## **COMBINED DRAFT EIA/EMP REPORT**

**FOR** 

# LIMEKANKAR QUARRY LEASES

SITE DETAILS			
Extent	15.14.5 Ha	3.42.5 Ha	
Location	Kallankurichi Village, Ariyal	ur Taluk, Ariyalur District	
Land Type	Own Pa	atta Land	
	PRODUCTION DETA	<u>ILS</u>	
Production	2,40,945 T of Limekankar & 32,126 T of Top soil	63953 T of Limekankar	
Ultimate Depth	2.70m bgl (0.45m Top soil and 2.25m kankar)	2.30m bgl	
Mining Method	Mining Method Opencast Mechanized Mining without drilling & blasting		
	PROJECT DETAILS	<u>S</u>	
Category	B1	B1	
Туре	Fresh Project, Lease Period : 10 Years	Fresh Project, Lease Period : 5 Years	
	EIA/EMP DETAILS		
ToR reference	TO25B0108TN5600951N dated 13.05.2025	TO25B0108TN5732932N dated 01.03.2025	
Baseline Monitoring	Summer Season (	(March – May 2025)	

#### **PROJECT PROPONENT**

## CHETTINAD CEMENT CORPORATION PVT. LTD.

Ariyalur Works, Trichy Road, Keelapulur, Ariyalur District-621707.

#### CONSULTANT

## **CREATIVE ENGINEERS & CONSULTANTS**

NABET ACCREDITED CONSULTANCY, NABL ACCREDITED TESTING LAB
9B/4, Bharathwajar Street, East Tambaram, Chennai-600059.

Cell: 09444133619 Email: cecgiri@yahoo.com,

**JULY 2025** 



## **REVISIONS OF EIA/EMP REPORT**

Revision number	Report Status	Date of submission
00/JUL/25	Draft EIA /EMP Report	17.07.2025

Environmental Impact Assessment & Environmental Management Plan Report for Two Limekankar Quarry Leases of Chettinad Cement Corporation Pvt. Ltd. over an area of 15.145 ha & 3.425 ha adjacent to each other in Kallankurichi Village, Ariyalur Taluk, Ariyalur District, Tamil Nadu was prepared by Creative Engineers & Consultants and authorized for submission by Mr. B.Swamynathan, EIA Coordinator, CEO, of Creative Engineers & Consultants on 17.07.2025 after due review by the personnel and consultation with Chettinad Cement Corporation Pvt. Ltd. Current Revision number of the EIA/EMP report is 00/Jul/25, signifying as per the revision mentioned in the above table that this is a draft EIA/EMP report.

Creating Possibilities

Chettinad

PROJECT PROPONENT DECLARATION

We, Chettinad Cement Corporation Pvt. Ltd. received ToR under EIA Notification 2006 from

SEIAA, Tamil Nadu vide their Lr No. TO25B0108TN5600951N Dated:13.05.2025 for mining

lease for Lime Kankar Quarry over an area of 15.145 Ha in Kallankurichi Village, Ariyalur Taluk

and District, Tamil Nadu

We have entrusted the EIA study to M/s. Creative Engineers & Consultants (CEC), Chennai

who have been accredited by the National Accreditation Board for Education & Training

(NABET), Quality Council of India with their accreditation valid upto 23.12.2026.

The Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) and Environmental Management Plan (EMP) have

been prepared as per the generic structure proposed in the EIA notification 2006, ToR issued by

SEIAA, Tamil Nadu. The prescribed ToR along with compliance is also incorporated in the

EIA/EMP Report.

This report is prepared based on the information and data obtained from the Mining Plan and

other records and the field study carried out by the consultant. The data given in the EIA/EMP

report are factually correct to the best of my knowledge.

For M/s. Chettinad Cement Corporation Pvt. Ltd.,

RA. Krishnakumar

Chief Operating officer

Chettinad cement

PROJECT PROPONENT DECLARATION

We, Chettinad Cement Corporation Pvt. Ltd. received ToR under EIA Notification 2006 from

SEIAA, Tamil Nadu vide their Lr No. TO25B0108TN5732932N. Dated:01.03.2025 for mining

lease for Lime Kankar Quarry over an area of 3.425 Ha in Kallankurichi Village, Ariyalur Taluk

and District, Tamil Nadu

We have entrusted the EIA study to M/s. Creative Engineers & Consultants (CEC), Chennai

who have been accredited by the National Accreditation Board for Education & Training

(NABET), Quality Council of India with their accreditation valid upto 23.12.2026.

The Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) and Environmental Management Plan (EMP) have

been prepared as per the generic structure proposed in the EIA notification 2006, ToR issued by

SEIAA, Tamil Nadu. The prescribed ToR along with compliance is also incorporated in the

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This report is prepared based on the information and data obtained from the Mining Plan and

other records and the field study carried out by the consultant. The data given in the EIA/EMP

report are factually correct to the best of my knowledge.

For M/s. Chettinad Cement Corporation Pvt. Ltd.,

RA. Krishnakumar

Chief Operating officer





(NABET ACCREDITED, NABL ACCREDITED TESTING LABORATORY,
DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND COMMERCE REGISTERED COMPANY

**EIA Consultant Undertaking** 

[In compliance with MoEF Office Memorandum No. J-11013/41/2006-IA.II (I) dated 04.08.2009]

Creative Engineers & Consultants (CEC) is an NABL accredited testing Laboratory, and also NABET

accredited Category-A environment consultancy organization for preparing EIA/EMP reports for the

sectors Mining of minerals, Thermal power plants, Mineral Beneficiation & Cement plants.

CEC has been accredited by the National Accreditation Board for Education & Training (NABET), Quality

Council of India for empanelment of EIA Consultants with their accreditation valid upto 23.12.2026.

Chettinad Cement Corporation Pvt. Ltd. received ToR under EIA Notification 2006 from SEIAA, Tamil

Nadu vide their Lr No. TO25B0108TN5600951N Dated:13.05.2025 for mining lease for Lime Kankar

Quarry over an area of 15.145 Ha in Kallankurichi Village, Ariyalur Taluk and District, Tamil Nadu.

Chettinad Cement Corporation Pvt. Ltd. received ToR under EIA Notification 2006 from SEIAA, Tamil

Nadu vide their Lr No. TO25B0108TN5732932N. Dated:01.03.2025 for mining lease for Lime Kankar

Quarry over an area of 3.425 Ha in Kallankurichi Village, Ariyalur Taluk and District, Tamil Nadu

The prescribed TOR is complied with and incorporated in the EIA Report and submitted. This report is

based on the information and data obtained from Approved Mining Plan, other records and data from the

field study by CEC. The data generated and given in the EIA/EMP Report are factually correct. The

sample analyses are carried out through CEC's laboratory.

(P. Giri)

Chief Executive & EIA Coordinator

**Creative Engineers & Consultants** 

9/4b, Bharathwajar Street, East Tambaram, Chennai – 600 059. Ph : 22395170, 9444133619, fax : 91-44-22396643.

e-mail: cecgiri@yahoo.com, web: www.creativeengineers.co.in

#### Annexure - VII

### **Declaration by Experts contributing to the EIA Report for**

Combined EIA/EMP Report For Limekankar Quarry Leases of Chettinad Cement Corporation Pvt. Ltd. Over an area of 15.145 Ha & 3.425 Ha in Kallankurichi Village, Ariyalur Taluk, Ariyalur District, Tamil Nadu.

I, hereby, certify that I was a part of the EIA team in the following capacity that developed the above EIA.

EIA coordinator:

Name: **B.Swamynathan** 

Signature and Date:

Period of involvement: Feb 2025 onwards

Contact information: 09444133619

## Functional area experts:

S. No.	Function al areas	Name of the	Involvement  (period and task**)	Signature and date
No. 1	AP*	P.Giri	<ul> <li>(period and task**)</li> <li>Identification of baseline monitoring stations and study of the monitored data with respect to the applicable standards.</li> <li>Identification of sources of air pollution comprising dust, gaseous emission due to mining &amp; other activities</li> <li>Identification of Impacts &amp; suggestion of mitigation measures</li> <li>Period: March 2025 onwards</li> </ul>	Qui
			<ul> <li>Data interpretation of Micro meteorological data for wind rose.</li> <li>Identification of polluting source and suggestion of suitable mitigation measures.</li> <li>Period: Feb 2025 onwards</li> </ul>	2 Suramy rettor
2	WP*	G.Sandhya	<ul> <li>Study of the monitored data with respect to the applicable standards.</li> <li>Study of water requirement, preparation of water balance diagram.</li> <li>Identification of impact of the project on the water quality and suggestion of suitable mitigation measures.</li> </ul>	A.

			<ul> <li>Preparation of sections relevant to WP functional area in the EIA/EMP report.</li> <li>Period: March 2025 onwards</li> </ul>	
3	SHW*	P.Giri	<ul> <li>Quantification of mineral &amp; waste from mining operation</li> <li>Waste disposal method evaluation</li> <li>Providing dump management plan</li> <li>Providing Surface Runoff Management Structure Requirements.</li> <li>Identification of Hazardous waste and its details of disposal</li> <li>Period: March 2025 onwards</li> </ul>	Qui
4	SE*	R.Baburaj	<ul> <li>Identification of villages in the study area and finalization of demographic profile of the villages within the study area.</li> <li>Preparation of sections relevant to SE functional area in the EIA/EMP report</li> <li>Period: March 2025 onwards</li> </ul>	9 PM 8
5	EB*	B.Swamynathan	<ul> <li>Perusal of existing data relevant to this project.</li> <li>Studying the details of flora and fauna, separately for core, buffer zone and forest area based on primary field survey.</li> <li>Identification of species, Indicating the Schedule of the fauna present in the study area</li> <li>Assessment of impact on Biological environment and suggestion of mitigative measures</li> <li>Collecting &amp; providing details of existing and proposed Green belt development /plantation in the core zone Period: Feb 2025 onwards</li> </ul>	S Sustan Mall an
6	HG*	K.Shankar	<ul> <li>Study of existing surface drainage arrangements in the core and buffer zone, impact due to mining on these drainage courses and suggestion of mitigative measures</li> <li>Perusal of site specific ground water table details for the core zone and the study area.</li> <li>Studied the hydrological aspects of surface and groundwater in study area</li> <li>Study about impact on the hydrology due to mining operation</li> <li>Suggesting mitigative measures like RWH for</li> </ul>	k- Charker

			enhancement of ground water level Period: March 2025 onwards	
7	GEO*	K.Shankar	<ul> <li>Study of geology of the ML area and the surrounding areas.</li> <li>Provide details about Mineral composition</li> <li>Period: March 2022 onwards</li> </ul>	K-Charker
8	SC*	B.Swamynathan	<ul> <li>Study of soil profile</li> <li>Assessment of Impact on soil and suggesting plantation scheme.</li> <li>Period: Feb 2025 onwards</li> </ul>	3 Susamry Meditor
9	AQ*	G.Sandhya	<ul> <li>Quantification of emission particulars</li> <li>Preparation of meteorological data in suitable form for input into the model</li> <li>Simulation of model for generation of Isopleth and data interpretation. Analysis of the Isopleth generated</li> <li>Studying the impact on AAQ monitoring locations due to the generated emissions.</li> <li>Preparation of sections relevant to AQ functional area in the EIA/EMP report.</li> <li>Period: March 2025 onwards</li> </ul>	A.
10	NV*	P.Giri	<ul> <li>Identification of baseline monitoring stations and study of the monitored data with respect to the applicable standards.</li> <li>Predict the noise level and vibration level due to proposed mining operation based on scientific evaluation.</li> <li>Suggesting the Mitigation measures to control noise pollution, Suggesting the Mitigation measures to control ground vibration</li> <li>Period: March 2025 onwards</li> </ul>	Qui
11	LU	B.Swamynathan	<ul> <li>Collection of Remote sensing satellite data to study the land use pattern.</li> <li>Primary field survey and limited field verification</li> <li>Preparation of Land use map using Satellite data of the project area separately for the core zone and the buffer zone and providing the land use pattern.</li> <li>Period: Feb 2025 onwards onwards</li> </ul>	B Swammy well for

12	RH*	K.Shankar	<ul> <li>Identified Major risks involved in the project Mitigation measures suggested to avoid risk.</li> <li>Preparation of onsite and offsite emergency</li> </ul>	
12	KII	K.Shankar	management plan Period: March 2025 onwards onwards	K. Sharker

<sup>\*</sup>One TM against each FAE may be shown

## Declaration by the Head of the accredited consultant organization/ authorized person

I, P.Giri hereby,confirm that the above mentioned experts prepared the EIA report for Combined EIA/EMP Report For Limekankar Quarry Leases of Chettinad Cement Corporation Pvt. Ltd. Over an area of 15.145 Ha & 3.425 Ha in Kallankurichi Village, Ariyalur Taluk, Ariyalur District, Tamil Nadu

I also confirm that EIA Coordinator (EC) has gone through the report, and the consultant organization shall be fully accountable for any misleading information. It is certified that no unethical practices, plagiarism involved in carrying out the work and external data / text has not been used without proper acknowledgement while preparing this EIA report.

Signature:

Name: P.Giri

**Designation: Chief Executive** 

Name of the EIA consultant organization: Creative Engineers & Consultants, Chennai – 59

NABET Certificate No. & Issue Date: NABET/EIA/23-26/RA 0331 & date 23.12.2026

<sup>\*\*</sup>Please attach additional sheet if required







# **National Accreditation Board for Education and Training**

# **Certificate of Accreditation**

## **Creative Engineers and Consultants, Chennai**

9B/4, Bharathwajar street, East Tambaram, Chennai, Tamil Nadu

The organization is accredited as Category-A under the QCI-NABET Scheme for Accreditation of EIA Consultant Organization, Version 3: for preparing EIA/EMP reports in the following Sectors-

S. No	Sactor Description	Sector (as per)	Cod	
3. NO	Sector Description	NABET	MoEFCC	Cat.
1.	Mining of minerals- opencast mining only	1	1 (a) (i)	Α
2.	Thermal power plants	4	1 (d)	А
3.	Mineral beneficiation	7	2 (b)	Α
4.	Cement plants	9	3 (b)	Α

Note: Names of approved EIA Coordinators and Functional Area Experts are mentioned in RAAC minutes dated May 03, 2024, posted on QCI-NABET website.

The Accreditation shall remain in force subject to continued compliance to the terms and conditions mentioned in QCI-NABET's letter of accreditation bearing no QCI/NABET/ENV/ACO/24/3250 dated May 24, 2024. The accreditation needs to be renewed before the expiry date by Creative Engineers and Consultants, Chennai following due process of assessment.

Issue Date May 24, 2024

Valid up to December 23, 2026



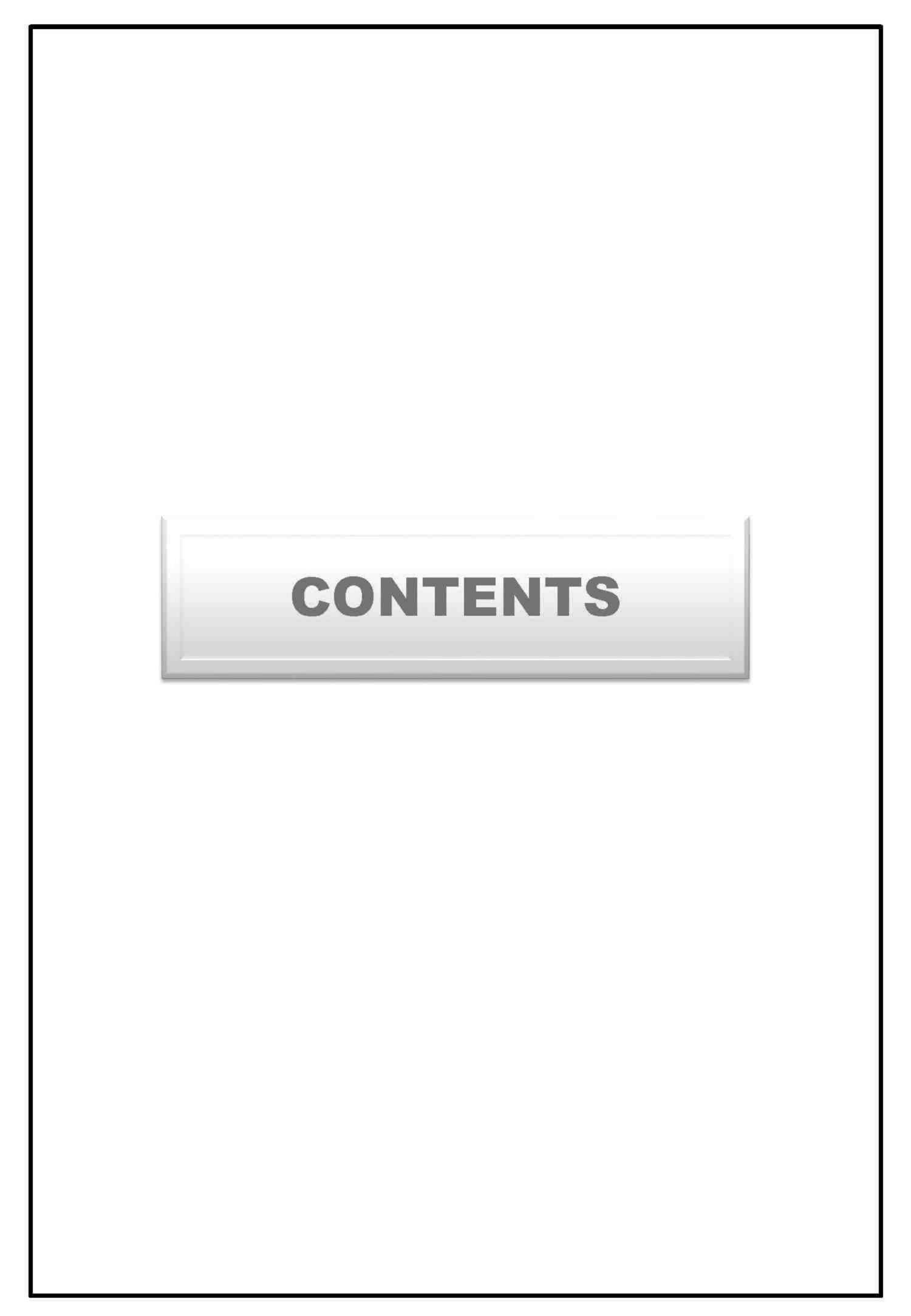
Mr. Ajay Kumar Jha (Sr. Director, NABET)

Certificate No. NABET/EIA/23-26/RA 0331

Prof (Dr) Varinder S Kanwar (CEO-NABET)

18 inderkanwa

For the updated List of Accredited EIA Consultant Organizations with approved Sectors please refer to QCI-NABET website.





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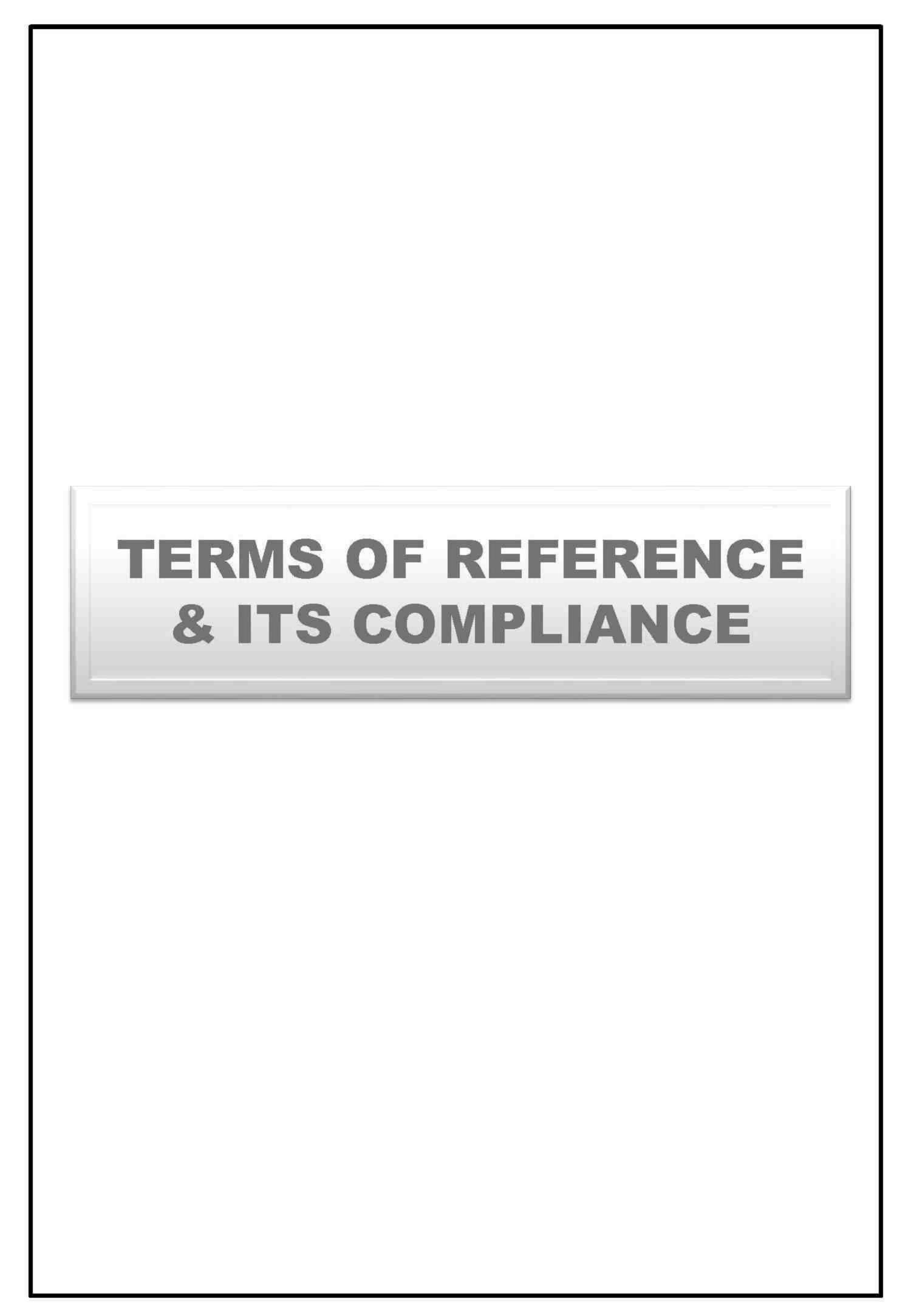
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## **File No:** 11964

#### **Government of India**

# Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change (Issued by the State Environment Impact Assessment Authority(SEIAA), TAMIL NADU)



\*\*\*

Dated 13/05/2025



To,

Thiru.R.Nithianandan

M/s. Chettinad Cement Corporation Private Limited

"Meyyammai Building", 2nd Floor, No.17/35, Gandhi nagar, Second main Road, Adayar, chennai,

Ariyalur, TAMIL NADU, Near Anna Flyover, 600006

tech@chettinadcement.com

**Subject:** 

Grant of Terms of Reference under the provision of the EIA Notification 2006- as amended regarding.

Sir/Madam,

Sub: SEIAA, Tamil Nadu – Proposed Lime kankar Quarry lease over an extent of 15.14.5Ha in S.F. Nos.41/1, 41/2, 41/3, 41/4, 41/5, 41/6, 41/9, 41/10, 41/11, 41/12, 41/13, 44/1, 44/2, 44/6, 44/7, 44/8, 44/9, 44/10, 44/11, 44/12, 44/13, 44/14, 44/15, 44/16, 44/17, 44/19A, 44/19B, 44/19C, 44/20, 44/21, 44/22, 45/5A, 45/5B, 45/20, 45/22A, 45/23A, 45/23B, 47/16, 47/17, 47/18, 47/19, 47/20, 47/22, 47/23, 47/24, 50/3, 50/4, 50/5, 50/6, 50/7, 52/1A, 52/1B, 52/1C, 52/1D, 52/2, 52/3, 52/4, 52/5, 52/6, 52/7A, 52/7B, 52/8, 52/9, 52/10, 52/11,52/12, 52/13, 52/14, 52/15, 52/16A, 52/16B, 52/17, 52/18, 52/19, 52/20, 52/21, 52/22, 52/23, 53/1A,53/1B, 53/2A, 53/2B, 53/3, 53/4, 53/5A, 53/5B, 53/6A, 53/6B, 53/7, 53/8, 53/9, 53/10A, 53/10B, 53/10C, 53/11A, 53/11B, 53/12, 53/13A, 53/13B, 53/13C, 53/13D, 53/13E, 53/14, 53/15, 54/1, 54/2, 54/3, 54/4, 54/5, 54/6, 54/7A, 54/7B, 54/7C, 54/7D, 54/8A, 54/8B, 54/8C, 54/9, 54/10A, 54/10B, 54/11, 54/12A, 54/12B, 54/12C, 56/1, 56/2, 56/5, 56/6, 56/7, 56/8, 56/9, 56/11A, 56/11B, 56/12, 56/13, 56/14, 56/15, 56/16, 59/1, 59/2, 59/3, 59/4, 59/5, 59/6, 59/7, 59/8, 59/9A, 59/9B, 59/9C, 59/9D, 59/9E, 59/9F, 59/10, 59/11, 59/12, 63/1, 63/2A, 63/2B, 63/3, 63/4A, 63/4B, 63/5, 63/6, 63/7, 63/8, 63/9, 63/10A, 63/10B, 63/11, 63/12, 63/13, 63/14, 63/15A, 63/15B, 63/16, 63/17, 63/18, 63/19, 63/20, 63/21, 63/22, 63/23A, 63/23B of Kallankurichi Village, Ariyalur Taluk, Ariyalur District Tamil Nadu by M/s. Chettinad Cement Corporation Private Limited - under project category - "B1" and Schedule S.No. 1(a) – ToR issued along with Public Hearing- preparation of EIA report – Regarding.

**Ref:** 1. Online proposal No. SIA/TN/MIN/529447/2025, Dated: 20/03/2025.

- 2. Your application submitted for Terms of Reference dated: 10.06.2024.
- 3. Minutes of the 542nd SEAC Meeting held on 26.03.2025.
- 4. Minutes of the 817th Authority meeting held on 07.05.2025.
- 2. The particulars of the proposal are as below:
- (i) TOR Identification No.

TO25B0108TN5600951N

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(ii) File No.(iii) Clearance Type(iv) CategoryTOR

(v) **Project/Activity Included Schedule No.** 1(a) Mining of minerals

Lime kankar Quarry over an area of 15.14.5 Ha in Kallankurichi Village, Ariyalur Taluk, Ariyalur

(vii) Name of Project

District Tamil Nadu of Chettinad Cement

Corporation Pvt. Ltd

CHETTINAD CEMENT CORPORATION

(viii) Name of Company/Organization

PRIVATE LIMITED

(ix) Location of Project (District, State) Ariyalur, TAMIL NADU

(x) Issuing AuthoritySEIAA(xii) Applicability of General Conditionsno(xiii) Applicability of Specific Conditionsno

1.In view of the particulars given in the Para 1 above, the project proposal interalia including Form-1(Part A and B) were submitted to the SEIAA for an appraisal by the SEAC under the provision of EIA notification 2006 and its subsequent amendments.

- 2.The above-mentioned proposal has been considered by SEIAA in the meeting held on 07.05.2025. The minutes of the meeting and all the Application and documents submitted [(viz. Form-1 Part A, Part B,] are available on PARIVESH portal which can be accessed by scanning the QR Code above.
- 3.The State Expert Appraisal Committee (SEAC), based on the information & clarifications provided by the project proponent and after detailed deliberations on all technical aspects recommended the proposal for grant of Terms of Reference with public hearing under the provision of EIA Notification, 2006 and as amended thereof subject to the stipulation of specific and general conditions as detailed in Annexure (2).
- 4.The SEIAA has examined the proposal in accordance with the Environment Impact Assessment (EIA) Notification,2006 & further amendments thereto and after accepting the recommendations of the SEAC hereby decided to issue the following Terms of Reference with public hearing for instant proposal of M/s. Chettinad Cement Corporation Private Limited under the provisions of EIA Notification, 2006 and as amended thereof.
- 5. The Ministry/SEIAA-TN reserves the right to stipulate additional conditions, if found necessary.
- 6. The Terms of Reference with public hearing to the aforementioned project is under provisions of EIA Notification, 2006. It does not tantamount to approvals/consent/permissions etc. required to be obtained under any other Act/Rule/regulation. The Project Proponent is under obligation to obtain approvals /clearances under any other Acts/Regulations or Statutes, as applicable, to the project.
- 7. This issues with the approval of the Competent Authority.
- 8. The TORs with public hearing prescribed shall be valid for a period of three years from the date of issue, for submission of the EIA/EMP report as per OM No. J-11013/41/2006-IA-II(I)(part) dated 29th August 2017.

#### Copy To

- 1. The Secretary, Ministry of Mines, Government of India, Shastri Bhawan, New Delhi.
- 2. The Principal Secretary to Government, Environment and Forests Department, Tamil Nadu.
- 3. The Additional Chief Secretary to Government, Natural Resources Department, Tamil Nadu.
- 4. The Chairman, Central Pollution Control Board, Parivesh Bhawan, CBD-Cum-Office Complex, East Arjun Nagar, New Delhi-110 032.
- 5. The Chair Person, TNPC Board, 76, Mount Salai, Guindy, Chennai-32
- 6. The District Collector, Ariyalur District
- 7. The Commissioner of Geology and Mines, Guindy, Chennai-32
- 8. The Assistant Director, Department of Geology & Mining, Ariyalur District
- 9. EI Division, Ministry of Environment & Forests, Paryavaran Bhawan, New Delhi.
- 10. Integrated Regional office of MoEF&CC, Sasthri Bhawan, Nungambakkam, Chennai
- 11. File Copy.

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## 1. Seiaa Specific Conditions:

S. No	Terms of Reference
1.1	The authority noted that the subject was placed in the 542 <sup>nd</sup> SEAC meeting held on 26.03.2025. After detailed discussions, the Authority accepts the recommendation of SEAC and decided to grant Terms of Reference (ToR) along with Public Hearing for the quantity of 2,40,945 TPA of Lime Kankar upto the depth of 2.70m BGL as per the approved mining plan, under cluster for undertaking the combined Environment Impact Assessment Study and preparation of separate Environment Management Plan subject to the following conditions and conditions as recommended by SEAC & normal conditions & the conditions mentioned in Annexure of this minutes.  1. The Project Proponent shall submit the land ownership documents along with the EIA Report.

## 2. Seac Conditions - Site Specific

S. No	Terms of Reference
2.1	<ol> <li>The PP shall prepare the storm water management report, and the action plan should be incorporated into the EMP.</li> <li>The PP shall furnish a sworn affidavit stating that the project proponent shall quarry the limekankar as proposed and shall not quarry the limestone.</li> <li>The PP shall ensure the installation of CCTV at the proposed quarry site and ensure its inclusion during the EIA presentation.</li> </ol>

## 3. Seac Standard Conditions

S. No	Terms of Reference
3.1	1. In the case of existing/operating mines, a letter obtained from the concerned AD (Mines) shall be submitted and it shall include the following:  (i) Original pit dimension  (ii) Quantity achieved Vs EC Approved Quantity  (iii) Balance Quantity as per Mineable Reserve calculated.  (iv) Mined out Depth as on date Vs EC Permitted depth  (v) Details of illegal/illicit mining  (vi) Violation in the quarry during the past working.  (vii) Quantity of material mined out outside the mine lease area  (viii) Condition of Safety zone/benches  (ix) Revised/Modified Mining Plan showing the benches of not exceeding 6 m height and ultimate depth of not exceeding 50m.  2. Details of habitations around the proposed mining area and latest VAO certificate regarding the location of habitations within 300m radius from the periphery of the site.  3. The proponent is requested to carry out a survey and enumerate on the structures located within the radius of (i) 50 m, (ii) 100 m, (iii) 200 m and (iv) 300 m (v) 500m shall be enumerated with details such as dwelling houses with number of occupants, whether it belongs to the owner (or) not, places of worship, industries, factories, sheds, etc with indicating the owner of the building, nature

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S. No	Terms of Reference
	of construction, age of the building, number of residents, their profession and income, etc.  4. The PP shall submit a detailed hydrological report indicating the impact of proposed quarrying operations on the waterbodies like lake, water tanks, etc are located within 1 km of the proposed quarry.
	5. The Proponent shall carry out Bio diversity study through reputed Institution and the same shall be included in EIA Report.
	6. The DFO letter stating that the proximity distance of Reserve Forests, Protected Areas, Sanctuaries, Tiger reserve etc., up to a radius of 25 km from the proposed site.
	7. In the case of proposed lease in an existing (or old) quarry where the benches are not formed (or) partially formed as per the approved Mining Plan, the Project Proponent (PP) shall the PP shall carry out the scientific studies to assess the slope stability of the working benches to be constructed and existing quarry wall, by involving any one of the reputed Research and Academic Institutions - CSIR-Central Institute of Mining & Fuel Research / Dhanbad, NIRM/Bangalore, Division of Geotechnical Engineering-IIT-Madras, NIT-Dept of Mining Engg, Surathkal, and Anna University
	Chennai-CEG Campus. The PP shall submit a copy of the aforesaid report indicating the stability status of the quarry wall and possible mitigation measures during the time of appraisal for obtaining the EC.
	8. However, in case of the fresh/virgin quarries, the Proponent shall submit a conceptual 'Slope Stability Plan' for the proposed quarry during the appraisal while obtaining the EC, when the depth of the working is extended beyond 30 m below ground level.
	9. The PP shall furnish the affidavit stating that the blasting operation in the proposed quarry is carried out by the statutory competent person as per the MMR 1961 such as blaster, mining mate, mine foreman, II/I Class mines manager appointed by the proponent.
	10. The PP shall present a conceptual design for carrying out only controlled blasting operation involving line drilling and muffle blasting in the proposed quarry such that the blast-induced ground vibrations are controlled as well as no fly rock travel beyond 30 m from the blast site.  11. The EIA Coordinators shall obtain and furnish the details of quarry/quarries operated by the
	proponent in the past, either in the same location or elsewhere in the State with video and photographic evidences.
	12. If the proponent has already carried out the mining activity in the proposed mining lease area after 15.01.2016, then the proponent shall furnish the following details from AD/DD, mines, 13. What was the period of the operation and stoppage of the earlier mines with last work permit
	issued by the AD/DD mines?  14. Quantity of minerals mined out.
	· Highest production achieved in any one year
	· Detail of approved depth of mining.
	· Actual depth of the mining achieved earlier.
	<ul> <li>Name of the person already mined in that leases area.</li> <li>If EC and CTO already obtained, the copy of the same shall be submitted.</li> </ul>
	Whether the mining was carried out as per the approved mine plan (or EC if issued) with stipulated benches.
	15. All corner coordinates of the mine lease area, superimposed on a High-Resolution Imagery/Topo sheet, topographic sheet, geomorphology, lithology and geology of the mining lease area should be provided. Such an Imagery of the proposed area should clearly show the land use and other ecological features of the study area (core and buffer zone).
	16. The PP shall carry out Drone video survey covering the cluster, green belt, fencing, etc., 17. The proponent shall furnish photographs of adequate fencing, green belt along the periphery including replantation of existing trees & safety distance between the adjacent quarries & water
	bodies nearby provided as per the approved mining plan.  18. The Project Proponent shall provide the details of mineral reserves and mineable reserves, planned production capacity, proposed working methodology with justifications, the anticipated impacts of the mining operations on the surrounding environment, and the remedial measures for

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S. No	Terms of Reference
S. No	the same.  19. The Project Proponent shall provide the Organization chart indicating the appointment of various statutory officials and other competent persons to be appointed as per the provisions of the Mines Act'1952 and the MMR, 1961 for carrying out the quarrying operations scientifically and systematically in order to ensure safety and to protect the environment.  20. The Project Proponent shall conduct the hydro-geological study considering the contour map of the water table detailing the number of groundwater pumping & open wells, and surface water bodies such as rivers, tanks, canals, ponds, etc. within 1 km (radius) along with the collected water level data for both monsoon and non-monsoon seasons from the PWD / TWAD so as to assess the impacts on the wells due to mining activity. Based on actual monitored data, it may clearly be shown whether working will intersect groundwater. Necessary data and documentation in this regard may be provided.  21. The proponent shall furnish the baseline data for the environmental and ecological parameters with regard to surface water/ground water quality, air quality, soil quality & flora/fauna including traffic/vehicular movement study.  22. The Proponent shall carry out the Cumulative impact study due to mining operations carried out in the quarry specifically with reference to the specific environment in terms of soil health, biodiversity, air pollution, water pollution, climate change and flood control & health impacts. Accordingly, the Environment Management plan should be prepared keeping the concerned quarry and the surrounding habitations in the mind.  23. Rain water harvesting management with recharging details along with water balance (both monsoon & non-monsoon) be submitted.  24. Land use of the study area delineating forest area, agricultural land, grazing land, wildlife sanctuary, national park, migratory routes of fauna, water bodies, human settlements and other ecological features should be given.  25. Details of the land for storage of Overburden/Was
	<ul><li>30. A detailed mine closure plan for the proposed project shall be included in EIA/EMP report which should be site-specific.</li><li>31. As a part of the study of flora and fauna around the vicinity of the proposed site, the EIA coordinator shall strive to educate the local students on the importance of preserving local flora and</li></ul>
	fauna by involving them in the study, wherever possible.  32. The purpose of Green belt around the project is to capture the fugitive emissions, carbon sequestration and to attenuate the noise generated, in addition to improving the aesthetics. A wide range of indigenous plant species should be planted as given in the appendix-I in consultation with the DFO, State Agriculture University. The plant species with dense/moderate canopy of native origin should be chosen. Species of small/medium/tall trees alternating with shrubs should be planted in a mixed manner.

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S. No	Terms of Reference
	33. Taller/one year old Saplings raised in appropriate size of bags, preferably ecofriendly bags should be planted as per the advice of local forest authorities/botanist/Horticulturist with regard to site specific choices. The proponent shall earmark the greenbelt area with GPS coordinates all along the boundary of the project site with at least 3 meters wide and in between blocks in an organized manner
	34. A Disaster management Plan shall be prepared and included in the EIA/EMP Report for the complete life of the proposed quarry (or) till the end of the lease period.
	35. A Risk Assessment and management Plan shall be prepared and included in the EIA/EMP Report for the complete life of the proposed quarry (or) till the end of the lease period.
	36. Occupational Health impacts of the Project should be anticipated and the proposed preventive measures spelt out in detail. Details of pre-placement medical examination and periodical medical examination schedules should be incorporated in the EMP. The project specific occupational health mitigation measures with required facilities proposed in the mining area may be detailed.  37. Public health implications of the Project and related activities for the population in the impact
	zone should be systematically evaluated and the proposed remedial measures should be detailed along with budgetary allocations.
	38. The Socio-economic studies should be carried out within a 5 km buffer zone from the mining activity. Measures of socio-economic significance and influence to the local community proposed to be provided by the Project Proponent should be indicated. As far as possible, quantitative dimensions may be given with time frames for implementation.
	39. Details of litigation pending against the project, if any, with direction /order passed by any Court of Law against the Project should be given.
-	40. Benefits of the Project if the Project is implemented should be spelt out. The benefits of the Project shall clearly indicate environmental, social, economic, employment potential, etc.  41. If any quarrying operations were carried out in the proposed quarrying site for which now the
	EC is sought, the Project Proponent shall furnish the detailed compliance to EC conditions given in the previous EC with the site photographs which shall duly be certified by MoEF&CC, Regional Office, Chennai (or) the concerned DEE/TNPCB.
	42. The PP shall prepare the EMP for the entire life of mine and also furnish the sworn affidavit stating to abide the EMP for the entire life of mine.
	43. Concealing any factual information or submission of false/fabricated data and failure to comply with any of the conditions mentioned above may result in withdrawal of this Terms of Conditions besides attracting penal provisions in the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.

## 4. Seiaa Standard Conditions:

S. No	Terms of Reference
4.1	Cluster Management Committee  1. Cluster Management Committee shall be framed which must include all the proponents in the cluster as members including the existing as well as proposed quarry.  2. The members must coordinate among themselves for the effective implementation of EMP as committed including Green Belt Development, Water sprinkling, tree plantation, blasting etc.,  3. The List of members of the committee formed shall be submitted to AD/Mines before the execution of mining lease and the same shall be updated every year to the AD/Mines.  4. Detailed Operational Plan must be submitted which must include the blasting frequency with respect to the nearby quarry situated in the cluster, the usage of haul roads by the individual quarry in the form of route map and network.  5. The committee shall deliberate on risk & emergency management plan, fire safety & evacuation plan and sustainable development goals pertaining to the cluster in a holistic manner especially during natural calamities like intense rain and the mitigation measures considering the inundation of

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S. No	Terms of Reference
S. No	the cluster and evacuation plan.  6. The Cluster Management Committee shall form Environmental Policy to practice sustainable mining in a scientific and systematic manner in accordance with the law. The role played by the committee in implementing the Environmental policy devised shall be given in detail in the EIA Report.  7. The committee shall furnish action plan regarding the restoration strategy with respect to the individual quarry falling under the cluster in a holistic manner.  8. The committee shall deliberate on the health of the workers/staff involved in the mining as well as the health of the public in the vicinity.  Agriculture & Agro-Biodiversity  9. Impact on surrounding agricultural fields around the proposed mining Area.  10. Impact on soil flora & vegetation around the project site.  11. Details of type of vegetation including no. of trees & shrubs within the proposed mining area and. If so, transplantation of such vegetation all along the boundary of the proposed mining area shall committed mentioned in EMP.  12. The Environmental Impact Assessment should study the agro-biodiversity, agro-forestry, horticultural plantations, the natural ecosystem, the soil micro flora, fauna and soil seed banks and suggest measures to maintain the natural Ecosystem.  13. Action should specifically suggest for sustainable management of the area and restoration of ecosystem for flow of goods and services.  14. The project proponent shall study and furnish the impact of project on plantations in adjoining patta lands, Horticulture, Agriculture and livestock.  Forests  15. The project proponent shall detailed study on impact of mining on Reserve forests and free ranging wildlife.  16. The Environmental Impact Assessment should study impact on standing trees and the existing trees should be numbered and action suggested for protection.  18. The Environmental Impact Assessment should study impact on protected areas, Reserve Forests, National Parks, Corridors and Wildlife pathways, near project site.  Water Environm
	·

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S. No	Terms of Reference
	27. The EIA shall include the impact of mining activity on the following:  a) Hydrothermal/Geothermal effect due to destruction in the Environment. b) Bio-geochemical processes and its foot prints including Environmental stress. c) Sediment geochemistry in the surface streams.  Energy
	28. The measures taken to control Noise, Air, Water, Dust Control and steps adopted to efficiently utilise the Energy shall be furnished.
	Climate Change  29. The Environmental Impact Assessment shall study in detail the carbon emission and also suggest the measures to mitigate carbon emission including development of carbon sinks and temperature reduction including control of other emission and climate mitigation activities.  30. The Environmental Impact Assessment should study impact on climate change, temperature
	rise, pollution and above soil & below soil carbon stock, soil health and physical, chemical & biological soil features.  31. Impact of mining on pollution leading to GHGs emissions and the impact of the same on the
	local livelihood.  Mine Closure Plan  32. Detailed Mine Closure Plan covering the entire mine lease period as per precise area communication order issued.  EMP
	33. Detailed Environment Management Plan along with adaptation, mitigation & remedial strategies covering the entire mine lease period as per precise area communication order issued and the scope for achieving SDGs.
	34. The Environmental Impact Assessment should hold detailed study on EMP with budget for Green belt development and mine closure plan including disaster management plan.  Risk Assessment
	35. To furnish risk assessment and management plan including anticipated vulnerabilities during operational and post operational phases of Mining.  Disaster Management Plan
	36. To furnish disaster management plan and disaster mitigation measures in regard to all aspects to avoid/reduce vulnerability to hazards & to cope with disaster/untoward accidents in & around the proposed mine lease area due to the proposed method of mining activity & its related activities covering the entire mine lease period as per precise area communication order issued.  Others
	37. The project proponent shall furnish VAO certificate with reference to 300m radius regard to approved habitations, schools, Archaeological sites, Structures, railway lines, roads, water bodies such as streams, odai, vaari, canal, channel, river, lake pond, tank etc.  38. As per the MoEF& CC office memorandum F.No.22-65/2017-IA.III dated: 30.09.2020 and 20.10.2020 the proponent shall address the concerns raised during the public consultation and all the activities proposed shall be part of the Environment Management Plan.  39. The project proponent shall study and furnish the possible pollution due to plastic and
	microplastic on the Environment. The ecological risks and impacts of plastic & microplastics on aquatic Environment and fresh water systems due to activities, contemplated during mining may be investigated and reported.

Standard Terms of Reference for (Mining of minerals)

1.

