eastern part of the district consists of Epidote-Hornblende Gneiss, Ultra Mafics, Syenite and Carbonatite.

The Alkaline Complex is represented by epidote-horn blende gneiss, ultramafics, syenite and carbonatite and these are distributed in the eastern part of the district. Innumerable basic dykes and felsites, quartz, barites and pegmatite veins form part of the Alkali Complex.

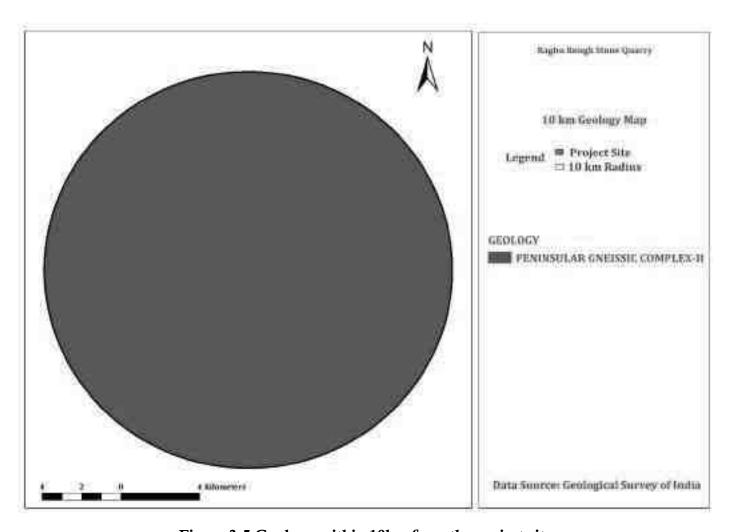


Figure 3.5 Geology within 10km from the project site

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#### 3.3.4 Hydrogeology

Krishnagiri district is underlained by Archaean crystalline formations with Recent alluvial deposits of limited areal extent and thickness along the courses of major rivers (Plate-II). The occurrence and movement of ground water are controlled by various factors such as physiography, climate, geology and structural features. Weathered, and fractured crystalline rocks constitute the important aquifer systems in the district.

Ground water generally occurs under phreatic conditions in the weathered mantle and under semi-confined conditions in the fractured zones at deeper levels. The thickness of weathered zones in the district ranges from less than a meter to more than 15 m. The yield of large diameter dug wells in the district, tapping the weathered mantle of crystalline rocks ranges from 100 to 500 lpm. These wells normally sustain in pumping for 2 to 6 hours per day, depending upon the local topography and characteristics of the weathered mantle.

The depth to water level (DTW) during pre monsoon (May 2006) ranged between 0.5 and 9.9 m bgl (Plate-III) in the district. In major part of the district the DTW is more than 5mbgl. Whereas it ranged between 2 and 9.9 m bgl (Plate-IV) during post monsoon, in the district and the DTW is in the range of 5 - 10 m bgl in the entire district except a few isolated pockets.

The yield of successful exploratory wells drilled in the district ranged from 0.78 lps to 26 lps. As per the studies the wells drilled in granitic gneiss have higher yields than the wells drilled in charnockites. The specific capacity of the wells ranged from 1.2 to 118.0 lpm/m/dd. The piezometric head of fracture zones varied between 0.50 and 18.45 m bgl.

# **Aquifer Parameters:**

The transmissivity values of fracture zones ranged from 1 to 188 m<sup>2</sup> /day with low to very low permeability values.

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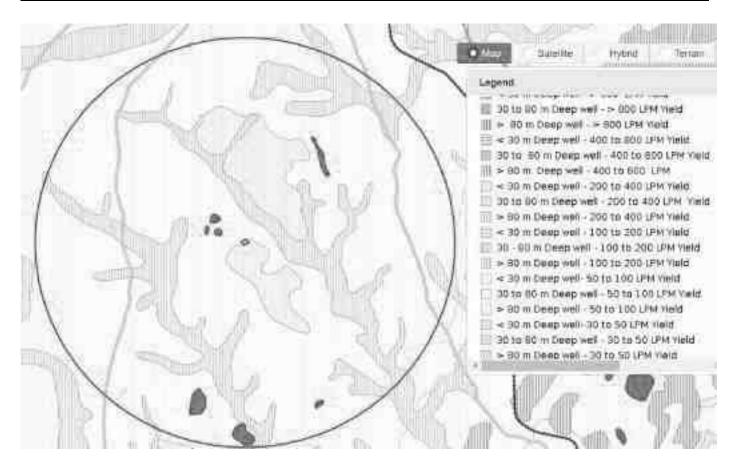


Figure 3.6 Ground water prospects within 5 km radius of the project site

# 3.3.5 Ground water quality monitoring

Ground water quality monitoring is done in the following locations and analysis will be done for physical, chemical & Biological parameters.

**Table 3-4 Ground water Quality Analysis** 

Environmental Parameters: Ground water Quality Analysis		
Monitoring Period	January to March 2023	
Design Criteria	Based on the Environmental settings in the study area	
Monitoring Locations	Project Site -GW 1	
	Pups Barandur school -GW2	
	Pattalama Temple - GW 3	
	Poonapalli Govt Primary school - GW 4	
	Anjaneya Temple - GW 5	

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Methodology	Water Samples were collected in 5 Litre fresh cans as per I				
	3025 Part I and transported to the laboratory in Iceboxes				
Frequency of Monitoring	Once in a season				

## **3.3.5.1 Sampling Procedure**

Quality of ground water was compared with IS: 10500: 1991 (Reaffirmed 1993 With Amendment NO -3 July 2010) for drinking purposes. Water samples were collected as Grab sample from five sampling locations in a 5-liter plastic jerry can and 250 ml sterilized clean glass/pet bottle for complete physico-chemical and bacteriological tests respectively. The samples were analyzed as per standard procedure / method given in IS: 3025 (Revised Part) and standard method for examination of water and wastewater Ed. 21st, published jointly by APHA.

**Table 3-5: Standard Procedure** 

S. No	Parameters	Test Method
1	pH (at 25°C)	IS:3025(P -11)1983 RA: 2012
2	Electrical Conductivity	IS:3025(P -14) 2013
3	Colour	IS:3025 (P -4)1983 RA: 2012
4	Turbidity	IS:3025(P -10)1984 RA: 2012
5	Total Dissolved Solids	APHA 22 <sup>nd</sup> Edn.2012-2540-C
6	Total Suspended Solids	IS:3025(P-17)-1984 RA:2012
7	Total Hardness as CaCO <sub>3</sub>	APHA 22 <sup>nd</sup> Edn.2012-2340-C
8	Calcium as Ca	APHA 22 <sup>nd</sup> Edn2012.3500 Ca-B
9	Magnesium as Mg	APHA 22 <sup>nd</sup> Edn.2012-3500 Mg-B
10	Chloride as Cl	IS:3025(P -32)-1988 RA: 2014
11	Sulphate as SO <sub>4</sub>	APHA 22 <sup>nd</sup> Edn.2012-4500 SO <sub>4</sub> -E
12	Total Alkalinity as CaCO <sub>3</sub>	APHA 22 <sup>nd</sup> Edn.2012-2320-B
13	Iron as Fe	IS:3025(P -53):2003 RA: 2014
14	Silica as SiO <sub>2</sub>	IS:3025(P -35)1988 RA: 2014
15	Fluoride as F	APHA 22 <sup>nd</sup> Edn.2012-4500-F-D
16	Nitrate as NO <sub>3</sub>	IS:3025(P -34):1988 RA: 2014
17	Sodium as Na	IS:3025(P -45):1993 RA: 2014
18	Potassium as K	IS:3025(P -45):1993 RA: 2014
19	Coliform	IS:1622:1981:RA:2014
20	E.coli	IS:1622:1981:RA:2014

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Table 3-6 Ground water sampling results

S. No	Parameters	Units	Project Site - GW 1	Pups Barandur school GW 2	Pattalama Temple GW 3	Poonapalli Govt Primary school GW 4	Anjaneya Temple GW 5
1	pH (at 25°C)	-	7.04	7.82	6.98	7.75	7.28
2	Electrical Conductivity	μS/cm	884	1377	1773	645	1339
3	Colour	Hazen Unit	1	2	3	2	2
4	Turbidity	NTU	BQL(LOQ: 1)	BQL(LOQ:1	BQL(LOQ:1)	BQL(LOQ:1	BQL(LOQ: 1)
5	Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	505	912	975	355	832
6	Total Suspended Solids	mg/L BQL(LOQ: BQL(LOQ:2)		BQL(LOQ:2:2)		BQL(LOQ:	
7	Total Hardness as CaCO₃	mg/L	275	566	634	236	461
8	Calcium as Ca	mg/L	85	85 147		61.5	108
9	Magnesium as Mg	mg/L	15.2	48.1	57.5	20.1	46.2
10	Chloride as Cl	mg/L	33.3	90	286	60.6	153
11	Sulphate as SO <sub>4</sub>	mg/L	103	303	170	38.6	187
12	Total Alkalinity as CaCO <sub>3</sub>	mg/L	345	311	299	234	261
13	Iron as Fe	mg/L	BQL(LOQ: 0.1)	BQL(LOQ:0 .1)	BQL(LOQ :0.1)	BQL(LOQ:0 .1)	BQL(LOQ: 0.1)
14	Silica as SiO <sub>2</sub>	mg/L	16.3	15.1	20.7	14.4	15.9
15	Potassium as K	mg/L	2.1	6.2	15.2	3.9	8.5
16	Sodium as Na	mg/L	30.1	80.4	221	55.8	115

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#### 3.3.6 *Interpretation of results:*

#### 3.3.6.1 Physical parameters of water:

The basic physical parameters of water include

#### Colour:

Value observed in Project Site (True/Apparent Color): 1 Hazen unit.

Acceptable and permissible limits: 5 Hazen units and 15 Hazen units respectively. The value in the project site is as same as the acceptable limits prescribed by IS 10500: 2012 (referred as "*Standards*" from herein).

#### pH:

Value observed in the Project Site: 7.04

Acceptable and permissible limits: 6.5-8.5. The pH value is the measure of acid – base equilibrium. The value of pH in the project site clearly indicates that water is slightly neutral in nature.

## Turbidity:

Value observed in the Project Site: <1

Acceptable and permissible limits: 1 NTU & 5 NTU respectively. The value of turbidity generally indicates the presence of phytoplanktons and other sediments. The value in the project site indicates the water is slightly turbid.

#### **Total Dissolved Solids:**

Value observed in the Project Site: 505 mg/L.

Acceptable and permissible limits: 500 mg/L and 2000 mg/L respectively.

The TDS is the presence of the inorganic salts and small amounts of organic matter present in the water. This is mainly due to the result of surface runoff as the cations and anions in the top soil is carried away by the water. The value in the project site indicates the water is less turbid.

#### 3.3.6.2 Chemical parameters of water:

The chemical parameters of the drinking water include,

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#### Calcium:

Value observed in the Project Site: 85 mg/L.

Acceptable and permissible limits: 75mg/L and 200 mg/L respectively.

Calcium is the essential macronutrient. The value of the calcium is within the prescribed permissible standards. The higher level of calcium may cause hardening in domestic equipment and will also reduce the detergent efficiency. Higher levels of calcium will lead to constipation, gas, and bloating. Apart from that, extra calcium may also increase the risk of kidney stones. If the calcium deposit in blood is high, it may lead to hypercalcemia.

# Magnesium:

Value observed in the Project Site: 15.2 mg/L.

Acceptable and permissible limits: 30 mg/L and 100 mg/L respectively.

The value of Magnesium in the project site is higher than acceptable limit and less than the permissible limit. The increase in the level of magnesium will cause diarrhea and vomiting in children.

#### Chloride

Value observed in the project site: 33.3 mg/L.

Acceptable and permissible limits: 250 mg/L and 1000 mg/L respectively.

The chloride level in the project site is within the acceptable and permissible limit. If the level of chloride is more, it may cause galvanic and pitting corrosion, increases level of metals. It imparts bitter taste to the water.

# Total Alkalinity as CaCO<sub>3</sub>:

Value observed in the project site: 345 mg/L.

Acceptable and permissible limits: 200 mg/L and 600 mg/L respectively.

Total Alkalinity is the measure of the concentration of all alkaline substances dissolved in the water which includes carbonates, bicarbonates and hydroxides. The value of the total alkalinity is slightly greater in the project site, which will impart soda taste to the water.

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#### Hardness:

Value observed in the Project Site: 275 mg/L.

Acceptable and permissible limits:200 mg/L and 600 mg/L respectively.

The value of Hardness in the project site is higher than acceptable limit but within the permissible limit. The increase in the level of hardness may cause corrosion and scaling problems, increased soap consumption and it also contributes to the salty taste of water.

# 3.3.7 Surface Water Analysis

Surface water samples were taken from **Devaganapalli Lake** . The results are summarized below.

**Table 3-7 Surface Water Sample Results** 

S.	Parameters	Units	Devaganapalli
No			Lake
1	pH (at 25°C)	-	7.03
2	Electrical Conductivity	μS/cm	204
3	Colour	Hazen Unit	25.2
4	Turbidity	NTU	9
5	Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	122
6	Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	14
7	Total Hardness as CaCO <sub>3</sub>	mg/L	67.3
8	Calcium as Ca	mg/L	21.8
9	Magnesium as Mg	mg/L	3.11
10	Chloride as Cl	mg/L	25.4
11	Sulphate as SO <sub>4</sub>	mg/L	19.3
12	Total Alkalinity as CaCO <sub>3</sub>	mg/L	56.6
13	Iron as Fe	mg/L	1.06
14	Silica as SiO <sub>2</sub>	mg/L	2.28
15	Potassium as K	mg/L	1.2
16	Sodium as Na	mg/L	20.5
17	BOD	mg/L	8.5
18	COD	mg/L	40.3
19	DO	mg/L	5.64

**Inference:** The surface water quality is compared with the CPCB Water Quality Criteria against A, B, C, D & E class of water. From the test result, it is found that the both the water does not fit Class A

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(Drinking Water Source without conventional treatment but after disinfection). But they can be used for outdoor bathing as it meets the requirements shown for class B water.

## 3.3.7.1 Climatology & Meteorology:

Climate and meteorology of a place can play an important role in the implementation of any developmental project. Meteorology is also the key to understand local air quality as there is an essential relationship between meteorology and atmospheric dispersion involving wind in the broadest sense of the term.

The year may broadly be divided into four seasons:

Winter season : December to February

Pre-monsoon season : March to May

Monsoon season : June to September

Post-monsoon season : October to November

#### i) Climate

Eastern part of the district experiences hot climate and Western part has a contrasting pleasant cold climate. The district is hot and dry in summer i.e., from March to June. From July to November is rainy season and between December to February winter prevails with very cold and misty.

## ii) Temperature

The maximum temperature is around 36°C and minimum temperature is 28°C.

#### iii) Rainfall

Krishnagiri receives rainfall from both the northeast and the southwest monsoons. Monsoon season is from the months of July to November. During this time, temperature is mild and pleasant. Heavy rainfall is expected in short intervals during this period. December to February are winter months.

This district gets maximum rainfall in November (274.7mm).

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## KRISHNAGIRI DISTRICT -NORMAL AND ACTUAL RAINFALL

Unit in mm.

Year	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
	R/F	R/F	R/F	R/F	R/F	R/F	R/F	R/F	R/F	R/F	R/F	R/F
2017	5.7	0	48.7	37.9	198.6	19.1	24.6	189.7	291.7	219	54.5	56.2
2018	0	1.3	34.9	14.4	114.5	41.1	10.5	18.5	152.1	85.2	33.2	4.8
2019	13.2	1.2	4.5	47.2	96.5	33.6	34.6	94.7	138.6	177.7	48.7	39.5
2020	0.3	0	6.9	61.7	57.9	59	147.2	66.8	142.1	142	77	42.6
2021	40.1	5.8	0	46.6	75.7	32.4	137.7	70.2	134.9	140.4	282.6	19.1

Source: District survey report

# Meterological Data

The meteorological data – Temperature, rainfall, Wind Speed, Wind direction are recorded through AWS by setting it up in the site.

# vi) Wind Rose Diagram

The wind rose denotes a class of diagrams designed to display the distribution of wind direction at a given location over a period of time. Wind roses are also useful as they project a large quantity of data in a simple graphical plot.

The wind speed & wind direction data are taken and wind rose is plotted for January to March 2023.

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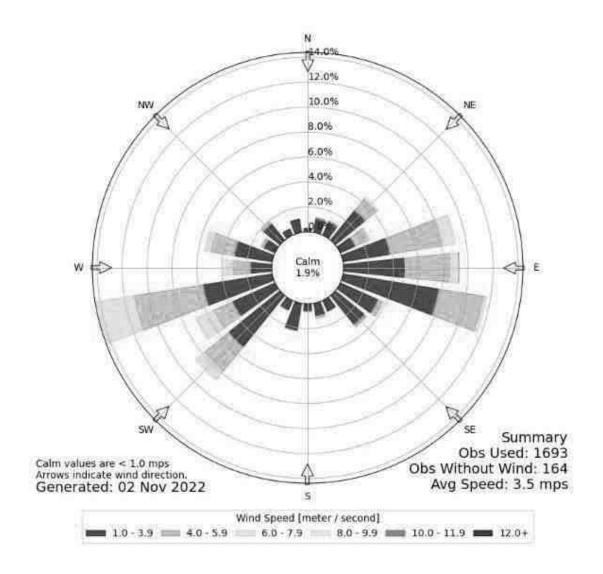


Figure 3.7 Wind rose

# 3.3.8 Selection of Sampling Locations:

Four Monitoring locations along with the project site is selected based on Wind Direction & Wind Speed. All the monitoring locations are chosen in the downwind direction.

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# 3.4 AMBIENT AIR QUALITY

**Table 3-8: Selection of Sampling Location** 

Environmental Parameters: Ambient Air							
Monitoring Period	January 2023 to March 2023						
Design Criteria	The monitoring stations are se	elected based	on factors like				
	topography/terrain, prevailing n	neteorological	conditions like				
	predominant wind direction (Januar	ry 2023 to Mar	rch 2023), etc, play				
	a vital role in the selection of air sa	ampling station	ns. Based on these				
	criteria, 5 air sampling station wer	e selected in t	the area as shown				
	below.						
Monitoring Locations	Location & Code	Distance	Direction				
		(km)					
	Project Site						
	Pups Barandur school	1.66Km	Upwind WSW				
	Pattalama Temple	Pattalama Temple					
	2.86 Km EN						
	Poonapalli Govt Primary school	7.11 Km	Crosswind				
		7.11 KIII	NNW				
	Anjaneya Temple	6.70 Km	Crosswind SSE				
Methodology	Respirable Particulate Matter (PM	10) - Gravime	tric (IS 5182: Part				
	23:2006)						
	Particulate Matter PM2.5 - Gravim	etric (Fine part	ticulate matter)				
	Sulphur Dioxide - Calorimetric (West & Gaeke Method) (IS 5182: Part 02: 2001) Nitrogen Dioxide - Calorimetric (Modified Jacob & Hocheiser Method) (IS 5182: Part 06:2006)						
Frequency of Monitoring	2 days in a week, 4 weeks in a month	th for 3 month	s in a season.				

# 3.4.1 Ambient Air Quality: Results & Discussion

The test results of the ambient air quality monitored in project site and other four locations is summarized below.

Project	Rough stone Quarry- 4.24.0 Ha by Thiru.S.Marimuthu	Draft EIA Report
Project Proponent	Thiru.S.Marimuthu	
Project Location	Kottaiyur Village, Virudhunagar Taluk, Virudhunagar District	

# Table 3-9 Ambient Air Quality

٥	الر		PM 2	10 (μg/	/m³)		PM 2	.5 (μg	/m³)		SO	2 (μg/	′m³)		NOx	(μg/1	n <sup>3</sup> )
Code	Location	Min	Max	Avg	98 percentile	Min	Max	Avg	98 percentile	Min	Max	Avg	98 percentile	Min	Max	Avg	98 percentile
AAQ 1	Project Site	48	59	55	59	20	28	25	28	9	16	13	16	16	29	22	29
AAQ 2	Pups Barandur school	39	53	45	52	15	22	19	22	5	9	7	9	10	19	15	19
AAQ 3	Pattalama Temple	54	66	60	65	25	34	29	33	13	21	16	21	22	37	29	37
AAQ 4	Poonapalli Govt Primary school	54	64	58	63	22	32	26	31	11	20	15	20	21	34	26	33
AAQ 5	Anjaneya Temple	44	56	51	56	18	26	22	26	6	12	9	12	13	25	18	25
NAAQ Standards - Residential Area		100 (µ	ıg/m³	)		60(µg	/m <sup>3</sup> )			80 (	ug/m³	)		80 (με	g/m <sup>3</sup> )		

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Project Location	Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District	

# 3.4.2 Interpretation of ambient air quality:

To assess the impact, AAQ were monitored in project site and four locations.

#### **Observation:**

The Maximum value of PM10 (  $66(\mu g/m^3)$ , PM 2.5 ( $34 (\mu g/m^3)$ , SOx (  $20(\mu g/m^3)$ , NOx (  $37(\mu g/m^3)$  is observed in different places.

#### Inference:

The monitoring results for PM10, PM2.5, Sox, NOx was found to be high in Pattalama Temple which is due to the movement of vehicles .

The observed values are all well within the Standards prescribed by NAAQ.

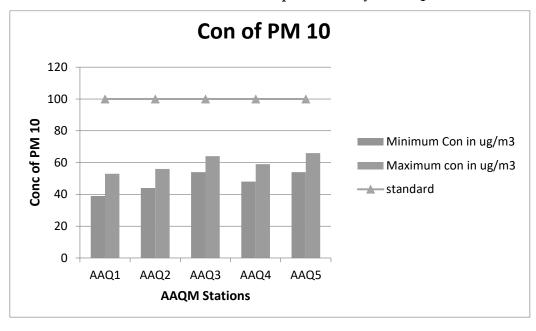


Figure 3.8 Concentration of PM10 (μg/m³) in Study Area

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Project Location	Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District	

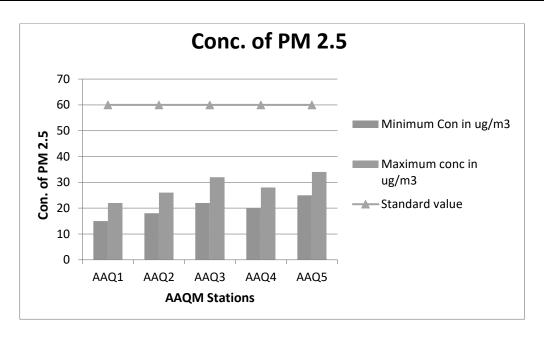


Figure 3.9 Concentration of PM2.5 (µg/m³) in Study Area

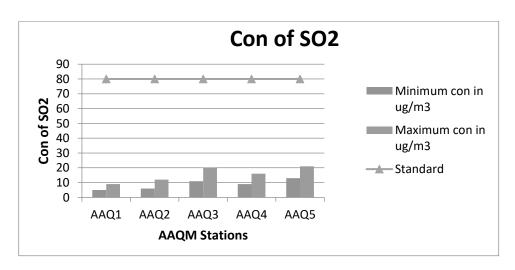


Figure 3.10 Concentration of SOx (µg/m³) in Study Area

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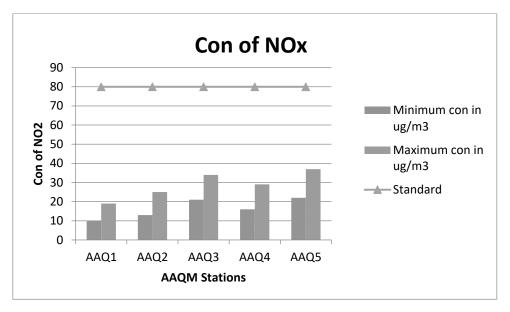


Figure 3.11 Concentration of NOx (µg/m3) in Study Area

# 3.5 **NOISE ENVIRONMENT:**

Table 3-10 Noise Analysis

Environmental Parameters: Noise Analysis					
Monitoring Period	January to March 2023				
Design Criteria	Based on the Sensitivity of the area				
Monitoring Locations	Project Site – N 1 Pups Barandur school-N2 Pattalama Temple-N3 Poonapalli Govt Primary school-N4 Anjaneya Temple-N5				
Methodology	Noise level measurements were taken at the selected locations using noise level meter both during day and night time. Noise level measurements were taken continuously for 24 hours at hourly intervals				
Frequency of Monitoring	Noise samples were collected from 5 locations - Once in a season				

Ambient Noise Levels are monitored in the chosen 5 Locations including the project Site and the monitoring results are summarized below

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# 3.5.1 Day Noise Level (Leq day)

Table 3-11 Day Noise Level (Leq day)

Location	Leq	Leq day in dB(A)					
Location	Max	Min	Average				
Project Site	56	46	52				
Pups Barandur school	60	46	55				
Pattalama Temple	65	50	60				
Poonapalli Govt Primary school	63	51	58				
Anjaneya Temple	53	42	49				

# 3.5.2 Night Noise Level (Leq Night)

Table 3-12 Night Noise Level (Leq Night)

	Leq Night in dB(A)			
Location	Max	Min	Average	
Project Site	44	37	41	
Pups Barandur school	44	36	40	
Pattalama Temple	49	41	46	
Poonapalli Govt Primary school	48	39	44	
Anjaneya Temple	44	36	39	

#### Observation:

The maximum Day noise and Night noise were found to be 65 dB(A) and 49 dB(A) respectively in Pattalama temple. The minimum Day Noise and Night noise were 42 dB (A) and 36 dB(A) respectively which was observed in Anjaneya Temple. The observed values are all well within the Standards prescribed by CPCB.

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#### 3.6 SOIL ENVIRONMENT

Soil environment is studied for 10 km radius from the project site. The 5 km radius image shows that the soil is not affected by any kind of erosion.

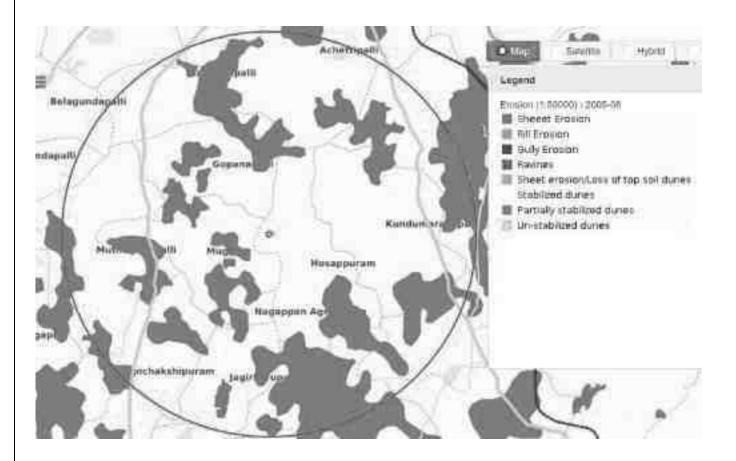


Figure 3.12 Soil Erosion pattern within 5 km radius of the project site

## 3.6.1 Baseline Data:

The present study of the soil quality establishes the baseline characteristics which will help in future in identifying the incremental concentrations if any, due to the operation Phase of the proposed project. The sampling locations have been identified with the following objectives:

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- To determine the impact of proposed project on soil characteristics and
- To determine the impact on soils more importantly from agricultural productivity point of view.

Table 3-13 Soil Quality Analysis

Environmental Parameters: Soil Quality Analysis			
Monitoring Period	January to March 2023		
Design Criteria	Based on the environmental settings of the study area		
Monitoring Locations	Project Site – SQ 1		
	Pups Barandur school -SQ 2		
	Pattalama Temple –SQ 3		
	Poonapalli Govt Primary school - SQ 4		
	Anjaneya Temple - SQ 5		
Methodology	Composite soil samples using sampling augers and field capacity		
	apparatus		
Frequency of Monitoring	ng Soil samples were collected from 5 locations Once in a season		

To assess the soil quality of the study area, 5 monitoring stations were selected and the results are summarized below.

**Table 3-14 Soil Quality Analysis** 

Parameters	Unit	Project Site SQ 1	Pups Barandur school SQ 2	Pattalama Temple SQ 3	Poonapalli Govt Primary school SQ	Anjaneya Temple -SQ5
pH (at 25°C)	-	8.32	7.79	4.7	7.75	6.49
Specific Electrical Conductivity	mS/cm	0.13	0.32	0.27	0.52	0.09

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Water Holding	m1/1	8.9	10.1	10.5	7.9	9.5
Capacity						
Chloride	g/cm <sup>3</sup>	110	51.3	68.9	107	185
Soluble Calcium	mg/kg	81.2	86.8	97.6	98.9	98.1
Soluble Sodium	mg/kg	959	857	517	841	1449
Soluble	m ~ /1-~					
Potassium	mg/kg	1064	977	343	862	1654
Organic matter	%	1.25	0.89	0.59	0.75	0.89
Soluble	/1					
Magnesium	mg/kg	15.4	23.6	29.2	21.5	55.6
Total Soluble	%					
Sulphates	70	145	168	91.5	141	245
Cation						
Exchange	mg/kg					
Capacity		11.5	12.9	10.4	11.2	14.2
Total Nitrogen	%	0.405	0.385	0.352	0.41	0.415
Bulk Density	meq/100g	1.34	1.05	1.18	1.24	1.13
Phosphorous	meq/kg	685	486	385	628	542
Sand	%	62	54	57	52	58
Clay	mg/kg	9	7	6	3	8
Silt	mg/kg	29	39	37	45	34
SAR	mg/kg	27.3	22.9	12.9	21.4	33.3
Silicon	%	0.98	0.85	0.95	0.92	0.91

# 3.6.1.1 Physical Properties:

Regular cultivation practices increase the bulk density of soils thus inducing compaction. This results in reduction in water percolation rate and penetration of roots through soils. The soils with low bulk density have favorable physical conditions whereas those with high bulk density exhibit poor physical conditions for agriculture crops. The bulk density of the soil in the study area ranged between

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1.05 to 1.34 meq/100g which indicates favorable physical condition for plant growth. The water holding capacity was found in the range of 7.9 ml/l to 10.50 ml/l.

# 3.6.1.2 Chemical Properties:

Chemical characteristics of soils include pH, exchangeable cations and fertility status in the form of NPK values and organic matter. The value of the pH ranges from 4.7 to 8.32, which it indicates majority of pH of the soil is slightly alkaline. The soil in the project site is sodic in nature, which challenges because they tend to have very poor structure which limits or prevents water infiltration and drainage. The organic matter varies from 0.59 to 1.25 %, which indicates the soil is slightly unfertile.

#### 3.7 ECOLOGY AND BIODIVERSITY

Ecology and Biodiversity is studied for 10 km radius around the project site. Project site and 2 km around the project site is considered as core zone and from 2 km to 10 km radius, it is considered as buffer zone.

- Primary field survey is carried out for the assessment of flora and fauna in the core zone
- Secondary data from Journals/Literature were studied and compiled to understand the species present in the buffer zone

#### 3.7.1 Methods available for floral analysis:

# 3.7.1.1 Plot Sampling Methods

- ➤ Quadrat 2D shape (e.g. square or rectangle, or other shape) used as a sampling unit
- > Transect
  - Line transects feature only a length dimension, usually defined by a tape stretched across the area to be sampled.
  - o Belt transects have a width as well as length.
  - Pace-transects are established when the observer strides along an imaginary line across the sample site and uses their foot placement to determine specific sampling points.

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## 3.7.1.2 Plot less Sampling Methods

- ➤ Closest individual method Distance is measured from each random point to the nearest individual.
- Nearest neighbour method Distance is measured from an individual to its nearest neighbour.
- Random pairs method Distance is measured from one individual to another on the opposite side of the sample point.
- ➤ Point-centered quarter (PCQ) method Distance is measured from the sampling point to the nearest individual in each quadrat.

# 3.7.2 Field study & Methodology adopted:

To assess the suitability of the methodology, random field survey was done. Field survey was conducted around 2 km radius from the project site and five locations were chosen based on the species density. Quadrat method is chosen for the proposed study as compared to other sampling methods, because they are relatively simple to use. Quadrat plots are uniform in size and shape and distributed randomly throughout the sample area, which makes the study design straightforward. They are also one of the most affordable techniques because they require very few materials.

#### 3.7.3 Study outcome:

Phyto-sociological parameters, such as *Density*, *Frequency*, *Basal Area*, *Abundance and Importance Value Index* of individual species (Trees) were determined in randomly placed quadrate of different sizes in the study area. Relative frequency, relative basal area and relative density were calculated and the sum of these three represented Importance Value Index (IVI) for various species. For shrubs, herbs and grasses, *Density*, *Frequency*, *Relative Density* & *Relative Frequency were found*.

Sample plots were selected in such a way to get maximum representation of different types of vegetation and plots were laid out in different part of the study area of 2 km radius. Analysis of the vegetation will help in determining the relative importance of each species in the study area and to reveal if any economically valuable species is threatened in the process.

<u>Table 3-15 Calculation of Density, Frequency (%), Dominance, Relative Density, Relative</u>
Frequency, Relative Dominance & Important Value Index

Parameters	Formula
Density	Total No. of individuals of species/ Total No. of Quadrats used in sampling

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Frequency (%)	(Total No. of Quadrats in which species occur/ Total No. of Quadrats studied) * 100
Dominance	Total Basal Area /Total area sampled
Abundance	Total No. of individuals of species/ No. of Quadrats in which they occur
Relative Density	(Total No. of individuals of species/Sum of all individuals of all species) * 100
Relative Frequency	(Total No. of Quadrats in which species occur/ Total No. of Quadrats occupied by all
	species) * 100
Relative Dominance	Dominance of a given species/Total Dominance of all species
Important Value Index	Relative Density + Relative Frequency + Relative Dominance

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# Table 3-16 Tree Species in the core Zone

S. No.	Scientific Name	Local Name	Total No. of species	Total of Quadrants with species	Total No. of Quadrants	Density	Frequency (%)	Abundance	Dominance	Relative Density	Relative Frequency	Relative Dominance	IVI	IUCN Conservation Status
1	Ficus Carica	Athi Maram	2	2	6	0.33	33.33	1	0.28	1.68	2.17	4.45	8.31	Least Concern
2	Cocos nucifera	Thennai	10	6	6	1.67	100.0	1.67	0.15	8.40	6.52	2.39	17.32	Not assessed
3	Azadirachta indica	Veppam	17	6	6	2.83	100.0	2.83	0.13	14.2 9	6.52	1.98	22.79	Not assessed
4	Tamarindus indica	Puli	10	6	6	1.67	100.0	1.66	0.20	8.40	6.52	3.09	18.02	Not assessed
5	Mangifera indica	Mamaram	7	6	6	1.17	100.0	1.16	0.07	5.88	6.52	1.11	13.52	Data insufficient
6	Morinda pubescens	Nuna	6	6	6	1.00	100.0	1	0.24	5.04	6.52	3.74	15.31	Not assessed
7	Couroupita guianensis	Nagalingam	5	3	6	0.83	50.00	1.67	0.14	4.20	3.26	2.18	9.64	Not assessed
8	Bombax ceiba	Sittan	4	4	6	0.67	66.67	1	0.08	3.36	4.35	1.27	8.98	Not assessed
9	Acacia nilotica	Karuvelai	4	4	6	0.67	66.67	1	0.28	3.36	4.35	4.45	12.16	Least Concern
10	Bambusa vulgaris	Moongil	4	4	6	0.67	66.67	1	0.50	3.36	4.35	7.92	15.63	Not assessed
11	Syzygium cumini	naval	5	1	6	0.83	16.67	5	0.11	4.20	1.09	1.79	7.07	Not assessed
12	Carica papaya	Papaya	3	3	6	0.50	50.00	1	0.09	2.52	3.26	1.43	7.21	Not assessed
13	Psidium guajava	Guava	3	3	6	0.50	50.00	1	0.23	2.52	3.26	3.61	9.39	Not assessed
14	Cassia siamea	ManjalKonrai	3	2	6	0.50	33.33	1.5	0.07	2.52	2.17	1.11	5.81	Least Concern
15	Ficus religiosa	Arasa maram	3	3	6	0.50	50.00	1	0.09	2.52	3.26	1.35	7.13	Not assessed

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16	Musa paradise	Vaazhai	3	3	6	0.50	50.00	1	0.08	2.52	3.26	1.19	6.97	Not
														assessed
17	Prosopis juliflora	Vaelikaruvai	3	3	6	0.50	50.00	1	0.21	2.52	3.26	3.34	9.13	Not
10	T - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	7011.1	2	2		0.50	<b>50.00</b>	1	0.12	2.52	2.26	1 00	7.66	assessed Not
18	Tectona grandis	Thekku	3	3	6	0.50	50.00	1	0.12	2.52	3.26	1.88	7.66	assessed
19	Thespesia populnea	Poovarasam	3	3	6	0.50	50.00	1	0.15	2.52	3.26	2.39	8.18	Not
19	Thespesia populitea	Foovarasaiii	3	3	O	0.50	30.00	1	0.13	2.32	3.20	2.39	0.10	assessed
20	Causuarina equisetifolia	Savukku	2	2	6	0.33	33.33	1	0.21	1.68	2.17	3.34	7.20	Not
20	Causaanna equisemona	Savania	2			0.55	55.55	•	0.21	1.00	2.17	0.01	7.20	assessed
21	Alstonia scholaris	Elilaipalai	2	2	6	0.33	33.33	1	0.27	1.68	2.17	4.31	8.16	Least
		•												Concern
22	Anacardium	Cashew	1	1	6	0.17	16.67	1	0.44	0.84	1.09	6.96	8.88	Not
	occidentale													assessed
23	Artocarpus	Palaa	2	2	6	0.33	33.33	1	0.18	1.68	2.17	2.85	6.70	Not
	heterophyllus													assessed
24	Aegle marmelos	Vilvam	1	1	6	0.17	16.67	1	0.16	0.84	1.09	2.50	4.43	Not
	1 10910 111011110100	, 12, twill	•	•	Ů	0,17	10.07	•	0.10	0.01	1.07	2.00	1, 10	assessed
25	Delonix elata	Perungondrai	1	1	6	0.17	16.67	1	0.17	0.84	1.09	2.62	4.54	Least
		_												Concern
26	Pithecellobium dulce	Kodukapuli	1	1	6	0.17	16.67	1	0.14	0.84	1.09	2.18	4.11	Not
0.7	0': 1'	T1 '1 '	_			0.00	22.22	1	0.00	1.60	0.17	0.71	7.46	assessed
27	Citrus medica	Elumichai	2	2	6	0.33	33.33	1	0.23	1.68	2.17	3.61	7.46	Not assessed
		Total	110	83					5.02					assesseu
		10181	110	03					5.02					

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Table 3-17 Shrubs in the Core Zone

S. No.	Scientific Name	Local Name	Total No. of species	Total of Quadrants with species	Total No. of Quadrants	Density	Frequency (%)	Abundance	Relative Density	Relative Frequency	IUCN Conservation Status
1	Jatropagossypifolia	Kaatamanaku	32	17	24	1.17	0.71	1.65	14.43	17.17	Not Assessed
2	Calotropis gigantea	Erukam	16	12	24	0.58	0.50	1.17	7.22	12.12	Not Assessed
3	Tabernaemontanadivaricata	Crepe Jasmine	4	3	24	0.13	0.13	1	1.55	3.03	Not Assessed
4	Catharanthus roseus	Nithyakalyani	4	3	24	0.13	0.13	1	1.55	3.03	Not Assessed
5	Datura metal	Ummattangani	7	4	24	0.21	0.17	1.25	2.58	4.04	Not Assessed
6	Robiniapseudoacacia	Black locust	15	5	24	0.71	0.21	3.4	8.76	5.05	Least Concern
7	Acalypha indica	Kuppaimeni	18	8	24	0.83	0.33	2.5	10.31	8.08	Not Assessed
8	Stachytarpheaurticifolia	Rat tail	13	9	24	0.63	0.38	1.67	7.73	9.09	Not Assessed
9	Woodfordiafruiticosa	Velakkai	4	3	24	0.13	0.13	1	1.55	3.03	Least Concern
10	Hibiscus rosa sinensis	Sembaruthi	3	2	24	0.13	0.08	1.5	1.55	2.02	Not Assessed
11	Lantana camara	Unnichedi	8	6	24	0.38	0.25	1.5	4.64	6.06	Not Assessed
12	Parthenium hysterophorous	Vishapoondu	45	13	24	2.08	0.54	3.85	25.77	13.13	Not Assessed
13	Euphorbia geniculata	Amman Pacharisi	5	3	24	0.13	0.13	1	1.55	3.03	Not Assessed

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# Table 3-18 Herbs & Grasses in the core zone

S. No.	Scientific Name	Local Name	Total No. of species	Total of Quadrants with species	Total No. of Quadrants	Density	Frequency (%)	Abundance	Relative Density	Relative Frequency	IUCN Conservatio n status
1	Helicteresisora	Valampuri	4	2	30	0.07	0.07	1	0.79	2.15	Not assessed
2	Tridax procumbens	Vettukaayathalai	7	4	30	0.17	0.13	1.25	1.98	4.30	Not assessed
3	Heraculem spondylium	Hog Weed	19	10	30	0.67	0.33	2	7.94	10.75	Not assessed
4	Tridax procumbens	Cuminipachai	18	4	30	0.50	0.13	3.75	5.95	4.30	Not assessed
5	Senna occidentalis	Nattamsakarai	30	4	30	0.83	0.13	6.25	9.92	4.30	Not assessed
6	Plumbago zeylanica	Chittiramoolam	12	3	30	0.10	0.10	1	1.19	3.23	Not assessed
7	Scrophularia nodosa	Sarakkothini	18	7	30	0.50	0.23	2.14	5.95	7.53	Not assessed
8	Viburnum dentatum	Viburnum	7	5	30	0.17	0.17	1	1.98	5.38	Least concern
9	Cynodondactylon	Arugu	15	6	30	0.40	0.20	2	4.76	6.45	Not assessed
10	Euphorbia hirta	Amman Pacharisi	7	4	30	0.17	0.13	1.25	1.98	4.30	Not assessed
11	Sida cordifolia	Maanikham	50	4	30	1.50	0.13	11.25	17.86	4.30	Not assessed
12	Sida acuta	Malaidangi	12	3	30	0.33	0.10	3.33	3.97	3.23	Not assessed
13	Laportea canadensis	Peruganchori	28	20	30	1.00	0.67	1.5	11.90	21.51	Not assessed
14	Sporobolus fertilis	Giant Parramatta Grass	10	4	30	0.30	0.13	2.25	3.57	4.30	Not assessed
15	Tephrosia purpurea	Kavali	23	4	30	0.67	0.13	5	7.94	4.30	Not assessed

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# 3.7.4 Calculation of species diversity by Shannon – wiener Index, Evenness and richness by Margalef:

Biodiversity index is a quantitative measure that reflects how many different type of species, there are in a dataset, and simultaneously takes into account how evenly the basic entities (such as individuals) are distributed among those types of species. The value of biodiversity index increases both when the number of types increases and when evenness increases. For a given number of type of species, the value of a biodiversity index is maximized when all type of species are equally abundant. Interpretation of Vegetation results in the study area is given below.

**Table 3-19 Calculation of species diversity** 

Description	Formula
Species diversity - Shannon -	$H=\Sigma[(p_i)*ln(p_i)]$
Wiener Index	Where p <sub>i</sub> : Proportion of total sample represented by
	species
	i:number of individuals of species i/ total number of
	samples
Evenness	H/H <sub>max</sub>
	$H_{max} = ln(s) = maximum diversity possible$
	S=No. of species
Species Richness by Margalef	RI = S-1/ln N
	Where $S = Total$ Number of species in the community
	N = Total Number of individuals of all species in the
	community

# 3.7.5 Calculation of species diversity by Shannon – wiener Index, Evenness and richness by Margalef for trees

# i. Species Diversity

Scientific Name Common Name		No. of Species	Pi	ln (Pi)	Pi x ln (Pi)
Ficus Carica	Athi Maram	2	0.018182	-4.00733	-0.07286
Cocos nucifera	Thennai	10	0.090909	-2.3979	-0.21799

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Azadirachta indica	Veppam	17	0.154545	-1.86727	-0.28858
Tamarindus indica	Puli	10	0.090909	-2.3979	-0.21799
Mangifera indica	Mamaram	7	0.063636	-2.75457	-0.17529
Morinda pubescens	Nuna	6	0.054545	-2.90872	-0.15866
Couroupita guianensis	Nagalingam	5	0.045455	-3.09104	-0.1405
Bombax ceiba	Sittan	4	0.036364	-3.31419	-0.12052
Acacia nilotica	Karuvelai	4	0.036364	-3.31419	-0.12052
Bambusa vulgaris	Moongil	4	0.036364	-3.31419	-0.12052
Syzygium cumini	naval	5	0.045455	-3.09104	-0.1405
Carica papaya	Papaya	3	0.027273	-3.60187	-0.09823
Psidium guajava	Guava	3	0.027273	-3.60187	-0.09823
Cassia siamea	ManjalKonrai	3	0.027273	-3.60187	-0.09823
Ficus religiosa	Arasa maram	3	0.027273	-3.60187	-0.09823
Musa paradise	Vaazhai	3	0.027273	-3.60187	-0.09823
Prosopis juliflora	Vaelikaruvai	3	0.027273	-3.60187	-0.09823
Tectona grandis	Thekku	3	0.027273	-3.60187	-0.09823
Thespesia populnea	Poovarasam	3	0.027273	-3.60187	-0.09823
Causuarina equisetifolia	Savukku	2	0.018182	-4.00733	-0.07286
Alstonia scholaris	Elilaipalai	2	0.018182	-4.00733	-0.07286
Anacardium occidentale	Cashew	1	0.009091	-4.70048	-0.04273
Artocarpus heterophyllus	Palaa	2	0.018182	-4.00733	-0.07286
Aegle marmelos	Vilvam	1	0.009091	-4.70048	-0.04273
Delonix elata	Perungondrai	1	0.009091	-4.70048	-0.04273
Pithecellobium dulce	Kodukapuli	1	0.009091	-4.70048	-0.04273
Citrus medica	Elumichai	2	0.018182	-4.00733	-0.07286
Total		110			-3.02215005

# H (Shannon Diversity Index) =3.02

# Shrubs

Scientific Name	Common	No. of	Pi	ln (Pi)	Pi x ln (Pi)
	Name	Species			
Jatropagossypifolia	Kaatamanaku	32	0.183908	-1.69332	-0.31142
Calotropis gigantea	Erukam	16	0.091954	-2.38647	-0.21945
Tabernaemontanadivaricata	Crepe Jasmine	4	0.022989	-3.77276	-0.08673
Catharanthus roseus	Nithyakalyani	4	0.022989	-3.77276	-0.08673
Datura metal	Ummattangani	7	0.04023	-3.21315	-0.12926
Robiniapseudoacacia	Black locust	15	0.086207	-2.45101	-0.21129
Acalypha indica	Kuppaimeni	18	0.103448	-2.26868	-0.23469
Stachytarpheaurticifolia	Rat tail	13	0.074713	-2.59411	-0.19381
Woodfordiafruiticosa	Velakkai	4	0.022989	-3.77276	-0.08673
Hibiscus rosa sinensis	Sembaruthi	3	0.017241	-4.06044	-0.07001

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Lantana camara	Unnichedi	8	0.045977	-3.07961	-0.14159
Parthenium hysterophorous	Vishapoondu	45	0.258621	-1.35239	-0.34976
Euphorbia geniculata	Amman Pacharisi	5	0.028736	-3.54962	-0.102
Total		174			-2.2234

H (Shannon Diversity Index) =2.22

# Herbs

Scientific Name	Common Name	No. of Species	Pi	ln (Pi)	Pi x ln (Pi)
Helicteresisora	Valampuri	4	0.015385	-4.17439	-0.06422
Tridax procumbens	Vettukaayathalai	7	0.026923	-3.61477	-0.09732
Heraculem spondylium	Hog Weed	19	0.073077	-2.61624	-0.19119
Tridax procumbens	Cuminipachai	18	0.069231	-2.67031	-0.18487
Senna occidentalis	Nattamsakarai	30	0.115385	-2.15948	-0.24917
Plumbago zeylanica	Chittiramoolam	12	0.046154	-3.07577	-0.14196
Scrophularia nodosa	Sarakkothini	18	0.069231	-2.67031	-0.18487
Viburnum dentatum	Viburnum	7	0.026923	-3.61477	-0.09732
Cynodondactylon	Arugu	15	0.057692	-2.85263	-0.16457
Euphorbia hirta	Amman Pacharisi	7	0.026923	-3.61477	-0.09732
Sida cordifolia	Maanikham	50	0.192308	-1.64866	-0.31705
Sida acuta	Malaidangi	12	0.046154	-3.07577	-0.14196
Laportea canadensis	Peruganchori	28	0.107692	-2.22848	-0.23999
Sporobolus fertilis	Giant Parramatta Grass	10	0.038462	-3.2581	-0.12531
Tephrosia purpurea	Kavali	23	0.088462	-2.42519	-0.21454
Total		260			-2.51

H (Shannon Diversity Index) =2.51

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## i. Species diversity calculation

Details	Н	Hmax	Evenness	Species Richness (Margalef)
Trees	3.02	3.36	0.89	5.95
Shrubs	2.22	2.56	0.86	2.32
Herbs	2.51	2.70	0.92	2.51

From the above, it can be interpreted that herb community has higher diversity. While the tree community shows less diversity. It is also observed that most of the quadrates have controlled generation of plant species with older strands. Higher herb species diversity can be interpreted as a greater number of successful species and a more stable ecosystem where more ecological niches are available, environmental change is less likely to be damaging to the ecosystem. Species richness is high for herb community when compared with tree and shrubs.

#### 3.7.6 Floral study in the Buffer Zone:

Economically important Flora of the study area

**Agricultural crops:** The important crops of this district are Paddy, Maize, Ragi, Banana, Sugarcane, Cotton, Tamarind, Coconut, Mango, Groundnut, Vegetables and Flowers also grown by the local people.

**Medicinal species:** The nearby area is also endowed with the several medicinal species which are commonly available in the shrub forest and waste lands. The common medicinal species of the region are Asparagus racemosus (satamulli), Azadirachta indica (Neem) etc.

Rare and endangered floral species: There are no rare or endangered or threatened (RET) species of in the study area. During the vegetation survey, there are no any species which are endangered or threatened under IUCN (International Union for Conservation of Nature and Natural resources) guidelines.

## 3.7.7 Faunal Communities

Both direct and indirect observation methods were used to survey the fauna.

• Point Survey Method: Observations were made in each site for 15 minutes duration.

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Roadside Counts: The observer traveled by motor vehicles from site to site, all sightings were recorded (this was done both in the day and night time). An index of abundance of each species was also established.

Pellet and Track Counts: All possible animal tracks and pellets were identified and recorded (South Wood, 1978).

Additionally, survey of relevant literature was also done to consolidate the list of fauna distributed in the buffer zone.

Based on the Wildlife Protection Act, 1972 (WPA 1972, Anonymous. 1991, Upadhyay 1995, Chaturvedi and Chaturvedi 1996) species were short-listed as Schedule II or I and considered herein as endangered species. Species listed in Ghosh (1994) are considered as Indian Red List species.

#### Methodology Adopted:

Point Survey method was adopted for this development project where observations were made in each site for 15 minutes duration (10 times).

#### Study in the core zone:

Point Survey method was adopted for the study within 2 km radius and the following species were observed.

**Mammals:** No wild mammalian species was directly sighted during the field survey. Discussion with local villagers located around the study area also could not confirm presence of any wild animal in that area. Three stripped Palm Squirrel, Common Indian Hare, Common mongoose, Common Mouse etc were observed during primary survey.

**Avifauna:** Since birds are considered to be the indicators for monitoring and understanding human impacts on ecological systems (Lawton, 1996) attempt was made to gather quantitative data on the avifauna by walk through survey within the entire study area and surrounding areas. From the primary survey, a total of 26 species of avifauna were identified and recorded in the study area. The diversity of avifauna from this region was found to be quite high and encouraging.

The list of fauna species found in the study area is mentioned in Table below.

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# Table 3-20 List of fauna species

Scientific Name	Common Name	Schedule of wild life	IUCN conservation
		protection act	status
Mammals		l	
Funambulus pennanti	Palm Squirrel	IV	Least Concern
Mus rattus	Indian rat	IV	Not listed
Bandicota bengalensis	Indian mole rat	IV	Least Concern
Funambulus	Three stripped palm	IV	Least Concern
palmarum	squirrel		
Herestes edwardsii	Common Mangoose	IV	Not listed
Mus musculus	Common Mouse	IV	Least Concern
Bandicota indica	Rat	IV	Least Concern
Lepus nigricollis	Indian Hare	IV	Least Concern
Felis catus	Cat	Not listed	Not listed
Canis lupus familiaris	Indian dog	Not listed	Not listed
Bos Indicus	Indian Cow	Not listed	Not listed
Bubalus bubalis	Buffalo	I	Not listed
Sus scrofa domesticus	Domestic pig	Not listed	Not listed
Birds		l	
Milvus migrans	Black kite	IV	Least concern
Saxicoloides fulicatus	Indian Robin	IV	Least concern
Pycnonotus cafer	Red vented Bulbul	IV	Least concern
Phragamaticola aedon	Thick billed warbler	IV	Least concern
Pericrocotus	Small Minivet	IV	Least concern
cinnamomeus			
Eudynamys	Koel	IV	Least concern
scolopaceus			
Psittacula krameni	Rose ringed parakeet	IV	Least concern
Dicrurus marcocercus	Black drongo	IV	Least concern
Columba livia	Rock pigeon	IV	Least concern
Corvus splendens	House crow	IV	Least concern

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Alcedo atthis	Small blue kingfisher	IV	Least concern
Cuculus canorus	Common Cukoo	IV	Least concern
Reptiles & Amphibians			
Chameleon	Chameleon	IV	Not listed
zeylanicum			
Calotes versicolor	Common garden	II	Not listed
	lizard		
Bungarus caeruleus	Common krait	IV	Not listed
Ophisops leschenaultia	Snake eyed lizard		Not listed
Bufo melanostictus	Toad	IV	Least concern
Ptyas mucosa	Rat snakes	IV	Least concern
Hemidactylus sp.	House lizard		Not listed
Butterflies			
Danaus chrysippus	Plain Tiger		Not listed
Papilio demoleus	Common lime		Not listed
Euploea core	Common crow		Least concern
Danaus genutia	Common tiger		Not listed
Eurema brigitta	Small grass yellow		Least concern

# 3.8 DEMOGRAPHY AND SOCIO ECONOMICS

The demography survey study is done within 10km radius from the project site.

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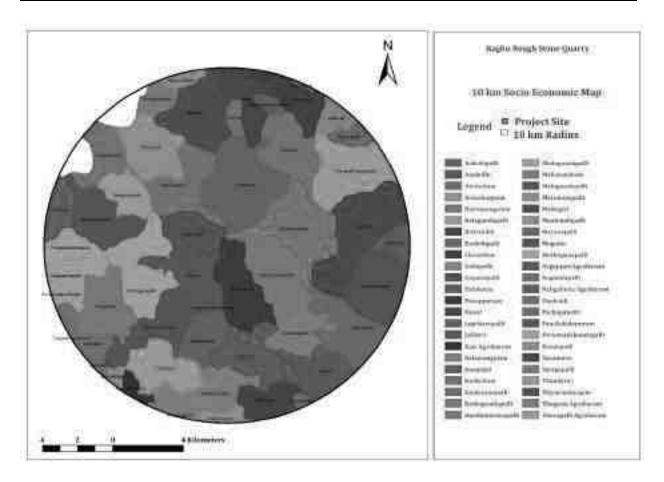


Figure 3.13 Socio Economic map surrounding the project site.

The population, Household, Sex ratio, Literacy rate, SC, ST details for all the villages in the study area is listed below:

Table 3-21: Demography Survey Study

Source: Census of India, 2011

Villages	Household	Population	Sex Ratio		Literacy Rate		SC	ST
			Male	Female	Male	Female		
Kodiyalam	211	829	405	424	282	225	146	0
Poonapalli	738	3061	1542	1519	1111	889	544	9
Chenathur	3458	15826	8925	6901	6809	4381	1154	110
Moranapalli	2174	9160	4855	4305	3403	2439	1503	13

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Onalvadi	1607	6656	3411	3245	2475	1968	1360	0
Achettipalli	697	3066	1562	1504	1056	805	910	0
Nagondapalli	674	2929	1513	1416	1110	808	1096	0
Gopanapalli	342	1388	716	672	478	358	276	2
Sanamavu	925	4248	2182	2066	1487	1062	659	183
Halekotta	707	2990	1535	1455	1071	760	209	83
Mugalur	609	2593	1352	1241	862	609	1023	0
Hosur (M)	29255	116821	59351	57470	47353	42240	9438	200
Mathigiri (TP)	5627	23129	11725	11404	9165	8192	5128	33
Mookondapalli (CT)	10624	39245	20488	18757	16302	13841	3158	66
Gollapalli	121	534	291	243	158	83	0	0
Komaranapalli	511	2174	1106	1068	719	558	577	0
Belagundapalli	1018	4092	2073	2019	1575	1249	686	0
Anniyalam	614	2558	1308	1250	890	671	823	0
Thandarai	605	2664	1349	1315	784	605	363	4
Kundumaranapalli	863	3867	1972	1895	1342	901	1157	0
Bairamangalam	1207	4932	2569	2363	1940	1436	1213	11
Jakkeri	914	3957	1989	1968	1337	1010	844	127
Anekollu	628	2858	1471	1387	861	621	136	1
Mallasandram	907	4062	2130	1932	1349	923	343	26
Thogarai Agraharam	114	484	253	231	183	120	179	0
Kempatti	535	2062	1038	1024	667	503	568	0
Arasakuppam	988	4196	2148	2048	1378	1027	313	87

#### 3.9 TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT

Traffic data collected continuously for 24 hours by visual observation and counting of vehicles under three categories, viz., heavy motor vehicles, light motor vehicles and two/three wheelers. As traffic densities on the roads are high, two skilled persons were deployed simultaneously at each station during each shift- one person on each of the two directions for counting the traffic. At the

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end of each hour, fresh counting and recording was undertaken. Total numbers of vehicles per hour under the three categories were determined.



Figure 3.14: Site Connectivity

Table 3-22: No. of Vehicles per Day

S.	Vehicles	Number of Vehicles	Passenger Car	Total Number of Vehicle
No	Distribution	Distribution/Day	Unit (PCU)	in PCU
		SH-17A	-	SH-17A
1	Cars	453	1	453
2	Buses	247	3	741
3	Trucks	159	3	477
4	Two wheelers	428	0.5	214
5	Three wheelers	186	1.5	279
	Total	1473	-	2164

Table 3-23: Existing Traffic Scenario and LOS

Road	V (Volume	C (Capacity in	Existing V/C	LOS
	in	PCU/hr)	Ratio	

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	PCU/hr)			
SH17A	2164/24=90	237	0.38	В

Note: The existing level may be "Very Good" for SH17A=237.

V/C	LOS	Performance
0.0-0.2	A	Excellent
0.2-0.4	В	Very Good
0.4-0.6	С	Good/ Average/ Fair
0.6-0.8	D	Poor
0.8-1.0	Е	Very Poor

Project	Rough stone and Gravel Quarry- 1.48.0 Ha by Thiru V Sekaran	Draft EIA Report
Project Proponent	Thiru V Sekaran	
Project Location	Perumanadu Village, Iluppur Taluk, Pudukkottai District	

# 4 Anticipated Environmental Impacts & Mitigation Measures

This chapter describes the anticipated impacts on the environment and mitigation measures. The method of assessment of impacts including studies carried out, modeling techniques adopted to assess the impacts where pertinent should be elaborated in this chapter. It should give the details of the impacts on the baseline parameters, both during the construction and operational phases and suggests the mitigation measures to be implemented by the proponent.

## 4.1 <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

An environmental impact is defined as any change to the environment, whether adverse or beneficial, resulting from a facility's activities, products, or services. The anticipation of the possible & potential Environmental impact due to the proposed project is a key step in EIA. Based on the impacts assessed, appropriate mitigation measures should be adopted to maintain the environment with less or no damage.

Environmental Impacts can be group into Primary impacts & Secondary Impacts

*Primary Impacts:* These impacts are directly attributed by the project

*Secondary Impacts:* These are those which are induced by primary impacts and include the associated investments and changed patterns of the social and economic activities by the action.

Assessment of impacts is done for the following Environmental Parameters:

- > Land Environment
- ➤ Water Environment
- ➤ Air Environment
- ➤ Noise Environment
- Biological Environment
- Socio Economic Environment

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# **4.2 LAND ENVIRONMENT:**

Aspect	Impact	Mitigation Measures
Mining of rough stone and	The proposed 1.30.0 Ha mine located in Gopanapalli	The proposed project site is not prone to any
Gravel	Village having 151210 m <sup>3</sup> of Rough stone. The quarry	kind of soil erosion (Source: Bhuvan).
	operation is proposed to carry out with conventional	In addition, garland drainage of 1m x 1m will
	open cast mechanized mining with 6.0 meter vertical	be provided to avoid storm water run- off.
	bench and bench width of 5.0 meter. At the end of 5	
	years, mining lease area will be converted into	It is proposed to plant 700 No's of local tree species (Neem, Vilvam Vaagai, Pungam,
	ultimate pit.	Magizha maram, Eachai, etc.,) along the
	Ultimate Pit Dimensions	roads, outer periphery of the mining area
	111.0m(L) X78.0m(W) X 37.0m	which enhances the binding property of the soil.
	The main impact of open cast mining on land-use is land degradation. The land is bound to be excavated for mining of Rough Stone Quarry.	It is proposed to improve the affected land wherever possible for better land use, so as to support vegetation and creation of water reservoir in the ultimate pit after quarrying.
	Impact on soil of the study area will be minimal as there are no wastewater generated, heavy metal infusion, stack emissions.	
		The source of dust generation is majorly due to drilling, blasting, loading & unloading of the mined out mineral, the impact will be mitigated by water sprinkling regularly once in 3hrs.

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Impact due to transformation of terrain characteristics	The proposed mining activity is carried out in
over the large area results in soil degradation.	hilly terrain.
Solid waste will be generated from the mining activity as there will be refuse also generation of domestic waste. If it is not properly managed, may cause odor and health problem to the workers.	at the end of the mine period will be converted
	The 100% recovery is achieved by extracting the entire mineable reserve. Hence there will be no refuse generation due to the mining activity. Apart from that, a very meagre quantity of domestic waste will be generated in the project, which will be handed over to the local body on daily basis.

# **4.3 WATER ENVIRONMENT:**

Aspect	Impact	Mitigation Measures
Drilling, Blasting, Loading	The mining in the area may cause ground water	The water table will not be intersected during
and unloading,	contamination due to intersection of the water table	mining, as the ultimate depth is limited upto 37
Transportation of the	and mine runoff.	m (below ground level), whereas the ground
excavated mineral.		water table is at 88 m below the ground level.
		The municipal wastewater will be disposed into

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	septic tanks of 5 cum and soak pit. No chemicals
	consisting of toxic elements will be used for
	carrying out mining activity.
The ground water depletion may occur due to mining	The ground water table is at a depth of 88 m
activity	BGL, the mining operation will not affect the
	aquifer. The ultimate pit at the end of the mining
	operation will be used for rain water storage, the
	stored water will be used for green belt
	development and further the stored water will be
	used for domestic purposes (other than drinking)
	after proper treatment.
Chemicals consisting of nitrate used for blasting may	Further, the run-off water will be stored in
pollute the surface run off.	sumps and after proper treatment; water will be
	used in the mining operation for dust
	suppression.
Improper management of Domestic wastewater in	Provision of urinals/Latrines along with septic
the Mine lease may create unhygienic conditions in	tank followed by soak pit arrangement will be
the site thereby causing health impacts to the labours.	provided in the Mine Lease area for the proper
	management of wastewater.

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## **4.4 AIR ENVIRONMENT:**

Aspect	Impact	Mitigation Measures  Mitigation Measures during Operation Phase	
Drilling, Blasting, Loading	Impacts during Operation Phase		
and unloading,	During mining operation, fugitive dust and other air	It is proposed to plant 700 Nos of local species	
Transportation of the	pollutants like particulate matter (PM10 & PM 2.5)	along the haul roads, outer periphery within the	
excavated mineral.	will be generated.	lease area to prevent the impact of dust in	
		consultation with Forest department for the	
	The main source of pollutants arises due to drilling	plantation of trees (Neem, Magizham,	
	and blasting. 10 Nos of Tipper will be used for loading	Tamarind, Elandhai and Vilvam) in two tier to	
	and unloading, 4 Nos of Excavator (0.90 m³ bucket	combat air pollution and with herbs (Nerium) in	
	capacity, and 4 Nos Jack Hammer will be used for	between the tree species.	
	excavation of the mineral which contributes to the	e Planning transportation routes of the mined or	
	generation of fugitive dust. In addition, blasting will	mineral, so as to reach the nearest paved roads	
	be done using explosives leading to the generation of	(an approach road) by shortest route connecting	
	dust.	to SH 17A.	
		Alternatively, gravelled road may be constructed between mine lease area and nearest paved road connectivity. The speed of trucks plying on the haul road will be limited to 20km/hr to avoid generation of dust.	

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	The trucks will be covered by tarpaulin.
<ul> <li>Effect on Human</li> <li>Adverse effect on human health of working labourers and neighbouring villagers like effect on breathing and respiratory system, damage to lung tissue, influenza or asthma.</li> <li>Dust generation due to loading and unloading of mineral and due to transportation can also affect the workers as well as nearby villagers.</li> </ul>	Personal Protective Equipments (PPEs) like eye goggles, dust mask, leather gloves, safety shoes & boots will be provided to the workers engaged at dust generation points like excavation and loading points.
<ul> <li>Effect on Plants</li> <li>Stomatal index may be minimized due to dust deposit on leaf.</li> </ul>	0.5 KLD of water will be proposed for sprinkling on unpaved roads to avoid dust generation during transportation.

# Air Quality Modeling:

The AERMOD is actually a modeling system with three separate components:

- AERMOD (AERMIC Dispersion Model),
- AERMAP (AERMOD Terrain Preprocessor)
- AERMET (AERMOD Meteorological Preprocessor)

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#### 4.4.1 Source Characterization

A detailed listing of all emission sources and their corresponding modelling input release parameters and emission rates is listed this report. A general description of how each source type was treated is presented below.

The emission Sources from the proposed operation are

#### **Point Sources:**

Point sources for mining operations are typically include dust collectors, hot water heaters, and emergency generator(s). Since at the present project the following sources are anticipated.

- 1. Hydraulic excavator 0.90 Cum Bucket Capacity (with Rock Breaker Attachment)
- 2. Jack Hammer 32 mm Dia
- 3. Tipper
- 4. Tractor Mounted Compressor
- 5. Drilling and excavation with Accessories

#### **Road Sources:**

A road network was developed to depict the anticipated haul truck routes and truck discharge locations during the mine operations. The anticipated emissions from the road sources and corresponding anticipated impact during the monitoring period of January to March 2023 emissions were estimated. Emissions due to haul road and general plant traffic on the unpaved road network were modelled as volume sources. The model volume source parameter for the haul roads initially utilized USEPA developed emission factors for hauling trucking. The haul road sources utilized source to source spacing of 6 meters along the simulated haul roads. The initial lateral dimension of the sources were set to 3 m were used as an input to replicated a 2 truck travel adjacent for a typical mining scenario.

The parameters considered for the hauling operation include the following,

- size of haul trucks commonly used
- degree of dust control/compaction of permanent haul roads

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# Other fugitive particulate emission sources:

Other fugitive particulate emission sources that were modelled as volume sources include the following:

- Fugitive emissions from trucks unloading at the primary crusher were represented by a single volume source. The release height was set to 0 meters (dump pocket is at grade level).
- Fugitive emissions due to wind erosion is not considered as the mining area is predominately rocky surface with minimal wind erosion. If an wind erosion is anticipated to occur, it would be localized.
- Fugitive emissions from transfer points were represented by single volume sources. The release heights for these sources were set to the actual height of the truck transfer process.

## **Post Project Scenario**

Emissions from operations will result from process equipment and mining operations. Process equipment was modeled at maximum capacity. Emissions from mining were based upon the mining rate and haul truck travel necessary to transport the stones and waste from the pit to the storage area.

Predicted maximum ground level concentrations considering micro meteorological data of June to August 2022 are superimposed on the maximum baseline concentrations obtained during the study period to estimate the post project scenario, which would prevail at the post operational phase. The overall scenario with predicted concentrations over the maximum baseline concentrations is shown in the following table along with isopleths.

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Table 4-1 Emission Factors for uncontrolled mining

Activity	Em	ission Factor	Refe	rences
	Scraper	0.029 Kg TSPM/ average time between spray application	USEPA (2008)	Jose I. Huertas & Dumar A.
Tanaail handling	Bulldozing	15.048 kg PM10/ Hr excavation	USEPA (2008)	Camacho & Maria E. Huertas, Standardized emissions inventory methodology for
Topsoil handling	Loading	2.3237E-04 kg PM10/ average time between spray application	USEPA (2006a)	open-pit mining areas, Environmental Science Pollution Research, 2012.
	Haulage	0.69718 kg PM10/VKT	USEPA (2006a) Cowherd (1988)	
	Wet drilling	8.00E-5 lbs PM10/ Ton produce	EPA. August, 2004. Sect Processing and Pulverized	ion 11.19.2, Crushed Stone Mineral Processing. In:
Rough stone mining	Loading	1.00E-4 lbs PM10/ Ton produce	Stationary Point and Area Sour Environmental Protection Ag	Emission Factors, Volume 1: ces, Fifth Edition, AP-42. U.S. gency, Office of Air Quality esearch Triangle Park, North

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# 4.5 NOISE ENVIRONMENT:

Aspect	Impact	Mitigation Measures
Drilling, Blasting, Loading	Usage of Equipments (Excavator, Tipper, Jack	The machinery will be maintained in good
and unloading,	Hammer), Machinery and trucks used for	running condition so that noise will be reduced
Transportation of the	transportation will generate noise.	to minimum possible level.
excavated mineral.		Awareness will be imparted to the workers
	Noise from the machinery can cause hypertension,	once in six months about the permissible noise
	high stress level, hearing loss, sleep disturbance etc	level and effect of maximum exposure to those
	due to prolonged exposure.	levels. Adequate silencers will be provided in all
		the diesel engines of vehicles.
		It will be ensured that all transportation
		vehicles carry a valid PUC Certificates.
		Speed of trucks entering or leaving the mine
		will be limited to moderate speed (20km/hr) to
	Number of vehicles will be increased due to the	prevent undue noise from empty vehicles.
	proposed mining activity hence vehicle may collate	The noise generated by the machinery will be
	which may result in unwanted sound and can also	reduced by proper lubrication of the machinery
	cause impact on human health like breathing and	and other equipments.
	respiratory system, damage to lung tissue, influenza	• It is proposed to plant 700 Nos. of local
	or asthma.	species (Neem, Mandharai, Athi, Tamarind,
		Ashoka, Casuarinas and Villam) to reduce the

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impact of noise in the study area. The	
development of green belts around the periphery	
of the mine will be implemented to attenuate	
noise.	
• The trucks will be diverted on two roads viz.	
SH 17A and a District Road to avoid traffic	
congestion.	
Health check-up camps will be organized	
once in six month.	
• Use of personal protective devices i.e.,	
earmuffs and earplugs by workers, who are	
<ul><li>working in high noise generating areas.</li><li>Provision of quiet areas, where employees</li></ul>	
can get relief from workplace noise.	

# 4.6 BIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENT:

Aspect	Impacts	Mitigation Measures
Site Clearance	Loss of habitat due to site clearance which may lead to	The proposed mining lease is already a dry land
	ecological disturbance.	hence no site clearance is required. Only few
		shrubs and herbs like parthenium sp., prosopis
		juliflora were present.

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Planting of trees	Development of afforestation in the mine lease area	safety distance will be provided all along the
	will have a positive impact as the land was initially a	boundary of the mine lease area and safety.
	barren.	Around 0.41.0 Ha of land is utilized for greenbelt
		development (650 Nos – 5 years). This will attract
		avifauna thus enhancing the existing ecological
		environment.

# 4.7 SOCIO ECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT:

Aspect	Impact	Mitigation Measures	
Proposed implementation	Land acquisition for the implementation of the	The proposed project is a Government	
of Mining activity	project may result in loss of assets, which in return	poromboke land of Thiru S.Raghu and the land	
	will make the PAP to shift, losing their normal	is vacant where there are no human settlement	
	routine and livelihood	within 300m radius. Hence the project does not	
		involve Rehabilitation and resettlement	
Drilling, Blasting, Loading	The mining activities may cause dust emission, noise	No human activity is envisaged near the project	
and Transportation of the	pollution thereby causing disturbance to the local	site. The nearest human settlement is observed	
mined out mineral	habitat	in Goolisandram village which is 0.37 km, N	
		from site	
Grazing and Rearing	The Grazing and rearing of local animals like Sheep,	It is proposed to use gravelled road and nearest	
activities in the nearby	Goat and cows is observed in the nearby villages,	paved road and preferred not to use unpaved	
villages	which may be affected due to the project as the	roads. In addition to that, the speed of trucks will	
		be limited to 20km/hr to avoid any accidents.	

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	movement of the vehicles may affect/injure the	
	animals	
Employment opportunity	The project will improve the livelihood of the local	After the development of the proposed mine, it
	people	will improve the livelihood of local people and
		also provide the direct and indirect employment
		opportunities. The rough stone for the
		infrastructural development in the area will be
		made available from the local markets at
		reasonably lower price.
Corporate Environmental	The proposed project will help in natural resource	As a part of CER i.e, 5 Lakhs will be allocated.
Responsibility	augmentation & Community resource development.	Developing sports facilities, providing hygienic
		toilet, R.O Water facilities to Panchayat Union
		Middle School, H.Settipalli.

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# 4.8 OTHER IMPACTS:

S. No	Aspect	Impact	Mitigation measure	
1.	Risk due to the	Accidents may occur in	Proper PPE kit (Safety jacket, Helmet,	
	proposed mining	the mine area	Safety Shoes, Gloves) etc will be provided	
			to each and every employee in the mine	
			lease concerning the safety of each labour	
2.	Blasting	Injury to the labours due	Alarm system in the form of Siren will be	
		to the blasting activity	engaged in the project site to caution the	
			blasting activity. In addition to that, the	
			blasting activity will be scheduled at	
			particular time – 5 P.M to 6 P.M (or	
			whenever required) so that the employees	
			will be aware of the activity. Smoking will	
			be banned in the site and sign boards will	
			be displayed in various places at site.	
3.	Screening of	Labors will be checked	All the labors will be checked and	
	Labors	for health condition	screened for health before employing	
		before employing them in	them.	
		mining activity	After employing them, periodical medical	
			checkups will be held once in every six	
			months.	

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# 5 Analysis Of Alternatives

#### 5.1 GENERAL

Analysis of alternative is a significant aspect in planning and designing any project. Cost benefit analysis should be work out along with other parameters while choosing an alternative in such a way that the production is maximum and the mining operation is environment friendly and cost effective. The mine plan and mine closure plan Mining Plan was approved by The Assistant Director, Geology & Mining, Krishnagiri District prior to submission of the Form-1 and PFR. ToR issued by the SEIAA-TN vide Letter No. SEIAA-TN/F. No. 9566/ToR-1326/2023 Dated: 10.02.2023. The study for alternative analysis involves in-depth examination of site and technology.

## 5.1.1 Analysis for Alternative Sites and Mining Technology

#### 5.1.1.1 Alternative Site

The proposed project is the mining of Rough Stone Quarry and is proposed after prospecting the area. In other words, these can be implemented in the mineral available zone. Since the mining block has been allotted in principal by the State Government, there is no case for studying and exploring any other site as an alternative.

# 5.1.1.2 Alternative Technology

The open cast mining could be manual/mechanized depending upon the geological and topographical setup of the mineral (ROM) to be won and the daily/annual targeted production.

Table 5-1: Alternative for Technology and other Parameters

S. No.	Particular	Alternative	Alternative	Remarks
		Option 1	Option 2	

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1.	Technology	Opencast	Opencast	Opencast semi mechanized	
		semi	mechanized	Involving drilling and blasting	
		mechanized	mining	are preferred.	
		mining		Benefits:	
				Material is hard so to make it	
		T 1		loose and to bring it to	
2.	Employment	Local	Outsource	Local employment is preferred	
		employment.	employment	Benefits:	
				Provides employment to local	
				people along with financial	
				benefits	
				No residential building/	
3.	Labour	Public	Private transport	Local labours will be deployed	
	transportatio	transport		from Goolisandram village so they	
	n			will either reach mine site by	
				bicycle or by foot.	
				Benefits:	
				Cost of transportation of labors	
				will be negligible	
4.	Material	Public	Private transport	Material will be transported	
	transportatio	transport		through trucks/trolleys on the	
	n			contract basis	
				Benefits:	
				It will give indirect employment.	
5.	Water	Tanker supplier	Ground water/	Tanker supply will be preferred.	
				Water will be sourced from	
				Goolisandram village which is	
				0.37 km, NNW from site.	

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# 6 Environmental Monitoring Program

#### **6.1 GENERAL:**

This chapter covers the planned environmental monitoring program. It also includes the technical aspects of monitoring the effectiveness of mitigation measures.

Monitoring is important to measure the efficiency of control measures. Post project monitoring of environmental parameters is of key importance to assess the status of environment. The monitoring program will serve as an indicator for identifying environmental degradation due to operation of the project and help in selection of appropriate mitigation measures to safeguard the environment.

Regular monitoring is as important as control of pollution since the efficacy of control measures can only be determined by monitoring. The project proponent has awarded **M/s. Ecotech Labs Pvt Ltd** for carrying out the post project environmental monitoring (PPM) and timely compliance report submission to various regulatory authorities.

Therefore, regular monitoring programme of the environmental parameters is essential to take into account the changes in the environmental quality. The objectives of monitoring are to:-

- Verify effectiveness of planning decisions;
- Measure effectiveness of operational procedures;
- Confirm statutory and corporate compliance; and
- Identify unexpected changes.

Table 6-1: Environmental Monitoring Programme

Parameters	Sampling	Frequency	Location
Air environment –	5 locations	24 hourly twice a	Project Site,
Pollutants		week	Pups Barandur school,
PM 10		4 hourly.	Pattalama Temple
PM 2.5		Twice a week, One	Poonapalli Govt Primary school
SO <sub>2</sub>		non monsoon season	Anjaneya Temple

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NO <sub>x</sub>		8 hourly, twice a	
A		week	
		24 hourly, twice a	
		week	
Noise	5 locations	24 hourly Once in 5	Project Site,
1 10100	<b>5</b> 10 <b>0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0</b>	locations	Pups Barandur school,
		locations	_
			Pattalama Temple
			Poonapalli Govt Primary school
			Anjaneya Temple
Water (Ground	5 locations	Once in 5 locations	Project Site,
water)			Pups Barandur school,
• pH			Pattalama Temple
•			Poonapalli Govt Primary school
Temperatu re			Anjaneya Temple
• Turbidity			7 injuneya Temple
•			
Magnesiu			
m Hardness			
• Total			
Alkalinity			
<ul> <li>Chloride</li> </ul>			
• Sulphate			
<ul><li>Fluoride</li><li>Nitrate</li></ul>			
• Sodium			
• Potassium			
<ul> <li>Salinity</li> </ul>			
• Total			
nitrogen • Total			
Coliforms			
• Fecal			
Coliforms			

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Water (surface	Sample	One time Sampling	Devaganapalli river
water)	from		
• pH	nearby		
Temperature Turbidity  Magnesium Hardness Total Alkalinity Chloride Sulphate Fluoride Nitrate Sodium Potassium Salinity Total nitrogen Total Coliforms	lakes/river		
Coliforms Soil	5 locations	Once in 5 locations	Project Site,
(Organic matter,			Pups Barandur school
Texture, pH,			Pattalama Temple
Electrical			Poonapalli Government
Conductivity,			Primary School
Permeability,			Anjaneya Temple
Water holding			
capacity, Porosity)			
Ecology and	Study area	One time Sampling	
biodiversity Study	covering 5 km radius		

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Socio- Economic	Villages	One time Sampling	
study	around 5		
(Population,	km radius		
Literacy Level,			
employment,			
Infrastructure like			
school, hospitals			
& commercial			
establishments)			

Table 6-2: Monitoring Schedule during Mining

S. No.	Attributes	Parameters	Frequency	Location
1.	Ambient Air	PM 10	Once in a	Project Site
	Quality at	PM 2.5	Month	
	Mine Site &	SO <sub>2</sub>		
	Fugitive Dust	NO		
	Sampling	X		
2.	Ground water	Drinking Water Parameters, As	Half yearly	Project Site
	Quality	per IS - 10500: 2012		
3.	Surface Water	Class will be assessed as per	Half yearly	Project Site
	Quality	the CPCB Guidelines		
4.	Soil Quality	(Organic matter, Texture, pH,	Half yearly	Project Site
		Electrical Conductivity,		
		Permeability, Water holding		
		capacity, Porosity)		
5.	Noise Level	Noise level in dB(A)	Half yearly	Project Site
	Monitoring	Quaterly/half yearly		

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# 7 Additional Studies

#### 7.1 GENERAL

This chapter covers the details of the additional studies viz. Risk assessment, Disaster Management, Public Hearing, Rehabilitation and Resettlement.

#### 7.1.1 Public Hearing:

As the proposed mining project falls under 1(a), Category B1 – Cluster Mining (includes Existing Quarries- Nil

Abandoned /Old Quarries - Nil

**Proposed Quarries** – Thiru.S.Raghu -1.30.0 Ha, M/s. Natural stone-3.00.0 Ha, Thiru.Nithin Reddy-3.00.0 Ha, Thiru. Sri krish-3.00.0 Ha, Thiru.Vijaya kumar-2.00.0Ha, Thiru. Dhivakar-1.50.0 Ha.

Hence under 7(III) of EIA notification 2006 and its subsequent amendments, the project involves the Public Consultation and the same will be conducted under SPCB (TN) in Virudhunagar District. The proceedings of the same will be incorporated in the Final EIA Report.

#### 7.1.2 Risk assessment:

For mining projects to be successful, it should meet not only the production requirements, but also maintain the highest safety standards for all the workers. The industry has to identify the hazards, assess the associated risks and bring the risks to tolerable level regularly. Mining has considerable safety risk to miners. Unsafe conditions and practices in mines lead to a number of accidents and causes loss and injury to human lives, damages the property, interrupt production etc. Risk assessment is a systematic method of identifying and analyzing the hazards associated with an activity and establishing a level of risk. The hazards cannot be completely eliminated, and thus there is a need to define and estimate an accident risk level possible to be presented either in quantitative or qualitative way.

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## 7.1.3 Identification of Hazard

## 7.1.3.1 Blasting Pattern:

The quarrying operation will be carried out in conjunction with conventional method of mining using Jack hammer drilling and blasting for shattering effect and loosen the Rough stone.

## 7.1.3.2 Drilling and Blasting:

Drilling and Blasting parameters are as follows:

1	Diameter of the hole	32-36 mm
2	Spacing	60 Cms
3	Depth	1 to 1.5 m
4	Charge / Hole	D.Cord with water or 70gms of gun
		powder or Gelatine.
5	Pattern of hole	Zig Zag
6	Inclination of hole	70° from the horizontal.
7	Quantity of rock broken	0.45 MT x 2.6 = 1.17 MT
8	Quantity of rock broken per day	362.8m <sup>3</sup>
9	Control Blasting efficiency @90%	1.17 x 90% = 1.05MT / hole
10	Charge per hole	140 gms of 25mm dia catridge

#### a. Types of explosives to be used:

Slurry Class 3 explosives, type of nitro compound are proposed to be used for shattering and heaving effect for removal and winning of Rough Stone. No deep hole drilling or Primary blasting is proposed. Detonators of Class 3 and Safety fuse of Class 6 are used.

#### b. Measures proposed to minimize ground vibration due to Blasting:

The quarry is situated more than 1.0 km from the nearby villages. Controlled blasting measures will be adopted for minimizing ground vibration and fly of rock. Shallow depths jackhammer drilling & blasting is proposed to be carried out with minimum use of explosive

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mainly to give the shattering effect in rough stone for easy excavation and to control fly of rocks.

Diameter of Holes = 30-32mm Depth = 1.2 to 1.5 m

Storage and safety measures to be taken while blasting: The proponent will engage an authorized explosive agency to carry out the small amount of blasting and it will be supervised by competent and statutory Foreman/Permit Mines Manager.

**Heavy Machineries:** The following heavy machineries will be used in the proposed area:

- For Mining Excavator of 0.90 Cum Bucket capacity, Jack Hammers (30-32 mm Dia) of 4 Nos.
- Loading Equipment Excavator of 0.9 Cum Bucket Capacity
- Transportation (includes within the mine and mine to destination) Tipper 10 No of 10
   M.T capacity (from quarry to needy peoples and local crushers)

#### a. Risk:

Most of the accidents during transport of mined out mineral using other heavy vehicles are often attributed to mechanical failures and human errors.

#### b. Mitigation measures to minimize the risk

- At the time of loading no person will be allowed within the swing radius of the excavation.
- The dumpers/ trucks will stand near the loading equipment and fully braked when the muck is filled in it.
- The truck would be brought to a lower level so that the loading operation suits to the ergonomic condition of the workers.
- The workers will be provided with helmets, gloves and safety boots; loading and unloading operations will be carried out only during daylight
- All the mining machineries will be regularly maintained and checked such as brakes, lights and horns to keep in the efficient working order.

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#### 7.1.4 General Precautionary measures for the Risk involved in the proposed mine:

- In order to take care of above hazard/disaster, the following control measures will be adopted:
- All safety precautions and provisions of Mine Act,1952, Metalliferous Mines Regulation, 1961 and Mines Rules, 1955 will be strictly followed during all mining operations;
- Entry of unauthorized persons will be prohibited;
- Firefighting and first-aid provisions in the ECC and mining area;
- Provisions of all the safety appliances such as safety boot, helmets, goggles etc. will be made available to the workers (18 Nos.) and regular inspection for their use;
- In case of eventuality, first aid will be given by the senior safety office in the mine area initially to the injured person. The safety officer will give notice of accident as per Rule-23 of Mines Act-1952;
- The safety officer (common for 3 mines within 500m radius) will be responsible for coordination between management district authorities/DGMS etc. Regarding general safety as per Rule-181 of MMR 1961, "No person shall negligently or will fully do anything likely to endanger life or limb in the mine, or negligible or will fully omit to do anything necessary for the safety of the mine or of the persons employed there in". The workers will be provided with protective foot wear and safety helmets;
- Cleaning of mine faces will be regularly done;
- Handling of explosives, charging and blasting will be carried out by highly skilled labors only;
- Regular maintenance and testing of all mining equipment as per manufacturer's guidelines;
- Suppression of dust by sprinkling water on the haulage roads;

#### 7.1.5 Safety Team:

The effective implementation of compliance of Safety Rules/ Statutory Provisions will be ensured. The safety officer will be engaged, meeting the requirement of Mines Act and their duties and responsibilities. The safety officer will be responsible for identification of the hazardous conditions and unsafe acts of workers and advice on corrective actions, conduct safety audit, organize training programs and provide professional expert advice on various issues related to occupational safety and health. Organizing safety training will be conducted to employees and contractor labors periodically.

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#### 7.1.6 Emergency Control Centre

The emergency control center will be provided to handle the emergency. The site main controller, key personnel and the senior officers of the fire and police services will attend it. The center will be equipped to receive and transmit information and directions from and to the incident controller and other areas of the works, as well as outside. The emergency control center will be sited in an area of minimum risk. This common Emergency control centre will be used for the mines around the 500m radius

#### 7.2 <u>DISASTER MANAGEMENT</u>

The possible risks in the case of stone along with associated minor minerals mining projects are fly rock, vibration failure of pit, slope and waste dump, accidents due to transportation. Mining and allied activities are associated with several potential hazards to both the employees and the public at large. Safety of the mine and the employees is taken care of by the mining rules & regulations, which are well defined with laid down procedure for safety, which when scrupulously followed, safety is ensured not only to manpower but also to machines & working environment.

# 7.2.1 Emergency Management Plan For Proposed Mines On Site- Offsite Emergency Preparedness Plan:

The emergency plan delineates the procedures for dealing with accidents or unexpected events and natural calamities arising from mining activity. An experience of any accidents that have occurred in other manufacturing/mining projects is considered to prepare this plan. This Emergency plan should be periodically reviewed and modified. It should also be changed based on the observations of emergency mock drills and experience of handling actual emergencies.

Major objectives of this onsite – offsite emergency plan are:

➤ To take necessary proactive and preventive actions to avoid the emergency.

# The main aim of any emergency plan should be to prevent emergency situations.

To train the manpower to handle the emergencies of the following nature:

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- Onsite (Within ML boundary)
- Offsite (Outside ML boundary)

## 7.2.1 *Onsite off-site emergency Plan:*

#### 1- Emergency on account of:

- > Fire
- > Explosion
- Major accidents involving man-made collapse of the mining edges.
- > Snake bites, attack by honey bees or attack by wild animals.

#### 2- Disaster due to natural calamities like:

- ➤ Flood/ heavy rains which can involve natural landslides.
- > Earth quake
- Cyclone
- > Lightening

#### 7.2.2 Emergency Plan:

- ➤ The mining operations should be immediately stopped in case of any emergency. A siren will be sounded during emergency time.
- An emergency assembly point will be created and all the workers will guide visitors or contractors to approach assembly point.
- Emergency vehicle (Ambulance) will be available in the nearby place, in proximity to the three mines and will rush to the emergency control centre at the blowing of emergency siren. The driver of emergency vehicle will follow the instructions of Incident Controller/Site Main Controller.
- ➤ Workers will be trained for the precautions to be taken during natural disasters like heavy rain, floods, earthquake and cyclone.
- All escape routes from mines to the assembly point or any other safe location will be made and the escape plan will be displayed in many places in the mine area

#### 7.2.3 Emergency Control:

> Shut down of mining operations: Raising the alarm or siren followed by immediate safe shut down of the power supply, and isolation of affected areas.

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- > Treatment of injured: First aid and hospitalization of injured persons
- ➤ Protection of environment and property: During mitigation, efforts will be made to prevent impacts on environment and property to the extent possible.
- ➤ Preserving all evidences and records: This will be done to enable a thorough investigation of the true causes of the emergency.
- Ensuring safety of personnel prior to restarting of operations: Efforts required will be made to ensure that work environment is safe prior to restarting the work.

#### 7.3 NATURAL RESOURCE CONSERVATION

There are no natural resources within the premises. The conservation strategies for energy will be followed in the proposed mine lease area. The pollutants of the mine will be minimized by adopting appropriate mitigation measures as mentioned Chapter 5 to prevent the effects on nearest water bodies. No surface runoff from the project site will be let into the nearest water bodies.

## 7.4 RESETTLEMENT AND REHABILITATION:

The proposed Mine lease area is a patta land. There is no displacement of the population within the project area and adjacent nearby area and hence Rehabilitation & Resettlement is not applicable.

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# 8 Project Benefits

#### 8.1 GENERAL

This chapter covers the benefits accruing to the locality, neighborhood, region and nation as a whole. It brings out the details of benefits by way of improvements in the physical infrastructure, social infrastructure, employment potential and other tangible benefits.

#### 8.1.1 Physical Benefits

The opening of the proposed project will enhance the following physical infrastructure facilities in the adjoining areas:

*Market:* Generating useful economical resource for construction. Due to demand supply chain, excavated mineral (Rough stone) will sold in the market in the affordable price.

Infrastructure: The excavated rough stone will be used for Laying Roads, Building & Construction Projects, Bridges.

Enhancement of Green Cover & Green Belt Development: As a part of reclamation plan, native tree species will be planted along the safety boundary of the mine lease area. A suitable combination of trees that can grow fast and also have good leaf cover will be adopted to develop the green belt. It is proposed to plant 650 numbers of native species along with some fruit bearing and medicinal trees during the mining plan period.

#### 8.2 SOCIAL BENEFITS

The mining in the area will create rural employment. During site visit, it has been observed that the economic conditions of the villages in the study area is quite normal. After the development of the proposed mine, it will improve the livelihood of local people and also provide the indirect employment opportunities. The rough stone for the infrastructural development in the area will be made available from the local markets at reasonably lower price.

As a part of CER, i.e., 5 Lakhs will be allocated. The detailed agenda, which is to be executed has been framed. The salient features of the programmes are as follows:

Construction of Infrastructure, additional class room, Environmental books for library (in Tamil language), Greenbelt facilities and basic amenities such as safe drinking water, Hygienic Toilets facilities, furniture to Panchayat Union Middle School, H.Settipalli.

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## 8.3 PROJECT COST / INVESTMENT DETAILS

Fixed cost	Rs.1,31,90,000/-
Operational cost	Rs.30,00,000/-
EMP cost	Rs.169,70,946/-

# Total Project Cost: Rs. 161,90,000/- (One hundred and sixty one Lakhs Ninenty Thousand Only)

	Mitigation Measure	<b>Provision for Implementation</b>	Capital	Recurring
	Compaction, gradation and drainage on both sides for Haulage Road	Rental Dozer & drainage construction on haul road @ Rs. 10,000/- per hectare; and yearly maintenance @ Rs. 10,000/- per hectare	13000	13000
	Fixed Water Sprinkling Arrangements + Water sprinkling by own water tankers	Fixed Sprinkler Installation and New Water Tanker Cost for Capital; and Water Sprinkling (thrice a day) Cost for recurring	810000	52000
ient	Air Quality will be regularly monitored as per norms within ML area & Ambient Area	Yearly Compliance as per CPCB norms	0	52000
Air Environment	Muffle blasting – To control fly rocks during blasting	Blasting face will be covered with sand bags / steel mesh / old tyres / used conveyor belts	0	5500
Air E	Wet drilling procedure / latest eco-friendly drill machine with separate dust extractor unit	Dust extractor @ Rs. 25,000/- per unit deployed as capital & @ Rs. 2500 per unit recurring cost for maintenance	53000	5600
	No overloading of trucks/tippers/tractors	Manual Monitoring through Security guard	0	5200
	Stone carrying trucks will be covered by tarpaulin	Monitoring if trucks will be covered by tarpaulin	0	13000
	Enforcing speed limits of 20 km/hr within ML area	Installation of Speed Governers @ Rs. 5000/- per Tipper/Dumper deployed	5400	0

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	Regular monitoring of exhaust fumes as per RTO norms	Monitoring of Exhaust Fumes by Manual Labour	0	5200
	Regular sweeping and maintenance of approach roads for at least about 200 m from ML Area	Provision for 2 labours @ Rs.10,000/labour (Contractual) per Hectare	0	22000
	Installing wheel wash system near gate of quarry	Installation + Maintenance + Supervision	52000	23000
	Source of noise will be during operation of transportation vehicles, HEMM for this proper maintenance will be done at regular intervals.	Provision made in Operating Cost	0	0
	Oiling & greasing of Transport vehicles and HEMM at regular interval will be done	Provision made in Operating Cost	0	0
	Adequate silencers will be provided in all the diesel engines of vehicles.	Provision made in Operating Cost	0	0
ment	It will be ensured that all transportation vehicles carry a fitness certificate.	Provision made in Operating Cost	0	0
Noise Environment	Safety tools and implements that are required will be kept adequately near blasting site at the time of charging.	Provision made in OHS part	0	0
Nois	Line Drilling all along the boundary to reduce the PPV from blasting activity and implementing controlled blasting.	Provision made in Operating Cost	0	0
	Proper warning system before blasting will be adopted and clearance of the area before blasting will be ensured.	Blowing Whistle by Mining Mate / Blaster / Compentent Person	0	0
	Provision for Portable blaster shed	Installation of Portable blasting shelter	52000	2300
	NONEL Blasting will be practiced to control Ground vibration and fly rocks	Rs. 30/- per 6 Tonnes of Blasted Material	0	53000
Water	Water management	Provision for garland drain @ Rs. 10,000/- per Hectare with maintenance of Rs. 5,000/- per annum	13000	5300

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Waste Management	Waste management (Spent Oil, Grease etc.,)	Provision for domestic waste collection and disposal through authorized agency	28000	23000
M		Installation of dust bins	5400	2300
Waste	Bio toilets will be made available outside mine lease on the land of owner itself	Provision made in Operating Cost	0	0
	Size 6' X 5' with blue background and white letters as mentioned in MoM Appendix II by the SEAC TN	Fixed Display Board at the Quarry Entrance as permanent structure mentioning Environmental Conditions	13000	1300
ition	Workers will be provided with Personal Protective Equipment's	Provision of PPE @ Rs. 4000/- per employee with recurring based on wear and tear (say, @ Rs. 1000/- per employee)	43000	13000
MS Cond	Health check up for workers will be provisioned	IME & PME Health check up @ Rs. 1000/- per employee	0	13000
an & DG]	First aid facility will be provided	Provision of 2 Kits per Hectare @ Rs. 2000/-	0	4300
ng Pla	Mine will have safety precaution signages, boards.	Provision for signages and boards made	13000	2300
ini			230000	13000
ation of EC, Mining Plan & DGMS Condition	Barbed Wire Fencing to quarry area will be provisioned.	Per Hectare fencing Cost @ Rs. 2,00,000/- with Maintenance of Rs 10,000/- per annum		
Implementation	No parking will be provided on the transport routes. Separate provision on the south side of the hill will be made for vehicles /HEMMs. Flaggers will be deployed for traffic management	Parking area with shelter and flags @ Rs. 50,000/- per hectare project and Rs. 10,000/- as maintenance cost	53000	13000
	Installation of CCTV cameras in the mines and mine entrance	Camera 4 Nos, DVR, Monitor with internet facility	33000	5300
	Implementation as per Mining Plan and ensure safe quarry working	Mines Manager (1st Class / 2nd Class / Mine Foreman) under regulation 34 / 34 (6) of MMR, 1961 and Mining Mate under regulation 116 of MMR,1961 @	0	790000

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Green Belt Development	Green belt development - 500 trees per one hectare (200 Inside Lease Area & 300 Outside Lease Area)	40,000/- for Manager & @ 25,000/- for Foreman / Mate  Site clearance, preparation of land, digging of pits / trenches, soil amendments, transplantation of saplings @ 200 per plant (capital) for plantation inside the lease area and @ 30 per plant maintenance (recurring)	56000	8400
Green		Avenue Plantation @ 300 per plant (capital) for plantation outside the lease area and @ 30 per plant maintenance (recurring)	126000	12600
			1598800	1158600
			27	57400
		Total		

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
2757400	1216530	1277357	1341224	1408286
Year 6	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10
2278100	1552635	1630267	1711780	1797369

Total EMP Cost= 169,70,946= 170 (Lakhs)

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## 9 Environmental Management Plan

#### 9.1 INTRODUCTION

This chapter comprehensively presents the Environmental Management Plan (EMP), which includes the administrative and technical setup, summary matrix of EMP, the cost involved to implement the EMP, during various Mining activities and provisions made towards the same in the cost estimates of project. This chapter describes the proposed monitoring scheme as well as inter-organizational arrangements for effective implementation of the mitigation measures.

#### 9.2 SUBSIDENCE

Mining will be carried out by opencast mechanized mining method with drilling & blasting as per mining plan approved by Department of Mining and Geology, Krishnagiri. Subsidence/slope failures are not envisaged because there are no loose strata overlying the deposit (mineral to be excavated). The bench height will be 7m. The individual bench slope has been proposed to be kept at 60° from horizontal. Moreover, all safety standards/ safeguards will be implemented as per guidelines prescribed by Director General of Mines Safety.

#### 9.3 MINE DRAINAGE

#### 9.3.1 Storm water Management

The following measures will be taken with respect to the prevailing site conditions.

- Storm water drains with silt traps of size 1m x 1m will be suitably constructed all along the periphery of the pit area to collect the run-off from the mine area and divert into the pit.
- All measures will be taken not to disturb the existing drainage pattern adjacent to the mine lease area.
- The storm water collected from the mine area will be utilized for dust suppression on haul roads, plantation within the premises, etc.,

#### 9.3.2 Drainage

Local workers will be deployed for the project. But, urinals and Latrines will be provided and the same will be connected to septic tank followed by soak pit arrangement. No domestic waste will be deposited into the nearby area. Regular checking will be carried out to find any

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blockage due to silting or accumulation of loose materials. The drains will also be checked for any damage in lining / stone pitching, etc.

#### 9.3.3 Administrative and Technical Setup

The Environment Management Plan (EMP) will consist of all mitigation measures for each component of the environment due to the activities increased during mining operation to minimize adverse environmental impacts resulting from the activities of the project.

To carry out the above activities, Thiru S.Raghu will work in association with M/s. Ecotech Labs Pvt Ltd.

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Project Location	Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District	

Table 9-1: Impacts and mitigation measures

S. No	Impacts on Environment	Activity /Aspect	Anticipated impacts	Mitigation measures
1.	Air	Fugitive Emission	During mining operation, fugitive dust and other air pollutants like particulate matter (PM10 & PM 2.5) will be generated.	Planting of trees along the safety distance of the Mine Lease Area  Water will be sprinkled in the site as dust suppression measure.
2.	Water	Wastewater Generation	Improper management of Domestic wastewater in the Mine lease may create unhygienic conditions in the site thereby causing health impacts to the labors	Provision of urinals/Latrines along with septic tank followed by soak pit arrangement will be provided in the Mine Lease area for the proper management of wastewater.
3.	Noise	Mining activities like drilling, blasting, loading and transportatio n	Noise from the machinery can cause hypertension, high stress level, hearing loss, sleep disturbance etc due to prolonged exposure. Apart from Mining activities like drilling, blasting may generate noise	Use of personal protective devices i.e., earmuffs and earplugs by workers, who are working in high noise generating areas.
4.	Land	Improper management of Storm water Runoff	Storm water Runoff may result in Soil Erosion	Garland drainage of 1m x 1m will be provided to avoid storm water run- off.
5.	Social Responsibility	Mining workers	Unhygienic site sanitation facilities may cause health damage to workers.	The objective is to ensure health and safety of the workers with effective provisions for the basic facilities of sanitation, drinking water, safety of equipments or machinery etc. The following will be done in the site

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	Duilding	Duilding	Has of forfatched	<ul> <li>✓ By complying with the safety procedures, norms and guidelines (as applicable) as outlined in the National Building Code of India, Bureau of Indian Standards.</li> <li>✓ Provide adequate number of decentralized latrines and urinals</li> <li>✓ Providing Septic tank along with Soak pit arrangement</li> <li>✓ Providing First Aid room, conducting frequent health checkups to labor and conducting free medical camps</li> <li>✓ Providing safety helmet, Gloves, Jacket &amp; Boots</li> <li>✓ Providing measures to prevent fires. Fire fighting extinguishers and buckets of sand will be provided in the construction site</li> </ul>
6.	Building materials resource conservation	Building Material consumption	Use of farfetched construction materials than the locally available construction materials may lead to over exploitation of natural resources & increase in carbon footprint.	Use of locally available construction materials.

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Project Location	Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District	

# 10 Summary & Conclusion

This chapter summarizes the overall justification for implementation of the project and explains how the potential impacts are mitigated.

#### 10.1 INTRODUCTION

Thiru S.Raghu site is a cluster of four mining project. The individual mine lease area is 1.30.0 Ha of Rough Stone Quarry located at S.F.Nos. 381(Part-1) of Gopanapalli Village, HosurTaluk, Krishnagiri District.

#### 10.2 PROJECT OVERVIEW

Table 10-1: Project Overview

S. No.	Description	Details
1	Project Name	Thiru. S.Raghu Rough Stone Quarry
2	Proponent	Thiru. S.Raghu
3	Mining Lease Area Extent	1.30.0 Ha
4	Location	381(Part-1)
5	Latitude	12° 38' 05.49" N to 12° 38' 03.12" N
6	Longitude	77º 48' 43.41" E to 77º 48' 37.72" E
7	Topography	Hilly terrain
8	Site Elevation above MSL	840 m from MSL
9	Topo sheet No.	57-H/14 of Survey of India
10	Minerals of Mine	Rough Stone Quarry
11	Proposed production of Mine	107190m³ of Rough stone for (I-V years) and 44020 m³ of Rough stone for (VI-X years)
12	Ultimate depth of Mining	43 m below ground level
13	Method of Mining	Open cast mechanized mining
14	Water demand	2.0 KLD
15	Source of water	Water will be supplied through tankers supply

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16	Man power	18Nos.
17	Mining Plan Approval	Mining Plan was approved by The Deputy Director, Department of Geology and Mining, Krishnagiri District vide letter Rc.No.539/2022/Mines dated 04.05.2022.
18	Production details	Geological reserves: 4,34,140 m³ of Rough stone Proposed year wise reserves: 107190 m³ of Rough stone for (I-V years) 44020 m³ of Rough stone for (VI-X) years
19	Boundary Fencing	7.5 m barrier all along the boundary for adjacent patta lands and 10 m safety distance for Govt. Lands. Fencing will be provided.
20	Disposal of overburden	The estimated quantity of Top soil (Gravel) is 17316 m³. Top Soil formation will be removed and transported to the needy end user only after obtaining permission and paying necessary seigniorage fees to the government
21	Ground water	The ground water table is reported as 88m BGL in nearby open wells and bore wells of this area. Mining depth taken as 51m. Now, proposed quarry depth is above the water table. Hence, quarrying may not affect the ground water.
22	Habitations within 300m radius of the Project Site	There is no Habitation within 300m radius of the project site.