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S. No	Terms of Reference
1.1	Year-wise production details since 1994 should be given, clearly stating the highest production achieved in any one year prior to 1994. It may also be categorically informed whether there had been any increase in production after the EIA Notification 1994 came into force, w.r.t. the highest production achieved prior to 1994
1.2	A copy of the document in support of the fact that the Proponent is the rightful lessee of the mine should be given
1.3	All documents including approved mine plan, EIA and Public Hearing should be compatible with one another in terms of the mine lease area, production levels, waste generation and its management, mining technology etc. and should be in the name of the lessee
1.4	All corner coordinates of the mine lease area, superimposed on a High Resolution Imagery/ toposheet, topographic sheet, geomorphology and geology of the areashould be provided. Such an Imagery of the proposed area should clearly show the land use and other ecological features of the study area (core and buffer zone)
1.5	Information should be provided in Survey of India Toposheet in 1:50,000 scale indicating geological map of the area, geomorphology of land forms of the area, existing minerals and mining history of the area, important water bodies, streams and rivers and soil characteristics
1.6	Details about the land proposed for mining activities should be givenwith information as to whether mining conforms to the land use policy of the State; land diversion for mining should have approval from State land use board or the concerned authority
1.7	It should be clearly stated whether the proponent Company has a well laid down Environment Policy approved by its Board of Directors? If so, it may be spelt out in the EIA Report with description of the prescribed operating process/procedures to bring into focus any infringement/deviation/ violation of the environmental or forest norms/ conditions? The hierarchical system or administrative order of the Company to deal with the environmental issues and for ensuring compliance with the EC conditions may also be given. The system of reporting of non-compliances / violations of environmental norms to the Board of Directors of the Company and/or shareholders or stakeholders at large,may also be detailed in the EIA Report
1.8	Issues relating to Mine Safety, including subsidence study in case of underground mining and slope study in case of open cast mining, blasting study etc. should be detailed. The proposed safeguard measures in each case should also be provided
1.9	The study rea will comprise of 10 km zone around the mine lease from lease periphery and the data contained in the EIA such as waste generation etc. should be for the life of the mine / lease period
1.10	Land use of the study rea delineating forest area, agricultural land, grazing land, wildlife sanctuary, national park, migratory routes of fauna, water bodies, human settlements and other ecological features should be indicated. Land use plan of the mine lease area should be prepared to encompass preoperational, operational and post operational phases and submitted. Impact, if any, of change of land use should be given
1.11	Details of the land for any Over Burden Dumps outside the mine lease, such as extent of land

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S. No	Terms of Reference
	area, distance from mine lease, its land use, R&R issues, if any, should be given
1.12	A Certificate from the Competent Authority in the State Forest Department should be provided, confirming the involvement of forest land, if any, in the project area. In the event of any contrary claim by the Project Proponent regarding the status of forests, the site may be inspected by the State Forest Department along with the Regional Office of the Ministry to ascertain the status of forests, based on which, the Certificate in this regard as mentioned above be issued. In all such cases, it would be desirable for representative of the State Forest Department to assist the Expert Appraisal Committees
1.13	Status of forestry clearance for the broken up area and virgin forestland involved in the Project including deposition of net present value (NPV) and compensatory afforestation (CA) should be indicated. A copy of the forestry clearance should also be furnished
1.14	Implementation status of recognition of forest rights under the Scheduled Tribes and other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006 should be indicated
1.15	The vegetation in the RF / PF areas in the study area, with necessary details, should be given
1.16	A study shall be got done to ascertain the impact of the Mining Project on wildlife of the study area and details furnished. Impact of the project on the wildlife in the surrounding and any other protected area and accordingly, detailed mitigative measures required, should be worked out with cost implications and submitted
1.17	Location of National Parks, Sanctuaries, Biosphere Reserves, Wildlife Corridors, Ramsar site Tiger/ Elephant Reserves/(existing as well as proposed), if any, within 10 km of the mine lease should be clearly indicated, supported by a location map duly authenticated by Chief Wildlife Warden. Necessary clearance, as may be applicable to such projects due to proximity of the ecologically sensitive areas as mentioned above, should be obtained from the Standing Committee of National Board of Wildlifeand copy furnished
1.18	A detailed biological study of the study area [core zone and buffer zone (10 km radius of the periphery of the mine lease)] shall be carried out. Details of flora and fauna, endangered, endemic and RET Species duly authenticated, separately for core and buffer zone should be furnished based on such primary field survey, clearly indicating the Schedule of the fauna present. In case of any scheduled- I fauna found in the study area, the necessary plan alongwith budgetary provisions for their conservation should be prepared in consultation with State Forest and Wildlife Department and details furnished. Necessary allocation of funds for implementing the same should be made as part of the project cost
1.19	Proximity to Areas declared as Critically Polluted or the Project areas likely to come under the Aravali Range, (attracting court restrictions for mining operations), should also be indicated and where so required, clearance certifications from the prescribed Authorities, such as the SPCB or State Mining Dept. Should be secured and furnished to the effect that the proposed mining activities could be considered
1.20	Similarly, for coastal Projects, A CRZ map duly authenticated by one of the authorized agencies demarcating LTL. HTL, CRZ area, location of the mine lease w.r.t CRZ, coastal features such as mangroves, if any, should be furnished. (Note: The Mining Projects falling under CRZ would also need to obtain approval of the concerned Coastal Zone Management Authority)

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S. No	Terms of Reference
1.21	R&R Plan/compensation details for the Project Affected People (PAP) should be furnished. While preparing the R&R Plan, the relevant State/National Rehabilitation & Resettlement Policy should be kept in view. In respect of SCs /STs and other weaker sections of the society in the study area, a need based sample survey, family-wise, should be undertaken to assess their requirements, and action programmes prepared and submitted accordingly, integrating the sectoral programmes of line departments of the State Government. It may be clearly brought out whether the village(s) located in the mine lease area will be shifted or not. The issues relating to shifting of village(s) including their R&R and socio-economic aspects should be discussed in the Report
1.22	One season (non-monsoon) [i.e. March-May (Summer Season); October-December (post monsoon season); December-February (winter season)]primary baseline data on ambient air quality as per CPCB Notification of 2009, water quality, noise level, soil and flora and fauna shall be collected and the AAQ and other data so compiled presented date-wise in the EIA and EMP Report. Site- specific meteorological data should also be collected. The location of the monitoring stations should be such as to represent whole of the study area and justified keeping in view the pre-dominant downwind direction and location of sensitive receptors. There should be at least one monitoring station within 500 m of the mine lease in the pre-dominant downwind direction. The mineralogical composition of PM10, particularly for free silica, should be given
1.23	Air quality modeling should be carried out for prediction of impact of the project on the air quality of the area. It should also take into account the impact of movement of vehicles for transportation of mineral. The details of the model used and input parameters used for modeling should be provided. The air quality contours may be shown on a location map clearly indicating the location of the site, location of sensitive receptors, if any, and the habitation. The wind roses showing pre-dominant wind direction may also be indicated on the map
1.24	The water requirement for the Project, its availability and source should be furnished. A detailed water balance should also be provided. Fresh water requirement for the Project should be indicated
1.25	Necessary clearance from the Competent Authority for drawl of requisite quantity of water for the Project should be provided
1.26	Description of water conservation measures proposed to be adopted in the Project should be given. Details of rainwater harvesting proposed in the Project, if any, should be provided
1.27	Impact of the Project on the water quality, both surface and groundwater, should be assessed and necessary safeguard measures, if any required, should be provided
1.28	Based on actual monitored data, it may clearly be shown whether working will intersect groundwater. Necessary data and documentation in this regard may be provided. In case the working will intersect groundwater table, a detailed Hydro Geological Study should be undertaken and Report furnished. The Report inter-alia, shall include details of the aquifers present and impact of mining activities on these aquifers. Necessary permission from State Ground Water Authority for working below ground water and for pumping of ground water should also be obtained and copy furnished
1.29	Details of any stream, seasonal or otherwise, passing through the lease area and modification / diversion proposed, if any, and the impact of the same on the hydrology should be brought out

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S. No	Terms of Reference
1.30	Information on site elevation, working depth, groundwater table etc. Should be provided both in AMSL and bgl. A schematic diagram may also be provided for the same
1.31	A time bound Progressive Greenbelt Development Plan shall be prepared in a tabular form (indicating the linear and quantitative coverage, plant species and time frame) and submitted, keeping in mind, the same will have to be executed up front on commencement of the Project. Phase-wise plan of plantation and compensatory afforestation should be charted clearly indicating the area to be covered under plantation and the species to be planted. The details of plantation already done should be given. The plant species selected for green belt should have greater ecological value and should be of good utility value to the local population with emphasis on local and native species and the species which are tolerant to pollution
1.32	Impact on local transport infrastructure due to the Project should be indicated. Projected increase in truck traffic as a result of the Project in the present road network (including those outside the Project area) should be worked out, indicating whether it is capable of handling the incremental load. Arrangement for improving the infrastructure, if contemplated (including action to be taken by other agencies such as State Government) should be covered. Project Proponent shall conduct Impact of Transportation study as per Indian Road Congress Guidelines
1.33	Details of the onsite shelter and facilities to be provided to the mine workers should be included in the EIA Report
1.34	Conceptual post mining land use and Reclamation and Restoration of mined out areas (with plans and with adequate number of sections) should be given in the EIA report
1.35	Occupational Health impacts of the Project should be anticipated and the proposed preventive measures spelt out in detail. Details of pre-placement medical examination and periodical medical examination schedules should be incorporated in the EMP. The project specific occupational health mitigation measures with required facilities proposed in the mining area may be detailed
1.36	Public health implications of the Project and related activities for the population in the impact zone should be systematically evaluated and the proposed remedial measures should be detailed along with budgetary allocations
1.37	Measures of socio economic significance and influence to the local community proposed to be provided by the Project Proponent should be indicated. As far as possible, quantitative dimensions may be given with time frames for implementation
1.38	Detailed environmental management plan (EMP) to mitigate the environmental impacts which, should inter-alia include the impacts of change of land use, loss of agricultural and grazing land, if any, occupational health impacts besides other impacts specific to the proposed Project
1.39	Public Hearing points raised and commitment of the Project Proponent on the same along with time bound Action Plan with budgetary provisions to implement the same should be provided and also incorporated in the final EIA/EMP Report of the Project
1.40	Details of litigation pending against the project, if any, with direction /order passed by any Court of Law against the Project should be given

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S. No	Terms of Reference
1.41	The cost of the Project (capital cost and recurring cost) as well as the cost towards implementation of EMP should be clearly spelt out
1.42	A Disaster management Plan shall be prepared and included in the EIA/EMP Report
1.43	Benefits of the Project if the Project is implemented should be spelt out. The benefits of the Project shall clearly indicate environmental, social, economic, employment potential, etc
1.44	Besides the above, the below mentioned general points are also to be followed:- a) All documents to be properly referenced with index and continuous page numbering. b) Where data are presented in the Report especially in Tables, the period in which the data were collected and the sources should be indicated. c) Project Proponent shall enclose all the analysis/testing reports of water, air, soil, noise etc. using the MoEF&CC/NABL accredited laboratories. All the original analysis/testing reports should be available during appraisal of the Project. d) Where the documents provided are in a language other than English, an English translation should be provided. e) The Questionnaire for environmental appraisal of mining projects as devised earlier by the Ministry shall also be filled and submitted. f) While preparing the EIA report, the instructions for the Proponents and instructions for the Consultants issued by MoEF vide O.M. No. J-11013/41/2006-IA.II(I) dated 4th August, 2009, which are available on the website of this Ministry, should be followed. g) Changes, if any made in the basic scope and project parameters (as submitted in Form-I and the PFR for securing the TOR) should be brought to the attention of MoEF&CC with reasons for such changes and permission should be sought, as the TOR may also have to be altered. Post Public Hearing changes in structure and content of the draft EIA/EMP (other than modifications arising out of the P.H. process) will entail conducting the PH again with the revised documentation. h) As per the circular no. J-11011/618/2010-IA.II(I) dated 30.5.2012, certified report of the status of compliance of the conditions stipulated in the environment clearance for the existing operations of the project, should be obtained from the Regional Office of Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, as may be applicable. i) The EIA report should also include (i) surface plan of the area indicating contours of main topographic features, drainage and mining area, (ii) geological maps and se

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#### A. STANDARD TERMS OF REFERENCE

- 1) Year-wise production details since 1994 should be given, clearly stating the highest production achieved in any one year prior to 1994. It may also be categorically informed whether there had been any increase in production after the EIA Notification 1994 came into force, w.r.t. the highest production achieved prior to 1994.
- 2) A copy of the document in support of the fact that the Proponent is the rightful lessee of the mine should be given.
- 3) All documents including approved mine plan, EIA and Public Hearing should be compatible with one another in terms of the mine lease area, production levels, waste generation and its management, mining technology etc. and should be in the name of the lessee.
- 4) All corner coordinates of the mine lease area, superimposed on a High Resolution Imagery/ topo sheet, topographic sheet, geomorphology and geology of the area should be provided. Such an Imagery of the proposed area should clearly show the land use and other ecological features of the study area (core and buffer zone).
- 5) Information should be provided in Survey of India Topo sheet in 1:50,000 scale indicating geological map of the area, geomorphology of land forms of the area, existing minerals and mining history of the area, important water bodies, streams and rivers and soil characteristics.
- 6) Details about the land proposed for mining activities should be given with information as to whether mining conforms to the land use policy of the State; land diversion for mining should have approval from State land use board or the concerned authority.
- 7) It should be clearly stated whether the proponent Company has a well laid down Environment Policy approved by its Board of Directors? If so, it may be spelt out in the EIA Report with description of the prescribed operating process/procedures to bring into focus any infringement/deviation/ violation of the environmental or forest norms/ conditions? The hierarchical system or administrative order of the Company to deal with the environmental issues and for ensuring compliance with the EC conditions may also be given. The system of reporting of non-compliances / violations of environmental norms to the Board of Directors of the Company and/or shareholders or stakeholders at large, may also be detailed in the EIA Report.
- 8) Issues relating to Mine Safety, including subsidence study in case of underground mining and slope study in case of open cast mining, blasting study etc. should be detailed. The proposed safeguard measures in each case should also be provided.

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- 9) The study area will comprise of 10 km zone around the mine lease from lease periphery and the data contained in the EIA such as waste generation etc. should be for the life of the mine / lease period.
- 10) Land use of the study area delineating forest area, agricultural land, grazing land, wildlife sanctuary, national park, migratory routes of fauna, water bodies, human settlements and other ecological features should be indicated. Land use plan of the mine lease area should be prepared to encompass preoperational, operational and post operational phases and submitted. Impact, if any, of change of land use should be given.
- 11) Details of the land for any Over Burden Dumps outside the mine lease, such as extent of land area, distance from mine lease, its land use, R&R issues, if any, should be given.
- 12) Certificate from the Competent Authority in the State Forest Department should be provided, confirming the involvement of forest land, if any, in the project area. In the event of any contrary claim by the Project Proponent regarding the status of forests, the site may be inspected by the State Forest Department along with the Regional Office of the Ministry to ascertain the status of forests, based on which, the Certificate in this regard as mentioned above be issued. In all such cases, it would be desirable for representative of the State Forest Department to assist the Expert Appraisal Committees.
- 13) Status of forestry clearance for the broken up area and virgin forestland involved in the Project including deposition of Net Present Value (NPV) and Compensatory Afforestation (CA) should be indicated. A copy of the forestry clearance should also be furnished.
- 14) Implementation status of recognition of forest rights under the Scheduled Tribes and other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006 should be indicated.
- 15) The vegetation in the RF / PF areas in the study area, with necessary details, should be given.
- 16) A study shall be got done to ascertain the impact of the Mining Project on wildlife of the study area and details furnished. Impact of the project on the wildlife in the surrounding and any other protected area and accordingly, detailed mitigative measures required, should be worked out with cost implications and submitted.
- 17) Location of National Parks, Sanctuaries, Biosphere Reserves, Wildlife Corridors, Ramsar site Tiger/ Elephant Reserves/(existing as well as proposed), if any, within 10 km of the mine lease should be clearly indicated, supported by a location map duly

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- authenticated by Chief Wildlife Warden. Necessary clearance, as may be applicable to such projects due to proximity of the ecologically sensitive areas as mentioned above, should be obtained from the Standing Committee of National Board of Wildlife and copy furnished.
- 18) A detailed biological study of the study area [core zone and buffer zone (10 km radius of the periphery of the mine lease)] shall be carried out. Details of flora and fauna, endangered, endemic and RET Species duly authenticated, separately for core and buffer zone should be furnished based on such primary field survey, clearly indicating the Schedule of the fauna present. In case of any scheduled-I fauna found in the study area, the necessary plan along with budgetary provisions for their conservation should be prepared in consultation with State Forest and Wildlife Department and details furnished. Necessary allocation of funds for implementing the same should be made as part of the project cost.
- 19) Proximity to Areas declared as 'Critically Polluted' or the Project areas likely to come under the 'Aravali Range', (attracting court restrictions for mining operations), should also be indicated and where so required, clearance certifications from the prescribed Authorities, such as the SPCB or State Mining Department should be secured and furnished to the effect that the proposed mining activities could be considered.
- 20) Similarly, for Coastal Projects, a CRZ map duly authenticated by one of the authorized agencies demarcating LTL. HTL, CRZ area, location of the mine lease with respect to CRZ, coastal features such as mangroves, if any, should be furnished. (Note: The Mining Projects falling under CRZ would also need to obtain approval of the concerned Coastal Zone Management Authority).
- 21) R&R Plan/compensation details for the Project Affected People (PAP) should be furnished. While preparing the R&R Plan, the relevant State/National Rehabilitation & Resettlement Policy should be kept in view. In respect of SCs /STs and other weaker sections of the society in the study area, a need based sample survey, family-wise, should be undertaken to assess their requirements, and action programmes prepared and submitted accordingly, integrating the sectoral programmes of line departments of the State Government. It may be clearly brought out whether the village(s) located in the mine lease area will be shifted or not. The issues relating to shifting of village(s) including their R&R and socio-economic aspects should be discussed in the Report.
- 22) One season (non-monsoon) [i.e. March-May (Summer Season); October-December (post monsoon season); December-February (winter season)]primary baseline data on

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ambient air quality as per CPCB Notification of 2009, water quality, noise level, soil and flora and fauna shall be collected and the AAQ and other data so compiled presented date-wise in the EIA and EMP Report. Site-specific meteorological data should also be collected. The location of the monitoring stations should be such as to represent whole of the study area and justified keeping in view the pre-dominant downwind direction and location of sensitive receptors. There should be at least one monitoring station within 500 m of the mine lease in the pre-dominant downwind direction. The mineralogical composition of PM10, particularly for free silica, should be given.

- 23) Air quality modeling should be carried out for prediction of impact of the project on the air quality of the area. It should also take into account the impact of movement of Vehicles for transportation of mineral. The details of the model used and input parameters used for modeling should be provided. The air quality contours may be shown on a location map clearly indicating the location of the site, location of sensitive receptors, if any, and the habitation. The wind roses showing pre-dominant wind direction may also be indicated on the map.
- 24) The water requirement for the Project, its availability and source should be furnished.

  A detailed water balance should also be provided. Fresh water requirement for the Project should be indicated.
- 25) Necessary clearance from the Competent Authority for drawl of requisite quantity of water for the Project should be provided.
- 26) Description of water conservation measures proposed to be adopted in the Project should be given. Details of rainwater harvesting proposed in the Project, if any, should be provided.
- 27) Impact of the Project on the water quality, both surface and groundwater, should be assessed and necessary safeguard measures, if any required, should be provided.
- 28) Based on actual monitored data, it may clearly be shown whether working will intersect groundwater. Necessary data and documentation in this regard may be provided. In case the working will intersect groundwater table, a detailed Hydro Geological Study should be undertaken and Report furnished. The Report inter-alia, shall include details of the aquifers present and impact of mining activities on these aquifers. Necessary permission from Central Ground Water Authority for working below ground water and for pumping of ground water should also be obtained and copy furnished.

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- 29) Details of any stream, seasonal or otherwise, passing through the lease area and modification / diversion proposed, if any, and the impact of the same on the hydrology should be brought out.
- 30) Information on site elevation, working depth, groundwater table etc. Should be provided both in AMSL and bgl. A schematic diagram may also be provided for the same.
- 31) A time bound Progressive Greenbelt Development Plan shall be prepared in a tabular form (indicating the linear and quantitative coverage, plant species and time frame) and submitted, keeping in mind, the same will have to be executed up front on commencement of the Project. Phase-wise plan of plantation and compensatory afforestation should be charted cle arly indicating the area to be covered under plantation and the species to be planted. The details of plantation already done should be given. The plant species selected for green belt should have greater ecological value and should be of good utility value to the local population with emphasis on local and native species and the species which are tolerant to pollution.
- 32) Impact on local transport infrastructure due to the Project should be indicated. Projected increase in truck traffic as a result of the Project in the present road network (including those outside the Project area) should be worked out, indicating whether it is capable of handling the incremental load. Arrangement for improving the infrastructure, if contemplated (including action to be taken by other agencies such as State Government) should be covered. Project Proponent shall conduct Impact of Transportation study as per Indian Road Congress Guidelines.
- 33) Details of the onsite shelter and facilities to be provided to the mine workers should be included in the EIA Report.
- 34) Conceptual post mining land use and Reclamation and Restoration of mined out areas (with plans and with adequate number of sections) should be given in the EIA report.
- 35) Occupational Health impacts of the Project should be anticipated and the proposed preventive measures spelt out in detail. Details of pre-placement medical examination and periodical medical examination schedules should be incorporated in the EMP. The project specific occupational health mitigation measures with required facilities proposed in the mining area may be detailed.
- 36) Public health implications of the Project and related activities for the population in the impact zone should be systematically evaluated and the proposed remedial measures should be detailed along with budgetary allocations.

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- 37) Measures of socio economic significance and influence to the local community proposed to be provided by the Project Proponent should be indicated. As far as possible, quantitative dimensions may be given with time frames for implementation.
- 38) Detailed Environmental Management Plan (EMP) to mitigate the environmental impacts which, should inter-alia include the impacts of change of land use, loss of agricultural and grazing land, if any, occupational health impacts besides other impacts specific to the proposed Project.
- 39) Public Hearing points raised and commitment of the Project Proponent on the same along with time bound Action Plan with budgetary provisions to implement the same should be provided and also incorporated in the final EIA/EMP Report of the Project.
- 40) Details of litigation pending against the project, if any, with direction /order passed by any Court of Law against the Project should be given.
- 41) The cost of the Project (capital cost and recurring cost) as well as the cost towards implementation of EMP should be clearly spelt out.
- 42) A Disaster management Plan shall be prepared and included in the EIA/EMP Report.
- 43) Benefits of the Project if the Project is implemented should be spelt out. The benefits of the Project shall clearly indicate environmental, social, economic, employment potential, etc.
- 44) Besides the above, the below mentioned general points are also to be followed:
  - a) Executive Summary of the EIA/EMP Report
  - b) All documents to be properly referenced with index and continuous page numbering.
  - c) Where data are presented in the Report especially in Tables, the period in which the data were collected and the sources should be indicated.
  - d) Project Proponent shall enclose all the analysis/testing reports of water, air, soil, noise etc. using the MoEF&CC/NABL accredited laboratories. All the original analysis/testing reports should be available during appraisal of the Project.
  - e) Where the documents provided are in a language other than English, an English translation should be provided.
  - f) The Questionnaire for environmental appraisal of mining projects as devised earlier by the Ministry shall also be filled and submitted.
  - g) While preparing the EIA report, the instructions for the Proponents and instructions for the Consultants issued by MoEF&CC vide O.M. No. J-

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- 11013/41/2006-IA.II(I) dated 4th August, 2009, which are available on the website of this Ministry, should be followed.
- h) Changes, if any made in the basic scope and project parameters (as submitted in Form-I and the PFR for securing the TOR) should be brought to the attention of MoEF&CC with reasons for such changes and permission should be sought, as the ToR may also have to be altered. Post Public Hearing changes in structure and content of the draft EIA/EMP (other than modifications arising out of the P.H. process) will entail conducting the PH again with the revised documentation.
- i) As per the circular no. J-11011/618/2010-IA.II(I) dated 30.5.2012, certified report of the status of compliance of the conditions stipulated in the Environment Clearance for the existing operations of the project, should be obtained from the Regional Office of Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, as may be applicable.
- j) The EIA report should also include (i) surface plan of the area indicating contours of main topographic features, drainage and mining area, (ii) geological maps and sections and (iii) sections of the mine pit and external dumps, if any, clearly showing the land features of the adjoining area.

#### In addition to the above, the following shall be furnished:-

### The Executive summary of the EIA/EMP report in about 8-10 pages should be prepared incorporating the information on following points:

- 1. Project name and location (Village, District, State, Industrial Estate (if applicable).
- 2. Process description in brief, specifically indicating the gaseous emission, liquid effluent and solid and hazardous wastes.
- 3. Measures for mitigating the impact on the environment and mode of discharge or disposal.
- 4. Capital cost of the project, estimated time of completion.
- 5. The proponent shall furnish the contour map of the water table detailing the number of wells located around the site and impacts on the wells due to mining activity.
- 6. A detailed study of the lithology of the mining lease area shall be furnished.
- 7. Details of village map, "A" register and FMB sketch shall be furnished.
- 8. Detailed mining closure plan for the proposed project approved by the Geology of Mining department shall be shall be submitted along with EIA report.
- 9. Obtain a letter /certificate from the Assistant Director of Geology and Mining standing that there is no other Minerals/resources like sand in the quarrying area within the approved

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- depth of mining and below depth of mining and the same shall be furnished in the EIA report.
- 10. EIA report should strictly follow the Environmental Impact Assessment Guidance Manual for Mining of Minerals published February 2010.
- 11. Detail plan on rehabilitation and reclamation carried out for the stabilization and restoration of the mined areas.
- 12. The EIA study report shall include the surrounding mining activity, if any.
- 13. Modeling study for Air, Water and noise shall be carried out in this field and incremental increase in the above study shall be substantiated with mitigation measures.
- 14. A study on the geological resources available shall be carried out and reported.
- 15. A specific study on agriculture & livelihood shall be carried out and reported.
- 16. Impact of soil erosion, soil physical chemical and biological property changes may be assumed.
- 17. Site selected for the project Nature of land Agricultural (single/double crop), barren, Govt./ private land, status of is acquisition, nearby (in 2-3 km.) water body, population, with in 10km other industries, forest, eco-sensitive zones, accessibility, (note in case of industrial estate this information may not be necessary)
- 18. Baseline environmental data air quality, surface and ground water quality, soil characteristic, flora and fauna, socio-economic condition of the nearby population
- 19. Identification of hazards in handling, processing and storage of hazardous material and safety system provided to mitigate the risk.
- 20. Likely impact of the project on air, water, land, flora-fauna and nearby population
- 21. Emergency preparedness plan in case of natural or in plant emergencies
- 22. Issues raised during public hearing (if applicable) and response given
- 23. CER plan with proposed expenditure.
- 24. Occupational Health Measures
- 25. Post project monitoring plan
- 26. The project proponent shall carry out detailed hydro geological study through intuitions/NABET Accredited agencies.
- 27. A detailed report on the green belt development already undertaken is to be furnished and also submit the proposal for green belt activities.
- 28. The proponent shall propose the suitable control measure to control the fugitive emissions during the operations of the mines.

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- 29. A specific study should include impact on flora & fauna, disturbance to migratory pattern of animals.
- 30. Reserve funds should be earmarked for proper closure plan.
- 31. A detailed plan on plastic waste management shall be furnished. Further, the proponent should strictly comply with, Tamil Nadu Government Order (Ms) No.84 Environment and forests (EC.2) Department dated 25.06.2018 regarding ban on one time use and throw away plastics irrespective of thickness with effect from 01.01.2019 under Environment (Protection) Act, 1986. In this connection, the project proponent has to furnish the action plan.

#### Besides the above, the below mentioned general points should also be followed:-

- a. A note confirming compliance of the TOR, with cross referencing of the relevant sections / pages of the EIA report should be provided.
- b. All documents may be properly referenced with index, page numbers and continuous page numbering.
- c. Where data are presented in the report especially in tables, the period in which the data were collected and the sources should be indicated.
- d. While preparing the EIA report, the instructions for the proponents and instructions for the consultants issued by MoEF& CC vide O.M. No. J-11013/41/2006-IA.II (I) dated 4th August, 2009, which are available on the website of this Ministry should also be followed.
- e. The consultants involved in the preparation of EIA/EMP report after accreditation with Quality Council of India (QCI)/National Accreditation Board of Education and Training (NABET) would need to include a certificate in this regard in the EIA/EMP reports prepared by them and data provided by other organization/Laboratories including their status of approvals etc. In this regard circular no F. No.J -11013/77/2004-IA-II(I) dated 2<sup>nd</sup> December, 2009, 18<sup>th</sup> March 2010, 28<sup>th</sup> May 2010, 28<sup>th</sup> June 2010, 31<sup>st</sup> December 2010 & 30<sup>th</sup> September 2011 posted on the Ministry's website http://www.moef.nic.in/may be referred.
  - After preparing the EIA (as per the generic structure prescribed in Appendix-III of the EIA Notification, 2006) covering the above mentioned points, the proponent willtake further necessary action for obtaining environmental clearance in accordance with the procedure prescribed under the EIA Notification, 2006.

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- The final EIA report shall be submitted to the SEIAA, Tamil Nadu for obtaining Environmental Clearance.
- The TORs with public hearing prescribed shall be <u>valid for a period of three</u> <u>years</u> from the date of issue, for submission of the EIA/EMP report as per OMNo.J-11013/41/2006-IA-II(I)(part) dated 29<sup>th</sup> August, 2017.



## Signature Not Verified Digitally Signed by : A B Rahul Nadh IAS Member Secretary, STAA

Welliber Secretary, SerAA

Date: 13/05/2025

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#### **File No:** 11688

#### **Government of India**

### Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change (Issued by the State Environment Impact Assessment Authority(SEIAA), TAMIL NADU)



\*\*\*

Dated 01/03/2025



To,

Thiru.R Nithianandan

CHETTINAD CEMENT CORPORATION PRIVATE LIMITED

"Meyyammai Building", 2nd Floor, No.17/35, Gandhi nagar, Second main Road, Adayar, Chennai,

CHENNAI, TAMIL NADU, Near Anna Flyover, 600020

tech@chettinadcement.com

**Subject:** 

Grant of Terms of Reference under the provision of the EIA Notification 2006-as amended regarding.

Sir/Madam,

SEIAA, Tamil Nadu – Terms of Reference along with Public Hearing (ToR) for the Proposed Limekankar Quarry lease over an extent of 3.42.5ha in S.F.Nos. 39/1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 57/2, 3, 4, 5, 6 & 7 in Kallankurichi Village, Ariyalur Taluk, Ariyalur District, Tamil Nadu by M/s. Chettinad Cement Corporation Private Limited- under project category – "B1" and Schedule S.No.1(a) – ToR issued along with Public Hearing- preparation of EIA report – Regarding.

- Ref:
- 1. Online proposal No. SIA/TN/MIN/517530/2025, Dated: 11/01/2025.
- 2. Your application submitted for Terms of Reference dated: 20.01.2025.
- 3. Minutes of the 532th Meeting of SEAC held on 13.02.2025.
- 4. Minutes of the 798th Meeting of Authority held on 26.02.2024.
- 2. The particulars of the proposal are as below:

(i) TOR Identification No. TO25B0108TN5732932N

(ii) File No.(iii) Clearance Type(iv) CategoryTORB1

(v) **Project/Activity Included Schedule No.** 1(a) Mining of minerals

(vii) Name of Project

Kallankurichi Limekankar Quarry Lease of
Chettinad Cement Corporation Pvt Ltd

CHETTINAD CEMENT CORPORATION

(viii) Name of Company/Organization CHETTINAD CEMENT CORPORATION PRIVATE LIMITED

(ix) Location of Project (District, State) Ariyalur, TAMIL NADU

(x) Issuing Authority SEIAA

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- 1.In view of the particulars given in the Para 1 above, the project proposal interalia including Form-1(Part A and B) were submitted to the SEIAA for an appraisal by the SEAC under the provision of EIA notification 2006 and its subsequent amendments.
- 2.The above-mentioned proposal has been considered by SEIAA in the meeting held on 26/02/2025. The minutes of the meeting and all the Application and documents submitted [(viz. Form-1 Part A, Part B,] are available on PARIVESH portal which can be accessed by scanning the QR Code above.
- 3.The State Expert Appraisal Committee (SEAC), based on the information & clarifications provided by the project proponent and after detailed deliberations on all technical aspects recommended the proposal for grant of Terms of Reference with public hearing under the provision of EIA Notification, 2006 and as amended thereof subject to the stipulation of specific and general conditions as detailed in Annexure (2).
- 4.The SEIAA has examined the proposal in accordance with the Environment Impact Assessment (EIA) Notification, 2006 & further amendments thereto and after accepting the recommendations of the SEAC hereby decided to issue the following Terms of Reference with public hearing for instant proposal of **M/s. Chettinad Cement Corporation Private Limited** under the provisions of EIA Notification, 2006 and as amended thereof.
- 5. The Ministry/SEIAA-TN reserves the right to stipulate additional conditions, if found necessary.
- 6.The Terms of Reference with public hearing to the aforementioned project is under provisions of EIA Notification, 2006. It does not tantamount to approvals/consent/permissions etc. required to be obtained under any other Act/Rule/regulation. The Project Proponent is under obligation to obtain approvals /clearances under any other Acts/ Regulations or Statutes, as applicable, to the project.
- 7. This issues with the approval of the Competent Authority.
- 8. The TORs with public hearing prescribed shall be valid for a period of three years from the date of issue, for submission of the EIA/EMP report as per OMNo.J-11013/41/2006-IA-II(I)(part) dated 29th August, 2017.

#### Copy To

- 1. The Secretary, Ministry of Mines, Government of India, Shastri Bhawan, New Delhi.
- 2. The Principal Secretary to Government, Environment and Forests Department, Tamil Nadu.
- 3. The Additional Chief Secretary to Government, Natural Resources Department, Tamil Nadu.
- 4. The Additional Principal Chief Conservator of Forests, Regional Office (SZ), 34, HEPC Building, 1st& 2nd Floor, Cathedral Garden Road, Nungambakkam, Chennai 34.
- 5. The Chairman, Central Pollution Control Board, Parivesh Bhawan, CBD-Cum-Office Complex, East Arjun Nagar, New Delhi-110 032.
- 6. The Chair Person, TNPC Board, 76, Mount Salai, Guindy, Chennai-32
- 7. The District Collector, Ariyalur District.
- 8. The Commissioner of Geology and Mines, Guindy, Chennai-32
- 9. Assistant Director, Department of Geology & Mining, Ariyalur District.
- 10. EI Division, Ministry of Environment & Forests, Paryavaran Bhawan, New Delhi.
- 11. File Copy

Annexure 1

Specific Terms of Reference for (Mining Of Minerals)

#### 1. Seiaa Specific Conditions:

S. No	Terms of Reference
1.1	The EMP should cover the detailed restoration plan of the site.     The concerns of the public regarding impacts of the mining activity on water bodies and

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S. No	Terms of Reference
	agriculture shall be deliberated in detail during public hearing.

#### 2. Seac Conditions - Site Specific

S. No	Terms of Reference
2.1	1. A Cluster Management Committee (CMC) shall be constituted including all the mines in the cluster as Committee Members for the effective management of the mining operation in the cluster through systematic & scientific approach with appointment of statutory personnel, appropriate environmental monitoring, good maintenance of haul roads and village/panchayat roads, authorized blasting operation etc. The PP shall submit the following details in the form of an Affidavit during the EIA appraisal:  (i) Copy of the agreement forming CMC.  (ii) The Organisation chart of the Committee with defining the role of the members  (iii) The 'Standard Operating Procedures' (SoP) executing the planned activities.  2. The Boundary pillars to be erected as per the mine rules and the evidence should be submitted along with the EIA report.  3. The PP should explore the possibility of transporting the quarry material through closed trucks.  4. The details of enumeration of structures including schools, colleges, primary health centres should be submitted along with the EIA report.  5. The structures within the radius of (i) 50 m, (ii) 100 m, (iii) 200 m and (iv) 300 m & upto 1km shall be enumerated with details such as dwelling houses with number of occupants, whether it belongs to the owner (or) not, places of worship, industries, factories, sheds, etc. and spell out the mitigation measures to be proposed for the protection of the above structures, if any during the quarrying operations.  6. The proponent shall furnish photographs of adequate fencing, garland drainage built with siltation tank & green belt along the periphery including replantation of existing trees; maintaining the safety distance between the adjacent quarries & water bodies nearby provided as per the approved mining plan.  7. The Proponent shall carry out Bio diversity study as a part of EIA study and the same shall be included in the Report.  8. The PP shall prepare the EMP for the entire life of mine.  9. The PP shall prepare the EMP for the entire life of min

#### 3. Seac Standard Conditions

S. No	Terms of Reference
3.1	1. In the case of existing/operating mines, a letter obtained from the concerned AD (Mines) shall be submitted and it shall include the following:  (i) Original pit dimension

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S. No	Terms of Reference
	(ii) Quantity achieved Vs EC Approved Quantity (iii) Balance Quantity as per Mineable Reserve calculated. (iv) Mined out Depth as on date Vs EC Permitted depth (v) Details of illegal/filicit mining (vi) Violation in the quarry during the past working. (vii) Quantity of material mined out outside the mine lease area (viii) Quantition of Safety sone/benches (ix) Revised/Modified Mining Plan showing the benches of not exceeding 6 m height and ultimate depth of not exceeding 50m. 2. Details of habitations around the proposed mining area and latest VAO certificate regarding the location of habitations within 300m radius from the periphery of the site. 3. The proponent is requested to carry out a survey and enumerate on the structures located within the radius of (i) 50 m. (ii) 100 m. (iii) 200 m and (iv) 300 m (v) 500m shall be enumerated with details such as dwelling houses with number of occupants, whether it belongs to the owner (or) not, places of worship, industries, factories, sheds, etc with indicating the owner of the building, nature of construction, age of the building, number of residents, their profession and income, etc. 4. The PP shall submit a detailed hydrological report indicating the owner of the building, nature of construction, age of the building, number of residents, their profession and income, etc. 4. The Proponent shall carry out Bio diversity study through reputed Institution and the same shall be included in EIA Report. 5. The Proponent shall carry out Bio diversity study through reputed Institution and the same shall be included in EIA Report. 6. The DFO letter stating that the proximity distance of Reserve Forests, Protected Areas, Sanctuaries, Tiger reserve etc., up to a radius of 25 km from the proposed site. 7. In the case of proposed lease in an existing (or old) quarry where the benches are not formed (or) partially formed as per the approved Mining Plan, the Project Proponent (PP) shall the PP shall carry out the scentific studies to assess the slope stability of the working benche

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S. No	Terms of Reference
	<ul> <li>Name of the person already mined in that leases area.</li> <li>If EC and CTO already obtained, the copy of the same shall be submitted.</li> <li>Whether the mining was carried out as per the approved mine plan (or EC if issued) with stipulated benches.</li> </ul>
	15. All corner coordinates of the mine lease area, superimposed on a High-Resolution Imagery/Topo sheet, topographic sheet, geomorphology, lithology and geology of the mining lease area should be provided. Such an Imagery of the proposed area should clearly show the land use and other ecological features of the study area (core and buffer zone).
	16. The PP shall carry out Drone video survey covering the cluster, green belt, fencing, etc., 17. The proponent shall furnish photographs of adequate fencing, green belt along the periphery including replantation of existing trees & safety distance between the adjacent quarries & water bodies nearby provided as per the approved mining plan.
	18. The Project Proponent shall provide the details of mineral reserves and mineable reserves, planned production capacity, proposed working methodology with justifications, the anticipated impacts of the mining operations on the surrounding environment, and the remedial measures for the same.
	19. The Project Proponent shall provide the Organization chart indicating the appointment of various statutory officials and other competent persons to be appointed as per the provisions of the Mines Act'1952 and the MMR, 1961 for carrying out the quarrying operations scientifically and systematically in order to ensure safety and to protect the environment.
	20. The Project Proponent shall conduct the hydro-geological study considering the contour map of the water table detailing the number of groundwater pumping & open wells, and surface water bodies such as rivers, tanks, canals, ponds, etc. within 1 km (radius) along with the collected water level data for both monsoon and non-monsoon seasons from the PWD / TWAD so as to assess the impacts on the wells due to mining activity. Based on actual monitored data, it may clearly be shown whether working will intersect groundwater. Necessary data and documentation in this regard may be provided.
	21. The proponent shall furnish the baseline data for the environmental and ecological parameters with regard to surface water/ground water quality, air quality, soil quality & flora/fauna including traffic/vehicular movement study.
	22. The Proponent shall carry out the Cumulative impact study due to mining operations carried out in the quarry specifically with reference to the specific environment in terms of soil health, biodiversity, air pollution, water pollution, climate change and flood control & health impacts. Accordingly, the Environment Management plan should be prepared keeping the concerned quarry and the surrounding habitations in the mind.
	23. Rain water harvesting management with recharging details along with water balance (both monsoon & non-monsoon) be submitted.
	24. Land use of the study area delineating forest area, agricultural land, grazing land, wildlife sanctuary, national park, migratory routes of fauna, water bodies, human settlements and other ecological features should be indicated. Land use plan of the mine lease area should be prepared to encompass preoperational, operational and post operational phases and submitted. Impact, if any, of change of land use should be given.
	25. Details of the land for storage of Overburden/Waste Dumps (or) Rejects outside the mine lease, such as extent of land area, distance from mine lease, its land use, R&R issues, if any, should be provided.
	26. Proximity to Areas declared as 'Critically Polluted' (or) the Project areas which attracts the court restrictions for mining operations, should also be indicated and where so required, clearance certifications from the prescribed Authorities, such as the TNPCB (or) Dept. of Geology and Mining should be secured and furnished to the effect that the proposed mining activities could be considered.
	27. Description of water conservation measures proposed to be adopted in the Project should be given. Details of rainwater harvesting proposed in the Project, if any, should be provided.

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S. No	Terms of Reference
S. No	28. Impact on local transport infrastructure due to the Project should be indicated.  29. A tree survey study shall be carried out (nos., name of the species, age, diameter etc.,) both within the mining lease applied area & 300m buffer zone and its management during mining activity.  30. A detailed mine closure plan for the proposed project shall be included in EIA/EMP report which should be site-specific.  31. As a part of the study of flora and fauna around the vicinity of the proposed site, the EIA coordinator shall strive to educate the local students on the importance of preserving local flora and fauna by involving them in the study, wherever possible.  32. The purpose of Green belt around the project is to capture the fugitive emissions, carbon sequestration and to attenuate the noise generated, in addition to improving the aesthetics. A wide range of indigenous plant species should be planted as given in the appendix-I in consultation with the DFO, State Agriculture University. The plant species with dense/moderate canopy of native origin should be chosen. Species of small/medium/tall trees alternating with shrubs should be planted in a mixed manner.  33. Taller/one year old Saplings raised in appropriate size of bags, preferably ecofriendly bags should be planted as per the advice of local forest authorities/botanist/Horticulturist with regard to site specific choices. The proponent shall earmark the greenbelt area with GPS coordinates all along the boundary of the project site with at least 3 meters wide and in between blocks in an organized manner  34. A Disaster management Plan shall be prepared and included in the EIA/EMP Report for the complete life of the proposed quarry (or) till the end of the lease period.  35. A Risk Assessment and management Plan shall be prepared and included in the EIA/EMP Report for the complete life of the proposed quarry (or) till the end of the lease period.
	examination schedules should be incorporated in the EMP. The project specific occupational health mitigation measures with required facilities proposed in the mining area may be detailed.  37. Public health implications of the Project and related activities for the population in the impact zone should be systematically evaluated and the proposed remedial measures should be detailed along with budgetary allocations.  38. The Socio-economic studies should be carried out within a 5 km buffer zone from the mining activity. Measures of socio-economic significance and influence to the local community proposed to be provided by the Project Proponent should be indicated. As far as possible, quantitative dimensions may be given with time frames for implementation.  39. Details of litigation pending against the project, if any, with direction /order passed by any Court of Law against the Project should be given.  40. Benefits of the Project if the Project is implemented should be spelt out. The benefits of the Project shall clearly indicate environmental, social, economic, employment potential, etc.  41. If any quarrying operations were carried out in the proposed quarrying site for which now the EC is sought, the Project Proponent shall furnish the detailed compliance to EC conditions given in the previous EC with the site photographs which shall duly be certified by MoEF&CC, Regional Office, Chennai (or) the concerned DEE/TNPCB.  42. The PP shall prepare the EMP for the entire life of mine and also furnish the sworn affidavit stating to abide the EMP for the entire life of mine.  43. Concealing any factual information or submission of false/fabricated data and failure to comply with any of the conditions mentioned above may result in withdrawal of this Terms of Conditions besides attracting penal provisions in the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.

#### 4. Seiaa Standard Conditions:

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S. No	Terms of Reference
4.1	Cluster Management Committee shall be framed which must include all the proponents in the cluster as members including the existing as well as proposed quarry.  2. The members must coordinate among themselves for the effective implementation of EMP as committed including Green Belt Development, Water sprinkling, tree plantation, blasting etc.,  3. The List of members of the committee formed shall be submitted to AD/Mines before the execution of mining lease and the same shall be updated every year to the AD/Mines.  4. Detailed Operational Plan must be submitted which must include the blasting frequency with respect to the nearby quarry situated in the cluster, the usage of haul roads by the individual quarry in the form of route map and network.  5. The committee shall deliberate on risk & emergency management plan, fire safety & evacuation plan and sustainable development goals pertaining to the cluster in a holistic manner especially during natural calamities like intense rain and the mitigation measures considering the inundation of the cluster and evacuation plan.  6. The Cluster Management Committee shall form Environmental Policy to practice sustainable mining in a scientific and systematic manner in accordance with the law. The role played by the committee in implementing the Environmental policy devised shall be given in detail in the EIA Report.  7. The committee shall furnish action plan regarding the restoration strategy with respect to the individual quarry falling under the cluster in a holistic manner.  8. The committee shall deliberate on the health of the workers/staff involved in the mining as well as the health of the public in the vicinity.  Agriculture & Agroe-Biodiversity  9. Impact on surrounding agricultural fields around the proposed mining Area.  10. Impact on soil flora & vegetation around the project site.  11. Details of type of vegetation including no, of frees & shrubs within the proposed mining area shall committed mentioned in EMP.  12. The Environmental Impact Assessment should

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S. No	Terms of Reference
	21. Detailed study shall be carried out in regard to impact of mining around the proposed mine lease area on the nearby Villages, Water-bodies/ Rivers, & any ecological fragile areas.  22. The project proponent shall study impact on fish habitats and the food WEB/ food chain in the water had a graph of the project.
	the water body and Reservoir.  23. The project proponent shall study and furnish the details on potential fragmentation impact on natural Environment, by the activities.
	24. The project proponent shall study and furnish the impact on aquatic plants and animals in water bodies and possible scars on the landscape, damages to nearby caves, heritage site, and archaeological sites possible land form changes visual and aesthetic impacts.
	<ul><li>25. The Terms of Reference should specifically study impact on soil health, soil erosion, the soil physical, chemical components and microbial components.</li><li>26. The Environmental Impact Assessment should study on wetlands, water bodies, rivers</li></ul>
	streams, lakes and farmer sites.  27. The EIA shall include the impact of mining activity on the following:
	<ul><li>a) Hydrothermal/Geothermal effect due to destruction in the Environment.</li><li>b) Bio-geochemical processes and its foot prints including Environmental stress.</li></ul>
	c) Sediment geochemistry in the surface streams.  Energy  28. The measures taken to control Noise, Air, Water, Dust Control and steps adopted to
	efficiently utilise the Energy shall be furnished.  Climate Change
$K_{\chi}$	29. The Environmental Impact Assessment shall study in detail the carbon emission and also suggest the measures to mitigate carbon emission including development of carbon sinks and temperature reduction including control of other emission and climate mitigation activities.
	30. The Environmental Impact Assessment should study impact on climate change, temperature rise, pollution and above soil & below soil carbon stock, soil health and physical, chemical & biological soil features.
0	31. Impact of mining on pollution leading to GHGs emissions and the impact of the same on the local livelihood.  Mine Closure Plan
	32. Detailed Mine Closure Plan covering the entire mine lease period as per precise area communication order issued.  EMP
	33. Detailed Environment Management Plan along with adaptation, mitigation & remedial strategies covering the entire mine lease period as per precise area communication order issued and the scope for achieving SDGs.
	34. The Environmental Impact Assessment should hold detailed study on EMP with budget for Green belt development and mine closure plan including disaster management plan.  Risk Assessment
	35. To furnish risk assessment and management plan including anticipated vulnerabilities during operational and post operational phases of Mining.  Disaster Management Plan
	Disaster Management Plan  36. To furnish disaster management plan and disaster mitigation measures in regard to all aspects to avoid/reduce vulnerability to hazards & to cope with disaster/untoward accidents in & around the proposed mine lease area due to the proposed method of mining activity & its related activities covering the entire mine lease period as per precise area communication order issued.  Others
	37. The project proponent shall furnish VAO certificate with reference to 300m radius regard to approved habitations, schools, Archaeological sites, Structures, railway lines, roads, water bodies such as streams, odai, vaari, canal, channel, river, lake pond, tank etc.
	38. As per the MoEF& CC office memorandum F.No.22-65/2017-IA.III dated: 30.09.2020 and 20.10.2020 the proponent shall address the concerns raised during the public consultation and

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S. No	Terms of Reference
	all the activities proposed shall be part of the Environment Management Plan.  39. The project proponent shall study and furnish the possible pollution due to plastic and microplastic on the Environment. The ecological risks and impacts of plastic & microplastics on aquatic Environment and fresh water systems due to activities, contemplated during mining may be investigated and reported.

#### Standard Terms of Reference for (Mining of minerals)

#### 1.

S. No	Terms of Reference
1.1	Year-wise production details since 1994 should be given, clearly stating the highest production achieved in any one year prior to 1994. It may also be categorically informed whether there had been any increase in production after the EIA Notification 1994 came into force, w.r.t. the highest production achieved prior to 1994
1.2	A copy of the document in support of the fact that the Proponent is the rightful lessee of the mine should be given
1.3	All documents including approved mine plan, EIA and Public Hearing should be compatible with one another in terms of the mine lease area, production levels, waste generation and its management, mining technology etc. and should be in the name of the lessee
1.4	All corner coordinates of the mine lease area, superimposed on a High Resolution Imagery/ toposheet, topographic sheet, geomorphology and geology of the areashould be provided. Such an Imagery of the proposed area should clearly show the land use and other ecological features of the study area (core and buffer zone)
1.5	Information should be provided in Survey of India Toposheet in 1:50,000 scale indicating geological map of the area, geomorphology of land forms of the area, existing minerals and mining history of the area, important water bodies, streams and rivers and soil characteristics
1.6	Details about the land proposed for mining activities should be givenwith information as to whether mining conforms to the land use policy of the State; land diversion for mining should have approval from State land use board or the concerned authority
1.7	It should be clearly stated whether the proponent Company has a well laid down Environment Policy approved by its Board of Directors? If so, it may be spelt out in the EIA Report with description of the prescribed operating process/procedures to bring into focus any infringement/deviation/ violation of the environmental or forest norms/ conditions? The hierarchical system or administrative order of the Company to deal with the environmental issues and for ensuring compliance with the EC conditions may also be given. The system of reporting of non-compliances / violations of environmental norms to the Board of Directors of the Company and/or shareholders or stakeholders at large,may also be detailed in the EIA Report
1.8	Issues relating to Mine Safety, including subsidence study in case of underground mining and slope study in case of open cast mining, blasting study etc. should be detailed. The proposed safeguard measures in each case should also be provided

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S. No	Terms of Reference
1.9	The study rea will comprise of 10 km zone around the mine lease from lease periphery and the data contained in the EIA such as waste generation etc. should be for the life of the mine / lease period
1.10	Land use of the study rea delineating forest area, agricultural land, grazing land, wildlife sanctuary, national park, migratory routes of fauna, water bodies, human settlements and other ecological features should be indicated. Land use plan of the mine lease area should be prepared to encompass preoperational, operational and post operational phases and submitted. Impact, if any, of change of land use should be given
1.11	Details of the land for any Over Burden Dumps outside the mine lease, such as extent of land area, distance from mine lease, its land use, R&R issues, if any, should be given
1.12	A Certificate from the Competent Authority in the State Forest Department should be provided, confirming the involvement of forest land, if any, in the project area. In the event of any contrary claim by the Project Proponent regarding the status of forests, the site may be inspected by the State Forest Department along with the Regional Office of the Ministry to ascertain the status of forests, based on which, the Certificate in this regard as mentioned above be issued. In all such cases, it would be desirable for representative of the State Forest Department to assist the State Expert Appraisal Committees
1.13	Status of forestry clearance for the broken up area and virgin forestland involved in the Project including deposition of net present value (NPV) and compensatory afforestation (CA) should be indicated. A copy of the forestry clearance should also be furnished
1.14	Implementation status of recognition of forest rights under the Scheduled Tribes and other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006 should be indicated
1.15	The vegetation in the RF / PF areas in the study area, with necessary details, should be given
1.16	A study shall be got done to ascertain the impact of the Mining Project on wildlife of the study area and details furnished. Impact of the project on the wildlife in the surrounding and any other protected area and accordingly, detailed mitigative measures required, should be worked out with cost implications and submitted
1.17	Location of National Parks, Sanctuaries, Biosphere Reserves, Wildlife Corridors, Ramsar site Tiger/ Elephant Reserves/(existing as well as proposed), if any, within 10 km of the mine lease should be clearly indicated, supported by a location map duly authenticated by Chief Wildlife Warden. Necessary clearance, as may be applicable to such projects due to proximity of the ecologically sensitive areas as mentioned above, should be obtained from the Standing Committee of National Board of Wildlifeand copy furnished
1.18	A detailed biological study of the study area [core zone and buffer zone (10 km radius of the periphery of the mine lease)] shall be carried out. Details of flora and fauna, endangered, endemic and RET Species duly authenticated, separately for core and buffer zone should be furnished based on such primary field survey, clearly indicating the Schedule of the fauna present. In case of any scheduled- I fauna found in the study area, the necessary plan alongwith budgetary provisions for their conservation should be prepared in consultation with State Forest and Wildlife Department and details furnished. Necessary allocation of funds for implementing the same should be made as part of the project cost

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S. No	S. No Terms of Reference	
1.19	Proximity to Areas declared as Critically Polluted or the Project areas likely to come under the Aravali Range, (attracting court restrictions for mining operations), should also be indicated and where so required, clearance certifications from the prescribed Authorities, such as the SPCB or State Mining Dept. Should be secured and furnished to the effect that the proposed mining activities could be considered	
1.20	Similarly, for coastal Projects, A CRZ map duly authenticated by one of the authorized agencies demarcating LTL. HTL, CRZ area, location of the mine lease w.r.t CRZ, coastal features such as mangroves, if any, should be furnished. (Note: The Mining Projects falling under CRZ would also need to obtain approval of the concerned Coastal Zone Management Authority)	
1.21	R&R Plan/compensation details for the Project Affected People (PAP) should be furnished. While preparing the R&R Plan, the relevant State/National Rehabilitation & Resettlement Policy should be kept in view. In respect of SCs /STs and other weaker sections of the society in the study area, a need based sample survey, family-wise, should be undertaken to assess their requirements, and action programmes prepared and submitted accordingly, integrating the sectoral programmes of line departments of the State Government. It may be clearly brought out whether the village(s) located in the mine lease area will be shifted or not. The issues relating to shifting of village(s) including their R&R and socio-economic aspects should be discussed in the Report  One season (non-monsoon) [i.e. March-May (Summer Season); October-December (post monsoon season); December-February (winter season)]primary baseline data on ambient air quality as per CPCB Notification of 2009, water quality, noise level, soil and flora and fauna shall be collected and the AAQ and other data so compiled presented date-wise in the EIA and EMP Report. Site specific meteorological data should also be collected. The location of the monitoring stations should be such as to represent whole of the study area and justified keeping in view the pre-dominant downwind direction and location of sensitive receptors. There should be at least one monitoring station within 500 m of the mine lease in the pre-dominant downwind direction. The mineralogical composition of PM10, particularly for free silica, should be given	
1.22		
1.23	Air quality modeling should be carried out for prediction of impact of the project on the air quality of the area. It should also take into account the impact of movement of vehicles for transportation of mineral. The details of the model used and input parameters used for modeling should be provided. The air quality contours may be shown on a location map clearly indicating the location of the site location of sensitive receptors, if any, and the habitation. The wind roses showing pre-dominant wind direction may also be indicated on the map	
1.24	The water requirement for the Project, its availability and source should be furnished. A detailed water balance should also be provided. Fresh water requirement for the Project should be indicated	
1.25	Necessary clearance from the Competent Authority for drawl of requisite quantity of water for the Project should be provided	
1.26	Description of water conservation measures proposed to be adopted in the Project should be given.  Details of rainwater harvesting proposed in the Project, if any, should be provided	
1.27	Impact of the Project on the water quality, both surface and groundwater, should be assessed and necessary safeguard measures, if any required, should be provided	
1.28	Based on actual monitored data, it may clearly be shown whether working will intersect	

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S. No	Terms of Reference		
	groundwater. Necessary data and documentation in this regard may be provided. In case the working will intersect groundwater table, a detailed Hydro Geological Study should be undertaken and Report furnished. The Report inter-alia, shall include details of the aquifers present and impact of mining activities on these aquifers. Necessary permission from State Ground Water Authority for working below ground water and for pumping of ground water should also be obtained and copy furnished		
1.29	Details of any stream, seasonal or otherwise, passing through the lease area and modification / diversion proposed, if any, and the impact of the same on the hydrology should be brought out		
1.30	Information on site elevation, working depth, groundwater table etc. Should be provided both in AMSL and bgl. A schematic diagram may also be provided for the same		
1.31	A time bound Progressive Greenbelt Development Plan shall be prepared in a tabular fo (indicating the linear and quantitative coverage, plant species and time frame) and submitt keeping in mind, the same will have to be executed up front on commencement of the Proje Phase-wise plan of plantation and compensatory afforestation should be charted clearly indicate the area to be covered under plantation and the species to be planted. The details of plantatical already done should be given. The plant species selected for green belt should have great ecological value and should be of good utility value to the local population with emphasis on location and native species and the species which are tolerant to pollution		
1.32	Impact on local transport infrastructure due to the Project should be indicated. Projected increase truck traffic as a result of the Project in the present road network (including those outside the Project area) should be worked out, indicating whether it is capable of handling the increment load. Arrangement for improving the infrastructure, if contemplated (including action to be taken other agencies such as State Government) should be covered. Project Proponent shall conduct Impact of Transportation study as per Indian Road Congress Guidelines		
1.33	Details of the onsite shelter and facilities to be provided to the mine workers should be included in the EIA Report		
1.34	Conceptual post mining land use and Reclamation and Restoration of mined out areas (with plan and with adequate number of sections) should be given in the EIA report		
1.35	Occupational Health impacts of the Project should be anticipated and the proposed preventi measures spelt out in detail. Details of pre-placement medical examination and periodical medic examination schedules should be incorporated in the EMP. The project specific occupational hea mitigation measures with required facilities proposed in the mining area may be detailed		
1.36	Public health implications of the Project and related activities for the population in the impact zon should be systematically evaluated and the proposed remedial measures should be detailed alon with budgetary allocations		
1.37	Measures of socio economic significance and influence to the local community proposed to be provided by the Project Proponent should be indicated. As far as possible, quantitative dimensions may be given with time frames for implementation		
1.38	Detailed environmental management plan (EMP) to mitigate the environmental impacts which, should inter-alia include the impacts of change of land use, loss of agricultural and grazing land, if		

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S. No	Terms of Reference		
	any, occupational health impacts besides other impacts specific to the proposed Project		
1.39	Public Hearing points raised and commitment of the Project Proponent on the same along with time bound Action Plan with budgetary provisions to implement the same should be provided and also incorporated in the final EIA/EMP Report of the Project		
1.40	Details of litigation pending against the project, if any, with direction /order passed by any Court of Law against the Project should be given		
1.41	The cost of the Project (capital cost and recurring cost) as well as the cost towards implementation of EMP should be clearly spelt out		
1.42	A Disaster management Plan shall be prepared and included in the EIA/EMP Report		
1.43	Benefits of the Project if the Project is implemented should be spelt out. The benefits of the Project shall clearly indicate environmental, social, economic, employment potential, etc		
1.44	Besides the above, the below mentioned general points are also to be followed:- a) All documents to be properly referenced with index and continuous page numbering. b) Where data are presented in the Report especially in Tables, the period in which the data were collected and the sources should be indicated. c) Project Proponent shall enclose all the analysis/testing reports of water, air, soil, noise etc. using the MoEF&CC/NABL accredited laboratories. All the original analysis/testing reports should be available during appraisal of the Project. d) Where the documents provided are in a language other than English, an English translation should be provided. e) The Questionnaire for environmental appraisal of mining projects as devised earlier by the Ministry shall also be filled and submitted. f) While preparing the EIA report, the instructions for the Proponents and instructions for the Consultants issued by MoEF vide O.M. No. J-11013/41/2006-IA.II(I) dated 4th August, 2009, which are available on the website of this Ministry, should be followed. g) Changes, if any made in the basic scope and project parameters (as submitted in Form-I and the PFR for securing the TOR) should be brought to the attention of MoEF&CC with reasons for such changes and permission should be sought, as the TOR may also have to be altered. Post Public Hearing changes in structure and content of the draft EIA/EMP (other than modifications arising out of the P.H. process) will entail conducting the PH again with the revised documentation. h) As per the circular no. J-11011/618/2010-IA.II(I) dated 30.5.2012, certified report of the status of compliance of the conditions stipulated in the environment clearance for the existing operations of the project, should be obtained from the Regional Office of Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, as may be applicable. i) The EIA report should also include (i) surface plan of the area indicating contours of main topographic features, drainage and mining area, (ii) geological maps and se		

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#### A. STANDARD TERMS OF REFERENCE

- 1) Year-wise production details since 1994 should be given, clearly stating the highest production achieved in any one year prior to 1994. It may also be categorically informed whether there had been any increase in production after the EIA Notification 1994 came into force, w.r.t. the highest production achieved prior to 1994.
- 2) A copy of the document in support of the fact that the Proponent is the rightful lessee of the mine should be given.
- 3) All documents including approved mine plan, EIA and Public Hearing should be compatible with one another in terms of the mine lease area, production levels, waste generation and its management, mining technology etc. and should be in the name of the lessee.
- 4) All corner coordinates of the mine lease area, superimposed on a High-Resolution Imagery/ topo sheet, topographic sheet, geomorphology and geology of the area should be provided. Such an Imagery of the proposed area should clearly show the land use and other ecological features of the study area (core and buffer zone).
- 5) Information should be provided in Survey of India Topo sheet in 1:50,000 scale indicating geological map of the area, geomorphology of land forms of the area, existing minerals and mining history of the area, important water bodies, streams and rivers and soil characteristics.
- 6) Details about the land proposed for mining activities should be given with information as to whether mining conforms to the land use policy of the State; land diversion for mining should have approval from State land use board or the concerned authority.
- The should be clearly stated whether the proponent Company has a well laid down Environment Policy approved by its Board of Directors? If so, it may be spelt out in the EIA Report with description of the prescribed operating process/procedures to bring into focus any infringement/deviation/ violation of the environmental or forest norms/ conditions? The hierarchical system or administrative order of the Company to deal with the environmental issues and for ensuring compliance with the EC conditions may also be given. The system of reporting of non-compliances / violations of environmental norms to the Board of Directors of the Company and/or shareholders or stakeholders at large, may also be detailed in the EIA Report.
- 8) Issues relating to Mine Safety, including subsidence study in case of underground mining and slope study in case of open cast mining, blasting study etc. should be detailed. The proposed safeguard measures in each case should also be provided.

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- 9) The study area will comprise of 10 km zone around the mine lease from lease periphery and the data contained in the EIA such as waste generation etc. should be for the life of the mine / lease period.
- 10) Land use of the study area delineating forest area, agricultural land, grazing land, wildlife sanctuary, national park, migratory routes of fauna, water bodies, human settlements and other ecological features should be indicated. Land use plan of the mine lease area should be prepared to encompass preoperational, operational and post operational phases and submitted. Impact, if any, of change of land use should be given.
- 11) Details of the land for any Over Burden Dumps outside the mine lease, such as extent of land area, distance from mine lease, its land use, R&R issues, if any, should be given.
- 12) Certificate from the Competent Authority in the State Forest Department should be provided, confirming the involvement of forest land, if any, in the project area. In the event of any contrary claim by the Project Proponent regarding the status of forests, the site may be inspected by the State Forest Department along with the Regional Office of the Ministry to ascertain the status of forests, based on which, the Certificate in this regard as mentioned above be issued. In all such cases, it would be desirable for representative of the State Forest Department to assist the Expert Appraisal Committees.
- 13) Status of forestry clearance for the broken-up area and virgin forestland involved in the Project including deposition of Net Present Value (NPV) and Compensatory Afforestation (CA) should be indicated. A copy of the forestry clearance should also be furnished.
- 14) Implementation status of recognition of forest rights under the Scheduled Tribes and other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006 should be indicated.
- 15) The vegetation in the RF / PF areas in the study area, with necessary details, should be given.
- 16) A study shall be got done to ascertain the impact of the Mining Project on wildlife of the study area and details furnished. Impact of the project on the wildlife in the surrounding and any other protected area and accordingly, detailed mitigative measures required, should be worked out with cost implications and submitted.
- 17) Location of National Parks, Sanctuaries, Biosphere Reserves, Wildlife Corridors, Ramsar site Tiger/ Elephant Reserves/(existing as well as proposed), if any, within 10 km of the mine lease should be clearly indicated, supported by a location map duly authenticated by Chief Wildlife Warden. Necessary clearance, as may be applicable to such projects

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- due to proximity of the ecologically sensitive areas as mentioned above, should be obtained from the Standing Committee of National Board of Wildlife and copy furnished.
- 18) A detailed biological study of the study area [core zone and buffer zone (10 km radius of the periphery of the mine lease)] shall be carried out. Details of flora and fauna, endangered, endemic and RET Species duly authenticated, separately for core and buffer zone should be furnished based on such primary field survey, clearly indicating the Schedule of the fauna present. In case of any scheduled-I fauna found in the study area, the necessary plan along with budgetary provisions for their conservation should be prepared in consultation with State Forest and Wildlife Department and details furnished. Necessary allocation of funds for implementing the same should be made as part of the project cost.
- 19) Proximity to Areas declared as 'Critically Polluted' or the Project areas likely to come under the 'Aravali Range', (attracting court restrictions for mining operations), should also be indicated and where so required, clearance certifications from the prescribed Authorities, such as the SPCB or State Mining Department should be secured and furnished to the effect that the proposed mining activities could be considered.
- 20) Similarly, for Coastal Projects, a CRZ map duly authenticated by one of the authorized agencies demarcating LTL. HTL, CRZ area, location of the mine lease with respect to CRZ, coastal features such as mangroves, if any, should be furnished. (Note: The Mining Projects falling under CRZ would also need to obtain approval of the concerned Coastal Zone Management Authority).
- R&R Plan/compensation details for the Project Affected People (PAP) should be furnished. While preparing the R&R Plan, the relevant State/National Rehabilitation & Resettlement Policy should be kept in view. In respect of SCs /STs and other weaker sections of the society in the study area, a need based sample survey, family-wise, should be undertaken to assess their requirements, and action programmes prepared and submitted accordingly, integrating the sectoral programmes of line departments of the State Government. It may be clearly brought out whether the village(s) located in the mine lease area will be shifted or not. The issues relating to shifting of village(s) including their R&R and socio-economic aspects should be discussed in the Report.
- 22) One season (non-monsoon) [i.e. March-May (Summer Season); October-December (post monsoon season); December-February (winter season)]primary baseline data on ambient air quality as per CPCB Notification of 2009, water quality, noise level, soil and flora and fauna shall be collected and the AAQ and other data so compiled presented

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- date-wise in the EIA and EMP Report. Site-specific meteorological data should also be collected. The location of the monitoring stations should be such as to represent whole of the study area and justified keeping in view the pre-dominant downwind direction and location of sensitive receptors. There should be at least one monitoring station within 500 m of the mine lease in the pre-dominant downwind direction. The mineralogical composition of PM10, particularly for free silica, should be given.
- Air quality modeling should be carried out for prediction of impact of the project on the air quality of the area. It should also take into account the impact of movement of Vehicles for transportation of mineral. The details of the model used and input parameters used for modeling should be provided. The air quality contours may be shown on a location map clearly indicating the location of the site, location of sensitive receptors, if any, and the habitation. The wind roses showing pre-dominant wind direction may also be indicated on the map.
- 24) The water requirement for the Project, its availability and source should be furnished. A detailed water balance should also be provided. Fresh water requirement for the Project should be indicated.
- 25) Necessary clearance from the Competent Authority for drawl of requisite quantity of water for the Project should be provided.
- 26) Description of water conservation measures proposed to be adopted in the Project should be given. Details of rainwater harvesting proposed in the Project, if any, should be provided.
- 27) Impact of the Project on the water quality, both surface and groundwater, should be assessed and necessary safeguard measures, if any required, should be provided.
- Based on actual monitored data, it may clearly be shown whether working will intersect groundwater. Necessary data and documentation in this regard may be provided. In case the working will intersect groundwater table, a detailed Hydro Geological Study should be undertaken and Report furnished. The Report inter-alia, shall include details of the aquifers present and impact of mining activities on these aquifers. Necessary permission from Central Ground Water Authority for working below ground water and for pumping of ground water should also be obtained and copy furnished.
- 29) Details of any stream, seasonal or otherwise, passing through the lease area and modification / diversion proposed, if any, and the impact of the same on the hydrology should be brought out.
- 30) Information on site elevation, working depth, groundwater table etc. Should be provided

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- both in AMSL and Bgl. A schematic diagram may also be provided for the same.
- 31) A time bound Progressive Greenbelt Development Plan shall be prepared in a tabular form (indicating the linear and quantitative coverage, plant species and time frame) and submitted, keeping in mind, the same will have to be executed up front on commencement of the Project. Phase-wise plan of plantation and compensatory afforestation should be charted clearly indicating the area to be covered under plantation and the species to be planted. The details of plantation already done should be given. The plant species selected for green belt should have greater ecological value and should be of good utility value to the local population with emphasis on local and native species and the species which are tolerant to pollution.
- 32) Impact on local transport infrastructure due to the Project should be indicated. Projected increase in truck traffic as a result of the Project in the present road network (including those outside the Project area) should be worked out, indicating whether it is capable of handling the incremental load. Arrangement for improving the infrastructure, if contemplated (including action to be taken by other agencies such as State Government) should be covered. Project Proponent shall conduct Impact of Transportation study as per Indian Road Congress Guidelines.
- 33) Details of the onsite shelter and facilities to be provided to the mine workers should be included in the EIA Report.
- 34) Conceptual post mining land use and Reclamation and Restoration of mined out areas (with plans and with adequate number of sections) should be given in the EIA report.
- 35) Occupational Health impacts of the Project should be anticipated and the proposed preventive measures spelt out in detail. Details of pre-placement medical examination and periodical medical examination schedules should be incorporated in the EMP. The project specific occupational health mitigation measures with required facilities proposed in the mining area may be detailed.
- 36) Public health implications of the Project and related activities for the population in the impact zone should be systematically evaluated and the proposed remedial measures should be detailed along with budgetary allocations.
- 37) Measures of socio-economic significance and influence to the local community proposed to be provided by the Project Proponent should be indicated. As far as possible, quantitative dimensions may be given with time frames for implementation.
- 38) Detailed Environmental Management Plan (EMP) to mitigate the environmental impacts which, should inter-alia include the impacts of change of land use, loss of agricultural

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- and grazing land, if any, occupational health impacts besides other impacts specific to the proposed Project.
- 39) Public Hearing points raised and commitment of the Project Proponent on the same along with time bound Action Plan with budgetary provisions to implement the same should be provided and also incorporated in the final EIA/EMP Report of the Project.
- 40) Details of litigation pending against the project, if any, with direction /order passed by any Court of Law against the Project should be given.
- 41) The cost of the Project (capital cost and recurring cost) as well as the cost towards implementation of EMP should be clearly spelt out.
- 42) A Disaster management Plan shall be prepared and included in the EIA/EMP Report.
- 43) Benefits of the Project if the Project is implemented should be spelt out. The benefits of the Project shall clearly indicate environmental, social, economic, employment potential, etc.
- 44) Besides the above, the below mentioned general points are also to be followed:
  - a) Executive Summary of the EIA/EMP Report
  - b) All documents to be properly referenced with index and continuous page numbering.
  - c) Where data are presented in the Report especially in Tables, the period in which the data were collected and the sources should be indicated.
  - d) Project Proponent shall enclose all the analysis/testing reports of water, air, soil, noise etc. using the MoEF&CC/NABL accredited laboratories. All the original analysis/testing reports should be available during appraisal of the Project.
  - e) Where the documents provided are in a language other than English, an English translation should be provided.
  - f) The Questionnaire for environmental appraisal of mining projects as devised earlier by the Ministry shall also be filled and submitted.
  - g) While preparing the EIA report, the instructions for the Proponents and instructions for the Consultants issued by MoEF&CC vide O.M. No. J-11013/41/2006-IA. II(I) dated 4th August, 2009, which are available on the website of this Ministry, should be followed.
  - h) Changes, if any made in the basic scope and project parameters (as submitted in Form-I and the PFR for securing the TOR) should be brought to the attention of MoEF&CC with reasons for such changes and permission should be sought, as the ToR may also have to be altered. Post Public Hearing changes in structure and

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- content of the draft EIA/EMP (other than modifications arising out of the P.H. process) will entail conducting the PH again with the revised documentation.
- i) As per the circular no. J-11011/618/2010-IA. II(I) dated 30.5.2012, certified report of the status of compliance of the conditions stipulated in the Environment Clearance for the existing operations of the project, should be obtained from the Regional Office of Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, as may be applicable.
- j) The EIA report should also include (i) surface plan of the area indicating contours of main topographic features, drainage and mining area, (ii) geological maps and sections and (iii) sections of the mine pit and external dumps, if any, clearly showing the land features of the adjoining area.

#### In addition to the above, the following shall be furnished: -

### The Executive summary of the EIA/EMP report in about 8-10 pages should be prepared incorporating the information on following points:

- 1. Project name and location (Village, District, State, Industrial Estate (if applicable).
- 2. Process description in brief, specifically indicating the gaseous emission, liquid effluent and solid and hazardous wastes.
- 3. Measures for mitigating the impact on the environment and mode of discharge or disposal.
- 4. Capital cost of the project, estimated time of completion.
- 5. The proponent shall furnish the contour map of the water table detailing the number of wells located around the site and impacts on the wells due to mining activity.
- 6. A detailed study of the lithology of the mining lease area shall be furnished.
- 7. Details of village map, "A" register and FMB sketch shall be furnished.
- 8. Detailed mining closure plan for the proposed project approved by the Geology of Mining department shall be shall be submitted along with EIA report.
- 9. Obtain a letter /certificate from the Assistant Director of Geology and Mining standing that there is no other Minerals/resources like sand in the quarrying area within the approved depth of mining and below depth of mining and the same shall be furnished in the EIA report.
- 10. EIA report should strictly follow the Environmental Impact Assessment Guidance Manual for Mining of Minerals published February 2010.
- 11. Detail plan on rehabilitation and reclamation carried out for the stabilization and restoration of the mined areas.

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- 12. The EIA study report shall include the surrounding mining activity, if any.
- 13. Modeling study for Air, Water and noise shall be carried out in this field and incremental increase in the above study shall be substantiated with mitigation measures.
- 14. A study on the geological resources available shall be carried out and reported.
- 15. A specific study on agriculture & livelihood shall be carried out and reported.
- 16. Impact of soil erosion, soil physical chemical and biological property changes may be assumed.
- 17. Site selected for the project Nature of land Agricultural (single/double crop), barren, Govt./ private land, status of is acquisition, nearby (in 2-3 km.) water body, population, with in 10km other industries, forest, eco-sensitive zones, accessibility, (note in case of industrial estate this information may not be necessary)
- 18. Baseline environmental data air quality, surface and ground water quality, soil characteristic, flora and fauna, socio-economic condition of the nearby population
- 19. Identification of hazards in handling, processing and storage of hazardous material and safety system provided to mitigate the risk.
- 20. Likely impact of the project on air, water, land, flora-fauna and nearby population
- 21. Emergency preparedness plan in case of natural or in plant emergencies
- 22. Issues raised during public hearing (if applicable) and response given
- 23. CER plan with proposed expenditure.
- 24. Occupational Health Measures
- 25. Post project monitoring plan
- 26. The project proponent shall carry out detailed hydro geological study through intuitions/NABET Accredited agencies.
- 27. A detailed report on the green belt development already undertaken is to be furnished and also submit the proposal for green belt activities.
- 28. The proponent shall propose the suitable control measure to control the fugitive emissions during the operations of the mines.
- 29. A specific study should include impact on flora & fauna, disturbance to migratory pattern of animals.
- 30. Reserve funds should be earmarked for proper closure plan.
- 31. A detailed plan on plastic waste management shall be furnished. Further, the proponent should strictly comply with, Tamil Nadu Government Order (Ms) No.84 Environment and forests (EC.2) Department dated 25.06.2018 regarding ban on one time use and throw away plastics irrespective of thickness with effect from 01.01.2019 under Environment

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(Protection) Act, 1986. In this connection, the project proponent has to furnish the action plan.

#### Besides the above, the below mentioned general points should also be followed: -

- a. A note confirming compliance of the TOR, with cross referencing of the relevant sections / pages of the EIA report should be provided.
- b. All documents may be properly referenced with index, page numbers and continuous page numbering.
- c. Where data are presented in the report especially in tables, the period in which the data were collected and the sources should be indicated.
- d. While preparing the EIA report, the instructions for the proponents and instructions for the consultants issued by MoEF& CC vide O.M. No. J-11013/41/2006-IA.II (I) dated 4th August, 2009, which are available on the website of this Ministry should also be followed.
- e. The consultants involved in the preparation of EIA/EMP report after accreditation with Quality Council of India (QCI)/National Accreditation Board of Education and Training (NABET) would need to include a certificate in this regard in the EIA/EMP reports prepared by them and data provided by other organization/Laboratories including their status of approvals etc. In this regard circular no F. No.J -11013/77/2004-IA-II(I) dated 2<sup>nd</sup> December, 2009, 18<sup>th</sup> March 2010, 28<sup>th</sup> May 2010, 28<sup>th</sup> June 2010, 31<sup>st</sup> December 2010 & 30<sup>th</sup> September 2011 posted on the Ministry's website http://www.moef.nic.in/ may be referred.
  - After preparing the EIA (as per the generic structure prescribed in Appendix-III of the EIA Notification, 2006) covering the above-mentioned points, the proponent willtake further necessary action for obtaining environmental clearance in accordance with the procedure prescribed under the EIA Notification, 2006.
  - The final EIA report shall be submitted to the SEIAA, Tamil Nadu for obtaining Environmental Clearance.
  - The TORs with public hearing prescribed shall be <u>valid for a period of three</u> <u>vears</u> from the date of issue, for submission of the EIA/EMP report as per OMNo.J-11013/41/2006-IA-II(I)(part) dated 29<sup>th</sup> August, 2017.

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COMBINED DRAFT EIA/EMP REPORT FOR LIMEKANKAR QUARRY LEASE OF CHETTINAD CEMENT CORPORATION PVT. LTD. OVER AN AREA OF 15.145 HA IN KALLANKURICHI VILLAGE, ARIYALUR TALUK, ARIYALUR DISTRICT, TAMIL NADU.

#### **TOR COMPLIANCE**

S.No	TOR Points	Reply	Pg.No
1. SEIAA SPECIFIC CONDITIONS			
1	The authority noted that the subject was placed in the 542nd SEAC meeting held on 26.03.2025. After detailed discussions, the Authority accepts the recommendation of SEAC and decided to grant Terms of Reference (ToR) along with Public Hearing for the quantity of 2,40,945 TPA of Lime Kankar upto the depth of 2.70m BGL as per the approved mining plan, under cluster for undertaking the combined Environment Impact Assessment Study and preparation of separate Environment Management Plan subject to the following conditions and conditions as recommended by SEAC & normal conditions & the conditions mentioned in Annexure of this minutes.  1. The Project Proponent shall submit the land ownership documents along with the EIA Report.	Given vide Survey Number wise Area Breakup Table No – 2.4 & 2.5 in chapter – II	2-18
2. SEA	AC CONDITIONS - SITE SPECIFIC		•
1	The PP shall prepare the storm water management report, and the action plan should be incorporated into the EMP.	Provided in Para 4.3.2 Chapter – IV.	4-14
2	The PP shall furnish a sworn affidavit stating that the project proponent shall quarry the limekankar as proposed and shall not quarry the limestone	EMP is prepared for the entire life of the mine. Will be provided in the Affidavit in this regard during EIA appraisal	
3 3 SEA	The PP shall ensure the installation of CCTV at the proposed quarry site and ensure its inclusion during the EIA presentation.  AC STANDARD CONDITIONS	Agreed	
1	In the case of existing/operating mines, a letter obtained from the concerned AD (Mines) shall be submitted and it shall include the following:  (i) Original pit dimension  (ii) Quantity achieved Vs EC Approved Quantity  (iii) Balance Quantity as per Mineable Reserve calculated.  (iv) Mined out Depth as on date Vs EC Permitted depth  (v) Details of illegal/illicit mining  (vi) Violation in the quarry during the past working.  (vii) Quantity of material mined out outside the mine lease area (viii) Condition of Safety zone/benches  (ix) Revised/Modified Mining Plan showing the benches of not exceeding 6 m height and ultimate depth of not exceeding 50m.	Not applicable	
2	Details of habitations around the proposed mining area and latest VAO certificate regarding the location of habitations within 300m radius from the periphery of the site.	The details of features within 500m radius has been provided in Table 2.4, Chapter-II.	2-18
3	The proponent is requested to carry out a survey and enumerate on the structures located within the radius of (i) 50 m, (ii) 100 m, (iii) 200 m and (iv) 300 m (v) 500m shall be enumerated with details such as dwelling houses with number	The details of features within 500m radius has been provided in Table 2.4, Chapter-II.	2-18

T-1



#### COMBINED DRAFT EIA/EMP REPORT FOR LIMEKANKAR QUARRY LEASE OF CHETTINAD CEMENT CORPORATION PVT. LTD. OVER AN AREA OF 15.145 HA IN KALLANKURICHI VILLAGE, ARIYALUR TALUK, ARIYALUR DISTRICT, **TAMIL NADU.**

S.No	TOR Points	Reply	Pg.No
	of occupants, whether it belongs to the owner (or) not,places of worship, industries, factories, sheds, etc with indicating the owner of the building, nature of construction, age of the building, number of residents, their profession and income, etc.		
4	The PP shall submit a detailed hydrological report indicating the impact of proposed quarrying operations on the waterbodies like lake, water tanks, etc are located within 1 km of the proposed quarry.	Hydrogeological Study is detailed under Section 3.6, Chapter-III.	3-42
5	The Proponent shall carry out Bio diversity study through reputed Institution and the same shall be included in EIA Report.	A detailed study of flora and fauna composition in the core and buffer zone of the project has been made through primary field surveys. The details are furnished in para 3.5, Chapter III.	3-36
6	The DFO letter stating that the proximity distance of Reserve Forests, Protected Areas, Sanctuaries, Tiger reserve etc., up to a radius of 25 km from the proposed site.	There area no Protected Areas, Sanctuaries, Tiger reserve etc with in 10 km radius	
7	In the case of proposed lease in an existing (or old) quarry where the benches are not formed (or) partially formed as per the approved Mining Plan, the Project Proponent (PP) shall the PP shall carry out the scientific studies to assess the slope stability of the working benches to be constructed and existing quarry wall, by involving any one of the reputed Research and Academic Institutions - CSIR-Central Institute of Mining & Fuel Research / Dhanbad, NIRM/Bangalore, Division of Geotechnical Engineering-IIT-Madras, NIT-Dept of Mining Engg, Surathkal, and Anna University Chennai-CEG Campus. The PP shall submit a copy of the aforesaid report indicating the stability status of the quarry wall and possible mitigation measures during the time of appraisal for obtaining the EC.	This is a proposed quarry. As such no mining activities have been carried out in this lease area.	2-28
8	However, in case of the fresh/virgin quarries, the Proponent shall submit a conceptual 'Slope Stability Plan' for the proposed quarry during the appraisal while obtaining the EC, when the depth of the working is extended beyond 30 m below ground level.	<ul> <li>Various risks likely to arise due to mining activities are detailed under section 7.4, Chapter-VII. This being an opencast mine, subsidence is not applicable. There is no drilling or blasting involved in this project.</li> </ul>	7-4
9	The PP shall furnish the affidavit stating that the blasting operation in the proposed quarry is carried out by the statutory competent person as per the MMR 1961 such as blaster, mining mate, mine foreman, II/I Class mines manager appointed by the proponent.		
10	The PP shall present a conceptual design for carrying out only controlled blasting operation involving line drilling and muffle blasting in the proposed quarry such that the blast-induced ground vibrations are controlled as well as no fly rock travel beyond 30 m from the blast site.	Not applicable	-
11	The EIA Coordinators shall obtain and furnish the details of quarry/quarries operated by the	Agreed	

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# COMBINED DRAFT EIA/EMP REPORT FOR LIMEKANKAR QUARRY LEASE OF CHETTINAD CEMENT CORPORATION PVT. LTD. OVER AN AREA OF 15.145 HA IN KALLANKURICHI VILLAGE, ARIYALUR TALUK, ARIYALUR DISTRICT, TAMIL NADU.

S.No	TOR Points	Reply	Pg.No
	proponent in the past, either in the same location or elsewhere in the State with video and photographic evidences.		
12	If the proponent has already carried out the mining activity in the proposed mining lease area after 15.01.2016, then the proponent shall furnish the following details from AD/DD, mines,	This is a proposed quarry. No mining activities have been carried out in this lease area.	2-28
13	What was the period of the operation and stoppage of the earlier mines with last work permit issued by the AD/DD mines?	Replied above in point no.12	
14	Quantity of minerals mined out.  · Highest production achieved in any one year  · Detail of approved depth of mining.  · Actual depth of the mining achieved earlier.  Name of the person already mined in that leases area.  · If EC and CTO already obtained, the copy of the same shall be submitted.  · Whether the mining was carried out as per the approved mine plan (or EC if issued) with stipulated benches.	Replied above in point no.12	
15	All corner coordinates of the mine lease area, superimposed on a High-Resolution Imagery/Topo sheet, topographic sheet, geomorphology, lithology and geology of the mining lease area should be provided. Such an Imagery of the proposed area should clearly show the land use and other ecological features of the study area (core and buffer zone).	<ul> <li>Project coordinates superimposed in satellite imagery and given as Figure No - 2.4 in Chapter – II.</li> <li>The 10km Radius Index plan showing buffer zone is given in Figure No.3.1 in Chapter – III.</li> <li>Geology Map, Geomorphology, Lithology map are enclosed as Figure No.3.16, 3.17 and 3.18, Chapter-III.</li> </ul>	2-7 3-2 3-45 & 3-46
16	The PP shall carry out Drone video survey covering the cluster, green belt, fencing, etc.,	Agreed	
17	The proponent shall furnish photographs of adequate fencing, green belt along the periphery including replantation of existing trees & safety distance between the adjacent quarries & water bodies nearby provided as per the approved mining plan.	Site photographs have been provided in Chapter-II.	2-9
18	The Project Proponent shall provide the details of mineral reserves and mineable reserves, planned production capacity, proposed working methodology with justifications, the	The details of geological and mineable reserves are provided in Table 2.6, Chapter-II.  The details of geological and mineable reserves are provided in Table 2.6, Chapter-II.	2-26
	anticipated impacts of the mining operations on the surrounding environment, and the remedial measures for the same.	The production schedule during the plan period is provided in Table 2.11, Chapter-II.  The production methodology is detailed.	2-29
		<ul> <li>The working methodology is detailed under Section 2.9, Chapter-II.</li> <li>Anticipated impacts of mining</li> </ul>	2-39
		operations on surrounding environment is provided under Chapter-IV.	4-1
19	The Project Proponent shall provide the Organization chart indicating the appointment of various statutory officials and	• The organization chart is provided as Figure No.10.1, Chapter-X.	10-3

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# COMBINED DRAFT EIA/EMP REPORT FOR LIMEKANKAR QUARRY LEASE OF CHETTINAD CEMENT CORPORATION PVT. LTD. OVER AN AREA OF 15.145 HA IN KALLANKURICHI VILLAGE, ARIYALUR TALUK, ARIYALUR DISTRICT, TAMIL NADU.

S.No	TOR Points	Reply	Pg.No
	other competent persons to be appointed as per the provisions of the Mines Act'1952 and the MMR, 1961 for carrying out the quarrying operations scientifically and systematically in order to ensure safety and to protect the environment.		
20	The Project Proponent shall conduct the hydro-geological study considering the contour map of the water table detailing the number of groundwater pumping & open wells, and surface water bodies such as rivers, tanks, canals, ponds, etc. within 1 km (radius) along with the collected water level data for both monsoon and non-monsoon seasons from the PWD / TWAD so as to assess the impacts on the wells due to mining activity. Based on actual monitored data, it may clearly be shown whether working will intersect groundwater. Necessary data and documentation in this regard may be provided.	Hydrogeological Study is detailed under Section 3.6, Chapter-III.	3-42
21	The proponent shall furnish the baseline data for the environmental and ecological parameters with regard to surface water/ground water quality, air quality, soil quality & flora/fauna including traffic/vehicular movement study	<ul> <li>The baseline data on micrometeorology, ambient air quality, Water quality, noise level, soil and flora &amp; fauna are collected during Summer Season (March – May 2025) and detailed in Section 3.3 to 3.5 of Chapter-III. The details of Traffic Study is provided under Section 4.9, Chapter-IV.</li> </ul>	3-11 & 3-36 4-28
22	The Proponent shall carry out the Cumulative impact study due to mining operations carried out in the quarry specifically with reference to the specific environment in terms of soil health, biodiversity, air pollution, water pollution, climate change and flood control & health impacts. Accordingly, the Environment Management plan should be prepared keeping the concerned	<ul> <li>The details of the quarries located within the 500m radius of the project is given vide Annexure-4A.</li> <li>A cumulative impact study has been carried out and furnished in Para 7.6, Chapter-VII.</li> </ul>	A-22 7-3
	quarry and the surrounding habitations in the mind.	Environmental Management Plan is provided under Chapter-X.	10-1
23	Rain water harvesting management with recharging details along with water balance (both monsoon & non-monsoon) be submitted.	<ul> <li>Shallow mined out area itself will act as a rainwatet harvesting pond.</li> <li>Towards surface runoff management, garland drain will be constructed which will be connected to settling ponds with silt traps.</li> </ul>	4-15
		<ul> <li>Water requirement for the both project is 8 KLD. The required water will be procured from outside agencies. Details of rainwater harvesting are provided under Section 4.3.4.2, Chapter-IV.</li> </ul>	4-14
24	Land use of the study area delineating forest area, agricultural land, grazing land, wildlife sanctuary, national park, migratory routes of fauna, water bodies, human settlements and other ecological features should be indicated. Land use plan of the mine lease area	The land use of the study area was studied to demarcate various LULC categories and its details are provided under section 3.4, Chapter-III.	3-29 4-21

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S.No	TOR Points	Reply	Pg.No
	should be prepared to encompass preoperational, operational and post operational phases and submitted. Impact, if any, of change of land use should be given.	<ul> <li>The land use pattern at present and at the end of the quarrying period has been provided under section 4.5.1, Chapter-IV.</li> <li>The post mining land use has been</li> </ul>	
		provided in Table No. 4.17.	
25	Details of the land for storage of Overburden/Waste Dumps (or) Rejects outside the mine lease, such as extent of land area, distance from mine lease, its land use, R&R issues, if any, should be provided.	There is no waste generation anticipated in this quarry. As such there are no OB dumps involved.	
26	Proximity to Areas declared as 'Critically Polluted' (or) the Project areas which attracts the court restrictions for mining operations, should also be indicated and where so required, clearance certifications from the prescribed Authorities, such as the TNPCB (or) Dept. of Geology and Mining should be secured and furnished to the effect that the proposed mining activities could be considered.	Not applicable	-1
27	Description of water conservation measures proposed to be adopted in the Project should be given. Details of rainwater harvesting proposed in the Project, if any, should be provided.	The methods for reducing water consumption and rainwater harvesting is provided in section 4.3.4, Chapter-IV	4-15 4-18
28	Impact on local transport infrastructure due to the Project should be indicated.	• From this proposed quarry the entire output will be transported to the Chettinad Cement Plant on the southern side of the lease area. Details of the impact on logistical system is provided under Section 4.9, Chapter-IV.	4-28
29	A tree survey study shall be carried out (nos., name of the species, age, diameter etc.,) both within the mining lease applied area & 300m buffer zone and its management during mining activity.	An ecological survey of the study area was conducted with reference to listing of species and assessment of the existing baseline ecological conditions. Details are provided under section 3.5.1, Chapter-III.	3-36
30	A detailed mine closure plan for the proposed project shall be included in EIA/EMP report which should be site-specific.	Details of Mine Closure Plan is provided under section 7.5, Chapter-VII.	7-3
31	As a part of the study of flora and fauna around the vicinity of the proposed site, the EIA coordinator shall strive to educate the local students on the importance of preserving local flora and fauna by involving them in the study, wherever possible.	An ecological survey of the study area was conducted with reference to listing of species and assessment of the existing baseline ecological conditions. Details are provided under section 3.5.1, Chapter-III.	3-36
32	The purpose of Green belt around the project is to capture the fugitive emissions, carbon	Agreed	



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	sequestration and to attenuate the noise generated, in addition to improving the aesthetics. A wide range of indigenous plant species should be planted as given in the appendix-I in consultation with the DFO, State Agriculture University. The plant species with dense/moderate canopy of native origin should be chosen. Species of small/medium/tall trees alternating with shrubs should be planted in a mixed manner.		
33	Taller/one year old Saplings raised in appropriate size of bags, preferably ecofriendly bags should be planted as per the advice of local forest uthorities/ botanist/ Horticulturist with regard to site specific choices. The proponent shall earmark the greenbelt area with GPS coordinates all along the boundary of the project site with at least 3 meters wide and in between blocks in an organized manner	Agreed	
34	A Disaster management Plan shall be prepared and included in the EIA/EMP Report for the complete life of the proposed quarry (or) till the end of the lease period.	The disaster management plan has been provided under section 7.3.1, Chapter-VII.	7-3
35	A Risk Assessment and management Plan shall be prepared and included in the EIA/EMP Report for the complete life of the proposed quarry (or) till the end of the lease period.	Various risks likely to arise due to mining activities are detailed under section 7.3, Chapter-VII.	7-1
36	Occupational Health impacts of the Project should be anticipated and the proposed preventive measures spelt out in detail. Details of pre-placement medical examination and periodical medical examination schedules should be incorporated in the EMP. The project specific occupational health mitigation measures with required facilities proposed in the mining area may be detailed	Details of occupational health and safety aspects are given under the subsections of Para 4.8, Chapter-IV.	4-27
37	Public health implications of the Project and related activities for the population in the impact zone should be systematically evaluated and the proposed remedial measures should be detailed along with budgetary allocations.	<ul> <li>Details of the socio-economic survey conducted in the buffer zone has been provided in Para 3.2.4, Chapter-III.</li> <li>Public health facilities will be further aimed to be developed through CER activities wherein periodic health checkups, medical camps for the locals will be conducted.</li> </ul>	3-8
38	The Socio-economic studies should be carried out within a 5 km buffer zone from the mining activity. Measures of socio-economic significance and influence to the local community proposed to be provided by the Project Proponent should be indicated. As far as possible, quantitative dimensions may be given with time frames for implementation.	<ul> <li>Nearby villages were visited for conducting study to know about socio- economic conditions, including aspirations and requirements of the people for a better living and collected relevant data. The details are provided under section 3.2.4, Chapter-III.</li> </ul>	3-8
39	Details of litigation pending against the project, if any, with direction /order passed by any Court of Law against the Project should be given.	PP informed that there is no litigation pending against the project.	

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S.No	TOR Points	Reply	Pg.No
40	Benefits of the Project if the Project is implemented should be spelt out. The benefits of the Project shall clearly indicate environmental, social, economic, employment potential, etc.	project will also provide employment, social welfare facilities by way of CER activities and also meet the raw material requirement of their plant	8-1
41	If any quarrying operations were carried out in the proposed quarrying site for which now the EC is sought, the Project Proponent shall furnish the detailed compliance to EC conditions given in the previous EC with the site photographs which shall duly be certified by MoEF&CC, Regional Office, Chennai (or) the concerned DEE/TNPCB.	This is a proposed quarry. As such no mining activities have been carried out in this lease area.	2-28
42	The PP shall prepare the EMP for the entire life of mine and also furnish the sworn affidavit stating to abide the EMP for the entire life of mine.	EMP is prepared for the entire life of the mine. Affidavit in this regard will be submitted during EIA appraisal	
43	Concealing any factual information or submission of false/fabricated data and failure to comply with any of the conditions mentioned above may result in withdrawal of this Terms of Conditions besides attracting penal provisions in the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.	Agreed	
	AA STANDARD CONDITIONS		
1	Cluster Management Committee shall be framed which must include all the proponents in the cluster as members including the existing as well as proposed quarry.	Details of the cluster management committee is provided under Section 10.2.2, Chapter-X.	10-4
2	The members must coordinate among themselves for the effective implementation of EMP as committed including Green Belt Development. Water sprinkling, tree plantation, blasting etc.,	Agreed	-
3	The List of members of the committee formed shall be submitted to AD/Mines before the execution of mining lease and the same shall be updated every year to the AD/Mines.	Agreed	-
4	Detailed Operational Plan must be submitted which must include the blasting frequency with respect to the nearby quarry situated in the cluster, the usage of haul roads by the individual quarry in the form of route map and network.	Agreed	
5	The committee shall deliberate on risk & emergency management plan, fire safety & evacuation plan and sustainable development goals pertaining to the cluster in a holistic manner especially during natural calamities like intense rain and the mitigation measures considering the inundation of the cluster and evacuation plan	Agreed	-
6	The Cluster Management Committee shall form Environmental Policy to practice sustainable mining in a scientific and systematic manner in accordance with the law. The role played by the committee in implementing the environmental policy devised shall be given in detail in the EIA Report.	Agreed	-

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S.No	TOR Points	Reply	Pg.No
7	The committee shall furnish action plan regarding the restoration strategy with respect to the individual quarry falling under the cluster in a holistic manner.	Agreed	-
8	The committee shall deliberate on the health of the workers/staff involved in the mining as well as the health of the public in the vicinity.	Agreed	-
	Ilture & Agro-Biodiversity		
9	Impact on surrounding agricultural fields around the proposed mining Area.	<ul> <li>Due to proximity of rocky hill with shrubs and bushes in the north &amp; east of the lease area, the soil quality in the bottom of the hills near the lease area and its surrounding area is also of gravelly rocky type and not fit for agricultural activities.</li> <li>As such in the lease and its immediate surrounding area no major agricultural activities are observed.</li> <li>Patches of seasonal agricultural activities are practiced based on water availability more than 200m south of the lease area.</li> <li>Due to poor quality of the soil, inconsistent rainfall, water scarcity, high agricultural labor cost, manpower shortage and less yield are reason for very little agricultural activity in this region.</li> </ul>	4-23
10	Impact on soil flora & vegetation around the project site.	The impact of mining on biological environment is provided under Table 4.19, Chapter-IV.	4-22
11	Details of type of vegetations including no. of trees & shrubs within the proposed mining area and. If so, transplantation of such vegetations all along the boundary of the proposed mining area shall committed mentioned in EMP.	The details of flora in the core zone is provided in Table 3.23, Chapter-III. There is no major clearance of vegetation or transplantation involved.	3-38
12	The Environmental Impact Assessment should study the agrobiodiversity, agro- forestry, horticultural plantations, the natural ecosystem, the soil micro flora, fauna and soil seed banks and suggest measures to maintain the natural Ecosystem.	An ecological survey of the study area was conducted with reference to listing of species and assessment of the existing baseline ecological conditions. Details are provided under Section 3.5.1, Chapter-III.	3-36
13	Action should specifically suggest for sustainable management of the area and restoration of ecosystem for flow of goods and services.	The post mining land use has been provided in Table No. 4.17, Chapter-IV.	4-21
14	The project proponent shall study and furnish the impact of project on plantations in adjoining patta lands, Horticulture. Agriculture and livestock.	Replied in sl no 9 above.	
Forest	s		

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S.No	TOR Points	Reply	Pg.No
15	The project proponent shall detailed study on impact of mining on Reserve forests free ranging wildlife.	Vannankurichi RF - 7.9km –E, is present in the study area. The forest department is converting the low yielding species to high yielding species in the forest area like Munthiri & mango (Mangifera indica) . Adoption of mitigative measures in this working like dust suppression, proper maintenance of equipment's, roads will ensure noimpact on the far away forests.	3-3
16	The Environmental Impact Assessment should study impact on forest, vegetation, endemic, vulnerable and endangered indigenous flora and fauna.	An ecological survey of the study area was conducted with reference to listing of species and assessment of the existing baseline ecological conditions. Details are provided under Section 3.5.1, Chapter-III.	3-36
17	The Environmental Impact Assessment should study impact on standing trees and the existing trees should be numbered and action suggested for protection.	Replied in point 20. Above	
18	The Environmental Impact Assessment should study impact on protected areas, Reserve Forests, National Parks, Corridors and Wildlife pathways, near project site.	There are no national parks or corridors in the 10k radius.  Reply SI.No – 15 above.	3-3
19	Environment  Hydro-geological study considering the contour map of the water table detailing the number of ground water pumping & open wells, and surface water bodies such as rivers, tanks, canals, ponds etc. within 1 km (radius) so as to assess the impacts on the nearby waterbodies due to mining activity. Based on actual monitored data, it may clearly be shown whether working will intersect groundwater. Necessary data and documentation in this regard may he provided. covering the entire mine lease period.	Details of hydrogeological scenario of this project is provided under section 3.6, Chapter-III.	3-42
20	Erosion Control measures.	<ul> <li>Since the entire material from the quarry face will be directly dispatched to the consumers, there will not be any stockpiles. There are no waste dumps in this quarry. As such there will not be any wash out due to stock pile or waste dumps.</li> <li>Towards surface runoff management, garland drain will be constructed around the quarry and will be connected to a settling pond with silt traps.</li> </ul>	4-15

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21	Detailed study shall be carried out in regard to impact of mining around the proposed mine lease area on the nearby Villages, Water-bodies/ Rivers, & any ecological fragile areas.	There is no proposal to discharge any effluent into this waterbody. No major impact is envisaged on the nearby water bodies due to project operations	4-17
22	The project proponent shall study impact on fish habitats and the food WEB/ food chain in the water body and Reservoir.	There is no major perennial waterbody in close proximity of the lease area.	3-3
23	The project proponent shall study and furnish the details on potential fragmentation impact on natural environment, by the activities.	The post mining land use has been provided in Table No. 4.13. The post mining land use plan showing afforestation and water body is shown in Figure No- 4.5.	4-21
24	The project proponent shall study and furnish the impact on aquatic plants and animals in water bodies and possible scars on the landscape, damages to nearby caves, heritage site, and archaeological sites possible land form changes visual and aesthetic impacts.	An ecological survey of the study area was conducted with reference to listing of species and assessment of the existing baseline ecological conditions. Details are provided under Section 3.5.1, Chapter-III.	3-36
25	The Terms of Reference should specifically study impact on soil health, soil erosion, the soil physical, chemical components and microbial components.	Soil samples were collected in 4 locations in the core and buffer zone to analyse the physiochemical characteristics of the soil in the area. The soil quality data is provided in Table No.3.18, Chapter-III.	3-29
26	The Environmental Impact Assessment should study on wetlands, water bodies, rivers streams, lakes and farmer sites.	<ul> <li>The nearest major water bodies is provided in Table No.3.1, Chapter-III.</li> <li>There are no perineal water courses in lease areas.</li> <li>There are no perineal water courses in both the lease areas. In the 15. 145 Ha lease area, Thangavelu Udaiyar Eri situated in S.F.No.50/1 is in the northern side, vari course is passing through the middle of the lease area, drainage channel passing in S.F.No.44/1, 2, 6, 10, 15, 18, 54/6, 7A &amp; 7B from east to west &amp; Sellamuthu Eri situated in S.F.No.62/10 in the eastern side.</li> <li>Safety distance of 50m has been left based on precise area conditions. As a protective measures, an Earthen bund of 3 ft height will be constructed in the</li> </ul>	4-17

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S.No	TOR Points	Reply	Pg.No
O.NO	TORTOING	safety zone and it will be developed with plantation	1 9.110
27	The EIA shall include the impact of mining activity on the following:  a) Hydrothermal/Geothermal effect due to destruction in the Environment.  b) Bio-geochemical processes and its foot prints including Environmental stress.  c) Sediment geochemistry in the surface streams.	The details of the same is provided in Table 4.21, Chapter-IV.	4-28
Energ			
28	The measures taken to control Noise, Air, Water, Dust Control and steps adopted to efficiently utilise the Energy shall be furnished.	• The dust control measures are listed under Table 4.1, Water pollution control measures under Section 4.3.2, and noise pollution control measures under Section 4.4.1.2, Chapter-IV. Besides, energy consumption in this project will be optimum and as per requirement.	4-4
	e Change		
29	The Environmental Impact Assessment shall study in detail the carbon emission and also suggest the measures to mitigate carbon emission including development of carbon sinks and temperature reduction including control of other emission and climate mitigation activities.	Certified vehicles with low carbon emissions will only be used. These equipments will be properly and regularly maintained. Besides, regular vehicular emission tests will be done for the transport vehicles to ensure minimal impact due to carbon emissions. To further mediate the carbon emissions, a good greenbelt and plantation plan has been planned wherein 2000 number of plants will be planted in and around the lease area.	4-2
30	The Environmental Impact Assessment should study impact on climate change, temperature rise, pollution and above soil & below soil carbon stock, soil health and physical, chemical & biological soil features.	Replied in point no.29.	
31	Impact of mining on pollution leading to GHGs emissions and the impact of the same on the local livelihood.	Replied in point no.29.	
	Closure Plan		
32	Detailed Mine Closure Plan covering the entire mine lease period as per precise area communication order issued.	Details of Mine Closure Plan is provided under section 7.5, Chapter-VII.	7-4
EMP			
33	Detailed Environment Management Plan along with adaptation, mitigation & remedial strategies covering the entire mine lease period as per precise area communication order issued and the scope for achieving SDGs.	Detailed environmental management plan is provided under Chapter-X.	10-1



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34	The Environmental Impact Assessment should hold detailed study on EMP with budget for Green belt development and mine closure plan including disaster management plan.	Detailed environmental management plan is provided under Chapter-X.	10-1
Risk A	Assessment		
35	To furnish risk assessment and management plan including anticipated vulnerabilities during operational and post operational phases of Mining.	Various risks likely to arise due to mining activities are detailed under section 7.3, Chapter-VII.	7-1
	ter Management Plan		
36	To furnish disaster management plan and disaster mitigation measures in regard to all aspects to avoid/reduce vulnerability to hazards & to cope with disaster/untoward accidents in & around the proposed mine lease area due to the proposed method of mining activity & its related activities covering the entire mine lease period as per precise area communication order issued.	•The disaster management plan has been provided under section 7.3.1, Chapter-VII.	7-3
Other	S	1	
37	The project proponent shall furnish VAO certificate with reference to 300m radius regard to approved habitations, schools. Archaeological sites, Structures, railway lines, roads, water bodies such as streams, odai. vaari, canal, channel, river, lake pond. tank etc.	•The details of features within 500m radius has been provided in Table 2.4, Chapter-II.	• 2-14
38	As per the MoEF& CC office memorandum F.No.22-65/2017-1A.111 dated: 30.09.2020 and 20.10.2020 the proponent shall address the concerns raised during the public consultation and all the activities proposed shall be part of the Environment Management Plan.	Will be provided in the Affidavit in this regard during EIA appraisal	
39	The project proponent shall study and furnish the possible pollution due to plastic and microplastic on the environment. The ecological risks and impacts of plastic & microplastics on aquatic environment and fresh water systems due to activities, contemplated during mining may be investigated and reported.	Single use plastics/ use and throwaway plastics will be banned in the site as directed by the Tamil Nadu Government vide GO(Ms)No.84 regarding ban on use of plastic products. The employees will be encouraged to use compostable material or reusable material.	4-30
STAN	DARD TERMS OF REFERENCE		•
1	Year-wise production details since 1994 should be given, clearly stating the highest production achieved in any one year prior to 1994. It may also be categorically informed whether there had been any increase in production after the EIA Notification 1994 came into force, w.r.t. the highest production achieved prior to 1994.	This is a proposed project. No mining has been carried out in this lease area so far by the proponent.	2-28
2	A copy of the document in support of the fact that the Proponent is the rightful lessee of the mine should be given.	Precise area communication letter was obtained from the Industries (MMC2) Department vide Lr.No. 9020/MMC.2/2018-1 dated 12.10.2018. (Annexure-1)	A-1

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3	All documents including approved mine plan. EIA and Public Hearing should be compatible with one another in terms of the mine lease area, production levels, waste generation and its management, mining technology etc. and should be in the name of the lessee.	The production capacity, quantity of waste, its management and mining technology in mine plan and EIA, etc., are compatible with one another.	
4	All corner coordinates of the mine lease area, superimposed on a High Resolution Imagery/ topo sheet, topographic sheet, geomorphology and geology of the area should be provided. Such an Imagery of the proposed area should clearly show the land use and other ecological features of the study area (core and buffer zone).	<ul> <li>Project coordinates superimposed in satellite imagery and given as Figure No - 2.4 in Chapter – II.</li> <li>The geology and geomorphology map is provided in Figure No.3.18, 3.19, Chapter-III. The Lithology map and Soil map are provided under Figure No. 3.20, 3.21, Chapter-III.</li> <li>The 10km Radius Index plan showing buffer zone is given in Figure No.3.1 in Chapter – III.</li> </ul>	2-18 3-45 3-46 3-47 3-48 3-2
5	Information should be provided in Survey of India Topo sheet in 1:50,000 scale indicating geological map of the area, geomorphology of land forms of the area, existing minerals and mining history of the area, important water bodies, streams and rivers and soil characteristics.	Replied in Standard ToR point no.4	-
6	Details about the land proposed for mining activities should be given with information as to whether mining conforms to the land use policy of the State; land diversion for mining should have approval from State land use board or the concerned authority.	Not Applicable	
7	It should be clearly stated whether the proponent Company has a well laid down Environment Policy approved by its Board of Directors? If so, it may be spelt out in the EIA Report with description of the prescribed operating process/procedures to bring into focus any infringement/deviation/ violation of the environmental or forest norms/ conditions? The hierarchical system or administrative order of the Company to deal with the environmental issues and for ensuring compliance with the EC conditions may also be given. The system of reporting of noncompliances / violations of environmental norms to the Board of Directors of the Company and/or shareholders or stakeholders at large, may also be detailed in the EIA Report.	<ul> <li>The proponent has framed a well-planned environmental policy. Its details are provided under Section 10.2.1, Chapter-X.</li> <li>The Mines Manager will undertake effective monitoring and implementation of various environmental control measures promptly and effectively and to oversee various environmental management schemes for air quality control, water quality status, noise level control, plantation programme, social development schemes, etc in the mine. The organizational chart for the same has been provided in Figure No.10.1, Chapter-X.</li> </ul>	10-1
8	Issues relating to Mine Safety, including subsidence study in case of underground mining and slope study in case of open cast mining, blasting study etc. should be detailed. The proposed safeguard	Various risks likely to arise due to mining activities are detailed under section 7.3, Chapter-VII. This being an	7-1

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	measures in each case should also be provided.	opencast mine, subsidence is not applicable. There is no drilling or blasting involved in this project.	
9	The study area will comprise of 10 km zone around the mine lease from lease periphery and the data contained in the EIA such as waste generation etc. should be for the life of the mine / lease period.	The study area chosen for collecting existing environmental status covers 10 km radial distance from the project periphery (Figure No - 3.1). Data given in the report is for the life of the mine.	3-2
10	Land use of the study area delineating forest area, agricultural land, grazing land, wildlife sanctuary, national park, migratory routes of fauna, water bodies, human settlements and other ecological features should be indicated. Land use plan of the mine lease area should be prepared to encompass preoperational, operational and post operational phases and submitted. Impact, if any, of change of land use should be given.	<ul> <li>The land use of the study area was studied to demarcate various LULC categories and its details are provided under section 3.4, Chapter-III.</li> <li>The land use pattern at present and at the end of the quarrying period has been provided under section 4.5.1, Chapter-IV.</li> </ul>	3-29
	given.	•The post mining land use has been provided in Table No. 4.17The post mining land use plan showing afforestation and water body is shown in Figure No- 4.5.	4-21
11	Details of the land for any Over Burden Dumps outside the mine lease, such as extent of land area, distance from mine lease, its land use, R&R issues, if any, should be given.	There is no generation of mineral rejects in the applied area. The topsoil that would be generated during the present plan period is proposed to be utilized for afforestation.	2-28
12	A Certificate from the Competent Authority in the State Department should be provided, confirming the involvement of forest land, if any, in the project area. In the event of any contrary claim by the Project Proponent regarding the status of forests, the site may be inspected by the State Forest Department along with the Regional Office of the Ministry to ascertain the status of forests, based on which, the Certificate in this regard as mentioned above be issued. In all such cases, it would be desirable for representative of the State Forest Department to assist the Expert Appraisal Committees.	There is no forest land in the lease area.	
13	Status of forestry clearance for the broken up area and virgin forestland involved in the Project including deposition of net present value (NPV) and compensatory afforestation (CA) should be indicated. A copy of the forestry clearance should also be furnished.	There is no forest land in the lease area.	
14	Implementation status of recognition of forest rights under the Scheduled Tribes and other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006 should be indicated.	Not Applicable	
15	The vegetation in the RF / PF areas in the study area, with necessary details, should be given.	There is no forest land in the lease area.	