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23	Drinking water	Water will be supplied through tankers
		from Goolisandram village which is
		0.37 Km NNW of the area

#### 10.3 JUSTIFICATION OF THE PROPOSED PROJECT

The said project plays a significant role in the domestic as well as infrastructural market. To achieve a huge infrastructure being envisaged by Government of India, particularly in road and housing sector, there is a need for basic building materials. The rough stone form the primary building material.

Rough stone is one of the most valuable natural building materials. Aggregates are mostly used for building roads and footpaths Aggregates – stone used for its strong physical properties – crushed and sorted into various sizes for use in concrete, coated with bitumen to make asphalt or used 'dry' as bulk fill in construction. Mostly used in roads, concrete and building products. Aggregates represent about 98% of quarry output, most of which is used in road construction, maintenance and repair. Much of this goes to the production of asphalt; the remainder is used 'dry' without the addition of other materials to provide a sturdy base for roads.

Krishnagiri District is covered with wide range of metamorphic rocks of peninsular gnessic complex. These rock formations occur as massive hillocks all over the district in government lands and patta lands, and extensively weathered formations are overlained by soil / alluvium deposits with an average thickness of 1 to 5mts. Rough stone deposits suitable for the production of Jelly, Cut stones and Pillar Stones are available throughout the Krishnagiri District. Rough stones are widely used in this district as building stones, boulders, cut stones and for the production of Jelly, M.Sand, Crusher Dust. The rock products which are produced not only used in the Krishnagiri District alone but also transported to the neighboring districts. These products enter into the market in different parts of the country.

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Table 10-2: Anticipate Impacts & Appropriate Mitigation Measures

S. No.	Potential Impact	Mitigation Measure
1	The main impact in the air environment is	Proper mitigation measures like water
	dust emission during various mining	sprinkling on haul roads will be adopted
	activities such drilling, blasting, excavation,	to control dust emissions.
	loading and transportation. The dust	To control the emissions regular
	emission may affect the quality of ambient	preventive maintenance of equipments
	air in the and around the mine area. The	will be carried out on contractual basis.
	increased emission may cause respiratory &	Plantation will be carried out along
	Cardiovascular problems in human health	approach roads & mine premises.
2	Waste water will be generated due to mining	No waste water will be generated from
	activity and from other domestic activities.	the mining activity of minor minerals as
	These may contaminate the ground water	the project only involves lifting of over
	leading to ground water. The mining	burden from mine site. The wastewater
	activity may affect the ground water table	generated from the domestic activity will
		be disposed off safely through the
		proposed septic tank.
		Mining will not intersect ground water
		table. Hence the water table will not be
		impacted due to the proposed project
3	Noise will be generated in the mine area	Periodical monitoring of noise will be
	during various mining activities such as	done.
	blasting, drilling, excavation. During	No other equipments except the
	transportation of the mined out mineral,	transportation vehicles and Excavator
	there may be noise generation due to the	(as & when required) for loading will be
	movement of vehicles. This may impact the	allowed at site.
	health condition of the workers by creating	
	headache	

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		Noise generated by these equipments
		shall be intermittent and does not cause
		much adverse impact.
		Plantation will be carried out along
		approach roads. The plantation
		minimizes propagation of noise and also
		arrest dust.
4	Solid waste will be generated from the	The 100% recovery is achieved by
	mining activity as there will be refuse after	extracting the entire mineable reserve.
	95% recovery and also generation of	Hence there will be no refuse generation
	domestic waste	due to the mining activity. Apart from
		that, a very meagre quantity of domestic
		waste will be generated in the project,
		which will be handed over to the local
		body on daily basis.
5	During mining activities, there are chances	Dust masks will be provided as
	of workers getting health issues or may be	additional personal protection
	prone to accidents	equipment to the workers working in the
		dust prone area.
		Periodical trainings will be conducted to
		create awareness about the occupational
		health hazards due to activities like
		blasting, drilling, excavation
		Workers health related problem if any,
		will be properly addressed.
		1 1 3

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### 11 Disclosure of Consultant

#### 11.1 INTRODUCTION

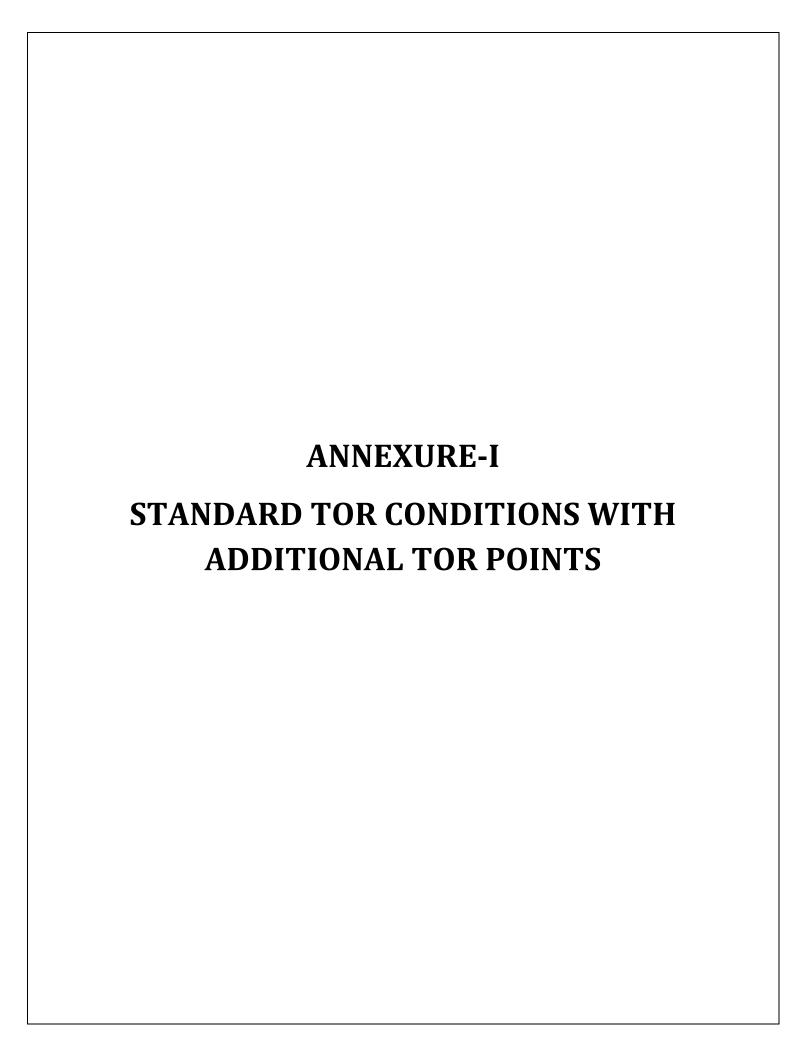
This chapter presents the details of the environmental consultants engaged, their background and the brief description of the key personnel involved in the project. Specific studies on the mining project have been carried out by engaging engineers/experts of Ecotech Labs Pvt. Ltd, Chennai. Ecotech Labs Pvt. Ltd (ETL), Chennai is NABET accredited consultancy organization. ETL is equipped with in-house, spacious laboratory, accredited by NABL (National Accreditation Board for Testing & Calibration Laboratories), Department of Science & Technology, Government of India and MoEF & CC.

#### 11.2 ECO TECH LABS PVT. LTD – ENVIRONMENT CONSULTANT

Eco Tech Labs Pvt. Ltd is a multi-disciplinary testing and research laboratory in India. Eco Tech labs provides high quality services in environmental consultancy, engineering solution, chemical and microbiological laboratory analysis of food, water and environment (Air, Water, Soil) with highest accuracy.

#### The Quality policy

- •We at Eco Tech Labs Pvt. Ltd. engaged in providing Environmental consulting services and we are committed to strengthen our capabilities in all areas of our operations in line with customer requirements & expectations, applicable legal requirements & stakeholders expectations.
- •We are committed to establish and maintain Quality Management System (QMS) for continual improvement in processes and Services
- •We are committed to provide customized solutions in realistic, time bound and cost effective to achieve highest degree of customer satisfaction and Environmental improvement.
- •We shall establish, maintain & periodically review our documented management systems, objectives and performance in consultation with our employees and prevailing best practices.
- •Effective communication of organization's policy and objectives to employees and seeking feedbacks from all our employees and concerned stakeholders for continual improvement.





### THIRU.DEEPAK S.BILGI, LF.S. MEMBER SECRETARY

### STATE LEVEL ENVIRONMENT IMPACT ASSESSMENT AUTHORITY-TAMILNADU

3rd Floor, PanagalMaaligai, No.1, Jeenis Road, Saidapet, Chennai - 600 015. Phone No. 044-24359973 Fax: No. 044-24359975

# TERMS OF REFERENCE (ToR) Lr No.SEIAA-TN/F.No.9566/SEAC/ToR-1326/2023 Dated: 10.02,2023

To

Thiru, S.Raghu S/o. Sreemmaiya, D. No. 6/202, Anusonai village, Bernmathathanur Post, Denkanikottai Tuluk, Krishnagiri District-635113

#### Sir / Madam.

Sub: SEIAA, Tumil Nadu - Terms of Reference with Public Hearing (ToR) for the Proposed Rough stone quarry over an extent of 1.30.0 Ha (Government paramboke land) at Survey No. 381 (part 1) in Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District, Tamil Nadu by Thiru.S.Raghu - under project entegory - "B1" and Schedule S No. 1(a) - ToR issued along with Public Hearing- preparation of EIA report - Regarding.

Ref:

- Online proposal No. SIA/TN/MIN/405072/2022, Dated: 04.11.2022.
- 2. Your application submitted for Terms of Reference dated: 17.11.2022
- 3. Minutes of the 346th Meeting of SEAC held on 12.01,2023
- Minutes of the 591 meeting of Authority held on 10.02 2023.

Kindly refer to your proposal submitted to the State Level Impact Assessment Authority for Terms of Reference.

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The proponent, Thiru S Raghu has submitted application for ToR, in Form-I, Pre-Peasibility report for the Proposed Rough stone quarry over an extent of 1,30,0 Ha (Government poramboke land) at Survey No. 381 (part 1)in Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District , Tamil Nadu.

# Discussion by SEAC and the Remarks:-

Proposed Rough stone quarry over an extent of 1.30,0 Ha (Government poramboke land) at Survey No. 381 (part 1)in Copanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District, Tamil Nadu by Thiru.S.Raghu - for Terms of Reference (SIA/IN/MIN/405072/2022, Dated: 04.11.2022).

The proposal was placed in this 346" meeting of SEAC held on 12.01.2023. The details of the project furnished by the proponent are available in the website (partyesh nic.in).

# The SEAC noted the following

- 1. The Project Proposent, Thiru S.Raghu has applied for Terms of Reference for the Proposed Rough stone quarry over an extent of 1.30.0 Ha of (Government paramboke land) at Survey No. 381 (part 1) in Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District, Tamil Nadu.
- 2. The proposed quarry activity is covered under Category "B1" of Item 1(a) "Mining Projects" of the Schedule to the EIA Notification, 2006.
- 3. The precise area communication was issued for the period of 10 years. The approved mining plan is for the period of ten years & production should not exceed 1.07,190 cu m of Rough Stone for fine five years, 44020 eu m of Rough Stone fise next five years & 17316 Cu.m of Topsoil. The ultimate depth is 37m (8m AGIL + 29m BGL) (2m Topsoil + 35m Rough stone)

Based on the presentation made by the proponent, SEAC decided to recommend grant of Terms of Reference (TOR) with Public Hearing subject to the following additional TORs, in addition to the standard terms of reference for EIA study for non-coal mining projects and details issued by the MOEF & CC to be included in FIA/EMP Report.

1. The bench height 7m shall be reduced to 5 m (or) 6 m based upon the reach of excavating equipment proposed and accordingly the revised quantity is spelt out in the 'modified Production and Development Plan' to be submitted during the EIA appraisal.

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- The Proponent shall submit the aforesaid 'Production & Development Plan' prepared as a
  part of the approved Mining Plan, duly signed by the concerned QP & approved by the
  concerned AD (Geology & Mining) during the EIA appraisal.
- 3. In the case of proposed lease exists in the sloping hilly terrain, the Project Proponent (PP) shall prepare and submit an "Action Plan" for carrying out the formation of the benches from top to downwards in the proposed quarry lease including the removal of boulder formed over the sloping face during the time of appraisal for obtaining the EC.
- 4 The PP shall submit detailed mitigation measures particularly related to dust pollution with respect to the location of the dwellings surrounding the proposed project based on the wind direction during the time of appraisal for obtaining the EC.
- The structures within the radius of (i) 100 m, (ii) 200 m and (iii) 300 m shall be enumerated
  with details such as dwelling houses with number of occupants, whether it belongs to the
  owner (or) not, places of worship, industries, factories, sheds, etc.
- The PP shall submit a detailed hydrological report indicating the impact of proposed quarrying operations on the waterbodies like lake, water tanks, etc are located within 1 km of the proposed quarry.
- The Proponent shall earry out Bio diversity study through reputed Institution and the same shall be included in EIA Report.
- 8. The proponent shalf furnish photographs of adequate fencing, green belt along the periphery including replantation of existing trees & safety distance between the adjacent quarries & water hodies nearby provided as per the approved mining plan.
- The PP shall furnish the affidavit stating that the blusting operation in the proposed quarry is carried out by the statutory competent person as per the MMR 1961 such as blaster, mining mate, mine foreman, II/I Class mines manager appointed by the proponent.
- 10. The PP shall present a conceptual design for carrying out only controlled blasting operation involving line drilling and muffle blasting in the proposed quarry such that the blast-induced ground vibrations are controlled as well as no fly rock travel beyond 30 m from the blast site.

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- 11. The EIA Coordinators shall obtain and furnish the details of quarry/quarries operated by the proponent in the past, either in the same location or elsewhere in the State with video and photographic evidences.
- 12. If the proponent has already carried out the mining activity in the proposed mining lease area after 15.01 2016, then the proponent shall furnish the following details from AD/DD, mines.
  - a. What was the period of the operation and stoppage of the earlier mines with last work permit issued by the AD/DD mines?
  - b. Quantity of minerals mined out.
  - e. Highest production achieved in any one year
  - d. Detail of approved depth of mining.
  - Actual depth of the mining achieved earlier.
  - Name of the person already mined in that leases area.
  - a. If EC and CTO already obtained, the copy of the same shall be submitted.
  - Whether the mining was carried out as per the approved mine plan (or EC if issued) with stipulated benches.
  - 13. All corner coordinates of the mine lease area, superimposed on a High Resolution Imagery Topo sheet, topographic sheet, geomorphology, lithology and geology of the mining leave area should be provided. Such an Imagery of the proposed area should clearly show the land use and other ecological features of the study area (core and buffer zone).
  - 14. The PP shall entry out Drone video survey covering the cluster, Green belt, fencing etc.,
  - 15. The PP shall furnish the revised munpower including the statutory & competent persons as required under the provisions of the MMR 1961 for the prosed quarry based on the volume of rock handled & area of excavation.
  - 16. The proponent shall furnish photographs of adequate fencing, green belt along the periphery including replantation of existing trees & safety distance between the adjacent quarries & water bodies nearby provided as per the approved mining plan-
  - 17. The Project Proponent shall provide the details of mineral reserves and mineable reserves, planned production capacity, proposed working methodology with justifications, the



anticipated impacts of the mining operations on the surrounding environment and the remedial measures for the same.

- 18 The Project Proponent shall provide the Organization chart indicating the appointment of various statutory officials and other competent persons to be appointed as per the provisions of Mines Act 1952 and the MMR, 1961 for carrying out the quarrying operations scientifically and systematically in order to ensure safety and to protect the environment.
- 19. The Project Proponent shall conduct the hydro-geological study considering the contour map of the water table detailing the number of ground water pumping & open wells, and surface water hodies such as rivers, tanks, canals, ponds etc. within 1 km (radius) along with the collected water level data for both mornsoon and non-monsoon seasons from the PWD / TWAD so as to assess the impacts on the wells due to mining activity. Based on actual monitored data, it may clearly be shown whether working will intersect groundwater. Necessary data and documentation in this regard may be provided.
- 20. The proponent shall furnish the buseline data for the environmental and ecological parameters with regard to surface water/ground water quality, air quality, soil quality & flora/fauna including traffic/vehicular movement study.
- 21 The Proponent shall carry out the Cumulative impact study due to mining operations carried out in the quarry specifically with reference to the specific environment in terms of soil health, biodiversity, air pollution, water pollution, climate change and flood control & health impacts. Accordingly, the Environment Management plan should be prepared keeping the concerned quarry and the surrounding hisbitations in the minu.
- Rain water harvesting management with recharging details along with water balance (both monsoon & non-monsoon) be submitted.
- 23. Land use of the study area delineating forest area, agricultural land, grazing land, wildlife sanctuary, national park, migratory routes of fauna, water bodies, human settlements and other ecological features should be indicated. Land use plan of the mine lease area should be prepared to encompass preoperational, operational and post operational phases and submitted. Impact, if any, of change of land use should be given.
- 24. Details of the land for storage of Overborden/Waste Dumps (or) Rejects outside the mine

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- lease, such as extent of land area, distance from mine lease, its land use, R&R issues, if any, should be provided.
- 25. Proximity to Areas declared as 'Critically Polluted' (or) the Project areas which attracts the court restrictions for mining operations, should also be indicated and where so required, clearance certifications from the prescribed Authorities, such as the TNPCB (or) Dept. of Geology and Mining should be secured and furnished to the effect that the proposed mining activities could be considered.
- 26. Description of water conservation measures proposed to be adopted in the Project should be given. Details of rainwater barvesting proposed in the Project, if any, should be provided.
- 27. Impact on local transport infrastructure due to the Project should be indicated
- 28. A tree survey study shall be carried out (nos., name of the species, age, diameter etc.) both within the mining tease applied area & 300m buffer zone and its management during mining
- 29. A detailed mine closure plan for the proposed project shall be included in EIA/EMP report which should be site-specific
- 30. Public Hearing points raised and commitments of the Project Proponent to the same along with time bound Action Plan with budgetary provisions to implement the same should be provided and also incorporated in the final EIA/EMP Report of the Project and to be submitted to SEIAA/SEAC with regard to the Office Memorandum of MoEF& CC
- 31. The Public hearing advertisement shall be published in one major National daily and one most circulated vernicular daily.
- 32 The PP shall produce/display the EIA report, Executive summary and other related information with respect to public hearing in Tamil Language also.
- 33. As a part of the study of flora and fauna around the vicinity of the proposed site, the EIA coordinator shall strive to educate the local students on the importance of preserving local flora and fauna by involving them in the study, wherever possible.
- 34. The purpose of Green belt around the project is to capture the fugitive emissions, carbon sequestration and to attenuate the noise generated, in addition to improving the aesthetics. A

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wide range of indigenous plant species should be planted as given in the appendix-I in consultation with the DFO, State Agriculture University and local school/college authorities. The plant species with dense/moderate canopy of native origin should be chosen. Species of small/medium/tall trees alternating with shrubs should be planted in a mixed manner.

- 35. Taller one year old Saplings raised in appropriate size of bags, preferably eco-friendly bags should be planted as per the advice of local forest authorities/botanist/Horticulturist with regard to site-specific choices. The proponent shall earmark the greenbelt area with GPS coordinates all along the boundary of the project site with at least 3 meters wide and in between blocks in an organized manner.
- 36. A Disaster Management Plan shall be prepared and included in the EIA/EMP Report for the complete life of the proposed quarry (or) till the end of the Jesse period.
- 37. A Risk Assessment and Management Plan shall be prepared and included in the EIA/EMP Report for the complete life of the proposed quarry (or) till the end of the lease period.
- 38. Occupational Health impacts of the Project should be anticipated and the proposed preventive measures spelt out in detail. Details of pre-placement medical examination and periodical medical examination schedules should be incorporated in the EMP. The project specific occupational health mitigation measures with required facilities proposed in the mining area may be detailed.
- 39. Public health implications of the Project and related activities for the population in the impact zone should be systematically evaluated and the proposed remedial measures should be detailed along with budgetary allocations.
- 40. The Socio-economic studies should be carried out within a 5 km buffer zone from the mining activity. Measures of socio-economic significance and influence to the local community proposed to be provided by the Project Proponent should be indicated. As far as possible, quantitative dimensions may be given with time frames for implementation.
- Details of litigation pending against the project, if any, with direction /order passed by any Court of Law against the Project should be given.
- 42. Benefits of the Project if the Project is implemented should be spelt out. The benefits of the Project shall clearly indicate environmental, social, economic, employment potential, etc.

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- 43. If any quarrying operations were carried out in the proposed quarrying site for which now the EC is sought, the Project Proponent shall furnish the detailed compliance to EC conditions given in the previous EC with the site photographs which shall duly be certified by MoliF&CC, Regional Office, Chennai (or) the concerned DEE/TNPCB.
- 44. The PP shall prepare the EMP for the entire life/lease of mine and also furnish the sworn affidavit stating to abide the EMP for the entire life of mine.
- 45. Concealing any factual information or submission of false/fabricated data and failure to comply with any of the conditions mentioned above may result in withdrawal of this Terms of Conditions besides attracting penal provisions in the Environment (Protection) Act. 1986.

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Appendix -I List of Native Trees Suggested for Planting

N		Tamil Name	Tomil Name
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# Discussion by SEIAA and the Remarks:

The proposal was placed in the 591" Authority meeting beld on 10.02 2023. The authority noted that this proposal was placed for appraisal in this 346" meeting of SEAC held on 12.01 2023. After detailed discussions, the Authority accepts the recommendation of SEAC and decided to grant Terms of Reference (ToR) along with Public Hearing under cluster for undertaking the combined Environment Impact Assessment Study and preparation of separate Environment Munagement Plan subject to the conditions as recommended by SEAC & normal conditions is addition to the conditions in Annexure B' of this minute.

# Annexure 'B'

- 1. Cluster Management Committee, which must include all the proponents in the cluster as members including the existing as well as proposed quarry.
- 2. The members must coordinate among themselves for the effective implementation of EMP as committed including Green Belt Development. Water sprinkling, tree plantation, blasting etes:

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- The List of members of the committee formed shall be submitted to AD/Mines before the
  execution of mining lease and the same shall be updated every year to the AD/Mines.
- 4 Detailed Operational Plan must be submitted which must include the blasting frequency with respect to the nearby quarry situated in the cluster, the usage of haul roads by the individual quarry in the form of route map and network.
- The committee shall deliberate on risk management plan pertaining to the cluster in a holistic manner especially during natural calamities like intense rain and the mitigation measures considering the inundation of the cluster and evacuation plan.
- The Cluster Management Committee shall form Environmental Policy to practice sustainable
  mining in a scientific and systematic manner in accordance with the law. The role played by
  the committee in implementing the environmental policy devised shall be given in detail.
- The committee shall furnish action plan regarding the restoration strategy with respect to the individual quarry falling under the cluster in a holistic manner.
- 8. The committee shall furnish the Emergency Management plan within the cluster.
- The committee shall deliberate on the health of the workers/staff involved in the mining as well as the health of the public.
- 10. Detailed study shall be carried out in regard to impact of mining around the proposed mine lease area covering the entire mine lease period as per precise area communication order issued from reputed research institutions on the following
  - a) Soil health & bio-diversity.
  - b) Climate change leading to Droughts, Floods etc.
  - e) Pollution leading to release of Greenhouse gases (GHG), rise in Temperature, & Livelihood of the local people.
  - d) Possibilities of water contamination and impact on aquatic ecosystem health.
  - e) Agriculture, Forestry & Traditional practices.
  - f) Hydrothermal/Geothermat effect due to destruction in the Environment.
  - g) Bio-geochemical processes and its foot prints including environmental stress.
  - h) Sediment geochemistry in the surface streams.

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- 11. The committee shall furnish an action plan to achieve sustainable development goals with reference to water, sanitation & safety
- 12. The committee shall furnish the fire safety and evacuation plan in the case of fire accidents.
- 13. The measures taken to control Noise, Air, Water, Dust Control and steps adopted to officiently utilise the Energy shall be furnished.
- 14. Details of type of vegetations including no. of trees & shrubs within the proposed mining area and. If so, transplantation of such vegetations all along the boundary of the proposed mining area shall committed mentioned in EMP.
- 15. Impact on surrounding agricultural fields around the proposed mining Area.
- 16. Erosion Control measures.
- 17 Impact on soil flora & vegeration around the project site.
- 18. Detailed study shall be carried out in regard to impact of mining around the proposed mine lease area on the nearby Villages, Water-bodies Rivers, & any ecological fragile areas.
- 19. The project proponent shall furnish VAO certificate with reference to 300m radius regard to approved habitutions, schools, Archaeological sites, Structures, railway lines, roads, water bodies such as streams, odat, waeri, canat, channel, river, lake pond, tank etc.
- 20. As per the MoEF& CC office memorandum F.No.22-65/2017-1A III dated: 30.09/2020 and 20.10.2020 the proponent shall address the concerns raised during the public consultation and all the activities proposed shall be part of the Environment Management Plan.
- 21. The Environmental Impact Assessment shall study in detail the carbon emission and also suggest the measures to mitigate earbon emission including development of earbon sinks and temperature reduction including control of other emission and climate mitigation activities.
- 22. The Environmental Impact Assessment should study the biodiversity, the natural ecosystem. the soil micro flora, fauna and soil seed banks and suggest measures to maintain the natural
- 23. Action should specifically suggest for sustainable management of the area and restoration of ecosystem for flow of goods and services.
- 24. The project proponent shall study impact on fish habitats and the food WEB/ food chain in the water body and Reservoir.

- 25. The Terms of Reference should specifically study impact on soil health, soil erosion, the soil physical, chemical components and microbial components.
- 26. The Environmental Impact Assessment should study impact on forest, vegetation, endemic, vulnerable and endangered indigenous flora and fauna.
- 27 The Environmental Impact Assessment should study impact on standing trees and the existing trees should be numbered and action soggested for protection.
- 28. The Environmental Impact Assessment should study on wetlands, water bodies, rivers streams, takes and farmer sites.
- 29. The Environmental Impact Assessment should hold detailed study on EMP with budget for Green belt development and mine closure plan including disaster management plan.
- 30. The Environmental Impact Assessment should study impact on climate change, temperature rise, pollution and above soil & below soil carbon stock.
- The Environmental Impact Assessment should study impact on protected areas, Reserve Forests, National Parks, Corridors and Wildlife pathways, near project site.
- 32. The project proponent shall study and furnish the impact of project on plantations in adjoining parts lands. Morticulture, Agriculture and livestock.
- 53. The project proponent shall study and furnish the details on potential fragmentation impact of natural environment, by the activities.
- 34. The project proponent shall study and furnish the impact on aquatic plants and animals in water bodies and possible scars on the landscape, damages to nearby caves, heritage site, and archaeological sites possible land form changes visual and nesthetic impacts.
- 35. The project proponent shall study and furnish the possible pollution due to plastic and microplastic on the environment. The ecological risks and impacts of plastic & microplastics on aquatic environment and fresh water systems due to activities, contemptated during mining may be investigated and reported.
- 16. The project proponent shall detailed study on impact of mining on Reserve forests free ranging wildlife.
- 37. Hydro-geological study considering the contour map of the water table detailing the number of ground water pumping & open wells, and surface water bodies such as rivers, tanks,

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canals, pends etc. within 1 km (radius) so as to assess the impacts on the nearby waterbodies due to mining activity. Based on actual monitored data, it may clearly be shown whether working will intersect groundwater. Necessary data and documentation in this regard may be provided, covering the entire mine lease period.

- 18. To furnish disaster management plan and disaster mitigation measures in regard to all aspects to avoid/reduce vulnerability to hazards & to cope with disasternatoward accidents in & around the proposed mine lease area due to the proposed method of mining activity & its related activities covering the entire mine lease period as per procise area communication
- 39. To furnish risk assessment and management plan including anticipated vulnerabilities during operational and post operational phases of Mining.
- 40 Detailed Mine Closure Plan covering the entire mine lease period as per precise area communication order issued.
- 41 Detailed Environment Management Plan along with adaptation, mitigation & remedial strategies covering the entire mine lease period as per precise area communication order issued

# A STANDARD TERMS OF REFERENCE

- Year-wise production details since 1994 should be given, clearly stating the highest production achieved in any one year prior to 1994 it may also be entegorically informed whether there 1) had been any increase in production after the EIA Notification 1994 came into force, with the highest production achieved prior to 1994.
- A copy of the document in support of the fact that the Proponent is the rightful lessee of the 21 mine should be given
- All documents including approved mine plan, EIA and Public Hearing should be compatible with one another in terms of the mine lease area, production tevels, waste generation and its 3) management, mining technology etc. and should be in the name of the lessee.
- All corner coordinates of the mine lease area, superimposed on a High Resolution Imagery/ topo sheet, topographic sheet, geomorphology and geology of the area should be provided. Such an Imagery of the proposed area should clearly show the land use and other ecological

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features of the study area (core and buffler sone).

- 5) Information should be provided in Survey of India Topo sheet in 1:50,000 scale indicating geological map of the area, geomorphology of land forms of the area, existing minerals and mining history of the area, important water bodies, streams and rivers and soil characteristics.
- 6) Details about the land proposed for mining activities should be given with information as to whether mining conforms to the land use policy of the State, land diversion for mining should have approval from State land use board or the concerned authority.
- Policy approved by its Board of Directors? If so, it may be spelt out in the EIA Report with description of the prescribed operating process/procedures to bring into focus any infringement/deviation/ violation of the environmental or forest norms/ conditions? The hierarchical system or administrative order of the Company to deal with the environmental usues and for ensuring compliance with the EC conditions may also be given. The system of reporting of non-compliances / violations of environmental norms to the Board of Directors of the Company and/or shareholders or stakeholders at large, may also be detailed in the EIA Report.
- 8) Issues relating to Mine Safety, including subaldence study in case of underground mining and alope study in case of open cast mining, blasting study etc. should be detailed. The proposed safeguard measures in each case should also be provided.
- 9) The study area will comprise of 10 km zone around the mine lease from lease periphery and the data contained in the ETA such as waste generation etc. should be for the life of the mine / lease period.
- 10) Land use of the study area delineating forest area, agricultural land, grazing land, wildlife sanctuary, national park, migratory routes of fauna, water bodies, human settlements and other ecological features should be indicated. Land use plan of the mine lease area should be prepared to encompass preoperational, operational and post operational phases and submitted. Impact, if any, of change of land use should be given.
- 11) Detnils of the land for any Over Burden Dumps outside the mine lease, such as extent of land area, distance from mine lease, its land use, R&R issues, if any, should be given.

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- 12) Certificate from the Competent Authority in the State Forest Department should be provided, confirming the involvement of forest land, if any, in the project area. In the event of any contrary claim by the Project Proponent regarding the status of forests, the site may be inspected by the State Forest Department along with the Regional Office of the Ministry to ascertain the status of forests, based on which, the Certificate in this regard as mentioned above be issued, in all such cases, it would be desirable for representative of the State Forest Department to assist the Expert Appraisal Committees
  - 13) Status of forestry clearance for the broken up area and virgin forestland involved in the Project including deposition of Net Present Value (NPV) and Compensatory Afforestation (CA) should be indicated. A copy of the forestry clearance should also be furnished.
  - Implementation status of recognition of forest rights under the Scheduled Tribes and other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006 should be indicated. 141
  - The vegetation in the RF / PF areas in the study area, with necessary details, should be given. 151
  - A study shall be got done to ascertain the impact of the Mining Project on wildlife of the study area and details furnished. Impact of the project on the wildlife in the surrounding and any 16) other protected area and accordingly, detailed mitigative measures required, should be worked out with cost implications and submitted.
  - 17) Location of National Parks, Sanctuaries, Biosphere Reserves, Wildlife Corridors, Ramsar site Tiger/ Elephant Reserves/(exesting as well as proposed), if any, within 10 km of the mine lease should be clearly indicated, supported by a location map duly authenticated by Chief Wildlife Warden. Necessary clearance, as may be applicable to such projects due to proximity of the ecologically sensitive areas as mentioned above, should be obtained from the Standing Committee of National Board of Wildlife and copy furnished.
  - 18) A detailed biological study of the study area [core zone and buffer zone (10 km radius of the periphery of the mine lease)] shall be carried out. Details of flora and fauna, endangered, endemic and RET Species duly authenticated, separately for core and buffer zone should be furnished based on such primary field survey, clearly indicating the Schedule of the fauna present. In case of any scheduled-i fauna found in the study area, the necessary plan along with budgetary provisions for their conservation should be prepared in consultation with State

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Forest and Wildlife Department and details furnished. Necessary allocation of funds for implementing the same should be made as part of the project cost.

- 19) Proximity to Areas declared as 'Critically Polluted' or the Project areas likely to come under the 'Aravali Range', (attracting court restrictions for mining operations), should also be indicated and where so required, clearance certifications from the prescribed Authorities, such as the SPCB or State Mining Department should be secured and firmished to the effect that the proposed mining activities could be considered.
- 20) Similarly, for Coastal Projects, a CRZ map duly authenticated by one of the authorized agencies demarcating LTL HTL, CRZ area, location of the mine lease with respect to CRZ, coastal features such as mangroves, if any, should be furnished. (Note: The Mining Projects falling under CRZ would also need to obtain approval of the concerned Coastal Zone Management Authority).
- 21) R&R Plan/compensation details for the Project Affected People (PAP) should be furnished. While preparing the R&R Plan, the relevant State/National Rehabilitation & Resettlement Policy should be kept in view. In respect of SCs /STs and other weaker sections of the society in the study area, a need based sample survey, furnity-wise, should be undertaken to assess their requirements, and action programmes prepared and submitted accordingly, integrating the sectoral programmes of line departments of the State Government. It may be clearly brought out whether the village(x) located in the mine lease area will be shifted or not. The issues relating to shifting of village(s) including their R&R and socio-oconomic aspects should be discussed in the Report.
- One season (non-monsoon) [i.e. March-May (Summer Season); October-December (post monsoon season); December-February (winter season)]primary baseline data on ambient air quality as per CPCB Notification of 2009, water quality, noise level, soil and flora and fauna shall be collected and the AAQ and other data so compiled presented date-wise in the EIA and EMP Report. Site-specific meteorological data should also be collected. The location of the monstoring stations should be such as to represent whole of the study area and justified keeping in view the pre-dominant downwind direction and location of sensitive receptors. There should be at least one monitoring station within 500 m of the mine lease in the pre-

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- dominant downwind direction. The mineralogical composition of PM10, particularly for free stilica, should be given.
- 23) Air quality modeling should be carried out for prediction of impact of the project on the air quality of the area. It should also take into account the impact of movement of Vehicles for transportation of mineral. The details of the model used and input parameters used for modeling should be provided. The air quality contours may be shown on a location map modeling should be provided. The air quality contours may be shown on a location map clearly indicating the location of the site, location of sensitive receptors, if any, and the habitation. The wind roses showing pre-dominant wind direction may also be indicated on the map.
  - 24) The water requirement for the Project, its availability and source should be furnished. A detailed water balance should also be provided. Fresh water requirement for the Project should be indicated.
  - 25) Necessary clearance from the Competent Authority for drawl of requisite quantity of water for the Project should be provided.
  - 26) Description of water conservation measures proposed to be adopted in the Project should be given. Details of rainwater harvesting proposed in the Project, if any, should be provided.
  - 27) Impact of the Project on the water quality, both surface and groundwater, should be assessed and necessary safeguard measures, if any required, should be provided.
  - 28) Based on actual monitored data, it may clearly be shown whether working will intersect groundwater. Necessary data and documentation in this regard may be provided in case the working will intersect groundwater table, it detailed Hydro Geological Study should be working will intersect groundwater table, it detailed Hydro Geological Study should be undertaken and Report furnished. The Report inter-ulia, shall include details of the aquifers undertaken and impact of mining activities on these aquifers. Necessary permission from Central present and impact of mining activities on these aquifers. Necessary permission from Central Ground Water Authority for working below ground water and for pumping of ground water should also be obtained and copy furnished.
    - 29) Details of any stream, sensonal or otherwise, passing through the lease area and modification / diversion proposed, if my, and the impact of the same on the hydrology should be brought out.
    - 30) Information on site elevation, working depth, groundwater table etc. Should be provided both in AMSL and bgl. A schematic diagram may also be provided for the same.

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- 31) A time bound Progressive Greenbelt Development Plan shall be prepared in a tabular form (indicating the linear and quantitative coverage, plant species and time frame) and submitted, keeping in mind, the same will have to be executed up front on commencement of the Project. Phase-wise plan of plantation and compensatory afforestation should be charted clearly indicating the area to be covered under plantation and the species to be planted. The details of plantation already done should be given. The plant species selected for green belt should have greater ecological value and should be of good utility value to the local population with emphasis on local and native species and the species which are tolerant to pollution.
- 32) Impact on local transport infrastructure due to the Project should be indicated. Projected increase in truck traffic as a result of the Project in the present road network (including those outside the Project area) should be worked out, indicating whether it is capable of handling the incremental load. Arrangement for improving the infrastructure, if communitated (including action to be taken by other agencies such as State Government) should be covered. Project Proponent shall conduct impact of Transportation study as per Indian Road Congress Guidelines.
- 33) Details of the onsite shatter and facilities to be provided to the mine workers should be included in the EIA Report.
- 34) Conceptual post mining land use and Reclamation and Restoration of mined out areas (with plans and with adequate number of sections) should be given in the BIA report.
- 35) Occupational Health impacts of the Project should be anticipated and the proposed preventive measures spelt out in detail. Details of pre-placement medical examination and periodical medical examination schedules should be incorporated in the EMP. The project specific occupational health mitigation measures with required facilities proposed in the mining area may be detailed.
- 36) Public health implications of the Project and related activities for the population in the impact zone should be systematically evaluated and the proposed remedial measures should be detailed along with budgetary allocations.
- 37) Measures of socio economic significance and influence to the local community proposed to be provided by the Project Proponent should be indicated. As far as possible, quantitative

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- dimensions may be given with time frames for implementation.
- 38) Detailed Environmental Management Plan (EMP) to mitigate the environmental impacts which, should inter-alia include the impacts of change of land use, loss of agricultural and grazing land, if any, occupational health impacts besides other impacts specific to the proposed
- 39) Public Hearing points raised and commitment of the Project Proponent on the same along with time bound Action Plan with budgetary provisions to implement the same should be provided and also incorporated in the final EIA/EMP Report of the Project
- 40) Details of litigation pending against the project, if any, with direction forder passed by any Court of Law against the Project should be given.
- 41) The cost of the Project (capital) cost and recurring cost) as well as the cost towards implementation of EMP should be clearly spot out.
- A Disaster management Plan shall be prepared and included in the EIA/EMP Report.
- 43) Benefits of the Project if the Project is implemented should be spelt out. The benefits of the Project shall clearly indicate environmental, social, economic, employment potential, etc.
- 44) Besides the above, the below mentioned general points are also to be followed:-
  - Executive Summary of the EIA/FMP Report nì
  - All documents to be properly referenced with index and continuous page numbering. 6)
  - Where data are presented in the Report especially in Tables, the period in which the data 63 were collected and the sources should be indicated.
  - Project Proponent shall enclose all the analysis testing reports of water, air, soil, noise etc. using the MoFF&CC/NABL accredited laboratories. All the original analysis/testing d) reports should be available during appraisal of the Project.
  - Where the documents provided are in a language other than linglish, an English e): translation should be provided.
  - The Questionnaire for environmental appraisal of mining projects as devised earlier by n the Ministry shall also be filled and submitted
  - While preparing the EIA report, the instructions for the Proponents and instructions for the Consultants issued by MoEF&CC vide O.M. No. J-11013/41/2006-1A.II(1) dated 4th g)

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August, 2009, which are available on the website of this Ministry, should be followed.

- h) Changes, if any made in the basic scope and project parameters (as submitted in Form-I and the PFR for securing the TOR) should be brought to the attention of MoEF&CC with reasons for such changes and permission should be sought, as the ToR may also have to be altered. Post Public Hearing changes in structure and content of the draft EIA/EMP (other than modifications arising out of the P.H. process) will entail conducting the PH again with the revised documentation.
- As per the circular no. 3-11011/618/2010-IA.II(I) dated 30.5.2012, certified report of the status of compliance of the conditions stipulated in the Environment Clearance for the existing operations of the project, should be obtained from the Regional Office of Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, as may be applicable.
- i) The EIA report should also include (i) surface plan of the area indicating contours of main topographic features, drainage and mining area, (ii) geological maps and sections and (iii) sections of the mine pit and external dumps, if any, clearly showing the land features of the adjoining area.

In addition to the above, the following shall be furnished:-

# The Executive summary of the EIA/EMP report in about 8-10 pages should be prepared incorporating the information on following points:

- i. Project name and location (Village, District, State, Industrial Estate (if applicable).
- Process description in brief, specifically indicating the gaseous emission, liquid effluent and solid and hazardous wastes.
- 3. Measures for mitigating the impact on the environment and mode of discharge or disposal.
- 4. Capital cost of the project, estimated time of completion.
- The proponent shall furnish the contour map of the water table detailing the number of wells located around the site and impacts on the wells due to mining activity.
- 6. A detailed study of the lithology of the mining lease area shall be furnished.
- 7. Details of village map, "A" register and FMB sketch shall be furnished.
- Detailed mining closure plan for the proposed project approved by the Geology of Mining department shall be shall be submitted along with EIA report.

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- 9. Obtain a letter /certificate from the Assistant Director of Geology and Mining standing that there is no other Minerals/resources like sand in the quarrying area within the approved depth of mining and below depth of mining and the same shall be furnished in the EIA report.
- 10. HIA report should strictly follow the Environmental Impact Assessment Guidance Manual for Mining of Minerals published February 2010.
- 11. Detail plan on rehabilitation and reclamation carried out for the stabilization and restoration of the mined areas.
- 12. The EIA study report shall include the surrounding mining activity, if any,
- 13. Modeling study for Air. Water and noise shall be carried out in this field and incremental increase in the above study shall be substantiated with mitigation measures.
- 14. A study on the geological resources available shall be carried out and reported.
- 15. A specific study on agriculture & livelihood shall be carried out and reported.
- 16. Impact of soil crositm, still physical chemical and biological property changes may be anumed
- 17. Site selected for the project Nature of land Agricultural (single/double crop), barren, Govt / private land, status of is acquisition, nearby (in 2-3 km.) water body, population, with in 10km other industries, forest, eco-sensitive zones, accessibility, (note - in case of industrial estate this information may not be necessary)
- 18. Baseline environmental data air quality, surface and ground water quality, soil characteristic, flora and fanna, socio-economic condition of the nearby population
- 19. Identification of hazards in handling, processing and storage of hazardous material and safety system provided to mitigate the risk.
- 20. Likely impact of the project on air, water, land, flora-flums and nearby population
- 21. Emergency preparedness plan in case of natural or in plant emergencies
- 22. Issues raised during public hearing (if applicable) and response given:
- 23. CER plan with proposed expenditure.
- 24. Occupational Health Measures
- 25. Post project monitoring plan
- 26 The project proponent shall carry out detailed hydra geological study through



intuitions/NABET Accredited agencies.

- 27. A detailed report on the green belt development already undertaken is to be furnished and also submit the proposal for green belt activities.
- 28. The proponent shall propose the suitable control measure to control the fugitive emissions during the operations of the mines.
- A specific study should include impact on flora & fauna, disturbance to migratory pattern of animals.
- 30. Reserve funds should be earmarked for proper closure plan.
- 31. A detailed plan on plastic waste management shall be furnished. Further, the proponent should strictly comply with. Turnil Nadu Government Order (Ms) No.84 Environment and forests (EC 2) Department dated 25.06.2018 regarding ban on one time use and throw away plastics irrespective of thickness with effect from 01.01.2019 under Environment (Protection) Act. 1986. In this connection, the project proponent but to furnish the action plan.

#### Besides the above, the below mentioned general points should also be followed:-

- A note confirming compliance of the TOR, with cross referencing of the relevant sections / pages of the EIA report should be provided.
- All documents may be properly referenced with index, page numbers and continuous page numbering.
- c. Where data are presented in the report especially in tables, the period in which the data were collected and the sources should be indicated.
- d. While preparing the EIA report, the instructions for the proponents and instructions for the consultants issued by MoEF& CC vide O.M. No. J-11013/41/2006-IA.II (I) dated 4th August, 2009, which are available on the website of this Ministry should also be followed.
- e. The consultants involved in the preparation of EIA/EMP report after accreditation with Quality Council of India (OCI)/National Accreditation Board of Education and Training (NABET) would need to include a certificate in this regard in the EIA/EMP reports prepared by them and data provided by other organization/Laboratories including their status of approvals etc. In this regard circular no F. No.J -11013/77/2004-1A-II(I) dated 2<sup>nd</sup> December.

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2009. 18th March 2010, 28th May 2010, 28th June 2010, 31th December 2010 & 30th September 2011 posted on the Ministry's website http://www.moef.nic.in/ may be referred.

- After preparing the EIA (as per the generic structure prescribed in Appendix-III of the EIA Notification, 2006) covering the above mentioned points, the proponent wittake further necessary action for obtaining environmental clearance in accordance with the procedure prescribed under the EIA Notification, 2006.
- The final EIA report shall be submitted to the SEIAA, Tamil Nadu for obtaining.
   Environmental Cicarance.
- The TORs with public hearing prescribed shall be valid for a period of three vestrs
  from the date of issue, for submission of the EIA/EMP report as per OMNoJ11013/41/2006-IA-II(I)(part) dated 29th August, 2012.

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#### Copy to:

- The Additional Chief Secretary to Government, Environment & Forests Department, Govt of Tamil Nadu, Fort St. George, Chennai - 9
- The Chairman, Central Pollution Control Board, Parivesh Bhavan,
   CBD Cum-Office Complex, East Arjun Nagar, New Delhi 110032.
- The Member Secretary, Tamil Nada Pollunon Control Board.
   Mount Salau, Guindy, Chennai-600 032.
- The APCCF (C), Regional Office, MoEF& CC (SZ), 34, HEPC Building, 17& 2<sup>rd</sup> Floor, Cathedral Garden Road, Nungambakkum, Chentua -34.
- Monitoring Cell, IA Division, Ministry of Environment, Forests & CC, Paryavaran Bhavan, CGO Complex, New Deihi 110003
- 6. The District Collector, Krishnagiri District.
- 7. Stock File.

#### COMPLIANCE OF TOR CONDITIONS

Point wise compliance of ToR points issued by SEIAA, TN vide letter No. SEIAA-TN/F. No. 9566/ToR-1326/2023 Dated: 10.02.2023 for Mining of Minor Minerals in the Mine of "Proposed Rough stone Quarry Over an Extent of 1.30.0 Ha at S.F.No. 381(Part 1) of Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Tirunelveli District, Tamilnadu State.

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	TOR Reply of Proposed Rough stone Quarry Over an Extent of 1.30.0 Ha			
2.	A copy of document in support	The mine lease area of 1.30.0 hectare in		
	of the fact that the Proponent	Gopanapalli Village for Rough stone quarry		
	is the rightful lessee of the mine	approved by Assistant Director, Dept. of		
	should be given.	Geology & Mining, Krishnagiri vide	Annexur	
		Rc.No.539/2022/Mines dated 04.05.2022	e-III	
3	All documents including	All the documents i.e., Mining Plan,		
	approved mine plan, EIA and	EIA and public hearing are compatible with		
	public hearing should be	each other in terms of ML area production		
	compatible with one another in	levels, waste generation and its management	Annexure-	
	terms of the mine lease area,	and mining technology are compatible with	VI	
	production levels, waste	one another.		
	generation and its	The mining plan of the project site has been	Chapter-	
	management and mining	submitted to The Assistant Director, Dept. of	II	
	technology and should be in	Geology & Mining, Krishnagiri		
	the name of the lessee.			
4	All corner coordinates of the	Details of coordinates of all corners of	Chapter-	
	mine lease area,	proposed mining lease area have been	2,	
	superimposed on a High-	incorporated in mining plan and Chapter 2	Fig no. 2.2	
	Resolution Imagery/toposheet	of EIA/ EMP Report.	C	
	should be provided. Such an		Page. no.	
	Imagery of the proposed area		42	
	should clearly show the land			
	use and other ecological			
	features of the study area (core			
	and buffer zone).			
5	Information should be	Topo map as attached in Chapter-2	Chapter-	
	provided in Survey of India		2,	
	Topo sheet in 1:50,000 scale		Fig no. 2.4	
	indicating geological map of			
	the area, important water		Page. no.	
	bodies, streams and rivers and		44	

	soil characteristics		
<b>ó</b> .	Details about the land	Details about the land proposed for mining	
	proposed for mining activities	activities should be given Chapter 2.	Chapter-2
	should be given with		Page 43
	information as to whether		Ü
	conforms to the land use policy		
	of the state; land diversion for		
	mining should have approval		
	from State land use board or		
	the concerned authority		
7	It should be clearly stated	Noted.	
	whether the proponent		
	company has a well laid down		
	Environment Policy approved		
	by its Board of Directors? If		
	so, it may be spelt out in the		
	EIA report with description of		
	the prescribed operating		
	process/procedures to bring		
	into focus any		
	infringement/deviation/		
	violation of the environmental		
	or forest norms/ conditions?		
	The hierarchical system		
	or administrative order of the		
	Company to deal with the		
	environmental issues and for		
	ensuring compliance with the		
		1	

EC conditions may also be

given. The system of reporting

of non- compliances /	
violations of environmental	
norms to the Board of	
Directors of the Company	
and/or shareholders or	
stakeholders at large may also	
be detailed in the EIA report.	
8 Issues relating to Mine It is an open cast mining project. B	Blasting Chapter-2,
Safety, including subsidence details are incorporated in chapter 2	
study in case of underground	Page no.56
mining and slope study in	
case of open cast mining,	
blasting study etc. should be	
detailed. The proposed	
safeguard measures in each	
case should also be provided.	
9 The study area will comprise Study area comprises of 10 km radius	s from Chapter-2
of 10 km zone around the the mine lease boundary. Key Plan sh	nowing
mine lease from lease core zone (ML area).	Fig no. 2.5
periphery and the data	
contained in the EIA such as	Page no.45
waste generation etc should	
be for the life of the mine /	
lease period.	
10 Land use of the study Land Use of the study area delineating	g forest Chapter-
area delineating forest area, agricultural land, grazing land, v	wildlife 2, Table
agricultural land, grazing land, sanctuary, National park, migratory rou	utes of no. 2.4
wildlife sanctuary, national fauna, water bodies, human settle	ements Page no.47
park, migratory routes of and other ecological features has	been
fauna, water bodies, human prepared and incorporated in Chapte	er-3 of
settlements and other EIA/EMP Report.	