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16	A study shall be got done to ascertain the impact of the Mining Project on wildlife of the study area and details furnished. Impact of the project on the wildlife in the surrounding and any other protected area and accordingly, detailed mitigative measures required, should be worked out with cost implications and submitted.	The mining lease area and the 10 km buffer zone from the periphery of the core zone is devoid of declared ecologically sensitive features like national parks, biospheres, sanctuaries, etc.	4-22
17	Location of National Parks, Sanctuaries, Biosphere Reserves, Wildlife Corridors, Ramsar site Tiger/ Elephant Reserves/(existing as well as proposed), if any, within 10 km of the mine lease should be clearly indicated, supported by a location map duly authenticated by Chief Wildlife Warden. Necessary clearance, as may be applicable to such projects due to proximity of the ecologically sensitive areas as mentioned above, should be obtained from the Standing Committee of National Board of Wildlife and copy furnished.	Replied in Standard ToR point No.16	1
18	A detailed biological study of the study area [core zone and buffer zone (10 km radius of the periphery of the mine lease)] shall be carried out. Details of flora and fauna, endangered, endemic and RET Species duly authenticated, separately for core and buffer zone should be furnished based on such primary field survey clearly indicating the Schedule of the fauna present. In case of any scheduled-I fauna found in the study area, the necessary plan along with budgetary provisions for their conservation should be prepared in consultation with State Forest and Wildlife Department and details furnished. Necessary allocation of funds for implementing the same should be made as part of the project cost.	A detailed study of flora and fauna composition in the core and buffer zone of the project has been made through primary field surveys. The details are furnished in para 3.5, Chapter III.	3-36
19	Proximity to Areas declared as 'Critically Polluted' or the Project areas likely to come under the 'Aravali Range', (attracting court restrictions for mining operations), should also be indicated and where so required, clearance certifications from the prescribed Authorities, such as the SPCB or State Mining Department should be secured and furnished to the effect that the proposed mining activities could be considered.	Not Applicable	1
20	Similarly, for coastal Projects, a CRZ map duly authenticated by one of the authorized agencies demarcating LTL. HTL, CRZ area, location of the mine lease w.r.t CRZ, coastal features such as mangroves, if any, should be furnished. (Note: The Mining Projects falling under CRZ would also need to obtain approval of the concerned Coastal Zone Management Authority).	Not Applicable	
	R&R Plan/compensation details for the Project Affected People (PAP) should be furnished. While preparing the R&R Plan, the relevant State/National Rehabilitation & Resettlement Policy should be kept in view. In respect of SCs /STs and other weaker sections of the society in the study area, a need based sample survey, family-wise, should be	The mining activities will be carried out within the mine lease area only. The entire mine lease area is a patta land in proponent's possession. There is no	7-2



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21	undertaken to assess their requirements, and action programmers prepared and submitted accordingly, integrating the sectoral programmers of line departments of the State Government. It may be clearly brought out whether the village(s) located in the mine lease area will be shifted or not. The issues relating to shifting of village(s) including their R&R and socio-economic aspects should be discussed in the Report.	population within the ML area. Hence, the question of R& R does not arise.	
22	One season (non-monsoon) [i.e. March-May (Summer Season); October-December (post monsoon season); December-February (winter season)} primary baseline data on ambient air quality as per CPCB Notification of 2009, water quality, noise level, soil and flora and fauna shall be collected and the AAQ and other data so compiled presented date-wise in the EIA and EMP Report. Site-specific meteorological data should also be collected. The location of the monitoring stations should be such as to represent whole of the study area and justified keeping in view the predominant downwind direction and location of sensitive receptors. There should be at least one monitoring station within 500 m of the mine lease in the pre-dominant downwind direction. The mineralogical composition of PM 10, particularly for free silica, should be given.	<ul> <li>The baseline data on micrometeorology, ambient air quality, Water quality, noise level, soil and flora &amp; fauna are collected during Summer Season (March to May 2025) and detailed in para 3.3 to 3.5 of Chapter-III.</li> <li>Monitoring stations were selected taking into account, wind direction and location of sensitive receptors.</li> <li>Free silica composition in PM10 sample has been done and the values are found to be Below Detectable Limit (DL 0.05mg/m3) which is well within the prescribed limit of 5mg/m3.</li> </ul>	3-11 & 3-36
23	Air quality modeling should be carried out for prediction of impact of the project on the air quality of the area. It should also take into account the impact of movement of Vehicles for transportation of mineral. The details of the model used and input parameters used for modeling should be provided. The air quality contours may be shown on a location map clearly indicating the location of the site, location of sensitive receptors, if any, and the habitation. The wind roses showing pre-dominant wind direction may also be indicated on the map.	<ul> <li>Air quality modeling details are furnished in para 4.2.2 and its continuous sub paras in Chapter-IV of EIA report.</li> <li>The impact on air quality due to the proposed project is estimated using AERMOD View Gaussian Plume Air Dispersion Model developed by Lakes Environmental Software which is based on steady state Gaussian plume dispersion.</li> <li>The model simulations are done for the air pollutant arising from the mining operations, namely, PM10, PM2.5. Ground Level Concentration (GLC) have been computed using hourly meteorological data.</li> <li>The Isopleths of PM10, PM2.5 concentrations for with control measures scenario have also been drawn and these are given in Figure No.4.1 and 4.2.</li> <li>It can be seen that the resultant added concentrations with baseline</li> </ul>	4-3 4-5 & 4-6

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		figures even at worst scenario, show that the values of ambient air quality with respect to PM10 are within the statutory limits in each case.	
24	The water requirement for the Project, its availability and source should be furnished. A detailed water balance should also be provided. Fresh water requirement for the Project should be indicated.	The total water requirement for the both project will be 8.0 KLD comprising 1.0 KLD for drinking water and domestic use, 5.0 KLD for dust suppression and 2.0 KLD for greenbelt. The water will be sourced initially from outside agencies. Later the rainwater collected in the mine pit sump will be used for this purpose. The water balance diagram for the same is shown in Figure No 4.7.	4-14
25	Necessary clearance from the Competent Authority for drawl of requisite quantity of water for the Project should be provided.	Not Applicable.	
26	Description of water conservation measures proposed to be adopted in the Project should be given. Details of rainwater harvesting proposed in the Project, if any, should be provided.	<ul> <li>Towards surface runoff management, a garland drain will be constructed around the quarry and will be connected to a settling pond with silt traps. The supernatant clear water from the settling pond will be flow to the downstream users. The surface runoff management structures diagram is given in Figure No 4.3, Chapter-IV.</li> <li>The methods for reducing water consumption and rainwater harvesting is provided in section 4.3.4, Chapter-IV.</li> </ul>	4-15 4-18
27	Impact of the Project on the water quality, both surface and groundwater, should be assessed and necessary safeguard measures, if any required, should be provided.	<ul> <li>There are no perineal water courses in both the lease areas. In the 15. 145 Ha lease area, Thangavelu Udaiyar Eri situated in S.F.No.50/1 is in the northern side, vari course is passing through the middle of the lease area, drainage channel passing in S.F.No.44/1, 2, 6, 10, 15, 18, 54/6, 7A &amp; 7B from east to west &amp; Sellamuthu Eri situated in S.F.No.62/10 in the eastern side.</li> <li>Safety distance of 50m has been left based on precise area conditions. As a protective measures, an Earthen bund of 3 ft height will be constructed in</li> </ul>	4-16

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		the safety zone and it will be developed with plantation.	
		<ul> <li>Mining operations are proposed to be quarried upto a depth of 2.70m only. The groundwater table in this area is much below this level. There is no groundwater intersection envisaged</li> </ul>	
28	Based on actual monitored data. it may clearly be shown whether working will intersect groundwater. Necessary data and documentation in this regard may be provided. In case the working will intersect groundwater table, a detailed Hydro Geological Study should be undertaken and Report furnished. The Report inter-alia, shall include details of the aquifers present and impact of mining activities on these aquifers. Necessary permission from Central Ground Water Authority for working below ground water and for pumping of ground water should also be obtained and copy furnished.	Mining operations are proposed to be quarried upto a depth of 2.70m only. The groundwater table in this area is much below this level. There is no groundwater intersection envisaged	4-16
29	Details of any stream, seasonal or otherwise, passing through the lease area and modification / diversion proposed, if any, and the impact of the same on the hydrology should be brought out.	Replied above in Standard ToR point No.27.	1
30	Information on site elevation, working depth, groundwater table etc. Should be provided both in AMSL and bgl. A schematic diagram may also be provided for the same.	<ul> <li>The area applied for mining lease is a gentle plain terrain.</li> <li>Mining operations are proposed to be quarried upto a depth of 2.70m only. The groundwater table in this area is much below this level.</li> </ul>	2-2 4-16
31	A time bound Progressive Greenbelt Development Plan shall be prepared in a tabular form (indicating the linear and quantitative coverage, plant species and time frame) and submitted, keeping in mind, the same will have to be executed up front on commencement of the Project. Phase-wise plan of plantation and compensatory afforestation should be charted clearly indicating the area to be covered under plantation and the species to be planted. The details of plantation already done should be given. The plant species selected for green belt should have greater ecological value and should be of good utility value to the local population with emphasis on local and native species and the species which are tolerant to pollution.	In the lease area, safety barrier 7.5m around the periphery and 50m safety zone for vari and road. Greenbelt / Plantation will be carried out to enhance the vegetative growth and aesthetic in the safety zone area. About 1500 trees will be planted in and around the lease area. Details are provided under Section 4.6.4, Chapter-IV.	4-24
32	Impact on local transport infrastructure due to the Project should be indicated. Projected increase in truck traffic as a result of the Project in the present road network (including those outside the Project area) should be worked out, indicating whether it is capable of handling the incremental load. Arrangement for improving the infrastructure, if contemplated (including action to be taken by other agencies	From this proposed quarry the entire output will be transported to the Chettinad Cement Plant on the southern side of the lease area. Details of the impact on logistical system is provided under Section 4.9, Chapter-IV.	4-28

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	such as State Government) should be covered. Project Proponent shall conduct Impact of Transportation study as per Indian Road Congress Guidelines.		
33	Details of the onsite shelter and facilities to be provided to the mine workers should be included in the EIA Report.	This is a proposed project. Site services like mine office, first aid room, rest shelters, toilets etc. will be provided as semi-permanent structures.	2-39
34	Conceptual post mining land use and Reclamation and Restoration of mined out areas (with plans and with adequate number of sections) should be given in the EIA report.	The post mining land use has been provided in Table No. 4.17. The post mining land use plan showing afforestation and water body is shown in Figure No- 4.10.	4-21
35	Occupational Health impacts of the Project should be anticipated and the proposed preventive measures spelt out in detail. Details of pre-placement medical examination and periodical medical examination schedules should be incorporated in the EMP. The project specific occupational health mitigation measures with required facilities proposed in the mining area may be detailed.	Details of occupational health and safety aspects are given under the subsections of Para 4.8, Chapter-IV.	4-27
36	Public health implications of the Project and related activities for the population in the impact zone should be systematically evaluated and the proposed remedial measures should be detailed along with budgetary allocations.	<ul> <li>Details of the socio-economic survey conducted in the buffer zone has been provided in Para 3.2.4, Chapter-III.</li> <li>Public health facilities will be further aimed to be developed through CER activities wherein periodic health checkups, medical camps for the locals will be conducted.</li> </ul>	3-8
37	Measures of socio economic significance and influence to the local community proposed to be provided by the Project Proponent should be indicated. As far as possible, quantitative dimensions may be given with time frames for implementation.	Nearby villages were visited for conducting study to know about socio-economic conditions, including aspirations and requirements of the people for a better living and collected relevant data. The details are provided under section 3.2.4, Chapter-III.	3-8
38	Detailed environmental management plan (EMP) to mitigate the environmental impacts which, should inter-alia include the impacts of change of land use, loss of agricultural and grazing land, if any, occupational health impacts besides other impacts specific to the proposed Project.	Detailed environmental management plan is provided in Chapter-X.	10-1
39	Public Hearing points raised and commitment of the Project Proponent on the same along with time bound Action Plan with budgetary provisions to implement the same should be	This draft EIA/EMP report will be exposed to public consultation as per mandatory procedures through the District Collector and State Pollution Control Board officials after giving 30 days advance notice in two local newspapers about the scheduled date	7-1

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	provided and also incorporated in the final EIA/EMP Report of the Project.	and time for conduct of the public hearing procedures. The opinions, concerns and objections of stakeholders will be recorded during the public hearing. All the public queries and the replies to the query by the project proponent and officials concerned will be recorded and incorporated in the EIA/EMP report for approval by SEIAA, Tamil Nadu.	
40	Details of litigation pending against the project, if any, with direction /order passed by any Court of Law against the Project should be given.	PP informed that there is no litigation pending against the project.	1
41	The cost of the Project (capital cost and recurring cost) as well as the cost towards implementation of EMP should be clearly spelt out.	The cost of the project is Rs 155 lakhs     Towards EMP measures, Rs.12.63     Lakhs is allocated under capital cost.     Besides, Rs.14.03 lakhs per annum will be spent under recurring cost. All the recurring cost of maintenance of pollution control measures, environmental monitoring etc., will be met from revenue.	2-39 10-10
42	A Disaster management Plan shall be prepared and included in the EIA/EMP Report.	The disaster management plan has been provided under section 7.4, Chapter-VII.	7-3
43	Benefits of the Project if the Project is implemented should be spelt out. The benefits of the Project shall clearly indicate environmental, social, economic, employment potential, etc.	<ul> <li>The proposed kankar Quarry will benefit this region in the fields of employment opportunities, improved per capita income for local people, improved social welfare facilities in respect of education, health, infrastructural etc.</li> <li>Direct employment to 10 people and indirect employment to scores of</li> </ul>	
		By means of carrying out the socio economic development activities, local community development is expected. Towards the same, the proponent has planned to allocate Rs. 1 Lakh for various activities under CER. From the CER activities allocated for various social welfare activities, the villages near the lease area will be benefited.	8-1

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44	Besides the above, the below mentioned general points are		
	also to be followed:-		
	a) All documents to be properly referenced with index and		
	continuous page numbering.		
	b) Where data are presented in the Report especially in		
	Tables, the period in which the data were collected and		
	the sources should be indicated. c) Project Proponent shall enclose all the analysis/testing	Agreed	
	reports of water, air, soil, noise etc. using the	Agreed	
	MoEF&CC/NABL accredited laboratories. All the Original		
	analysis/testing reports should be available during		
	appraisal of the Project.		
	d) Where the documents provided are in a language other		
	than English, an English translation should be provided.		
	e) The Questionnaire for environmental appraisal of mining		
	projects as devised earlier by the Ministry shall also be		
	filled and submitted.		
	f) While preparing the EIA report, the instructions for the		
	Proponents and instructions for the Consultants issued by		
	MoEF&CC vide O.M. No. J-11013/41/2006-IA.II(I) dated		
	4th August, 2009, which are available on the website of		
	this Ministry, should be followed. g) Changes, if any made in the basic scope and project		
	parameters (as submitted in Form-I and the PFR for		
	securing the TOR) should be brought to the attention of		
	MoEF&CC with reasons for such changes and permission		
	should be sought, as the TOR may also have to be		
	altered. Post Public Hearing changes in structure and		
	content of the draft EIA/EMP (other than modifications		
	arising out of the P.H. process) will entail conducting the		
	PH again with the revised documentation.		
	h) As per the circular no. J-11011/618/2010-1A.II(I) dated		
	30.5.2012, certified report of the status of compliance of		
	the conditions stipulated in the environment clearance for		
	the existing operations of the project, should be obtained		
	from the Regional Office of Ministry of Environment,		
	Forest and Climate Change, as may be applicable.		
	j) The EIA report should also include (i) surface plan of the		
	area indicating contours of main topographic features,		
	drainage and mining area, (ii) geological maps and sections and (iii) sections of the mine pit and external		
	dumps, if any, clearly showing the land features of the		
	adjoining area.		

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1. SEL	AA SPECIFIC_CONDITIONS		
1	The EMP should cover the detailed restoration plan of the site.	Provided	-
2	The concerns of the public regarding impacts of the mining activity on water bodies and agriculture shall be deliberated in detail during public hearing.	Will be give in the final EMP report	-
2. SEA	AC CONDITIONS - SITE SPECIFIC		
1	A Cluster Management Committee (CMC) shall be constituted including all the mines in the cluster as Committee Members for the effective management of the mining operation in the cluster through systematic & scientific approach with appointment of statutory personnel, appropriate environmental monitoring, good maintenance of haul roads and village/panchayat roads, authorized blasting operation etc. The PP shall submit the following details in the form of an Affidavit during the EIA appraisal:  (i) Copy of the agreement forming CMC.  (ii) The Organisation chart of the Committee with defining the role of the members  (iii) The 'Standard Operating Procedures' (SoP) towards executing the planned activities.	<ul> <li>Environmental Management Cell of projects in the cluster will act as a Cluster Management Committee. The various activities to be undertaken by this committee are detailed in para 10.2.2, Chapter – X.</li> <li>Affidavit in this regard will be submitted during EIA appraisal.</li> </ul>	10.4
2	The Boundary pillars to be erected as per the mine rules and the evidence should be submitted along with the EIA report.	Agreed	
3	The PP should explore the possibility of transporting the quarry material through closed trucks.	Agreed	
4	The details of enumeration of structures including schools, colleges, primary health centres should be submitted along with the EIA report.	• The details of features within 500m radius has been provided in Table 2.4, Chapter-II.	• 2-17
5	The structures within the radius of (i) 50 m, (ii) 100 m, (iii) 200 m and (iv) 300 m & upto 1km shall be enumerated with details such as dwelling houses with number of occupants, whether it belongs to the owner (or) not, places of worship, industries, factories, sheds, etc. and spell out the mitigation measures to be proposed for the protection of the above structures, if any during the quarrying operations.	Give above	-
6	The proponent shall furnish photographs of adequate fencing, garland drainage built with siltation tank & green belt along the periphery including replantation of existing trees; maintaining the safety distance between the adjacent quarries & water bodies nearby provided as per the approved mining	<ul> <li>Safety distance provided as per statutes.</li> <li>Fencing is already carried out in the lease periphery and Plantation of local species like neem, badam, Pungai etc already carried out in the safety zone.</li> </ul>	2-28

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	plan.		
7	The Proponent shall carry out Bio diversity study as a part of EIA study and the same shall be included in the Report.	Bio diversity details are provided in Para 3.5, Chapter-III	3-36
8	The PP shall prepare the EMP for the entire life of mine and also furnish the sworn affidavit stating to abide the EMP for the entire life of mine.	<ul> <li>EMP is prepared for the entire life of the mine. Affidavit in this regard will be submitted during EIA appraisal.</li> </ul>	-
9	The PP shall carry out the comprehensive studies on the cumulative environmental impacts of the existing & proposed quarries which included ripping (or) any	<ul> <li>The details of the quarries located within the 500m radius of the project is given vide Annexure-3.</li> </ul>	A-5
	other non-explosive ground breaking techniques, loading & hauling on the surrounding villages and structures.	<ul> <li>A cumulative impact study has been carried out and furnished in Para 7.6, Chapter-VII.</li> <li>Environmental Management Plan is</li> </ul>	7-3
		provided under Chapter-X.	10-1
10	The PP shall install the CCTV camera for the continuous surveillance of mining activity & furnish the photographic/videographic evidence along with the EIA report.	Agreed	
11	The PP shall furnish the details of transportation through the trucks supported with hydraulic operated covers while passing through the village/highway in order to avoid the spillage of material & dust pollution.	Agreed	
3. SE	AC STANDARD CONDITIONS		
1	In the case of existing/operating mines, a letter obtained from the concerned AD (Mines) shall be submitted and it shall include the following: (i) Original pit dimension (ii) Quantity achieved Vs EC Approved Quantity (iii) Balance Quantity as per Mineable Reserve calculated. (iv) Mined out Depth as on date Vs EC Permitted depth (v) Details of illegal/illicit mining (vi) Violation in the quarry during the past working. (vii) Quantity of material mined out outside the mine lease area (viii) Condition of Safety zone/benches (ix) Revised/Modified Mining Plan showing the benches of not exceeding 6 m height and ultimate depth of not exceeding 50m.	Not applicable	
2	Details of habitations around the proposed mining area and latest VAO certificate regarding the location of habitations within 300m radius from the periphery of the site.	The details of features within 500m radius has been provided in Table 2.4, Chapter-II.	2-17
3	The proponent is requested to carry out a survey and enumerate on the structures located within	The details of features within 500m radius has been provided in Table 2.4, Chapter-II.	2-17

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	the radius of (i) 50 m, (ii) 100 m, (iii) 200 m and (iv) 300 m (v) 500m shall be enumerated with details such as dwelling houses with number of occupants, whether it belongs to the owner (or) not,places of worship, industries, factories, sheds, etc with indicating the owner of the building, nature of construction, age of the building, number of residents, their profession and income, etc.		
4	The PP shall submit a detailed hydrological report indicating the impact of proposed quarrying operations on the waterbodies like lake, water tanks, etc are located within 1 km of the proposed quarry.	Hydrogeological Study is detailed under Section 3.6, Chapter-III.	3-42
5	The Proponent shall carry out Bio diversity study through reputed Institution and the same shall be included in EIA Report.	A detailed study of flora and fauna composition in the core and buffer zone of the project has been made through primary field surveys. The details are furnished in para 3.5, Chapter III.	3-36
6	The DFO letter stating that the proximity distance of Reserve Forests, Protected Areas, Sanctuaries, Tiger reserve etc., up to a radius of 25 km from the proposed site.	There area no Protected Areas, Sanctuaries, Tiger reserve etc with in 10 km radius	
7	In the case of proposed lease in an existing (or old) quarry where the benches are not formed (or) partially formed as per the approved Mining Plan, the Project Proponent (PP) shall the PP shall carry out the scientific studies to assess the slope stability of the working benches to be constructed and existing quarry wall, by involving any one of the reputed Research and Academic Institutions - CSIR-Central Institute of Mining & Fuel Research / Dhanbad, NIRM/Bangalore, Division of Geotechnical Engineering-IIT-Madras, NIT-Dept of Mining Engg, Surathkal, and Anna University Chennai-CEG Campus. The PP shall submit a copy of the aforesaid report indicating the stability status of the quarry wall and possible mitigation measures during the time of appraisal for obtaining the EC.	This is a proposed quarry. As such no mining activities have been carried out in this lease area.	2-28
8	However, in case of the fresh/virgin quarries, the Proponent shall submit a conceptual 'Slope Stability Plan' for the proposed quarry during the appraisal while obtaining the EC, when the depth of the working is extended beyond 30 m below ground level.	<ul> <li>Various risks likely to arise due to mining activities are detailed under section 7.4, Chapter-VII. This being an opencast mine, subsidence is not applicable. There is no drilling or blasting involved in this project.</li> </ul>	•7-4
9	ThePP shall furnish the affidavit stating that the blasting operation in the proposed quarry is carried out by the statutory competent person as per the MMR 1961 such as blaster, mining mate, mine foreman, II/I Class mines manager appointed by the proponent.	. ,	

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S.No	TOR Points	Reply	Pg.No
10	The PP shall present a conceptual design for carrying out only controlled blasting operation involving line drilling and muffle blasting in the proposed quarry such that the blast-induced ground vibrations are controlled as well as no fly rock travel beyond 30 m from the blast site.	Not applicable	-
11	The EIA Coordinators shall obtain and furnish the details of quarry/quarries operated by the proponent in the past, either in the same location or elsewhere in the State with video and photographic evidences.	Agreed	
12	If the proponent has already carried out the mining activity in the proposed mining lease area after 15.01.2016, then the proponent shall furnish the following details from AD/DD, mines,	This is a proposed quarry. No mining activities have been carried out in this lease area.	2-28
13	What was the period of the operation and stoppage of the earlier mines with last work permit issued by the AD/DD mines?	Replied above in point no.12	
14	Quantity of minerals mined out.  Highest production achieved in any one year Detail of approved depth of mining. Actual depth of the mining achieved earlier. Name of the person already mined in that leases area.  If EC and CTO already obtained, the copy of the same shall be submitted. Whether the mining was carried out as per the approved mine plan (or EC if issued) with stipulated benches.	Replied above in point no.12	
15	All corner coordinates of the mine lease area, superimposed on a High-Resolution Imagery/Topo sheet, topographic sheet, geomorphology, lithology and geology of the mining lease area should be provided. Such an Imagery of the proposed area should clearly show the land use and other ecological features of the study area (core and buffer zone).	<ul> <li>Project coordinates superimposed in satellite imagery and given as Figure No - 2.4 in Chapter – II.</li> <li>The 10km Radius Index plan showing buffer zone is given in Figure No.3.1 in Chapter – III.</li> <li>Geology Map, Geomorphology, Lithology map are enclosed as Figure No.3.16, 3.17 and 3.18, Chapter-III.</li> </ul>	2-8 3-2 3-45
16	The PP shall carry out Drone video survey covering	Agreed	
17	the cluster, green belt, fencing, etc.,  The proponent shall furnish photographs of adequate fencing, green belt along the periphery including replantation of existing trees & safety distance between the adjacent quarries & water bodies nearby provided as per the approved mining plan.	Site photographs have been provided in Chapter-II.	2-10
18	The Project Proponent shall provide the details of mineral reserves and mineable reserves, planned production capacity, proposed working methodology	The details of geological and mineable reserves are provided in Table 2.8, Chapter- II.	2-27

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S.No	TOR Points	Reply	Pg.No
	with justifications, the anticipated impacts of the mining operations on the surrounding environment, and the remedial measures for the same.	<ul> <li>The production schedule during the plan period is provided in Table 2.11, Chapter-II.</li> <li>The working methodology is detailed under Section 2.15, Chapter-II.</li> <li>Anticipated impacts of mining operations on surrounding environment is provided under Chapter-IV.</li> </ul>	2-29 2-39 4-1
19	The Project Proponent shall provide the Organization chart indicating the appointment of various statutory officials and other competent persons to be appointed as per the provisions of the Mines Act'1952 and the MMR, 1961 for carrying out the quarrying operations scientifically and systematically in order to ensure safety and to protect the environment.	The organization chart is provided as Figure No.10.1, Chapter-X.	10-3
20	The Project Proponent shall conduct the hydrogeological study considering the contour map of the water table detailing the number of groundwater pumping & open wells, and surface water bodies such as rivers, tanks, canals, ponds, etc. within 1 km (radius) along with the collected water level data for both monsoon and non-monsoon seasons from the PWD / TWAD so as to assess the impacts on the wells due to mining activity. Based on actual monitored data, it may clearly be shown whether working will intersect groundwater. Necessary data and documentation in this regard may be provided.	Hydrogeological Study is detailed under Section 3.6, Chapter-III.	3-42
21	The proponent shall furnish the baseline data for the environmental and ecological parameters with regard to surface water/ground water quality, air quality, soil quality & flora/fauna including traffic/vehicular movement study	<ul> <li>The baseline data on micro- meteorology, ambient air quality, Water quality, noise level, soil and flora &amp; fauna are collected during Summer Season (March – May 2025) and detailed in Section 3.3 to 3.5 of Chapter-III. The details of Traffic Study is provided under Section 4.9, Chapter-IV.</li> </ul>	3-11
22	The Proponent shall carry out the Cumulative impact study due to mining operations carried out in the quarry specifically with reference to the specific environment in terms of soil health, biodiversity, air pollution, water pollution, climate change and flood control & health impacts. Accordingly, the Environment Management plan should be prepared keeping the concerned quarry and the surrounding habitations in the mind.	<ul> <li>The details of the quarries located within the 500m radius of the project is given vide Annexure-e.</li> <li>A cumulative impact study has been carried out and furnished in Para 7.6, Chapter-VII.</li> <li>Environmental Management Plan is provided under Chapter-X.</li> </ul>	A-22 7-5 10-1
23	Rain water harvesting management with recharging details along with water balance (both monsoon & non-monsoon) be submitted.	<ul> <li>Shallow mined out area itself will act as a rainwatet harvesting pond.</li> <li>Towards surface runoff management, garland drain will be constructed which will be connected to settling ponds with silt traps.</li> </ul>	4-16

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S.No	TOR Points	Reply	Pg.No
		<ul> <li>Water requirement for the both project is 8 KLD. The required water will be procured from outside agencies. Details of rainwater harvesting are provided under Section 4.3.4.2, Chapter-IV.</li> </ul>	4-14
24	Land use of the study area delineating forest area, agricultural land, grazing land, wildlife sanctuary, national park, migratory routes of fauna, water bodies, human settlements and other ecological features should be indicated. Land use	<ul> <li>The land use of the study area was studied to demarcate various LULC categories and its details are provided under section 3.4, Chapter-III.</li> <li>The land use pattern at present and at the</li> </ul>	3-26
	plan of the mine lease area should be prepared to encompass preoperational, operational and post operational phases and submitted. Impact, if any, of change of land use should be given.	<ul> <li>The land use pattern at present and at the end of the quarrying period has been provided under section 4.5.1, Chapter-IV.</li> <li>The post mining land use has been provided in Table No. 4.19.</li> </ul>	4-22
25	Details of the land for storage of Overburden/Waste Dumps (or) Rejects outside the mine lease, such as extent of land area, distance from mine lease, its land use, R&R issues, if any, should be provided.	There is no waste generation anticipated in this quarry. As such there are no OB dumps involved.	
26	Proximity to Areas declared as 'Critically Polluted' (or) the Project areas which attracts the court restrictions for mining operations, should also be indicated and where so required, clearance certifications from the prescribed Authorities, such as the TNPCB (or) Dept. of Geology and Mining should be secured and furnished to the effect that the proposed mining activities could be considered.	Not applicable	
27	Description of water conservation measures proposed to be adopted in the Project should be given. Details of rainwater harvesting proposed in the Project, if any, should be provided.	The methods for reducing water consumption and rainwater harvesting is provided in section 4.3.4, Chapter-IV	4-16
28	Impact on local transport infrastructure due to the Project should be indicated.	• From this proposed quarry the entire output will be transported to the Chettinad Cement Plant on the southern side of the lease area. Details of the impact on logistical system is provided under Section 4.9, Chapter-IV.	4-28
29	A tree survey study shall be carried out (nos., name of the species, age, diameter etc.,) both within the mining lease applied area & 300m buffer zone and its management during mining activity.	An ecological survey of the study area was conducted with reference to listing of species and assessment of the existing baseline ecological conditions. Details are provided under section 3.5.1, Chapter-III.	3-36
30	A detailed mine closure plan for the proposed project shall be included in EIA/EMP report which should be site-specific.	Details of Mine Closure Plan is provided under section 7.5, Chapter-VII.	7-3
31	As a part of the study of flora and fauna around the vicinity of the proposed site, the EIA coordinator shall strive to educate the local students on the importance	An ecological survey of the study area was conducted with reference to listing of species and assessment of the existing	3-36

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S.No	TOR Points	Reply	Pg.No
	of preserving local flora and fauna by involving them in the study, wherever possible.	baseline ecological conditions. Details are provided under section 3.5.1, Chapter-III.	
32	The purpose of Green belt around the project is to capture the fugitive emissions, carbon sequestration and to attenuate the noise generated, in addition to improving the aesthetics. A wide range of indigenous plant species should be planted as given in the appendix-I in consultation with the DFO, State Agriculture University. The plant species with dense/moderate canopy of native origin should be chosen. Species of small/medium/tall trees alternating with shrubs should be planted in a mixed manner.	Agreed	1
33	Taller/one year old Saplings raised in appropriate size of bags, preferably ecofriendly bags should be planted as per the advice of local forest uthorities/botanist/ Horticulturist with regard to site specific choices. The proponent shall earmark the greenbelt area with GPS coordinates all along the boundary of the project site with at least 3 meters wide and in between blocks in an organized manner	Agreed	
34	A Disaster management Plan shall be prepared and included in the EIA/EMP Report for the complete life of the proposed quarry (or) till the end of the lease period.	The disaster management plan has been provided under section 7.3.1, Chapter-VII.	7-3
35	A Risk Assessment and management Plan shall be prepared and included in the EIA/EMP Report for the complete life of the proposed quarry (or) till the end of the lease period.	Various risks likely to arise due to mining activities are detailed under section 7.3, Chapter-VII.	7-1
36	Occupational Health impacts of the Project should be anticipated and the proposed preventive measures spelt out in detail. Details of pre-placement medical examination and periodical medical examination schedules should be incorporated in the EMP. The project specific occupational health mitigation measures with required facilities proposed in the mining area may be detailed	Details of occupational health and safety aspects are given under the subsections of Para 4.8, Chapter-IV.	4-27
37	Public health implications of the Project and related activities for the population in the impact zone should be systematically evaluated and the proposed remedial measures should be detailed along with budgetary allocations.	<ul> <li>Details of the socio-economic survey conducted in the buffer zone has been provided in Para 3.2.4, Chapter-III.</li> <li>Public health facilities will be further aimed to be developed through CER activities wherein periodic health checkups, medical camps for the locals will be conducted.</li> </ul>	3-8
38	The Socio-economic studies should be carried out within a 5 km buffer zone from the mining activity. Measures of socio-economic significance and influence to the local community proposed to be	Nearby villages were visited for conducting study to know about socio-economic conditions, including aspirations and requirements of the people for a better	3-8

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S.No	TOR Points	Reply	Pg.No
	provided by the Project Proponent should be indicated. As far as possible, quantitative dimensions may be given with time frames for implementation.	living and collected relevant data. The details are provided under section 3.2.4, Chapter-III.	_
39	Details of litigation pending against the project, if any, with direction /order passed by any Court of Law against the Project should be given.	PP informed that there is no litigation pending against the project.	
40	Benefits of the Project if the Project is implemented should be spelt out. The benefits of the Project shall clearly indicate environmental, social, economic, employment potential, etc.	<ul> <li>project will also provide employment, social welfare facilities by way of CER activities and also meet the raw material requirement of their plant</li> </ul>	8-1
41	If any quarrying operations were carried out in the proposed quarrying site for which now the EC is sought, the Project Proponent shall furnish the detailed compliance to EC conditions given in the previous EC with the site photographs which shall duly be certified by MoEF&CC, Regional Office, Chennai (or) the concerned DEE/TNPCB.	This is a proposed quarry. As such no mining activities have been carried out in this lease area.	2-28
42	The PP shall prepare the EMP for the entire life of mine and also furnish the sworn affidavit stating to abide the EMP for the entire life of mine.	EMP is prepared for the entire life of the mine. Affidavit in this regard will be submitted during EIA appraisal	
43	Concealing any factual information or submission of false/fabricated data and failure to comply with any of the conditions mentioned above may result in withdrawal of this Terms of Conditions besides attracting penal provisions in the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.	Agreed	
Cluste	er Management Committee		
1	Cluster Management Committee shall be framed which must include all the proponents in the cluster as members including the existing as well as proposed quarry.	Details of the cluster management committee is provided under Section 10.2.2, Chapter-X.	10-4
2	The members must coordinate among themselves for the effective implementation of EMP as committed including Green Belt Development. Water sprinkling, tree plantation, blasting etc.,	Agreed	ı
3	The List of members of the committee formed shall be submitted to AD/Mines before the execution of mining lease and the same shall be updated every year to the AD/Mines.	Agreed	1
4	Detailed Operational Plan must be submitted which must include the blasting frequency with respect to the nearby quarry situated in the cluster, the usage of haul roads by the individual quarry in the form of route map and network.	Agreed	-
5	The committee shall deliberate on risk & emergency management plan, fire safety & evacuation plan and sustainable development goals pertaining to the cluster in a holistic manner especially during natural	Agreed	-

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S.No	TOR Points	Reply	Pg.No
	calamities like intense rain and the mitigation measures considering the inundation of the cluster		
6	and evacuation plan  The Cluster Management Committee shall form Environmental Policy to practice sustainable mining in a scientific and systematic manner in accordance with the law. The role played by the committee in implementing the environmental policy devised shall be given in detail in the EIA Report.	Agreed	-
7	The committee shall furnish action plan regarding the restoration strategy with respect to the individual quarry falling under the cluster in a holistic manner.	Agreed	-
8	The committee shall deliberate on the health of the workers/staff involved in the mining as well as the health of the public in the vicinity.	Agreed	-
Agricu	ulture & Agro-Biodiversity		•
9	Impact on surrounding agricultural fields around the proposed mining Area.	• Since the lease and its nearby area is barren land with thorny bushes / shrubs, it remain uncultivated and only in patches of land far away from the lease area, agricultural activities are carried during monsoon rainfall. Due to poor quality of the soil, inconsistent rainfall, high agricultural labor cost, manpower shortage and less yield are reason for very little agricultural activity in this region.By adoption of systematic mining adhering to all the environmental mitigation measures as explained earlier, no adverse impact on the far away agricultural or surrounding environs envisaged.	4-23
10	Impact on soil flora & vegetation around the project site.	The impact of mining on biological environment is provided under Table 4.15, Chapter-IV.	4-23
11	Details of type of vegetations including no. of trees & shrubs within the proposed mining area and. If so, transplantation of such vegetations all along the boundary of the proposed mining area shall committed mentioned in EMP.	The details of flora in the core zone is provided in Table 3.24, Chapter-III. There is no major clearance of vegetation or transplantation involved.	3-38
12	The Environmental Impact Assessment should study the agro-biodiversity, agro- forestry, horticultural plantations, the natural ecosystem, the soil micro flora, fauna and soil seed banks and suggest measures to maintain the natural Ecosystem.	An ecological survey of the study area was conducted with reference to listing of species and assessment of the existing baseline ecological conditions. Details are provided under Section 3.5.1, Chapter-III.	3-36
13	Action should specifically suggest for sustainable management of the area and restoration of ecosystem for flow of goods and services.	The post mining land use has been provided in Table No. 4.19, Chapter-IV.	4-22

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S.No	TOR Points	Reply	Pg.No
14	The project proponent shall study and furnish the impact of project on plantations in adjoining patta lands, Horticulture. Agriculture and livestock.	Replied in sl no 13 above.	
Fores			•
15	The project proponent shall detailed study on impact of mining on Reserve forests free ranging wildlife.	Vannankurichi RF - 7.9km -E, is present in the study area. The forest department is converting the low yielding species to high yielding species in the forest area like Munthiri & mango (Mangifera indica). Adoption of mitigative measures in this working like dust suppression, proper maintenance of equipment's, roads will ensure noimpact on the far away forests.	3-3
16	The Environmental Impact Assessment should study impact on forest, vegetation, endemic, vulnerable and endangered indigenous flora and fauna.	An ecological survey of the study area was conducted with reference to listing of species and assessment of the existing baseline ecological conditions. Details are provided under Section 3.5.1, Chapter-III.	3-36
17	The Environmental Impact Assessment should study impact on standing trees and the existing trees should be numbered and action suggested for protection.	Replied in point 20. Above	
18	The Environmental Impact Assessment should study impact on protected areas, Reserve Forests, National Parks, Corridors and Wildlife pathways, near project site.	There are no national parks or corridors in the 10k radius. There are no reserve forest in the proximity of the lease area	3-3
Water	Environment	,	u .
19	Hydro-geological study considering the contour map of the water table detailing the number of ground water pumping & open wells, and surface water bodies such as rivers, tanks, canals, ponds etc. within 1 km (radius) so as to assess the impacts on the nearby waterbodies due to mining activity. Based on actual monitored data, it may clearly be shown whether working will intersect groundwater. Necessary data and documentation in this regard may he provided. covering the entire mine lease period.	Details of hydrogeological scenario of this project is provided under section 3.6, Chapter-III.	3-42
20	Erosion Control measures.	<ul> <li>Since the entire material from the quarry face will be directly dispatched to the consumers, there will not be any stockpiles. There are no waste dumps in this quarry. As such there will not be any wash out due to stock pile or waste dumps.</li> <li>Towards surface runoff management, a garland drain will be constructed around the quarry and will be connected to a settling</li> </ul>	4-15

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S.No	TOR Points	Reply	Pg.No
		pond with silt traps. The supernatant clear water from the settling pond will be flow to the downstream users	·
21	Detailed study shall be carried out in regard to impact of mining around the proposed mine lease area on the nearby Villages, Water-bodies/ Rivers, & any ecological fragile areas.	There is no proposal to discharge any effluent into this waterbody. No major impact is envisaged on the nearby water bodies due to project operations	4-17
22	The project proponent shall study impact on fish habitats and the food WEB/ food chain in the water body and Reservoir.	There is no major perennial waterbody in close proximity of the lease area.	3-3
23	The project proponent shall study and furnish the details on potential fragmentation impact on natural environment, by the activities.	The post mining land use has been provided in Table No. 4.13. The post mining land use plan showing afforestation and water body is shown in Figure No- 4.5.	4-22
24	The project proponent shall study and furnish the impact on aquatic plants and animals in water bodies and possible scars on the landscape, damages to nearby caves, heritage site, and archaeological sites possible land form changes visual and aesthetic impacts.	An ecological survey of the study area was conducted with reference to listing of species and assessment of the existing baseline ecological conditions. Details are provided under Section 3.5.1, Chapter-III.	3-36
25	The Terms of Reference should specifically study impact on soil health, soil erosion, the soil physical, chemical components and microbial components.	Soil samples were collected in 4 locations in the core and buffer zone to analyse the physiochemical characteristics of the soil in the area. The soil quality data is provided in Table No.3.18, Chapter-III.	3-29
26	The Environmental Impact Assessment should study on wetlands, water bodies, rivers streams, lakes and farmer sites.	<ul> <li>The nearest major water bodies is provided in Table No.3.1, Chapter-III.</li> <li>In the lease area of 3.425 Ha lease, Kanjan Eri in S.F.No.57/8 located in eastern side &amp; a Vari is passing in northern side in S.F.Nos.40 &amp; 57/1. Safety distance of 50m has been left based on precise area conditions. As a protective measures, an Earthen bund of 3 ft height will be constructed in the safety zone and it will be developed with plantation.</li> </ul>	4-20
27 Energ	The EIA shall include the impact of mining activity on the following:  a) Hydrothermal/Geothermal effect due to destruction in the Environment. b) Bio-geochemical processes and its foot prints including Environmental stress. c) Sediment geochemistry in the surface streams.	The details of the same is provided in Table 4.21, Chapter-IV.	4-28

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S.No	TOR Points	Reply	Pg.No
28	The measures taken to control Noise, Air, Water, Dust Control and steps adopted to efficiently utilise the Energy shall be furnished.	• The dust control measures are listed under Table 4.1, Water pollution control measures under Section 4.3.2, and noise pollution control measures under Section 4.4.1.2, Chapter-IV. Besides, energy consumption in this project will be optimum and as per requirement.	
	te Change		
29	The Environmental Impact Assessment shall study in detail the carbon emission and also suggest the measures to mitigate carbon emission including development of carbon sinks and temperature reduction including control of other emission and climate mitigation activities.	Certified vehicles with low carbon emissions will only be used. These equipments will be properly and regularly maintained. Besides, regular vehicular emission tests will be done for the transport vehicles to ensure minimal impact due to carbon emissions. To further mediate the carbon emissions, a good greenbelt and plantation plan has been planned wherein 2000 number of plants will be planted in and around the lease area.	4-2
30	The Environmental Impact Assessment should study impact on climate change, temperature rise, pollution and above soil & below soil carbon stock, soil health and physical, chemical & biological soil features.	Replied in point no.29.	1
31	Impact of mining on pollution leading to GHGs emissions and the impact of the same on the local livelihood.	Replied in point no.29.	-
	Closure Plan		
32	Detailed Mine Closure Plan covering the entire mine lease period as per precise area communication order issued.	Details of Mine Closure Plan is provided under section 7.5, Chapter-VII.	7-4
EMP			
33	Detailed Environment Management Plan along with adaptation, mitigation & remedial strategies covering the entire mine lease period as per precise area communication order issued and the scope for achieving SDGs.	Detailed environmental management plan is provided under Chapter-X.	10-1
34	The Environmental Impact Assessment should hold detailed study on EMP with budget for Green belt development and mine closure plan including disaster management plan.	Detailed environmental management plan is provided under Chapter-X.	10-1
	Assessment		
35	To furnish risk assessment and management plan including anticipated vulnerabilities during operational and post operational phases of Mining.	Various risks likely to arise due to mining activities are detailed under section 7.3, Chapter-VII.	7-1
	ter Management Plan		
36	To furnish disaster management plan and disaster mitigation measures in regard to all aspects to avoid/reduce vulnerability to hazards & to cope with	•The disaster management plan has been provided under section 7.3.1, Chapter-VII.	7-3