	TOR Reply of Proposed Rough stone Quarry Over an Extent of 1.30.0 Ha			
	ecological features should be			
	indicated.			
	Land use plan of the mine	There is no wildlife sanctuary and national		
	lease area should be prepared	park, migratory routes of fauna in the study		
	to encompass preoperational,	area.		
	operational and post			
	operational phases and			
	submitted. Impact, if any, of			
	change of land use should be			
	given.			
11	Details of the land for any Over	Top soil formation will be removed and	Chapter-2,	
	Burden Dumps outside the	transported to the needy end user only after		
	mine lease, such as extent of	obtaining permission and paying necessary	Page no.53	
	land area, distance from mine	seigniorage fees to the Government.		
	lease, its land use, R&R issues,			
	if any, should be given.			
12	A Certificate from the	Complied.		
	Competent Authority in the	The proposed mining lease area is not falling		
	State Forest Department	under forest land.		
	should be provided,			
	confirming the			
	involvement of forest land, if			
	any, in the project area.			
	In the event of any contrary			
	claim by the Project			
	Proponent regarding the status			
	of forests, the site may be			
	inspected by the State Forest			

	TOR Reply of Proposed Ro	ough stone Quarry Over an Extent of 1.30.	0 На
	Department along with the		
	Regional Office of the		
	Ministry to ascertain the status		
	of forests, based on which, the		
	Certificate in this regard as		
	mentioned above be issued. In		
	all such cases, it would be		
	desirable for representative of		
	the State Forest Department to		
	assist the Expert Appraisal		
	Committees.		
13	Status of forestry clearance for	The proposed mining lease area is not	
	the broken-up area and virgin	falling under forest land.	
	forestland involved in the		
	Project including deposition of		
	net present value (NPV) and		
	compensatory afforestation		
	(CA) should be indicated. A		
	copy of the forestry clearance		
	should also be furnished.		
14	Implementation status of	Not Applicable.	
	recognition of forest rights		
	under the Scheduled Tribes	There is no involvement of forest land in the	
	and other Traditional Forest	project area.	
	Dwellers (Recognition of	F-0,000 02000	
	Forest Rights) Act, 2006		
15	The vegetation in the RF / PF	Details of flora have been discussed in	Chapter-3
	areas in the study area, with	Chapter-3 of the EIA/EMP Report.	Pg No. 64
	necessary details, should be		_

	TOR Reply of Proposed Ro	ough stone Quarry Over an Extent of 1.30.0 Ha
16	A study shall be got done to ascertain the impact of the Mining Project on wildlife of the study area and details furnished. Impact of the project on the wildlife in the surrounding and any other protected area and accordingly detailed mitigative measures required, should be worked out with cost implications and submitted.	There is a relatively poor sighting of animals in the core and buffer areas of the mining lease.  No significant impact is anticipated
17	Location of National Parks, Sanctuaries, Biosphere Reserves, Wildlife Corridors, Tiger/Elephant Reserves/ (existing as well as proposed), if any, within 10km of the mine lease should be clearly indicated, supported by a location map duly authenticated by Chief Wildlife Warden. Necessary clearance, as may be applicable to such projects due to proximity of the ecologically sensitive areas as mentioned above, should be obtained from the State Wildlife Department/Chief	There is no National Parks, Sanctuaries, Biosphere Reserves, Wildlife Corridors, Tiger / Elephant Reserves / Critically Polluted areas within 10 km radius of the mining lease area.
18	A detailed biological study	Details biological study (flora & fauna)

1 7 1		
of the study area [core zone	within 10 km radius of the project site have	
and buffer zone (10 km radius	been incorporated in Chapter-3 of EIA/	
of the periphery of the mine	EMP Report.	
lease)] shall be carried out.		Chapter – 3
Details of flora and fauna,	No flora & fauna listed in scheduled I have	Pg No. 98
duly authenticated, separately	been found in study area so there is no need	
for core and buffer zone	of conservation plan. However, all care will	
should be furnished based on	be taken for protection of flora & fauna, if	
such primary field survey,	any in the lease hold area.	
clearly indicating the		
Schedule of the fauna		
present. In case of any		
scheduled-I fauna found in the		
study area, the necessary plan		
for their conservation should		
be prepared in consultation		
with State Forest and Wildlife		
Department and details		
furnished. Necessary		
allocation of funds for		
implementing the same should		
be made as part of the project		
cost.		
Proximity to Areas	The proposed mining lease area is not falling	
declared as 'Critically	under critically polluted area.	
Polluted' or the Project areas		
likely to come under the		
'Aravali Range', (attracting		
court restrictions for mining		
operations), should also be		
indicated and where so		
		i .

	TOR Reply of Proposed Ro	ough stone Quarry Over an Extent of 1.30.0 Ha
	required, clearance	
	certifications from the	
	prescribed Authorities, such as	
	the SPCB or State Mining	
	Dept. Should be secured and	
	furnished to the effect that the	
	proposed mining activities	
	could be considered.	
20	Similarly, for coastal projects,	There is no Coastal Zone within 15km radius
	A CRZ map duly authenticated	of the project site.
	by one of the authorized	
	agencies Similarly, for coastal	
	projects, A CRZ map duly	
	authenticated by one of the	
	authorized agencies	
	demarcating LTL, HTL, CRZ	
	area, location of the mine lease	
	w.r.t CRZ, coastal features	
	such as mangroves, if any,	
	should be furnished. (Note: The	
	Mining Projects falling under	
	CRZ would also need to obtain	
	approval of the concerned	
	Coastal Zone Management	
	Authority)	
21	R&R Plan/compensation	There is no Rehabilitation and resettlement is
	details for the Project Affected	involved. Land classified as Patta land
	People (PAP) should be	
	furnished. While preparing the	
	R&R Plan, the relevant	
	State/National Rehabilitation	

	TOR Reply of Proposed Ro	ough stone Quarry Over an Extent of 1.30.	0 На
	& Resettlement Policy should		
	be kept in view. In respect of		
	SCs /STs and other weaker		
	sections of the society in the		
	study area, a need based		
	sample survey, family wise,		
	should be undertaken to assess		
	their requirements, and action		
	programmes prepared and		
	submitted accordingly,		
	integrating the sectoral		
	programmes of line		
	departments of the State		
	Government. It may be clearly		
	brought out whether the		
	village located in the mine		
	lease area will be shifted or		
	not. The issues relating to		
	shifting of Village including		
	their R&R and socio-		
	economic aspects should be		
	discussed in the report.		
22	One season (non-monsoon)	Baseline data collected during Pre-Monsoon	Chapter 3
	and (Summer Season), (Post	Season and Monsoon (January to March	
	monsoon) primary baseline	2023) has been incorporated in EIA/EMP	
	data on ambient air quality	report.	
	CPCB Notification of 2009		
	water quality, noise level, soil	The key plan of monitoring station has been	
	and flora and fauna shall be	discussed in Chapter-4. Locations of the	
	collected and the AAQ and	monitoring stations have been selected	
	other data so compiled	keeping in view the pre- dominant	
	1		

	TOR Reply of Proposed Rough stone Quarry Over an Extent of 1.30.0 Ha			
	presented date-wise in the	downwind direction and location of the		
	EIA and EMP Report.	sensitive receptors and also that they		
		represent whole of the study area.		
	Site-specific meteorological			
	data should also be collected.			
	The location of the			
	monitoring stations should be			
	such as to represent whole of			
	the study area and justified			
	keeping in view the pre-			
	dominant downwind			
	direction and location of			
	sensitive receptors. There			
	should be at least one			
	monitoring station within			
	500m of the mine lease in the			
	pre- dominant downwind			
	direction. The mineralogical			
	composition of PM10,			
	particularly for free silica,			
	should be given.			
23	Air quality modelling	Air quality modelling & Impact of Air	Chapter-4	
	should be carried out for	quality will be furnished in Final EIA report		
	prediction of impact of the			
	project on the air quality of	Transportation of mineral during operation		
	the area. It should also take	of mines will be done by road & MDR-937	Page	
	into account the impact of	through dumpers and the impact of	No.116	
	movement of vehicles for	movement of vehicles are incorporated in		
	transportation of mineral.	EIA/EMP report.		
	The details of the model			
	used and input parameters	Air quality modelling & Impact of Air		

TOR Reply of Pro	posed Rough stone	Ouarry Over an	Extent of 1.30.0 Ha
		Quality of the	Bilectic of Election

	1 C 1 11' 1 111	1', '111 C '1 1' T' 1TTA .	
	used for modelling should be	quality will be furnished in Final EIA report	
	provided.		
	The air quality contours may		
	be shown on a location map		
	clearly indicating the location		
	of the site, location of		
	sensitive receptors, if any,		
	and the habitation. The wind		
	roses showing predominant		
	wind direction may also be		
	indicated on the map.		
24	The water requirement for	Total water requirement: 2.0 KLD	Chapter-2
	the Project, its availability and	Dust Suppression: 0.75 KLD	
	source should be furnished. A	Domestic Purpose: 0.5 KLD	
	detailed water balance should	Plantation :0.75 KLD	
	also be provided. Fresh water	Domestic Water will be sourced from	Page
	requirement for the Project	nearby Goolisandram which is about	no.59
	should be indicated.	0.37 Km-NNW of the area.	
25	Necessary clearance from	Not Applicable	
		Water will be taken from nearby villages	
	drawl of requisite quantity of	water war se tuned from neurs y valuges	
	water for the Project should		
	be provided.		
26	Description of water	At the last stage of mining operation, almost	
	conservation measures	complete area will be worked to restore the	
	proposed to be adopted in the	land to its optimum reclamation for future use	
	Project should be given. Details	•	
	of rainwater harvesting		
	proposed in the Project, if any,		
	should be provided.		
	modic de provided.		

	TOR Reply of Proposed Ro	ough stone Quarry Over an Extent of 1.30.0	) На
27	Impact of the project on the	Impact of the project on the water quality &	Chapter-4
	water quality, both surface	its mitigation measures has been incorporated	Page
	and groundwater should be	in Chapter-4 of EIA/EMP report.	No.117
	assessed and necessary		
	safeguard measures, if any		
	required, should be provided.		
28	Based on actual monitored	Maximum working depth: 37 m BGL	Chapter-2
	data, it may clearly be shown		
	whether working will intersect	The ground water table is reported as 88m	
	groundwater. Necessary data	below surface ground level in nearby wells of	Page no. 40
	and documentation in this	this area. Now, the present quarry shall be	
	regard may be provided. In	proposed above the water table and hence,	
	case the working will intersect	quarrying may not affect the ground water So	
	groundwater table, a detailed	mine working will not be intersecting the	
	Hydro Geological Study	ground water table.	
	should be undertaken and		
	Report furnished. Necessary		
	permission from Central		
	Ground Water Authority for		
	working below ground water		
	and for pumping of ground		
	water should also be obtained		
	and copy furnished.		
29	Details of any stream,	There is no any stream crossing in the	Executive
	seasonal or otherwise, passing	proposed quarry	Summary
	through the lease area and		
	modification / diversion		
	proposed, if any, and the		
	impact of the same on		
	the hydrology should be		
	brought out.		
	1		

	TOR Reply of Proposed Ro	ough stone Quarry Over an Extent of 1.30	.0 Ha
30	Information on site	Highest elevation: 840 AMSL	Chapter-2
	elevation, working depth,	Depth: 37 m Below Ground Level	Table no.
	groundwater table etc. Should		2.2
	be provided both in AMSL		Page no. 40
	and bgl. A schematic		
	diagram may also be provided		
	for the same.		
31	A time bound		Chapter-2
	Progressive Greenbelt	Green Belt Development plan is proved	
	Development Plan shall be	given in Chapter 2.	
	prepared in a tabular form		
	(indicating the linear and		
	quantitative coverage, plant		
	species and time frame) and		
	submitted, keeping in mind,		
	the same will have to be		
	executed up front on		
	commencement of the project.		
	Phase-wise plan of plantation		
	and compensatory afforestation		
	should be charted clearly		
	indicating the area to be		
	covered under plantation and		
	the species to be planted. The		
	plant species selected for green		
	belt should have greater		
	ecological value and should be		
	of good utility value to the		
	local population with emphasis		
	on local and native species and		
	the species which are tolerant		

	pollution		
32	Impact on local transport	Impact on local transport infrastructure due	Chapter-3
	infrastructure due to the	to the project has been assessed. There shall	
	Project should be indicated.	not be much impact on local transport. Traffic	
	Projected increase in truck	density from the proposed mining activity has	
	traffic as a result of the Project	been incorporated in EIA/EMP report.	Page
	in the present road network		No.114
	(including those outside the		
	Project area) should be		
	worked out, indicating		
	whether it is capable of		
	handling the incremental load.		
	Arrangement for improving		
	the infrastructure, if		
	contemplated (including		
	action to be taken by other		
	agencies such as State		
	Government) should be		
	covered. Project proponent		
	shall conduct impact of		
	Transportation study as per		
	Indian Road Congress		
	Guidelines		
33	Details of the onsite shelter	Adequate infrastructure & other facilities shall	Chapter-2
	and facilities to be provided to	be provided to the mine workers.	
	the mine workers should be	Details are given in chapter-2 of EIA/EMP	
	included in the EIA report.		

	TOR Reply of Proposed Rough stone Quarry Over an Extent of 1.30.0 Ha				
34	Conceptual post mining land use and Reclamation and	Reclamation and restoration sectional plates	Mining plates		
	Restoration of mined out areas	are given in Mining Plan followed by Scheme	Annexure		
	(with plans and with adequate	of mining.	VII		
	number of sections) should be				
25	given in the EIA report.  Occupational Health impacts	0 2 11 211 1 2 12 2 2	Ol , 10		
35		Suitable measure will be adopted to minimize	Chapter-10		
	of the Project should be	occupational health impacts of the project.	Pg No. 151		
	anticipated and the proposed	The project shall have positive impact on			
	preventive measures spelt out	local environment. Details are given in			
	in detail. Details of pre- placement medical	chapter-10 of EIA/EMP.			
	1				
	examination and periodical medical examination schedules				
	should be incorporated in the EMP. The project in the				
26	mining area may be detailed.  Public health implications of		01 10		
36	the Project and related	1	Chapter-10		
	activities for the population in	occupational health impacts of the project.			
	the impact zone should be		Pg No. 143		
	systematically evaluated and				
	the proposed remedial				
	measures should be detailed				
	along with budgetary				
	allocations.				
37	Measures of socio-	Suitable measures has been discussed in	Chanter 1		
JI	economic significance and	Chapter 4	Chapter-4		
	influence to the local	Chapter 4	D-NI- 11/		
	community proposed to be		Pg No. 116		
	provided by the Project				

	TOR Reply of Proposed Ro	ough s	tone Quarry Over a	an Extent of 1.30	).0 Ha
	Proponent should be				
	indicated. As far as possible,				
	quantitative dimensions may				
	be given with time frames for				
	implementation.				
38	Detailed environmental	Envir	onment Management	Plan has been	Chapter-9
	management plan to mitigate	descri	bed in detail in C	Chapter-9 of the	
	the environmental impacts	EIA/	EMP Report.		
	which, should inter-alia include		_		
	the impacts of change of land				
	use, loss of agricultural and				
	grazing land, if any,				
	occupational health impacts				
	besides other impacts specific				
	to the proposed Project.				
39	Public hearing points raised	Public	Hearing proceedings	will be furnished	
	and commitment of the project		al EIA report		
	proponent on the same along				
	with time bound action plan to				
	implement the same should be				
	provided and incorporated in				
	the final EIA/EMP Report of				
	the Project.				
40	Details of litigation pending	Not a	pplicable		
	against the project, if any,				
	with direction /order passed	No. 1i	tigation is pending aga	ainst the project in	L
	by any Court of Law against	any co	ourt.		
	the project should be given.				
41	The cost of the project (capital	6			Chapter-8
	cost and recurring cost) as well	S.	Description	Cost	Pg No. 151
	as the cost towards	No	D' 1A C	1 21 00 000	
	implementation of EMP	1	Fixed Asset Cost	1,31,90,000	

implementation of EMP

	should clearly be spelt out.	2	Operational Cost	30,00,000	
			Total	1,61,90,000/-	
			<u> </u>		
		EMP	<b>Cost:</b> 169,70,946/-		
42	Disaster Management Plan	Disas	ter Management	Chapter-7	
	shall be prepared and	Asses	sment has been in	acorporated in	Pg No. 136
	included in the EIA/EMP	Chapt	ter-7		
	Report.				
43	Benefits of the project if the	Benef	its of the project has ir	ncorporated	Chapter-
	project is implemented should				8
	be spelt out. The benefits of the				Pg No. 143
	project shall clearly indicate				
	environmental, social economic,				
	employment potential etc.				
44	Besides the above, the below				
	mentioned general points are				
	also to be followed:				
(a)	Executive Summary of the	Execu	tive Summary of E	EIA Report is	
	EIA/EMP report	given	from page No.10-25		
(b)	All documents to be properly	Comp	olied		
	referenced with index				
	and continuous page				
	numbering.				
(c)	Where data are presented in	Comp	olied		
	the report especially in tables,				
	the period in which the data				
	were collected and the sources				
	should be indicated.				
(d)	Project Proponent shall	Comp	olied		
	enclose all the analysis/testing				
	reports of water, air, soil, noise				

	TOR Reply of Proposed Ro	ough stone Quarry Over an Extent of 1.30.0 Ha
	etc. using the MoEF & CC	
	NABL accredited laboratories.	
	All the original	
	analysis/testing reports should	
	be available during appraisal of	
	the project.	
(e)	Where the documents	Complied
	provided are in a language	
	other than English, an English	
	translation should be provided.	
(f)	The Questionnaire for	The complete questionnaire has been
	environmental appraisal of	prepared
	mining projects as devised	
	earlier by the Ministry shall	
	also be filled and submitted.	
(g)	While preparing the EIA	The EIA report has been prepared and
	report, the instructions	complying with the circular issued by MoEF
	for the proponents and	vide O.M. No. J-11013/41/2006-IA. II(I)
	instructions for the consultants	dated 4th August 2009.
	issued by MoEF vide	
	O.M. No. J-	
	11013/41/2006-IA. II(I)	
	dated4th August 2009, which	
	are available on the website of	
	this Ministry, should also be	
	followed.	
(h)	Changes, if any made in the	There are no changes in prepared EIA as per
	basic scope and project	submitted Form-1 & PFR
	parameters (as submitted in	
	Form-I and the PFR for	
	securing the TOR) should be	
1		I

	TOR Reply of Proposed Rough stone Quarry Over an Extent of 1.30.0 Ha				
	brought to the attention of				
	MoEF with reasons for such				
	changes and permission				
	should be sought, as the TOR				
	may also have to be altered.				
	Post Public Hearing changes				
	in structure and content of the				
	draft EIA/EMP (other than				
	modifications arising out of				
	the P.H. process) will entail				
	conducting the PH again with				
	the revised documentation				
(i)	As per the circular no.	Will be complied after grant			
	J- 11011/618/2010-IA. II(I)	environment clearance from SEIAA,			
	dated 30.5.2012, report on	Tamilnadu			
	the status of compliance				
	of the conditions stipulated in				
	the environment clearance for				
	the existing operations of the				
	project by the Regional Office				
	of Ministry of Environment &				
	Forests, if applicable.				
(j)	The EIA report should also				
	include (i) surface plan of the				
	area indicating contours of	All Sectional Plates of Quarry is enclosed in			
	main topographic features,	Mining Plan.			
	drainage and mining area, (ii)				
	geological maps and sections				
	(iii) sections of mine pit and				
	external dumps, if any clearly				
	showing the features of the				

adjoining area.		
		·

#### Additional TOR by SEAC

S.No.	Condition	Compliance
1.	The bench height 7m shall be reduced to 5 m (or) 6	Agreed to comply.
	m based upon the reach of excavating equipment	
	proposed and accordingly the revised quantity is	
	spelt out in the 'modified Production and	
	Development Plan' to be submitted during the EIA	
	appraisal.	
2.	The Proponent shall submit the aforesaid	Agreed to comply
	'Production & Development Plan' prepared as a	
	part of the approved Mining Plan, duly signed by	
	the concerned QP & approved by the concerned	
	AD (Geology & Mining) during the EIA appraisal.	
3.	In the case of proposed lease exists in the sloping	Will be furnished.
	hilly terrain, the Project Proponent (PP) shall	
	prepare and submit an 'Action Plan' for carrying	
	out the formation of the benches from top to	
	downwards in the proposed quarry lease including	
	the removal of boulder formed over the sloping	
	face during the time of appraisal for obtaining the	
	EC.	
4.	The PP shall submit detailed mitigation measures	The PP will submit detailed mitigation
	particularly related to dust pollution with respect to	measures particularly related to dust
	the location of the dwellings surrounding the	pollution with respect to the location
	proposed project based on the wind direction	of the dwellings surrounding the
	during the time of appraisal for obtaining the EC.	proposed project based on the wind
		direction during the time of appraisal
		for obtaining the EC.

5.	The structures within the radius of (i) 100 m, (ii) 200 m and (iii) 300 m shall be enumerated with details such as dwelling houses with number of occupants, whether it belongs to the owner (or) not, places of worship, industries, factories, sheds, etc.	1
6.	The PP shall submit a detailed hydrological report indicating the impact of proposed quarrying operations on the waterbodies like lake, water tanks, etc are located within 1 km of the proposed quarry.	The PP will submit a detailed hydrological report indicating the impact of proposed quarrying operations on the waterbodies like lake, water tanks, etc are located within 1 km of the proposed quarry.
7.	The Proponent shall carry out Bio diversity study through reputed Institution and the same shall be included in EIA Report.	The Proponent will carry out Bio diversity study through reputed Institution and the same shall be included in EIA Report.
8.	The proponent shall furnish photographs of adequate fencing, green belt along the periphery including replantation of existing trees & safety distance between the adjacent quarries & water bodies nearby provided as per the approved mining plan.	The proponent will furnish photographs of adequate fencing, green belt along the periphery including replantation of existing trees & safety distance between the adjacent quarries & water bodies nearby provided as per the approved mining plan.
9.	The PP shall furnish the affidavit stating that the blasting operation in the proposed quarry is carried out by the statutory competent person as per the MMR 1961 such as blaster, mining mate, mine foreman, II/I Class mines manager appointed by the proponent	The PP will furnish the affidavit stating that the blasting operation in the proposed quarry is carried out by the statutory competent person as per the MMR 1961 such as blaster, mining mate, mine foreman, II/I Class mines

		manager appointed by the proponent
10.	The PP shall present a conceptual design for	The PP will present a conceptual
	carrying out only controlled blasting operation	design for carrying out only controlled
	involving line drilling and muffle blasting in the	blasting operation involving line
	proposed quarry such that the blast-induced ground	drilling and muffle blasting in the
	vibrations are controlled as well as no fly rock	proposed quarry such that the blast-
	travel beyond 30 m from the blast site	induced ground vibrations are
		controlled as well as no fly rock travel
		beyond 30 m from the blast site
11.	The EIA Coordinators shall obtain and furnish the	The EIA Coordinators will obtain and
	details of quarry/quarries operated by the	furnish the details of quarry/quarries
	proponent in the past, either in the same location	operated by the proponent in the past,
	or elsewhere in the State with video and	either in the same location or
	photographic evidences.	elsewhere in the State with video and
		photographic evidences.
12.	If the proponent has already carried out the mining	
	activity in the proposed mining lease area after	
	15.01.2016, then the proponent shall furnish the	
	following details from AD/DD, mines,	
	a. What was the period of the operation and	
	stoppage of the earlier mines with the last	
	work permit issued by the AD/DD mines?	Agreed to comply
	b. Quantity of minerals mines out.	1151cca to compiy
	c. Highest production achieved in any one year.	
	d. Details of approved depth of mining.	
	e. Actual depth of the mining achieved earlier.	
	f. Name of the person already mined in that	

	leases area.	
	g. If EC and CTO already obtained, the copy of	
	the same shall be submitted.	
	Whether the mining was carried out as per the	
	approved mine plan (or EC if issued) with	
	stipulated benches.	
13.	All corner coordinates of the mine lease area,	Complied.
	superimposed on a High Resolution Imagery/Topo	All corners with coordinates of the
	sheet, topographic sheet, geomorphology, lithology	mine lease area has attached with EIA
	and geology of the mining lease area should be	report in chapter 2
	provided. Such an Imagery of the proposed area	
	should clearly show the land use and other	
	ecological feature of the study area (core and buffer	
	zone)	
14.	The Project Proponent shall carry out Drone video	Drone video survey will be submitted
	survey covering survey covering the cluster, green	in final EIA report.
	belt, fencing etc.,	
15.	The PP shall furnish the revised manpower	The PP will furnish the revised
15.	including the statutory and competent persons as	manpower including the statutory and
	required under the provisions of the MMR 1961 for	competent persons as required under
	the proposed quarry based on the volume of rock	
	handled and area of excavation.	the proposed quarry based on the
		volume of rock handled and area of
		excavation.
16.	The Project Proponent shall furnish photographs of	Complied.
10.	adequate fencing, green belt along periphery	The photographs of fencing and green
	including replantation of existing trees & safety	belt attached as per SEAC
	distance between the adjacent quarries & water	recommendation.
	bodies nearby provided as per the approved mining	recommendation.
	plan.	
	r	

17.	The Project Proponent shall provide the details of	The details of Geological reserves,
17.	mineral reserves and mineable reserves, planned	Mineable reserves and Yearwise
	production capacity, proposed working	production reserves are tabulated in
	methodology with justification, the anticipated	Chapter 2. The mining methodology
	impacts of the mining operations on the	and impacts are follow as on
	surrounding environment and the remedial	prescribed norms by Government.
	measures for the same	presences norms by devermment.
18.	The PP shall provide the Organization chart	Complied.
10.	indicating the appointment of various statutory	Manpower requirements table
	officials and other competent persons to be	attached in EIA report chapter 2
	appointed as per the provisions of Mines Act'1952	attached in ETA Teport chapter 2
	and the MMR, 1961 for carrying out the quarrying	
	operations scientifically and systematically in order	
	to ensure safety and to protect the environment.	
19.	The PP shall conduct the hydro-geological study	Hydro geological study report will be
17.	considering the contour map of the water table	submitted along final EIA report.
	detailing the number of ground water pumping &	
	open wells, and surface Water bodies such as	
	rivers, tanks, canals, ponds etc., within 1km	
	(radius) along with the collected water level data	
	for both monsoon and non-monsoon seasons from	
	the PWD/TWAD so as to assess the impacts on	
	the wells due to mining activity. Based on actual	
	monitored data, it may clearly be shown whether	
	working will intersect groundwater. Necessary data	
	and documentation in this regard may be provided.	
20.	The proponent shall furnish the baseline data for	The proponent has furnished the
	the environmental and ecological parameters with	baseline data for the environmental
	regard to surface water/ground water quality, air	and ecological parameters with regard
	quality, soil quality & flora/fauna including	to surface water/ground water quality,
	traffic/vehicular movement study.	air quality, soil quality & flora/fauna
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		including traffic/vehicular movement
		study details attached in EIA report
		chapter 3
21.	The Proponent shall carry out the Cumulative	Noted.
	impact study due to mining operations carried out	Agree to comply.
	in the quarry specifically with reference to the	
	specific environment in terms of soil health,	
	biodiversity, air pollution, water pollution, climate	
	change and flood control & health impacts.	
	Accordingly, the Environment Management plan	
	should be prepared keeping the concerned quarry	
	and the surrounding habitations in the mind.	
22.	Rainwater harvesting management with recharging	Noted.
	details along with water balance (both monsoon &	Agree to comply.
	non-monsoon) be submitted.	
23.	Land use of the study area delineating forest area,	Current land use of the study area has
	agricultural land, grazing land, wildlife sanctuary,	attached in EIA report chapter 3.
	national park, migratory routes of fauna, water	Operational and post operational land
	bodies, human settlements and other ecological	use will be submitted.
	features should be indicated. Land use plan of the	
	mine lease area should be prepared to encompass	
	preoperational, operational and post operational	
	phases and submitted. Impact, if any, of change of	
	land use should be given	
24.	Details of the land for storage of	The overburden is in the form of top
	Overburden/Waste dumb (or) Rejects outside the	soil and weathered rock formation. It
	mine lease, such as extent of land area, distance	will be quarried for filling purposes to
	from mine lease, its land use, R&R issues, if any,	nearby end users and part of soil will
	should be provided.	be preserved all along the boundary as
		barrier for afforestation.
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25.	Proximity to Areas declared as 'Critically Polluted'	Noted
	(or) the Project areas which attracts the court	
	restrictions for mining operations, should also be	
	indicated and where so required, clearance	
	certifications from the prescribed Authorities, such	
	as the TNPCB (or) Dept. of Geology and Mining	
	should be secured and furnished to the effect that	
	the proposed mining activities could be considered	
26.	Description of water conservation measures	The ultimate pit at the end of the
	proposed to be adopted in the Project should be	mining operation will be used for
	given. Details of rainwater harvesting proposed in	rainwater storage, the stored water
	the Project, if any, should be provided.	will be used for green belt
		development and further the stored
		water will be used for domestic
		purposes (other than drinking) after
		proper treatment.
27.	Impact on local transport infrastructure due to the	Traffic impact assessment has given in
	Project should be indicated.	EIA report chapter 3.
28.	A tree survey study shall be carried out (nos., name	No tree species were found inside the
	of the species, diameter, etc.,) both within the	project site. only few shrubs and
	mining lease applied area & 300m buffer zone and	thorny bushes were present. Tree
	its management during mining activity.	survey study details given in EIA
		report chapter 3.
29.	A detailed mine closure plan for the proposed	Noted. The mine plan and mine
	project shall be included in EIA/EMP report	closure plan has been approved by the
	which should be site-specific.	Assistant Director, Department of
		Mining and Geology, Virudhunagar
		District
30.	Public hearing points raised and commitments of	Noted and will be complied in Final
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	the PP on the same along with time bound Action	EIA report.

	Plan with budgetary provisions to implement the	
	same should be provided and also incorporated in	
	the final EIA/EMP Report of the Project and to be	
	submitted to SEIAA/SEAC with regard to the	
	Office Memorandum of MoEF & CC accordingly.	
31.	The Public hearing advertisement shall be	Noted.
	published in on major National daily and one most	Agree to comply.
	circulated vernacular daily	
32.	The PP shall produce/display the EIA report,	Noted
	Executive summary and other related information	
	with respect to public hearing Tamil Language	
	also.	
33.	As a part of the study of flora and fauna around the	Noted.
	vicinity of the proposed site, the EIA coordinator	Agree to comply
	shall strive to educate the local students on the	
	importance of preserving local flora and fauna by	
	involving them in the study, wherever possible.	
34.	The purpose of Green belt around the project is to	Noted.
	capture the fugitive emissions, carbon sequestration	Agree to comply
	and to attenuate the noise generated, in addition to	
	improving the aesthetics. A wide range of	
	indigenous plant species should be planted as given	
	in the appendix-I in consultation with the DFO,	
	State Agriculture University and local	
	school/college authorities. The plant species with	
	dense/moderate canopy of native origin should be	
	chosen. Species of small/medium/tall trees	
	alternating with shrubs should be planted in a	
	mixed manner.	

35.	Taller/one year old Saplings raised in appropriate	The green belt plan enclosed with
	size of bags, preferably eco-friendly bags should be	mining plates in Annexure VII
	planted as per the advice of local forest authorities/	
	botanist/Horticulturist with regard to site specific	
	choices. The proponent shall earmark the greenbelt	
	arca with GPS coordinates all along the boundary	
	of the project site with at least 3 meter wide and in	
	between blocks in an organized manner.	
36.	A Disaster management Plan shall be prepared and	Disaster management plan has
	included in the EIA/EMP Report for the complete	prepared and enclosed in Chapter 7.
	life of the proposed quarry (or) till the end of the	
	lease period.	
37.	A Risk Assessment and management Plan shall be	Risk assessment and management
	prepared and included in the EIA/EMP Report fir	plan has prepared and enclosed in
	the complete life of the proposed quarry (or) till the	chapter 7.
	end of the lease period.	
38.	Occupational Health impacts of the Project should	Occupational Health impacts of the
	be anticipated and the proposed preventive	project has prepared and incorporated
	measures spelt out in detail. Details of pre-	in Environmental management plan.
	placement medical examination and periodical	
	medical examination schedules should be	
	incorporated in the EMP. The project specific	
	occupational health mitigation measures with	
	required facilities proposed in the mining area may	
	be detailed.	
39.	Public health implications of the Project and	Suitable measure will be adopted to
	related activities for the population in the impact	minimize occupational health impacts
	zone should be systematically evaluated and the	of the project.
	proposed remedial measures should be detailed	
	along with budgetary allocations.	

40.	The Socio-economic studies should be carried out	The socio-economic study has been
	within a 5km buffer zone from the mining activity.	discussed in chapter 3.
	Measures of socio-economic significance and	_
	influence to the local community proposed to be	
	provided by the Project Proponent should be	
	indicated. As far as possible, quantitative	
	dimensions may be given with time frames for	
	implementation.	
41.	Details of litigation pending against the project, if	No. litigation is pending against the
	any, with direction /order passed by any Court of	project in any court.
	Law against the Project should be given	
42.	Benefits of the Project if the Project is implemented	Benefits of the project has
	should be spelt out. The benefits of the Project shall	incorporated in EIA report chapter 8
	clearly indicate environmental, social, economic,	
	employment potential, etc.,	
43.	If any quarrying operations were caried out in the	Agree to comply.
	proposed quarrying site for which now the EC is	
	sought, the Project Proponent shall furnish the	
	detailed compliance to EC conditions given in the	
	previous EC with the site photographs which shall	
	duly be certified by MoEF&CC, Regional Office,	
	Chennai (or) the concerned DEE/TNPCB	
44.	The PP shall prepare the EMP for the entire	The PP will prepare the EMP for the
	life/lease of mine and also furnish the sworn	entire life/lease of mine and also
	affidavit stating to abide the EMP for the entire life	furnish the sworn affidavit stating to
	of mine.	abide the EMP for the entire life of
		mine.
45.	concealing any factual information or submission	Noted.
	of false/fabricated data and failure to comply with	
	any of the Condition mentioned above may result	
	any of the Condition mentioned above may result	

in withdra	ıwal of	this	Terms	of	cond	litions beside	S
attracting	penal	prov	visions	in	the	Environmen	t
(Protection	n) Act,	1986	1				

#### Additional TOR by SEIAA

1	Cluster Management Committee, which must include all the proponents in the cluster as members including the existing as well as proposed quarry.	Noted All the proponents in the cluster is discussed in Chapter-2, Page number- 35
2	The members must coordinate among themselves for the effective implementation of EMP as	Green belt development, water sprinkling, tree plantation is discussed
	committed including Green Belt Development,	in chapter-2, Page number-58
	Water sprinkling, tree plantation, blasting etc.,	
3	The List of members of the committee formed shall be submitted to AD/Mines before the	Agreed to comply.
	execution of mining lease and the same shall be updated every year to the AD/Mines.	
4	Detailed Operational Plan must be submitted which must include the blasting frequency with	Agreed to comply.
	respect to the nearby quarry situated in the cluster, the usage of haul roads by the individual quarry in the form of route map and network.	It will be furnished in final EIA report.
5	The committee shall deliberate on risk management plan pertaining to the cluster in a holistic manner especially during natural calamities like intense rain and the mitigation measures considering the inundation of the cluster and evacuation plan	Risk management plan is discussed in Chapter-7, page number-135
6	The Cluster Management Committee shall form	Agreed to comply.

	Environmental Policy to practice sustainable	
	mining in a scientific and systematic manner in	It will be furnished in final EIA report.
	accordance with the law. The role played by the	
	committee in implementing the environmental	
	policy devised shall be given in detail.	
7	The committee shall furnish action plan	Agreed to comply.
	regarding the restoration strategy with respect to	
	the individual quarry falling under the cluster in a	It will be furnished in final EIA report.
	holistic manner.	
8	The committee shall formish the Emergency	Emergency management plan is
	The committee shall furnish the Emergency	discusssed in Chapter-7, page number-
	Management plan within the cluster.	139
9	The committee shall deliberate on the health of	Health of workers and staff is
	the workers/staff involved in the mining as well	discussed in Chapter-9 Page number-
	as the health of the public.	153
10	Detailed study shall be carried out in regard to	The biodiversity has been studied and
	impact of mining around the proposed mine lease	discussed in chapter 3.
	area covering the entire mine lease period as per	The soil erosion map 5km surrounding
	precise area communication order issued from	the project site has been given in
	reputed research institutions on the following.	chapter 3.
	a) Soil health & bio-diversity	The detailed study will be carried out
	b) Climate change leading to Droughts,	and will be enclosed in the Draft EIA
	Floods etc.,	Report.
	c) Pollution leading to release Greenhouse	
	gases (GHG), rise in Temperature &	
	Livelihood of the local people.	
	d) Possibilities of water containment and	
	impact on aquatic ecosystem health.	
	e) Agriculture, Forestry & Traditional	
	practices.	

	f) Hydrothermal/Geothermal effects due to	
	destruction in the Environment.	
	g) Bio-geochemical processes and its foot	
	prints including environmental stress	
	h) Sediment geochemistry in the surface	
	streams	
	Sediment geochemistry in the surface streams.	
11	The committee shall furnish an action plan to	Agreed to comply.
	achieve sustainable development goals with	
	reference to water, sanitation & safety.	It will be furnished in final EIA report.
12	The committee shall furnish the fire safety and	Fire safety and evacuation plan is
	evacuation plan in the case of fire accidents	discussed in chapter-7
13	The measures taken to control Noise, Air, water,	Measures taken to control Noise, Air,
	Dust control and steps adopted to efficiently	water, Dust control is discussed in
	utilise the energy shall be furnished.	Chapter-4
14	Details of type of vegetation no.of trees & shrubs	Type of vegetation no.of trees & shrubs
	within the proposed mining area and. If so,	is discussed in Chapter-3 page number-
	transplantation of such vegetations all along the	100
	boundary of the proposed mining area shall	
	committed mentioned in EMP.	
15	Impact on surrounding agricultural fields around	There is no agricultural fields around
	the proposed mining area.	the proposed mining area
16	Erosion control measures	Agreed to comply.
	Erosion control measures	Will be furnished in final EIA.
17	Impact on soil flora & vegetation around the	Impact on soil flora & vegetation
	project site	around the project site discussed in
	project site	Chapter-4 page number-110
18	Detailed study shall be carried out regard to	The detailed study will be carried out
	impact of mining around the proposed mine lease	and will be furnished in the Final EIA
	area on the nearby villages, Water-bodies/Rivers,	Report.
L	1	

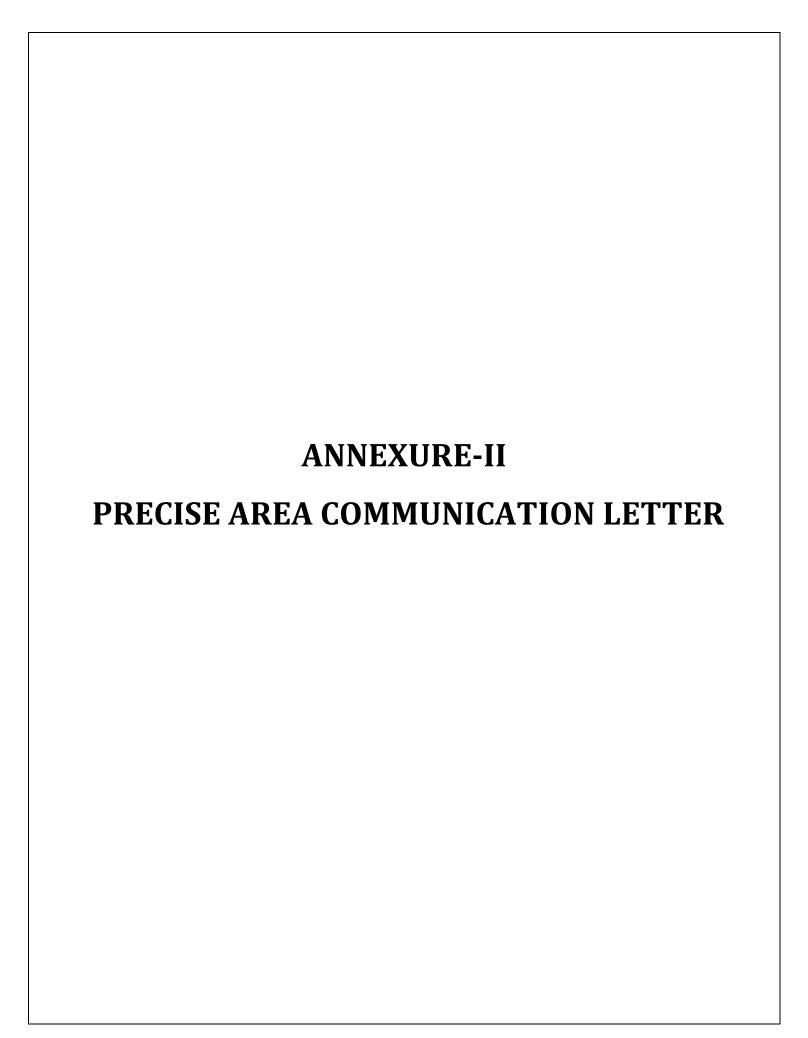
	& any ecological fragile areas.	
19	The project proponent shall furnish VAO	Obtained and same has been attached
	Certificate with reference to 300m radius regard to	as Annexure.
	approved habitations, schools, Archaeological	
	structures etc.	
20	As per the MoEF& CC office memorandum	Noted and public hearing details will
	F.No.22-65/2017-IA.III dated: 30.09.2020 and	be included along with final EIA
	20.10.2020 the proponent shall address the	report.
	concerns raised during the public consultation and	
	all the activities proposed shall be part of the	
	Environment Management Plan.	
21	The Environmental Impact Assessment shall	Noted and will be complied in Final
	study in detail the carbon emission and also	EIA report.
	suggest the measures to mitigate carbon emission	
	including development of carbon sinks, and	
	temperature reduction including control of other	
	emission and climate mitigation activities.	
22	The Environmental Impact Assessment should	The biodiversity has been studied and
	study the biodiversity, the natural ecosystem, the	discussed in chapter 3 – Pg No. 113.
	soil micro flora, fauna and soil seed banks and	
	suggest measures to maintain the natural	
	Ecosystem.	
23	Action should specifically suggest for sustainable	Noted.
	management of the area and restoration of	Agree to comply.
	ecosystem for flow of goods and services.	
24	The project proponent shall study impact on fish	There is no water bodies within 1km
	habitats and the food WEB/food chain in the	radius, The seasonal pond located 50m
	water body and reservoir.	south from the project site. Water gets
		stagnant only during rainy season.
		Hence there won't be much impact on

		fish habitats and the food WEB/ food
		chain in the water body and Reservoir.
25	The Terms of Reference should specifically	The soil erosion map 5km surrounding
	study impact on soil health, soil erosion, the	the project site has been given in
	soil physical, chemical components and	chapter 3.
	microbial components.	The soil samples have been collected
		surrounding the project site and
		physical, chemical components and
		microbial components study has been
		carried out and the results are
		tabulated in chapter 3
26	The Environmental Impact Assessment should	The biological environment impacts,
	study impact on forest, vegetation, endemic,	and its mitigation measures has been
	vulnerable and endangered indigenous flora and	given in Chapter 4
	fauna.	
27	The Environmental Impact Assessment should	There is no existing trees in the project
	study impact on standing trees and the existing	site and surrounding the project site.
	trees should be numbered and action suggested	Only thorny shrubs were present.
	for protection.	
28	The Environmental Impact Assessment should	The water environment impacts and its
	study on wetlands, water bodies, river streams,	mitigation measures has been given in
	lakes and farmer sites.	Chapter 4
29	The EIA should hold detailed study on EMP	The EMP details has been given in
	with budget for Green belt development and	Chapter 8
	mine closure plan including disaster management	
	plan.	
30	The EIA should study impact on climate change,	Noted and will be complied in Final
	temperature rise, pollution and above soil carbon	EIA report.
	stock.	
31	The EIA should study impact on protected areas,	There is no Reserve Forest within 1 km

	Reserve forests, National parks, Corridors and	radius of the Project Site. Hence our
	Wildlife pathways, near project site.	project will not cause any damage to
		reserve forest. Also, we have received
		letter from DFO indicating the nearest
		reserve forest and attached with
		Annexures.
		There is no protected areas, National
		Parks, Corridors and Wildlife
		pathways near project site.
32	The PP shall study and furnish the impact on	There is no plantation surrounding
	plantations in adjoining Patta lands, Horticulture,	500m from project site. Hence there
	Agriculture and livestock.	won't be any impact in adjoining patta
		lands, Horticulture, Agriculture and
		livestock.
33	The PP shall study and furnish the details on	Noted and will be complied in Final
	potential fragmentation impact of natural	EIA report.
	environment, by the activities.	
34	The PP shall study and furnish the impact on	Noted.
	aquatic plants and animals in water bodies and	Agree to comply.
	possible scars on the landscape, damages to	
	nearby caves, heritage site and archaeological	
	sites possible landform changes visual and	
	aesthetic impacts	
35	The PP shall study and furnish the possible	There will not be any plastic and
	pollution due to plastic and microplastic on the	microplastic pollution due to mining
	environment. The ecological risks and impact of	activity. Also, we ensure that we won't
	plastic & microplastic on aquatic environment	use any single use plastics in the
	and fresh water systems due to activities,	project site.
	contemplated during mining may be investigated	

	and reported.	
36	The PP shall detailed study on impact of mining	There is no Reserve Forest within 1 km
	on Reserve forests free ranging wildlife.	radius of the Project Site. Hence our
		project will not cause any damage to
		reserve forest. Also, we have received
		letter from DFO indicating the nearest
		reserve forest and attached with
		Annexures.
37	Hydro-geological study considering the contour	The hydro-geological study will be
	map of the water table detailing the number of	conducted and submitted in final EIA
	ground water pumping & open wells, and surface	report.
	water bodies such as rivers, tanks, canals, ponds	
	etc., within 1 km (radius) so as to assess the	
	impacts on the nearby waterbodies due to mining	
	activity. Based on actual monitored data and	
	documentation in this regard may be provided,	
	covering the entire mine lease period.	
38	To furnish disaster management plan and disaster	Disaster Management and Risk
	mitigation measures in regard to all aspects to	Assessment has be incorporated in
	avoid/reduce vulnerability to hazard & to cope	Chapter-7
	with disaster/untoward accidents in & around	
	the proposed mine lease area due to the proposed	
	method of mining activity & its related activities	
	covering the entire mine lease period as per	
	precise area communication order issued.	
39	To furnish risk assessment and management plan	A Risk Assessment and management
	including anticipated vulnerabilities during	Plan will be prepared and included in
	operational and post operational phases of mining.	the final EIA/EMP Report.
40	Detailed mine closure plan covering the entire	Mine closure plan has been attached
	mine lease period as per precise area	along with mining plates as Annexure

	communication order issued.	VI.
41	Detailed Environment Management plan along	Environment Management Plan has
	with adaptation, mitigation & remedial strategies	been described in detail in Chapter-10
	covering the entire mine lease period as per	of the Draft EIA/EMP Report.
	precise area communication order issued.	



டிவியியல் & சுரம்சுத் துறை,

# குறிப் பாணை

பொருள்

கனிமங்களும் குவாரிகளும்- சிழ்த்த மம்? - சர் தாண் கிருஷ்ணகிரி மாவட்டு ஆகும் புலங்களில் அமைந்துள்ள கற்குவாடு 📜 📑 முறையில் குத்தகை வழங்குவது <u>தொண்க தரு</u>சிதழ் வெளியீடு - ஒசூர் வட்டம் - கோபனப்பள்ளி கிராமம் - புல எண்.381(பகு தி-1) 1.30.0 ஹெக்டேர் பரப்பில் 05.04.2022 அன்று டெண்டருடன் இணைந்த ஏலம் நடத்தப்பட்டது -டெண்டர் விண்ணப்பத்தில் அதிகபட்ச குத்தகை தொகை டெண்ட்ர் குறிப்பிட்ட என்⊔வருக்கு திரு.ரகு உறுதி செய்யப்பட்டது - விதிகளின்படி குத்தகை தொகை முழுவதும் செலுத்தப்பட்டது - குத்தகை உரிமம் வழங்கிட வேண்டி ஏற்பளிக் கப்பட்ட சுரங்கத் திட்டம் மற்றும் சுற்றுச் சூழல் ஆணைய முன் அனுமதி பெற்று சமர்ப்பிக்கக் கோருதல்-தொடர்பாக.

பார்வை:

- 1. வட்டாட்சியர், ஒசூர் கடிதம் ந.க.எண்.426/2022/.அ2 நாள்:22.01.2022.
- 2. வருவாய் கோட்டாட்சியர் ஒசூர் அறிக்கை ந.க.எண்.103/2022/பி2 நாள்:04.02.2022.
- வன உயிரின காப்பாளர், ஒசூர் கடிதம் ந.க.எண்.261/ 2022/எல் நாள்:10.02.2022.
- 4. கிருஷ்ணகிரி மாவட்ட புவியியல் மற்றும் சுரங்கத் துறை நில அளவர், தனி வருவாய் ஆய்வாளர் மற்றும் உதவி புவியியலாளர் (கனிமம்) புலதணிக்கை அறிக்கை நாள்:11.02.2022.
- 5. கிருஷ்ணகிரி மாவட்ட அரசிதழ் சிறப்பு வெளியீடு எண்.15 நாள்:14.03.2022 மற்றும் எண்.20 நாள்:28.03.2022.
- 6. தி இந்து செய்தி நாளிதழில் விளம்பரம் நாள்:17.03.2022.
- 7. தி இந்து, தினகரன், தினமலர் மற்றும் காலைக்கதிர் ஆகிய செய்தி நாளிதழ்களில் 29.03.2022 அன்று வெளியிடப்பட்ட மாவட்ட ஆட்சியரின் அறிவிக்கை.
- 8. திரு.ரகு என்பவர் டெண்டர் விண்ணப்பம் நாள்:04.04.2022.
- 9. திரு.என்.அண்னையாரெட்டி மற்றும் இரண்டு நபர்களின் ஏல விண்ணப்பங்கள் நாள்:05.04.2022.
- 10. திரு.ரகு என்பவரது கடிதம் நாள் :18.04.2022.
- 11. தொடர்புடைய ஆவணங்கள்.

பார்வையில் காணும் கடி தங்களின்பால் கனிவான கவனம் வேண்டப்படுகிறது.

- 2. கிருஷ்ணகிரி மாவட்டம், ஒசூர் வட்டம், கோபனப்பள்ளி கிராமம் அரசு புல எண்.381(பகுதி-1) விஸ்.1.30.0 ஹெக்டேர் பரப்பில் அமைந்துள்ள சாதாரண கற்குவாரியை டெண்டர் / பொது ஏலத்திற்கு கொண்டு வர உரிய நில இருப்பு அறிக்கை வருவாய் கோட்டாட்சியரிடம் கோரப்பட்டதில், ஒகுர் வட்டாட்சியர், ஒசூர் வருவாய் கோட்டாட்சியர் மற்றும் கிருஷ்ணகிரி மாவட்ட புவியியல் மற்றும் சுரங்கத் துறை நில அளவர், தனி வருவாய் ஆய்வாளர் மற்றும் உதவி புவியியலாளர் (கனிமம்) ஆகியோர் தணிக்கை மேற்கொண்டு கிருஷ்ணகிரி மாவட்டம், ஒசூர் வட்டம், கோபனப்பள்ளி கிராமம் அரசு புறம்போக்கு தீ.ஏ.த.தரிசு புல எண்.381(பகுதி-1) விஸ்.1.30.0 ஹெக்டேர் பரப்பு பூமியினை குத்தகை உரிமம் வழங்கிட விதிகளின்படி மேற்கண்ட புலம் தகுதிவாய்ந்தது என்பதால் டெண்டருடன் இணைந்த ஏலத்தின் மூலம் உரியம் வழங்கிட பரிந்துரை செய்துள்ளனர். வன உயிரின காப்பாளர், ஒசூர் மேற்கண்ட புலங்கள் விதிகளின்படி அருகில் உள்ள காப்பு காடுகளுக்கு வரையறுக்கப்பட்ட பாதுகாப்பு தொலைவிற்கு அப்பால் அமைந்துள்ளதாக அறிக்கை அளித்துள்ளார்.
- 3. அதன் அடிப்படையில், கிருஷ்ணகிரி மாவட்டத்தில் அரசு புறம்போக்கு நிலங்களில் உள்ள சாதாரண கற்களை வெட்டியெடுத்துச் செல்ல உரிமம் வழங்க ஏதுவாக கிருஷ்ணகிரி மாவட்ட அரசிதழ் சிறப்பு வெளியீடு எண்.15 நாள்:14.03.2022 மற்றும் எண்.20 நான்:28.03.2022-ன்படி பிரசுரம் செய்யப்பட்டது. அதன்படி 04.04.2022-ம் நாள் பிற்பகல் 05.00 மணிக்குள் மூடி முத்திரை இடப்பட்ட டெண்டர் மனுக்களை அளிக்க இறுதி நாளாக அறிவித்து, 05.04.2022 அன்று பொது ஏலம் நடத்தப்பட்டு டெண்டர் மனுக்கள் ஏலத்தில் கலந்து கொண்டவர்கள் முன்னிலையில் திறக்கப்பட்டன.
- 4. மேற்கண்ட அரசிதழில் விளம்பரம் செய்யப்பட்டிருந்த குவாரிப்பட்டியலில் வரிசை எண்.(11), ஒசூர் வட்டம், கோபனப்பள்ளி கிராயம், அரசு புறம்போக்கு (தீ.ஏ.த.தரிசு) புல எண்.381(பகுதி-1)-ல் 1.30.0 ஹெக்டேர் பரப்பில் உள்ள உள்ள கற்குவாரிக்கு டெண்டர் / பொது ஏலத்தில் கலந்து கொண்டவர்களில் திரு.ரகு டெண்டரில் குறிப்பிட்டிருந்த தொகை ரூ.1,30,00,000/- மாவட்ட ஆட்சித் தலைவர் அவர்களால் நிர்ணயம் செய்யப்பட்டிருந்த ஏலத் தொகையை விட அதிகமாக இருந்ததால் அவருக்கு டெண்டர் ஊர்ஜிதம் செய்யப்பட்டது. மேற்கண்ட டெண்டர்தாரர் மொத்த குத்தகை தொகையையும் விதிகளின்படி 19.04.2022-க் குள் செலுத்தியுள்ளார்.

5. எனவே, டெண்டர்தாரர் டெண்டர்தொகை முழுவதும் செலுத்திவிட்டபடியால், மேற்படி கற்குவாரி ஏலமானது விதிகளின்படி உயர்ந்தபட்ச டெண்டர் கோரிய திரு.ரகு என்பவருக்கு உறுதி செய யப்படுகிறது. மேலும், மேற்படி நபருக்கு ஒசூர் வட்டம், கோபனப்பள்ளி கிராமம், அரசு புறம்போக்கு (தீ.ஏ.த.தரிசு) புல எண்.381(பகுதி-1)-ல் 1.30.0 ஹெக்டேர் பரப்பு டிலத்தில் பத்து (10) ஆண்டுகளுக்கு குவாரி உரிமம் வழங்க ஏதுவாக 1959ம் வருடத்திய தமிழ் நூடு சிறுகனிம விடிக்கிய கிழ்க்கண்ட நிபந்தனைகளுடன் ஏற்பளிக்கப்பட்ட சுற்ற கிறுகனிம விதிகள், விதி எண்.42-ன்படி மாவட்ட சுற்ற சுற்பிக்கும் பட்சத்தில் சாதார கூறுகைய இசைவு பெற்று சுற்ப்பிக்கும் பட்சத்தில் சாதார கூறுகைப்படும் என்ற விவரம் இதன் மூலம் தெரிவிக்கப்படுகிறது.

# நிபந்தனை கள்:

- 1959ம் a. வருட<u>த்</u>திய தமிழ்நாடு கனிம விதிகள், **FIMI** சலுகை அட்டவணை-]]-ல் கண்டுள்ளபடி செய்யப்படும் குவாரி சினியரேஜ் கனிமங்களுக்குரிய தொகை அவ்வப்போ*து* செலுத்தி கனியம் கொண்டு செல்லப்பட வேண்டும்.
- b. அருகிலுள்ள பட்டா நிலங்களுக்கு 7.5 மீட்டர், அரசு புறம்போக்கு புலங்களுக்கு 10 மீட்டர் மற்றும் இதர நிலையான அமைப்புகளுக்கு 50 மீட்டர் பாதுகாப்பு இடைவெளி விட்டு குவாரிப் பணி மேற்கொள்ள வேண்டும்.
- c. விதிகளின் படி ஏற்பளிக்கப்பட்ட சுரங்கத்திட்டத்தினை உரிய காலத்திற்குள் சமா்பிக்க வேண்டும்.
- d. குவாரி உரிமம் வழங்க உள்ள பகுதிக்கு சுற்றுச்சூழல் தாக்க மதிப்பீட்டு ஆணையத்தின் முன் அனுமதி பெற்று சமர்பிக்கும் பட்சத்தில் மட்டுமே குவாரி உரிமம் வழங்கப்படும்.

இணைப்பு: குத் தூக உரிமம் வழங்க பரிந்துரைக்கப்பட்ட புல வரைபடம்.

ஒம்/- வி.ஜெய சந்திர பானு ரெட்டி மாவட்ட ஆட்சித் தலைவர், கிருஷ்ணகிரி.

// உண்மை நகல்/,/ உத்தரவுபடி/,/

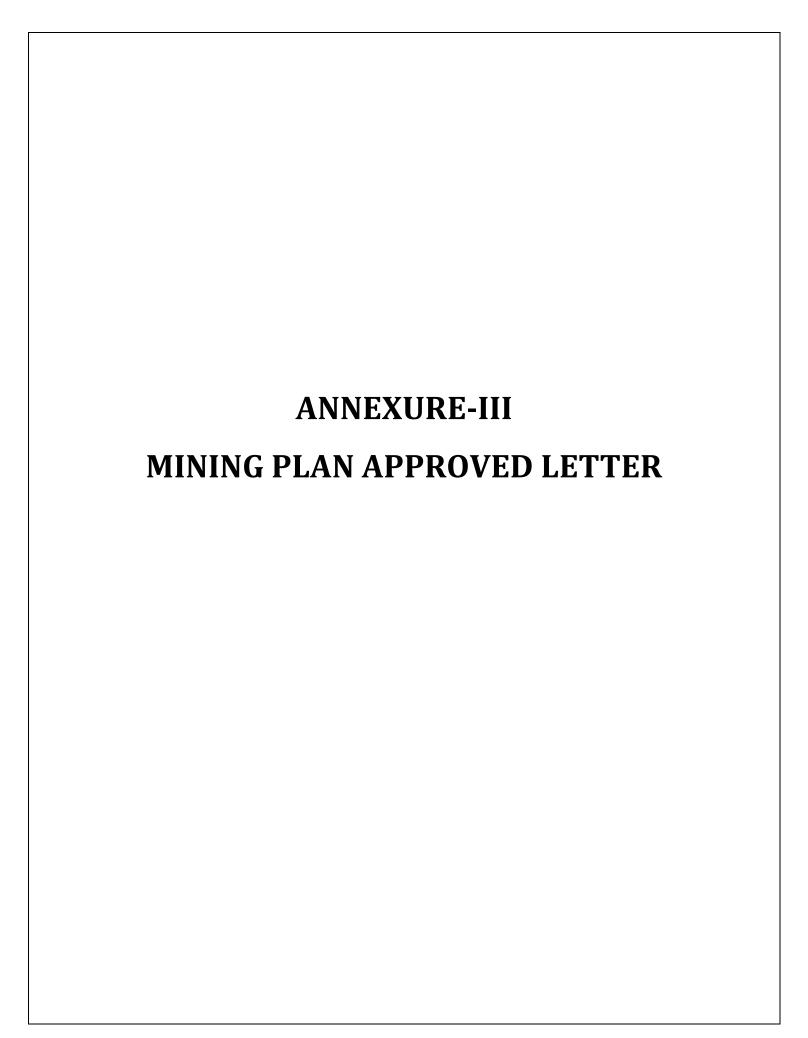
மாயட்ட ஆட்சியருக்காக, மிருஷ்ணகிரி

பெறுநர், திரு.ரகு, த/பெ.ஸ்ரீராமைய்யா, எண்.6/202, அனுசோனை - கிராமம், பெம்மதாதனூர் - அஞ்சல், தேன்கனிக்கோட்டை வட்டம், கிருஷ்ணகிரி மாவட்டம்.

S. MATHAR PRAKASH, M.Sc., M.Phil., RQP/CNM/278/2016/A

நகல்: 1. இயக்குநர், புவியியல் மற்றும் சுரங்கத் துறை, சென்னை

2. தமிழ்நாடு மாநில சுற்றுச்சூழல் மதிப்பீட்டு ஆணையம், சென்னை.



#### From

Dr.S. Vediappan, M.Sc., Ph.D., Deputy Director, Dept of Geology and Mining, Krishnagiri.

#### To

Thiru.S.Raghu, S/o. Sreeramaya, D.No.6/206, Anusonai Village, Bommathathanoor post, Denkanikottai Taluk, Krishnagiri District- 635113.

# Rc.No.539/2022/Mines Dated:24.06.2022.

Sir,

Sub: Mines and Minerals - Rough stone - Krishnagiri District - Hosur Taluk - Gopanapalli Village- Govt Poramboke land in S.F.No. 381(Part-1) Over an extent of 1.30.0 Hects - Tender Cum Auction conducted - Thiru.S.Raghu declared as highest tenderer - Precise area communicated - Draft Mining Plan submitted for approval - Approved - reg.

Ref:

- 1. Krishnagiri District, Extraordinary Gazette notification No. 15 & 20, dated 14.03.2022 & 28.03.2022.
- 2. This Office Letter No.539/2022/Mines dated: 04.05.2022.
- 3. Draft Mining plan submitted by Thiru.S.Raghu, dated: 13.06.2022.

#### \*\*\*\*\*

Kind attention is invited to the references cited above.

- 2. Tender Cum Auction has been conducted on 05.04.2022 for the grant of quarry lease to quarry rough stone in government lands situated in Krishnagiri district including S.F.No. 381(Part-1) Over an extent of 1.30.0 Hects of Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Thiru.S.Raghu has quoted highest lease amount and hence he has been declared as successful tenderer.
- 3. Accordingly, Thiru.S.Raghu has been directed to submit the mining plan for approval and to obtain Environmental Clearance for quarrying Rough stone over an extent of 1.30.0 Hects of Government Poramboke land in S.F.No. 381(Part-1) in Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishangiri District for a period of 10 (Ten) years under the

provisions of Rule 8 of Tamil Nadu Minor Mineral Concession Rules, 1959.

- 4. In this regard, the tenderer Thiru.S.Raghu had submitted 03 copies of draft Mining Plan vide letter dated: 13.06.2022 and the same has been examined in detail and it is found correct.
- 5. As per the mining plan the year wise production for the proposed first and second five years are as follows.

	Year	Recoverable Reserves (m³) @ 100%	Top Soil (Gravel)in (m³)
Ť	1st Year	55692	17316
First Five	2 <sup>nd</sup> year	27083	0
Years	3rd year	27083	0
	4th year	23373	0
	5 <sup>th</sup> year	31206	0
	Total	164437	17316

	Year	Recoverable Reserves (m³) @ 100%	Top Soil (Gravel)in (m <sup>3</sup> )
	1st Year	19663	0
Second Five	2 <sup>nd</sup> year	11438	0
Years	3 <sup>rd</sup> year	11438	0
	4th year	15246	0
100	5th year	9016	0
	Total	66801	0

- 6. Hence, as per the powers delegated under Rule 42 of TNMMCR, 1959 and also as per the guidelines/instructions issued by the Commissioner of Geology and Mining, vide letter Rc.No.3868/LC/2012 dated:19.11.2012, the said mining plan submitted by the Thiru.S.Raghu is here by approved subject to the following conditions.
  - 1. That the mining plan is approved without prejudice to any other law applicable to the quarry lease from time to time

- whether such laws are made by the Central Government, State Government or any other authority.
- ii. This approval of the mining plan does not in any way imply the approval of the Government in terms of any other provisions of Mines and Minerals Development and Regulation) Act 1957, or any other connected laws including Forest (Conservation) Act 1957, or any other connected Laws industry Forest (Conservation) Act 1980, Forest Conservation Rules 1981 Environment protection Act 1980, Indian Explosive Act 1884 (Central Act IV of 1884) and the rules made there under, Minor Mineral Conservation and Development Rules, and The Tamil Nadu Minor Mineral Concession rules, 1959.
- iii. That the mining plan is approved without prejudice to any other order or directions from any court of competent jurisdiction.
- iv. All the conditions mentioned in the precise area letter should be followed during quarry operation as per rules.
- v. The applicant should get prior Environmental clearance from the appropriate authority and should submit it to the District Collector, Krishnagiri.
- vi. Provisions of the Mines Act 1952 and the rules and regulation made there under including submission of notice of opening, appointment of manager and other statutory officials has required under Mines Act 1952 shall be complied with.
- vii. Provisions made under the Mines and Minerals (Development and Regulation) Acts 1957, amended Act 2015 made there under shall be complied with.
- viii. This approval of Mining Plan is restricted to the mining lease area only as shown in the plan.
- ix. The earlier instances of irregular / illegal quarrying, if any shall not be regularized through the approval of this document.

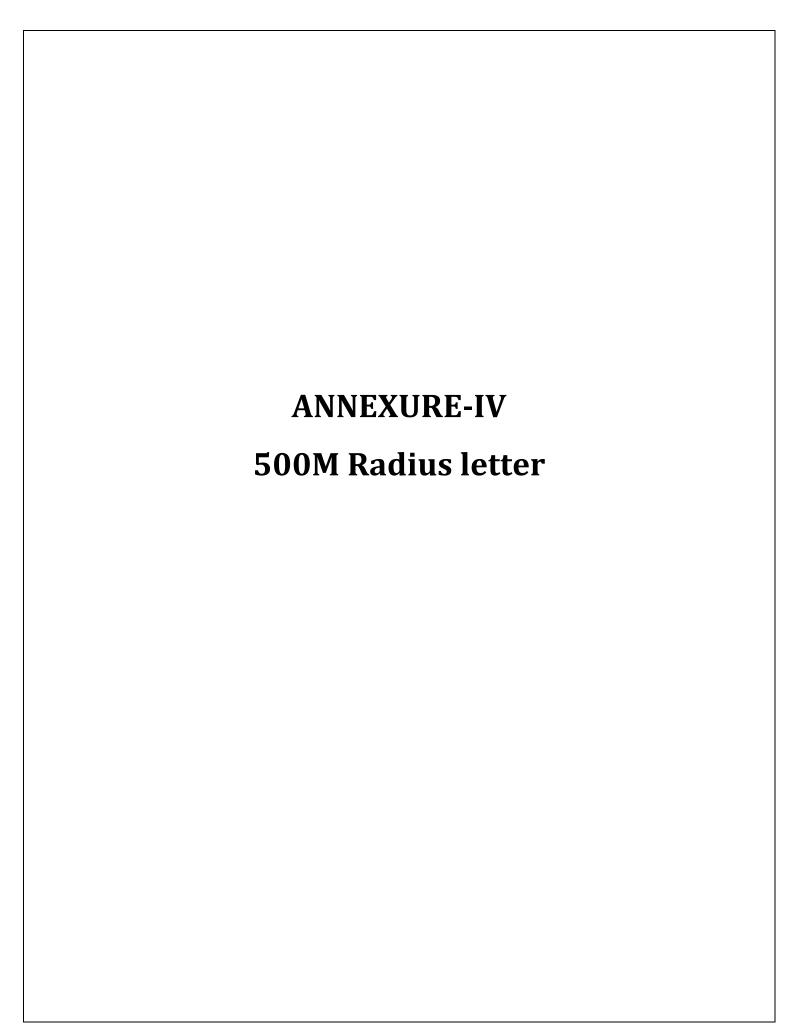
- x. The applicant shall remit penalty /cost of the mineral /other dues if any.
- xi. Every Mining Plan duly approved under rule 41(9) of TNMMCR, 1959 shall be valid for a period of five years. Further, the applicant shall submit modification in the mining plan if any, review the mining plan and submit scheme of mining plan for the next five years of the lease if any as per TNMMCR 1959.

xii. Non adherence to any condition set out above, the approval shall be deemed to have been withdrawn with immediate effect.

Deputy Director, Dept of Geology and Mining, Krishnagiri.

Copy submitted to : 1. The Director,

Dept of Geology and Mining, Guindy, Chennai -32.



#### From

Dr. S.Vediappan, M.Sc.,Ph.d., Deputy Director, Dept of Geology and Mining, Krishnagiri.

#### To

Thiru.S.Raghu, S/o. Sreeramaya, D.No.6/206, Anusonai Village, Bommathathanoor post, Denkanikottai Taluk, Krishnagiri District – 635113.

# Roc.No.539/2022/Mines Dated: 24.06.2022

Sir,

Sub: Mines and Minerals - Rough stone - Krishnagiri District - Hosur Taluk - Gopanapalli Village- Govt Poramboke land in S.F.No. 381(Part-1) Over an extent of 1.30.0 Hects - Tender Cum Auction conducted - Thiru.S.Raghu declared as highest tenderer - Mining Plan approved - Other quarry situated in 500 mtrs radial distance - Details furnished - reg.

Ref:

- 1. Krishnagiri District, Extraordinary Gazette notification No. 15 & 20, dated 14.03.2022 & 28.03.2022.
- 2. This Office Letter No.539/2022/Mines dated: 04.05.2022.
- 3. Draft Mining plan submitted by Thiru.S.Raghu, dated: 13.06.2022
- 4. This Office Letter No.544/2022/Mines dated: 24, 66.22.

\*\*\*\*\*\*

Kind attention is invited to the references cited above.

- 2. Tender Cum Auction has been conducted on 05.04.2022 for the grant of quarry lease to quarry rough stone in government lands situated in Krishnagiri district including S.F.No. 381(Part-1) over an extent of 1.30.0 Hects of Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk.
- 3. Thiru.S.Raghu has quoted highest lease amount and hence he has been declared as highest tenderer for the grant of quarry lease for quarrying Rough stone over an extent of 1.30.0 Hects of government lands in S.F.No. 381(Part-1) in Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishangiri District for a period of 10 year under the provisions of Rule 19(1) of Tamil Nadu Minor Mineral Concession Rules, 1959. In this regard, precise area communication has been

issued to the applicant vide letter dated: 04.05.2022 with a direction to submit approved mining plan and Environment Clearance.

4. Accordingly, Thiru.S.Raghu had submitted 03 copies of draft Mining Plan vide letter dated: 13.06.2022 and the same has been approved vide this office letter dated: 24.06.2022. In addition to that the details of other quarries situated within 500 mts radial distance from the subject quarry is furnished as follows.

# I. Details of Existing quarries.

Sl No	Name of the lessee	Village & Taluk	Miner	S.F No.	Extent in Het	GO No.& Date	Lease period.
			Nil-				

#### II. Details of abandoned/Old quarries.

Sl. No.	Name of the lessee	Village	S.FNo.	Extent in Het	GO No.& Date	Lease period.
			Nil			

### III. Details of Proposed quarries

SI No	Name of the lessee	Village & Taluk	Miner al	S.F No.	Extent in Het	GO No.& Date	Lease period.
1.	Thi.ru.S.Raghu	Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk	Rough Stone	381(Par t-1)	1.30.0	Re.No. 539/2022/ Mines dated: 04.05.2022	Instant Proposa
2.	M/s. Natural Stone	Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk	Rough Stone	220/1( part -1)	3.00.0	Re.No. 535/2022/ Mines Dated: 21.04.2022	Precise area given
3.	Thiru.Nithin Reddy	Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk	Rough Stone	220/1( part -2)	3.00.0	Re.No. 536/2022/ Mines Dated: 05.05.2022	Precise area given
4.	Thiru. Sri Krish	Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk	Rough Stone	220/1( part -3)	3.00.0	Re.No. 537/2022/ Mines Dated: 21.04.2022	Precise area given

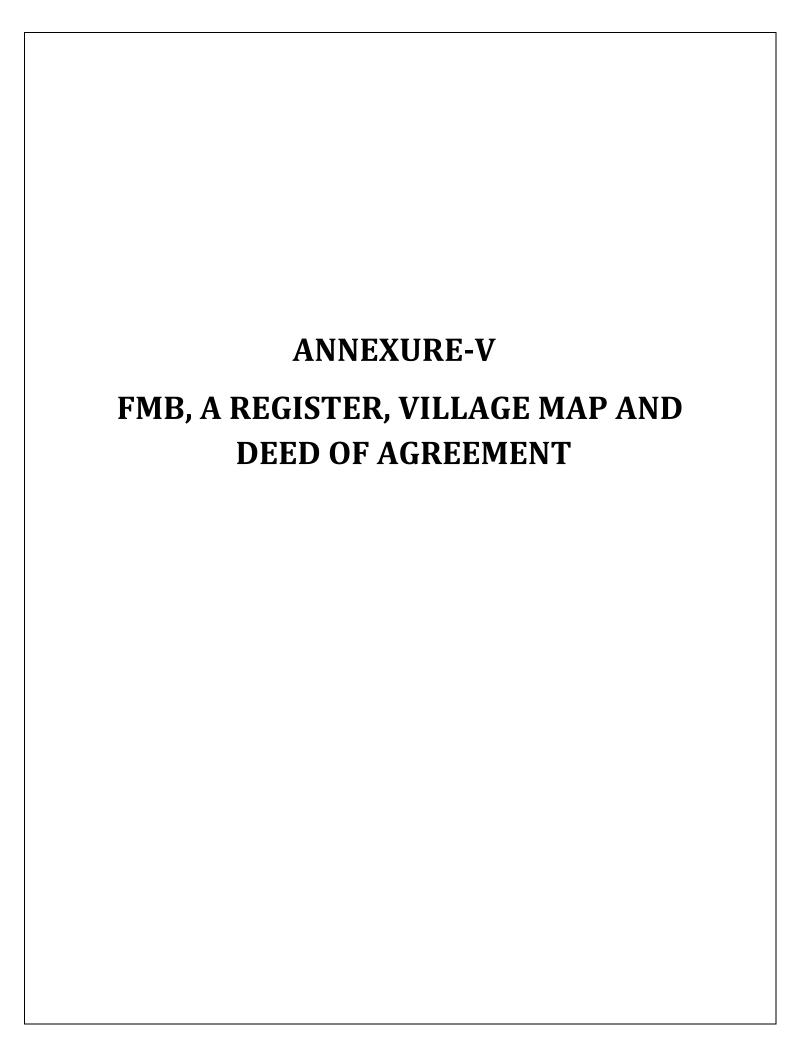
5.	Thiru.Vijaya Kumar	Gopanapalli Village, HosurTaluk	Rough Stone	220/1( part -4)	2.00.0	Rc.No. 538/2022/ Mines Dated: 26.04.2022	Precise area given
6.	Thiru. Dhivakar	Gopanapalli Villagc, HosurTaluk	Rough Stone	381/1( part -2)	1.50.0	Rc.No. 540/2022/ Mines Datcd: 22.04.2022	Precise arca given

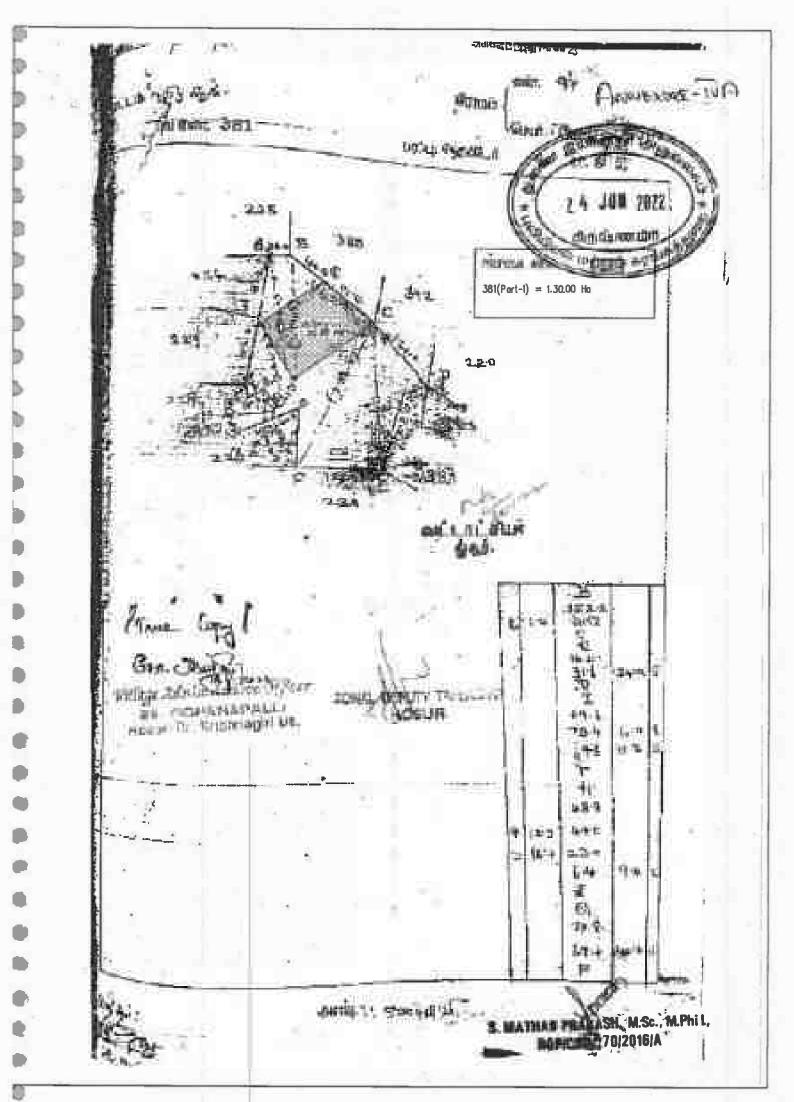
Deputy Director,

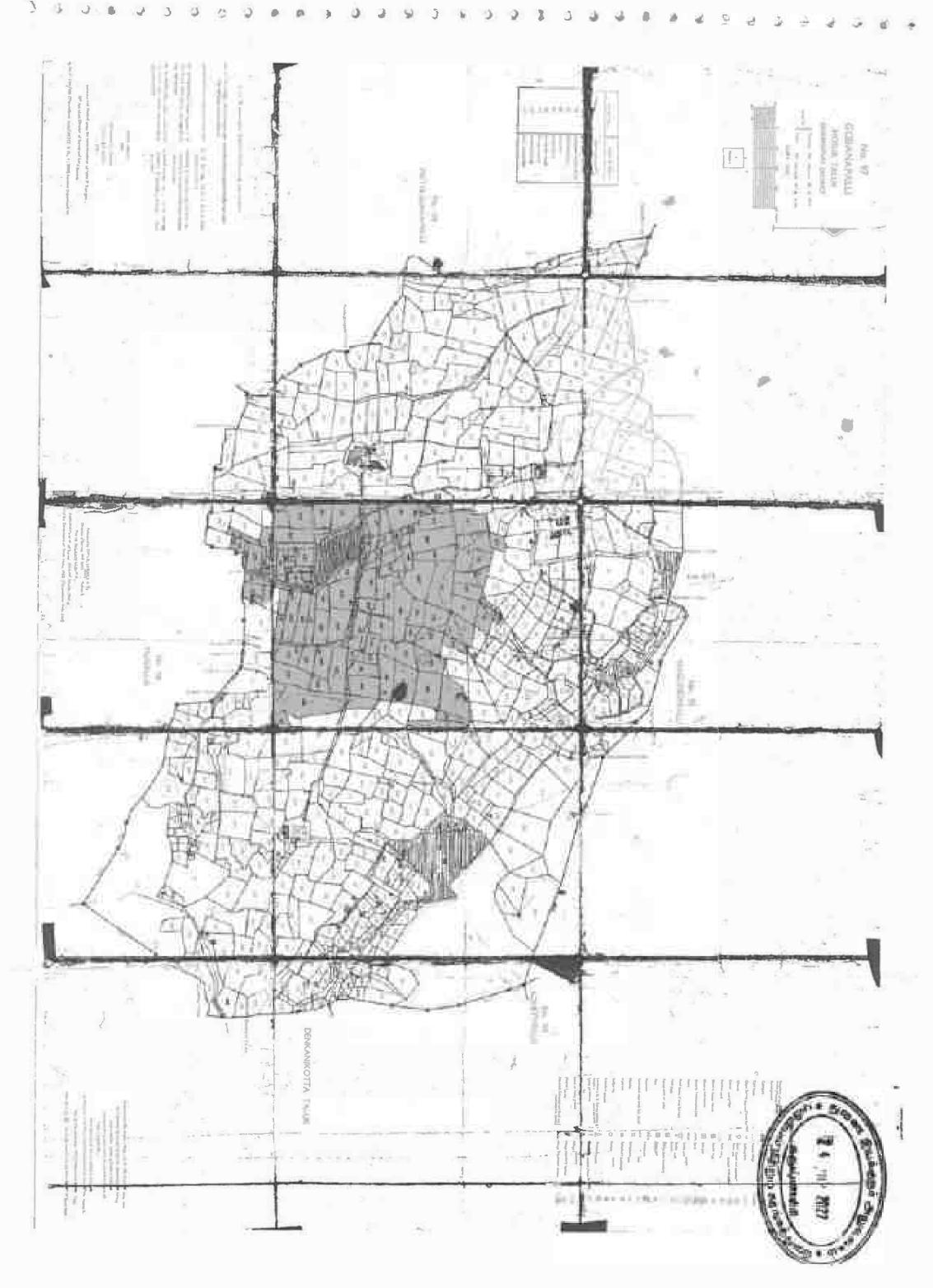
Deputy Director,
Dept of Geology and Mining,
Krishnagiri.

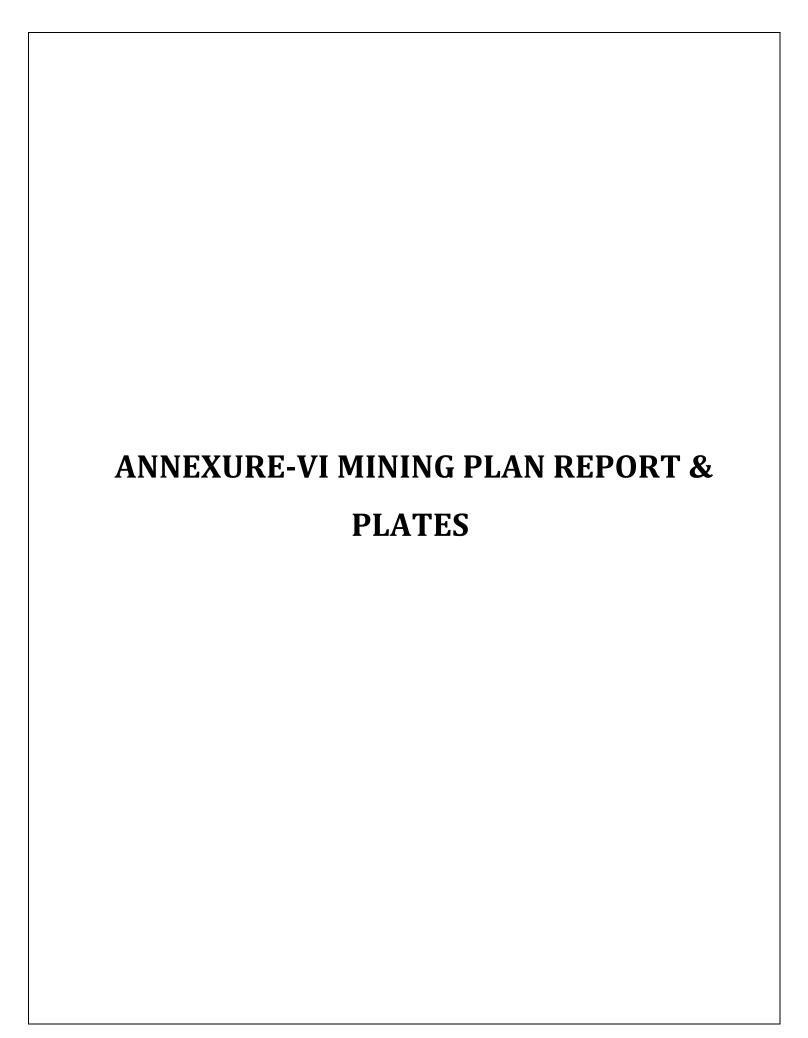
# Copy to:-

The Chairman,
Tamil Nadu State Environment
Impact Assessment Authority,
3<sup>rd</sup> Floor, Panakal Maligai,
No. 1 Jeenes Road, Saidapet, Chennai -15.









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GRANT OF ROUGH STONE QUARRY LEASE IN GOVERNMENT PORAMBOKE LAND

### TOTAL LEASE GRANTED PERIOD 10 YEARS

#### PERIOD OF MINING 10 YEARS

(Prepared Under Rule 8(6)(b) Tamil Nadu Minor Mineral Concession Rules, 1959 & As Per Amendment Under Rule 41 & 42)

#### LOCATION OF THE APPLIED AREA

EXTENT : 1.30.00 HA.

S.F. No. : 381(PART-1).

VILLAGE : GOPANAPALLI.

TALUK HOSUR.

DISTRICT : KRISHNAGIRI.

TAMIL NADU. STATE

# **APPLICANT**

THIRU. S. RAGHU,

S/O. SREERAMAIYA, D.No.6/202, ANUSONAI VILLAGE, BOMMATHATHANUR POST. DENKANIKOTTAI TALUK. KRISHNAGIRI DISTRICT- 635 113.

#### PREPARED BY

S.MATHAN PRAKASH, M.Sc., M.PHIL.,

ROP/CNN/270/2016/A,

No.2/274, EAST STREET,

KULASEKARANALLUR POST,

OTTAPIDARAM TALUK,

THOOTHUKUDI DISTRICT - 628 401.

Email: geomathanp rakash@gmail.com CELL: 8668020217.



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# **ANNEXURES**

Sl. No.	Description	Annexure No.
1.	Precise Area Communication letter	I
2.	Copy of Krishnagiri District Gazette	II
3.	Copy of DFO letter	III
4.	Copy of FMB & Combined Sketch	IV
5.	Copy of Adangal & 'A' Register	V
6.	Copy of Applicant ID Proof	VI
7.	Copy of RQP Certificate	VII
8.	Copy of Applied Lease Area Photos	VIII



# LIST OF PLATES

Sl. No.	Description	Plate No.	Scale	
1.	Location Plan	I	Not to Scale	
2.	Route Map	IA	Not to Scale	
3.	Topo Sheet Map of The Lease Ares	IB	1:50,000	
4.	Satellite Image (500m Radius)	IC	1:5000	
5.	Mine Lease Plan	II	1:1000	
6.	Surface & Geological Plan	III	1:1000	
7.	Geological Sections	III-A	1:1000	
8.	Year Wise Development and Production Plan and Sections (1st Five (I-V)Years)	IV-A & A1	1:1000	
9.	Year Wise Development and Production Plan and Sections(2 <sup>nd</sup> Five (VI-X)Years)	IV-B & B1	1:1000	
10.	Mine Layout, Land Use Pattern and Afforestation Plan	V	1:1000	
11.	Environment Plan	VI	1:5000	
12.	Conceptual/Final Mine Closure Plan	VII	1:1000	
13.	Conceptual/Final Mine Closure Sections	VII- A	1:1000	
14.	Progressive Mine Closure Plan	VIII	1:1000	

# S. RAGHU,

S/o. Sreeramaiya,
D.No.6/202, Anusonai Village,
Bommathathanur Post,
Denkanikottai Taluk,
Krishnagiri District- 635 113.



### **CONSENT LETTER FROM THE APPLICANT**

I hereby give my consent for preparing the Mining Plan in respect of Rough Stone quarry over an extent of 1.30.00 Hectares of Government Poramboke Land in S.F.No.381(Part-1) of Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District, Tamil Nadu State has been prepared by Shri. S. Mathan Prakash, M.Sc., M.Phil., Recognized Qualified Person.

I request the Deputy Director, Department of Geology and Mining, KRISHNAGIRI District to make further correspondence regarding the Mining Plan with the said Recognized Qualified Person on this following address.

# S.MATHAN PRAKASH, M.Sc., M.Phil.,

RQP/CNN/270/2016/A
No.2/274, East Street,
Kulasekaranallur Post,
Ottapidaram Taluk,

Thoothukudi District - 628 401.

E-Mail: geomathanprakash@gmail.com

Cell: 86680-20217

I hereby undertake that all modifications so made in the Mining Plan by the Recognized Qualified Person may be deemed to have been made with my knowledge and consent and shall be acceptable to me and binding on me in all respects.

Place: KRISHNAGIRI

Signature of the Applicant

S. RAGHU,

S/o. Sreeramaiya,
D.No.6/202, Anusonai Village,
Bommathathanur Post,
Denkanikottai Taluk,
Krishnagiri District - 635 113.



# **DECLARATION**

I hereby declare that the Mining Plan in respect of Rough Stone quarry over an extent of 1.30.00 Hectares of Government Poramboke Land in S.F.No.381(Part-1) of Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District, and Tamil Nadu State has been prepared with my consultation and I have understood the contents and agree to implement the same in accordance with the Mining Laws.

(S.RAGHU) Signature of the Applicant

Place: KRISHNAGIRI

S.MATHAN PRAKASH, M.Sc.,M.Phil., RQP/CNN/270/2016/A



### **CERTIFICATE**

This is to certify that, the provisions of Minor Minerals Conservation and Development Rules, 2010 (MMCDR) have been observed in the Mining Plan for the grant of Rough Stone quarry lease over an extent of 1.30.00 Hectares of Government Poramboke Land in S.F.No.381(Part-1) of Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District District, Tamil Nadu State obtained by Thiru. S. Raghu, for applied quarry lease.

Wherever specific permission / exemptions / relaxations or approvals are required, the applicant will approach the concerned authorities of State and Central Governments for granting such permissions etc.

Signature of Recognized Qualified Person.

S. MATHAE PRANASH, M.Sc., M. Photogogychenia 2701201408

Place: Thoothukudi

S.MATHAN PRAKASH, M.Sc.,M.Phil., RQP/CNN/270/2016/A

No.2/274, East Street,



# **CERTIFICATE**

This is to certify that during preparation of Mining Plan for Rough Stone quarry over an extent 1.30.00 Hectares of Government Poramboke Land in S.F.No.381(Part-1) of Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District, Tamil Nadu State for Thiru. S. Raghu, covers all the provisions of Mines Act, Rules, and Regulations etc made there under and whenever specific permission are required, the applicant will approach the Director General of Mines Safety, Chennai. The standards prescribed by DGMS in respect of Mines Health will be strictly implemented.

Certified

Signature of Recognized Qualified Person.

S. MATHAN PRAKASH, M.Sc., M.Phil., RQP/CMN/270/2016/A

Place: Thoothukudi

# MINING PLAN FOR MINOR MINE HAN

# **ROUGH STONE QUARRY**

# TOTAL LEASE GRANTED PERIOD FOR THE PARTY

PROPOSED PERIOD OF MINING 1

Over an extent of 1.30.00 Hectares of Government Policies of Lunguist S.F.No.381(Part-1) of Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri Lunguist

Tamilnadu State.

(Prepared Under Rule 8(6)(b) Tamil Nadu Minor Mineral Concession Rules, 1959 & As Per Amendment Under Rule 41 & 42)

### 1.0 INTRODUCTION AND EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

- 1. Thiru. S. RAGHU, S/o. Sreeramaiya, residing at D.No.6/202, Anusonai Village, Bommathathanur Post, Denkanikottai Taluk, Krishnagiri- 635 113 has applied for the grant of quarry lease to quarry Rough Stone over an extent of 1.30.00 Hectares of Government Poramboke Land in S.F.No.381(Part-1) of Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District of Tamil Nadu State for a period of Ten Years under Tender cum Auction.
- 2. The Applicant has been the Successful HIGHEST BIDDER for an Amount Rs.1,30,00,000/- in a tender cum Auction conducted by the Government of Tamilnadu Notified vide Gazette No.15 dated 14.03.2022 and Precise area had been given for the proposed grant of Rough Stone quarry lease to Thiru. S. Raghu over an extent of 1.30.00 hectares in Government Poramboke land in S.F.No.381(Part-1) of Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District of Tamil Nadu State for a period of Ten Years Vide Letter Rc. No.539/2022/Mines dated 04.05.2022 and directed to submit the approved Mining Plan and Environmental Clearance certificate from the State Environment Impact Assessment Authority (SEIAA) for the grant of quarry lease for the applied area.
- 3. Accordingly, Mining Plan is prepared under Rule 8(6)(b) Tamil Nadu Minor Mineral Concession Rules, 1959 & As per Amendment under Rule 41 & 42 by incorporating the conditions imposed in the precise area communication letter and by incorporating all the details proposed in the letter to obtain Environmental clearance from State Environment Impact Assessment Authority.
- 4. In the above circumstances the mining plan has been prepared for the Applicant Thiru. S. RAGHU for approval and subsequent submission of Form-1 and pre Feasibility report to obtain environmental clearance from the SEIAA of Tamil Nadu.

S. MATHAN PRAKASH, M.Sc., M.Phil., RQP/CNN/270/2916/A

8

- 5. This Mining Plan is prepared for the applied Rough Stone Quarry years by considering the TNMMCR 1959 and as per the subsequent amendments and judgements.
- 6. The Geological Reserves is estimated as 616028M<sup>2</sup> and production of Reserves is estimated as 231238M<sup>3</sup> of Rough Stone distance from the lease boundary as indicated in the precise area and relevant mining laws in force.
- 7. The proposed production scheduled for the Ten years is estimated as 231238M³ (for the First five (I-V)years- 164437M³ & for the Next five (VI-X)years- 66801M³) of Rough Stone.

Proposed average annual production of Rough stone 23124M3.

8. Estimated Life of the Quarry

Total Mineable ROM =  $231238 \text{ M}^3$ 

Recoverable Reserves @ 100% = 231238 M<sup>3</sup>

Average production per year  $= 23124 \text{ M}^3$ 

Estimated Life of the Quarry = 231238 / 23124 = 10.0 years

Life = 10.0 years

The Life of mine may change depend upon the prospecting results, rate of production and the extent of mechanization done by the applicant in near future.

- 9. Environmental measures to be adopted shall be,
  - i) Dust Control at source while drilling and Proposed Control Blasting,
  - ii) Dust suppression at loading point and transport haul roads,
  - iii) Noise Control in Proposed Control Blasting, control of fly rock missiles and vibration by doing peak particle velocity within standard as prescribed by the DGMS and MoEF.
  - iv) Unnecessary land degradation should be avoided or damaged land should be reclaimed or rehabilitated.
  - v) Avoid uneven rat hole mining and follow scientific and systematic mining by safe bench system of open cast mining.
  - vi) Mining near major fracture zones if any should be avoided to control ground water fluctuation in the adjacent agricultural lands.
  - vii) Emission test of vehicles should be in stack to maintain minimum emission level of flue gases.

- viii) Noise level should not exceed 80db and the vehicle Air Horn while on road near residential areas.
- ix) Safety zones as prescribed by the Department of the structures should be strictly adhered to.
- x) And any other conditions as stipulated by the remaining the followed to protect the environment.

# 2.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

a.	Name of the Village	ij	Gopaanapalli
b.	Name of the Panchayat / Union	9	Gopanapalli / Hosur
C.	The proposed total Mineable Reserves	900	231238M³
d.	The proposed quantity of reserves (level of production) for Ten Years to be mined is (Recoverable reserves)	*	231238M³ (for the First five (I-V)years- 164437M³ & for the Next five (VI-X) years- 66801M³)
e.	Total extent of the area	÷	1.30.00 На.
f.	Proposed Period of mining	2	Ten years
g.	Proposed Depth of mining	***	Mining Reserves Calculated upto 51m - Top Soil  2.0m + Rough stone 49m. (Surface Ground Level  Above height is 8m and Surface Ground Level  Below Depth is 43m).
h.	Existing Pit Dimension		Nil
i.	Average production per year		23124M³
j.	Method of mining / level of		Opencast, Semi-mechanized Mining with a bench
	mechanization	245	height of 7m and bench width of 5m is proposed.
k.		***	
k. 1.	mechanization  Types of Machineries used in the		height of 7m and bench width of 5m is proposed.  i) Compressor with jack hammer.

Latitude	12° 38' 05.49"N to 12° 38' 03.12"N
Longitude	77° 48' 43.41"E to 77° 45
North East	: 12° 38' 07.82"N 779 (38' 100"E
South East	: 12°38'05.49" N 11848' 43.41"E
North West	: 12°38'06.10"N ** 48'37.72"E
South West	12° 38'03.12"N 7

# 3.0 GENERAL INFORMATION:

3.1	a.	Name of the Applicant	•	Thiru. S. Raghu,
	b.	Address of the Applicant with phone No and e-mail id if any		Thiru. S. Raghu, S/o. Sreeramaiya, D.No.6/202, Anusonai Village, Bommathathanur Post, Denkanikottai Taluk, Krishnagiri District - 635 113.
	c.	Status of the Applicant	•	Individual
3.2	a.	Mineral Which the applicant intends t0 mine	:	ROugh Stone
b.		Precise area communication letter No.		Rc. No.539/2022/Mines dated 04.05.2022
	C.	Period of permission	:	10 Years
	d.	Name and Address of the Recognized  Qualified Pers0n preparing the Mining Plan		S.Mathan Prakash, M.Sc., M.Phil., RQP/CNN/270/2016/A No.2/274, East Street, Kulasekaranallur Post, Ottapidaram Taluk, Thoothukudi District - 628 401. Email: geomathanraj@gmail.com
	e.	RQP Regn. No.	1	RQP/CNN/270/2016/A Valid up to 09.02.2026.

### 4.0 LOCATION:

# a. Details of the Area:

a Details	or the rarea.			116/	/E-II
State	District	Panchayat/ Union	Taluk	in age 2 S.F.N	o.ULLExtent
Tamilnadu	Krishnagiri	Gopanapalli/ /Hosur	Hosur	Gopagae Lings	10 10 50 50
		TOTAL -			1.30.00

இயக்குநர் அலுலு

b.	Classification of the Area (Ryotwari / poramboke / others)	:	It is a Government Poramboke Land, which is not fit for vegetation/cultivation.
c.	Ownership/ Occupancy of the Applied Lease area (Surface rights)	ž	It is a Government Poramboke land. The applicant had been given precise area for the proposed grant of Rough Stone Quarry Lease.
d.	Toposheet No. with Latitude and Longitude	:	Toposheet No. 57 – H/14 12° 38' 05.49"N to 12° 38' 03.12"N 77° 48' 43.41"E to 77° 48' 37.72"E
e.	Existence of Public Road / Railway line if any nearby the area and approximate distance	***	Krishnagiri - Shoolagiri = 28.0 Kms  Shoolagiri - Kelamangalam = 18.0 Kms  Quarry site is located in Northwestern side at a distance of 5.7 km. from Kelamangalam village.

### PART - A

### 5.0 GEOLOGY AND MINERAL RESERVES:

# 5.1 a. Topography:

- 1. The area applied for quarry lease is hilly terrain area sloping towards Western side covered with Rough Stone which does not sustain any type of vegetation. The altitude of the area is Maximum 850m and Minimum 840m above MSL.
- 2. No major river is found nearby the lease area.
- 3. Water table is noticed at a depth of 88m from the below surface in the adjacent open wells and bore wells of the area.
- 4. Temperature of the area is reported to be 18°C to a maximum of 38°C during summer.
- 5. Rainfall of this area is about 800mm to 900 mm during the monsoons in a year.

b.	Infrastructures nearby the applied Lease area.				Sus-Giri Jago
	1. Post Office	:	Mugalur	- 5.8 Km	24 JUN 2022 ):
	2. Police Station	•	Kelamangalam	-8.4 Kim	discounds a
	3.G.H	*	Hosur	– 14.3 Kn	ns to make the
	4. Fire service		Hosur	-20.7 Km	S
	5. Railway Station		Hosur	– 13.0 Km	S
	6. School	(0.4	Nagondapalli	-7.3 Kms	
	7. Airport		Bangalore	- 78.0 Km	S
	8. Seaport	:	Chennai	-318.0 Km	ms
C.	Regional Geology	80	metamorphic rorocks are extensivalley fills are formations four Gneisses, Graning gneisses. The pegmatite. The	cks of peningsively weather alluvium and in the Dittes, Charnot younger for generalized	underlined by the wide range of insular gneissic complex. These ered and overlain by the recent at places. The geological istrict are Archaean rocks likely chite basic granulites and calculations are Quartz veins and stratigraphic succession of the within this District is as follows.
E			Age		Rock Formation
			1. Recent to	Sub recent	Soil, Alluvium
			2. Archaean		Granites, basic granulites, Peninsular Gneiss, Calc Gneiss and Charnockites

	d.	Geology of the			இயக்குநர் அலுல
		Lease Area	2.	The area is ma	ain osed of Archae
			1	crystaline metamoi	
ì			3.	The rock type no	THE TON COLL 15
				Granite Gneiss wl	இத்த திருஷ்ணகி
		1	1	Feldspar with some	COULDING GIVE
				-	e ferromagnes and frails. The art of peninsular Gneisses, a high
				•	
			1 .	grade metamorphic	
			4.	_	of formation is N25°W – S25°F
				and dip towards NE	
			The g	general geological su	ccession of the area is given a
			under		
				Age	Rock Formation
			1.	Recent to Sub recent	Soil, Alluvium
			2.	Archaean	Charnockites
			3.	Archaean	Peninsular Gneiss, and Calc
5.2		Details of :	Since	the Rough Stone is	seen from the Surface itself, no
5.2		Details of : Exploration already carried out if any	exploi	ation is needed. Ho	seen from the Surface itself, no
9	a.	Exploration already carried out if any	exploi exami	ation is needed. Ho	seen from the Surface itself, no wever, the area was personally
5.2	a.	Exploration already carried out if any Already excavated	exploi	ation is needed. Ho	seen from the Surface itself, no wever, the area was personally
9	a. b.	Exploration already carried out if any Already excavated pit dimensions	exploi exami Nil	ration is needed. Ho	seen from the Surface itself, no wever, the area was personally
9		Exploration already carried out if any Already excavated pit dimensions GEOLOGICAL RES	exploi exami Nil	ration is needed. Ho	seen from the Surface itself, no wever, the area was personally
9		Exploration already carried out if any Already excavated pit dimensions GEOLOGICAL RES Top Soil (Gravel):	explore exami	ration is needed. Ho	seen from the Surface itself, nowever, the area was personally who prepared the Mining Plan.
9		Exploration already carried out if any Already excavated pit dimensions GEOLOGICAL RES Top Soil (Gravel): The Thickness of Top	explore exami	ration is needed. Ho	seen from the Surface itself, nowever, the area was personally who prepared the Mining Plan.
9		Exploration already carried out if any Already excavated pit dimensions GEOLOGICAL RES Top Soil (Gravel): The Thickness of Top will be 25676m <sup>3</sup> .	explore exami	ration is needed. Ho	seen from the Surface itself, nowever, the area was personally who prepared the Mining Plan.
9		Exploration already carried out if any Already excavated pit dimensions GEOLOGICAL RES Top Soil (Gravel): The Thickness of Top will be 25676m <sup>3</sup> . Rough Stone:	explore exami  Nil  SERVES:	ration is needed. Ho ned by the Geologist	seen from the Surface itself, no wever, the area was personally who prepared the Mining Plan.
9		Exploration already carried out if any  Already excavated pit dimensions  GEOLOGICAL RES  Top Soil (Gravel): The Thickness of Top will be 25676m <sup>3</sup> .  Rough Stone: The Geological Reservence	explore exami  Nil  SERVES  soil in the	ration is needed. Ho ned by the Geologist is area is 2.0m and the mated as 616028m <sup>3</sup>	seen from the Surface itself, nowever, the area was personally who prepared the Mining Plan.  e total volume of topsoil (gravel respectively, at the rate of 100%)
9		Exploration already carried out if any Already excavated pit dimensions GEOLOGICAL RES Top Soil (Gravel): The Thickness of Top will be 25676m³. Rough Stone: The Geological Reservance	explore exami  Nil  SERVES  soil in the ve is estimissible decreased.	ration is needed. Ho need by the Geologist is area is 2.0m and the mated as 616028m <sup>3</sup> lepth. The Geological	seen from the Surface itself, nowever, the area was personally who prepared the Mining Plan.  e total volume of topsoil (gravel respectively, at the rate of 100% reserve of Rough stone and Topsoil (gravel a
9		Exploration already carried out if any  Already excavated pit dimensions  GEOLOGICAL RES  Top Soil (Gravel): The Thickness of Top will be 25676m³.  Rough Stone: The Geological Reservation Recovery upto the permisoil(Gravel) is calculated.	explore exami  Nil  SERVES: soil in the verification is estimated upto	ration is needed. Ho need by the Geologist is area is 2.0m and the mated as 616028m <sup>3</sup> lepth. The Geological a depth upto 51m(2)	seen from the Surface itself, nowever, the area was personally who prepared the Mining Plan.  e total volume of topsoil (gravel respectively, at the rate of 100% reserve of Rough stone and Topm top soil + 49m Rough Stone)
9		Exploration already carried out if any  Already excavated pit dimensions  GEOLOGICAL RES  Top Soil (Gravel): The Thickness of Top will be 25676m³.  Rough Stone: The Geological Reservation Recovery upto the permisoil(Gravel) is calculated.	explore exami  Nil  SERVES: soil in the verification is estimated upto	ration is needed. Ho need by the Geologist is area is 2.0m and the mated as 616028m <sup>3</sup> lepth. The Geological a depth upto 51m(2)	seen from the Surface itself, no wever, the area was personally

		-	GEO	LOGIC	AL RESERV	Becovera HitAM	CA DIE
Section	Bench	L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	Volume in (Cu.m.)	Reserve	(Gravel)
	I	131	98	2		மற்றும்	#U MS 16
	II	112	98	7	76832	76832	
	III	131	98	7	89866	89866	
3/3/ AD	IV	131	98	7	89866	89866	
XY-AB	V	131	98	7	89866	89866	
	VI	131	98	7	89866	89866	
	VII	131	98	7	89866	89866	
	VIII	131	98	7	89866	89866	
	T	otal=			616028	616028	25676

#### c. MINEABLE RESERVES:

The Mineable reserves are calculated by deducting 10.0m safety distance and Bench Loss.