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S.No	TOR Points	Reply	Pg.No
	disaster/untoward accidents in & around the		
	proposed mine lease area due to the proposed		
	method of mining activity & its related activities		
	covering the entire mine lease period as per precise		
	area communication order issued.		
Others			
37	The project proponent shall furnish VAO certificate with reference to 300m radius regard to approved habitations, schools. Archaeological sites, Structures, railway lines, roads, water bodies such as streams, odai. vaari, canal, channel, river, lake pond. tank etc.	The details of features within 500m radius has been provided in Table 2.4, Chapter-II.	2-18
38	As per the MoEF& CC office memorandum F.No.22-65/2017-1A.111 dated: 30.09.2020 and 20.10.2020 the proponent shall address the concerns raised during the public consultation and all the activities proposed shall be part of the Environment Management Plan.	Will be provided in the Affidavit in this regard will be submitted during EIA appraisal	
39	The project proponent shall study and furnish the possible pollution due to plastic and microplastic on the environment. The ecological risks and impacts of plastic & microplastics on aquatic environment and fresh water systems due to activities, contemplated during mining may be investigated and reported.	Single use plastics/ use and throwaway plastics will be banned in the site as directed by the Tamil Nadu Government vide GO(Ms)No.84 regarding ban on use of plastic products. The employees will be encouraged to use compostable material or reusable material.	4-32
STAN	DARD TERMS OF REFERENCE		•
1	Year-wise production details since 1994 should be given, clearly stating the highest production achieved in any one year prior to 1994. It may also be categorically informed whether there had been any increase in production after the EIA Notification 1994 came into force, w.r.t. the highest production achieved prior to 1994.	This is a proposed project. No mining has been carried out in this lease area so far by the proponent.	2-28
2	A copy of the document in support of the fact that the Proponent is the rightful lessee of the mine should be given.	Precise area communication letter was obtained from the Industries (MMC2) Department vide Lr.No. 9020/MMC.2/2018-1 dated 12.10.2018. (Annexure-2)	A-3
3	All documents including approved mine plan. EIA and Public Hearing should be compatible with one another in terms of the mine lease area, production levels, waste generation and its management, mining technology etc. and should be in the name of the lessee.	The production capacity, quantity of waste, its management and mining technology in mine plan and EIA, etc., are compatible with one another.	
4	All corner coordinates of the mine lease area, superimposed on a High Resolution Imagery/ topo sheet, topographic sheet, geomorphology and	<ul> <li>Project coordinates superimposed in satellite imagery and given as Figure No - 2.4 in Chapter – II.</li> </ul>	2-18 3-45



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S.No	TOR Points	Reply	Pg.No
	geology of the area should be provided. Such an	• The geology and geomorphology map is	3-46
	Imagery of the proposed area should clearly show the land use and other ecological features of the	provided in Figure No.3.18, 3.19, Chapter-III. The Lithology map and Soil map are	3-47
	study area (core and buffer zone).	provided under Figure No. 3.20, 3.21, Chapter-III.	3-48
		The 10km Radius Index plan showing buffer zone is given in Figure No.3.1 in Chapter – III.	3-2
5	Information should be provided in Survey of India Topo sheet in 1:50,000 scale indicating geological map of the area, geomorphology of land forms of the area, existing minerals and mining history of the area, important water bodies, streams and rivers and soil characteristics.	Replied in Standard ToR point no.4	
6	Details about the land proposed for mining activities should be given with information as to whether mining conforms to the land use policy of the State; land diversion for mining should have approval from State land use board or the concerned authority.	Not Applicable	
7	It should be clearly stated whether the proponent Company has a well laid down Environment Policy approved by its Board of Directors? If so, it may be spelt out in the EIA Report with description of the prescribed operating process/procedures to bring into focus any infringement/deviation/ violation of the environmental	<ul> <li>The proponent has framed a well-planned environmental policy. Its details are provided under Section 10.2.1, Chapter-X.</li> <li>The Mines Manager will undertake effective monitoring and implementation of various</li> </ul>	10-1
	or forest norms/ conditions? The hierarchical system or administrative order of the Company to deal with the environmental issues and for ensuring compliance with the EC conditions may also be given. The system of reporting of non-compliances / violations of environmental norms to the Board of Directors of the Company and/or shareholders or stakeholders at large, may also be detailed in the EIA Report.	environmental control measures promptly and effectively and to oversee various environmental management schemes for air quality control, water quality status, noise level control, plantation programme, social development schemes, etc in the mine. The organizational chart for the same has been provided in Figure No.10.1, Chapter-X.	10-3
8	Issues relating to Mine Safety, including subsidence study in case of underground mining and slope study in case of open cast mining, blasting study etc. should be detailed. The proposed safeguard measures in each case should also be provided.	Various risks likely to arise due to mining activities are detailed under section 7.4, Chapter-VII. This being an opencast mine, subsidence is not applicable. There is no drilling or blasting involved in this project.	7-1
9	The study area will comprise of 10 km zone around the mine lease from lease periphery and the data contained in the EIA such as waste generation etc. should be for the life of the mine / lease period.	The study area chosen for collecting existing environmental status covers 10 km radial distance from the project periphery (Figure No - 3.1). Data given in the report is for the life of the mine.	3-2

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S.No	TOR Points	Reply	Pg.No
10	Land use of the study area delineating forest area, agricultural land, grazing land, wildlife sanctuary, national park, migratory routes of fauna, water bodies, human settlements and other ecological features should be indicated. Land use plan of the mine lease area should be prepared to encompass preoperational, operational and post operational phases and submitted. Impact, if any, of change of land use should be given.	<ul> <li>The land use of the study area was studied to demarcate various LULC categories and its details are provided under section 3.4, Chapter-III.</li> <li>The land use pattern at present and at the end of the quarrying period has been provided under section 4.5, Chapter-IV.</li> <li>The total area for mine working area of will be utilized for water harvesting</li> </ul>	3-29 4-22
11	Details of the land for any Over Burden Dumps outside the mine lease, such as extent of land area, distance from mine lease, its land use, R&R issues, if any, should be given.	There is no waste generation anticipated in this quarry operation since the entire excavated material will be utilized. Hence, there is no external overburden dump involved. Besides, there is no proposal for overburden dump outside the lease area.	2-28
12	A Certificate from the Competent Authority in the State Department should be provided, confirming the involvement of forest land, if any, in the project area. In the event of any contrary claim by the Project Proponent regarding the status of forests, the site may be inspected by the State Forest Department along with the Regional Office of the Ministry to ascertain the status of forests, based on which, the Certificate in this regard as mentioned above be issued. In all such cases, it would be desirable for representative of the State Forest Department to assist the Expert Appraisal Committees.	There is no forest land in the lease area.	
13	Status of forestry clearance for the broken up area and virgin forestland involved in the Project including deposition of net present value (NPV) and compensatory afforestation (CA) should be indicated. A copy of the forestry clearance should also be furnished.	There is no forest land in the lease area.	
14	Implementation status of recognition of forest rights under the Scheduled Tribes and other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006 should be indicated.	Not Applicable	
15	The vegetation in the RF / PF areas in the study area, with necessary details, should be given.	There is no forest land in the lease area.	
16	A study shall be got done to ascertain the impact of the Mining Project on wildlife of the study area and details furnished. Impact of the project on the wildlife in the surrounding and any other protected area and accordingly, detailed mitigative measures required, should be worked out with cost implications and submitted.	The mining lease area and the 10 km buffer zone from the periphery of the core zone is devoid of declared ecologically sensitive features like national parks, biospheres, sanctuaries, etc.	4-22

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S.No	TOR Points	Reply	Pg.No
17	Location of National Parks, Sanctuaries, Biosphere Reserves, Wildlife Corridors, Ramsar site Tiger/ Elephant Reserves/(existing as well as proposed), if any, within 10 km of the mine lease should be clearly indicated, supported by a location map duly authenticated by Chief Wildlife Warden. Necessary clearance, as may be applicable to such projects due to proximity of the ecologically sensitive areas as mentioned above, should be obtained from the Standing Committee of National Board of Wildlife and copy furnished.	Replied in Standard ToR point No.16	
18	A detailed biological study of the study area [core zone and buffer zone (10 km radius of the periphery of the mine lease)] shall be carried out. Details of flora and fauna, endangered, endemic and RET Species duly authenticated, separately for core and buffer zone should be furnished based on such primary field survey clearly indicating the Schedule of the fauna present. In case of any scheduled-I fauna found in the study area, the necessary plan along with budgetary provisions for their conservation should be prepared in consultation with State Forest and Wildlife Department and details furnished. Necessary allocation of funds for implementing the same should be made as part of the project cost.	A detailed study of flora and fauna composition in the core and buffer zone of the project has been made through primary field surveys. The details are furnished in para 3.5, Chapter III.	3-36
19	Proximity to Areas declared as 'Critically Polluted' or the Project areas likely to come under the 'Aravali Range', (attracting court restrictions for mining operations), should also be indicated and where so required, clearance certifications from the prescribed Authorities, such as the SPCB or State Mining Department should be secured and furnished to the effect that the proposed mining activities could be considered.	Not Applicable	
20	Similarly, for coastal Projects, a CRZ map duly authenticated by one of the authorized agencies demarcating LTL. HTL, CRZ area, location of the mine lease w.r.t CRZ, coastal features such as mangroves, if any, should be furnished. (Note: The Mining Projects falling under CRZ would also need to obtain approval of the concerned Coastal Zone Management Authority).	Not Applicable	
21	R&R Plan/compensation details for the Project Affected People (PAP) should be furnished. While preparing the R&R Plan, the relevant State/National Rehabilitation & Resettlement Policy should be kept in view. In respect of SCs /STs and other weaker	The mining activities will be carried out within the mine lease area only. The entire mine lease area is a patta land in proponent's possession. There is no	7-2

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S.No	TOR Points	Reply	Pg.No
	sections of the society in the study area, a need based sample survey, family-wise, should be undertaken to assess their requirements, and action programmers prepared and submitted accordingly, integrating the sectoral programmers of line departments of the State Government. It may be clearly brought out whether the village(s) located in the mine lease area will be shifted or not. The issues relating to shifting of village(s) including their R&R and socio-economic aspects should be discussed in the Report.	population within the ML area. Hence, the question of R& R does not arise.	
22	One season (non-monsoon) [i.e. March-May (Summer Season); October-December (post monsoon season); December-February (winter season)} primary baseline data on ambient air quality as per CPCB Notification of 2009, water quality, noise level, soil and flora and fauna shall be collected and the AAQ and other data so compiled presented date-wise in the EIA and EMP Report. Site-specific meteorological data should also be collected. The location of the monitoring stations should be such as to represent whole of the study area and justified keeping in view the pre-dominant downwind direction and location of sensitive receptors. There should be at least one monitoring station within 500 m of the mine lease in the pre-dominant downwind direction. The mineralogical composition of PM 10, particularly for free silica, should be given.	<ul> <li>The baseline data on micro- meteorology, ambient air quality, Water quality, noise level, soil and flora &amp; fauna are collected during Summer Season (March to May 2025) and detailed in para 3.3 to 3.5 of Chapter-III.</li> <li>Monitoring stations were selected taking into account, wind direction and location of sensitive receptors.</li> <li>Free silica composition in PM10 sample has been done and the values are found to be Below Detectable Limit (DL 0.05mg/m3) which is well within the prescribed limit of 5mg/m3.</li> </ul>	3-11 & 3-36
23	Air quality modeling should be carried out for prediction of impact of the project on the air quality of the area. It should also take into account the impact of movement of Vehicles for transportation of mineral. The details of the model used and input parameters used for modeling should be provided. The air quality contours may be shown on a location map clearly indicating the location of the site, location of sensitive receptors, if any, and the habitation. The wind roses showing pre-dominant wind direction may also be indicated on the map.	<ul> <li>Air quality modeling details are furnished in para 4.2.2 and its continuous sub paras in Chapter-IV of EIA report.</li> <li>The impact on air quality due to the proposed project is estimated using AERMOD View Gaussian Plume Air Dispersion Model developed by Lakes Environmental Software which is based on steady state Gaussian plume dispersion.</li> <li>The model simulations are done for the air pollutant arising from the mining operations, namely, PM10, PM2.5. Ground Level Concentration (GLC) have been computed using hourly meteorological data.</li> <li>The Isopleths of PM10, PM2.5 concentrations for with control measures</li> </ul>	4-3 4-7 & 4-8

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T-17



S.No	TOR Points	Reply	Pg.No
		scenario have also been drawn and these are given in Figure No.4.1 and 4.2.	
		<ul> <li>It can be seen that the resultant added concentrations with baseline figures even at worst scenario, show that the values of ambient air quality with respect to PM10 are within the statutory limits in each case.</li> </ul>	
24	The water requirement for the Project, its availability and source should be furnished. A detailed water balance should also be provided. Fresh water requirement for the Project should be indicated.	The total water requirement for the both project will be 8.0 KLD comprising 1.0 KLD for drinking water and domestic use, 5.0 KLD for dust suppression and 2.0 KLD for greenbelt. The water will be sourced initially from outside agencies. Later the rainwater collected in the mine pit sump will be used for this purpose. The water balance diagram for the same is shown in Figure No 4.3.	4-14
25	Necessary clearance from the Competent Authority for drawl of requisite quantity of water for the Project should be provided.	Not Applicable.	
26	Description of water conservation measures proposed to be adopted in the Project should be given. Details of rainwater harvesting proposed in the Project, if any, should be provided.	Towards surface runoff management, a garland drain will be constructed around the quarry and will be connected to a settling pond with silt traps. The supernatant clear water from the settling pond will be flow to the downstream users. The surface runoff management structures diagram is given in Figure No 4.3, Chapter-IV.	4-16
		• The methods for reducing water consumption and rainwater harvesting is provided in section 4.3.4, Chapter-IV.	4-18
27	Impact of the Project on the water quality, both	• In the lease area of 3.425 Ha lease, Kanjan Eri in S.F.No.57/8 located in eastern side & a Vari is passing in northern side in S.F.Nos.40 & 57/1. Safety distance of 50m has been left based on precise area conditions. As a protective measures, an Earthen bund of 3 ft height will be constructed in the safety zone and it will be developed with plantation	4-16
	surface and groundwater, should be assessed and necessary safeguard measures, if any required, should be provided.	<ul> <li>Mining operations are proposed to be quarried upto a depth of 2.30m only. The groundwater table in this area is much below this level. There is no groundwater intersection envisaged</li> </ul>	

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S.No	TOR Points	Reply	Pg.No
28	Based on actual monitored data. it may clearly be shown whether working will intersect groundwater. Necessary data and documentation in this regard may be provided. In case the working will intersect groundwater table, a detailed Hydro Geological Study should be undertaken and Report furnished. The Report inter-alia, shall include details of the aquifers present and impact of mining activities on these aquifers. Necessary permission from Central Ground Water Authority for working below ground water and for pumping of ground water should also be obtained and copy furnished.	Mining operations are proposed to be quarried upto a depth of 2.30m only. The groundwater table in this area is much below this level. There is no groundwater intersection envisaged	4-16
29	Details of any stream, seasonal or otherwise, passing through the lease area and modification / diversion proposed, if any, and the impact of the same on the hydrology should be brought out.	Replied above in Standard ToR point No.27.	
30	Information on site elevation, working depth, groundwater table etc. Should be provided both in AMSL and bgl. A schematic diagram may also be	<ul> <li>The area applied for mining lease is a gentle plain terrain.</li> <li>Mining operations are proposed to be</li> </ul>	2-2
	provided for the same.	quarried upto a depth of 2.30m only. The groundwater table in this area is much below this level.	4-16
31	A time bound Progressive Greenbelt Development Plan shall be prepared in a tabular form (indicating the linear and quantitative coverage, plant species and time frame) and submitted, keeping in mind, the same will have to be executed up front on commencement of the Project. Phase-wise plan of plantation and compensatory afforestation should be charted clearly indicating the area to be covered under plantation and the species to be planted. The details of plantation already done should be given. The plant species selected for green belt should have greater ecological value and should be of good utility value to the local population with emphasis on local and native species and the species which are tolerant to pollution.	In the lease area, safety barrier 7.5m around the periphery and 50m safety zone for vari and road. Greenbelt / Plantation will be carried out to enhance the vegetative growth and aesthetic in the safety zone area. About 1000 trees will be planted in and around the lease area. Details are provided under Section 4.6.4, Chapter-IV.	4-24
32	Impact on local transport infrastructure due to the Project should be indicated. Projected increase in truck traffic as a result of the Project in the present road network (including those outside the Project area) should be worked out, indicating whether it is capable of handling the incremental load. Arrangement for improving the infrastructure, if contemplated (including action to be taken by other agencies such as State Government) should be covered. Project Proponent shall conduct Impact of	From this proposed quarry the entire output will be transported to the Chettinad Cement Plant on the southern side of the lease area. Details of the impact on logistical system is provided under Section 4.9, Chapter-IV.	4-28

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S.No	TOR Points	Reply	Pg.No
	Transportation study as per Indian Road Congress Guidelines.		
33	Details of the onsite shelter and facilities to be provided to the mine workers should be included in the EIA Report.	This is a proposed project. Site services like mine office, first aid room, rest shelters, toilets etc. will be provided as semi-permanent structures.	2-39
34	Conceptual post mining land use and Reclamation and Restoration of mined out areas (with plans and with adequate number of sections) should be given in the EIA report.	The post mining land use has been provided in Table No. 4.13. The post mining land use plan showing afforestation and water body is shown in Figure No- 4.4.	
35	Occupational Health impacts of the Project should be anticipated and the proposed preventive measures spelt out in detail. Details of pre-placement medical examination and periodical medical examination schedules should be incorporated in the EMP. The project specific occupational health mitigation measures with required facilities proposed in the mining area may be detailed.	Details of occupational health and safety aspects are given under the subsections of Para 4.8, Chapter-IV.	
36	Public health implications of the Project and related activities for the population in the impact zone should be systematically evaluated and the proposed remedial measures should be detailed along with budgetary allocations.	<ul> <li>Details of the socio-economic survey conducted in the buffer zone has been provided in Para 3.2.4, Chapter-III.</li> <li>Public health facilities will be further aimed to be developed through CER activities wherein periodic health checkups, medical camps for the locals will be conducted.</li> </ul>	3-8
37	Measures of socio economic significance and influence to the local community proposed to be provided by the Project Proponent should be indicated. As far as possible, quantitative dimensions may be given with time frames for implementation.	Nearby villages were visited for conducting study to know about socio-economic conditions, including aspirations and requirements of the people for a better living	
38	Detailed environmental management plan (EMP) to mitigate the environmental impacts which, should inter-alia include the impacts of change of land use, loss of agricultural and grazing land, if any, occupational health impacts besides other impacts specific to the proposed Project.	Detailed environmental management plan is provided in Chapter-X.	10-1
39	Public Hearing points raised and commitment of the Project Proponent on the same along with time bound Action Plan with budgetary provisions to implement the same should be provided and also incorporated in the final EIA/EMP Report of the Project.	This draft EIA/EMP report will be exposed to public consultation as per mandatory procedures through the District Collector and State Pollution Control Board officials after giving 30 days advance notice in two local newspapers about the scheduled date and time for conduct of the public hearing procedures. The opinions, concerns and objections of stakeholders will be recorded	7-1

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S.No	TOR Points	Reply	Pg.No
		during the public hearing. All the public queries and the replies to the query by the project proponent and officials concerned will be recorded and incorporated in the EIA/EMP report for approval by SEIAA, Tamil Nadu.	3
40	Details of litigation pending against the project, if any, with direction /order passed by any Court of Law against the Project should be given.	PP informed that there is no litigation pending against the project.	
41	The cost of the Project (capital cost and recurring cost) as well as the cost towards implementation of EMP should be clearly spelt out.	<ul> <li>The cost of the project is Rs 155 lakhs</li> <li>Towards EMP measures, Rs.7.76 Lakhs is allocated under capital cost. Besides, Rs.11.07 lakhs per annum will be spent under recurring cost. All the recurring cost of maintenance of pollution control</li> </ul>	2-39 10-12
42	A Disaster management Plan shall be prepared and included in the EIA/EMP Report.	measures, environmental monitoring etc., will be met from revenue.  The disaster management plan has been provided under section 7.3.1,, Chapter-VII.	7-3
43	Benefits of the Project if the Project is implemented should be spelt out. The benefits of the Project shall clearly indicate environmental, social, economic, employment potential, etc.	<ul> <li>The proposed kankar Quarry will benefit this region in the fields of employment opportunities, improved per capita income for local people, improved social welfare facilities in respect of education, health, infrastructural etc.</li> <li>Direct employment to 10 people and indirect employment to scores of people.</li> <li>By means of carrying out the socio economic development activities, local community development is expected. Towards the same, the proponent has planned to allocate Rs. 1 Lakhs for various activities under CER. From the CER activities allocated for various social welfare activities, the villages near the lease area will be benefited.</li> </ul>	8-1
44	Besides the above, the below mentioned general points are also to be followed:-  a) Executive Summary of the EIA/EMP Report b) All documents to be properly referenced with index and continuous page numbering. c) Where data are presented in the Report especially in Tables, the period in which the data were collected and the sources should be indicated.		

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S.No	TOR Points	Reply	Pg.No
S.No	d) Project Proponent shall enclose all the analysis/testing reports of water, air, soil, noise etc. using the MoEF&CC/NABL accredited laboratories. All the Original analysis/testing reports should be available during appraisal of the Project.  e) Where the documents provided are in a language other than English, an English translation should be provided.  f) The Questionnaire for environmental appraisal of mining projects as devised earlier by the Ministry shall also be filled and submitted.  g) While preparing the EIA report, the instructions for the Proponents and instructions for the Consultants issued by MoEF&CC vide O.M. No. J-11013/41/2006-IA.II(I) dated 4th August, 2009, which are available on the website of this Ministry, should be followed.  h) Changes, if any made in the basic scope and project parameters (as submitted in Form-I and the PFR for securing the TOR) should be brought to the attention of MoEF&CC with reasons for such changes and permission should be sought, as the TOR may also have to be altered. Post Public Hearing changes in structure and content of the draft EIA/EMP (other than modifications arising out of the P.H. process) will entail conducting the PH again with	Agreed	Pg.No
	the revised documentation.  i) As per the circular no. J-11011/618/2010-1A.II(I) dated 30.5.2012, certified report of the status of compliance of the conditions stipulated in the environment clearance for the existing operations of the project, should be obtained from the Regional Office of Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, as may be applicable.  j) The EIA report should also include (i) surface		
	plan of the area indicating contours of main topographic features, drainage and mining area, (ii) geological maps and sections and (iii) sections of the mine pit and external dumps, if any, clearly showing the land features of the adjoining area.		

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# CHAPTER - I

## INTRODUCTION



### **CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION**

## 1.1 PURPOSE OF THE REPORT:

Chettinad Cement Corporation Pvt. Ltd. proposes to operate **two Lime Kankar Quarry Leases** adjacent to each other in Kallankurichi village, Ariyalur Taluk and District, Tamil Nadu and has initiated action towards obtaining environmental clearance. Its details are as follows:

- Lime Kankar Quarry Lease of Chettinad Cement Corporation private limited over an area of 15.145 ha in Kallankurichi village, Ariyalur Taluk and District, Tamil Nadu.
- Lime Kankar Quarry Lease of Chettinad Cement Corporation private limited over an area of 3.425 ha in Kallankurichi village, Ariyalur Taluk and District, Tamil Nadu.

Since one lease is more than 5 ha and for other lease although the lease area is less than 5 Ha, total existing and proposed Lime Kankar quarries within the 500m radius cluster along with this subject project works out to >5 Ha. Hence, this proposal is considered under Category – B1 and as per MoEF & CC notification necessitates preparation of EIA/EMP report and public hearing.

Considering that both the leases belong to the same proponent, within 500m radius on cluster situation, combined draft EIA report with separate EMP measures is prepared for the above two mentioned projects based on the respective standard Terms of Reference issued by SEIAA, Tamil Nadu and is in conformance of the generic structure prescribed by MOEF&CC in their notification of September 2006 and the approved mining plan.

Creating Tossibilities



## 1.2 IDENTIFICATION OF PROJECT & PROJECT PROPONENT:

## **Table 1.1 Identification of project**

SI. no		Project – 1 ( 15.145 Ha)	Project – 2 ( 3.425 Ha)
1	Project Name	Lime Kankar Quarry Lease of Chettinad Cement Corporation Pvt.	•
	•	Ltd over an area of 15.145 Ha	Corporation Pvt. Ltd over an area of 3.425 Ha
2	Village	Kallankurichi	Kallankurichi
3	Taluk	Ariyalur	Ariyalur
4	District	Ariyalur	Ariyalur
5	State	Tamil Nadu	Tamil Nadu
6	SF No	<b>Survey Number:</b> 41/1, 41/2, 41/3, 41/4, 41/5, 41/6, 41/9, 41/10, 41/11, 41/12, 41/13, 44/1, 44/2, 44/6, 44/7, 44/8, 44/9, 44/10, 44/11, 44/12, 44/13, 44/14, 44/15, 44/16, 44/17, 44/19A, 44/19B, 44/19C, 44/20, 44/21, 44/22, 45/5A, 45/5B, 45/20, 45/22A, 45/23A, 45/23B, 47/16, 47/17, 47/18, 47/19, 47/20, 47/22, 47/23, 47/24, 50/3, 50/4, 50/5, 50/6, 50/7, 52/1A, 52/1B, 52/1C, 52/1D, 52/2, 52/3, 52/4, 52/5, 52/6, 52/7A, 52/7B, 52/8, 52/9, 52/10, 52/11, 52/12, 52/13, 52/14, 52/15, 52/16A, 52/16B, 52/17, 52/18, 52/19, 52/20, 52/21, 52/22, 52/23, 53/1A, 53/1B, 53/2A, 53/2B, 53/3, 53/4, 53/5A, 53/5B, 53/6A, 53/6B, 53/7, 53/8, 53/9, 53/10A, 53/10B, 53/10C, 53/11A, 53/11B, 53/12, 53/13A, 53/13B, 53/13C, 53/13D, 53/13E, 53/14, 53/15, 54/1, 54/2, 54/3, 54/4, 54/5, 54/6, 54/7A, 54/7B, 54/7C, 54/7D, 54/8A, 54/8B, 54/8C, 54/9, 54/10A, 54/10B, 54/11, 54/12A, 54/12B, 54/12C, 56/1, 56/2, 56/5, 56/6, 56/7, 56/8, 56/9, 56/11A, 56/11B, 56/12, 56/13, 56/14, 56/15, 56/16, 59/1, 59/2, 59/3, 59/4, 59/5, 59/6, 59/7, 59/8, 59/9A, 59/9B, 59/9C, 59/9D, 59/9E, 59/9F, 59/10, 59/11, 59/12, 63/1,	57/2, 3, 4, 5, 6 & 7



		63/2A, 63/2B, 63/3, 63/4A, 63/4B, 63/5, 63/6, 63/7, 63/8, 63/9, 63/10A, 63/10B, 63/11, 63/12, 63/13, 63/14, 63/15A, 63/15B, 63/16, 63/17, 63/18, 63/19, 63/20, 63/21, 63/22, 63/23A, 63/23B.	
7	Land Classification	Patta land registered in the name of the company	Patta land registered in the name of the company
8	Total Production	Limekankar - 2,40,945 Tonnes and Topsoil - 32,126 Tonnes for 5 years	Limekankar - 63953Tonnes for 5 years
9	Peak Production	100845 T (year – 1)	33891 T (Year-2)
10	Ultimate Depth	2.70m BGL only ( 0.45m of top soil + 2.25m of Lime kankar)	2.3m BGL only

## **Table 1.2: Statutory Approvals**

S.No	Statutory	Authority	thority Project – 1 ( 15.145 Ha)		Project – 2 ( 3.425 Ha)	
3.NO	Approval		Letter Number and Date	Reference	Letter Number and Date	Reference
1.	Precise Area Communication Letter	Industries (MMC2) Department	Lr.No. No. 6151/MMC.2/2024-1 , dated: 14.10.2024	Annexure-1	Lr.No.5716/MMC.2/2020-1 dated 20.12.2023	Annexure-2
2.	Mining Plan Approval	Commissionarate of Geology & Mining,	Rc.No.8882/MM7/2018 dated 19.02.2025	Annexure-3	1509/MM7/2018/, dated 27.03.2024	Annexure-4
3.	Details of other quarries within 500m radius	Department of Geology & Mining,	R.C.No 73/G&M/2017 Dated 21.02.2019	Annexure- 5A	Rc.No.79/G&M/2016 dated 10.10.2024	Annexure-5B

Site vicinity map is shown as Figure 1.1.





Nakkambadi Pudüvettakudı Varagoor Nallarikkai Nallamgalayam Pottaveli Sirukadambur Irambilikurichi Maruthaiyan Temple Sennivanam **LEASE AREA** Manakkal PHC Ottakoil Anandavadi Govindapuram Kilimangalam Kadugur Ayanathur Kollapuram Kallankürichi Thelur

Figure 1.1: Site Vicinity Map





**Table 1.3: Identification of Project Proponent** 

1	Proponent Name Chettinad Cement Corporation Pvt. Ltd.	
2	Address	Ariyalur Works, Trichy Road, Keelapulur, Ariyalur District- 621707
3	Contact Number	9698011144
4	Email-ID	tech@chettinadcement.com

Chettinad Cement Corporation Private Ltd is operating 3 cement plants in Tamil Nadu. The capacity of these cement plants are provided below:

**Table 1.4: Capacity of Cement Plants** 

Cement Plant	Capacity
Keelapalur, Ariyalur Taluk	5.5 MTPA
Puliyur cement unit, Karur Taluk	1.7 MTPA
Karikalli, Guziliampara <u>i</u> Taluk	4.5 MTPA

Towards the requirement for raw material in their Kilapaluvur plant, the company has purchased Lime Kankar bearing lands and applied for mining lease. These 2 proposed Lime Kankar Quarry Leases will meet the part raw material requirement of this cement plant.

## 1.3 BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF NATURE, SIZE, LOCATION & PROJECT IMPORTANCE

Table 1.5: Brief Description of Nature of project

1.	Sector	1(a), Non-Coal Mining
2.	Type	Green field
3.	Category	B1 (Cluster Situation)
4.	Mineral Mined	Limekankar
5.	Major/Minor Mineral	Minor
6.	Mining method	Opencast Semi mechanized mining without drilling and blasting
7	End use	Lime Kankar mined out from this quarry will be used in Kilapaluvur
<b>'</b> .	Liiu use	Cement Plant



Table 1.6: Location of the project

Particulars	Project – 1 ( 15.145 Ha)	Project – 2 ( 3.425 Ha)	
Location	n Kallankurichi Village, Ariyalur Taluk & District, Tamil Nadu		
_atitude	11°10'7.9148"N to	11°10'3.3953"N to	
Laulude	11°10'23.1276"N	11°10' 8.5623"N	
Longitudo	79°6' 36.1456"E to	79°6' 35.9857"E to	
Longitude	79°6' 55.9348"E	79°6' 47.6917"E	
Toposheet	58 M/4	58 M/4	
Number	30 IVI/4		

Location details are elaborated in Para 2.3, Chapter-II.

## 1.3.1 IMPORTANCE TO THE COUNTRY AND REGION:

Chettinad Cement is operating its Kilapaluvur Cement Plant near Ariyalur since 2009 and the existing production capacity of the plant is 5.5 MTPA Cement along with 3x15 MW Captive Thermal Power Plants. The cement Plant requires both Cement grade Limestone and Lime Kankar for Cement manufacturing. Lime Kankar is required for blending with high/low grade Limestone to meet the requirement of raw material. Accordingly, the Company has applied for new Lime Kankar Quarry Leases (Minor Mineral) in Ariyalur Region. These proposed Lime Kankar Quarry Lease will meet the part raw material requirement for the Kilapaluvur Cement Plant.

These projects in the area will provide both direct and indirect employment opportunities through allied opportunities in logistics, trading, repairing works etc., improved per capita income for local people, improved social welfare facilities like infrastructural build-up, improvement in facilities due to the proposed CER activities of the proponent etc.

## 1.4 SCOPE OF THE STUDY:

Particulars	Project – 1 ( 15.145 Ha)	Project – 2 ( 3.425 Ha)
Proposal no	SIA/TN/MIN/529447/2025	SIA/TN/MIN/517530/2025
File no	11964 /2025	11688 /2025
SEAC meeting for issue of TOR	542th SEAC Meeting held on 26.03.2025	532th SEAC Meeting held on 13.02.2025
SEIAA meeting for issue of	817th SEIAA Meeting held on 07.05.2025	798th SEAC Meeting held on 26.02.2025



TOR		
Terms of Reference	Received from SEIAA, Tamil Nadu vide their TO25B0108TN5600951N . Dated:13.05.2025	Received from SEIAA, Tamil Nadu vide their Lr No. TO25B0108TN5732932N. Dated:01.03.2025
Baseline Data	Carried out by Creative Engineers & Consulta	ants , Chennai for Summer
Collection	Season (March – May 2025)	

Based on the terms of reference, data collection, the Environmental Impact Assessment was carried out for the project area (core zone and the buffer zone (10km radius from the core zone) and the following studies were covered:

- Collection of primary and secondary data relevant to the project.
- One-Season baseline monitoring for environmental parameters such as air, water, noise, soil, flora & fauna, etc. Analysis of parameters in in-house laboratory.
- Documentation of EIA/EMP report with inclusion of relevant studies conducted by other bodies into the EIA/EMP report.
- Identification of significant environmental parameters that is prone to get affected due to pollution. Namely, Air, Water, Noise, Soil, Biological and Land Environment.
- Evaluation and determination of suitable mitigation measures to reduce and control the said pollution.
- Prediction of post project concentration (baseline + incremental) with respect to air environment for core zone and buffer zone.
- Formulation of an Environmental Management plan including administrative aspects for proposed implementation of mitigative measures in time.

This combined draft EIA/EMP report will be submitted for public consultation, as per rules and procedures in this respect, as per the EIA notification 2006. The opinions, concerns and objections, if any, of the surrounding public and other stake holders connected, will be taken into consideration and compliance report thereon will be submitted to SEIAA, Tamil Nadu in the final EIA/EMP report.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \*

# CHAPTER - II

## PROJECT DESCRIPTION



### **CHAPTER 2**

## **PROJECT DESCRIPTION**

### 2.1 TYPE OF PROJECT:

This report involves 2 separate mining leases for quarrying Lime Kankar for captive consumption in Kilapaluvur Cement Plant using mechanized opencast mining method without drilling & blasting.

## 2.2 NEED & JUSTIFICATION FOR THE PROJECT:

- Availability of good quality proved lime kankar reserves
- Desperate Need for the raw material
- Techno economic viability of the scheme
- Better approachability to the project & availability of logistic facility in proximity to the site
- Economic and Socio Economic Benefits to the locals and the Government

Considering all the above said favorable factors it is practically possible to achieve the proposal within the planned period and this proposal is fully justified.

## 2.3 LOCATION:

A brief description of the mining area, along with the location, coordinates, accessibility, etc. has been details below in Table No.2.1.

Table 2.1: Mine site description

Particulars	Project – 1 ( 15.145 Ha)	Project – 2 ( 3.425 Ha)
Location	Kallankurichi village, Ariyalur Taluk and District, Tamil Nadu	Kallankurichi Village, Ariyalur Taluk & District, Tamil Nadu
Latitude	11°10'7.9148"N to 11°10'23.1276"N	11°10'3.3953"N to 11°10' 8.5623"N
Longitude	79°6' 36.1456"E to 79°6' 55.9348"E	79°6' 35.9857"E to 79°6' 47.6917"E
Nearest Village	Venkataramanapuram (hamlet) - 275 m North	Thamaraikulam Village – 830m- NW
Nearest Town	Ariyalur – 5.50Km - SW	Ariyalur – 5.50Km - SW

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Nearest Highway	SH-217 - 600m	SH-217 - 600m	
Nearest Railway Station	Ariyalur Railway Station – 5.50Km - SW	Ariyalur Railway Station – 5.5 (SW)	
Nearest Airport	Trichy Airport-62Km - SW	Trichy Airport – 62 Km (SW)	
Accessibility	Located 3.2 kms from Kallankurichi Village in the South east and 5.0kms from Ariyalur in the Southwest and approachable from Ariyalur – Sendurai Road about 550m on the west side.		
Topography	Plain terrain, dry lands with scarce vegetation.	Plain terrain, dry lands with scarce vegetation.	
Drainage	Kallar River – 1.8Km – SE,Vilangudi Odai – 5.3Km – E,Vanchyiam Odai – 5.5Km – SW,Marudaiyar River – 8.7Km – SW,Metal Odai – 8.9Km – SW,Uppu Odai – 9.5Km - SE,Venmani Odai – 9.5Km – NW.	Kanjan Eri – Adjacent to lease, 50m safety has been left, Vari – Adjacent to lease, 50m safety has been left, Kallar River – 1.9Km – SE, Vilangudi Odai – 5.5Km – E, Vanchyiam Odai – 5.5Km – SW, Marudaiyar River – 8.1Km – SW, Metal Odai – 9.0Km – SW, Uppu Odai – 9.3Km – SE, Venmani Odai – 9.6Km – NW.	

Location map is provided in **Figure No.2.1.**The approachability map is provided in **Figure No.2.2.** Lease plan is shwon in **Figure No. 2.3 & 2.4.** Corner co-ordinates of the lease area and satellite imagery are shown in **Figure No. 2.5 & 2.6** respectively. Village map for 500m radius from the lease is shown in **Figure No. 2.7 & 2.8**.



Figure 2.1: Location Map

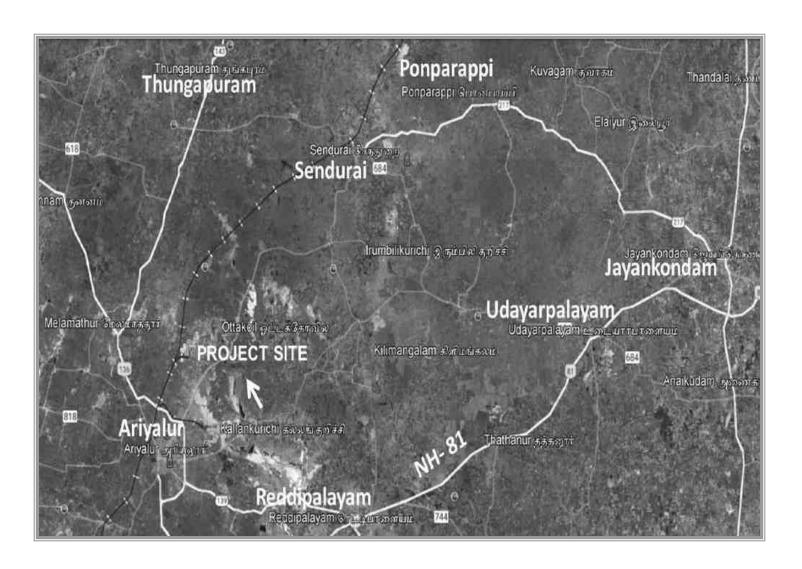




Figure 2.2: Approachability Map

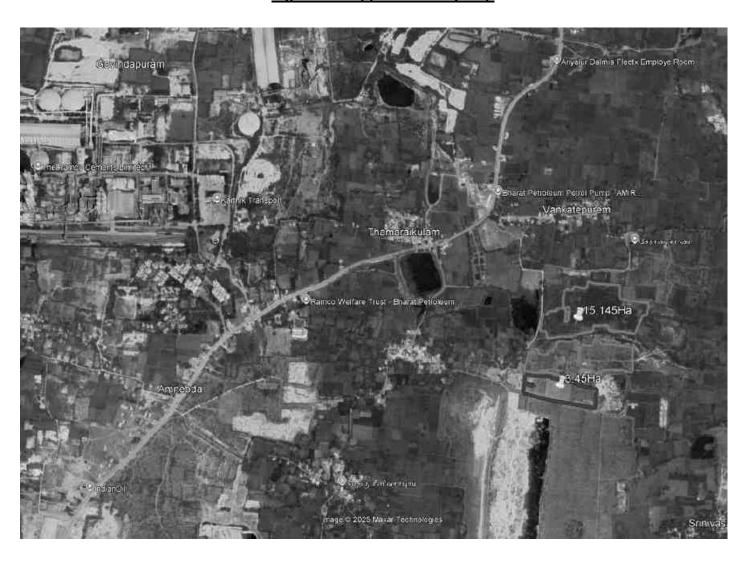




Figure 2.3: Lease Plan - 15.145 Ha

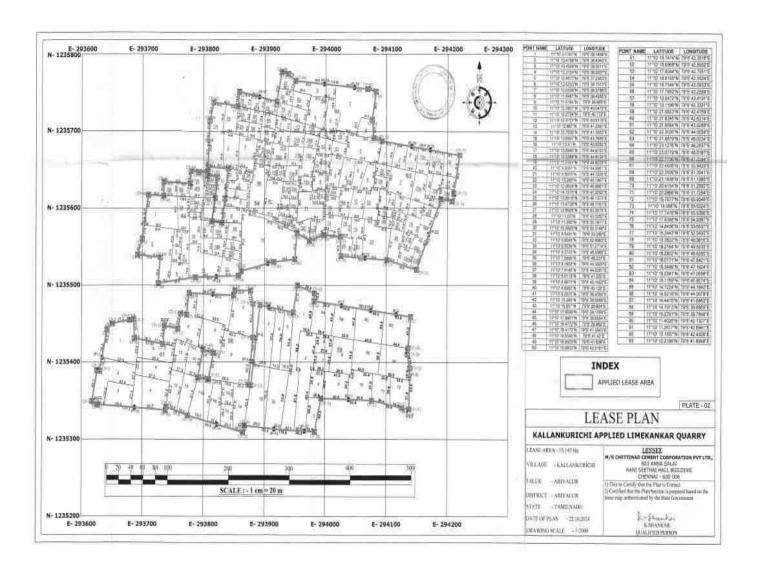




Figure 2.4: Lease Plan (3.425 Ha)

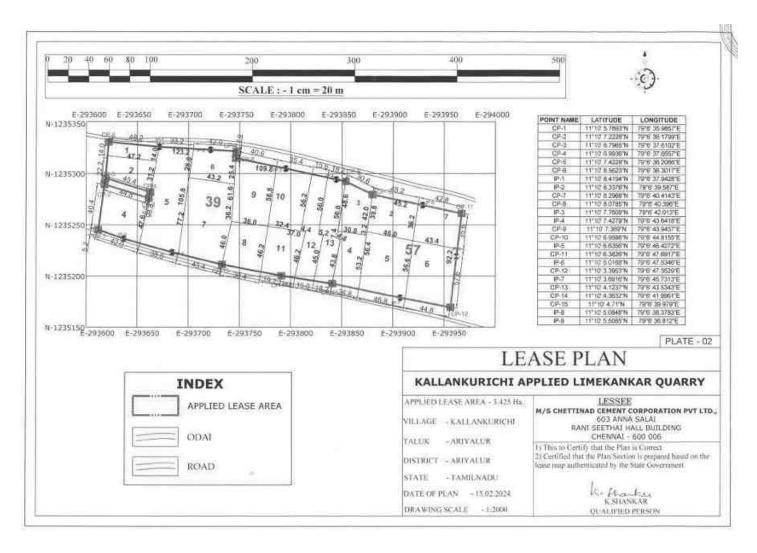




Figure 2.5: Satellite Imagery Showing Corner Co-ordinates of the Project Area- 15.145 Ha

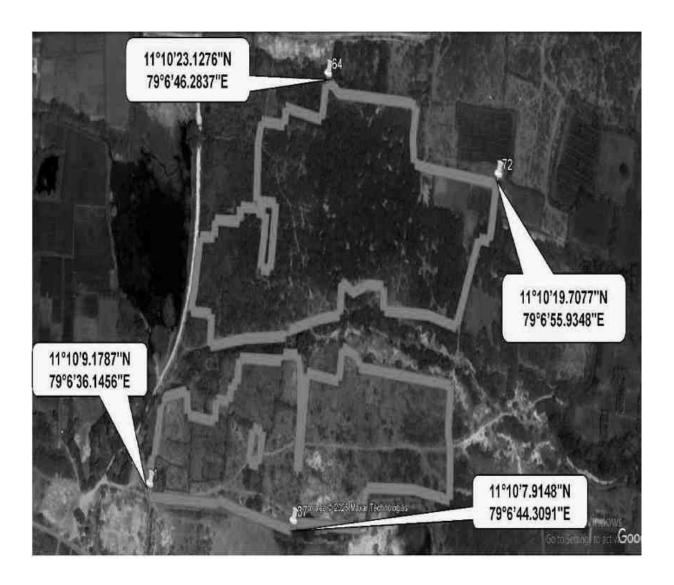




Figure 2.6: Satellite Imagery Showing Corner Co-ordinates of the Project Area (3.425 Ha)





## SITE PHOTOGRAPH(15.145 Ha)











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## SITE PHOTOGRAPH (3.425 Ha)

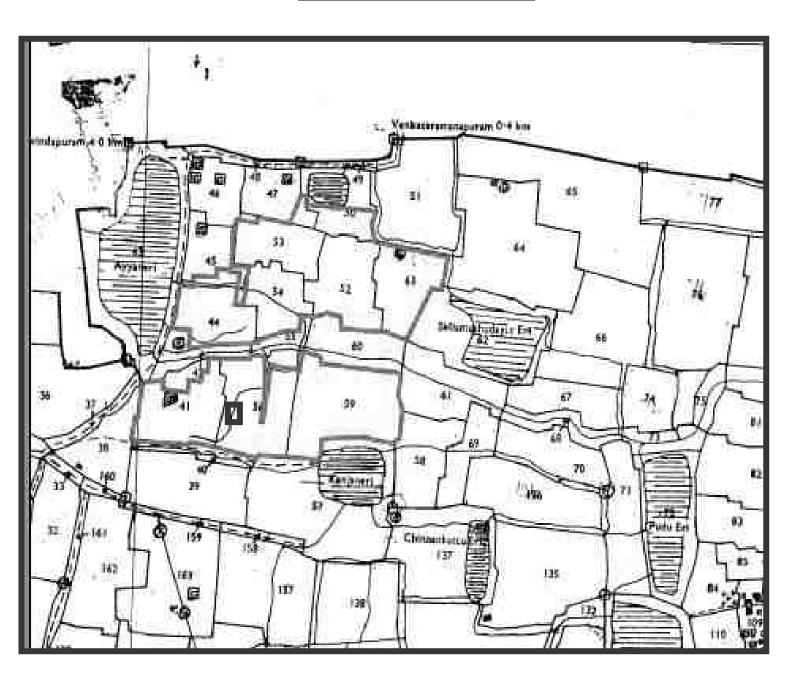




Creating Possibilities



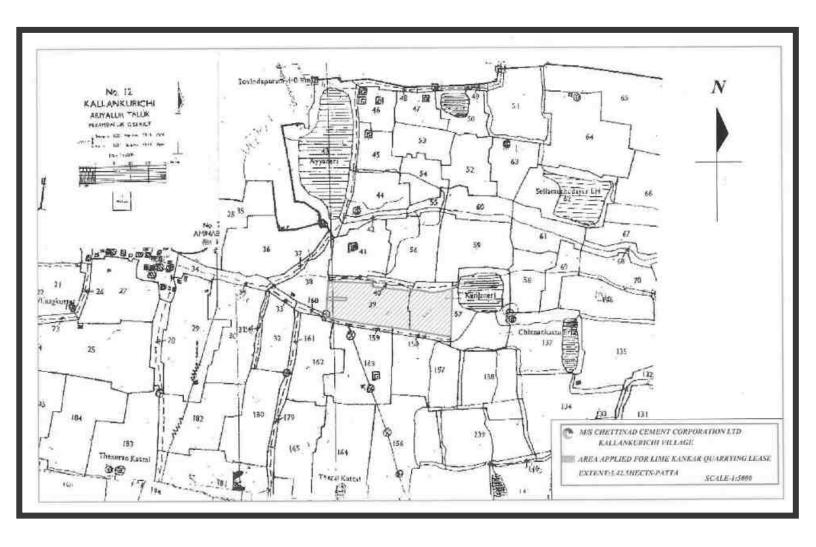
Figure 2.7: Village Map (15.145Ha)



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Figure 2.8: Village Map (3.425Ha)



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Figure 2.9: Details of features within 500m radius- (15.145 Ha)





Table 2.2: Features within 500m radius – (15.145 Ha)

SL.No	Feature	Location (S.F. Nos.)	Safety distance as per precise area condition	Photos
1	Provide and maintain pathway to Arulmigu Opillathamman temple patta land	56/10	Provide pathway	Arulmigu Opiliathamman temple pathway  Spinwalacyan, Temi Nadu, note Spinwalacyan, Tamii Nadu, 21705, Inda Let 11.189457* Long 29.711042* 24/03/26 04:06 PM 6MT + 06:30
2	Thangavelu Udaiyar Eri	50/1	10m	Than gavelu Udalyar Eri  2  Pers Not Camille  Vincketepurem, Tenti Nadu, India 3-27-VI, Vintun pulmi, Tenti Nadu 62/700, Bissi us 11/7/20/47 (ero 7/20/37/47 24/08/25 04/30 9/47 - 08/30
3	Vari Course	42,55,56/4 & 60	10m	Vari Course  42,55,56/4 & 6D  3  Single Schools and Tamil Matte, From Schools Schools and



4	Vari Course	44/1,2,6,10 ,15,18, 54/6,7A&7 B	50m	Vari Course  44/1,2,6,10,15,18,54/6,7A&7B  STATE AND PART OF THE STATE
5	Sellamuthu Eri	62/10	50 m	5) Selfarmathu Eri  Sirakusapuran, Yaris Hank, India 637705, India Lat 11771010* Long 78116484*  24/03/725 03:56 PM GMT +05:30
6	lyyaneri Lake	43/2,3	50 m	lyyameri Lake  Srinvoseurum, Tanii Natu, ride Srinvoseurum, Tanii Natu 621705, India Let 11.170402° Long 79.110196° Skogir 24/03/25 03:33 PM GMT +05:30

Creating Possibilities



Figure 2.10: Details of features within 500m radius- (3.425 Ha)