#### Top Soil (Gravel):

The Thickness of Top soil in this area is 2.0m and the total volume of topsoil(gravel) will be 17316m<sup>3</sup>.

#### Rough Stone:

The mineable reserves and the recoverable reserves are 231238m<sup>3</sup> respectively, at the rate of 100% Recovery upto the permissible depth. The Mineable reserve of Rough stone and Top soil(Gravel) is calculated upto 51m (2m top soil + 49m Rough Stone). Surface Ground Level Above height is 8m and Surface Ground Level Below depth is 43m.

MINABLE RESERVES										
Section	Bench	L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	Volume in (Cu.m.)	Recoverable Reserve in Cu.m(100%)	Topsoil (Gravel) in Cu.m.			
	I	111	78	2			17316			
	11	102	78	7	55692	55692				
	III	106	73	7	54166	54166				
WW AD	IV	96	63	7	42336	42336				
XY-AB	V	86	53	7	31906	31906				
	VI	76	43	7	22876	22876				
	VII	66	33	7	15246	15246				
	VIII	56	23	7	9016	9016				
	Tot	al=			231238	231238	17316			

6.01	MINING:		THE POST OF
6.1	Method of Mining	***	<ol> <li>Opencast method of semi method in the following stone.</li> <li>Machineries like Tract with Jack hammers is being to the following of Rough Stone and Tippers Lorres are used for transportation of Rough Stone to the destination.</li> </ol>
6.2	Mode of Working	**	It is a semi mechanized quarrying operation using shot hole drilling with the help of compressor and jack hammers, smooth blasting. Rough Stone are removed using Hydraulic excavator and loaded directly to the tippers and transported to the nearby end users.
6.3	Proposed bench height & Width	5.0	Bench height = 7mts.  Bench width = 5mts.
6.4	Details of Overburden / Mineral Production proposed for Ten year		Top Soil(Gravel)/ Overburden production details follows:  The entire lease area is covered 2.0m of Top Soil(Gravel) and the estimated quantity of Top soil(Gravel) is 17316m <sup>3</sup> . Top Soil(Gravel) formation will be removed and transported to the needy end user, only after obtaining permission and paying necessary seigniorage fees to the Government.

#### Year wise reserves calculations:

#### Rough stone production First Five Years details as follows:

The proposed rate of production of Rough Stone is estimated as 164437m<sup>3</sup> for First Five (I-V) years. The average proposed rate of production of Rough Stone is about 32887m<sup>3</sup> per year at the rate of 100% recovery upto the permissible depth. Reserves Calculated upto 30m (2m top soil (Gravel) + 28m Rough Stone). Surface Ground Level Above Height is 8m and Surface Ground Level Below Depth is 22m. (Refer Drawing Plate No.IV-A1-Year wise Sections).

Proposed Production of Ten Years.

							04	1
YEA	ARWISE I	DEVELO	PMEN	IT AN	D PRO	DUCTIO ([	fikst F&c(14)	etits)
YEAR	Section	Bench	L (m)	W (m)	<b>D</b> (m)	Volume in (m3)	M COM THE REAL PROPERTY OF	1000
I-YEAR	XY-AB	_ I	11-1	78	2	2.0		17316.
I- I EAR	A1-AB	II	102	78	7	55692	55692	
		TOTAL				55692	55692	17316
II-YEAR	XY-AB	III	53	73	7	27083	27083	
		TOTAL				27083	27083	
III-YEAR	XY-AB	Ш	53	73	7	27083	27083	
		<b>FOTAL</b>		•		27083	27083	
IV-YEAR	XY-AB	IV	53	63	7	23373	23373	
		TOTAL				23373	23373	
W WEAD	XY-AB	IV	43	63	7	18963	18963	
V-YEAR	AI-AB	V	33	53	7	12243	12243	
	1	TOTAL				31206	31206	
GRA	AND TOT	AL(I-V	years)	=		164437	164437	17316

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#### Rough stone production Second Five Years details as follows:

The proposed rate of production of Rough Stone is estimated as 66801m<sup>3</sup> for Second Five (VI-X) years. The average proposed rate of production of Rough Stone is about 13360m<sup>3</sup> per year at the rate of 100% recovery upto the permissible depth. Reserves Calculated upto 28m Rough Stone. (Refer Drawing Plate No.IV-B1-Year wise Sections).

Y	EARWISE	<b>DEVELO</b>	<b>PMEN</b>	T AND	PRODU	UCTION(VI-X	() Years)
YEAR	Section	Bench	L (m)	W (m)	D (m)	Volume in (m3)	Recoverable Reserve inm3 (100%)
VI-YEAR		V	53	53	7	19663	19663
VII-YEAR		VI	38	43	7	11438	11438
VIII-YEAR	XY-AB	VI	38	43	7	11438	11438
IX-YEAR		VII	66	33	7	15246	15246
X-YEAR		VIII	56	23	7	9016	9016
	Total (VI	-X years)	=			66801	66801
	Grand To	tal (I-X Ye	ears) :	=		231238	231238

6.5 a. Mining Drilling of shot holes will be carried out using compressor and jack hammer. Depth of holes shall be I to 2m bench height and spacing shall be 0.75m and burden shall be 0.60m from the preface.

17

			Details of				given belo	W.	
			Туре	Nos	Dia of hole	Size / Capacit	on Suis	Pomos Participation	HI
		5 6	Jack Hammer	4	25.5 mm	Harrida Linda ( *	Atlas conco <b>2</b> Nos	Diesel <b>1111</b> 2022	60
b	Loading	3.0	Load  10 tonne conditions  Details of	apacity	y tippers	fonthe	shone shall	HE Revine	i olusi de ali
		П	Туре	Nos		Bucket city (MT)	Make	Motive power	H.H
		Н	Hydraulic excavator	1	1	. 2 M	L&Tor Ex200	Diesel	120
C.	Transportation	:	Transport of 10 M.T.			s and wa	ste shall be	done by	Tippe
			Туре	Nos		ize/ pacity	Make	Motive power	H.P.
			Tipper	1	10	M.T	Ashok Leyland	Diesel	110
							207.411		_
d	Energy: Electricity for mi				•		restricted	•	
	Electricity for mine between 9Am to 187882 litres of from nearby dies night will be tall concerned authors.	5Pm HSD sel pr ken rities.	n). Diesel (He will be use umps. No p from nearby	HSD) od for i	will be the entire	used for e project ed for th	restricted quarrying life. Diese e project.	machines el will be Lightings	arour broug on th
	Electricity for midbetween 9Am to 187882 litres of from nearby dies night will be ta concerned author For Top soil(Gr	5Pm HSD sel policities. rities.	n). Diesel (He will be use umps. No p from nearby	HSD) od for i	will be the entire	used for e project ed for th es after	restricted quarrying life. Diese e project. obtaining	machines el will be Lightings	arour broug on tl
	Electricity for mine between 9Am to 187882 litres of from nearby dies night will be tall concerned authors.	5Pm HSD sel policities. rities. avel)	n). Diesel (He will be use umps. No p from nearby	HSD) od for i	will be the entire is require tric pole	used for e project ed for th es after	restricted quarrying life. Diese e project.	machines el will be Lightings permissio	arour brougi on tl
	Electricity for mine between 9Am to 187882 litres of from nearby dies night will be ta concerned author For Top soil(Green Per hour excavate	5Pm HSD sel policities. rities. avel)	n). Diesel (He will be use umps. No p from nearby	HSD) od for i	will be the entire is require tric pole	used for e project ed for th es after	restricted quarrying life. Diese e project. obtaining	machines el will be Lightings permissio	arour brougi on tl
	Electricity for mine between 9Am to 187882 litres of from nearby dies night will be ta concerned author For Top soil(Green Per hour excavate per hour excava	5Pm HSD sel policities. rities. avel)	n). Diesel (He will be use umps. No p from nearby	HSD) od for i	will be the entire is require tric pole	used for e project ed for th es after 10 lite 60m <sup>3</sup>	restricted quarrying life. Diese project. obtaining	machines el will be Lightings permissio	arour brougi on tl
	Electricity for mine between 9Am to 187882 litres of from nearby dies night will be ta concerned author For Top soil(Green Per hour excavate per hour excava	5Pm HSD sel pr ken rities. avel) or wi	n). Diesel (He will be use umps. No p from nearby	HSD) sed for the ower in the o	will be the entire is require tric pole	used for e project ed for th es after 10 lite 60m <sup>3</sup> 17316 289 h	restricted quarrying life. Diese project. obtaining	machines el will be Lightings permissio	arour brougi on tl
	Electricity for mine between 9Am to 187882 litres of from nearby dies night will be take concerned author For Top soil(Green Per hour excavate Per hour excavate For 17316 m <sup>3</sup>	5Pm HSD sel pr ken rities. avel) or wi	n). Diesel (He will be use umps. No p from nearby	HSD) sed for the ower in the o	will be the entire is require etric pole	used for e project ed for th es after 10 lite 60m <sup>3</sup> 17316 289 h	restricted quarrying life. Diese project. obtaining res / hour of Top so 6/60 hours	machines el will be Lightings permissio	arour broug on the
	Electricity for midbetween 9Am to 187882 litres of from nearby dies night will be ta concerned author For Top soil(Green Per hour excavate Per hour excavate For 17316 m <sup>3</sup> Diesel consumption	5Pm HSD sel pr ken rities. avel) or wi	n). Diesel (He will be use umps. No p from nearby	HSD) sed for the ower in the o	will be the entire is require tric pole	used for e project ed for th es after 10 lite 60m <sup>3</sup> 17316 289 h	restricted quarrying life. Diese project. obtaining res / hour of Top so 6/60 hours	machines el will be Lightings permissio	arour brough on th
	Electricity for mine between 9Am to 187882 litres of from nearby dies night will be ta concerned author For Top soil(Green Per hour excavate Per hour excavate For 17316m <sup>3</sup> Diesel consumption Total diesel consumptions	5Pm HSD sel pr ken rities. avel) or wi	n). Diesel (He will be use umps. No p from nearby	HSD) sed for the ower in the o	will be the entire is require tric pole	used for e project ed for th es after 10 lite 60m <sup>3</sup> 17316 289 h	restricted quarrying life. Diese project. obtaining res / hour of Top so 6/60 hours	machines el will be Lightings permissio	arour brough on the

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	Stone.  Total diesel consumption	ca\ rki = n	vate = 20m virgugh stone = 231238 200 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100
6.6	Disposal of Overburden	*	The estimated quantity of Top soil(Gravel) is 17316m <sup>3</sup> . Top Soil(Gravel) formation will be removed and transported to the needy end user, only after obtaining permission and paying necessary seigniorage fees to the Government.
6.7	Brief Note on Conceptual Mining Plan for the entire lease period		Conceptual Mining Plan is prepared with an object of systematic development of bench lay outs, selection of ultimate pit limit, depth of quarrying, ultimate pit slope, etc.,  Average Ultimate Pit dimension in given as Under,  ULTIMATE PIT DIMENSIONS  11 <sup>1</sup> .0m(L) X 78.0m(W) X 43.0m(D)  Ultimate pit size is designed based on certain practical factors such as the economical depth of mining, safety zones, permissible areas etc.  Afforestation has been proposed on the boundary barrier by planting trees. All the baseline information studies like Air Quality monitoring, Noise and Vibration monitoring, Water Analysis studies will be carried out every year as per the MOEF norms.

## 7.0 BLASTING:

7.1	Proposed Control Blasting	:	The massive formation	shal	The party party of
	Pattern		portable size by drilling	an	Proposed Control Blastic
				#1	tot hole 4814 1 g/02 wde
			factor of explosives for	brig	Par such bard-rack
			be in the order of 6 to 7	tonn	es per Kuenhando sive
					parameters are as follows.
			Diameter of the hole	(	32-36 mm
			Spacing	ı	60Cms
			Depth	1/2	1 to 1.5m
			Charge / Hole	35	D.Cord with water or 70 gms of gun powder or Gelatine.
			Pattern of hole	113	Zig Zag
		1	Inclination of hole	:	70 <sup>σ</sup> from the horizontal.
			Quantity of rock broken	3	$0.45 \text{ MT } \times 2.6 = 1.17 \text{ MT}$
			Control Blasting efficiency @ 90%	ii.	1.17 x 90% = 1.05MT / hole
			Charge per hole	3	140 gms of 25mm dia cartridge
			Quantity of rock broken per day	3	77.08M³.
		+	ROCK BLASTING	_	edge protection
			1: face street	2	drilling the shot holes
			3 checking the holes		
7.2	Types of Explosives	:	Following explosives a Proposed Control Blastin		ecommended for efficient ith safe practice.

		S. No 1. 2.	Description Slurry Detonators Safety fuse	Class	Command Comman	
7.3	Measures proposed to minimize ground vibration due to Proposed Control Blasting	vibrat 1.	ion due to Pro The minimu was introdu avoid con vibration v amplitude. In case of inherently r millisecond vibration. Use of Amr shot holes cause for h diameter	oposed Con am recommendative ded to min astructive waves and delectronic much more s delay) to monium n may be nigh fly of problem.	adopted to connected Blasting. mended delay mimize ground interference I hence its c detonators, c accurate delay minimizes itrate fuel oil avoided beca f rocks in v Only high will be used	vibration to of blas impact of which are the ground mixture for the which iew critical
		4.	Charge per factor desig	hole sho gned for of Propo	ould exceed to each hole based Control ture pattern etc	sed on the

- 7.4 Storage of Explosives and safety measures to be taken while Proposed Control Blasting.
- 1. The Applicant moves the அம்க்குநர்
- 2. The explosives small quantity, the concerned authorities in a portable magazine of S & B types.
- An authorized explosive agency is engaged to carry out blasting.
- 4. The blasting time in a day is between 5 PM to 6 PM.
- 5. First Aid Box is kept ready at all the time.
- Necessary precautionary announcement is being carried out before the blasting operation. operation.

#### **8.0 MINE DRAINAGE:**

8.1 Depth of Water table

- The ground water table is reported as 88m below ground level in nearby open wells and bore wells of this area. Mining depth taken as 51m (Surface Ground Level Above Height 8m & Surface Ground Level Below Depth 43m). Now, proposed quarry depth is above the water table. Hence, quarrying may not affect the ground water.
- 8.2 Arrangement and Places where the mine water is finally proposed to be discharged
- The ground water may not rise immediately in this type of mining. However, the rain water percolation and collection of water from the seepage shall be less than 300 lpm and it shall be pumped out periodically by a stand by diesel powered Centrifugal pump motivated with 7.5 H.P. Motor. The quality of water is potable and it is not contaminated with any hazardous things.

9.1	Habitations/ Village	ore:	There are habitations	e no villages within with the populat	a radio	en as under	TERON CASES					
			Direction	Vilage	*(	Distanti	P922ulation					
			North	11.00-1								
			East	Bennikkal		GiOral Surio	36618					
			South	Nagappan Agraha	ram	2.5kms	370					
			West	Agraharam		3.0kms	310					
9.2	Power lines (HT/LT)	:	No power l	ine is located in the	e lease	area.	_					
9.3	Water bodies (River, Pond, Lake, Odai, Channel etc)			Water bodies (Rivident Market)  Water bodies (Rivident Market)  Water bodies (Rivident Market)			Odai, Channe					
9.4	Archeological / Historical Monuments	77.00	There are radius of 50	no A <sup>r</sup> cheological / 00m.	Histor	ical Monun	nents within					
9.5	Road (NH, SH, Village	3	Krishnagiri	- Shoolagiri = 28.0	) Kms							
	Road etc)	W	Shoolagiri -	– Kelamangalam =	18.0 1	Kms						
	11000 010)			_			11-4					
				is located in North			a distance o					
			5.7 km. from	m Kelamangalam v	ill <sub>age</sub>							
9.6	Places of Worship	÷	There are n	o Places of Worshi	p with	in a radius	of 500m.					
9.7	Reserved Forest /	:	Distance be	etween Reserve For	rest S	anamavu ar	nd the applie					
	Forest / Social Forest /		area = 6.4k	ms								
	Wild Life Sanctuary				TI	1. 1	- 12 Olama					
	etc.,		Distance in	om Wildlife Sanctu	ary U	dedurgam =	= 13.2Kms					
9.8	Any Interstate Border,	ě	There are N	To interstate borders	s with	in a radius (	of 10 kms.					
	Protected areas under		Cauvery N	North Wild life S.	anctua	ıry, Udedu	rgam located					
	the Wild Life			listance of about 13			<b>—</b>					
	(Protection) Act, 1972,		within the t	iistance of about 1.	7.2.KIII	s mom the r	casc arca.					
	Critically Polluted		•									
	Areas as Identified by											
	Central Pollution											
	Control Board and Notified Eco sensitive											
9.9	Any Other Structures	4	Nil									
3.7	Any Onici Structures	*	1411									

### 10.0 EMPLOYMENT POTENTIAL & WELFARE MEASURES:

10.1		Employment Potential (Management & Supervisory personal)	0.0	1961 work to ha work  2. The f Roug the p	under the Mers are employ ave a qualified ers directly und following manths the Stone during	ineact, 1952, vermore than 11 Marie Mare ler his control of the proposition to the propos	wheneve Whis 20 to keep to keep a tor que ed tor que	all he arrying achieve			
				1.	Skilled Semi – skilled	Operator Mechanic Blaster/Mat Driver	2No. 1 No. 1 No. 2Nos				
				3.		Musdoor / Labours Cleaners Office Boy	5Nos 3Nos 1No				
				4.	Management staff Total=	& Supervisory	3No.				
10.2		Welf are Measures									
	a.	Drinking Water	***	provided a	s per the Mine	te of 2Ltrs per s Rules, 1960. I eviding uninterro utilities.	t is prop	osed to			
	b.	Sanitary facilities	Water Control	of Rule (3	Semi permanent latrines & urinals shall be maintained at convenient places for use of labours as per the provisions of Rule (33) of the Mines Rules, 1960 separately for males and females. Washing facilities are also arranged as per rule (36) of the Mines Rules, 1960.						
	C.	First Aid Facility	1.00	Being a small mine First Aid station as per provisions under Rule (44) of the Mines Rules 1960 will be provided with facilities as per the third schedule as prescribed. Qualified First Aid personnel should be appointed or nominated to attend emergency first aid treatment.							

d.	Labour Health	895	As per Mines Rule, Periodic medical examination has been arranged for occupational heather in the straight addition to attending medical injuries under the Rule 45 (A) (R. 1969 4 JUN 2022
e.	Precautionary safety measures to the Laborers	9	Safety provisions like helmen goggles, safety shees. Dust mask, Ear muffs etc have been provident and circulars and amendments made for Mine liberary under the guidance of DGMS being a semi-mechanized operation. Necessary training will be conducted once in a year to all the employees with the help of qualified and experienced officers to train about the safe and system at quarrying operation.

## PART-B

#### 11.0 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN:

11.1	Existing Land Use		The existing land use pattern is given as under.						
	Pattern		SI. No.	Land Use	Present Area (Hect)	Area in use during the quarrying period (Hect)			
			1.	Area under quarrying	Nil	0.87.0			
			2.	Infirastructur e	Nil	0.01.0			
			3.	Roads	Nil	0.01.0			
			4.	Green Belt	Nil	0.41.0			
			5.	Unutilized Area	1.30.0	Nil			
				Total=	1.30.0На	1.30.0На			
			Groun	(Surfiace Ground L ad Level Below D d water depletion o	epth 43m). it				
11.3	Flora and Fauna	366	Except acacia bushes, no other valuable trees are noticed in the applied lease area. Further, neither flora of botanical interest nor fauna of zoological interest is noticed in this area.						
11.4	Climatic conditions	*	throug	nerally sub trop ghout the year and west and North ear	this District rec				

			temperature	rainfall is about 800r ranges from 18 <sup>0</sup> C		m and the
11.5	Human Settlement	£	The nearest Direction	habitations with the pop	Desired	Tropp line
			North	Goodinandram	Think-	
			East	Bennikks	2.6 Sec. 2	200
			South	Naguppan Agrahaman	2.5kms	370
			West	Agrahamm:	3.0kms	210
	Suppression		suppressed before the same VFC-PMIO from road) a GFA glass for the suppressed by the	by periodical wetting of appling of air, high volume was used (10 meter alond the particulates were fiber filters dried in a horizontal. The average flow	land by wate me air samp bove and 5 not collected on tot air oven at	r spraying. ler (Model neter away what man 105°C for
11.7	Plan for Noise Control	•	and Proposexplosives, However, propose out to check order to as vehicular to Residential Industrial zeroes of Kulture made in	of Rough Stone will be sed Control Blasting and hence, noise will be riodical noise level most the noise level in and an assess the extent of nuraffic different zones. Zone, Commercial zones were identified in rishnagiri. Adequate Noin all the selected sites button SL-4001).	by using load to be very nitoring will round the quato ise pollution viz., Silest the Traffic solumber of obtaining the pollumber	Minimum. be carried arry site. In on due to nce zone, ignals and suburban oservations
11.8	Environmental Impact Assessment Statement Describing Impact on mining on the next Ten years	•	<ol> <li>Dust</li> <li>Land</li> <li>Stab</li> <li>Adve</li> <li>Socie</li> </ol>	e considered for EIA are generation, degradation ilization and vegetation erse effect on water region economic benefits aris and Vibration.	of dumps me	ning.

	a. Dust	惠	Dust is expected to be generated from drilling, hauling roads; place of excavation etc. and the rime in the periodical wetting of lands
	b. Land degradation	•	Land degradation is by the company of the removal of fertile soil do the removal of the Ten years the Afforestation will be started durin operation itself.
	c. Stabilization and vegetation of dumps	i.	The topsoil will be spread over the non-active dumps along the slope and edges to plant tree saplings to form vegetal cover over the dumps. Such vegetal cover will prevent erosion of dumps during rainy seasons.
	d. Socio economic benefits arising out of mining	2.05	<ol> <li>To provide Employment opportunities of the nearby villagers.</li> <li>For the cultural development of the nearby villagers.</li> </ol>
	e. Noise and vibration	1	Since, no deep hole blasting is proposed, small dia explosives are used for breaking the hard rock and boulders, the noise and vibration will be very minimum and are within the permissible limits.
11.9	Proposal for Waste Management	*	There is no requirement for waste management as there is 100% recovery percentage.
11.10	Proposal of Reclamation of Land affected during mining activities and at the end of mining.	**	The present mining is proposed to a calculated of 51m (Surface Ground Level Above Height 8m & Surface Ground Level Below Depth 43m). The mined out area will be fenced on top of open cast working with S1 fencing. Low lying areas with water logging shall be used for fish culture. No immediate proposals for closure of pit as the rough stone persist still at deeper level.
11.11	Program for Afforestation	•••	Trees like tamarind, casuarinas etc will be planted along the lease boundary and avenues as well as over non active dumps at a rate 50 trees per annum with an interval of 5m. The rate of survival expected to be 80% in this area.

11.12	Proposed Financial Estimate / Budget for (EMP) Environment Management		& Guina Br & Sun
	A. Fixed Asset Cost:		15/
	Land Cost	4	Rs. 1,30,00,000 to the second transfer amount for Government and the second transfer amount of t
	Labour Shed		Rs. 70,000/-
	Sanitary Facility	:	Rs. 60,000/-
	Fencing cost		Rs. 60,000/-
	Total=	3	Rs.1,31,90,000/-
	B. Operational Cost:		
	Machinery cost	:	Rs.30,00,000/-
	C. EMP Cost:		
	1. Drinking water facility	3	Rs. 1,10,000/-
	2. Safety kits	3	Rs. 75,000/-
	3. Water sprinkling	100	Rs. 50,000/-
	4. Afforestation	755	Rs. 25,000/-
	5. Water quality test		Rs. 30,000/-
	6. Air quality test	12	Rs. 30,000/-
	7. Noise/vibration test		Rs. 30,000/-
	Total=	S\$8.	Rs. 3,50,000/-
	Total Project cost(A+B+C)	*	Rs.1,65,40,000/-

## 12.0 MINE CLOSURE PLAN:

12.1	Steps proposed for phased restoration, reclamation of already mined out area.	•	The present mining is proposed to a calculated of 51m (Surface Ground Level Above Height 8m & Surface Ground Level Below Depth 43m). The mined out area will be fenced on top of open cast working with S1 fencing to arrest the entry of cattle's and public in to the quarry site.
12.2	Measures to be under taken on mine closure as per Act & Rules	4	Measures will be taken as per the Acts and Rules. The quarried pit will be fenced by using Barbed wire fencing. Green belt development at the rate of 50 trees per year will be proposed.

12.3 Mitigation measures to be undertaken for safety and restoration/ reclamation of the already mined out area

It is a fresh Rough stone quarry with 51m

(Surface Ground Lavel Quartiful Surface Ground | April 10 | Depth 43m | 10 |

Ten years and herice no need of painting and in a restoration / reclamation of the applical to a rea.

#### 13.0 ANY OTHER DETAILS INTEND TO FURNISH BY THE APPLICANT

- (i) Permission will be obtained from the Director of Mines Safety for the extracting the Rough Stone from the Boundary barriers and from slopes.
- (ii) Care and precautionary measures will be taken for the safety of workers as per Rules and Acts.
- (iii) The applicant will endeavour every attempt to quarry the Rough Stone economically without any wastage and to improve the environment and ecology.
- (iv)Accordingly, Mining Plan is prepared under Rule 8(6)(b) Tamil Nadu Minor Mineral Concession Rules, 1959 & As per Amendment under Rule 41 & 42 by incorporating the conditions imposed in the precise area communication letter and by incorporating all the details proposed in the letter to obtain environment clearance from State Level Environmental Impact Assessment Authority.
- (v) This Mining Plan is prepared for the Applied Rough Stone Quarry for a period of Ten Years.

DEPUTY DIRECTOR

Geology and Mining,

Collectorate, Krishnagiri.

This Mining Plan is approved subject to the conditions / Stipulation indicated in the Mining Plan Appreval

MATHAN PRAKASH, M.Sc., M.Phil., ROP/CNN/270/2016/A

Letter Rec. No.

Deted

29

டிவியியல் & சுரம்சுத் துறை,

#### குறிப் பாணை

பொருள்

கனிமங்களும் குவாரிகளும்- சிழ்த்த மம்? - சர் நாண் 27122வக கிருஷ்ணகிரி மாவட்டு ஆகுக்குக்கும் புலங்களில் அமைந்துள்ள கற்குவாடு 📜 📑 முறையில் குத்தகை வழங்குவது <u>தொண்க ஆரு</u>சிதழ் வெளியீடு - ஒசூர் வட்டம் - கோபனப்பள்ளி கிராமம் - புல எண்.381(பகு தி-1) 1.30.0 ஹெக்டேர் பரப்பில் 05.04.2022 அன்று டெண்டருடன் இணைந்த ஏலம் நடத்தப்பட்டது -டெண்டர் விண்ணப்பத்தில் அதிகபட்ச குத்தகை தொகை டெண்ட்ர் குறிப்பிட்ட என்⊔வருக்கு திரு.ரகு உறுதி செய்யப்பட்டது - விதிகளின்படி குத்தகை தொகை முழுவதும் செலுத்தப்பட்டது - குத்தகை உரிமம் வழங்கிட வேண்டி ஏற்பளிக் கப்பட்ட சுரங்கத் திட்டம் மற்றும் சுற்றுச் சூழல் ஆணைய முன் அனுமதி பெற்று சமர்ப்பிக்கக் கோருதல்-தொடர்பாக.

பார்வை:

- 1. வட்டாட்சியர், ஒசூர் கடிதம் ந.க.எண்.426/2022/.அ2 நாள்:22.01.2022.
- 2. வருவாய் கோட்டாட்சியர் ஒசூர் அறிக்கை ந.க.எண்.103/2022/பி2 நாள்:04.02.2022.
- 3. வண உயிரின காப்பாளர், ஒசூர் கடிதம் ந.க.எண்.261/ 2022/எல் நாள்:10.02.2022.
- 4. கிருஷ்ணகிரி மாவட்ட புவியியல் மற்றும் சுரங்கத் துறை நில அளவர், தனி வருவாய் ஆய்வாளர் மற்றும் உதவி புவியியலாளர் (கனிமம்) புலதணிக்கை அறிக்கை நாள்:11.02.2022.
- 5. கிருஷ்ணகிரி மாவட்ட அரசிதழ் சிறப்பு வெளியீடு எண்.15 நாள்:14.03.2022 மற்றும் எண்.20 நாள்:28.03.2022.
- 6. தி இந்து செய்தி நாளிதழில் விளம்பரம் நாள்:17.03.2022.
- 7. தி இந்து, தினகரன், தினமலர் மற்றும் காலைக்கதிர் ஆகிய செய்தி நாளிதழ்களில் 29.03.2022 அன்று வெளியிடப்பட்ட பாவட்ட ஆட்சியரின் அறிவிக்கை.
- 8. திரு.ரகு என்பவர் டெண்டர் விண்ணப்பம் நாள்:04.04.2022.
- 9. திரு.என்.அண்னையாரெட்டி மற்றும் இரண்டு நபர்களின் ஏல விண்ணப்பங்கள் நாள்:05.04.2022.
- 10. திரு.ரகு என்பவரது கடிதம் நாள்:18.04.2022.
- 11. தொடர்புடைய ஆவணங்கள்.

பார்வையில் காணும் கடி தங்களின்பால் கனிவான கவனம் வேண்டப்படுகிறது.

- 2. கிருஷ்ணகிரி மாவட்டம், ஒசூர் வட்டம், கோபனப்பள்ளி கிராமம் அரசு புல எண்.381(பகுதி-1) விஸ்.1.30.0 ஹெக்டேர் பரப்பில் அமைந்துள்ள சாதாரண கற்குவாரியை டெண்டர் / பொது ஏலத்திற்கு கொண்டு வர உரிய நில இருப்பு அறிக்கை வருவாய் கோட்டாட்சியரிடம் கோரப்பட்டதில், ஒகுர் வட்டாட்சியர், ஒகுர் வருவாய் கோட்டாட்சியர் மற்றும் கிருஷ்ணகிரி மாவட்ட புவியியல் மற்றும் சுரங்கத் துறை நில அளவர், தணி வருவாய் ஆய்வாளர் மற்றும் உதவி புவியியலாளர் (கனிமம்) ஆகியோர் தணிக்கை மேற்கொண்டு கிருஷ்ணகிரி மாவட்டம், ஒகுர் வட்டம், கோபனப்பள்ளி கிராமம் அரசு புறம்போக்கு தீ.ஏ.த.தரிசு புல எண்.381(பகுதி-1) விஸ்.1.30.0 ஹெக்டேர் பரப்பு பூமியினை குத்தகை உரிமம் வழங்கிட விதிகளின்படி மேற்கண்ட புலம் தகுதிவாய்ந்தது என்பதால் டெண்டருடன் இணைந்த ஏலத்தின் மூலம் உரிமம் வழங்கிட பரிந்துரை செய்துள்ளனர். வன உயிரின காப்பாளர், ஒகுர் மேற்கண்ட புலங்கள் விதிகளின்படி அருகில் உள்ள காப்பு காடுகளுக்கு வரையறுக்கப்பட்ட பாதுகாப்பு தொலைவிற்கு அப்பால் அமைந்துள்ளதாக அறிக்கை அளித்துள்ளார்.
- 3. அதன் அடிப்படையில், கிருஷ்ணகிரி மாவட்டத்தில் அரசு புறம்போக்கு நிலங்களில் உள்ள சாதாரண கற்களை வெட்டியெடுத்துச் செல்ல உரிமம் வழங்க ஏதுவாக கிருஷ்ணகிரி மாவட்ட அரசிதழ் சிறப்பு வெளியீடு எண்.15 நாள்:14.03.2022 மற்றும் எண்.20 நான்:28.03.2022-ன்படி பிரசுரம் செய்யப்பட்டது. அதன்படி 04.04.2022-ம் நாள் பிற்பகல் 05.00 மணிக்குள் மூடி முத்திரை இடப்பட்ட டெண்டர் மனுக்களை அளிக்க இறுதி நாளாக அறிவித்து, 05.04.2022 அன்று பொது ஏலம் நடத்தப்பட்டு டெண்டர் மனுக்கள் ஏலத்தில் கலந்து கொண்டவர்கள் முன்னிலையில் திறக்கப்பட்டன.
- 4. மேற்கண்ட அரசிதழில் விளம்பரம் செய்யப்பட்டிருந்த குவாரிப்பட்டியலில் வரிசை எண்.(11), ஒசூர் வட்டம், கோபனப்பள்ளி கிராமம், அரசு புறம்போக்கு (தீ.ஏ.த.தரிசு) புல எண்.381(பகுதி-1)-ல் 1.30.0 ஹெக்டேர் பரப்பில் உள்ள உள்ள கற்குவாரிக்கு டெண்டர் / பொது ஏலத்தில் கலந்து கொண்டவர்களில் திரு.ரகு டெண்டரில் குறிப்பிட்டிருந்த தொகை ரூ.1,30,00,000/- மாவட்ட ஆட்சித் தலைவர் அவர்களால் நிர்ணயம் செய்யப்பட்டிருந்த ஏலத் தொகையை விட அதிகமாக இருந்ததால் அவருக்கு டெண்டர் ஊர்ஜிதம் செய்யப்பட்டது. மேற்கண்ட டெண்டர்தாரர் மொத்த குத்தகை தொகையையும் விதிகளின்படி 19.04.2022-க் குள் செலுத்தியுள்ளார்.

5. எனவே, டெண்டர்தாரர் டெண்டர்தொலைக முழுவதும் செலுத்திவிட்டபடியால், மேற்படி கற்குவாரி ஏலமானது விதிகளின்படி உயர்ந்தபட்ச டெண்டர் கோரிய திரு.ரகு என்பலருக்கு உறுதி செய யப்படுகிறது. மேலும், மேற்படி நபருக்கு ஒசூர் வட்டம், கோபனப்பள்ளி கிராமம், அரசு புறம்போக்கு (தீ.ஏ.த.தரிசு) புல எண்.381(பகுதி-1)-ல் 1.30.0 ஹெக்டேர் பரப்பு டிலத்தில் பத்து (10) ஆண்டுகளுக்கு குவாரி உரிமம் வழங்க ஏதுவாக 1959ம் வருடத்திய தமிழ் நூடு சிறுகனிம விடிக்கிய கிழ்க்கண்ட நிபந்தனைகளுடன் ஏற்பளிக்கப்பட்ட சுற்ற கிறுகனிம விதிகள், விதி எண்.42-ன்படி மாவட்ட சுற்ற சுற்பிக்கும் பட்சத்தில் சாதார கூறுகைய இசைவு பெற்று சுற்ப்பிக்கும் பட்சத்தில் சாதார கூறுகைப்படும் என்ற விவரம் இதன் மூலம் தெரிவிக்கப்படுகிறது.

#### நிபந்தனை கள்:

- 1959ம் a. வருட<u>த்</u>திய தமிழ்நாடு கனிம விதிகள், **FIMI** சலுகை அட்டவணை-]]-ல் கண்டுள்ளபடி செய்யப்படும் குவாரி சினியரேஜ் கனிமங்களுக்குரிய தொகை அவ்வப்போ*து* செலுத்தி கனியம் கொண்டு செல்லப்பட வேண்டும்.
- b. அருகிலுள்ள பட்டா நிலங்களுக்கு 7.5 மீட்டர், அரசு புறம்போக்கு புலங்களுக்கு 10 மீட்டர் மற்றும் இது நிலையான அமைப்புகளுக்கு 50 மீட்டர் பாதுகாப்பு இடைவெளி விட்டு குவாரிப் பணி மேற்கொள்ள வேண்டும்.
- c. விதிகளின் படி ஏற்பளிக்கப்பட்ட சுரங்கத்திட்டத்தினை உரிய காலத்திற்குள் சமா்பிக்க வேண்டும்.
- d. குவாரி உரிமம் வழங்க உள்ள பகுதிக்கு சுற்றுச்சூழல் தாக்க மதிப்பீட்டு ஆணையத்தின் முன் அனுமதி பெற்று சமர்பிக்கும் பட்சத்தில் மட்டுமே குவாரி உரிமம் வழங்கப்படும்.

இணைப்பு: குத் தூக உரிமம் வழங்க பரிந்துரைக்கப்பட்ட புல வரைபடம்.

ஒம்/- வி.ஜெய சந்திர பானு ரெட்டி மாவட்ட ஆட்சித் தலைவர், கிருஷ்ணகிரி.

// உண்மை நகல்/,/ உத்தரவுபடி/,/

மாயட்ட ஆட்சியரக்காக, மிருஷ்ணகிரி

பெறுநர், திரு.ரகு, த/பெ.ஸ்ரீராமைய்யா, எண்.6/202, அனுசோனை - கிராமம், பெம்மதாதனூர் - அஞ்சல், தேன்கனிக்கோட்டை வட்டம், கிருஷ்ணகிரி மாவட்டம்.

S. MATHAN PRAKASH, M.Sc., M.Phil., RQP/CNM/278/2016/A

நகல்: 1. இயக்குநர், புவியியல் மற்றும் சுரங்கத் துறை, சென்னை

2. தமிழ்நாடு மாநில சுற்றுச்சூழல் மதிப்பிட்டு ஆணையம், சென்னை.

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# கிருஷ்ணக்டி \_\_\_\_\_ மாவட்ட அரசிதழ்

சிறப்பு வெளியீடு

ஆணையின்படி வெளியிடப்பட்டது

கிருஷ்ணகிரி, மார்ச் 14, 2022 [பிலவ, மாசி 30 – திருவன்ளுவர் ஆண்டு 2053]

**ा क्ला** 15

## மாவட்ட ஆட்சியர் அறிவிக்கை

[ந. க. எண். 180./2022/(களிமம்), நாள்: 10.03.2022]

சாதாரண கற்கு வாரி ஒப்பந்தப்புள்ளி (டெண்டர்) மற்றும் ஏலம் குறித்த அறிவிப்பு

டெண்டர் விண்ணப்பங்கள் பெற கடைசி நாள்

30.03.2022

பிற்பகல் 05.00 மணி வரை

போது ஏலம் நடைபெறும் நாள்

31.03.2022

முற்பகல் 10.30 மணி முதல்

- கிருஷ்ணகிரி மாவட்டத்தில் அரசு பறம்போக்கு நிலங்களில் அமைந்துள்ள சாதாரண கற்குவாரிகளிலிருந்து போது உபபோக பயன்பாட்டிற்காக சாதாரண கற்களை வெட்டியெடுத்துச் செல்வதற்கு தனிநபர் மற்றும் தனியார் நிறுவனங்களுக்கு குவாரி குத்தகை உரிமம் வழங்க மூடி முத்திரையிடப்பட்ட ஒப்பந்தப்புள்ளி (டெண்டர்) விண்ணப்பங்கள் வரவேற்கும் மற்றும் ஏல அறிவிப்பு.
- 2. 1959 ஆம் வருடத்திய தமிழ்நாடு சிறுகனிமச் சலுகை விதிகளின் விதி 8 உள்விதி (1)-ன்படி கிருஷ்ணகிரி மாவட்டத்தில் இவ்வறிக்கையுடன் இணைக்கப்பட்ட அட்டவணையில் குறிட்பிடப்பட்டுள்ள அரசு புறம்போக்கு நிலங்களில் அமைந்துள்ள சாதாரண கற்குவாரிகளிலிருந்து சாதாரணகற்களை குவாரி செய்து எடுத்துச் செல்ல டெண்டருடன் இணைந்த ஏல முறையில் குவாரி குத்தகை உரிமம் வழங்க மூடி முத்திரையிடப்பட்ட 03 பிரதிகள் கொண்ட டெண்டர் விண்ணப்பங்கள் கிருஷ்ணகிரி மாவட்ட ஆட்சியரால் வரவேற்கப்படுகின்றன.
- 3. இந்த அறிவிக்கையின்படி விண்ணப்பிக்கப்படும் ஒப்பந்தப்புள்ளி (டெண்டர்) விண்ணப்பம் 1959 ஆம் வருடத்திய தமிழ்நாடு சிறுகனிமச் சலுகை விதிகளின் பின் இணைப்பு VI-ல் குறிப்பிடப்பட்டுள்ள படிவத்தில் இருக்க வேண்டும் மாதிரி விண்ணப்பப்படிவம் இந்த மாவட்ட அரசிதழ் சிறப்பு வெளியிட்டின் இணைப்பில் பிரசுரிக்கப்பட்டுள்ளது. இணைப்பில் பிரசுரிக்கப்பட்டுள்ள படிவம் VI-ன்படி பூர்த்தி செய்து அனுப்பப்படாத விண்ணப்பங்கள் ஏற்றுக் கொள்ளப்படமாட்டாது.
- 4. ஒப்பந்தப்புள்ளி (டெண்டர்) விண்ணப்பங்களுடன் இணைத்து அனுப்பப்பட வேண்டிய இணைப்புகளின் விவரங்கள் மற்றும் குத்தகை நிபந்தனைகள் பற்றிய விவரங்கள் குறிப்பிடப்பட்டுள்ள அரசிதழ், கிருஷ்ணகிரி மாவட்ட ஆட்சியர் அலுவலகம், கிருஷ்ணகிரி புவிபியல் மற்றும் சுரங்கத்துறை துணை இயக்குநர் அலுவலகம், கிருஷ்ணகிரி மாவட்டத்திலுள்ள அனைத்து சார் ஆட்சியர் / வருவாய் கோட்டாட்சியர், வட்டாட்சியர் மற்றும் ஊராட்சி ஒன்றிய ஆணையர் அலுவலகங்களின் தகவல் பலகையில் விளம்பரம் செர்ப்பப்படும்.

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- 5. அட்டவணையில் குறிப்பிட்டுள்ள குவாரிகளின் குத்தகை காலமானது குத்தகை ஒப்பந்த பத்திரம் நிறைவேற்றபட்ட நாளிலிருந்து ஏற்கனவே குவாரி குத்தகை வழங்கப்பட்டு குத்தகை காலம் முடிவுற்ற சாதாரண கற்குவாரி இனங்குளுக்கு 05 ஆண்டுகளும், புதியதாக சேர்க்கப்பட்டுள்ள (virgin) ஏற்கனவே குவாரி பணி நடைபெறாத சாதாரண கற்குவாரி இனங்களுக்கு 10 ஆண்டுகளும் ஆகும்.
- 6. ஒப்பந்தப்புள்ளி (டெண்டர்) விண்ணப்பதாரர் தனது விண்ணப்பத்தில் குவாரியின் மொத்த குத்தகை காலத்திற்குமான ஒரே தவணையில் செலுத்தத்தக்க குத்தகை தொகையை உரிய இடத்தில் எண்ணிலும் எழுத்திலும் தெளிவாக குறிப்பிட வேண்டும்.
- 7. மாவட்ட அரசிதழ் சிறப்பு வெளியீட்டின்படி அரசிதழில் கண்டுள்ள நிபந்தனைகளின்படி பூர்த்தி செய்யப்பட்ட ஒப்பந்தப்டிள்ளி (டென்டர்) விண்ணப்பங்களை அனைத்து இணைப்புகளுடன் கவரில் வைத்து மூடி முத்திரையிட்டு துணை இயக்குநர், புவியியல் மற்றும் சுரங்கத்துறை, கிருஷ்ணகிரி என்ற விலாசமிட்டு நேரிலோ அல்லது ஒப்புகை பெறத்தக்க பதிவஞ்சல் மூலமாகவோ மாவட்ட ஆட்சியர் அலுவலக வளாக தரைதளத்தில் அறை எண்.30ல் உள்ள புவியியல் மற்றும் சுரங்கத்துறை, துணை இயக்குநர் அலுவலகத்தில் 2022ம் ஆண்டு மார்ச் திங்கள் 30-ம் நாள் மாலை 5.00 மணிக்குள் கிடைக்கும்படி அனுப்பட்ட வேண்டும். கவரின் மீது விண்ணப்பிக்கும் குவாரியின் விவரம் மற்றும் அட்டவணையில் குறிப்பிட்டுள்ள குவாரியின் வரிசை எண் போன்றவற்றை தவறாமல் குறிப்பிட வேண்டும்.
- 8. மேலே குறிப்பிட்ட காலக்கெடுவிற்குள் வரப்பெற்ற விண்ணப்பங்கள் மட்டும் ஏலம் நடைபெறும் நாளன்று ஆஜராகிமிருக்கும் சம்பந்தப்பட்ட குவாரிக்கு விண்ணப்பித்துள்ள விண்ணப்பதாரர்கள் மற்றும் பொது ஏலத்தில் கலந்து கொள்பவர்கள் முன்னிலையில் அட்ட வணைகளில் உள்ள குவாரிகளின் வரிசைகளின் முறையே முதலில் பொது ஏலமும் பின்னர் ஒப்பந்தப்புள்ளி (டெண்டர்) விண்ணப்பங்கள் திறப்பும் மேற்கொள்ளப்படும்.
- 9. மேலே குறிப்பிட்ட நாளில் ஒப்பந்தப்புள்ளி (டெண்டர்) விண்ணப்பங்கள் திறப்பதற்கு முன்னர் ஒவ்வொரு குவாரிக்கும் தனித்தனியே பொது ஏலம் விடப்படும். ஏல நடவடிக்கை முடிவு பெற்ற பின்பு சம்பந்தப்பட்ட குவாரிக்கு வரப்பெற்ற டெண்டர் விண்ணப்பங்கள் பிரித்து பரிசீலிக்கப்படும். டெண்டர் விண்ணப்பம் மூலம் கோரப்பட்டுள்ள உயர்ந்தபட்ச டெண்டர் தொகை அல்லது ஏலம் மூலம் கோரப்பட்ட உயர்ந்தபட்ச குத்தகை தொகை இதில் எது அதிகமோ அத்தொகையே சம்பந்தப்பட்ட குவளிக்கான உயர்ந்தபட்ச குத்தகை தொகையாக எடுத்துக்கொள்ளப்பட்டு குவளி குத்தகை உரிமம் வழுங்குதல் சம்பந்தமாக நடவடிக்கைகள் மேற்கொள்ளப்படும்.
- 10. மேற்கண்டபடி வரப்பெறும் டெண்டர் / ஏல விண்ணப்பங்கள், 1959ஆம் ஆண்டு தமிழ்நாடு சிறுகனிமச் சலுகை விதிகள், கரங்கங்கள் மற்றும் கனிமங்கள் (மேம்படுத்துதல் மற்றும் முறைப்படுத்துதல்) சட்டம் 1957 மற்றும் இந்த ஏல அறிவிப்பில் குறிப்பிட்டுள்ள முக்கிய நிபந்தனைகளின்படி பரிசீலிக்கப்பட்டு அவற்றின்மீது தக்க ஆணைகள் பிறப்பிக்கப்படும்.

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- 11. இந்த மாவட்ட அரசிதழ் அறிவிக்கை பிரசுரிக்கப்பட்ட பின்னரோ, குத்தகை உறுதி ஆணை பிறப்பிப்பதற்கு முன்னரோ, நிபந்தனைகளை மாற்றவோ. அல்லது ரத்து செய்யவோ மற்றும் பட்டியலில் கண்டுள்ள எல்லா குவாரிகளின் குத்தகை உரியம் கோரும் ஒப்பந்தப்புள்ளி மனுக்களை எக்காரணமும் கூறாமல் ரத்து செய்யவோ அல்லது மேற்படி மனுக்களை மூடி முத்திரையிடப்பட்ட உறைகளை திறக்கும் நாள் நேரம் மற்றும் ஏலம் நடத்தும் நாள் மற்றும் நேரம் ஆகியவைகளை தள்ளிலைக்கவோ நிறுத்திவைக்கவோ மாவட்ட ஆட்சியருக்கு முழு அதிகாரம் உண்டு. ஏதாவது காரணத்தினால் ஒத்திவைக்க நேர்ந்தால் அதற்கு மனுதாரர்கள் யாருக்கும் நஷ்டஈடு கோர உரிமை இல்லை.
- 12. விண்ணப்பதாரர் ஒவ்வொரு குவாரிக்கும் தனித்தனியே ஒரு ஒப்பந்தப்புள்ளி விண்ணப்பத்தை உரிய இணைப்புகளோடு அனுப்ப வேண்டும். ஒரே விண்ணப்பத்தில் ஒரு குவாரிக்கு மேல் பல குவாரிகளை குறிப்பிட்டு அனுப்பும் விண்ணப்பம் நிராகரிக்கப்படும்.

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- 13. ஒப்பந்தப்புள்ளி விண்ணப்பம் அனுப்புவதற்கு முன்/ ஏலத்தில் கண்ட சம்பந்தப்பட்ட ஆட்டிய இணைக்கப்பட்டுள்ள பட்டியவில் கண்ட சம்பந்தப்பட்ட ஆட்டிய தனது சொந்த செலவிலேயே நேரில் பார்வையிட்டு பாதை வசதி கனிமத்தின் தரம் இடிய பட்டிய மட்டிய ஆராய்ந்து பின்னர் குத்தகை உரியம் கோரி விண்ணப்பிக்க வேண்டும் மற்றும் ஏலத்தில் கலந்து கொள்ளவேண்டும். ஆணை வழங்கப்பட்ட பின் குவாரி அமைந்துள்ள புல எண், பரப்பு, குவாரிகளின் நான்கு எல்லைகள், பாதை வசதி, கனிமத்தின் தரம் கணிமத்தின் இருப்புக்குறித்து எவ்வித தாவாவும் செய்ய குத்தகைதாரருக்கு உரிமை கிடையாது.
- 14. 1959-ஆம் வருடத்திய தமிழ்நாடு சிறுகனிம் சலுகை விதிகளில் கண்டுள்ள அனைத்து சாராம்சங்களையும் மாவட்ட அரசிதழில் உள்ள அனைத்து நிபந்தனைகளையும் நன்கு தெரிந்து கொண்டபின் ஒப்பந்தப்புள்ளி விண்ணப்பங்களை உரிய இணைப்புகளோடு அனுப்பவேண்டும். விண்ணப்பம் அனுப்பிய பிறகு விதிகள் மற்றும் குத்தகை நிபந்தனைகள் பற்றி சரியாக தெரியாது என மனுதாரர் வாதிட்டால் அது ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்பட மாட்டாது.

#### 15. ஒப்பந்தப்புள்ளி (டெண்டர்) மற்றும் ஏல நிபந்தனைகள் :

- ஒவ்வொரு குவாரிக்கும் இந்த அரசிதழின் பிற்சேர்க்கையில் பிரசுரிக்கப்பட்டுள்ள இணைப்பு VI-ல் காணும் மாதிரி விண்ணப்ப படிவத்தின்படி தனித்தனி விண்ணப்பங்களில் விண்ணப்பிக்க வேண்டும்.
- 2) நட**ப்பில் மாநில அளவில் ஒ**ரு நபருக்கு அதிகபட்சம் இரண்டு குவாரிகளுக்கு மட்டுமே குத்தகை உரிமம் வழங்கப்படும்.
- 3) இந்த அரசிதழின் அட்டவணையில் குறிப்பிட்டுள்ள குவாரிகளின் குத்தகை காலமானது, குத்தகை ஒப்பந்த பத்திரம் நிறைவேற்றப்பட்ட நாளிலிருந்து ஏற்கனவே குவாரி குத்தகை வழங்கப்பட்டு குத்தகை காலம் முடிவற்ற சாதாரண கற்குவாரி இனங்களுக்கு 05 ஆண்டுகளும் புதியதாக சேர்க்கப்பட்டுள்ள சாதாரண கற்குவாரி இனங்களுக்கு (Virgin quarry) 10 ஆண்டுகளும் ஆகும். குத்தகை ஒப்பந்தப்பத்திரத்தில் குறிப்பிடப்படும் இறுதி நாளில் குத்தகை காலம் முடிவடையும், குத்தகை காலம் எக்காரணத்தைக்கொண்டும் நீட்டிக்கப்பட மாட்டாது.