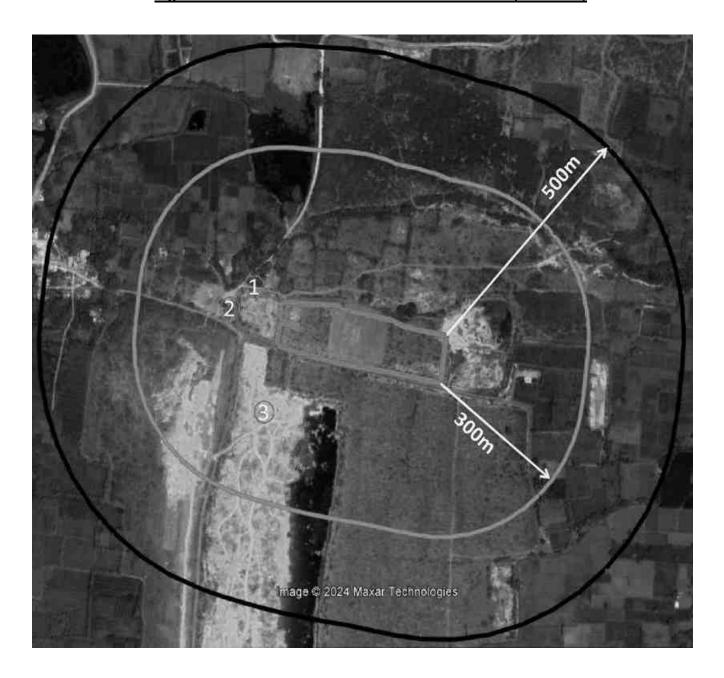




Table 2.3: Features within 500m radius – ( 3.425 Ha)

SL.N o	Feature	Safety distance as per precise area condition	Photos
1	TEMPLE	60m-NW	Srinivasapuram, Tamil Nadu, India Srinivasapuram, Tamil Nadu 621705, India Lat 11.168499° Long 79.10921° Google 07/02/25 04:38 PM GMT +05:30
2	SAVADI (SATHIRAM)	100m-W	GPS Map Camera  Bifolosiaspicam, Tamil Nadia, fridia  Sirinivatiapulam, Tamil Nadia, 557705, India  Lat 11188499° Long 79.10921°  07/02/25 04:84 PM CMT +05:30
3	Tancem Mines	100m-S	Srinivasapuram, Tamil Nadu, India Srinivasapuram, Tamil Nadu 621705, India Lat 11.168279° Long 79.109782° Googlal 07/02/25 04:32 PM GMT +05:30



## 2.4 LAND CLASSIFICATION:

Survey no. wise area breakup has been provided below:

Table 2.4: Survey Number wise Area Breakup(15.145 Ha)

S.F.No	Extent (ha)	Owner
41/1	0.26.0	Patta Land, Registered in the name of the
41/2	0.22.5	Tvl. CCCPL, Vide patta No:2412
41/3	0.12.0	
41/4	0.22.5	
41/5	0.13.0	
41/6	0.13.5	
41/9	0.22.0	
41/10	0.09.0	
41/11	0.07.5	
41/12	0.09.5	
41/13	0.10.0	
44/1	0.22.0	
44/2	0.25.0	
44/6	0.07.5	
44/7	0.03.0	
44/8	0.03.0	
44/9	0.05.0	
44/10	0.09.5	
44/11	0.02.0	
44/12	0.02.0	
44/13	0.01.0	
44/14	0.10.0	
44/15	0.18.0	
44/16	0.04.0	
44/17	0.05.5	
44/19A	0.05.5	
44/19B	0.04.0	
44/19C	0.03.5	
44/20	0.05.5	
44/21	0.03.0	
44/22	0.07.5	
45/5A	0.04.0	
45/5B	0.04.0	
45/20	0.08.5	
45/22A	0.02.0	
45/23A	0.01.0	
45/23B	0.02.0	
47/16	0.04.5	
47/17	0.04.0	
47/18	0.04.0	

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S.F.No	Extent (ha)	Owner
47/19	0.04.0	
47/20	0.04.5	
47/22	0.04.5	
47/23	0.05.5	
47/24	0.05.0	
50/3	0.10.0	
50/4	0.11.0	
50/5	0.09.5	
50/6	0.06.0	
50/7	0.31.5	
52/1A	0.02.0	
52/1B	0.03.5	
52/1C	0.04.0	
52/1D	0.03.5	
52/2	0.18.5	
52/3	0.07.5	
52/4	0.07.5	
52/5	0.06.5	
52/6	0.05.5	
52/7A	0.02.5	
52/7B	0.03.5	
52/8	0.05.0	
52/9	0.02.5	
52/10	0.02.0	
52/11	0.11.5	
52/12	0.02.5	
52/13	0.09.5	
52/14	0.01.0	
52/15	0.06.0	
52/16A	0.02.0	
52/16B	0.07.0	
52/17	0.07.5	
52/18	0.04.5	
52/19	0.07.0	
52/20	0.05.0	
52/21	0.02.5	
52/22	0.08.5	
52/23	0.20.0	
53/1A	0.20.5	
53/1B	0.07.5	
53/2A	0.04.0	
53/2B	0.04.0	
53/3	0.11.5	
53/4	0.10.0	
53/5A	0.04.0	
53/5B	0.04.0	

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S.F.No	Extent (ha)	Owner
53/6A	0.05.0	
53/6B	0.04.5	
53/7	0.04.5	
53/8	0.04.5	
53/9	0.03.0	
53/10A	0.03.0	
53/10B	0.80.0	
53/10C	0.02.5	
53/11A	0.04.0	
53/11B	0.06.0	
53/12	0.04.0	
53/13A	0.03.5	
53/13B	0.04.0	
53/13C	0.09.5	
53/13D	0.03.5	
53/13E	0.04.0	
53/14	0.02.5	
53/15	0.02.5	
54/1	0.02.0	
54/2	0.01.0	
54/3	0.05.5	
54/4	0.04.5	
54/5	0.04.5	
54/6	0.06.5	
54/7A	0.01.5	
54/7B	0.02.0	
54/7C	0.01.5	
54/7D	0.50.5	
54/8A	0.02.0	
54/8B	0.15.0	
54/8C .	0.14.0	
54/9	0.03.0	
54/10A	0.03.0	
54/10B	0.01.0	
54/11	0.01.0	
54/12A	0.03.0	
54/12B	0.03.5	
54/12C	0.06.5	
56/1	0.21.0	
56/2	0.18.5	
56/5	0.11.5	
56/6	0.10.0	
56/7	0.21.0	
56/8	0.36.0	
56/9	0.14.0	
56/11A	0.15.0	

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S.F.No	Extent (ha)	Owner
56/11B	0.11.0	
56/12	0.05.5	
56/13	0.05.5	
56/14	0.12.0	
56/15	0.23.0	
56/16	0.21.0	
59/1	0.42.0	
59/2	0.27.5	
59/3	0.08.5	
59/4	0.07.5	
59/5	0.13.0	
59/6	0.15.5	
59/7	0.05.5	
59/8	0.06.0	
59/9A	0.14.5	
59/9B	0.15.0	
59/9C	0.19.0	
59/9D	0.18.5	
59/9E	0.18.0	
59/9F	0.19.5	
59/10	0.05.5	
59/11	0.12.0	
59/12	0.11.0	
63/1	0.07.0	
63/2A	0.03.5	
63/2B	0.04.0	
63/3	0.06.5	
63/4A	0.02.0	
63/4B	0.03.0	
63/5	0.02.5	
63/6	0.05.5	
63/7	0.14.0	
63/8	0.06.5	
63/9	0.06.5	
63/10A	0.09.0	
63/10B	0.04.5	
63/11	0.03.0	
63/12	0.04.0	
63/13	0.07.0	
63/14	0.04.5	
63/15A	0.08.0	
63/15B	0.03.5	
63/16	0.03.0	
63/17	0.04.5	
63/18	0.06.5	
63/19	0.03.0	

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S.F.No	Extent (ha)	Owner
63/20	0.80.0	
63/21	0.03.0	
63/22	0.06.0	
63/23A	0.06.0	
63/23B	0.03.0	
Total	15.14.5	

Table 2.5: Survey Number wise Area Breakup (3.425 Ha)

S.No	Village	Taluk & District	S.F.No	Extent (ha)
1			39/1	0.070
2			39/2	0.115
3			39/4	0.200
4			39/5	0.350
5			39/6	0.120
6			39/7	0.350
7			39/8	0.180
8			39/9	0.230
9		Ariyalur& – Ariyalur	39/10	0.200
10			39/11	0.160
11	Kallandunishi		39/12	0.180
12			39/13	0.180
13	Kallankurichi	Aliyalul	57/2	0.180
14			57/3	0.135
15			57/4	0.130
16			57/5	0.245
17			57/6	0.240
18			57/7	0.160
				3.425

## 2.5 GEOLOGY:

The area around Ariyalur forms parts of the well-known cretaceous formation of Trichinapoly. These formations have been studied in detail during the past several decades by various organizations in view of their geological and paleontological interest. The Cretaceous formations of Trichinapoly exposed in the area may be generally classified as follows.

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Geological	Formation with	Lithology
Age	Geological period	
Recent and		Alluvium, kankar, Laterite, etc
Quaternary		
Palaecene	-Unconformity-Niniyur (Danian)	Variegated clays with nodular
		limestones and marls with occasional
		boulders of flint and chest.
Cretaceous	-Unconformity-Ariyalur (Maestrichtian)	
	Upper	White friable sandstone with purple
		clays, etc
	Lower	Clayey sandstones, loose
	251161	conglomerates and yellowish
		fossiliferous limestone, marls and hard
		limestones.
	-Unconformity- Trichinopoly (Turonian	Calcareous gritty sandstone, shell
	to Senonian)	limestones and conglomeratic
	·	sandstones.

Kankar has developed over the limestone extensively and ranges in thickness from 1 to 2.25 meters. The formation of Kankar is evidently due to the alternating wet and dry spells of tropical climate, which has caused leaching out of the clayey and siliceous portions in the top layer of limestone. Though the Kankar is porous, pisolitic and red in colour due to dispersion of iron oxide, it analyses very high in calcium carbonate content (generally 85 to 95 per cent CaCO3). The fragments of shells as well as cementing calcareous medium make the Kankar hard and difficult to break. The Kankar is at present being mined for use as road metal, and for manufacturers of slaked lime in country kilns for use in construction.

Most of the soils in the area are of residual intermixed with kankar and are generally clayey nature.

## The geological sequence.

Topsoil / lime kankar Limestone Sandstone

Major geological disturbances are totally absent in this area. Recovery of minerals is estimated as 100% of the total excavation of the kankar. The recovery percentage is based on the knowledge gained from the adjacent mine in this belt. The average chemical analysis of Lime kankar are given below.

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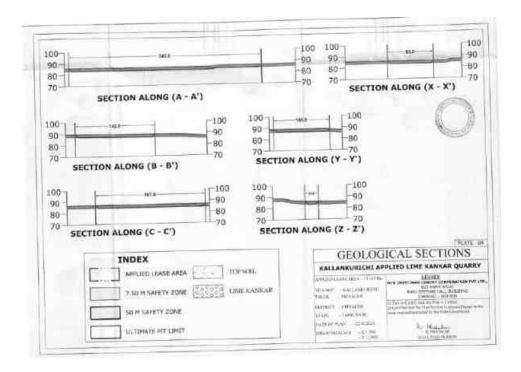
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Figure 2.11: Surface Geological Plan (15.145 Ha)

Figure 2.12:Geological Cross Section (15.145 Ha)



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Figure 2.13: Surface Geological Plan (3.425 Ha)

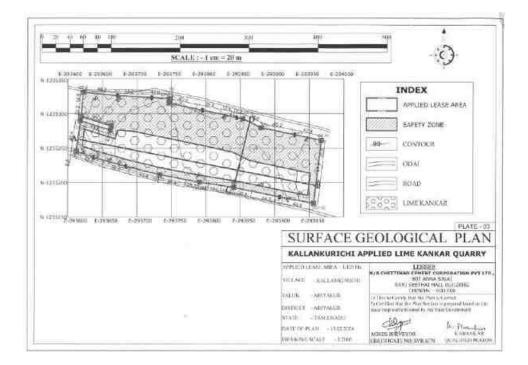
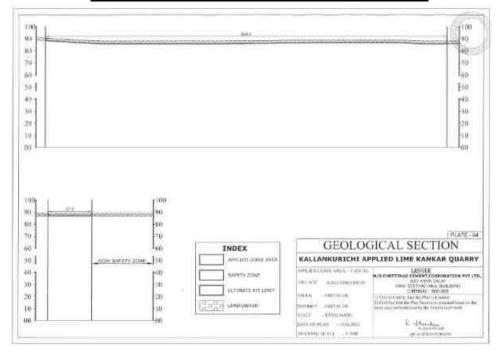


Figure 2.14: Geological Cross Section (3.425 Ha)





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#### 2.6 SIZE AND MAGNITUDE OF THE OPERATION:

- The mining will be done by open cast semi mechanized mining method without drilling & blasting.
- Lease period of 15.145 Ha lease is 10 years and for 3.425 Ha lease is 5 years.
- In the 15.145 Ha lease area It is proposed to mine **2,40,945** Tonnes of Lime Kankar and **32,126** Tonnes of Topsoil upto a total depth of mining is 2.70m for the period of 5 years. (first three years of the plan period and in the subsequent 2 years afforestation will be carried out)
- In the 3.425 Ha lease area, it is proposed to mine 63,953 Tonnes of Lime Kankar upto a depth of 2.3m bgl for the period of 5 years.
- No waste generation is envisaged. Kankar, will be completely utilized for the production of cement. The top soil will be stacked separately temporarily & will be used for afforestation and peripheral safety bund with plantation purposes.

#### **2.6.1 RESERVES:**

Table 2.6: Geological and Mineable Reserves (15.145 Ha)

S.No	Particulars	Extent (Ha)	Lime kankar Reserves
1	Blocked up Reserves	10.385	5,25,796
2	Mineable Reserves	4.76	2,40,945
3	In-situ Geological Reserves	15.145	7,66,741

The mineable reserve calculations are done after leaving the following safety distance as per precise area condition:

7.5m	All along the lease boundary
10m	Pathway to Arulmigu Opillathamman Temple patta land situated in S.F.No.56/10
50m	Thangavelu Udaiyar Eri situated in S.F.No.50/1 in the northern side
50m	vari course situated in S.F. Nos.42, 55, 56/4 &.60
50m	channel running in S.F.No.44/1, 2, 6, 10, 15, 18, 54/6, 7A & 7B from east to west.

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50m	Sellamuthu Eri situated in S.F.No.62/10 in the eastern side.
50m	lyyaneri lake situated in S.F.No.43/2, 3

Table 2.7: Geological and Mineable Reserves (3.425 Ha)

S.No	Particulars	Extent (Ha)	Lime Kankar Reserves
1	Blocked up Reserves	2.189	1,12,240
2	Mineable Reserves	1.236	63,953
3	In-situ Geological Reserves	3.425	1,76,193

The mineable reserve calculations are done after leaving safety distance of the following:

7.5m	All along the lease boundary	
10m	Tar road in S.F.Nos.158 & 159 which is classified as car track passing in southern	
	side and Poromboke lands 39/3 & 57/9	
50m	Kanjan Eri in S.F.No.57/8 located in eastern side	
50m	Vari passing in northern side in S.F.Nos.40 & 57/1	

#### 2.6.2 MINING METHOD:

The method of mining by opencast method without drilling and blasting will be carried out. One only bench will be formed in this shallow depth mining.

**Table 2.8: Details of Equipments** 

SI. NO	NAME OF THE EQIPMENT	CAPACITY	REQUIRED
1	Excavator/Loader	TATA Hitachi	1
2	Tipper	20 Tonnes	2

# 2.6.3 PROPOSED SCHEDULE FOR APPROVAL AND IMPLEMENTATION:

The proponent propose to implement the production immediately after obtaining all the statutory approvals such as CTE, CTO, etc. The proponent will comply with the environmental clearance conditions during mining operations. The schedule of project implementation envisaged for both the projects are provided below. This is a tentative schedule subject to various factor, hence unforeseen variations may occur.

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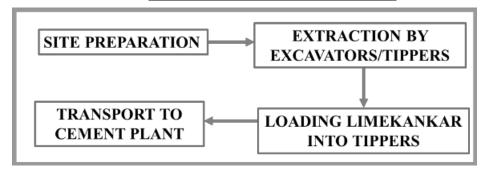
Table 2.9: Proposed Schedule of Implementation

Activities	Months					
Activities	Zero Date	1	2	3	4	5
Obtaining Environmental Clearance						
Obtaining Consent from State Pollution Control Board						
Lease Execution						
Equipment mobilization and Commencement of Mining						
activity after following all the Statutory Requirements						

#### 2.6.4 TECHNOLOGY AND PROCESS DESCRIPTION:

The quarry operations, involve direct excavation, loading and transportation. No drilling and blasting is involved in mining lime kankar. An excavator will be deployed for formation of benches and the quarried out mineral will be loaded into tippers for transporting lime kankar from the mine pit to the plant. Top soil will used for plantation.

Figure 2.15: Process Flow Diagram



#### 2.7 PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

#### 2.7.1 PAST PRODUCTION:

Both the projects are proposed green field project. No mining has been carried out in this lease area so far by the proponent.

#### 2.7.2 PLAN PERIOD-PRODUCTION & WASTE DISPOSAL:

There is no generation of mineral rejects in the applied area. Top soil will be stacked separately temporarily & will be used for afforestation and peripheral safety bund with plantation purposes.

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<u>Table 2.10: Production Schedule During Plan Period (15.145 Ha)</u>

Year	Lime Kankar ROM (Tonnes)	Top Soil (Tonnes)	Ore: OB Ratio	
ı	100845	13446	1 : 0.13	
II	68212	9095	1:0.13	
III	71888	9585	1:0.13	
IV	Afformatation	of anfaty zone area		
V	Afforestation of safety zone area			
Total	2,40,945	32,126	1:0.13	

Table 2.11: Ultimate Pit Dimensions (15.145 Ha)

LENGTH(m)	WIDTH(m)	DEPTH(m)
83	343	2.70
100	142	
25	197	

Table 2.12: Production Schedule During Plan Period (3.425 Ha)

YEAR	LIME KANKAR		
IEAR	(T)		
I YEAR	30062		
II YEAR	33891		
III YEAR	Afforestation of cofety zone area		
IV YEAR	Afforestation of safety zone area		
V YEAR			
TOTAL	63953		

Although the applied lease period is 5 years the total production of **63953 T** of mineable quantity with be mined within the first 2 years of the plan period as the available quantity is very meagre. The proposed maximum production during the plan period is **33891T**during the 2<sup>nd</sup>year.

Table 2.13: Ultimate Pit Dimensions (3.425 Ha)

LENGTH(m)	WIDTH(m)	DEPTH(m)
37	334	2.30

The ground water table on the surface in this area is quite deeper. Hence, ground water intersection in not envisaged. The Conceptual Plan & Cross section are shown in **Figure No. 2.11.** 

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E+ 293600 N+ 1235800 E- 293700 INDEX APPLIED LEASE AREA 7.50 M SAFETY ZONE 50 M SAFETY ZONE N- 1235700 86 CONTOUR COAL TOPSOIL nor son nume N- 1235800 YEAR WORKINGPLANTATION I YEAR N- 1235500 II YEAR III YEAR IV YEAR N- 1235400 YEAR WISE PLAN KALLANKURICHI APPLIED LIME KANKAR QUARRY N- 1235300 LENGER
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Figure 2.16: 5th Year wise Plan (15.145 Ha)



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Figure 2.17: 5<sup>th</sup> Year wise Cross Section (15.145 Ha)

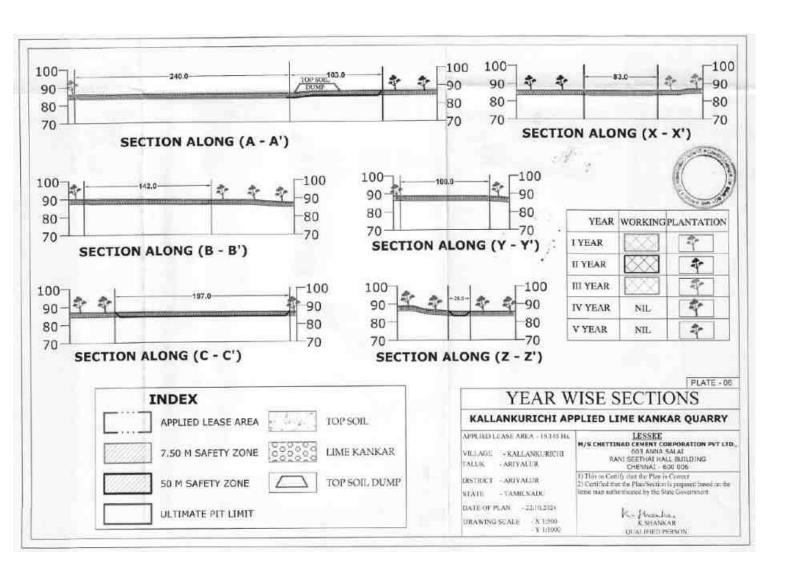
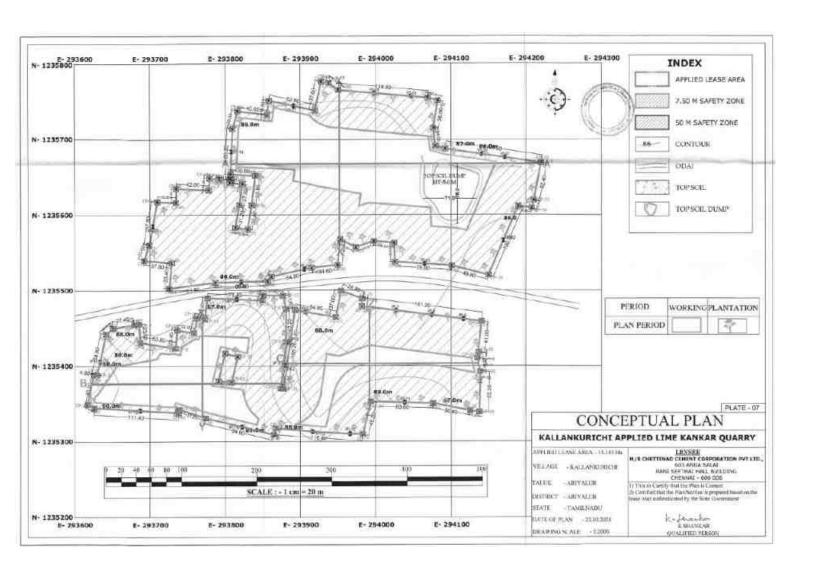




Figure 2.18: Conceptual Plan (15.145 Ha)



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Figure 2.19: Conceptual Cross Section (15.145 Ha)

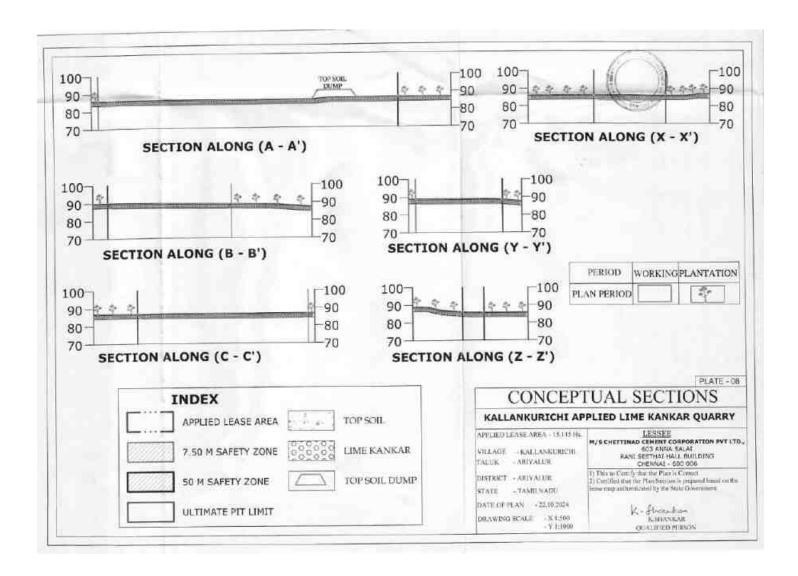
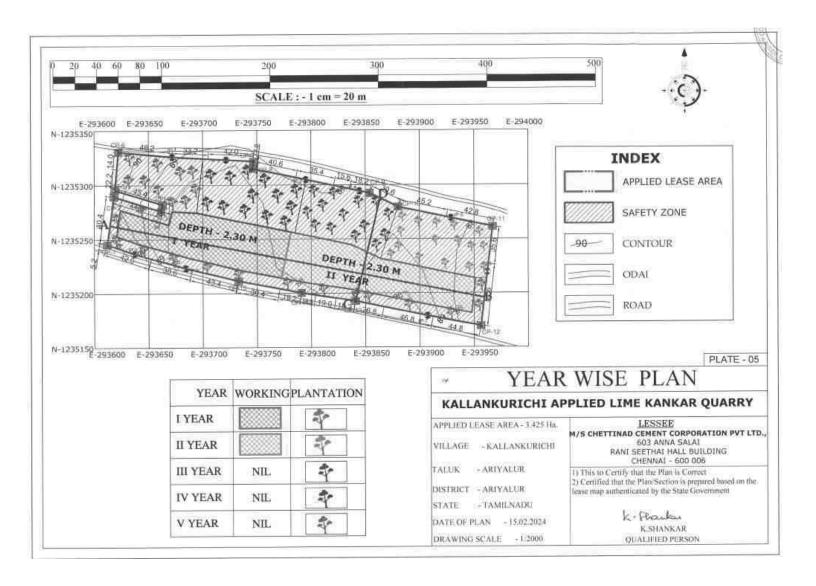




Figure 2.20: Year Wise Plan (3.425 Ha)

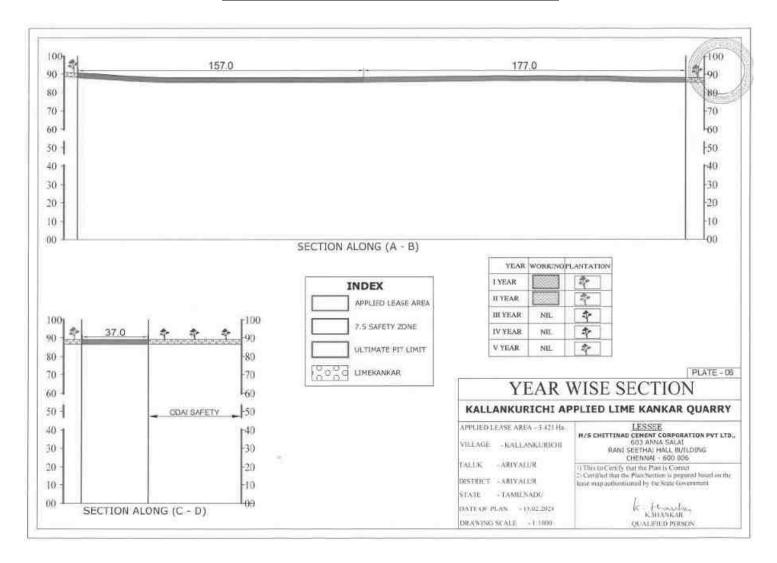


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Figure 2.21: Year Wise Cross Section (3.425 Ha)



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Figure 2.22: Conceptual Plan (3.425 Ha)

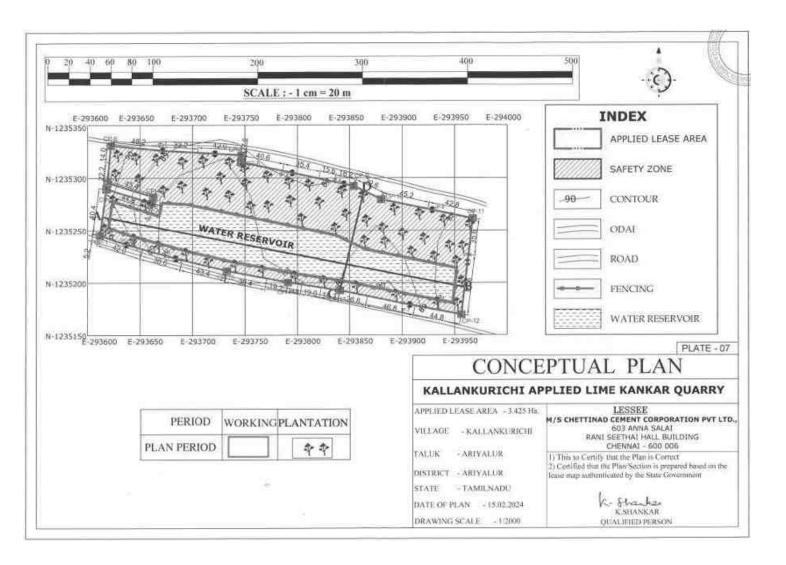
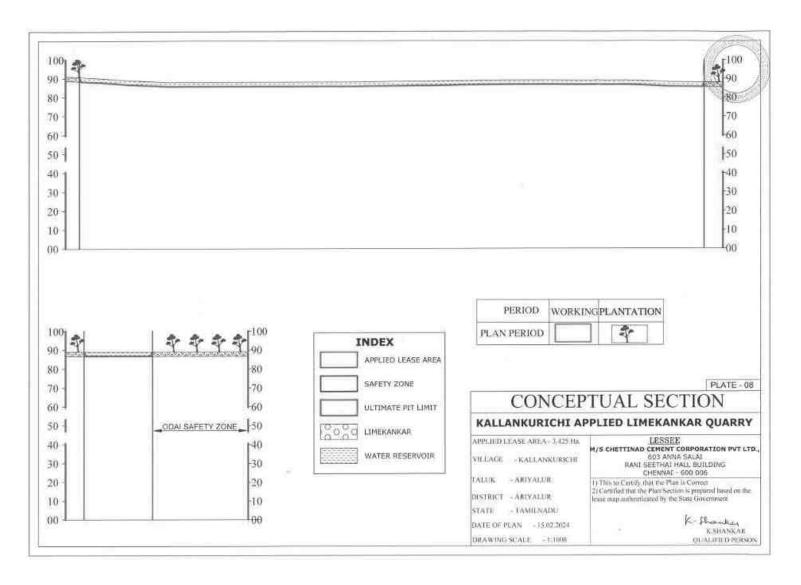




Figure 2.23: Conceptual Cross Section (3.425 Ha)



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#### 2.7.3 LAND DEGRADATION/UTILIZATION:

The land use pattern at present and at the end of the quarrying period has been provided below.

Table 2.14: Land Use (15.145 Ha)

S.No	Land Use	Present Area (Ha)	Area in use – End of 5 years period (Ha)
1	Mining \Excavation	-	4.76
2	Infrastructure	-	-
3	Greenbelt and safety zone	-	10.385
4	Unutilized Area	15.145	-
5	Roads	-	-
	Total	15.145	15.145

**Table 2.15: Land Use (3.425 Ha)** 

S.No	Land Use	Present Area (Ha)	Area in use – End of 5 years period (Ha)
1	Mining \Excavation	-	1.236
3	Greenbelt and Safety zone	-	2.189
4	Unutilized Area	3.425	-
	Total	3.425	3.425

Ultimately the mined out area will be used for rainwater harvesting and green belt development will be carried out in the safety zone.

#### 2.7.4 PROJECT REQUIREMENTS:

Since the 2 projects are in the same cluster, it is proposed to have common facilities. Its details are as follows:

**Table 2.16: Project Requirements** 

Manpower	10 People directly and more than 50 people indirectly for each project		
	Total Water Requirement: 8KLD		
Water Requirement	Details	Quantity (KLD)	
and Source	Drinking water and Domestic Use	1.0	
and Source	Dust Suppression	5.0	
	Green belt	2.0	

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	Total	8.0	
	Source: The required water will be procured from outside agencies		
Power Requirement	No electricity needed for mining operation. The minimum power requirement for		
rower Kequirement	office, etc will be met from state grid.		
Site Services	Site services like mine office, first a	id room, rest shelters, toilets etc. will be	
Sile Services	provided as semi-permanent structure	S.	
Project Cost Rs. 217 Lakhs for 15.145 Ha lease area and Rs 155 lakhs for 3		ea and Rs 155 lakhs for 3.425 Ha lease.	
Funds allocated for			
socio-economic	Totally Rs.2.0 Lakhs is allocated unde	r CER budget for both the projects.	
development			

#### 2.8 DESCRIPTION OF MITIGATION MEASURES:

Scientific and systematic development of mines will be carried out by the project authorities for preserving as well as improving the environmental conditions in and around the mining lease area. Elaborate analysis on impacts and mitigation measures to be adopted on implementation of this project and the same has been dealt in Chapter- IV.

#### 2.9 ASSESSMENT OF NEW & UNTESTED TECHNOLOGY:

There is no new technology that is being implemented. Opencast method of mining which is the proposed method of mining is a proven technology which is technologically and economically viable. No major technological failures are anticipated.

# 2.10 CONCLUSION:

Since the magnitude of mining operation is less & as good environmental preservation is one of the prime motive of the project proponent. It is expected that the project activity will not have any major impact on environmental equilibrium in the study area.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

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# CHAPTER - III

# DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

#### **CHAPTER 3**

#### **DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT**

#### 3.1 **GENERAL:**

The existing environmental baseline data for the various environmental components were collected in the study area for the purpose of assessing the impact on present environment due to the project activities.

Monitoring was carried out systematically and meticulously as per relevant IS codes, CPCB, MoEF&CC guidelines during Summer Season (March 2025 to May 2025) The details of the study are given in this chapter.

For the purposes of this study, the area has been divided into two zones, namely, core and buffer zones. The entire lease area is considered to be the core zone while the buffer zone encompasses a 10km radius from the periphery of the core zone. The details of villages falling in the study area and other features are given in Index Plan in Figure No - 3.1

The primary data collection was done by means of field monitoring and the secondary data collection was obtained from published sources and Government documents. The details of the baseline data collection which has been elaborated through the course of this chapter has been concised below:

Table 3.1: Type of Baseline Data

S.No	Studies	Parameters / Study	Location
1	Socio Economy	Demographic Data from Census 2011	Core and Buffer Zone
ı	Socio Economy	Sample Survey	Buffer Zone
		Rainfall Data from IMD, Ariyalur	Ariyalur
2	Micro Meteorology	Temperature, Humidity, Wind Speed, Wind Direction	1 Representative Location
3	Ambient Air Quality	PM10, PM2.5, SO2, NOx, CO	1 Core Zone, 4 Buffer Zone
4	Water Quality	Physical and Chemical Parameters	1 Core Zone, 4 Buffer Zone
5	Noise Levels	Ambient Noise	1 Core Zone, 4 Buffer Zone
6	Soil Quality	Physical and Chemical Parameters	1 Core Zone, 4 Buffer Zone
7	Land Use and Land Cover	Land use pattern within 10km study area using RS Satellite	Buffer Zone
		Land use based on Census 2011	Core and Buffer Zone
8	Biological Environment	Flora and Fauna	Core Zone and Buffer Zone
9	Hydrology & Hydro Geology	Hydrogeological profile of the area	Core Zone and Buffer Zone

Figure 3.1: Study Area Map



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Table 3.2: Environmental Setting of the Study Area

S.No	Destriculare Details		15.145Ha		3.425Ha	
S.No	Particulars	Details	Distance	Direction	Distance	Direction
ı	Connectivity					
		NH-136 (Ariyalur – Perambur)	3.6Km	SW	3.5Km	SW
1.	Highway	SH-139 ( Ariyalur –	5.3Km	S	5.2Km	S
		Reddipalayam)				
		NH-81 (Chidambaram –	9.2Km	SE	9.0Km	SE
		Trichy)				
2.	Railway Station	Ariyalur Railway Station	5.0Km	SW	5.0Km	SW
3.	Airport	Trichy Airport	62Km	SW	62Km	SW
		Thamaraikulam	700m	NW	720m	NW
4.	Village	Venkatapuram	290m	N	750m	N
	9-	West Srinivasapuram	950m	SW	900m	SW
	T (0)	Srinivasapuram	890m	SE	880m	SE
5.	Town/City	Ariyalur	5.2Km	SW	5.1Km	SW
II	Environmental F					
		Kallar River	1.8Km	SE	1.9Km	SE
		Vilangudi Odai	5.3Km	Е	5.5Km	Е
	Water Bodies	Vanchyiam Odai	5.5Km	SW	5.5Km	SW
6.		Marudaiyar River	8.7Km	SW	8.1Km	SW
		Metal Odai	8.9Km	SW	9.0Km	SW
		Uppu Odai	9.5Km	SE	9.3Km	SE
		Venmani Odai	9.5Km	NW	9.6Km	NW
7	Reserve	Vannankurichi RF	7.01/100	_	0.01/100	_
7.	Forests		7.9Km	E	8.2Km	Е
III	Sensitive Areas					
	Notified					
	Archaeologically					
8.	important	Nil within 10km radius				
	places,					
	Monuments					
	Local Places of					
9.	Historical and	Nil within 10km radius				
	Tourism Interest					
	Environmental					
10.	sensitive areas, Protected areas					
	as per Wildlife	Nil within 10km radius				
	Protection Act,					
	1972*					
11	Defense	Nil within 10km madi::-				
11.	Installations	Nil within 10km radius				



#### SOCIO-ECONOMIC CONFIGURATIONS OF THE AREA:

#### **3.2.1 GENERAL:**

The Socio-Economic details of the study area are collected through:

- Identification of villages falling from the study area map with combined Taluk map.
- Collection of primary data through sample survey, village meetings and discussion.
- Collection of the demographic pattern of villages falling in the area through NIC 2011 census data.
- Occupational structure of villages falling in the study area through NIC 2011 census data.
- Details of the amenities available in villages falling in the study area through NIC 2011 census data. The findings of the study are illustrated below:

#### 3.2.2 SECONDARY DATA DESCRIPTION:

The proposed lease is located in Kallankurichi Village, Ariyalur Taluk, & District. Based on 2011 census data, in the 10km radius there are 38 Rural villages from Ariyalur Taluk, & District. The demographic profile of the study area is given below:

Table 3.3: Social, Economic and Demographic Profile of the Study Area

Details	Population	Percentage		
A. Gender-wise distribution				
Male Population	79713	49.95		
Female Population	79878	50.05		
Total	159591	100		
B. Caste-wise population distribution				
Scheduled Caste	42566	26.67		
Scheduled Tribes	900	0.56		
Other	116125	72.76		
Total	159591	100		
C. Literate and Illiterate population				
Literate Males	56409	35.35		
Literate Females	42039	26.34		
Total Literate Population	98448	61.69		
other Males	23304	14.60		
other Females	37839	23.71		
Others Population	61143	38.31		
Total	159591	100		
D. Occupational structure	•			
Main workers	63583	39.80		
Marginal workers	14860	9.30		



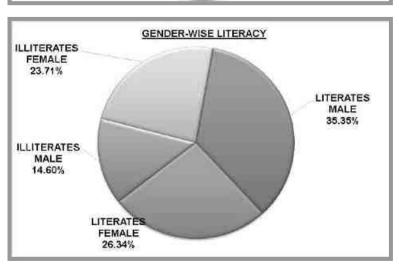
Details	Population	Percentage
Total Workers	78443	49.10
Total Non-workers	81148	50.80
Total	159591	100

The total population of these 38 rural villages is 159591 in which the male population is 79713 (49.95%) and the female population is 79878 (50.05%). This shows that the male and female population ratio is almost equal. Among the total population 0.56% belong to Scheduled Tribes, 26.67 % are Scheduled Caste and the balance 72.76 % people belong to other castes. Among the total population, 61.69% of the people are literate.

The village wise population, literacy levels and occupational structure details area given in **Annexure-4 and 5.** The demographic structure within the buffer zone is shown diagrammatically in **Figure No – 3.2**.

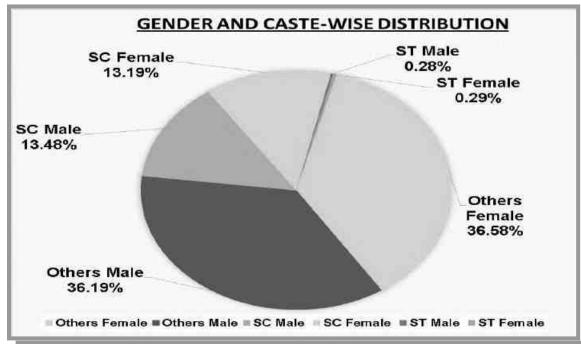
GENDER WISE DISTRIBUTION Female 50.05% Male 49.95%

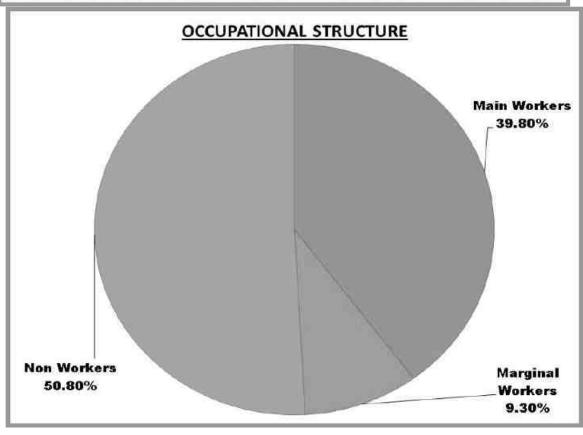
Figure 3.2: Demographic Structure in Buffer Zone



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#### **DETAILS OF AMENITIES:**

Based on 2011 census data, regarding the educational facilities, 38 rural villages have educational facilities. There are totally 95 Primary Schools functioning in these 38 rural villages. Among them 6 villages have one primary school, 12 villages have 2 primary schools, 10 villages have 3 primary schools, 5 villages has 4 primary schools & 3 villages has 5 primary schools With regards to educational facilities, from Primary School level to Senior Secondary School level, there is availability of some schools in the area. However, beyond this, college level education is not available in the buffer zone. Out of 38 villages, 25 villages have primary health sub centers. Better medical facilities are available in the nearby larger towns. Details of the infrastructural faciltiies in the area is provided under Table No.3.7.

Table 3.4: Primary Schools in the Buffer Zone Rural Villages

S.No	Villages	Number of primary schools	Total
1	2	0	0
2	6	1	6
3	12	2	24
4	10	3	30
5	5	4	20
6	3	5	15
Total	38		95

**Table 3.5: Education Facility Availability** 

Particulars Particulars	Available in village
Govt Primary School	36
Govt Middle School	32
Govt Secondary School	16
Govt Senior Secondary School	5
Govt Arts and Science Degree College	0
Govt Engineering College	1
Govt Medicine College	0
Govt Management Institute	0
Govt Polytechnic	0
Govt Vocational Training School/ITI	0

**Table 3.6: Healthcare Amenities Availability** 

Particulars	Available in village
Primary Health Centre	7
Primary Heallth Sub Centre	25
Maternity And Child Welfare Centre	12
TB Clinic	8
Dispensary	7





Veterinary Hospital	7
Family Welfare Centre	7

**Table 3.7: Infrastructure Facilities** 

Particulars	Available in village
Tap Water-Treated	37
Covered Well	17
Hand Pump	23
Tube Wells/Borehole	34
Spring	8
Post office	4
Bus services	36
Commercial Bank	3
Cooperative bank	7

The details of the educational, medical and infrastructural facilities available in the buffer zone is provided in Annexures- 6-8. The above figures area based on 2011 census data, however drastic improvements in the above said amenities are observed in the area.

#### 3.2.4 SAMPLE SURVEY:

#### **3.2.4.1 OBJECTIVE:**

The objective of the study is to understand the present socio-economic condition, availability of existing infrastructure facilities in the area & to know the needs of the people in the project peripheral villages, to provide an implementable future CER proposal pertaining to specific needs addressing local requirements.

#### 3.2.4.2 APPROACH:

Nearby villages were visited for conducting study to know about socio-economic conditions, including aspirations and requirements of the people for a better living and collected relevant data. Informal discussions were conducted in the villages to capture the overall scenario of the village including their socio-economic problems and the aspirations, desires of the community in overall terms.

# Salient details of the study:

- Studied villages have different community people which include different religion and different castes.
- Predominantly the study area is dry, barren land with sprodic agriculture dependent on rain.



- Patches of plantation and agriculture are observed during the monsoon season.
- Majority of the people are small farmers and others are working in the nearby mines and cement industries.
- Since agriculture is predominantly rainfed and the water is available only for few months, during the rest of the time they have less employment opportunities. Other occupations include construction workers, vendors, etc.
- Other allied activities livestock rearing and poultry farming are also found.
- Reasonably better amenities like approach road bus facility, electricity, mobile phone connectivity, Public Distribution System, banks etc are available.
- Bore well is the main source for drinking water. There are OHT's, Ground level tanks, public taps are available.
- Education facilities from primary upto higher secondary school are available locally.
- Basic medical facilities are available locally.
- Higher education faciltiies and also better medical facilities are available in Ariyalur and Trichy, etc.
- Chettinad Cement Corporation Private Ltd through their CER measures of existing mines and cement plant has carried out improvements in road, transport facilities, school infrastructural facility, water provision, etc. around the plant area. Besides, it has also brought about direct and indirect benefits to scores of people by way of employment opporutunities in the plant (direct and indirect), vendors, shops, renting of houses, etc.

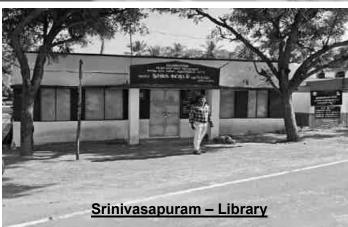
PRO CODE: CEC/EMP/MI-244 Creative Engineers & Consultants **REV NO: 00/JUL/25** DESCRIPTION OF ENVIRONMENT

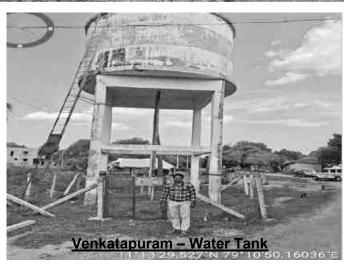
















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#### 3.3 EXISTING ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

#### 3.3.1 MICRO-METEOROLOGY

# 3.3.1.1 **General**:

The meteorological conditions in an area regulate the dispersion of air pollutants being released into the atmosphere. The principal variables are horizontal convective transport i.e. wind speed and direction and vertical convective transport, i.e. mixing height, stability class and topography of the area.

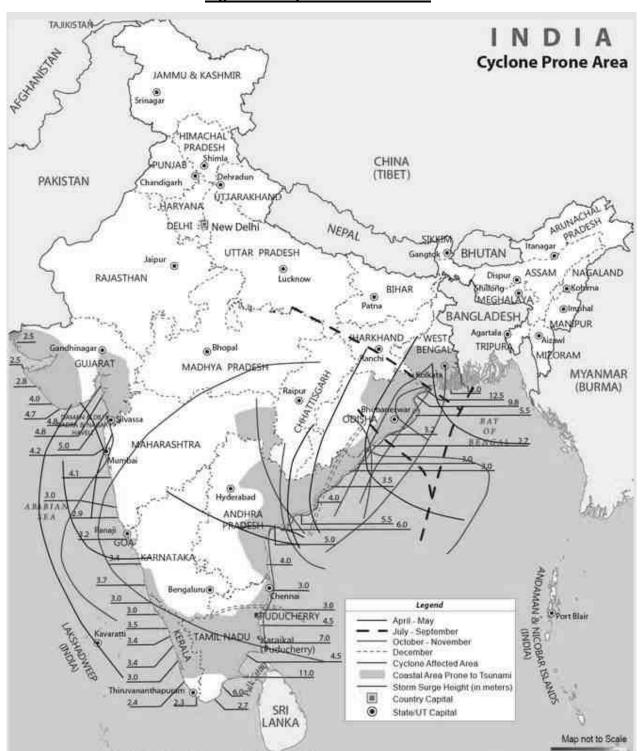
# 3.3.1.2 <u>Historical Meteorological Data:</u>

# A. Cyclones And Depressions

Cyclonic storms and depressions in Bay of Bengal affect the East Coast of India. Isolated ones, forming in January to March in the South Bay of Bengal move West-North-westwards and hit Tamil Nadu coast. In April and May, cyclonic storms and depressions form in the South and adjoining Central Bay and move initially to the Northwest, then North and then recurve to the Northeast striking the Arakan coasts in April and Andhra Pradesh (AP)-Orissa-West Bengal (WB) – Bangladesh coasts in May. Most of the monsoon (June – September) storms develop in the central and in the north bay and move west - north - west wards affecting AP - Orissa -WB coasts. Post monsoon (October - December) storms form mostly in the south and central Bay, recurve between 15° and 18° N affecting Tamil Nadu – AP – Orissa – WB – Bangladesh coasts. Figure No - 3.3 depicts the history of cyclonic storms, which have struck the Indian coast during the months of October, November and December during the last 75 years. (Source: Vulnerability Atlas of India series, above figure accessed from www.maps of india.com). East coast is prone to cyclonic storms round the year but mostly these occur prior to SW i.e., in May and after SW monsoon i.e., in October and November.

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Figure 3.3: Cyclone Prone Areas



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#### **B. SEISMIC DATA**

From the seismic zone map of India as depicted in the Figure No - 3.4, it can be seen that the project site and study area falls in the Zone – II and is described as least active zone.

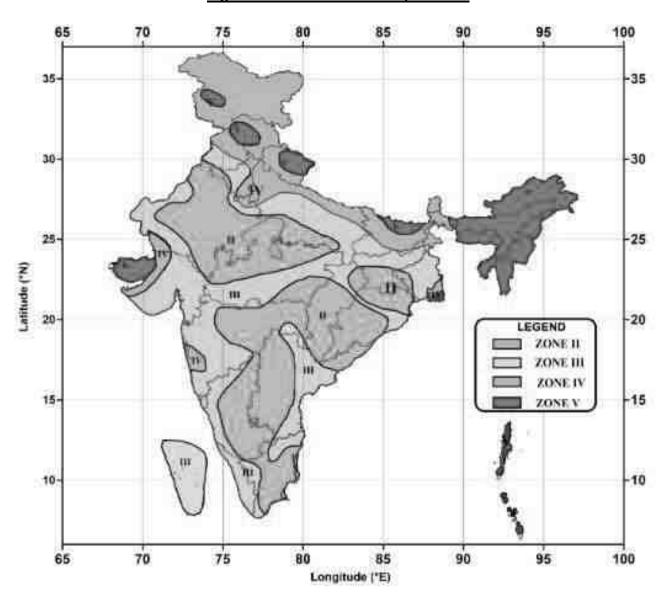


Figure 3.4: Seismic Zone Map of India

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# C. Climate and Rainfall Data:

The climate of Ariyalur district is sub-tropical. The average rainfall wheli the district receives daring Northeast monsoon is 485 mm and during southwest monsoon is 357mm respectively. The normal onset of Southwest monsoon is first week of June whereas for Northeast monsoon is second week or October, The annual rainfall normal (1970.-2000) of Ariyilar district is 949 mm.5Projections; of rainfall over Ariyabin- for die periods 2010-2040 (2020s), 2040-2070 (2050s) and 2070-2100 (2080s) with reference to the baseline (1970-2000) indicate a decrease of 2.0%. 3.0% and 3.1.)% respectively is given in Table No.3.8. Rainfall histograms are presented in Figure No - 3.5 & 3.6.