#### தப்புத்தப்புள்ளி (டெண்டர்) விண்ணப்பத்துடன் விறக்கண்டவற்றை இணைத்து அனுப்ப வேண்டும்.

- (அ) திரும்ப வழங்க இயலாத விண்ணப்பக் கட்டணமாக ரூ.1500/-க்கான கேட்பு வரைவோலையை (டிமாண்ட் டிராப்ட்) ஏதேனும் ஒரு தேசிய மயமாக்கப்பட்ட வங்கியில் துணை இயக்குநர், புவியியல் மற்றும் கரங்கத்துறை, கிருஷ்ணகிரி அவர்களின் பதவியின் பெயரில் பெற்று அல்லது அரசு கருவூலத்தில் செலுத்திய அசல் சலான் இணைக்க வேண்டும்.
- (ஆ) பிணை வைப்புத்தொகை (Earnest money deposit) ரூ.25000/- (ரூபாய் இருபத்தைந்தாமிரம் மட்டும்)க்கான கேட்பு வரைவோலை ஏதேனும் ஒரு தேசியம்பமாக்கப்பட்ட வங்கியில் துணை இயக்குநர், புவியியல் மற்றும் சுரங்கத்துறை, கிருஷ்ணகிரி அவர்களின் பதவியின் பெயரில் பெற்று இணைக்க வேண்டும். தனிநபர் பெயருக்கு எடுத்து கொடுக்கப்படும் வங்கி வரைவோலை ஏற்றுக்கொள்ளப்படமாட்டாது குத்தகை உரிமம் வழங்கப்படுபவர் செலுத்த வேண்டிய டெண்டர்/ ஏலத் தொகையில் இந்த தொகை பின்னர் சரி செய்து கொள்ளப்படும்.
- (இ) ஒப்பந்தப்புள்ளி (டெண்டர்) விண்ணப்பத்தில் குறித்துள்ள போத்த குத்தகை தொகையில் 10 சதவீதத் தொகைக்கான கேட்பு வரைவோலை (டிமாண்ட் டிராப்ட்டை) துணை இயக்குநர், புவியியல் மற்றும் சுரங்கத்துறை, கிருஷ்ணகிரி அவர்களின் பதவியின் டெயரில் ஏதேலும் ஒரு தேசியமயமாக்கப்பட்ட வங்கியில் பெற்று இணைக்க வேண்டும்.

- மாவட்ட வாரியாக கனிம வாரியாக விண்ணப்பதாரர் / ஏலதாரர் நேரடியாக வோ அல்லது பர்ப்குதாரராகவோ தொடர்புள்ள குவாரிகள் பற்றிய கீழ்க்கண்ட விவரங்கள் அல்லது ஆணையறுதி ஆவணம் (அபிடவிட்) மூலம் தெரிவிக்க வேண்டும்.
  - விண்ணப்பதாரருக்கு கனிம குத்தகையுள்ள மாவட்ட ஆட்சியரால் வழங்கப்பட்ட செல்லத்தக்க சுரங்கவரி நிலுவை இல்லா சான்றிதழ் அல்லது சுரங்கவரி நிலுவை இல்லை என்பதற்கான ஆணையுறுதி வாக்குமூலம் இணைக்கப்படவேண்டும்.
  - வருமான வரி செலுத்திய சான்றிதழ் அல்லது வருமானவரி பாக்கியில்லை என்பதற்கான ஆணையுறுதி வாக்குமூலம் இணைக்கப்படவேண்டும்.

#### 3. மற்றும்,

- அனுபவத்திலிருக்கும் குவாரி குத்தகை அனுமதி பற்றி விவரம்
- ii) ஏற்கனவே விண்ணப்பித்து இதுவரை அனுமதி வழங்கப்படாத குவாரி குத்தகை அனுமதி பற்றி விவரம்.
- iii) தற்போது உடனிகழ்வாக விண்ணப்பிக்கும் குவாரி குத்தகை அனுமதி விவரம்
- மேற்கண்ட ஆணையுறுதி ஆவணங்களை ரூ.20/- மதிப்புள்ள முத்திரைத்தாளில் சான்று உறுதி அலுவலரிடம் (Notary Public) கையொப்பம் பெற்று பூர்த்தி செய்யப்பட்ட விண்ணப்பத்துடன் இணைத்து சமர்ப்பிக்கப்பட வேண்டும்.
- 5) **எலத்தில் நேரடியாக கலந்து கொள்பவ**ர்கள் பூர்த்தி செய்யப்பட்ட விண்ணப்பப்படிவம், திருப்பித்தரப்படாத விண்ணப்பக்கட்டணம் ரூ.1500/- மற்றும் பிணை வைப்புத்தொகை ரூ.25000/- ஆகியவற்றிற்கான கேட்பு வரைவோலைகள் (டிமாண்ட் டிராப்ட்) துணை இயக்குநர், புவியியல் மற்றும் சுரங்கத்துறை, கிருஷ்ணகிரி அவர்களின் பதவியின் பெயரில் ஏதேனும் ஒரு தேசியமுபமாக்கப்பட்ட வங்கியில் பெற்று ஏலத்தில் நேரடியாக கலந்து கொள்வதற்கு முன்னர் எலம் நடத்தும் அலுவலரிடம் சமர்ப்பிக்க வேண்டும். மேலும் ஏலம் மூலம் கோரப்பட்ட உயர்ந்தபட்ச தொகை டெண்டர் மூலம் கோரப்பட்ட உயர்ந்த பட்ச தொகையைவிட அதிகமாக இருந்தால் ஏல முடிவு அறிவிட்பு செப்பப்பட்டவுடன் எலத்தொகையில் 10 சதவீதத் தொகையை உடன் ஏலம் நடத்தும் அலுவலரிடம் தேசிய மயமாக்கப்பட்ட ஏதேனும் ஒரு வங்கியில் பெறப்பட்ட கேட்பு வரைவோலையாகவோ அல்லது ரொக்க தொகையாகவோ செலுத்தி தக்க இரசீதுகள் பெற்றுக் கொள்ள வேண்டும்.
- 6) நேரில் விண்ணப்பங்கள் அளித்தால் அதைப்பெற்றுக் கொண்ட தற்கான ஒப்புதல் கடிதம் அன்றைய தினமே வழங்கப்படும். தபால் மூலம் பெறப்படும் விண்ணப்பத்திற்கு ஒப்புதல் கடிதம் மூன்று தினங்களுக்குள் தபாலில் அனுப்பி வைக்கப்படும். டெண்டர் விண்ணப்பங்கள் மூடி முத்திரையிடப்பட்ட கவர்களில் மட்டுமே அனுப்பி வைக்கப்பட வேண்டும். கவரின் மேல்புறத்தில் விண்ணப்பதாரரின் பெயர் மற்றும் விலாசம் தெளிவாக குறிப்பிடப்பட வேண்டும். கவரின் இடது மூலையில் கனிமத்தின் பெயர், குவரரி அமைந்துள்ள கிராமம், புல எண், பரப்பு அரசிதழின் இணைப்பில் பிரசுரிக்கப்பட்டுள்ள குவாரிகளின் பட்டியலில் உள்ள வரிசை எண் ஆகியவற்றை தவறாமல் குறிப்பிடவேண்டும்.

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7) மாவட்ட ஆட்சியரால் அல்லது அவரால் அங்கீகாரம் வழங்கட்டி இரு என்ற எத்திர் விண்ணப்பதாரர்கள் / ஏலதாரர்கள் கையொப்பமிட்ட பின்னரே ஏ

8) ஏலம் மற்றும் ஒப்பந்தப்புள்ளியில் (டெண்டர்) கலந்து கொள்பவர் செலுத்தும் விண்ணப்பட்டே ண த் தொகை ரூ. 1500/- திருப்பித்தரப்படமாட்டாது. ஏலத்தில் நேரிடையாக பங்குபெறுபவர்கள் கொடுக்கும் விண்ணப்பத்தில் குத்தகை தொகையை குறிப்பிட தேவையில்லை. ஏற்கனவே டெண்டர் விண்ணப்பம் கொடுத்தவர்கள் ஏலத்தில் கலந்துகொள்ள முடியாவிடில் அவருக் குப்பதிலாக அவரால் நியமிக் கப்பட்ட வேறு ஒரு நபர் மட்டுமே நோட்டரிபப்ளிக் முன்பு விண்ணப்பதாரர் மற்றும் நியமிக்கப்பட்ட நபர் கையெழுத்துக்கள் சான்றுபெறப்பட்ட உறுதிபோழி ஆவணம் (அமேவிட்) தாக்கல் செய்வதின் பேரில் ஏலத்தில் கலந்து கொள்ள அனுமதிக்கப்படுவார்கள்.

9) ஒப்பந்தப்புள்ளி விண்ணப்பபடி வத்தில் மனு செய்யும் நபர்கள் தாங்கள் மனு செய்யும் குவாரிக்கு குத்தகை தொகையாக செலுத்த விரும்பும் தொகையை விண்ணப்பத்தில் குறிப்பிடாமல் இருந்தாலோ அல்லது விண்ணப்பகப்பணம், பிணைவைப்புத் தொகை, அதிகபட்சமாக குறிப்பிடும் குத்தகை தொகையின் 10% தொகை ஆகியவற்றிற்கான வங்கி வரைவோலைகளை விண்ணப்பத்துடன் இணைக்காமல் இருந்தாலோ, விண்ணப்பத்தாளில் விண்ணப்பதாரர் தன் கையொப்பம் செய்யாமல் இருந்தாலோ 1959ஆம் வருடத்திய தமிழ்நாடு சிறுகனிம் சலுகை விதிகளில் கூறப்பட்ட சுரங்கவரி பாக்கியின்மை சான்றிதழ், வருமானவரி பாக்கியின்மை சான்றிதழ் அல்லது இவைகளுக்காக வழங்கப்படும் ஆணை உறுதி ஆவணம் மற்றும் ஏற்கனவே மனுதாரர் நேரடியாகவோ பங்குதாரராகவோ உள்ள குவாரிகள் தொடர்பான உறுதிமொழி ஆவணம் ஆகியவற்றை இணைக்கப்படாமல் இருந்தாலோ மேற்படி ஒப்பந்தப்புள்ளி விண்ணப்பதாரர்களுக்கு ஒப்பந்தபுள்ளிகள் திறக்கும் சமயத்தில் விண்ணப்பதாரர் ஆனுரில் இருந்தால் மட்டும் விண்ணப்பதாரர்களுக்கு ஒப்பந்தபுள்ளிகள் திறக்கும் சமயத்தில் விண்ணப்பதாரர் ஆறுரில் இருந்தால் மட்டும் விண்ணப்பதாரரிடம் தக்க ஒப்புதல் பெற்று வங்கிவரைவாலை திருப்பி வழங்கப்படும். ஒப்பந்தப்புள்ளி திறக்கும் சமயத்தில் ஆனுரில் இல்லாத நபருக்கு பதிவஞ்சல் மூலம் வங்கி வரைவோலைகள் தனியே அனுப்பி வைக்கப்படும்.

10) ஒவ்வொரு குவாரிக்கும் பொது ஏலம் நடத்தி முடித்த பின்னர் சம்பந்தப்பட்ட குவாரிக்கான டெண்டர் விண்ணட்டங்கள் வருகை தந்திருக்கும் சம்பந்தப்பட்ட டெண்டர் விண்ணப்பதாரர்கள் மற்றும் ஏலதாரர்கள் அல்லது அவர்களது அதிகாரம் பெற்ற நபர்கள் முன்னிலையில் சம்பந்தப்பட்ட அதிகாரிகளால் திறக்கப்படும் ஒப்பந்தப்புள்ளி (டெண்டர்) திறக்கும் நேரத்தில் விண்ணப்பதாரர் அல்லது ஏலதாரர் அல்லது அங்கீகாரம் பெற்ற நபர் ஆஜரில் இல்லாததற்கு மர்வட்ட நிர்வாகம் பொறுப்பு அல்ல. இதன்பொருட்டு ஒப்பந்தப்புள்ளி (டெண்டர்) விண்ணப்பம் திறப்பதோ ஏல்ம் நடத்துவதோ நிறுத்தி வைக்கப்படமாட்டாது.

11) அட்டவணையில் கண்ட ஒவ்வொரு குவாரிக்கும் வரப்பெற்ற பொத்த செல்லத்தக்க விண்ணப்பங்கள், விண்ணப்பதாராகளின் பெயர்கள் ஒவ்வொரு விண்ணப்பதாராலும் குறிப்பிடப்பட்ட அதிகபட்ச டெண்டர் தொகை ஆகியவற்றையும் அதிகபட்ச தொகைக்கு ஏலம் கேட்ட நபர் பெயர் மற்றும் அதிகபட்ச ஏலத்தொகை ஆகியவற்றையும் ஏலம் முடிவடைந்தவுடன் அறிவிக் கப்படும். ஏலத்தொகை, ஒப்பந்தப்புள்ளி (டெண்டர்) விண்ணப்பத்தில் குறிப்பிடப்பட்டுள்ள குத்தகை (டெண்டர்) தொகையை விடகுறைவாக இருந்து ஒப்பந்தப்புள்ளி (டெண்டர்) விண்ணப்பத்தில் குறிப்பிடப்பட்டுள்ள குத்தகை கோரப்படும் குத்தகை தொகைகள் ஒன்றுக்கும் மேற்பட்ட விண்ணப்பதாரர்களை மட்டும் அழைத்து சம்பந்தப்பட்ட குவாரிக்கு மட்டும் மறுகேட்பு மூலம் உயர் குத்தகை தொகை பெற நடவடிக்கை எடுக்கப்படும். அதிகபட்ச குத்தகைத் தொகை கோரும் நபர் அதிகபட்ச ஏலத்தொகை கோரிய நபராக அறிவிக் கப்படுவார். ஒவ்வொரு குவாரிக்கும் பெறப்பட்ட ஒப்பந்தப்புள்ளி (டெண்டர்) விண்ணப்பங்களில் குறிப்பிடப்பட்டுள்ள அதிகபட்ச குத்தகைத்தொகை அல்லது பொது ஏலத்தின் மூலம் கேட்கப்படும் அதிகப்பட்ச குத்தகை தொகை இவற்றில் எது அதிகமோ அந்த தொகை மேற்கண்ட குவாரிக்கு கோரப்பட்ட அதிகப்ட்ச குத்தகை தொகை இவற்றில் எது அதிகமோ அந்த தொகை மேற்கண்ட குவாரிக்கு கோரப்பட்ட அதிகப்ட்ச குத்தகை தொகை கண்டிக்கப்பட்டு அதிகப்பட்ச குத்தகைத் தொகை குறிப்பிட்டவராக அறிவிக்கப்படுவார். அதிகப்பட்ச குத்தகைத் தொகை குறிப்பிட்டவராக அறிவிக்கப்படுவார். அதிகப்பட்ச குத்தகைத் தொகை குறிப்பிட்டியர், டெண்டர்/ ஏலம்

கேட்ட நபர் அவரால் அதிகபட்சமாக கோரப்பட்ட தொகையில் பத்து சதவிகித தொகையினை கேட்பு வரைவோலையாகவோ / பணமாகவோ உடனடியாக செலுத்திடவேண்டும். அவ்வாறு செலுத்தத் தவறும் பட்சத்தில் அவரது ஏலம் / டெண்டர் ரத்து செய்யப்பட்டு அவருக்கு அடுத்தட்டியாக அதிகபட்சத்தொகை கேட்ட நபருக்கு வாய்ப்பளிக்கப்படும். அவரும் பத்து சதவிதத் தொகையினை செலுத்த தவறும் பட்சத்தில் இதே நடைமுறையை தொடர்ந்து நடத்துவது அல்லது மறு ஏலம் விட ஆணையிடுவது போன்றவை மாவட்ட ஆட்சியரின் இறுதி முடிவு மற்றும் அதிகார வரம்பிற்கு உட்பட்ட தாகும். அதிகபட்ச ஏலம் / டெண்டர் கேட்ட நபரை தவிர மற்றவர்களுக்கு அவர் தாம் செலுத்திய பிணைவைப்புத்தொகை திரும்ப தரப்படும். ஏலம் / டெண்டர் உறுதி செய்யப்பட்ட நடர் மீதமுள்ள 90 சதவீத தொகையினை பதினைந்து (15) தினங்களுக்குள் செலுத்திவிட வேண்டும், தவறும் பட்சத்தில் ஏலம் / டெண்டர் ரத்து செய்யப்பட்டு அவர் செலுத்திய அனைத்து தொகைகளும் பறிமுதல் செய்து அரசு கணக்கில் சேர்க்கப்படும்.

#### 12) (அ) சிறப்பு நிபந்தனைகள்:

(i) இந்த டெண்டர் மற்றும் ஏலமுறையில் கலந்து கொள்ளும் விண்ணப்பதாரர்கள் அனைவரும் இந்திய அரசின் வருமான வரித்துறையினரால் வழங்கப்படும் நிரந்தர கணக்கு எண் (PAN - CARD) அட்டையை பெற்றிருக்க வேண்டும் அல்லது வருமான வரி துறையினரிடமிருந்து பெற்று சமர்ப்பிக்க வேண்டும். d

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- (ii) இந்த நிரந்தர கணக்கு எண்ணை சமர்ப்பித்து டெண்டர் மற்றும் ஏலம் கோரும் தொகைக்கு 2% வருமான வரியை கிருஷ்ணகிலி மாலட்ட புலியியல் மற்றும் சுரங்கத்துறை, துணை இயக்குநர் அவர்களுக்கு வருமான வரித்துறையினரால் அளிக்கப்பட்டுள்ள TAN.No.CHED05905E-ன் கீழ் உரிய வருமான வரித்துறை செலுத்துச்சிட்டின் மூலம் செலுத்த வேண்டும்.
- (iii) மேலும் குத்தகை உரிமம் பெற்ற பின்னர் கனிமங்களை எடுத்துச் செல்ல போக்குவரத்து அனுமதி கீட்டுபெற ஒவ்வொரு முறையும் செலுத்துகின்ற சீனியரேஜ் தொகையின் மீது 2% வருமான வரி தொகை செலுத்தவேண்டும்.
- (iv) மேலும் குத்தகை உரிமம் பெற்ற பின்னர் களிமங்களை எடுத்துச் செல்ல போக்குவரத்து அனுமதி சீட்டு பெற ஒவ்வொருமுறையும் செலுத்துகின்ற சீனியரிழே தொகையின் மீது 10 சதவீத தொகையை கிருஷ்ணிகிரி மாவட்ட கனிம அறக்கட்டளை நிதியாக கிருஷ்ணகிரி பாரத மாநில வங்கி (State Bank of India) கணக்கு என்,37243080996-ல் செலான் மூலம் செலுத்த வேண்டும்.
- (v) அரசாணை எண்.23 தொழில் (எம்.எம்.சி.1) துறை நாள்:23.02.2022-ன்படி பசுமை வரியாக உள்மாநிலங்களில் கனிமம் கொண்டு செல்வதற்கு சீனியேரேஜ் தொகைக்கு 10 சதவதம் அல்லது வெளி மாநிலங்களுக்கு கனிமம் கொண்டு செல்வதற்கு சீனியேரேஜ் தொகைக்கு 20 சதவீதம் உரிய அரசு கணக்கில் செலுத்தி கனிமம் கொண்டு செல்லப்பட வேண்டும்.
- 13). குவாரி குத்தகை கோரி ஒரே ஒரு மறைமுக டெண்டர் மனு கொடுக்கப்பட்டு திறந்த முறை பொது ஏலத்தில் கலந்து கொள்ள யாரும் முன்வர வில்லையெனில், டெண்டர் தொகை அரசுக்கு ஆதாயயானது என்று உதவி / துணை இயக்குநர் (புவியியல் மற்றும் சுரங்கத்துறை) கருதினால், அந்த டெண்டர் மனுதாரருக்கு குவாரி குத்தகை வழங்க உதவி / துணை இயக்குநர் (புவியியல் மற்றும் சுரங்கத்துறை) ஒப்புதல் அளிக்கலாம். டெண்டர் தொகை அரசுக்கு ஆதாயமானதல்ல என்று உதவி / துணை இயக்குநர் (புவியியல் மற்றும் சுரங்கத்துறை) கருதும் பட்சத்தில், மனுவைத் தள்ளுபடி செய்து ஆணையிடப்பட்டு மறு ஏலத்தின் மூலம் குவாரி குத்தகை வழங்க மேல்நடவடிக்கை எடுக்க மாவட்ட ஆட்சியர்க்கு அதிகாரம் உண்டு.

Sumon's

- 14) மாண்டியிகு இந்திய உச்சநீதியன்றம் வழக்கு எண் ஐ.ஏ 12-13/2012 எ
  ஆகியவற்றின் மீது 27.02.2012 அன்று வழங்கியுள்ள ஆணைகளின்படி
  வனத்துறை குறிப்பாணை எண். எல்.11011/47/2011 IA. II(M) நாள்: 18.

  (எம்எஸ்)எண். 79, தொழில் (எம்எம்சி1) துறை நாள்: 06.04.2015ன்படி 1959ஆம்

  சலுகை விதிகளில் திருத்தம் செய்யப்பட்டு சேர்க்கப்பட்ட விதிகள் எண். 41 மற்றும் 42-ன் படியும் அனைத்து
  சிறுகளிய குவாரிகளுக்கும் குவாரி குத்தகை வழங்கும் முன்பு புவியியல் மற்றும் சுரங்கத் துறை துணை இயக்குநரால்
  அங்கீகரிக்கப்பட்ட சுரங்கத்திட்டம் மற்றும் இந்திய அரசின் சுற்றுச்சூழல், வனம் மற்றும் பருவநிலை மாற்றம்
  அமைச்சகத்தால் வழங்கப்படும், மாநில சுற்றுகுழல் பாதிப்பு மதிப்பீட்டு ஆணையத்தின் / இசைவு ஆகியவற்றை
  பெற்று சமர்ப்பித்த பின்பு மட்டுமே குவாரி குத்தகை வழங்க முடியும். குவாரி பணி தொடங்குவதற்கு முன்பாக
  தமிழ்நாடு மாசு கட்டுபாட்டு வாரியத்தின் இசைவினை பெற்று சமர்ப்பிக்கும் பட்சத்தில் மட்டுமே குவாரி பணி
  தொடங்க அனுமதிக்கப்படும்.
- 15) அதிகபட்சத் தொகை கேட்ட நபருக்கு குவாரி குத்தகை உரிமம் உறுதி செய்யப்படுமாயின் அவருக்கு குவாரி குத்தகை உரியம் வழங்கப்படவுள்ள குவாரியின் புல எண், பரப்பளவு, ஆகிய விவரங்கள் அடங்கிய அறிவிக்கை வழங்கப்பட்டு அங்கீகரிக்கப்பட்ட சுரங்கத்திட்டம், தமிழ்நாடு மாநில சுற்றுகுழல் பாதிப்பு மதிப்பட்டு ஆணையத்தின்/ இந்திய அரசு சுற்றுச்சூழல் மற்றும் வனத்துறையின் தடையின்மை சான்று ஆகியவற்றை விதிகளின்படி உரிய காலத்திற்குள் சமர்ப்பிக்குமாறு தெரிவிக்கப்படும்.
  - (அ) மேற்கண்ட அறிவிக்கை பெற்றுக்கொண்ட மனுதாரர் சுரங்கத்திட்டத்தை தகுதி வாய்ந்த நபர் (QP) மூலம் அரசு தெரிவித்துள்ள விதிகள் மற்றும் வழிகாட்டுதலின்படி தயாரித்து அறிவிக்கை பெறப்பட்ட நாளிலிருந்து மூன்று மாத காலத்திற்குள் கிருஷ்ணகிரி புவியியல் மற்றும் சுரங்கத்துறை துணை இயக்குநரிடம் அங்கீகாரம் பெற சமர்ப்பிக்க வேண்டும்.
  - (ஆ) மேற்கண்ட மனுதாரர் கிருஷ்ண கிரி புவியியல் மற்றும் சுரங்கத்துறை துணை இயக்குநரால் அங்கீகாரம் வழங்கப்பட்ட சுரங்கத்திட்டத்தை இந்திய அரசு சுற்றுச்சூ ழல், வனம் மற்றும் பருவநிலை மாற்றம் அமைச்ச கத்தின் மாநில சுற்றுசூழல் பாதிப்பு மதிப்பீட்டு ஆணையத்தின் முன்பு சமாபித்து தடையின்மை சான்று கோரி விண்ணப்பித்து தடையின்மை சான்றினை பெற்று சமாபிக்க வேண்டும்.
  - (இ) காவேரி வடக்கு வனவிலங்கு சரணாலயம், தேசிய பூங்கா, யானைகளின் வலசை பாதை மற்றும் காப்பு காடுகளிலிருந்து பாதுகாப்பு இடைவெளி தூரத்திற்கு அப்பால் மட்டுமே குத்தகை உரிமம் வழங்க நடவடிக்கை எடுக்கப்பட்டுள்ளது. எனினும், அரசால் மாற்றி அமைக்கப்படும் பாதுகாப்பு இடைவெளி தூரத்திற்குள் குவாரி பகுதி வருவதாக பிற்காலத்தில் தெரியவந்தால் குத்தகை உரிமம் ரத்து செய்ய மேல்நடவடிக்கை தொடரப்படும்.
  - (ஈ) அங்கீகரிக்கப்பட்ட சுரங்கத்திட்டம் முதல் ஐந்து ஆண்டு காலத்திற்கு மட்டுமே செல்லத்தக்கதாகும்.
  - (உ) மேற்கண்ட ஆவணங்களை சமர்பித்த பின்பு விதிகளின்படி மனுதாரருக்கு குவாரி குத்தகை வழங்கி ஆணையிடப்படும். அங்கீகரிக்கபட்ட சுரங்கத்திட்டம் மற்றும் தமிழ்நாடு மாநில சுற்றுகுழல் பாதிப்பு மதிப்பீட்டு ஆணையத்தின்/ இந்திய அரசு சுற்றுச்சூழல், வனம் மற்றும் பருவநிலை மாற்றும் அமைச்சகத்தின் தடையின்மை சான்று ஆகியவற்றை குறிப்பிட்ட காலக்கெடுவிற்குள் சமாபிக்க தவறினால் மனுதாரருக்கு மாவட்ட ஆட்சியர் முன்பு விசாரணைக்கு ஆறூராக வாய்ப்பளித்து விசாரணை நடத்தப்பட்டு ஏற்கனவே வழங்கப்பட்ட உத்தரவு ரத்து செய்ய நடவடிக்கை எடுக்கப்படும்.
- 16) மேற்கூறிய உத்தரவு கிடைக்கப் பெற்றவுடன் விண்ணப்பதாரர், ஆணையில் குறிப்பிடப்பட்ட காலக்கெடுவிற்குள் கீழ்க்கண்ட ஆவணங்களை குத்தகை ஒப்பந்த ஆவணம் நிறைவேற்றுவது தொடர்பாக துணை இயக்குநர், புவியியல் மற்றும் சுரங்கத்துறை, கிருஷ்ணகிரி அவர்களிடம் சமர்ப்பிக்க வேண்டும்.

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(அ) விண்ணப்பதார் ரின் கையொப்பமிட்ட வரைவு குத்தகை ஒப்பந்தப்பத்திரம் மற்றும் வரைபடம்.

அட்டவணை 1 டெண்டர் / டொது ஏலம் விடுவதற்கு பரிந்துரை செய்யப்படும் குவளி பகுதிகள் விவரம்

SL	Village	Classification of the proposed site (As per	S.F. No.	Extent Proposed for	GPS coordinates of the proposed sites  Latitude Longitude		Distance from nearest Reserved	Distance from CNWLS
No.		Revenue Record)		Quarry Lease			Forest (km)	(km)
	Krishnagiri Taluk							
1	Jinjupalli	Un-assessed waste - Parai	169 (Part)	2.00.00	12.54916	78.15410	3.4 Pethathalapalli	20 Udedurgan
2	Jinjupalli	Un-assessed waste -Tharisu	197/2 (Part)	1.20.00	12.55956	78.15585	4 Pethathalapalli	20.4 Udedurgan
3	Billanakuppam	Un-assessed waste - Parai	278	2.08.50	12.59999	78.16812	3.2 Naralapalli Extn.	23 Udedurgan
	Bargur Taluk							
4	Shoolamalai	Un-assessed waste - Parai	54-Part-3	1.40.00	12.51168	78.25921	7.4 Pethathalapalli	31.2 Udedurgan
	Shoolagiri Taluk	11 11 11 11 11 11 11						
5	Kamandoddi	Un-assessed waste - Tharisu	616/3 (Part-2)	2.75.00	12.66910	77.94928	2.4 Settipalli	14.2 Udedurgan
6	Kamandoddi	Un-assessed waste - Tharisu	653/1 (Part)	3.35.00	12.66448	77.94973	2.8 Setti palli	13.7 Udedurgan
7	Kamandoddi	Un-assessed waste-Malai	754 & 760 (Part-VI)	4.00.00	12.65973	77.96080	2.7 Settipalli	13.3 Udedurgan
8	Kamandoddi	Un-assessed waste - Tharisu	1276 (Part)	2.00.00	12.66421	77.96741	2.2 Settipalli	13.9 Udedurgan
9	Venkatesapuram	Un-assessed waste-Karadu	86-Part-1	2.50.00	12.75552	77.94513	1.05 Athimugam II	24 Udedurgan
10	Venkatesapuram	Un-assessed waste-Karadu	86-Part-2	2.00.00	12.75586	77.94660	1.05 Athimugam II	24.1 Udedurgan
11	Venkatesapuram	Un-assessed waste-Karadu	86-Part-3	2.00.00	12.75397	77.94352	1.04 Athimugam II	23.8 Udedurgan
12	B.S. Thi.mmasandiram	Un-assessed waste-Parai	88/1 (Part-3)	4.50.00	12.84070	77.95736	1.01 Amuthugondapalli	33.5 Udedurgan
		Un-assessed	72(Part)	0.65.00			2.2	19.3
13	Doripalli	waste-Parai	87/1(Part) Total	0.95.00 1.60.00	12.71262	77.95474	Settipalli	Udedurgan
14	Thuppuganapalli	Un-assessed waste-Karadu malaj	420- Part-1	4.00.00	12.62856	77.95266	4.5 Sanamavu	9.9 Udedurgan
15	Thuppuganapalli	Un-assess ed waste-Karadu malai	420- Part-3	4.60.00	12.62604	77.95370	4.8 Sanamavu	9.7 Udedurgan
16	Thuppugana palli	Un-assessed waste-Karadu malai	420- Part-4	4.50.00	12.62499	77.95265	4.7 Sanamavu	9.6 Udedurgan

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SL No.	Village	Classification of the proposed site (As per	S.F. No.	Extent Proposed for	GPS cool	rdinate of	Platance from	Distance
		Revenue Record)		Quarry Lease	Latitude	Longitude	D. Marie Harri	130
17	Chennapalli	Un-assessed waste - Karadu	327/1- Part-1	2.45.00	12.62504	78.05404	2 Errandapalli	14.3 Udedurgan
18	Chennapalli	Un-assessed waste - Karadu	327/1- Part-2	2.45.00	12.62400	78.05477	2 Errandapalli	14.3 Udedurgan
	HosurTaluk							
19	Mugalur	Un-assessed waste	232/2 (Part-2)	4.85.00	12.62273	77.81719	5.6 Sanamavu	11.6 Udedurgan
20	Panchakshipuram	Un-assessed waste	603/1 (Part-C)	1.30.00	12.59781	77.79278	8,6 Sanamavu	11.6 Udedurgan
21	Panchakshipuram	Un-assessed waste	603/1 (Part-D)	2.00.00	12.59668	77.79277	8.6 Sanamavu	11.5 Udedurgan
22	Gobanapalli	Un-assessed waste	220/1 (Part-1)	3.00.00	12.63255	77.81140	6.4 Sanamavu	13 Udedurgan
23	Gobanapalli	Un-assessed waste	220/1 (Part-2)	3.00.00	12.63169	77.81128	6.4 Sanamavu	12.8 Udedurgan
24	Gobanapalli	Un-assessed waste	220/1 (Part-3)	3.00.00	12.63221	77.81357	6.2 Sanamavu	12.8 Udedurgan
25	Gobanapalli	Un-assessed waste	220/1 (Part-4)	2.00.00	12.63109	77.81268	6.3 Sanamavu	12.7 Udedurgan
26	Gobanapalli	Un-assessed waste	381 (Part-1)	1.30.00	12.63489	77.81198	6.4 Sanamavu	13.2 Udedurgan
27	Gobanapalli	Un-assessed waste	381 (Part-2)	1.50.00	12.63391	77.81214	6.4 Sanamavu	13.1 Udedurgam
	Denkanikottai Talu	k		19,				
28	Hosapuram	Un-assessed waste	346 (Part), 353, 354/2	1.97.50	12.64563	77.81959	6.1 Sanamavu	13.8 Udedurgam
		Un-assessed	320/1 (Part)	1.70.50			6.5	6.5
29	Daravendiram	waste - Podu	320/2	0.29.50	12.56214	77.68326	Jawalagiri	Jawalagiri
			Total	2.00.00				
30	Nagamangalam	Un-assessed waste - Kallankuthu	629 (Part)	3.20.50	12.57400	77.91418	3.9 Udedurgam	3.9 Udedurgam

மேற்கண்ட அட்டவணை 1ல் உள்ள குவாரி பகுதிகள், காவேரி வடக்கு வனஉயிரின சரணாலிபத்திற்கான சூழல் உயர்திரன் மண்டலத்திற்குள் (Ex-S குள்ப்/ச<sub>ூ</sub> 7 ஓருவு) வுருவுதில்லை.

#### ALLOWDER 2

டி ஸ்டர் / பொது எலம் மூலம் குத் த தை அமுமதி வழங்குவதை தற்காலிகளக மொக்கொலக்க மிர்களை செய்யப்படும் கூறாரிகளின் விரைப்பட்டியும்

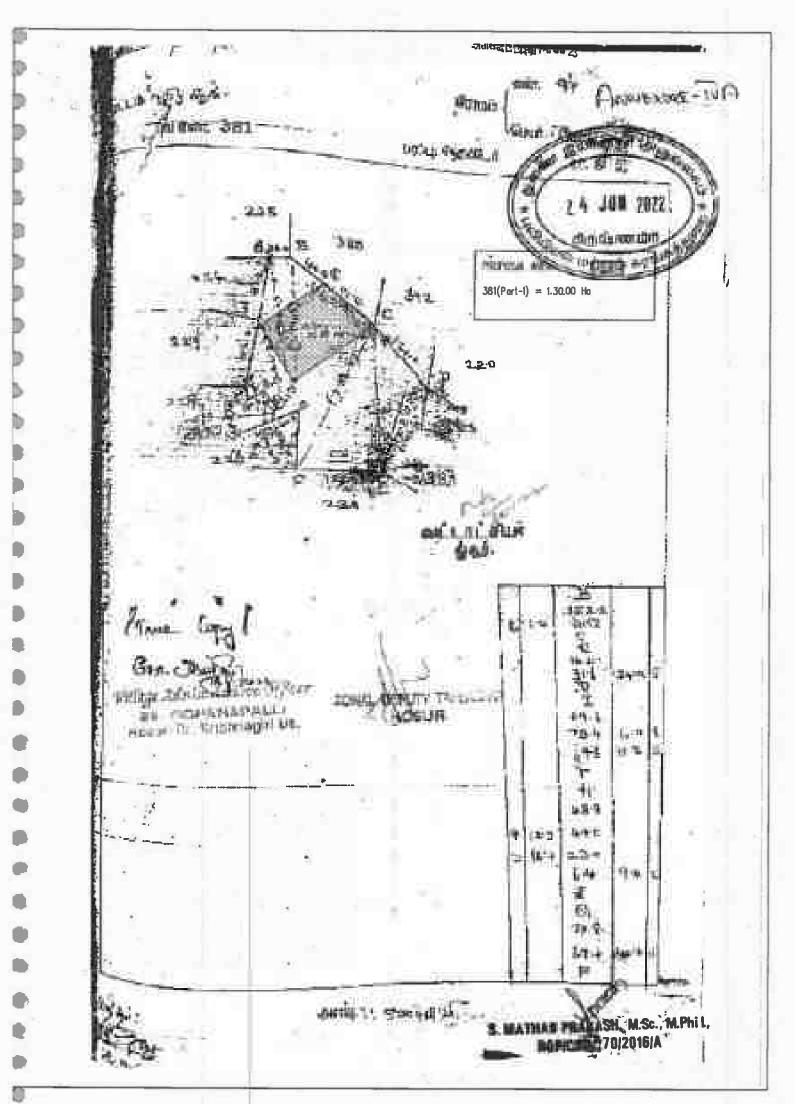
SI,		Classification of the proposed		Extent Proposed	GPS coordinates of the proposed sites		Distance from nearest	Distance	
No.	Village	site (As per Revenue Record)	S.F.No.	for Quarry Lease	Latitude	Longitude	Reserved Forest (km)	from CNWLS (km)	
	Krishnagiri Ta	luk		W C				27.2	
1	Kallukurukki	Govt. Poramboke – Ko Malai	701 (Part-II)	1.00.00	12.55536	78.22426	3.2 Kundarapalli Il	27.7 Udedurgam	
2	Kallukurukki	Govt. Poramboke – Ko Malai	701 (Part-III)	1.00.00	12.55541	78.22483	3.2 Kundarapalli II	27.8 Udedurgam	
3	Kallukurukki	Govt. Poramboke – Ko Malai	701 (Part-IV)	0.90.00	12.55463	78.22316	3.2 Kundarapalli II	27.6 Udedurgam	
4	Kallukurukki	Govt. Poramboke — Ko Malai	701 (Part-V)	3.50.00	12.55034	78.22850	3.9 Kundarapalli II	28.05 Udedurgam	
5	Kallukurukki	Govt. Poramboke – Ko Malai	701 (Part-VI)	1.00.00	12.54704	78.22598	3.7 Pethathalapalli	27.8 Udedurgam	
	Uthangaral Ta	luk					1000	15 0	
6	Katteri	Govt. Punjai- Podugal	17/1	1.25.00	12.19712	78.53751	1.6 Onnakarai	65.4 Marandahali	
7	Thathanur		10//2	1.61.00	12.21405	78.53499	0.5 Onnakarai	64.6 Marandahalii	
	Shoolagiri Talı	ak							
8	Mattampalii	Un-assessed waste-Karadu	53/1 (Part-1)	3.00.00	12.69400	78.06509	0.53 Kumbalam I	21 Udedurgam	
9	Mattampalli	Un-assessed waste-Karadu	53/1 (Part-2)	1.90.00	12.69279	78.06464	0.64 Kumbalam I	20.9 Udeđurgam	
10	Marandapalli	Un-assessed waste-Parai	71/2	1.15.0	12.6773,4	78.05708	1.4 Thekkalapalli	19.1 Udedurgam	

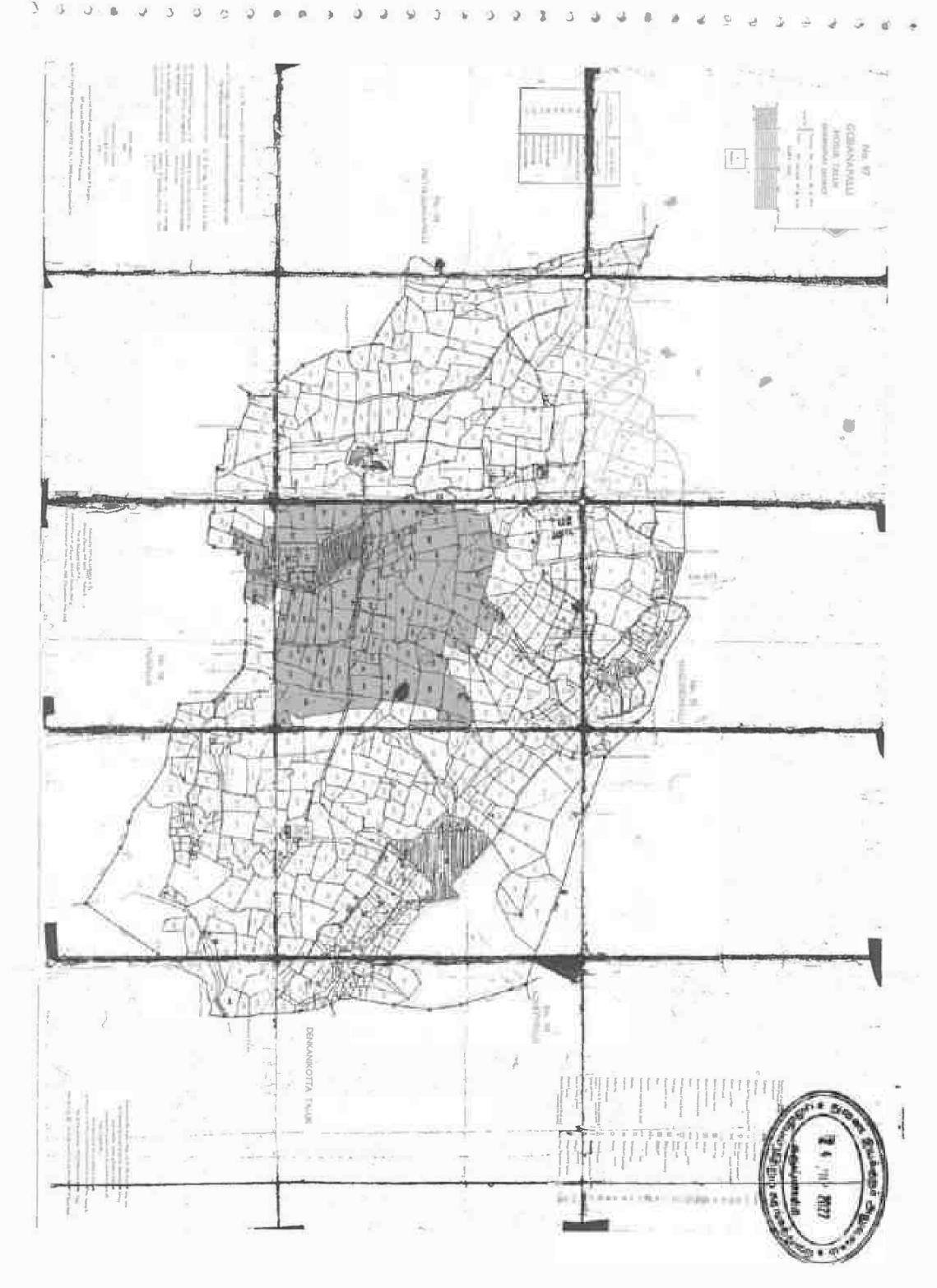
பேற்கண்ட அட்டவணை 2ல் குறிப்பிட்டுள்ள இடங்கள் குறித்து வனம் மற்றும் வனஉயிரின பாதுகாப்பு தொடர்பான கூடுதல் கள ஆய்வு மேற்கொள்ள வேண்டி உள்ளதாலும், மேலும் கால அவகாசம் தேவைப்படுவதால் அப்பகுதியை ஒட்டி அமைந்துள்ள இடங்களில் காப்பு நிலம் தொடர்பான முன்மொழிவுகள், பரிசீலனையில் உள்ளதாலும் இதுகுறித்த மேல் நடவடிக்கையினை துரிதப்படுத்திட இயலாத சூழ்நிலையில் உள்ளது. எனவே, அட்டவணை 2ல் உள்ள இவ்விடங்களின் டெண்டர் மற்றும் பொது ஏலத்தில் விடுவதை தற்சமயம் நிறுத்தி வைக்க பரிந்துரைக்கப்படுவதுடன், இவ்விவரம் தூரத்தை கணக்கிடும் பொருட்டே அனுப்பப்படுகிறது. குவாரி பணிகள் மேற்கொள்ள தனியாக துறைத்தலைவரிடமிருந்து, வனத்துறையின் தடைகுறித்த குறிப்புரை வழங்கப்படும் என அன்புடன் தெரிவித்துக்கொள்கிறேன்.

S. I MATHAMPRAKASH; M.Sc., M.Phil., //a 15.9.11//

தங்கள் அன்புள்ள, ஒம்/– க. கார்த்திகேயனி, வனஉயிரினகாப்பாளர், ஒசூர் வளக்கோட்டம்.

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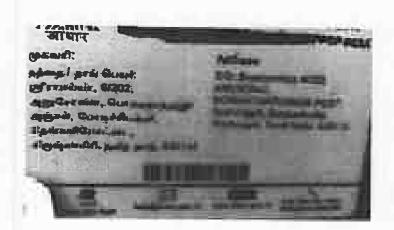




## PUNEXUUE -J



ஆதார் - சாதாரண மனிதனின் அதிகாரம்



S. MATHAN PRAKASH, M.Sc., M.Phil., RQP/CNN/270/2016/A

### भारत सरकार / GOVERNMENT OF INDIA खान मंत्रालय / MINISTRY OF MINES भारतीय खान ब्यूरो / INDIAN BUREAU OF MINES

HOWE TURE -VII





अईताप्राप्त व्यक्ति के रूप में मान्यता प्रमाण पत्र (खनिज रियायत नियमावली, 1960 के नियम 22सी के तहत) CERTIFICATE OF RECOGNITION AS QUALIFIED PERSON (Under Rule 22C of Mineral Concession Rules, 1960)

श्री एस. गाथन प्रकाश , 2/274, ईस्ट स्टीट, कुलरोकरनल्लूर पोस्ट, ओटपिडारम तालुक, तूतुकुडी डस्टीक्ट – 628 401, तिमलनाडू, जिनका फोटो और हस्ताक्षर ऊपर दिया हुआ है, तथा जिनहोंने अपनी अर्हता और अनुभव का संतोषजनक साक्ष्य दिया है, को खनन योजना तैयार करने हेतु खनिज रियायत नियमवर्ती 1960 के नियम 22सी के तहत अर्हताप्राप्त व्यक्ति के रूप में मान्यता प्रदान की जाती है।

Shri S. Mathan Prakash, 2/274, East Street, Kulasekaranallur Post, Ottapidaram Taluk, Thoothukudi District – 628 401, Tamilnadu, whose Photograph and signature is affixed herein above, having given satisfactory evidence of his qualifications & experience hereby RECOGNISED under Rule 22C of the Mineral Concession Rule, 1960 as a Qualified Person to prepare Mining Plans.

उनकी पंजीयन संख्या है His registration number is

ROP /CNN/270/2016/A

यह मान्यता 10 वर्षों की अवधि के लिए भाग्यता है जो दिनांक 09.02.2026 को समाप्त हो भी। This recognition is valid for a period of 10 years ending on 09.02.2026.

उनके द्वारा प्रस्तुत खनन योजना में गलत जानकारी / दस्तावेज पाए जाने की स्थिती में यह प्रमाण पत्र वापस लिया जाएगा / निरस्त किया जाएगा।

This certificate will liable to be withdrawn / cancelled in the event of furnishing the wrong information/ documents in the Mining Plan submitted by him.

स्थान/ Place : Chennai विभाग/ Date : 10,02,2016 - James

S. MATHAN PRAKASH, M.Sc., M.Phil., RQP/CNN/270/2016/A

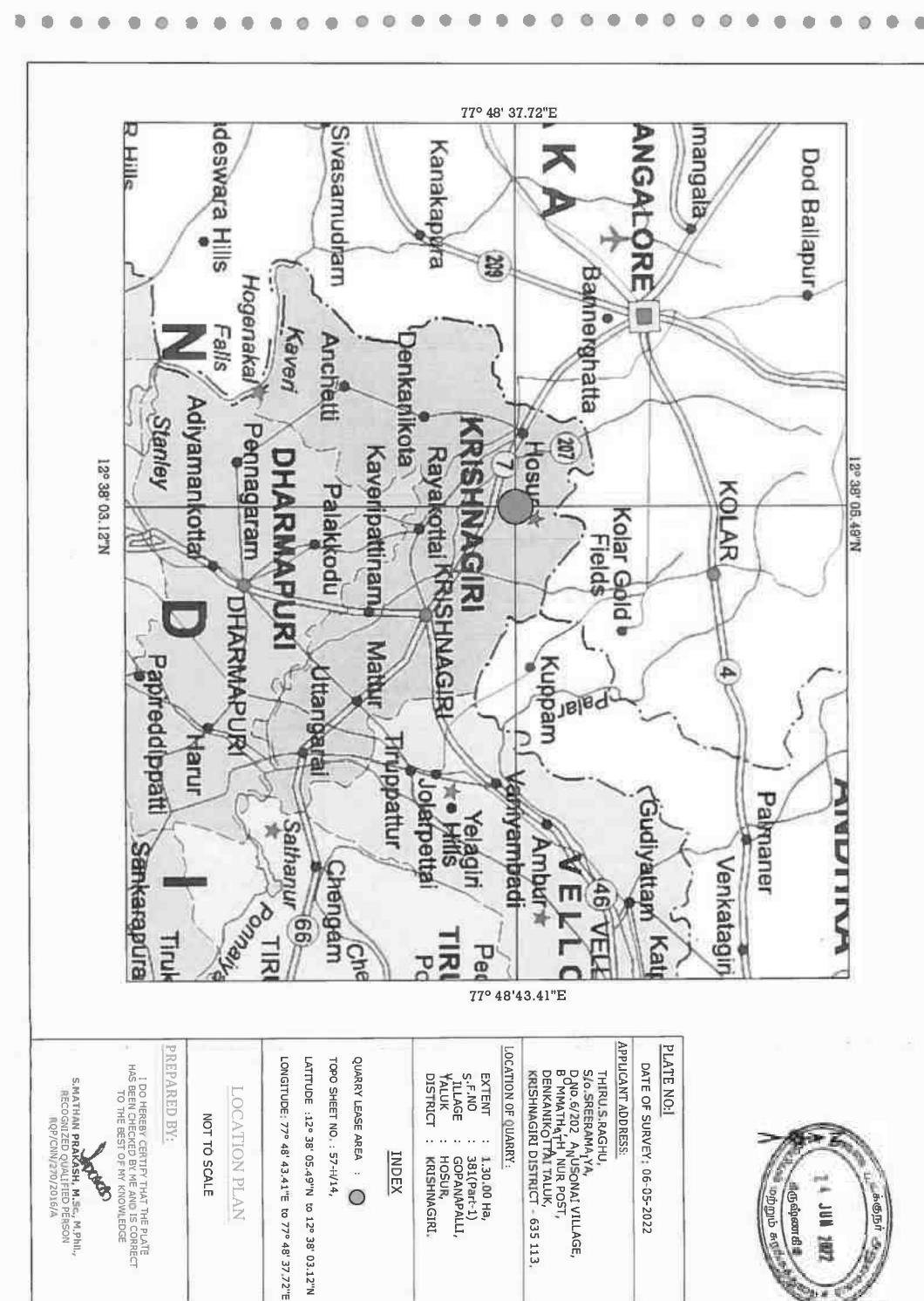
क्षेत्रीय खान नियत्रक / Regional Controller of Mines भारतीय खान च्यूरो / Indian Bureau of Mines



PHOTO SHOWN PROPOSED APPLIED LEASE AREA VIEW-2



S. MATHAN PRA KASH, M.Sic M.Phil. RQP/CNN/270/2016/A

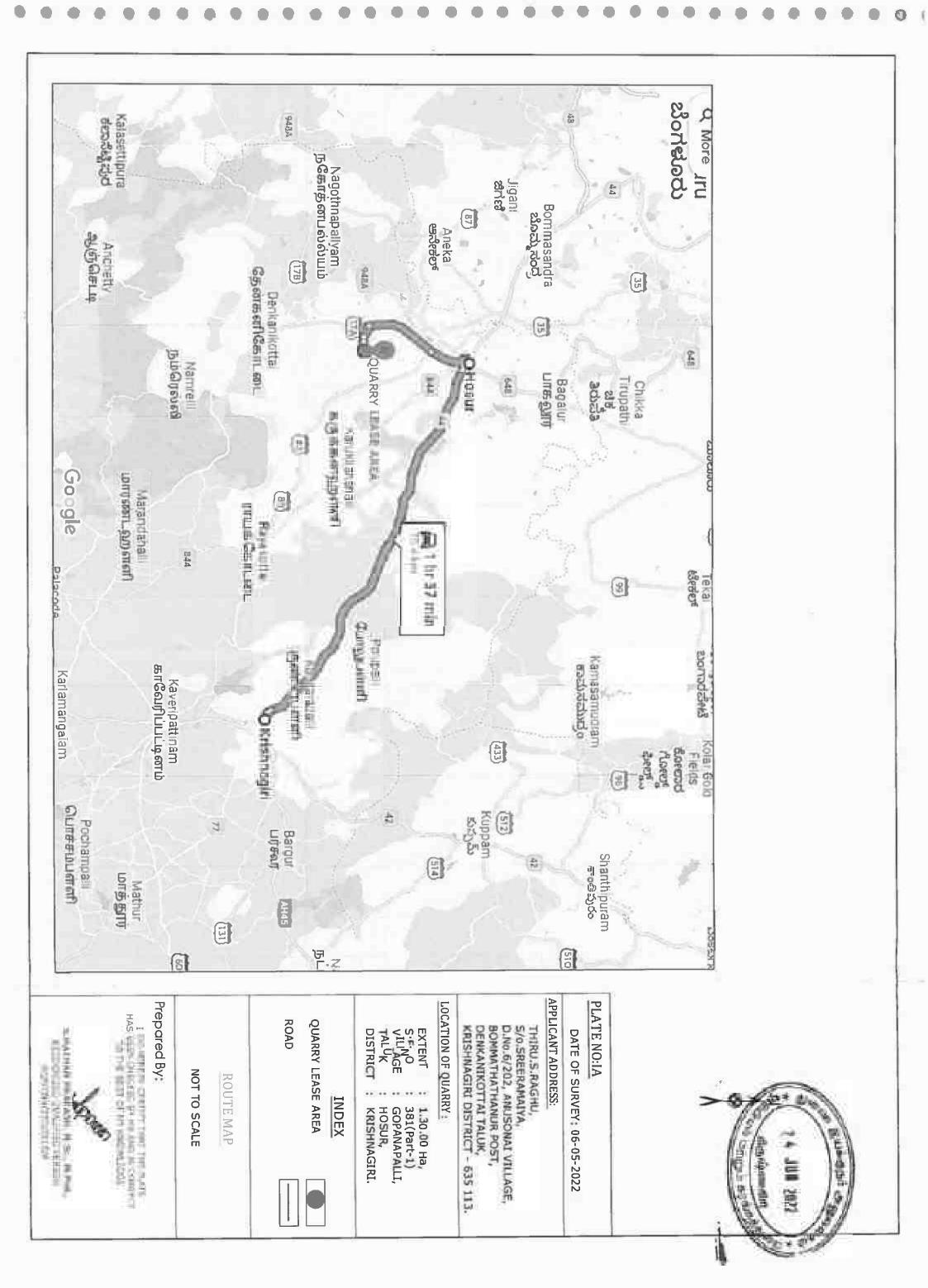


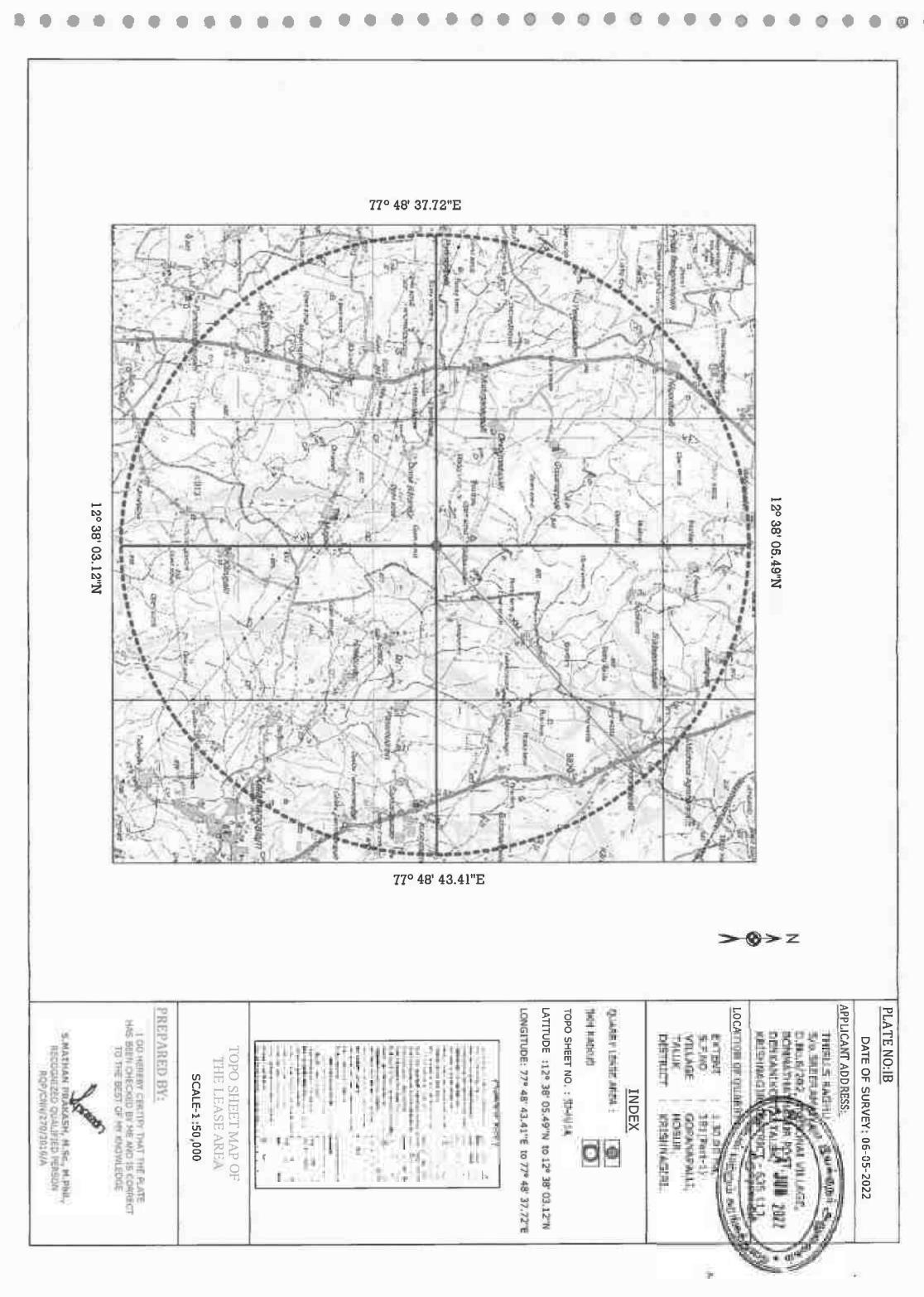
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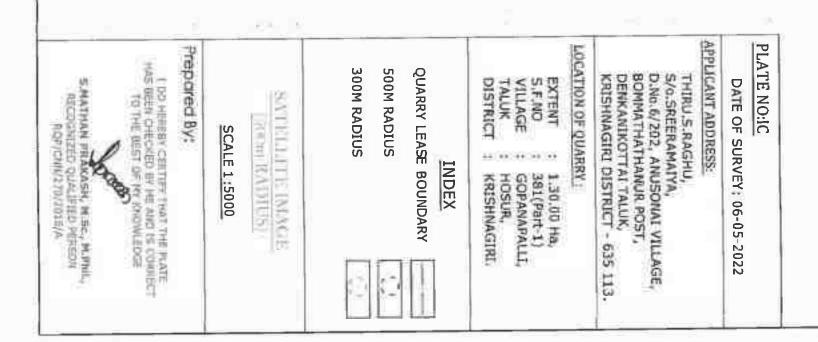




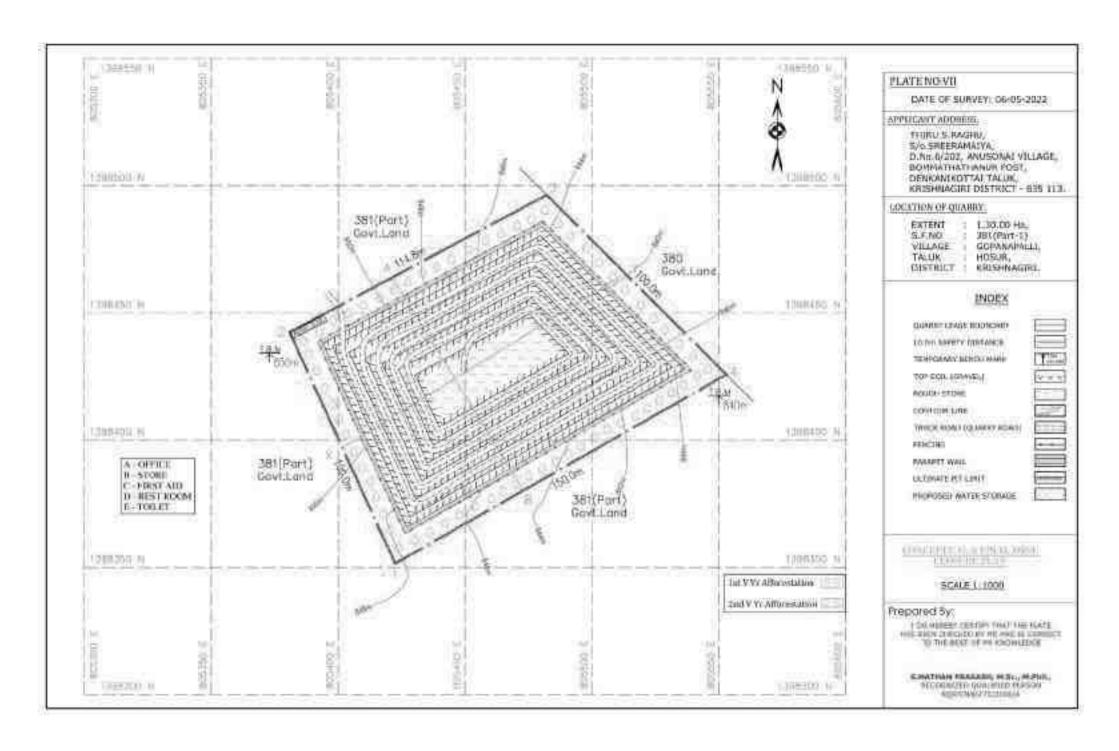
12° 38' 06.10"N 77° 48' 37.72"E

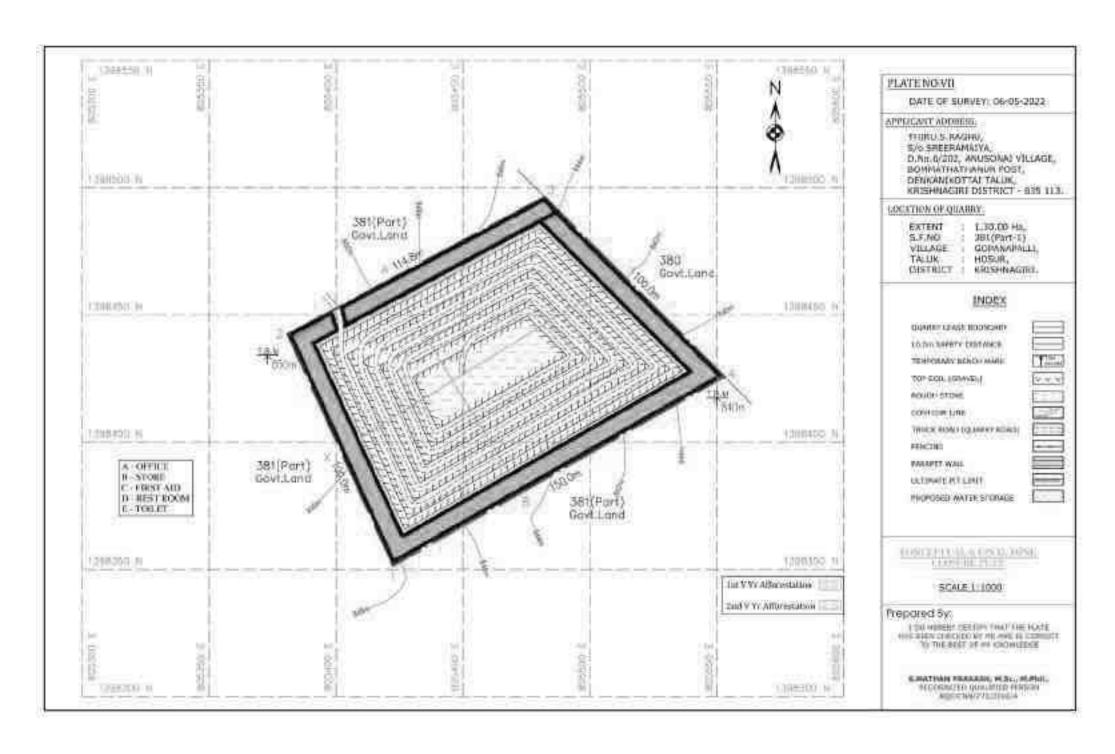


12° 38' 05.49"N 77° 48' 43.41"E

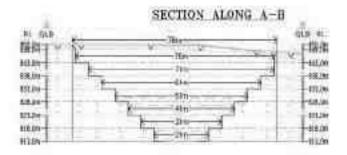








#### SECTION ALONG X-Y BL OLD Out Ro 磁路エッ 印版安 50.h titintotale: 1838,W) title-111,77 584 12.04 **STATE** 791 HILDY-403,70 440 03.59 401,76 HILDS 013,00



ULTIMATE PIT DIMENSION = 111.0m(L) X 78.0m(W)X 37.0m(D)

Surface Ground Level Above Height - 8m Surface Ground Level Balow Depth - 29m

MINABLE RESERVES									
Sextion	Beroch:	Length in (m)	Width lit(m)	Depth in [m]	Volume in [Cu.m.]	Recoverable Reserve In Cu.m(100%)	fapoil (Grayel) in Cu.m.		
		711	76	2			17006		
	11	. 38.	76	5.	35140	33943			
	111	:104	71	5	36900	36020			
XV-AB	IV.	34.	:65	5	28670	28670			
AT HE	V	84	33	- 50	21420	21420			
	VI	74	#1	5	15570	15170			
- 1	387	- 54	31	58	9920	9920			
	VIII	54	21	5	5670	5670			
	D=0.	Total=		7 -	151210	151710	17336		

#### PLATE NO-VII-A

DATE OF SURVEY 06-05-2022

#### APPLICANT ADDITIOS

THIRU:S.RAGHU, 5/o SREERAMAIYA, D.No.6/202, ANUSONAI VILLAGE, BOHMATHATHANUR POST, DENKANIKOTTAI TALUK, RAIGHNAGIRI DISTRICT - 635 113.

#### INCATION OF OURRRY

EXTENT 1.30.00 Ha, 5.F.NO 381(Part-1) VILLAGE GOPANA/ALLI, TALUR HOSUR, DISTRICT KRISHNAGIRI.

#### INDEX

QUARRY LEASE BOUNDARY LILLION SAPETY HISTORICE

TOP BOX (SEAWELT

MOUGH STEEL

WITHARD PRESIDE

PROPERTY WATER STORAGE



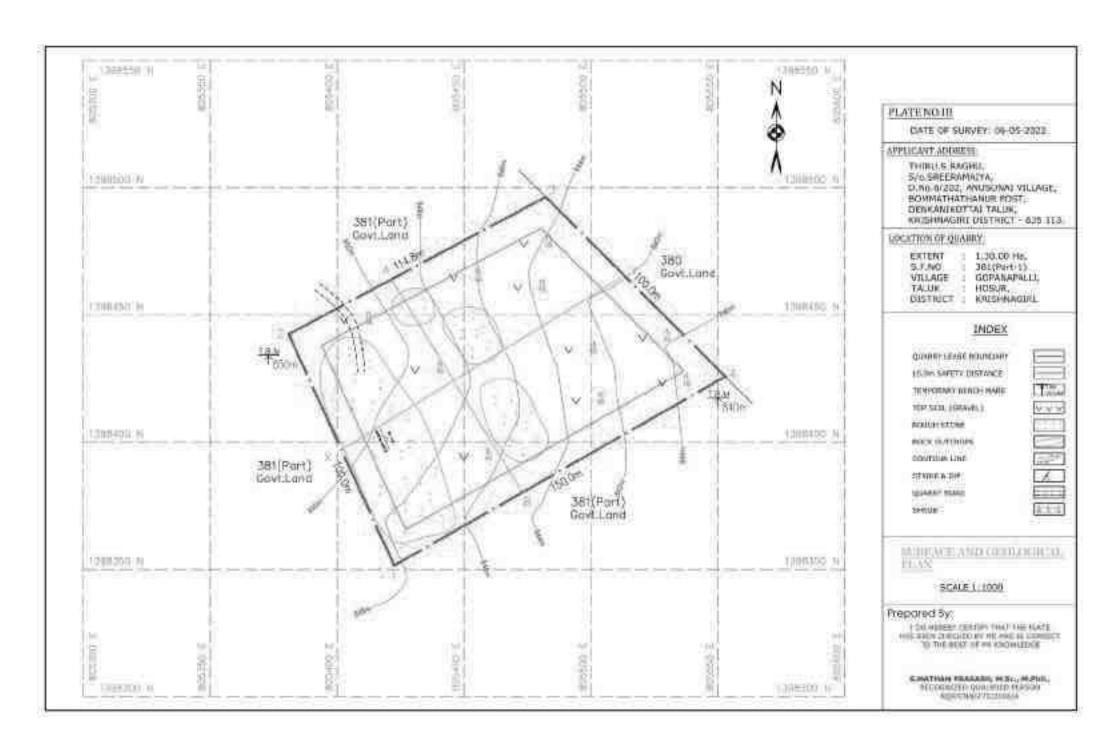


SEALE 1 1000

#### Prepared By:

I COMMITTEE STATE THAT THE WATE HAS BEEN OWNED BY AND THE COMMITTEE THE BEEN OF THE SECONDALISTS.

S. PIATHAN PRANCES, M.S.C., PR.PHIL. HEDGENGOOD GENCHES PERSON PORTANZATIONAL



### SECTION ALONG X-Y



SECTION ALONG A-B

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	V SI V	-
Lin-	- DEn	
UH -		
Di-		
in-	United Street	411
24	100	
tin-	200	
in .	-30	

GEOLOGICAL RESERVES									
Section	Bench	Length in (m)	Width in (m)	Depth in (m)	Valume In (Cu.m.)	Recoverable Reserve In Cu.m(2000c)	Topsoil (Gravei) in Cu.m.		
	- 1	131	98	2			25676		
	- 11	100	98	.5	8000	49000	100000		
	.00	131	38	- 5	5415C	64190			
XV-AB	. N	131	. 16.	- 3	54190	64190			
Arrive:	· V	133	. 98	. 3	64190	64190			
	VI	131	38	- 35	88190	64130			
	:WH	336	98.	- 35	64190	64100			
	Am	231	.98	- 15	54190	64390	lacoval —		
	1	Total-			434140	434340	25676		

Surface Ground Level Above Height - 8m Surface Ground Level Below Depth - 29m

#### PLATE NO-III-A

DATE OF SURVEY: 06-05-2022

#### APPLICARY ADDRESS:

THIRU.S.RAGEU, 5/0.5REERAMAIYA, D.No.6/202, ANUSONAI VILLAGE, BOPMATHATHAVUR POST, DENKANIKOTTAI TALUK, KHISHNAGIRI DISTRICT + 635 113.

#### LUCATION OF DUARRY.

ERTENT 1.30,00 H4, 5.F.NO 381(Pert-1) VILLAGE GOPANAVALLI, TALLM HOSSIG, DISTRICT KRISHNAGIRI

#### REGINI

QUARTE LEAR BOUNCEST 10.04 SAPETY DISTANCE TOP SOIL HOWNELL

ROSER STORE

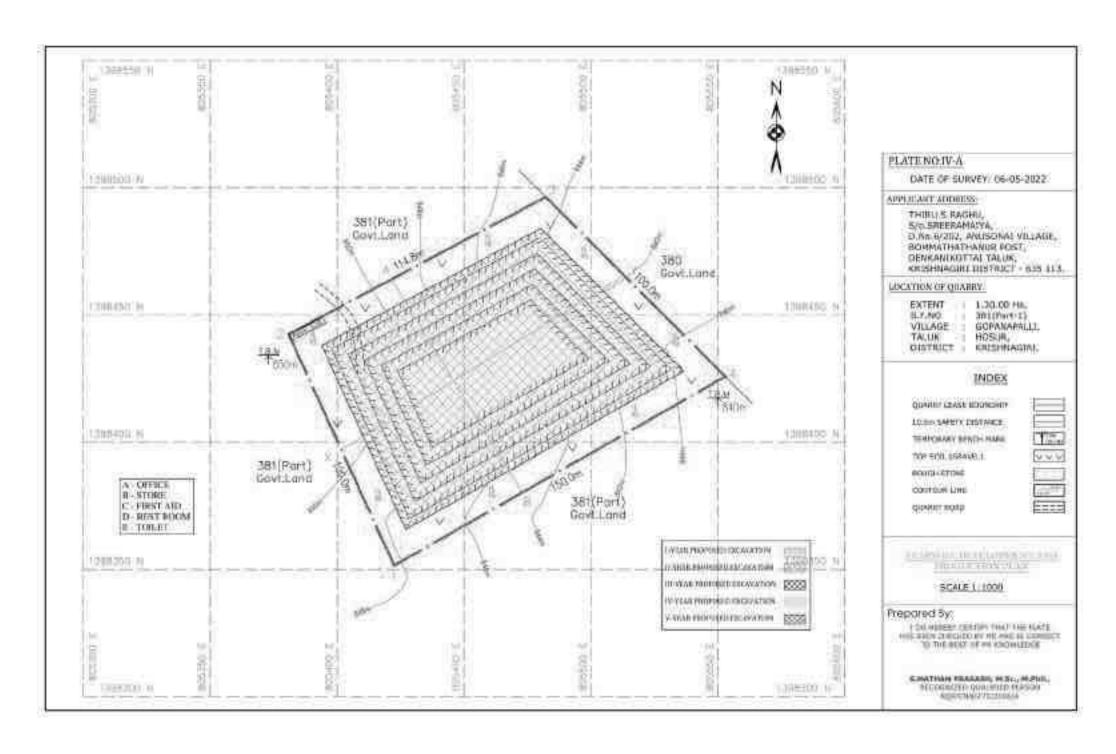
CHOUSEWAL SIXTERSAY

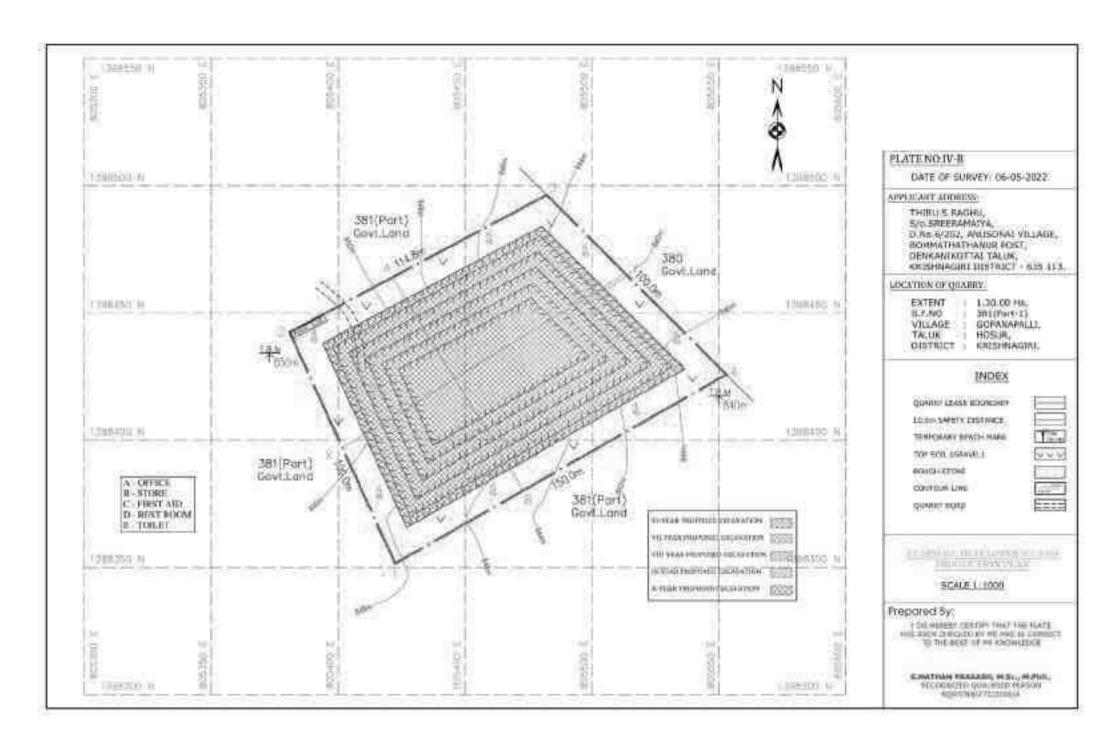
SEALE 1:1000

#### Prepared By:

CONTRIBET CONTINT THAT THE MARE HAD BEEN CONTINUED BY AND THE CONTINUED BY THE MARKET THE PROPERTY AND THE P

S. PIATHAN PRAIRIES, M.A.C., PR.PHIL., HYDRIGHOOD GRACIES PRAISA POPULARIZZALIONA

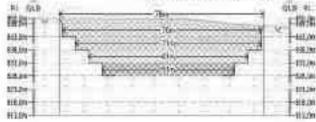




#### SECTION ALONG X-Y BL OLD Out Ro 磁路エッ 印版安 50,70 titintotale: 1838,W) title 111,77 40.00 59,04 titin-403,70 03.59 -01,7m HILDS 913,36

Surface Ground Level Above Height - 8m: Surface Ground Level Below Depth - 14m

# SECTION ALONG A-B



	YE	ARWI	SE DEV	ELOPME	NT AND	PRODU	CTION	
YEAR	Section	Sench	Length in (m)	Width in (m)	Depth in (m)	Volume in (m3)	Recoverable Reserve in m3 (100%)	Top Sot in m3
T-YEAR	хү-дв	1.0	111	78	-2			17216
Texticant	ATHAD	100	88	76	- 5	33440	33440	461/4/25
		TO	TAL			33440	33440	17316
II-YEAR	XY-AB	19	52	71	- 3	18460	18460	
	inore)	TO	TAL	5-7/-3		18460	18460	
III-YEAR	XY-AB	Note:	52	71	153	18463	38460	
arconverge	June 1	TO	TAL	5-0-3		18460	18460	
IV-YEAR	XY-AB	79	52	61	5	15860	15860	
		TO	TAL			15860	15860	
M. MEAD	XY-AB	. 10	12	61	3	12810	12610	
V-YEAR	AT-MD	V.	12	61	- 5	8150	8360	
		TO	TAL			20070	20970	
	1	GRANI	TOTAL			107190	107190	17316

LYGAR PRIDEGUIS DELAYARDS IF YEAR PROPERTY CIESWADOW SE YEAR PERFERENCEMENT POSS NAME OF PROPERTY OF PERSONS ASSESSED. STREET PRODUCED CSCWASHIN

#### PLATE RODY-A1

DATE OF SURVEY: 06-85-2922

#### APPLICANT ADDRESS:

THIRD S BACHU, S/G-SREERAMALYA D. No. 6/202, ANUSONAI VILLAGE. BOMMATHATHANUR POST, DENKANIKOTTAL TALUK, KRISHNAGIRI DISTRICY - 635 113.

#### LOCATION OF QUARTEY.

EXTENT 1139.00 His S.F.NO 381(Part-1) GOPANAPALLI. VILLAGE: TALLIK MOSUR. DISTRICT KRISHNAGIRI.

#### INDEX

CHARGE STATE STATES JUJUS SAFETY DISPANCE TOP SOLIGRAYED

BOUGH STORE

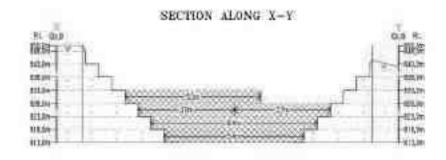
YEARWING DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT FOR STREET FOR STREET FROM STREET, THE PARTY OF STREET, THE P

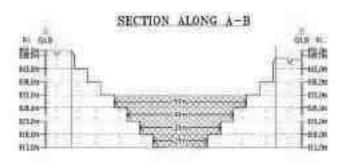
SEALE 1 1000

#### Prepared By:

COCHEREN CENTURY THAT THE MATE.

SUPERIOR PROBREM MAC, MUNIC. RECOGNICOS CONCRETA PERSON EQUICATION TO THE PROPERTY OF





	YEARY	VISE C	EVELO	PMENT	AND PR	ODUCTIO	N
YEAR	Section	Bench	Length in (m)	Width in (m)	Depth in (m)	Volume in (m3)	Recoverable Reserve W m3 (100%)
VI-YEAR	ху-ав	V	57	91	- 5	13290	13260
VII-YEAR		380	320	41	5	7985	7585
VIII-YEAR		. W	37	41	- 5	2585	7569
IX-YEAR		7/11	- 64	31	- 5	9920	9920
X-YEAR		- VIII	54	21	.5	5670	3679
			TO	TAL		44020	44020

SURFACE GROUND LEVEL BELOW DEFTH - 2DM

#### PLATE NO:IV-B1

DATE OF SURVEY: 06-85-2922

#### APPLICANT ADDRESS:

THERE'S RACHLI, S/0 SREERAMALYA, D. NR. 0/202, ANUSONAL VIELAGE, BOMMATHATHANUR POST, DENKANIKOTTAL TALUK, KRISHNAGIRI DISTRICT - 635 113.

#### LOCATION OF QUARTEY.

EXTENT 1.30.00 Hm.
S.F.NO : 381(PHH-1)
VILLAGE | GOPANAPHILL,
TALLK | HOSUR,
DISTRICT | KRISHNAGIRE

#### INDEX

CHARD LIANE SOCIETANCE TOPISON (SHAVE)

ROUGH STORE

SECRETARIA DE LA CONTRACTOR DE LA CONTRA

YOU WAR PROPOSED RESERVATORS \$5055

RESTERN PROSPERIENT CHEAVAILIER . (000)

A YEAR PROFESION DECAYATED. \$5555

THE YEAR PROPERTY EXPLAINS HAVE



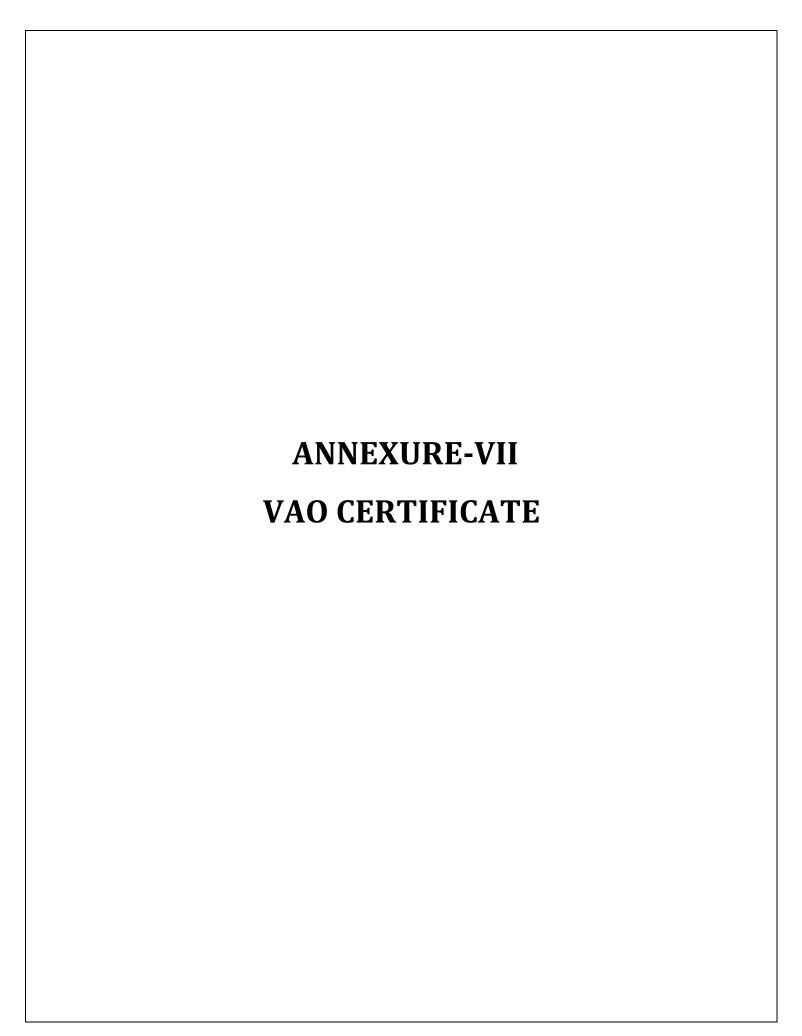
TEARWISE DE VOLOTORISCO ASULTROSACCIONISCO DE CONSE

SEALE 1 1000

#### Prepared By:

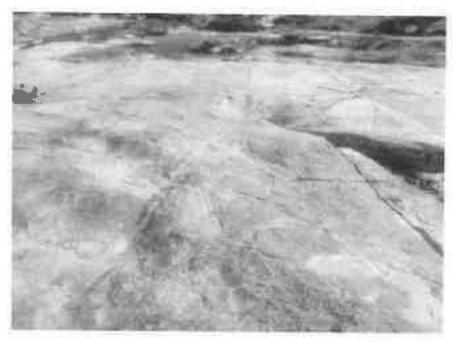
COCHEREN CENTURY THAT THE MATE.

S.PIFTHAN PRAIRIES, M.S.C., PEPHIL, HYDRIKOSOS GRACIFES PERSON FOREXANZINISTONIA



THIRU, S. RAGHU, Rough stone quarry in the S.F.No.381(Part-1) over an extent of 1.30.00ha, in Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District.

GENERAL VIEW OF THE APPLIED LEASE AREA





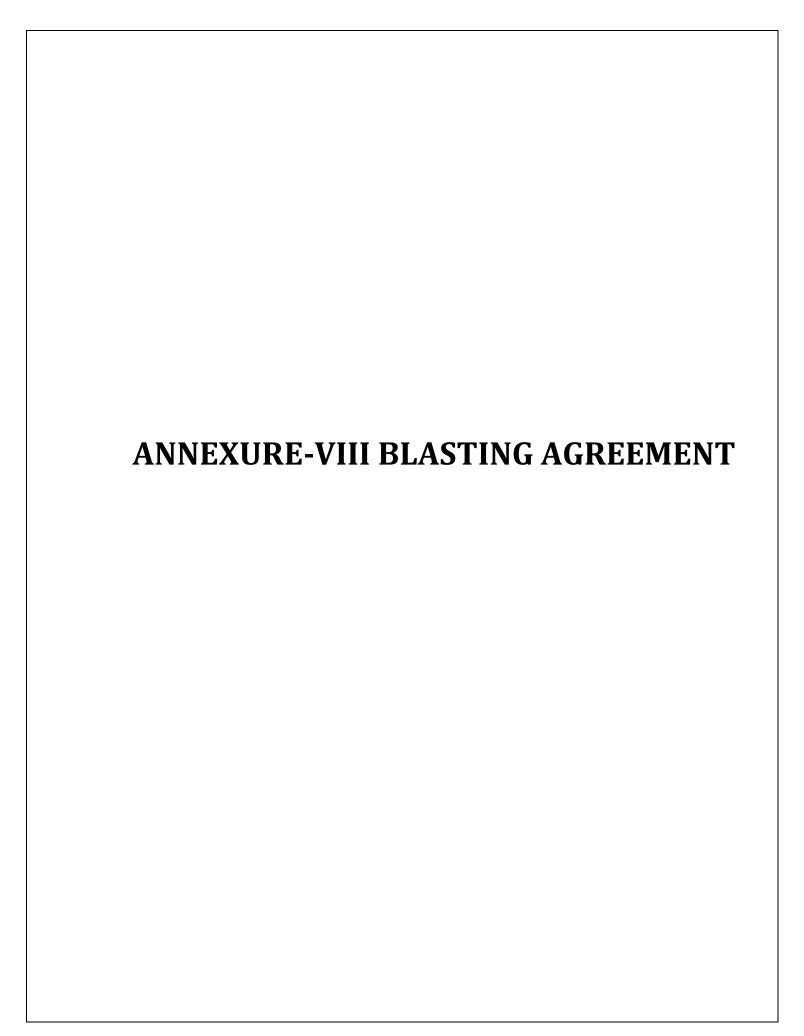
S.Raghu (Deponent) Gan Jaura Giffond J. Frank G. Malen -Ho. Kogur M. J. Standard H. Ville Kogur M. O. Standard H. Ville Kogur M. O. Standard H. Ville

# <u> भ्रमक्राक्</u>र

ABIGORALA UNIVERSITA DICIE, USARAM DICIE, USARAM DICIES, ESTANDICIONAL RAMBIA UN CIOSO 381 (PORT. 1)

LIMINA 1.30.0 CHAMBELA A CHOROU 2 TORM S. ME PROPRIO STORY S. ME PROPRIO STORY S. ME PROPRIO STORY STORY S. ME PROPRIO CONTRACTORIO STORY STORY

Village Administration of the Manual Tallah, Kalabanaga Lu.





# VISHNU EXPLOSIVES



## Blasting Contractor

Office : Door No. 273-A, Keelpaiyur, Paiyur Village, Kaveripattinam, Krishnagiri Dt. Pin - 635 112. Magazine at : SF No. 344/3B, Paiyur Village, Kaveripattinam, Krishnagiri Dt.

Cell: 98427 44073, 99655 44073, 94437 44073

Pol-

То

Sir.

S. Raghu, S/o. Sreeramaiya, D.No.6/202, Anusonai Village, Bommathathanur Post, Denkanikottai Taluk, Krishnagiri District-635 113.

Sub: Willingness to do Explosives Blasting Works - Reg.

With respect to the above subject, we would like to introduce myself as the Explosives Blasting Contractors, for which our LICENCE NO: E/HQ/TN/22/335(E64278) & E/SC/TN/22/463(E37327) S.F.No.344/3B, Pujyur Village, Krishnagiri Taluk magazine is situated in No.273-A, Keel Paiyor Village, Kaveripattinam, Krishnagiri, Tamiinadu-635 112.

We were engaged in professional blasting contract works with all facilities and License holders to carry out blasting works in specified time and period covered under Explosives Rules, 2008.

We kindly request yourself to engage us to do Explosives Blasting Works in your proposed Rough stone Quarry situated at S.F.No: 381 (Part- 1) in Gopanapalli Village, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District over an extent of 1.30.00 hectares.

SERVING BEST AT ALL TIMES

Thanking you.

For VISHNU EXPLOSIVES,

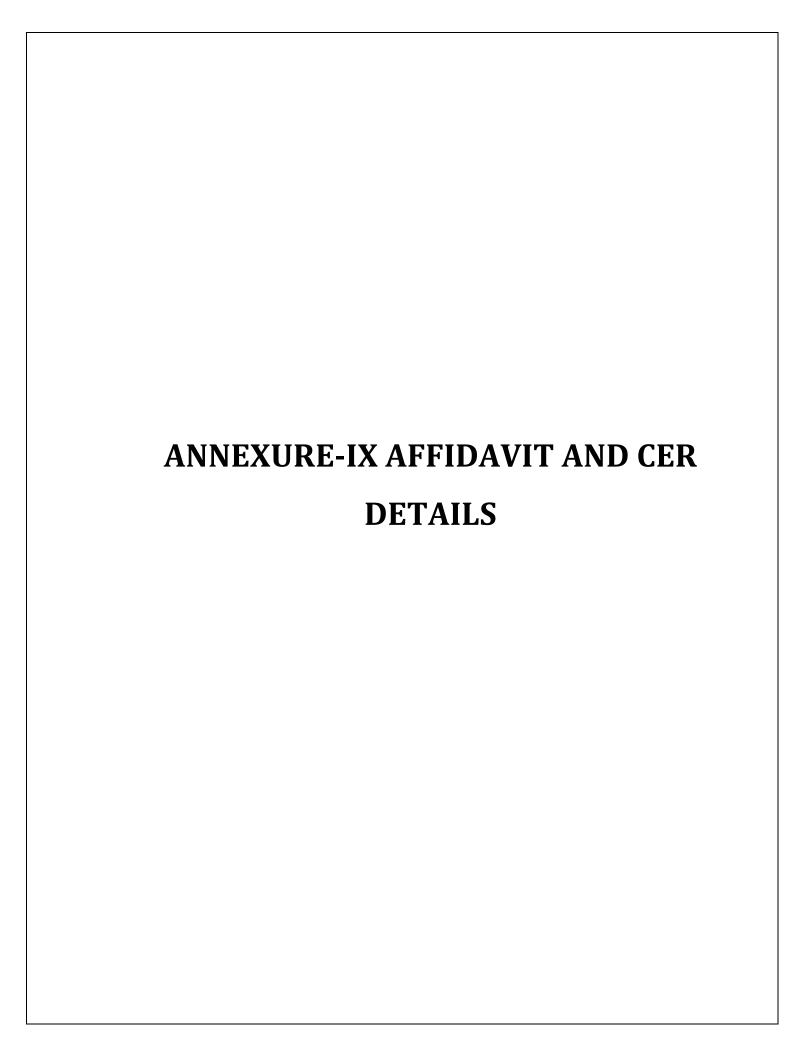
Enclosure: Magazine License Copy.

THE STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF TH The second of th ा अपन्य के किए एक सम्पन्ति में १८०० वर्ष अपने १८०० वर्ष । १८०० वर्ष १८०० वर्ष के प्रतिस्थान के समित के दिख्यों का आहे. package review the first optobal of the complete analysis of আনুসালি বা (1 septer No.) : f 140/13/01/208(664171) সাহিত্য সংগ্ৰহ চাই (Armed Lee II) - 161679 make the see placed to at and implicated by and the state of t The State of States of Section 1 and Section or of a Harrison school to be followed by THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY. a processor of the management of the second participant of A STREET AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR MARKET SECTION # 27.6 IN SECURE 10.00 Ona when a Supplied William Newspires Newspitzers (Show Fly, Robert 144 % . STATE OF THE PARTY. 75,1000,775 CLINE OF A LETTER OF CHILD AND A STATE OF THE ADDRESS OF THE ADDRE SHED INVESTIGATE A Register transport of ages (Neverly Public Ages (Neverly Public Ages (Neverly Public Ages)) (1) . Approximate the state of the पुरसेस धानी (Proces Seatoward Masser or old and Settlement Report Appendix Communities (Community Community Commun Tand Sale দিলাত লাভ \cdots 刮点 Skill objects theil drive 2004256003 STAIR (Phone) ं अनुसरित परिश्रम विश्वमीतिका ए केला वर्णा है man in highly in a desputation startage many ा कराव काम समाप्ता प्राप्ता प्राप्ता प्राप्ता । प्राप्ता त्व अवस्य प्रातः १० विकास कर्षे ए. १ १ विकास व The form that the state of the उत्तर हैं। हम भूतुम्बर की करों को प्रवेशन ए न ज मा या प्रदेशन की या सकते हैं जहां कह कर्ण हैं। मा दे महोता कि अस्त्रोधान राजिस क्रिक्ट कर हैं। the merved partners are out favor teachermer to the description shows in the plant and discipline LUNGALL **पद्म हिस्सीएक निर्माण**े, महाराजनगढना अस्तर स्थान 9877 PERFORM PS 2012 Name and Address of the Owner, where This will be remark to \$100. Agenda Panti Received Limit data (1974-1976) Received Limit data (1976-1976) Received Limit data (1976-1976) I among the set to be flower and the 201 Chirty, and opens a State or organize states dead 10000 Not. न्द्रोनीकरण के द्वरणना के देशा स्टब्स Spay traditionessed (13 or said अनुक्राम्य अविवेशको का सरकादन और स्थान समाध्य का भारता भवाकरण का अधिक Soprature williaming unit was and so of Date of Expery Souther Arresport 21 (5.30%) 9,000,000 Charles of Appearance of the

कानुनी गंतु-वर्त्त : विस्कृतिकों का गतत इस से चलाय है। जनका तुरूदयांग दिनि के अधीन क्यार तृतिक अपनाथ होन्छ। १९<del>वर्ष्टका Warners: Wichardling कार लेक्कर वी Curbouss shall supplied Service science officies and strike to</del>

# Note :- This is system generated document does not require physical signature. Applicant may take printout for their records.

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தமிழ்நாடு तमिलनाडु TAMILNADU 20 . 10. 2022. / 😘 50 -

S. Raghy, Krishnagiri

**க**ப்சு முகளிய நகர் கிரிவர்க்கம். ஆரமங்கலம். சேலக் 5. தமிற்கா**டு** 

## AFFIDAVIT TO SEIAA, TAMIL NADU

S. Raghu, Sto. Sreeramaiya residing at D.No.6/202, Anusonai Village, Bommathathanur Post, Denkanikottai Taluk, Krishnegiri District-835 113, do hereby solemniy declare and sincerely affign that. I have applied for getting environment clearance to SEIAA, Tamil Nedu for quarry lease for Rough Stone quarry over an extent of 1,30,0 Hall with Survey No. 381 (Part-1), in Gopanapalli village, Hoşur Taluk, Krishnagiri District, Tamil Nadu.

- gi. I swear to state and confirm that none of the following is situated within 10km radius of the quarry site for which, i have applied for environmental clearance,
  - a. Notified Protected areas under the wild life (Protection) Act, 1972 (NBWL).
- b. Critically polluted areas as notified by the central pollution control board constituted under water (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act 1974. À
  - Eco sensitive area as notified.
- International boundaries within 10km radius from the boundary of the proposed quarry site.



 The following Corporate Environment Responsibility (CER) activities will be completed before commencement of the quarrying activities.

CER Activity	Project cost (Rs)	CER cost (Rs)
Carrying out various		
developmental works in the	Rs. 1,65,40.000/-	Rs.5.00,000/-
nearby region based on the	114.1144143.536	110.0.00,200
need of the locals.		
Total cost Allocation	Rs.1,65,40,000/-	Rs.5,00,000/-

3. Details of quarry within 500m radius from the applied area:

a. Exis	ting Quarries					
S.No	Name and address of the lesses	Vülage & Taluk	SF.No.	Extent in Hectare	G.Q. No. & date	Lease
			-NH-		10	

S.No	Name and address of the lessed	Village & Taluk	SF.No.	Extent in Hectare	G.O. No. & date	Lease Period
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S.No	Name and address of the lesses	Village & Taluk	\$F.No.	Extent in Hectare	G.O. No. & date	Lease Period
1	Thmu. S Raghu	Gepanaalli village Hosur Taluk	381 (Part-1)	1 30 0 Ha	Rc.No 539/2022/ Mines dt:04.05 2022	Instant Proposal
2	M/s. Natural Stone	Gopanealli village Hosur Taluk	225/1 (Part-1)	3.00.0 Ha.	Rc.No.535/2022/ Mines dt:21.04.2022	Precise area given
3	Thiru. Nithin Reddy	Gopanaalli village Hosur Taluk	220/1 (Pert-2)	3.00.0 Ha.	Roc No 536/2022/ Mines dt:05.05.2022	Precise erea giver
4	Thiru. Sri Krish	Gopanaalli village Hosur Taluk	220/1 (Part-3)	3.00.0 Ha.	Rc.No.537/2022/ Mirves di.21.04.2022	Precise area giver
5	Thiru. Vijaya Kumar	Gopansalli village Hosur Talluk	220/1 (Part-4)	2 00.0 Ha.	Rc.No.536/2022/ Mines dt:28.04.2022	Precise area giver
6	Thiru Dhivakar	Gopansalli village Hosur Taluk	381/1 (Part-2)	1,50,0 Ha.	Rc.No 540/2022/ Mines dl.22.04.2022	Precise area giver





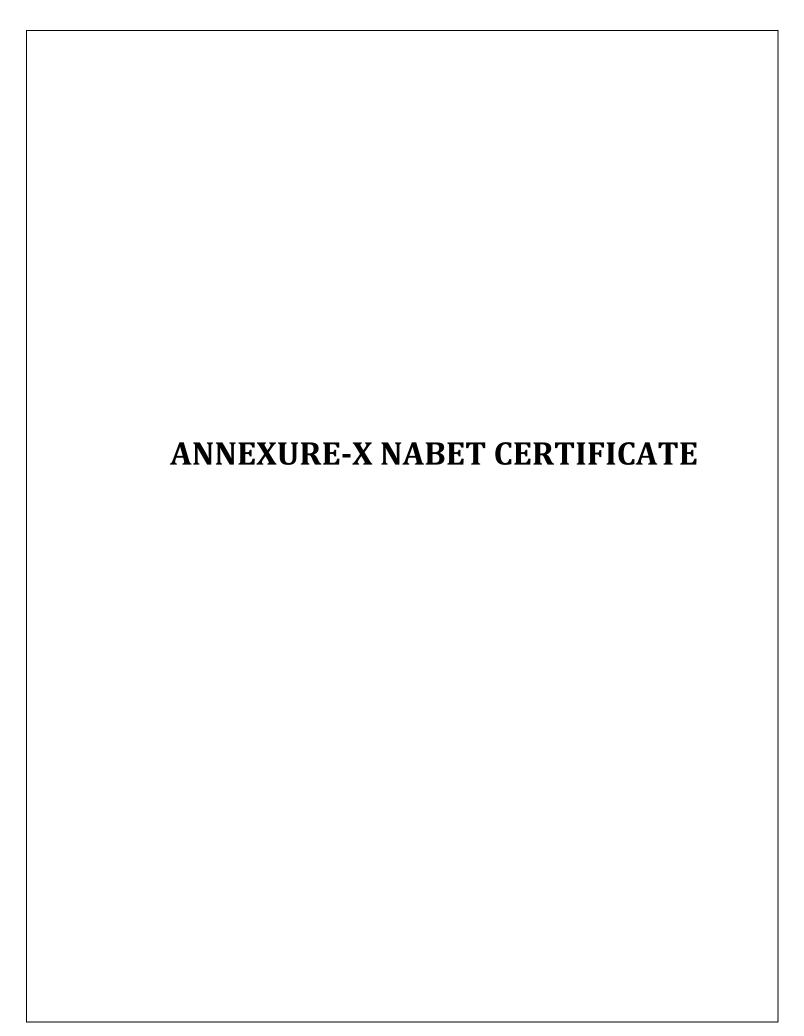
- 4. There will not be hindrance or disturbance to the people living on enrooted/ nearby my quarry site while transporting the mineral and due to quarrying activities.
- 5. There is no approved habitation within 300m radius from the periphery of my applied quarry.
- 6 I swear that afforestation will be carried out during the course of quarrying operation and maintained
- Insurance coverage will be arranged for the laborers working in my quarry site.
- 8 The existing road from the main road to quarry is in good condition and the same will be maintained and utilized for Transportation of Rough Stone.
- 9 I will not engage any child tabor in my quarry site and I am aware that engaging child tabor is punishable under the law
- All types of safety / protective equipment will be provided and used by all the laborers working in my quarry.
- No permanent structures, temple etc., are located within 500m radius from the periphery of my quarry.

I ensure to do the social and Environment commitment as mentioned in the Mining plan to the best of my knowledge.

S. Raghu (Deponent)



M SARAMANAA-MAR.S.SC.B.L ADVOCATE INDIAN DOVE OF INDIAN ADDE: N.Mansion, isk Gate, Marr Sons College... August Marr Road, SALEM-636-005









# National Accreditation Board for Education and Training



## **Certificate of Accreditation**

## **Eco Tech Labs Pvt Ltd.,**

48, 2nd Main Road, Ram Nagar South Extension, Pallikaranai, Chennai- 600100, T.N.

The organization is accredited as **Category-A** under the QCI-NABET Scheme for Accreditation of EIA Consultant Organization, Version 3: for preparing EIA-EMP reports in the following Sectors –

S.	Sector Description		(as per)	Cat.
No	Sector Description	NABET	MoEFCC	Cat.
1	Mining of minerals - including Open cast only	1	1 (a ) (i)	В
2	Thermal power plants	4	1(d)	Α
3	Coal washeries	6	2 (a)	В
4	Metallurgical industries - Ferrous only	8	3 (a)	В
5	Synthetic organic chemicals industry (dyes & dye intermediates; bulk drugs and intermediates excluding drug formulations; synthetic rubbers; basic organic chemicals, other synthetic organic chemicals and chemical intermediates)	21	5 (f)	А
6	Airports	29	7 (a)	Α
7	Industrial estates/ parks/ complexes/areas, export processing Zones (EPZs), Special Economic Zones (SEZs), Biotech Parks, Leather Complexes	31	7 (c)	А
8	Building and construction projects	38	8 (a)	В
9	Townships and Area development projects	39	8 (b)	В

Note: Names of approved EIA Coordinators and Functional Area Experts are mentioned in SAAC minutes dated Apr. 20, 2021 and supplementary minutes dated Oct.19, 2021 posted on QCI-NABET website

The Accreditation shall remain in force subject to continued compliance to the terms and conditions mentioned in QCI-NABET's letter of accreditation bearing no. QCI/NABET/ENV/ACO/22/2217 dated Jan. 19, 2022. The accreditation needs to be renewed before the expiry date by Eco Tech Labs Pvt. Ltd., Chennai following due process of assessment.

Jains.

Sr. Director, NABET Dated: Jan. 19, 2022

Certificate No.
NABET/EIA/2124/SA 0147

Valid up to Sep. 15, 2023

For the updated List of Accredited EIA Consultant Organizations with approved Sectors please refer to QCI-NABET website.