Table 3.8: Average Annual Rainfall Data (2012-2021)

YEAR	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total Rainfall
2012	10.26	11.1	44.64	215.27	73.81	215.05	219.15	281.78	142.85	200.84	106.61	16.04	1537.4
2013	0.5	15.84	17.46	1.95	23.69	30.12	25.14	194.66	118.83	102.85	233.9	118.4	883.34
2014	0.85	5.16	0	0	179.76	21.94	91.06	135.01	35.37	306.85	209.59	144.91	1130.5
2015	14.11	0	1.59	79.09	92.45	64.4	75.23	89.55	39.72	115.89	548.65	285.57	1406.25
2016	0.04	0	0.01	0	119.86	57.61	49.59	179.49	50.16	65.93	55.41	41.1	619.2
2017	60.91	0.01	6.88	0	3.06	45.02	12	66.04	99.16	66.82	254.12	88.92	702.94
2018	30.73	0.01	1.38	0.93	5.5	55.19	32.41	87.1	16.54	223.15	279.22	33.53	765.69
2019	0.73	0.87	0.01	0	1.56	5.38	59.77	130.1	277.01	189.97	293.44	248.8	1207.64
2020	18.26	0.63	0.08	8.85	27.65	27.86	127.82	77.81	104.89	110.97	236.52	481.36	1222.7
2021	348.76	27.96	4.73	16.73	77.21	56.97	54.09	132.28	129.35	302.09	658.23	89.6	1898
Cumulative	485.15	61.58	76.78	322.82	604.55	579.54	746.26	1373.82	1013.88	1685.36	2875.69	1548.23	11373.66

Source - IMD GRID - Ariyalur report

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Figure 3.5: Total Rainfall

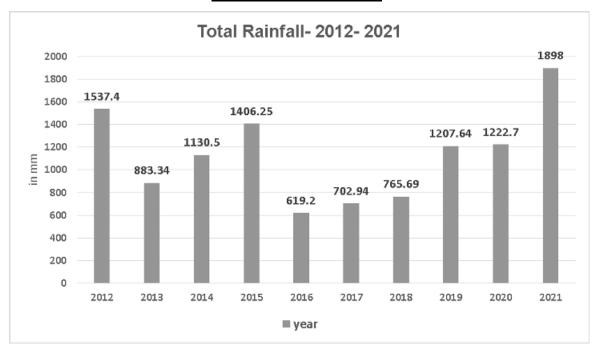
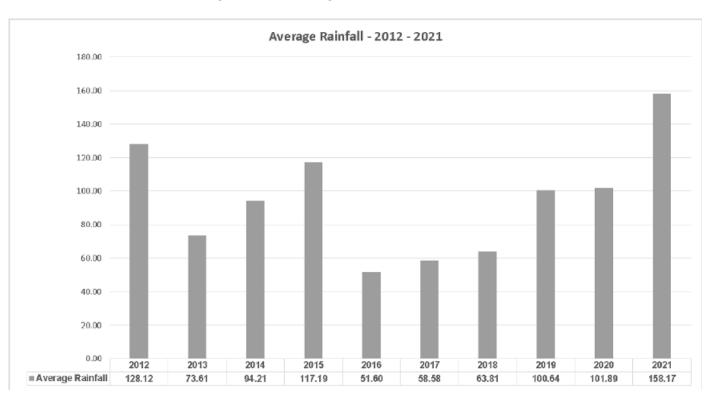


Figure 3.6: Average Annual Rainfall



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### 3.3.1.3 SITE SPECIFIC METEOROLOGICAL DATA:

Micrometeorology and microclimatic parameters of wind velocity, wind direction, ambient temperature, relative humidity, were collected throughout the monitoring period.

#### **DATA ANALYSIS:**

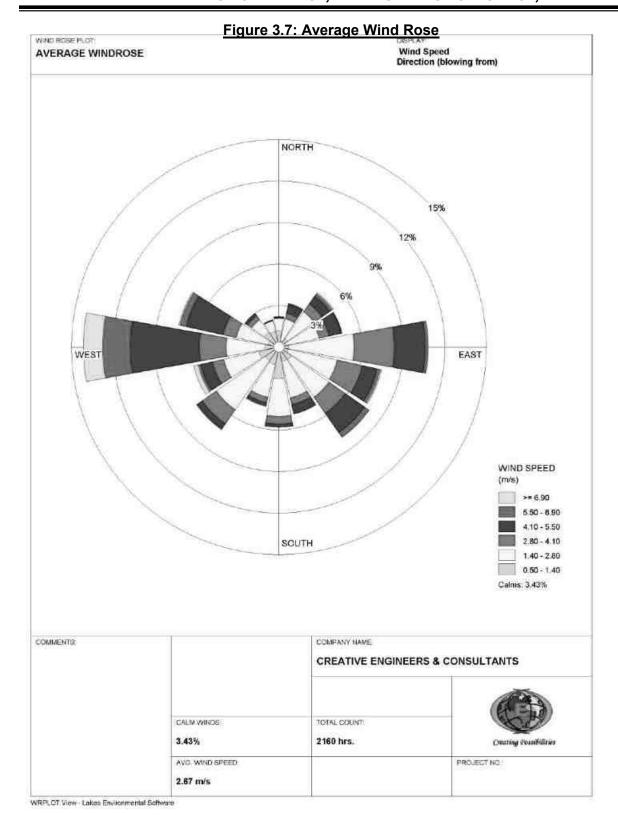
The temperature in the area during the study period ranged from 23.0°C to 41.0°C while the relative humidity varied between 21.0 – 99.0%. The wind speed during the study period ranged from <1.8 to 38.9 Km/hr. The predominant wind direction is from W. The meteorological data are presented in **Table no – 3.9**. The average wind rose is depicted in **Figure No - 3.7**.

**Table 3.9: Meteorological Data** 

Season: Summer Season (March – May 2025)										
S.NO	PARAMETERS	MIN	MAX							
1	Temperature In <sup>0</sup> c	23.0	41.0							
2	Humidity in %	21.0%	99.0%							
3	Wind speed in km/hr	<1.8	38.9							
4	Predominant wind direction from W									

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# 3.3.2 AMBIENT AIR QUALITY (AAQ):

Ambient Air quality has been assessed through a network of 5 ambient air quality stations. The following methodology has been considered for design of ambient air quality monitoring network in the area:

- Topography / terrain of study area.
- Populated areas within study area.
- Residential /sensitive areas within study area.
- Magnitude of surrounding industries.
- Representation of regional background levels.
- Representation of cross sectional distribution in down wind direction.
- Predominant wind direction and wind pattern.

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# **Table 3.10: Air Quality Monitoring**

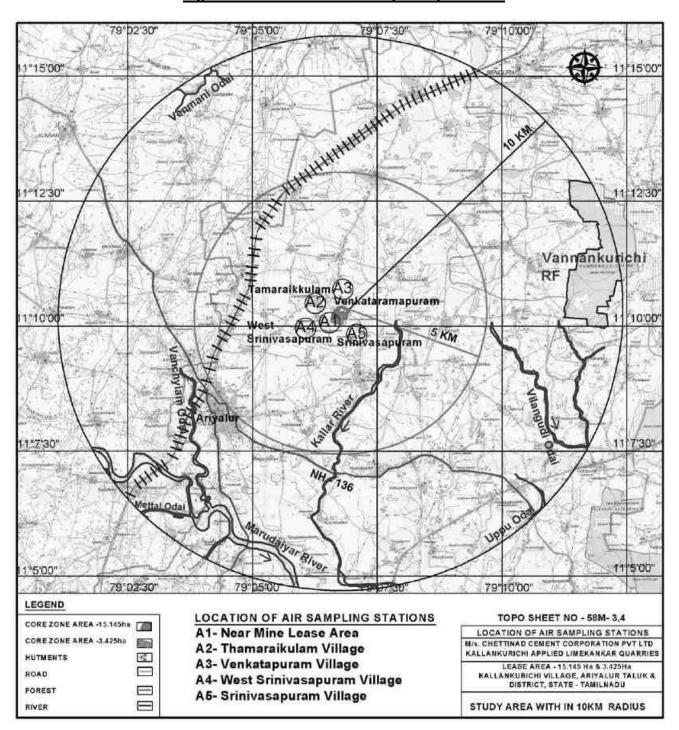
1.	Monitoring Period	Summer Season ( Mar 2025 – May 2025)							
2.	Monitoring Location	The location map showing Ambient Air Quality study stations a shown in <b>Figure No- 3.8</b> .							
	Methodology								
	Parameter	Protocol							
	a. Particulate Matter (PM10)	Gravimetric (IS 5182: Part 23:2017)							
	b. Particulate Matter PM2.5	Gravimetric ( IS 5182: Part 24:2019)							
3.	c. Sulphur Dioxide	Colorimetric (West & Gaeke Method) (IS 5182: Part 02: 2017)							
	d. Nitrogen Dioxide	Colorimetric(Modified Jacob & Hocheiser Method) (IS 5182: Part 06:2017)							
	e. Carbon Monoxide	CO Monitor							
	f. Silica	Colorimetric (Molybdate Method) NIOSH 7601 -2003							
4.	Monitoring Frequency	2 days in a week, 4 weeks in a month for 3 months in a season.							

# **Table 3.11: Air Quality Monitoring Locations**

S.NO	LOCATION CODE	LOCATION	DISTANCE FROM CORE ZONE (Km)	DIRECTION		
1	A1	Near Mine Lease Area	-	-		
2	A2	Thamaraikulam Village	700m	NW		
3	A3	Venkatapuram Village	290m	N		
4	A4	West Srinivasapuram Village	950m	SW		
5	A5	Srinivasapuram Village	890m	SE		

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Figure 3.8: Ambient Air Quality Study Stations



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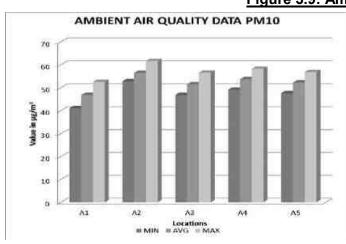
**Table 3.12: Ambient Air Quality Data** 

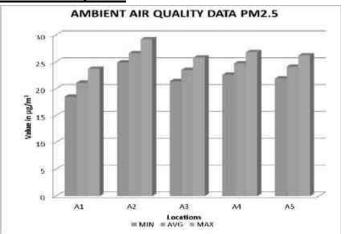
All Value in ug/m<sup>3</sup>

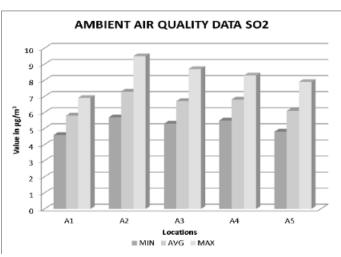
PARAMETERS	Cat.*	PM <sub>10</sub>		PM <sub>2.5</sub>			SO <sub>2</sub>			NO <sub>2</sub>			
LOCATIONS		MIN	AVG	MAX	MIN	AVG	MAX	MIN	AVG	MAX	MIN	AVG	MAX
A1-Near Mine Lease Area	I	41.1	46.9	52.6	18.5	21.1	23.7	4.6	5.8	6.9	7.9	9.1	10.4
A2-Thamaraikulam Village	R	52.9	56.5	61.7	24.9	26.6	29.2	5.7	7.3	9.5	8.7	11	13.3
A3-Venkatapuram Village	R	46.9	51.5	56.6	21.4	23.5	25.8	5.3	6.7	8.7	8.6	10.9	12.9
A4-West Srinivasapuram Village	R	49.2	53.8	58.3	22.6	24.7	26.8	5.5	6.8	8.3	8.9	11.2	13.6
A5-Srinivasapuram Village	R	47.7	52.3	56.9	21.9	24.1	26.2	4.8	6.1	7.9	8.3	9.7	11.4
NAAQ Limits			PM <sub>10</sub>			PM <sub>2.5</sub>			SO <sub>2</sub>			NO <sub>2</sub>	
	*		100			60			80	•		80	•
	**		100			60			80			80	

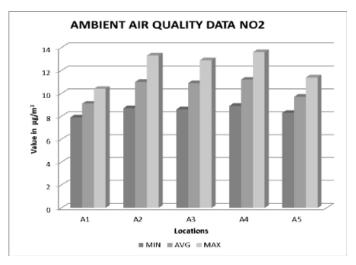
\*Note: Category: \* - Industrial, Residential, Rural and other area, \*\* - Ecologically Sensitive Area (notified by Central Government)

Figure 3.9: Ambient Air Quality Data









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### 3.3.2.1 Results and Discussion:

The AAQ monitored data for all locations for above parameters are shown in Table No - 3.12 and in Figure No - 3.9. Ambient Air Quality data during the study period is given in Annexure -9. From the table it is seen that, in the ambient air, the PM<sub>10</sub> values were in the range of 41.1-61.7 μg/m3. PM2.5 values were in the range of 18.5-29.2 μg/m3. SO2 levels were ranging from  $4.6-9.5 \mu g/m3$ . NO2 levels were ranging from  $7.9-13.6 \mu g/m3$ .

The existing Ambient Air Quality levels for PM<sub>10</sub>, PM<sub>2.5</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub> and NO<sub>2</sub>, are within the NAAQ standards prescribed CPCB limits of 100 µg/m³, 60 µg/m³, 80 µg/m³ & 80 µg/m³. The CO values in all the locations were found to be below detectable limit. Silica values in the study area are found to be below detectable limit. (Detection limit – 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup>)

### 3.3.3 WATER ENVIRONMENT:

Assessment of baseline data on water environment includes Identification of water resources, Collection of water samples and Analyzing water samples collected for physico-chemical parameters as per standards. The water sampling was carried out for 5 locations. Details of the same has been provided below:

**Table 3.13: Water Quality Monitoring** 

1.	Monito	ring Period	Summer Season ( Mar 2025 – May 2025)			
2.	Monitoring Location		The location map showing water sampling locations are given in <b>Figure No.3.10</b> .			
	Code Location		Sample Type	Distance	Direction	
	W1	Near Mine Lease Area	Bore well	-	-	
	W2	Thamaraikulam Village	Bore well	700m	NW	
	W3	Venkatapuram Village	Bore well	290m	N	
	W4	West Srinivasapuram Village	Bore well	950m	SW	
	W5	Srinivasapuram Village	Bore well	890m	SE	
3.	Methodology		Sampling - IS 3025 Part - I			
ا ا			Analysis – IS 3025 relevant parts / APHA 23rd Edition			



Figure 3.10: Location of Water Sampling Stations



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Table 3.14: Summary of Water Quality Data

Season	Summer Season ( Mar 2025 – May 2025)		
Monitoring Locations	5 locations		
Parameters	Range of values	Limits*	
pH at 25 °C	6.74 – 7.42	6.5-8.5	
Total Dissolved Solids, mg/L	440 – 768	2000	
Chloride as Cl-, mg/L	102 – 452	1000	
Total Hardness (as CaCO3), mg/L	298 – 385	600	
Total Alkalinity (as CaCO3), mg/L	239– 348	600	
Sulphates as SO42-, mg/L	72.6 – 218	400	
Iron as Fe, mg/L	0.05 – 0.09	0.3	
Nitrate as NO3, mg/L	1.67 – 3.47	45	
Fluoride as F, mg/L	0.28 – 0.41	1.5	

### 3.3.3.1 Results and Discussion:

The results of the 5 bore well water sample analysis are shown in **Table No - 3.14**. The pH values of bore well water were ranging in between 6.74 – 7.42 TDS values were in the range of 440 – 768 mg/L. Chloride values were ranging from 102 – 452 mg/L. Iron content was found to be in the range 0.05 – 0.09 mg/L. The water quality of ground water is found to be within the prescribed Permissible limits of IS: 10500 Norms in the absence of an alternative source as per Drinking Water Specifications. The water quality data is provided in **Annexure-10**.

### 3.3.4 NOISE ENVIRONMENT:

Opearional phase of this project may lead to increase noise levels from the existing levels at least in and around the project area. As noise level beyond permissible limits will cause adverse impacts on the environment, it has become imperative to assess the noise levels in and around the mine area. Noise level measurements were taken at the 5 locations during the monitoring period. Details of the same are provided below:

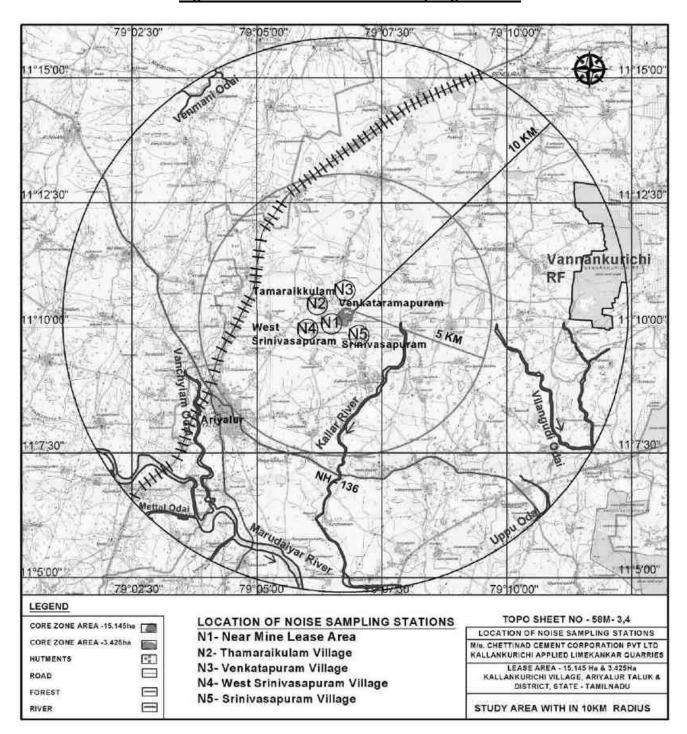


# **Table 3.15: Noise Level Monitoring**

1.	Monitoring Period	Summer Season ( Mar 2025 –	May 2025)		
Monitoring Location The location map showing noise monitoring locations a No.3.11.				are given in <b>Figure</b>	
	Code	Location	Distance	Direction	
	N1	Near Mine Lease Area	-	-	
2.	N2	Thamaraikulam Village	700m	NW	
	N3	Venkatapuram Village	290m	N	
	N4	West Srinivasapuram Village	950m	SW	
	N5	Srinivasapuram Village	890m	SE	
3.	Methodology	Noise levels were measured using sound level meter manufactured by (Model No - SL- 4001, Make - Lutron). Sound Pressure Level (SPL) measurements were measured at all locations where ambient air quality monitored; one reading for every hour was taken for 24 hours.			
4.	Monitoring Frequency	Once during monitoring period			

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Figure 3.11: Location of Noise Sampling Stations



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Table 3.16: Ambient Noise Level in dB (A)

Date and time of monitoring	N1	N2	N3	N4	N5
Day Equivalent	45.0	47.3	50.4	49.3	48.6
Night Equivalent	39.8	39.3	39.9	39.0	39.5
Day & Night Equivalent	43.8	45.9	48.9	47.7	47.1

Limits: As per CPCB: Work zone Exposure in 8 hr - 90 dB(A) As per MoEF&CC: Residential: Day equivalent - 55 dB(A); Night equivalent - 45 dB(A)

NOISE LEVEL DATA 60.0 50.0 **3**40.0 Noise level in dB 20.0 20.0 10.0 0.0 N3 Locations N1 N2 N5 ■ DAY EQUIVALENT ■ NIGHT EQUIVALENT ■ DAY & NIGHT EQUIVALENT

Figure 3.12: Noise Level Data

### 3.3.4.1 Results and Discussion:

The results of noise levels for all locations are given in Table No-3.16. The noise values for all above locations are shown in a comparative chart given in **Figure No - 3.12.** In the buffer zone, day Equivalent Noise (Leg-d) noise levels were ranging from 45.0 dB(A) to 50.4 dB(A) and night Equivalent Noise (Leq-d) levels ranged between 39.0 dB(A) to 39.9 dB(A). While comparing with the MOEF&CC Norm of 55 dB(A) for day time and 45 dB(A) for night time, the monitored ambient noise levels were within the limit values for Residential areas.

### 3.3.5 SOIL CHARACTERISTICS:

Soil samples were collected in 5 locations in the core and buffer zone to analyse the physiochemical characteristics of the soil in the area. Elaborate details of the same has been provided below.

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# **Table 3.17: Soil Quality Monitoring**

1.	Monitoring Period	Summer Season ( Mar 2025 –	Summer Season ( Mar 2025 – May 2025)				
	Monitoring Location	The location map showing soil sampling locations are given in <b>Figure No.3.13</b> .					
	Code	Location Distance Direction					
	<b>S</b> 1	Near Mine Lease Area	-	-			
2.	<b>S2</b>	Thamaraikulam Village 700m		NW			
	S3	Venkatapuram Village	290m	N			
	<b>S4</b>	West Srinivasapuram Village	950m	SW			
	S5	Srinivasapuram Village	890m	SE			
3.	Methodology	Composite soil samples using sampling augers and field capacity apparatus.					
4.	Monitoring Frequency	Once during monitoring period					

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Figure 3.13: Location of Soil Sampling Stations



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Table 3.18: Soil Quality Data

S.N	Parameters	Unit	S1	S2	S3	<b>S4</b>	<b>S</b> 5
0	r ai ailletei 5	Oilit	31	32	33	34	33
1	pH at 25°C	-	7.85	6.97	7.32	7.99	6.58
2	Electrical	(µmhos/c					
	Conductivity	m)	42.54	55.62	85.41	32.97	89.54
3	Dry matter	%					
	content		96.27	97.54	96.37	97.58	95.87
4	Water Content	%	3.73	2.46	3.63	2.42	4.13
5	Organic Matter	%	0.65	0.82	0.74	0.94	0.75
6	Soil texture	-	Silty Clay	Silty Clay	Clay	Silty Clay	Silty Clay
	Grain Size						
7	Distribution	%	6.78	3.24	5.21	8.94	5.67
	i. Sand						
8	ii. Silt	%	35.67	58.12	37.56	39.89	44.52
9	iii. Clay	%	57.55	38.64	57.23	51.17	49.81
10	Phosphorous	μg/g	0.54	0.72	0.76	0.98	1.22
11	Sodium	mg/kg	716	725	790	658	916
12	Potassium	mg/kg	293	287	384	203	345
13	Total Nitrogen	mg/kg	212	254	276	298	197
14	Total Sulphur	%	BDL(D.L.0.02)	BDL(D.L.0.02)	BDL(D.L.0.02)	BDL(D.L.0.02)	BDL(D.L.0.02)
15	Porosity	%	19.4	17.2	18.6	15.4	18.2
16	Water Holding Cabacity	Inches/foot	42	40	36	44	38

### 3.3.5.1 Results and Discussion:

Results of the soil samples show that the pH values were ranging between 6.58 to 7.99 and Electrical Conductivity values were ranging between 32.97 - 89.54 µmhos/cm. Soils are generally silt loam and loam type. Organic matter values were ranging between 0.65 - 0.94 %. Phosphorus values were ranging between 0.54 – 1.22 µg/g. Potassium values were ranging between 203 -383.93 mg/kg. Sodium values were ranging between 658- 916 mg/kg. Total Sulphur values were observed to be BDL. The soil quality data for the 2 samples collected and analyzed are provided in **Table No – 3.18.** 

# 3.4 LAND ENVIRONMENT - LANDUSE & LAND COVER

For preparing an impact statement, aspects of the land conditions are covered under land use. An industrial project / mine can cause changes in land use, soil process in different intensities depending upon the size of the project and distance involved between the industries and the area. Here, land use status for a radius of 10 km has been studied.



### 3.4.1 DATA USED AND METHODOLOGY

For the present study on land use pattern of buffer area around the proposed stone and gravel quarry, an archived historical data of Landsat 8 data shas been used as base data acquired on April 2025 has been used to generate the require landuse map showing their spatial pattern within the buffer area. The table showing data used for generation of information on landuse and subsequent GIS analysis is given below

Table 3.19: RS satellite image used for the present study

S.No	Type of Data	Date	Generated Map
1	Sentinel 2	April 2025	Landuse (LU) Map showing 10 Km buffer
1.	Serialiei 2	Αριίι 2020	zone

Interpretation of satellite image requires understanding of relationship between image elements and their respective terrain elements. Since, in the present study, the landuse information is obtained using visual interpretation, an interpretation key is generated. The image elements such as color, tone, texture, size, shape and associated elements have been used to delineate various landuse categories. The landuse categorization and nomenclature used in the present study is based on the national level landuse classification system, which is adopted for the entire country as recommended by National Remote Sensing Centre (NRSC), Department of Space, Government of India.

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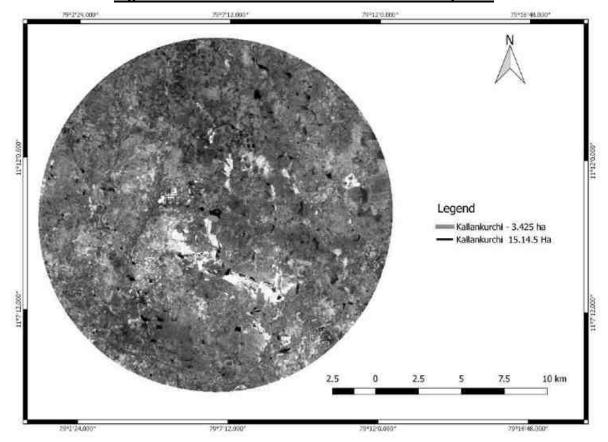


Figure 3.14 : Landsat 8 Satellite Data of the Study Area

Table 3.20: Major Landuse Units of the Study Area

S.No	Major Category	Landuse unit	
1	1 Built-Up Land Village, Town, Industrial / Vacant Are		
2	2 Agricultural Land Crop Land Fallow Land Plantation Farm La		
3	Forest Land Open Scrub Forest		
1	Waste Land	Land With Scrub/ Land Without Scrub Barren	
4	Mining Area	Rocky/ Stony Waste Quarries / Abandoned Quarries	
5	5 Waterbodies Tanks/ Rivers / Streams		

Such LandUse and Land cover (LULC) categories have been verified using field check and identified sample sites within the buffer area, verified on field and transferred into gis geocoordinates using observation coordinates received from hand held GPS (global positioning system) instrument. Thus, an interpreted final landuse map has been generated using above such elaborate procedure and transformed into GIS environment for its spatial distribution and area estimation. Spatial nature and extent of various landuse categories within the buffer area is discussed is given below:

Figure 3.15: Map Showing Land Use Categories around 10km Buffer

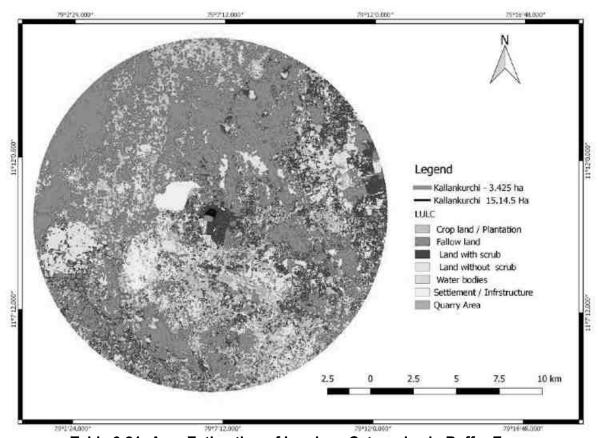


Table 3.21: Area Estimation of Landuse Categories in Buffer Zone

S.No	Landuse Feature	Area (Sq.Km)	Percentage	
1	Agriculture/ Plantation	75.21	22.54	
2	Fallow Land	146.43	43.87	
3	Land With Scrub	39.38	11.80	
4	Land Without Scrub	42.42	12.71	
5	Water bodies	5.58	1.67	
6	Settlement	15.98	4.79	
7	Mining	8.75	2.62	
	Total	333.75	100	

From the above table it is seen that 22.54 % of the buffer area is classified under the Agriculture/ Plantation followed by 43.87 % of fallow land, 11.80 % constitutes land with scrub, 11.80 % constitutes land without scrub and the balance falls under other land use categories.



# Photograph showing Land use In Buffer Zone

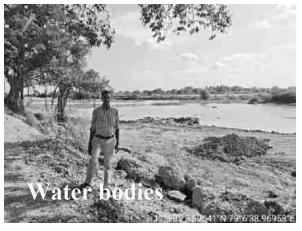














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### 3.4.2 LAND USED BASED ON REVENUE RECORDS:

The lease area and the study area for the land use pattern (10 km radius) has been divided into four zones viz. Zone-I (0-2 km), Zone-II (2-5 km), Zone-III (5-10 km) and Zone-IV (0-10 km) respectively. The land use pattern of the study area falling within 10 km radius around the proposed project area is presented in Table no - 3.22. Village wise land use pattern is provided in Annexure-11.

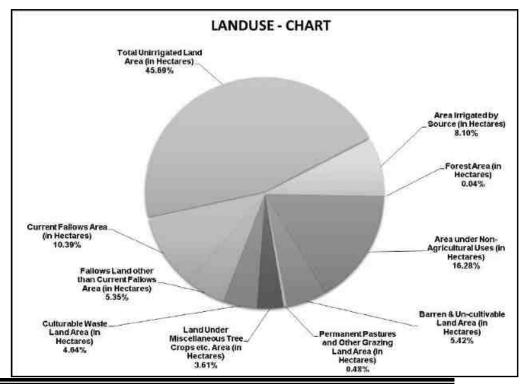
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Table 3.22: Land Use Pattern of the Study Area Falling Within 10 Km Area in (Ha)

VILLAGE NAME	Total Geographical Area	Forest Area	Area under Non- Agricultural Uses	Barren & Un- cultivable Land Area	Permanent Pastures and Other Grazing Land Area	Land Under Miscellaneous Tree Crops etc. Area	Culturable Waste Land Area	Fallows Land other than Current Fallows Area	Current Fallows Area	Total Un irrigated Land Area	Area Irrigated by Source
0- 2 KM	1323.55	0	197.97	122.77	9.98	172.35	5.6	88.52	290.88	334.22	101.26
2 - 5 KM	8790.53	0	1375.57	767.27	93.96	352.43	96.23	681.6	668.3	4070.23	684.94
5-10 KM	30134.48	14.09	4979.89	1291.37	87.81	930.16	1763.79	1381.69	3223.38	13986.69	2475.61
0-10 KM	40248.56	14.09	6553.43	2181.41	191.75	1454.94	1865.62	2151.81	4182.56	18391.14	3261.81

Figure 3.16: Landuse within the Buffer Zone Area





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### **BIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENT:**

Study of the biological environment of any area comprises of well-planned ecological survey for the floristic and faunal composition of the areas through various scientifically planned techniques.

### 3.5.1 FLORA:

An ecological survey of the study area was conducted with reference to listing of species and assessment of the existing baseline ecological conditions. The objective of the survey is as follows:

- Generate existing data from field observations of various terrestrial floristic occurrences.
- Collect secondary data from Government records as well as through discussion with Forest officials, knowledgeable public etc.,
- Compare the data with authentic past records to identify changes, if any.
- ❖ Identify the impact of project operations on the biological aspects.

To accomplish the above objectives, a general ecological survey covering an area of 10 km radius was conducted. The locations were identified for phyto-sociological aspects to assess the current status.

### 3.5.1.1 Sampling Methodology:

In order to provide representative ecological status for the study area, the 10-km radius buffer area has been divided into four quartiles for biodiversity sampling, i.e., NE (Q-1), NW (Q-2) SW (Q-3) and SE (Q-4). Each of the quartiles have been examined for representative flora on randomly sampled quadrats for trees (10x10 m), shrubs (5x5 m) and herbs (1x1 m) depending upon prevailing geographical conditions and bio-diversity aspects of study area.

Phyto-sociological Survey: Phyto-sociological parameters, viz., Abundance (i.e., density), average and minimum stems were measured to determine the distribution and ecological aspects of the species. Abundance is a measure of the density of distribution of an individual species within a given area. It is calculated by summed individuals of a species. Average species number is calculated for all quadrates; similarly, minimum number of individuals

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represented is recorded at quadrats level. A total of 5 quadrats were laid down in core area and a total of 20 quadrats were laid out in four quartiles (5 each) of buffer area.

Quadrats method for flora: A total of 100 x 100 m Grid was laid for buffer zone of 300m from Core Zone. In that grid 10 × 10m sub-quadrat were laid down randomly within core, PIZ and 10kms buffer area; each quadrat was laid to assess the trees (>5 cm GBH) and 5 × 5 m subquadrat nested within the quadrat for shrubs and two plot 1 × 1 m for herbs. The quadrats were laid apart to maximize the sampling efforts and minimize the species homogeneity, such as small stream area, Mining area, Woking pit, Old quarries, agricultural areas, tank bunds, farm forestry plantations, natural forest area, avenue plantations, house backyards, etc. In each sample quadrate, individuals belonging to tree, shrub and herb species were recorded separately, and have been identified on the field. The prevailing land use and habitat quality has been noted down for each location on the field.

Vegetation Analysis using index: Species diversity will be calculated by using Shannon and Wiener (1963) formula as follows:

$$H' = -\sum_{i=1}^{R} p_i \ln p_i$$

Whereas,

H' is Shannon index of general diversity,

 $P_i$  is often the proportion of individuals belonging to the ith species in the dataset of interest.

Evenness index was calculated as: E = H'/Hmax,

Whereas Hmax = log2 (number of species in the plot)

### A.CORE ZONE:

The lease area is a non forest, private land. The lease area is dominated with *Morinda tinctoria*, Cassia auriculata & Prosopis juliflora. The detailed list of plants found in the core zone are given in Table no - 3.23



Table 3.23: List of Floristic Species in the Core Zone in 15.145 HA

SI.No	Species Name	Common Name	Family
Trees			
1	Azadirachta indica	Vembu	Meliaceae
2	Morinda tinctoria	Nuna	Rubiaceae
3	Acacia leucophloea	Valvelam	Fabaceae
4	Prosopis juliflora	Cimaikkaruvel	Fabaceae
Shrubs			
1	Jatropha glandulifera	Vellaikattukottai	Euphorbiaceae
2	Lantana camara	Unni chedi	Verbenaceae
3	Calotropis gigantea	Yerukku	Apocynaceae
4	Cassia auriculata	Fabaceae	Aavarampoo
Herbs			
1	Tridax procumbens	Vettukai poondu	Asteraceae
2	Anisomeles indica	marutti	Lamiaceae
3	Acalypha indica	Kupaimeni keeri	Amaranthaceae

Table 3.24a: List of Floristic Species in the Core Zone in 3.425 HA

SI.No	Species Name	Common Name	Family
Trees			
1	Prosopis juliflora	Cimaikkaruvel	Fabaceae
2	Morinda tinctoria	Nuna	Rubiaceae
3	Acacia nilotica	Karuvelan	Fabaceae
Shrubs			
1	Calotropis gigantea	Yerukku	Apocynaceae
2	Jatropha glandulifera	Vellaikattukottai	Euphorbiaceae
3	Cassia auriculata	Fabaceae	Aavarampoo
4	Lantana camara	Unni chedi	Verbenaceae
Herbs			
1	Acalypha indica	Kupaimeni keeri	Amaranthaceae
2	Sida rhombifolia	Kurundotti	Malvaceae
3	Anisomeles indica	marutti	Lamiaceae

In the lease area is dominated with thorny bushes and local Nuna and Avaram. There are no rare, endangered, threatened ( RET) species were recorded and therer is no much diversity. Due to less species diversity in the lease area and tree species are common in the periphery of the lease area, no impact on the species diversity is envisaged.



### **C.BUFFER ZONE:**

The Dominated species in the buffer zone are Albizia lebbeck, Acacia auriculiformis, Sygygium cumuni, Borassus flabellifer, Azadirachta indica, Prosopis juliflora, etc. The detailed list of plants found in the Buffer zone is given in Table no -3.24.

Table 3.25: List of Floristic Species in the Buffer Zone

SI.No	Species Name	Family	Local Name		
	Trees				
1	Terminalia arjuna	Combretaceae	Marudha Maram		
2	Mangifera indica	Anacardiaceae	Maamaram		
3	Annacordium occidentalae	Anacordiaceae	Munthiri		
4	Delonix regia	Fabaceae	Gulmohar		
5	Annona squamosa	Annonaceae	Siththa		
6	Tamarindus indica	Fabaceae	Puli		
7	Musa paradisiaca	Musaceae	Valzhlai		
8	Terminalia catappa	Combretaceae	Badam Tree		
9	Murraya koenigii	Rutaceae	Curry leaf		
10	Cassia fistula	Fabaceae	Konrai		
11	Tectona grandis	Verbenaceae	Tekku		
12	Acacia leucophloea	Fabaceae	Valvelam		
13	Azadirachta indica	Meliaceae	Vembu		
14	Borassus flabelliformis	Arecaceae	Panna-maram		
15	Moringa oleifera	Moringaceae	Murungai		
16	Leucaena leucocephala	Fabaceae	Subabul		
17	Psidium guava	Myrtaceae	Коууа		
18	Peltophorum pterocarpum	Fabaceae	Kilukiluppai		
19	Madhuca longifolia	Sapotaceae	lluppai		
20	Casuarina equisetifolia	Casuarinaceae	Savukku		
21	Prosopis juliflora	Fabaceae	Seemai karuvel		
22	Cocus nucifera	Arecaceae	Tennai		
23	Pithecellobium dulce	Fabaceae	Kodukkapuli		
24	Albizia amara	Fabaceae	Vagai		
25	Manilkara zapota	Sapotaceae	Sappota		
26	Carica papaya	Caricaceae	Pappali		
27	Citrus limon	Rutaceae	Lemon		
28	Caesalpinia pulcherrima	Fabaceae	Mayilkondrai		
29	Aegle marmelos	Rutaceae	Vilvamaran		
30	Sygygium cumuni	Myrtaceae	Naval		
31	Mimusops elengi	Sapotaceae	Magizhamboo		
32	Acacia nilotica	Fabaceae	Karuvelan		
33	Acacia auriculiformis	Fabaceae	Pencile tree		
34	Ficus religiosa	Moraceae	Poarasamaram		
35	Morinda tinctoria	Rubiaceae	Nuna		
36	Ficus hispida	Moraceae	Aarasu		
37	Polyalthia longifolia	Annonaceae	Nietilingam		

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SI.No	Species Name	Family	Local Name
38	Thespesia populnea	Malvaceae	Puvarasu
39	Phyllanthus emblica	Euphorbiaceae	Nelli
40	Samanea saman	Fabaceae	Amaivagai
41	Delonix elata	Fabaceae	Perungondrai
42	Ficus benghalensis	Moraceae	Aalamaram
43	Pongamia pinnata	Fabaceae	Pungai
		hrubs	3
1	Nerium indicum	Apocynaceae	Arali
2	Ixora casei	Rubiaceae	Idlipoo
3	Tecoma stans	Bignoniaceae	Yellow trumpetbush
4	Lawsonia inermis	Lythraceae	Maruthani
5	Ricinus communis	Euphorbiaceae	Amanakku
6	Hibiscus rosa-sinensis	Malvaceae	Semparuthi
7	Lantana camara	Verbenaceae	nuni
8	Justicia adhatoda	Acanthaceae	Adathoda
9	Jatropha glandulifera	Euphorbiaceae	Vellaikattukottai
10	Ziziphus jujuba	Rhamnaceae	Elanthai
11	Calotropis gigantea	Apocynaceae	Earukku
12	Boerhaavia diffusa	Nyctaginaceae	Kagithapoo
13	Vitex negundo	Verbinaceae	Vanili
14	Cassia auriculata	Fabaceae	Aavarampoo
15	Datura metel	Solanaceae	Umatai
16	Aloe vera	Asphodelaceae	Chotthu kathalai
17	Sida cordifolia	Malvaceae	Sida plant
•	ŀ	Herbs	•
1	Sida acuta	Malvaceae	Palambasi
2	Achyranthes aspera	Amaranthaceae	Nayuruvi
3	Croton sparsiflorus	Euphorbiaceae	Poodu sedi
4	Andrographis paniculata	Acanthaceae	Kirayt
5	Boerhavia erecta	Nyctaginaceae	Erect spiderling
6	Acalypha indica	Amaranthaceae	Kupaimeni keeri
7	Ocimum tenuiflorum	Lamiaceae	Thulasi
8	Parthenium hysterophorus	Asteraceae	Parthenium
9	Argemone mexicana	Papaveraceae	Mexican poppy
10	Anisomeles malabarica	Lamiaceae	Peyimarutti
11	Solanum incanum	Solanaceae	Karimulli
12	Anisomeles indica	Lamiaceae	marutti
13	Solanum nigrum	Solanaceae	Manatthakalli
14	Leucas aspera	Lamiaceae	Thumbai
15	Tridax procumbens	Asteraceae	Vettukai poondu
16	Tephrosia purpurea	Fabaceae	Vayal poondu
17	Phyllanthus niruri	Phyllanthaceae	Keelzhaneeli
18	Cleome viscosa	Cleomaceae	Naai velai
19	Vinca rosea	Apocynaceae	Nithiyakalyani
20	Tragia involucrata	Euphorbiaceae	Kanchori
21	Solanum xanthocarpum	Solanaceae	Kandangkattari
22	Sida rhombifolia	Malvaceae	Kurundotti

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SI.No	Species Name	Family	Local Name		
23	Amaranthus viridis	Amaranthaceae	Creen amaranth		
	C	imbers			
1	Asparagus racemosus	Asparagaceae	Tannir-vittan		
2	Jasminum angustifolium	Oleaceae	Uccimalligai		
3	Abrus precatorius	Fabaceae	Kundumani		
4	Capparis rotundifolia	Capparaceae	Thoratti		
5	Coccinia indica	Cucubitaceae	Kovai		
6	Cissus quadrangularis	Vitaceae Piranda			
	Crops				
1	Musa paradisiaca	Musaceae	Valzhai		
2	Sorghum vulgare	Poaceae	Solam		
3	Sesbania grandiflora	Fabaceae	Agati		
4	Gossypium hirsutum	Malvaceae	Paruththi		
5	Capsicum annuum	Solanaceae	Red chilli		
	Grasses				
1	Kyllinga nemoralis	Cyperaceae	Velutta nirbasi		
2	Cyperus rotundus	Cyperaceae	korai pullu		
3	Chloris barbata	Poaceae	Kodai pullu		
4	Cynodon dactylon	Poaceae	Arugampillu		

There are no rare, endangered, threatened (RET) species and it is not rich in bio diversity, from the discussion with locals, it is observed that agricultural activities are almost absent in most of the areas due to poor soil quality, inconsistent rainfall, nonavailability of water, high labor cost, nonavailability of manpower, less yield and poor economics.

### 3.5.2 FAUNA:

**Methodology:** Both direct and indirect observation methods were used to survey the fauna. Point Survey Method was used to study the Bird diversity. Besides, discussion with local villagers Collection secondary data from Government records, published reports as well as through discussion with Forest officials, knowledgeable public were used for the study.

**Observation:** Domesticated animals like Cows, Buffalos, Dogs, Cats etc., are commonly found. The lease and 10 Km buffer zone does not fall in the Western Ghats ESA boundary. No wild mammalian species was directly sighted during the field survey. The list of fauna within the study area is given in Table No – 3.25.

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Table 3.26: List of Fauna in the Buffer Zone

S.No	Common Name	Scientific name	IWPA, Schedule
Mammals			
1	Common Indian Hare	Lepus ruficaudatus	IV
2	Indian Grey Mongoose	Herpestes edwardsii	II
3	Indian Palm squirrel	Funambuus palmarum	IV
4	Bonnet macaque	Macaca radiata	II
Birds	·		•
1	Purple-rumped Sunbird	Nectarinia zeylonica	IV
2	Cattle Egret	Bubulcus ibis	IV
3	Indian Cuckoo	Cuculus micropterus	IV
4	Little Egret	Egretta garzetta	IV
5	Common Crow	Corvus splendens	V
6	Spotted Dove	Streptopelia chinensis	IV
7	Rose-ringed Parakeet	Psittacula krameri	IV
8	Common Kingfisher	Alcedo atthis	IV
9	Common Quail	Coturnix coturnix	IV
10	Common Myna	Acridotheres tristis	IV
11	House Sparrow	Passer domesticus	IV
12	Black Drongo	Dicrurus macrocercus	IV
13	Common Babbler	Turdoides caudatus	IV
14	Little Cormorant	Phalacrocorax niger	IV
15	Red-vented Bulbul	Pycnonotus cafer	IV
	Re	ptiles	
1	Common Indian krait	Bungarus caeruleus	II
2	Rat Snake	Ptyas mucosa	II
3	Garden Lizard	Calotes versicolar	IV
	Amp	hibians	
1	Common Indian toad	Bufo melanostictus	IV
	Bu	tterfly	
1	Lemon pansy	Junonia lemonias	IV
2	Small grass yellow	Eurema brigitta	IV
3	Lime butterfly	Papilio demoleus	IV
4	Common crow	Euploea core	IV
5	Stripped or common tiger	Danaus genutia	IV

## 3.6 HYDROGEOLOGICAL STUDY:

This section delves into the study of the hydrogeological scenario of the study area to evaluate the impact of mining activities on the nearby areas. The study area is considered to understand the nature of the general hydrogeological conditions of the area.

The geology of the area and subsurface conditions have been interpreted based on the exploratory data collected from different agencies, like Geological Survey of India, Central Ground Water Board, Govt. of India, PWD department, etc. Intensive well inventory of the area have been undertaken to establish the groundwater flow regimes. The hydrogeological

properties of the aquifer existing in the study area have been evaluated through conducting aquifer performance test on representative wells. The test data has been analysed using standard computer aided techniques. The water table elevation map and aquifer parameters evaluated through pump test have been used to establish groundwater flow regime. The ground water resources potential and its utilization have been calculated as per GEC norms

### 3.6.1 PHYSIOGRAPHY AND DRAINAGE:

Physiography: The area applied for quarry lease exhibits almost plain topography covered by top soil and lime kankar formation. The limekankar formation is noticed below top soil. The general elevation of the QL area is 96 to 98 m aMSL.

**Drainage:** The area is almost flat and plain terrain with a gentle slope towards east. Kanjan Eri is adjacent to lease for that 50m safety has been left & Vari - Adjacent to lease, 50m safety has been left,. There are no Perennial Rivers in the vicinity.

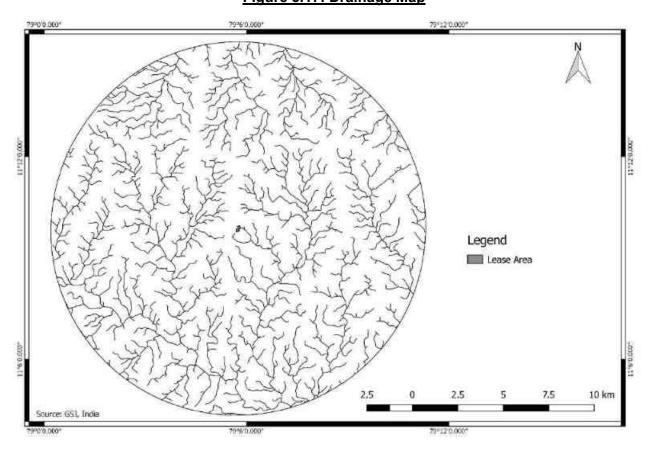


Figure 3.17: Drainage Map



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### 3.6.2 HYDROGEOLOGY:

### Regional Hydrogeology:

Ariyalur district is underlain by the geological formations ranging in age from Archaean to Recent excluding Tertiary. The important aguifer systems in the district are constituted by weathered and fractured crystalline rocks. Groundwater generally occurs under phreatic conditions in the weathered mantle and under semi-confined conditions in the fractured zones at deeper levels. The thickness of weathered zone in the district is in the range of 2 to 15 m.

The porous formations in the district include shales, sandstones and clays of Jurassic age (Upper Gondwana), marine sediment of Cretaceous age, sandstones of Tertiary age and Recent alluvial formations. As the Gondwana formations are well compacted and poorly jointed, the movement of groundwater in these formations is mostly restricted. Groundwater occurs under phreatic to semi confined conditions in the inter-granular pore spaces in sands and sandstones and the bedding planes and thin fractures in shales. In the area underlain by Cretaceous sediments, ground water development is rather poor due to the rugged nature of the terrain and the poor quality of the formation water. Quaternary formations comprising mainly sand, clay and gravels are confined to semi confined in the major drainage courses in the district. The maximum thickness of alluvium is 30 m whereas the average thickness is about 15 m. Groundwater in these formations is being developed by means of dug wells

The major aguifer systems in the district are constituted by (1) Basal crystalline rocks consisting mainly of Charnockites, Granites and Gneisses of Archaean age and (2) Sedimentary formations range in age from Cretaceous to Recent.

### **Alluvial Formations:**

In the river alluvium ground water occurs under water table condition. The maximum thickness is 37 m and the average thickness of the aquifer is approximately 12 to 15 m. These formations are porous and permeable, which have good water bearing zones.

### **Tertiary formation:**

Tertiary formations are mainly Cuddalore Sand stone, mottled ferruginous clays and pebbles. The ground water occurs in semi-confined conditions and confined conditions with good ground

water potentials in these aquifers. The Specific Capacity in the Tertiary formations ranges from 40 to 1627 lpm/m/dd.

### **Cretaceous formations:**

Cretaceous formations comprises white Sandy Limestones and Sandstones with fossils, Calcareous mottled Sand stones with fossils, Shell Lime stones, Clays, Sand stones with fossils, Basal Lime stone, Clays and Sandy beds with fossils. Ground water in the sandy clay lenses and fine sands underlain by white and black clay beds constitutes phreatic aquifers in the depth range 10.0 to 15.0 m below ground level. Phreatic aquifers in the limestone are more potential. The Specific Capacity in the cretaceous formation ranges from 18.77 to 90.66 lpm/m/dd.

### **Hard Rock formations:**

Hard rock formations include Charnockites, Granites and Gneisses traversed by Quartz and Pegmatite veins. Ground water occurs under water table conditions in weathered mantle and semi-confined conditions in fractured zones depend on the joints, fracture and its development.

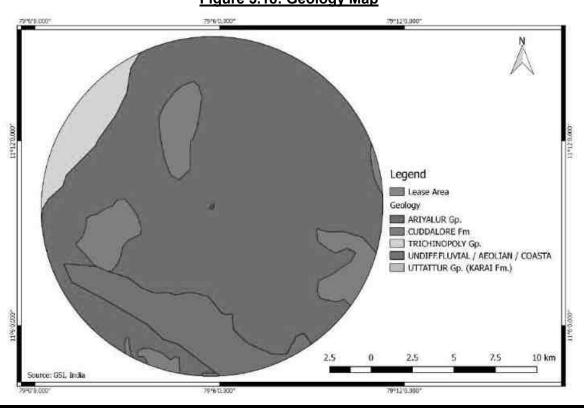


Figure 3.18: Geology Map



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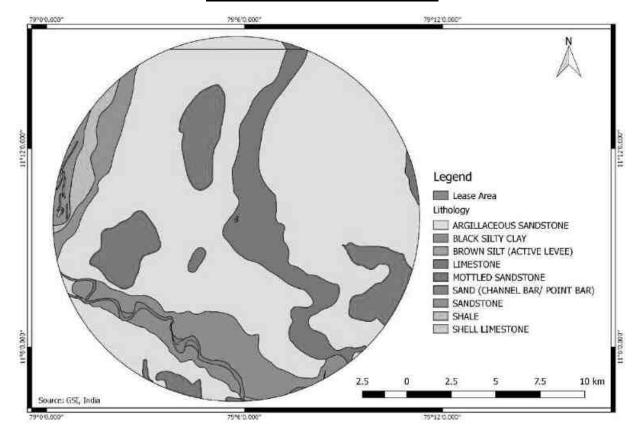


Figure 3.19: Geomorphology Map

<u>Lithology:</u> The lithological map of the buffer zone has been provided. From this, it is seen that the study area is mainly dominated by Garnet Biotite Geneiss. The lease area falls under acid to intermediate charnokite with regards to lithology.



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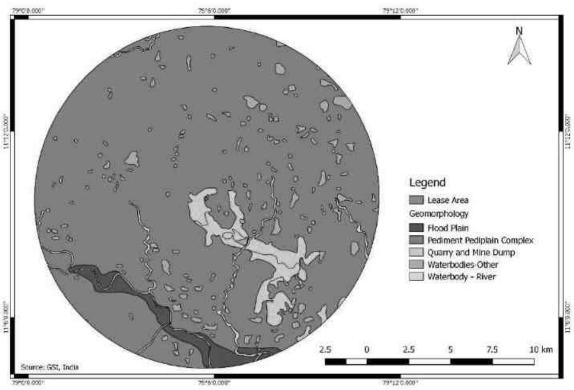


Figure 3.20: Lithology Map

Soil: The study area is characterized by Utisols, Inceptisol, Alfisols. The lease are falls under the category of Alfisols. The soil map is provided in Figure No.3.21.

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79"2"24.000" 79"12"0,000" 79"16"48.000" Legend Lease area kallakurichi ALFISOLS INCEPTISOLS VERTISOLS 2.5 10 km 7.5 79°16'48.500

Figure 3.21: Soil Map

# 3.6.3 WATER TABLE OF THE AREA:

The Groundwater levels from the 27 number of observation wells of TWAD in Ariyalur have been analyzed for Post-Monsoon and Pre-Monsoon. 5 years average Ground water level in m Below Ground Level for pre and post monsoon is as follows:

Table 3.27: Groundwater Level Pre Monsoon and Post Monsoon

	January	May
2017	28.8	31.7
2018	25.0	31.3

	January	Мау
2017	28.8	31.7
2018	25.0	31.3
2019	26.9	30.0
2020	26.1	29.1
2021	24.6	27.9
Average	26.3	30.0

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### **Ground water Condition in and around study area:**

The Hydrological setting of this area is characterized generally by two aquifer system, comprising a phreatic water table aquifer in the top layers in the cracks and pockets and a semi-confined one in the sandstone occur below the hard formation.

The water table aguifer is normally developed for domestic water supply and small irrigation needs, through dug wells, constructed in the past. However, most of the dug wells inventoried during the field study are observed in dry condition. The semi- confined aquifer is mostly developed through bore wells for agricultural purposes tapping this zone at depths of 60 to 80m. The over burden and limestone together could be grouped under one water table zone for hydrological purposes. These wells are recharged through The occurrence of groundwater mainly in the porous soil are weathered layers, very negligible amount of groundwater percolated through the poorly fractured layer, after that there is no existence of groundwater.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \*

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# CHAPTER - IV

# ANTICIPATED ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS & MITIGATION MEASURES



### **CHAPTER 4**

### ANTICIPATED ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS AND MITIGATION MEASURES

### 4.1 GENERAL

In these 2 projects Semi – Mechanized Open Cast mining without drilling & blasting will be carried out to quarry out Lime Kankar. Negligible environmental impact is envisaged from these projects due to the following reasons:

- Low quantum of production
- No Drilling and Blasting
- Less number of equipments of optimum capacity proposed to be used in this project.
- Shallow depth of mining

Due to the above-mentioned reasons, there is no adverse impact envisaged on the environment. However, an assessment of anticipated impacts on components like air, water, noise, land, transport etc. has been carried out and the details of the same are elaborated in this chapter.

### 4.2 AIR ENVIRONMENT:

### 4.2.1 IMPACTS DUE TO PROJECT OPERATION:

The existing ambient air quality in the area has been described in Chapter-III. The proposed mining and allied operations may cause deterioration of air quality due to pollution arising from the project operation if prompt care is not taken. The principal sources of air pollution in general due to mining and allied activities will be:

- Excavation of material.
- ❖ Movement of HEMM such as Excavators, tippers etc.
- Loading and unloading operation
- Transportation

Besides, Gas emission will occur as a result of operation of diesel driven mining equipment, compressors, transporting vehicles, etc.

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Particulate matter smaller than 10 microns, referred to as  $PM_{10}$ , can settle in the bronchi and lungs and cause health problems like Bronchitis, Emphysema, Bronchial Asthma, Irritation of mucus membranes of eyes, etc. Particles smaller than 2.5 micrometers ( $PM_{2.5}$ ), tend to penetrate into the lungs and very small particles (<100 nanometers) may pass through the lungs to affect other organs.

Besides the above-mentioned fugitive dust emissions, atmospheric pollution can occur as a result of emission of  $SO_2$ ,  $NO_x$ , CO etc., from diesel driven mining equipment, generator sets, etc. Larger suspended particles are generally filtered in the nose and throat and do not cause problems. Higher concentration of  $SO_2$ ,  $NO_x$ , CO may cause some health effect on the human beings exposed to it. The following measures will be adopted to control impact on the air quality due to mining operations in both the lease areas:

Table 4.1: Impact and Mitigation Measures – Air Environment

S.No	Activity	Consequence	Mitigation Measures		
			HEMM will be operated as per the manufacturer's guidelines		
		Dust	Enclosures for operator cabin.		
1	Excavation	emanation,	Imparting sufficient training to operators on safety and		
' '	and Loading	Gaseous	environmental parameters.		
		Emission	Proper maintenance of hauling equipments.		
			Avoiding overloading of dumpers.		
			Regular wetting of transport road using mobile water tanker.		
	Proper maintenance of haul road and other roads				
		Dust	Setting up of tyre wash facility in the transport road.		
2	Transportation	emanation,	Avoiding overloading of tippers		
	Transportation	Gaseous	Covering of loaded tippers with tarpaulins during transportation		
		Emission	Vehicular emissions will be controlled through regular and proper		
			preventive maintenance schedules and emissions tests are done		
			with diesel smoke meter equipment to ensure emission values.		
Dust Development of greenbelt / barriers around mine in			Development of greenbelt / barriers around mine in the safety		
3	3 Others emanation, zone and carrying out plantation within the lease				
3	Ouicis	Gaseous	Green netting will be carried out around the lease periphery on all		
		Emission	sides.		

Due to adoption of all these measures, no major impact on air quality is envisaged due to this proposed opencast mining operation.

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The impact on air quality due to the proposed project is estimated using AERMOD View Gaussian Plume Air Dispersion Model developed by Lakes Environmental Software which is based on steady state Gaussian plume dispersion. Details of the modeling study / estimation including the modeling technique and post project air quality values are elaborated in the following paras.

### 4.2.2 AIR QUALITY IMPACT PREDICTION:

The model simulations are done for the air pollutant arising from the mining operations, namely,  $PM_{10}$ ,  $PM_{2.5}$ . **Ground Level Concentration** (GLC) have been computed using hourly meteorological data.

**Table 4.2: Emission Sources** 

ACTIVITY	SOURCE TYPE
A. Mining operations	Open pit
B. Transportation	Line

### 4.2.2.1 Emission Factors

Quantification of particulate emissions has been carried out by the emission factor technique. Emission factor is a statistical average of the rate at which a pollutant is released during an activity. This factor when multiplied by the level of that activity in a given situation will give the overall effect. Fugitive emissions have been predicted by using standard equations given and suggested by AP-42, USEPA(1998), Coal S&T Project and for mining & allied activities and other factors. The modeling is done for the peak production to know the worst scenario. The details of the emission factors used for the same is provided below:

**Table 4.3: Emission Factors** 

S.No	Activity	PM10	PM2.5	Unit
1	Ore Loading	1.5 x 10 <sup>-3</sup>	2.1 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>	Kg/T
2	Topsoil Removal	0.0052	0.00058	Kg/T
3	Hauling inside lease area	0.19	0.019	g/VKT

### 4.2.2.2 Emission Rates:

Based on the emission factors, after adopting necessary control measures like dust suppression, Proper maintenance of HEMM, using better quality diesel, using latest equipment, proper maintenance of roads, etc. the expected emission rate due to various operations in this project is calculated and is given below:

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**Table 4.4: Emission Rate** 

	15.145 Ha Lease area		3.425 Ha Lease	
ACTIVITIES/POLLUTANTS	PM <sub>10</sub> (g/sec)	PM <sub>2.5</sub> (g/sec)	PM <sub>10</sub> (g/sec)	PM <sub>2.5</sub> (g/sec)
Ore Loading	0.020	0.003	0.009	0.001
Hauling inside lease area	0.077	0.011	0.026	0.004
Total	0.097	0.014	0.035	0.005

- **A.** *Emission Source Coordinates:* The center of mine was assumed (0, 0) in the mathematical modeling.
- **B.** *Meteorological Conditions Used In Predictions:* The hourly meteorological data has been generated for **Summer Season (March to May 2025)** and the same has been used in the predictions.

### 4.2.2.3 Results and Discussions

The results of the Peak GLC's for various environmental parameters with control measures are given below:

**Table 4.5: Peak Incremental Concentration** 

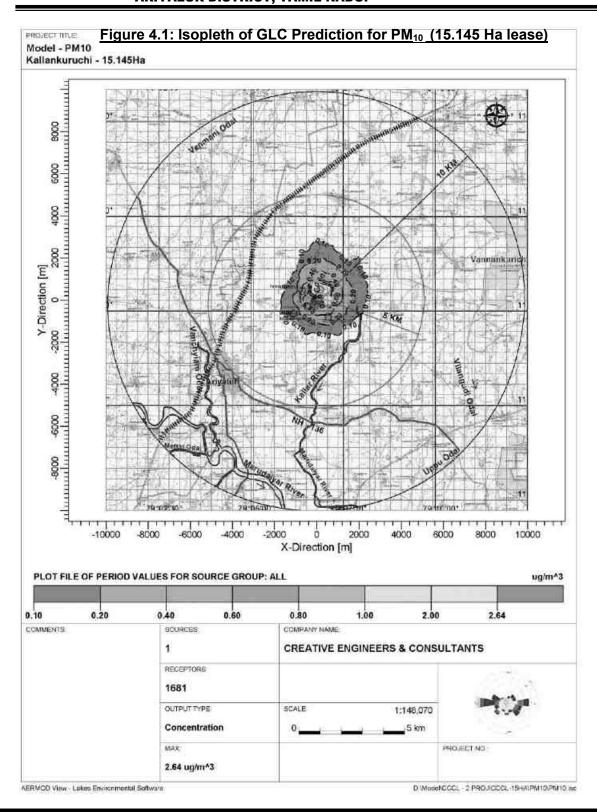
S.No	Parameters	Peak incremental concentration μg/m <sup>3</sup>		
		15.145 Ha Lease area	3.425 Ha Lease area	
1	PM <sub>10</sub>	2.64	0.80	
2	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.49	0.13	

It is observed that the peak incremental concentration for  $PM_{10}$ ,  $PM_{2.5}$  occurring very near the source. At away from the source the values are getting reduced due to dispersion effects. The Isopleths of  $PM_{10}$ ,  $PM_{2.5}$  concentrations for with control measures scenario have also been drawn and these are given in **Figure No.4.1** and **4.2**. The incremental and predicted concentrations at the locations of ambient air quality have been discussed in the following section.

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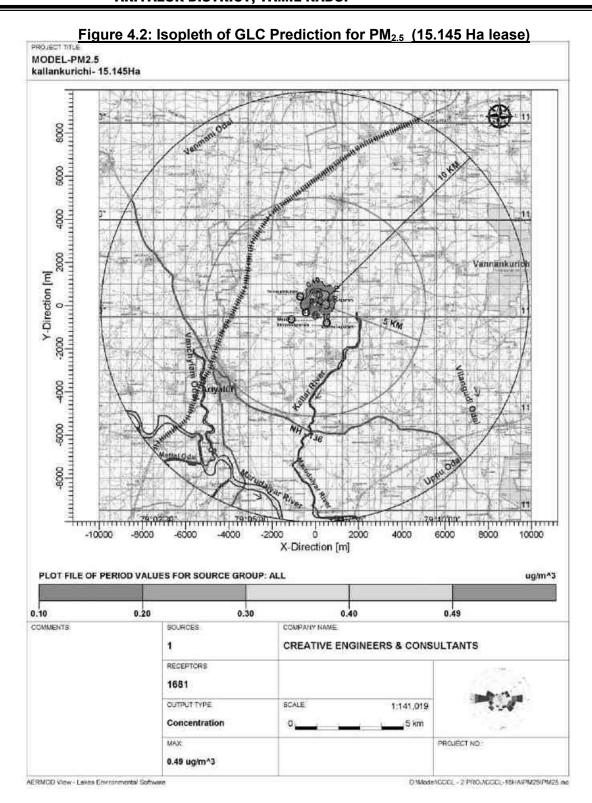




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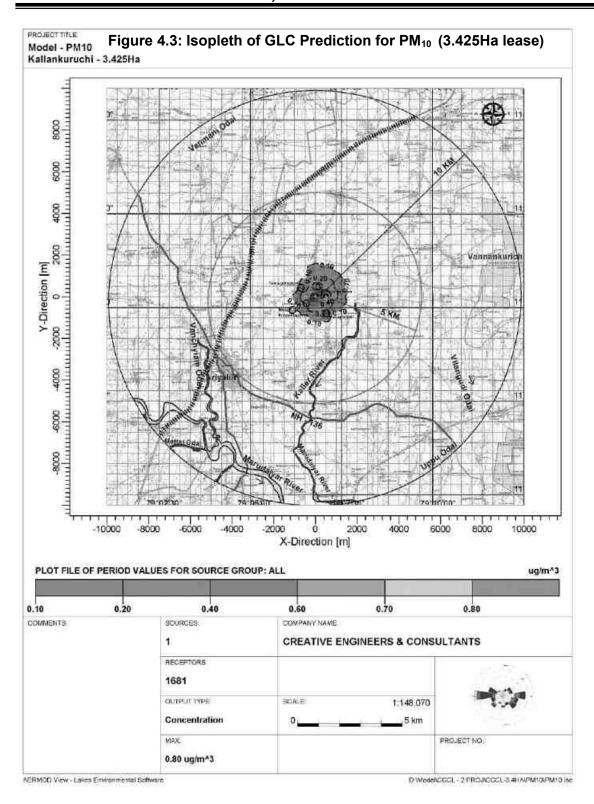
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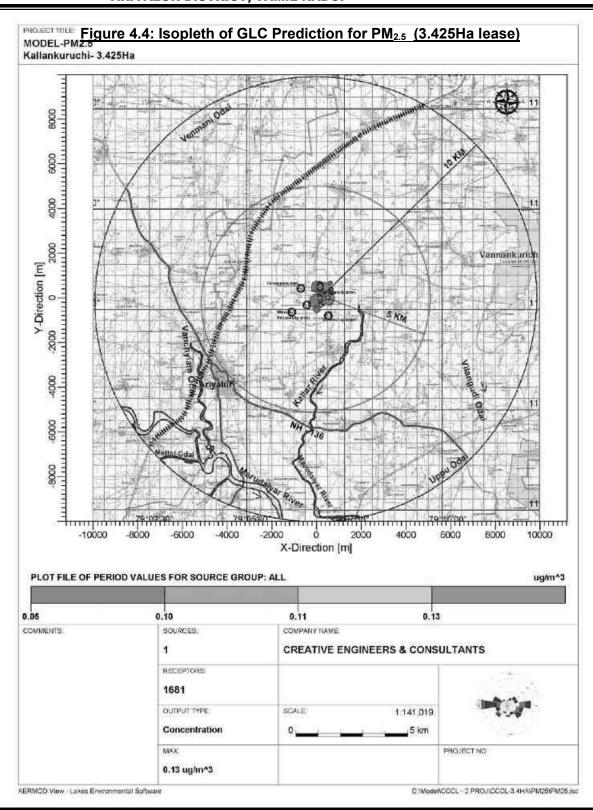


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### 4.2.2.4 Predicted Ambient Air Quality:

The post project Concentrations of PM10, PM2.5, (GLC) (base line + incremental) after adopting necessary control measures is given in Table No - 4.6 to 4.7.

Table 4.6: Concentrations Of PM<sub>10</sub> after Project Implementation

Values in μg/m<sup>3</sup>

		Backgrou _		15.145 Ha Lease area		3.425 Ha Lease area	
S. No	Location	nd Concentra tion	Incremental Conc	Post Project Conc	Incremental Conc	Post Project Conc	Statutory Limits
1	A1-Near Mine Lease Area	52.6	1.7	54.3	2.0	54.6	
2	A2-Thamaraikulam Village	61.7	<1.0	62.7	<1.0	62.7	
3	A3-Venkatapuram Village	56.6	<1.0	57.6	<1.0	57.6	100
4	A4-West Srinivasapuram Village	58.3	<1.0	59.3	<1.0	59.3	100
5	A5-Srinivasapuram Village	56.9	<1.0	57.9	<1.0	57.9	

Table 4.7: Concentrations Of PM<sub>2.5</sub> after Project Implementation

Values in μg/m<sup>3</sup>

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		Background	15.145 Ha Lease area		3.425 Ha Lease area		Statuto
S. No	Location	Concentrati	Incremental Conc	Post Project Conc	Incremental Conc	Post Project Conc	ry Limits
1	A1-Near Mine Lease Area	23.7	<1.0	24.7	<1.0	24.7	-
2	A2-Thamaraikulam Village	29.2	<1.0	30.2	<1.0	30.2	
3	A3-Venkatapuram Village	25.8	<1.0	26.8	<1.0	26.8	60
4	A4-West Srinivasapuram Village	26.8	<1.0	27.8	<1.0	27.8	00
5	A5-Srinivasapuram Village	26.2	<1.0	27.2	<1.0	27.2	

It can be seen that the resultant added concentrations with baseline figures that the values of ambient air quality with respect to PM<sub>10</sub> are in the range of 54.3  $\mu$ g/m3 to 62.7  $\mu$ g/m3 and with respect to PM<sub>2.5</sub> are in the range of 24.7  $\mu$ g/m3 to 30.2  $\mu$ g/m3 for 15.145 Ha lease area and the PM<sub>10</sub> are in the range of 54.6  $\mu$ g/m3 to 62.7  $\mu$ g/m3 and with respect to PM<sub>2.5</sub> are in the range of 24.7  $\mu$ g/m3 to 30.2  $\mu$ g/m3 for 3.425 Ha lease area which are within the statutory limits in each case.

Additionally, cumulative impact on air quality is assessed, and the details regarding the same has been provided below:



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**Table 4.8: Emission Rate - Cumulative** 

Activities	PM <sub>10</sub> (g/sec)	PM <sub>2.5</sub> (g/sec)
Ore Loading	0.029	0.004
Hauling inside lease area	0.103	0.015
Total	0.132	0.019

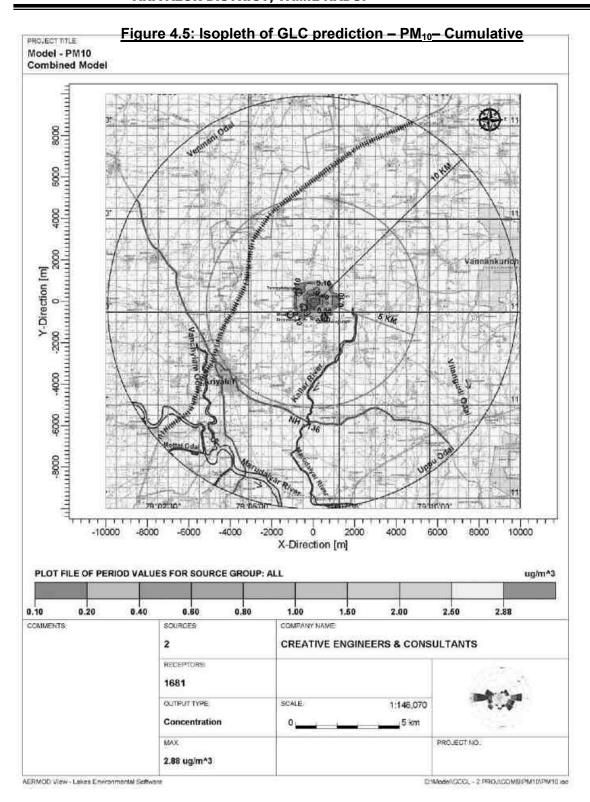
**Table 4.9: Peak Incremental Concentration- Cumulative** 

Parameters	Peak incremental concentration μg/m³
PM <sub>10</sub>	2.88
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	1.00

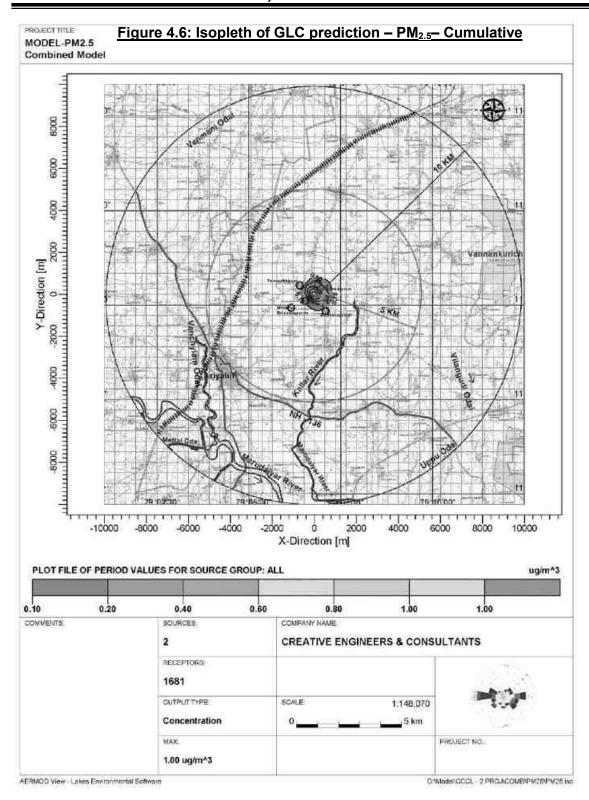


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The post project concentrations of PM10, PM2.5, (GLC) (base line + incremental) after adopting necessary control measures is provided below:

Table 4.10: Post Project Concentrations Of PM<sub>10</sub> -Cumulative

Values in μg/m<sup>3</sup>

S. No	Location	Background Concentration	Incremental Conc	Post Project Conc	Statutory Limits
1	A1-Near Mine Lease Area	52.6	2.8	55.4	-
2	A2-Thamaraikulam Village	61.7	<1.0	62.7	
3	A3-Venkatapuram Village	56.6	<1.0	57.6	100
4	A4-West Srinivasapuram Village	58.3	<1.0	59.3	100
5	A5-Srinivasapuram Village	56.9	<1.0	57.9	

Table 4.11: Post Project Concentrations Of PM<sub>2.5</sub> -Cumulative

Values in µg/m3

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S. No	Location	Background Concentration	Incremental Conc	Post Project Conc	Statutory Limits
1	A1-Near Mine Lease Area	23.7	1.0.0	24.7	-
2	A2-Thamaraikulam Village	29.2	<1.0	30.2	
3	A3-Venkatapuram Village	25.8	<1.0	26.8	60
4	A4-West Srinivasapuram Village	26.8	<1.0	27.8	00
5	A5-Srinivasapuram Village	26.2	<1.0	27.2	

The cumulative post project concentration with respect to PM10 is in the range of  $55.4~\mu g/m3$  to  $62.7~\mu g/m3$  and with respect to PM2.5 are in the range of  $24.7~\mu g/m3$  to  $30.2~\mu g/m3$  which are within the statutory limits in each case. For preservation of environment strict enforcement of management schemes and regular air quality monitoring will be undertaken for taking corrective actions, as needed. By adopting the effective implementation of all the mitigative measures, no adverse impact on Air quality due to the mining operation in these leases on cumulative basis is also expected.



### 4.3 WATER ENVIRONMENT:

### 4.3.1 WATER REQUIREMENT:

Total water requirement for the 2 projects will be 8.0 KLD each comprising 1.0 KLD for drinking water and domestic use, 5.0 KLD for dust suppression and 2.0 KLD for greenbelt. The water will be sourced from outside agencies. The water balance diagram for the same is shown in **Figure No 4.7.** 

WATER BALANCE DIAGRAM

TOTAL WATER REQUIREMENT (8.0 KLD)

DRINKING WATER (1.0 KLD)

DUST SUPRESSION (5.0 KLD)

GREENBELT (2.0 KLD)

Figure 4.7: Water Balance Diagram

### 4.3.2 SOURCES OF WATER POLLUTION:

The existing water environment showing water quality at different sampling stations in the area has been described in Chapter-III.

Direct impact on human beings due to poor water quality consequent to mining operation can lead to various water borne diseases like diarrhea, jaundice, dysentery, typhoid, etc. Besides, the polluted water may not be useful for animal or human consumption, vegetation and may affect aquatic life, if effluents are not properly treated to remove the harmful pollutants.

The major sources of water pollution normally associated due to mining and allied operations are:

- a. Domestic effluent.
- b. Washouts from stockpile if any.
- c. Disturbance to drainage course in the project area
- d. Generation of mine pit water pumped out from deeper workings if any.

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### 4.3.3 TREATMENT SCHEME:

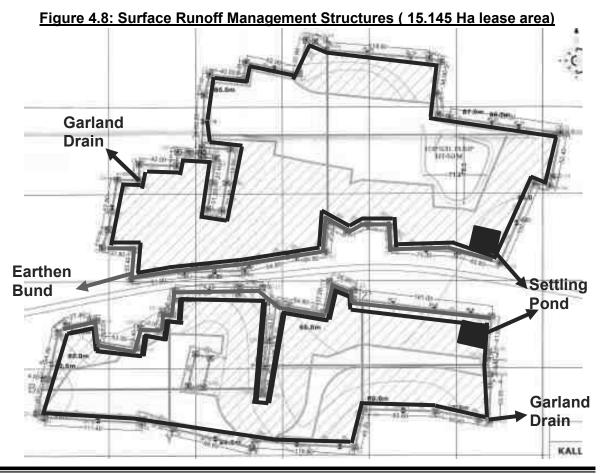
### A. Generation of domestic effluent:

The domestic sewage to be generated from the project will be collected in septic tank with soak pits.

### B. Washouts from overburden, ore stockpile, etc.

Since the entire material from the quarry face will be directly dispatched to the consumers, there will not be any stockpiles. Available Top soil will be stacked temporarily and used for plantation & other purposes. There are no waste dumps in this quarry. As such there will not be any wash out due to stock pile or waste dumps.

Ultimately mined out pit will act as a rainwater harvesting pond for augmenting the ground water potential. Towards surface runoff management, garland drain of length 3300m & 950 m respectively with respect to 15.145 Ha lease area & 3.425 will be constructed around the quarry and will be connected to a settling pond with silt traps. The supernatant clear water from the settling pond will be flow to the downstream users. The surface runoff management structures diagram is given in **Figure No 4.8.** 



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E-293900 E-293950 E-2940 293650 E-293700 E-293750 E-293800 E-293850 **Earthern Bund** N-1235300 Settling Pond WATER RESERVOIR N-1235250 N-1235200 Garlan Drain N-1235150 303500

Figure 4.9: Surface Runoff Management Structures (3.425 Ha lease area)

### C. Disturbance to drainage courses

There are no perineal water courses in both the lease areas. In the 15. 145 Ha lease area, Thangavelu Udaiyar Eri situated in S.F.No.50/1 is in the northern side, vari course is passing through the middle of the lease area, drainage channel passing in S.F.No.44/1, 2, 6, 10, 15, 18, 54/6, 7A & 7B from east to west & Sellamuthu Eri situated in S.F.No.62/10 in the eastern side.

Safety distance of 50m has been left based on precise area conditions. As a protective measures, an Earthen bund of 3 ft height will be constructed in the safety zone and it will be developed with plantation.

In the lease area of 3.425 Ha lease, Kanjan Eri in S.F.No.57/8 located in eastern side & a Vari is passing in northern side in S.F.Nos.40 & 57/1. Safety distance of 50m has been left based on precise area conditions. As a protective measures, an Earthen bund of 3 ft height will be constructed in the safety zone and it will be developed with plantation.

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These streams/ water bodies act more of the drainage arrangement and it remains dry for most the year. There is no proposal to discharge any effluent into this water body. No major impact is envisaged on the nearby water bodies due to project operations.

### PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE VARI

### **Drainage Channel**



### Sellamuthu Eri



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### D. Generation of mine pit water pumped out from deeper workings if any.

Mining operations are proposed to be quarried upto a depth of 2.70m & 2.30 m respectively for the 2 leases. The groundwater table in this area is much below this level. As such no groundwater intersection envisaged.

### 4.3.3.1 STAGE OF GROUNDWATER DEVELOPMENT

Details of hydrological scenario of the study area were given in para 3.6, Chapter – III. The groundwater resource data of Ariyalur district was obtained from the data provided in the technical report of the National Water Mission, Ministry of Jal Shakti, Department of Water Resources, RD&GR – Notes on Ariyalur District.



Table 4.12: Ground Water Resources Estimation – Ariyalur Taluk (Ha.m)

Net Groundwater Availability	Existing Gross Draft for Irrigation	Existing Gross Draft for Domestic and industrial water supply	Gross Draft for	Ground water	Category of Block
2877.84	1125.57	451.46	1577.03	55	Safe

From the table it is seen that the stage of groundwater development of Ariyalur where the study area falls is 55%. In view of this, this area can be categorized as 'Safe' from ground water development point of view. Thus there is scope for further ground water development.

### 4.3.4 REDUCING WATER CONSUMPTION OVER THE YEARS:

### 4.3.4.1 GENERAL METHODS:

Use of water will be monitored and used to the minimum required. Awareness will be spread to the employees about the importance of water conservation. Tap and showers will be turned off immediately after use and any leaks will be monitored and immediately controlled. Water requirement for greenbelt and dust suppression can be reduced by choosing the native plants/trees species with low water requirement and which can sustain in such conditions for greenbelt/ plantation and also optimum usage to the required minimum. While the dust suppression itself is an important method of pollution control for air pollution due to dust, the water consumption will be monitored strictly. The water tanker will be examined for any sources of leaks and if found will be immediately sealed so that water can be utilized for dust suppression effectively without loss.

### 4.3.4.2 RAINWATER HARVESTING PLAN

Since the lease proximate areas are with less water potential and the rainwater is the major source for replenishment of ground water, effective rainwater harvesting and other water augmentation measures are proposed in this project.

- a) Development of garland drain around the guarry connected to settling tank.
- b) Cleaning of drain periodically to prevent siltation
- c) The supernatant clear water from the settling pond will drain into the nearby drainage on the western side of the lease.
- d) Excess water, if any in consultation with local villagers and in line with government practices shall be provided to the downstream users.

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### 4.4 NOISE AND VIBRATION:

### 4.4.1 NOISE ENVIRONMENT:

The ambient noise levels in the study area have been discussed in Chapter - III. The data shows that the existing noise levels are within statutory tolerable limits. The impact prediction and control measure for noise environment due to mining and allied activities is described below:

### 4.4.1.1 IMPACT PREDICTION DUE TO NOISE:

Noise is one of the inevitable causes of pollution in mining operations, largely due to the extensive mechanization adopted. Besides, other operations such as movement of vehicles, etc., also produce noise of considerable magnitude in mining operations. The main sources of noise and expected levels are given below in **Table no – 4.9**.

**Table 4.13: Main Sources of Noise** 

SI.	Source	Inside	Noise level at dB(A)
No.		Cabin	10 m. from source
1	Shovel	84-91	59-68
2.	Dumpers/Tippers	87-96	75-85
3.	Drill	88- 95	75-83

Prolonged exposure to a high noise level is harmful to the human auditory system and can create mental fatigue, rebellious attitude, annoyance and carelessness, which may lead to neglect of work and also result in accidents. The impact of noise level as per World Health Organization's 1986 notification is given below in Table No - 4.10.

Table 4.14: Impact of Noise Levels

NOISE LEVELS	ADVERSE EFFECTS
90-115 dB	Partial deafness and nervous irritability
> 115 dB	Permanent deafness
Impulsive noise (>90dB)	Frightens livestock grazing in the nearby areas

OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration), USA and other similar organisations stipulate that noise level up to 90 dB(A) is acceptable for eight hours exposure Leq (Equivalent

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sound level) (8hrs) per day. The Directorate General of Mines Safety, in circular No. DG (Tech)/18 of 1975, has prescribed the noise level in mining occupations (TLV) for workers, in an 8 hour shift period with unprotected ear as 90 dB(A) or less.

In these 2 projects, there is no drilling and blasting involved. There will be hardly operation of 1 loader and 2 tippers in the lease area. Hence the effects of noise from the mining operation will be insignificant.

Noise Levels due to mining operations at the periphery of the mine lease itself will be less even without considering any attenuation factor. However, practically there will be attenuation due to vegetation etc., and as such there will not be any adverse noise propagation outside the lease boundary..

### 4.4.1.2 CONTROL MEASURES FOR NOISE ENVIRONMENT:

Hence, by following mitigative measures for noise control, the impact on noise levels will be insignificant:

- Planting rows of native trees along roads, around mine area and other noise generating centers to act as acoustic barriers.
- Sound proof operator's cabin for equipments like shovel, tippers, etc.
- Proper and regular maintenance of equipments may lead to less noise generation.
- Providing in-built mechanism for reducing sound emissions.
- Providing earplugs to workers exposed to higher noise level.
- Conducting regular health check-up of workers including Audiometry test for the workers engaged in noise prone area.
- Displaying the noise level status of operational machinery on the machines to know the extent of noise level and to control the time to which the worker is exposed to higher noise levels.

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### 4.5 LAND ENVIRONMENT:

The land use pattern at present and at the end of the quarrying period has been provided below.

Table 4.15: Land Use (15.145 Ha)

S.No	Land Use	Present Area (Ha)	Area in use – End of 5 years period (Ha)
1	Mining \Excavation	-	4.76
2	Infrastructure	-	-
3	Greenbelt and safety zone	-	10.385
4	Unutilized Area	15.145	-
5	Roads	-	-
	Total	15.145	15.145

Table 4.16: Land Use (3.425 Ha)

S.No	Land Use	Present Area (Ha)	Area in use – End of 5 years period (Ha)
1	Mining \Excavation	-	1.236
3	Greenbelt and Safety zone	-	2.189
4	Unutilized Area	3.425	-
	Total	3.425	3.425

Ultimately the mined out area will be used for rainwater harvesting and green belt development will be carried out in the safety zone.

### 4.5.1 LAND RECLAMATION:

No waste generation anticipated in the quarry operation since the entire excavated kankar will be used in the cement plant. Available top soil will be temporarily stacked and used for plantation and protective bund with plantation formation in the safety zone. Hence, there is no external overburden dump involved.

Table 4.17: Land Use During Post Operational Period (15.145 Ha)

S.No	Description	Land use (Ha.)				
3.NO		Plantation	Water body	Others	Total	
1	Quarrying Pit	-	4.76	-	4.76	
2	Infrastructure	-	-	-	-	
3	Green Belt & safety zone	10.385	-	-	10.385	
4	Roads	-	-	-	-	
	TOTAL	10.385	4.76	-	15.145	

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Table 4.18: Land Use During Post Operational Period (3.425 Ha)

S.No	Description	Land use (Ha.)				
3.NO	Description	Plantation	Water body	Others	Total	
1	Quarrying Pit	-	1.236	-	1.236	
2	Infrastructure	-	-	-	-	
3	Green Belt & safety zone	2.189	-	-	2.189	
4	Roads	-	-	-	-	
	TOTAL	2.189	1.236	-	3.425	

Entire mined out area will be properly fenced to prevent inadvertent entry of men and animals.

### 4.6 BIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENT:

### 4.6.1 EXISTING FLORA AND FAUNA:

Details of flora/fauna pattern in core and buffer zones have been described in chapter - III.

### 4.6.2 IMPACT OF MINING ON BIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENT:

The significance of impact on biological environment due to mining and allied activities on various fronts is described below:

Table 4.19: Impact on Biological Environment

S.No	ISSUES	OBSERVATIONS
3.110		
1	Clearance of vegetation due to mining and	Since the lease areas contain only thorny bushes & shrubs,
•	allied activities	clearance of major vegetation is not involved.
	Retardation of tree growth, tip burning, etc,	Necessary mitigative measures like dust suppression, proper
	due to deposition of dust and the	maintenance of equipment's, roads will be carried out to
2	Particulate matter generated from the	prevent dust generation.
	mining operation.	F
	Proximity to national park/ wildlife	The mining lease area and the 10 km buffer zone from the
_	Proximity to national park/ wildlife	periphery of the core zone is devoid of declared ecologically
3	sanctuary/reserve	sensitive features like national parks, biospheres, sanctuaries,
	forest/mangroves/Coastline/estuary/sea	etc.
4	Release of effluents into water body that	There is no proposal to discharge any effluent into nearby
4	also supplies water to wildlife	water bodies.
		Surface runoff management structures like garland drain,
		settling pond etc. as explained above will be constructed and
5	Proposed project could increase siltation	as such there will not be any appreciable impact on surface
	that would affect nearby biodiversity area	water quality which in turn can affect the bio diversity of the
		area.
		In the present ML area, there is no wetland. A migratory bird
6	Activities of the project affects the	needs sufficient wetlands with sufficient food, shelter, roosting
	breeding/nesting sites of birds and animals	
		places and nesting places which is not possible here.

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7	Located near an area populated by rare or endangered species	There are no Schedule I animals
8	Risk of fall/slip or cause death to wild animals due to project activities	In the post mining stage, barbed wire fencing is proposed all around the mined-out void to prevent falling of animals in the mine pits.
9	Project affects the forest-based livelihood/any specific forest product on which local livelihood depends	Not applicable
10	Project likely to affect migration routes	No migration routes are in the area.
11	Project likely to affect flora of an area, which have medicinal value	No such significantly important medicinal value species within the ML area and its nearby region.
12	The project likely to affect wetlands, fish breeding grounds, marine ecology	There are no any wetlands, fish breeding grounds, marine ecology nearby the ML area which will be affected due to this project.
13	Project affects the Agriculture, Forestry and Traditional Practices	Due to poor soil condition and non-availability of perineal water source, no major agricultural activity is carried out in and around the lease area. Only patches of plantation are observed in few places in the monsoon season based on water availability.
14	Impact on soil health and biodiversity	The lease area is covered with grasses and bushes only (Photograph of the site attached in Chapter-II). Besides, there is no waste generation, disposal or stacking involved in this project. As such no loss of soil health and Bio-diversity is expected.

There are no migratory corridors, migratory avian-fauna, rare endemic and endangered species. Therefore there shall be no impacts due to mining activity on them. Even though there are no adverse impact on bio diversity and flora/fauna status due to project operations, positive impacts will arise due to well-planned reclamation measures for restoration of land status in the area ultimately to productive land category with elaborately planned green belt development activities.

### 4.6.3 CONTROL MEASURES FOR BIOLOGICAL ASPECTS:

To reduce the adverse effects on flora/fauna status of the area due to deposition of dust generated from mining operations, mobile water tanker systems will be ensured in all dust prone areas to arrest dust generation. Methodical and well-planned plantation scheme will be carried out depending upon the immediate need, priority and availability of land. The plantation will be done along the lease boundary in a phased manner.

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### 4.6.4 GREEN BELT & PLANTATION:

In the lease area, safety barrier will be developed with greenbelt / Plantation to enhance the vegetative growth and aesthetic in the safety zone area. Its details are as follows:

**Table 4.20: Proposed Plantation** 

Value	No. of tress proposed to be planted		Name of the amoraida	
Year	15.145 Ha Lease	3.425 Ha lease	Name of the species	
I	500	500		
II	500	500	Dunani Vanai Vanahu	
III	500	-	Pungai, Vagai, Vembu, Manjal konrai, Naval, Puvarasu, etc.,	
IV	-	-		
V	-	-	Fuvarasu, etc.,	
Total	1500	1000		

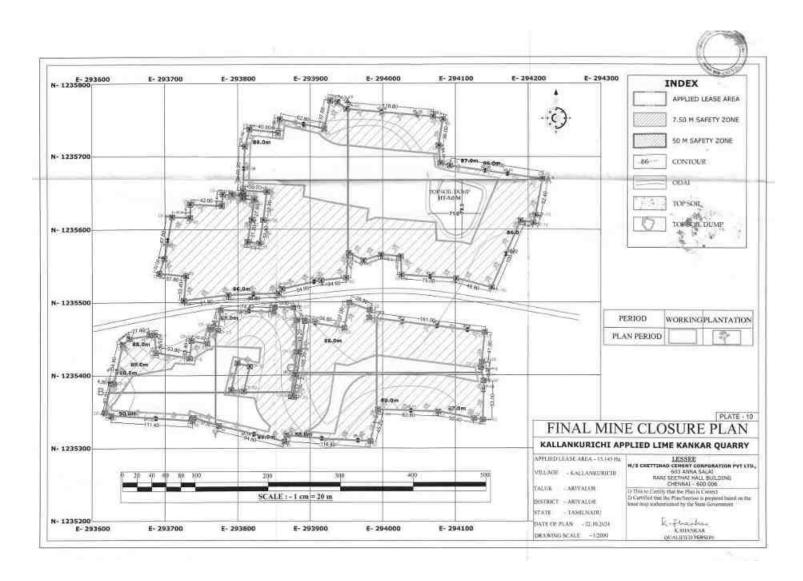
The post mining land use plan showing afforestation and water body is shown in **Figure No-4.10 & 4.11** 

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Figure 4.10: Mine Closure Plan - 15.145Ha



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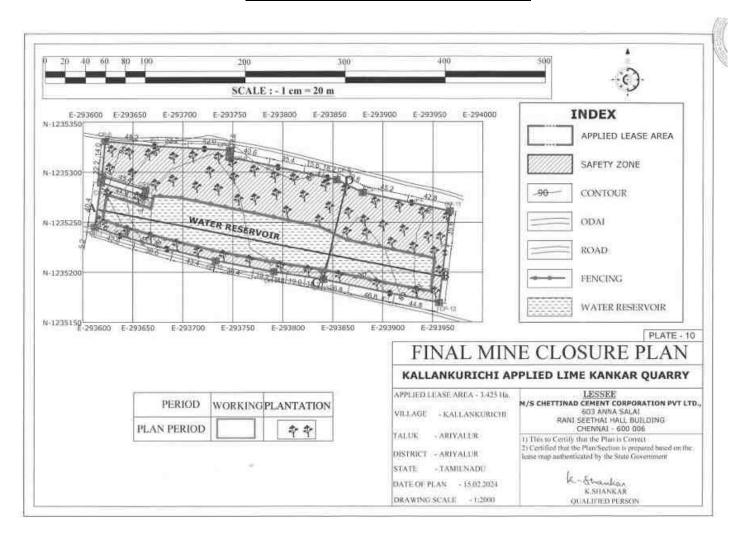
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Figure 4.11: Mine Closure Plan – 3.425Ha





### 4.7 SOCIO ECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT:

The entire lease area is in the proponent's possession. Hence, there are no habitations or hutments in the core zone area and no rehabilitation or resettlement problems will arise here. As already mentioned, the waterbodies/ vari in proximity to the lease area are not be disturbed by the proponent and sufficient safety barrier and protective measures has also been considered.

The mining operations in the 2 proposed mine will employ about 10 persons directly and about 50 persons on indirect basis through allied opportunities in logistics, trading, repairing works etc. good employment potential will arise in this area, which will provide raising income levels and standards of living in the area through various service related activities connected with the project operations as shown under.

- Project related logistical operations for transport
- Various trading services for consumer goods, spare parts, sundry items, etc.
- Contractual services connected with the project.
- Green belt and horticultural works in the project.
- Casual labor needs for various activities.

Besides, there will be improvement in the following aspects due to project operation:

- Improvement in infrastructural facilities, providing education aids etc. in nearby schools
- Betterment of drinking water facilities.
- Benefit to the State and the Central governments through financial revenues by way of royalty, tax, duties, etc from this project directly and also indirectly.

### 4.8 OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY:

Primary data collection through field survey conducted in the study area reveals that there is no reported incident of any occupational diseases in the area. Since simple shallow depth mining operations for a less production with less number of equipments to be carried out in this lease, with planned & safe mining practices and ensuring all precautionary measures as prescribed in

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Metalliferrous Mines Regulations of 1961 & in the EMP report , the impact on this front is expected to be insignificant.

### 4.8.1 MITIGATIVE MEASURES FOR SAFETY ASPECTS:

The following safety gadgets will be provided to the staff and workers based on their area of operation and work & requirement:

SI No	Safety Equipments
1.	Helmets
2.	Shoes
3.	Goggles
4.	Dust Mask
5.	Hand Gloves
6.	Reflective Jackets

### 4.9 LOGISTICAL SYSTEM:

The limekankar mined out from these leases will be transported to the cement plant of the proponent. The expected peak transport will be as follows:

**Table 4.21: Details of Transportation** 

Sl.no	Particulars of activity	15.145 Ha Lease	3.425 Ha lease
Α	Maximum Material Transported (T/year)	1,00,845	33,891
В	No of days in a year	300	300
С	Transport hours per day	8	8
D	Truck capacity in T	20	20
	Trips per hour	2 Trips/hr	<1 Trip hour

From the above table it is seen that there will be hardly about 3 trips per hour during the first year. Subsequently as the production will reduce in the forthcoming years, the number of trips will further reduce. The transport route can easily absorb this negligible traffic due to this project. Besides, the material production is more of a substitute for the dwindled production from the other leases of the company. As such no additional logistical impact is expected.

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The following mitigative measures are suggested for mitigation of adverse impacts on the logistical aspect of the project:

- ❖ Water sprinkling on material in the transport vehicles before transporting, so that no dust nuisance during transport will arise.
- Plantation on either side of the transport road in consultation with the concerned department.
- Proper maintenance of transport roads
- Proper maintenance of transport vehicles.
- Avoiding overloading of material
- Covering of loaded vehicles with tarpaulins sheet.
- Limiting of speed
- Provision of tyre washing facility at the mine outlet

### 4.10 WASTE MANAGEMENT:

**Solid Waste:** Since the entire mined out material will be used there will not be any solid waste generation from this project.

**Liquid waste:** There is no process effluent generation from this mine. Hence no liquid waste is generated.

**Hazardous waste management:** In this project the following management practices will be followed:

- Ensuring availability of different colour bins for collection of different types of waste.
- > Storing of Hazardous waste material in a separate storage area with impervious containers for waste oil, oil contaminated clothes, used lead acid batteries, scraps, tyre storage etc.
- Ensure that there are no leakages/spillages of hazardous wastes.
- > Ensuring that the fire extinguisher system is available at hazardous material storage area.



The hazardous waste if any will be disposed through authorized recyclers or re-processors periodically. The hazardous wastes will be transported in accordance with the provisions of rules. By effective implementation of above said mitigation measures no major impact due to Hazardous waste is expected.

**Plastic waste:** Single use plastics/ use and throwaway plastics will be banned in the site as directed by the Tamil Nadu Government vide GO(Ms)No.84 regarding ban on use of plastic products. The employees will be encouraged to use compostable material or reusable material.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

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## CHAPTER - V

# ANALYSIS OF ALTERNATIVES (TECHNOLOGY & SITE)



### **CHAPTER 5**

### **ANALYSIS OF ALTERNATIVES**

### **5.1 ALTERNATE TECHNOLOGY:**

In this proposed quarry Semi – Mechanized Open Cast mining without drilling and blasting will be carried out. As this method is techno economically proven, consideration of an alternate technology is not warranted.

### **5.2 ALTERNATE SITE:**

The mineral deposits are site specific in nature; hence question of seeking alternate site does not arise.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

Creating Possibilities

## CHAPTER - VI

## ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAMME



### **CHAPTER 6**

### **ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAMME**

### 6.1 GENERAL

In these project, appropriate environmental monitoring programme are framed. Regular, systematic and sustained programme schedules for implementation and monitoring of various control measures are devised with clear cut guidelines of various concerned plans for keeping a continuous surveillance on the various environmental quality parameters in the area.

The monitoring schedules are planned to aim at regular and systematic study of various pollution levels with respect to air and water quality, noise levels etc., to ensure that they conform to the standards laid down by the Environment Protection Act, 1986 and various Central and State Pollution Control Board Limits.

The various methodologies and frequency of studies of all environmental quality parameters will be as per prescribed norms laid down by MOEF&CC and State Pollution Control Board. This being a small quarry operation, the Mines in-charge will take care of all the day to dat environmental related works also.

Environmental control measures include components like air, water and soil quality, noise levels, afforestation measures, etc. For monitoring of environment over the life of the mine, a set of stations for study of quality parameters are fixed as per the actual requirements and prevailing conditions of environmental factors, as dictated from time to time, depending on the prevailing pollution levels.

### 6.2 MONITORING SCHEDULES FOR VARIOUS PARAMETERS

The monitoring schedules are planned for systematic study of various pollution levels with respect to air and water qualities, noise levels, etc. to ensure that they conform to the standards laid down by Environmental Protection Act and various statutory Limits. However, based on the need and priority it may be suitably modified / improved in consultation with local authorities. Since the 2 leases are in the same cluster of the same owner, the monitoring schedules are devised on a common basis & are given below.

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**Table 6.1: Environmental Monitoring Schedule** 

S.No	Environmental Parameters	Parameters to be monitored	Monitoring area coverage /locations	Frequency of monitoring
1	Air Quality	Sulphur dioxide (SO <sub>2</sub> ), Oxides of Nitrogen (NO <sub>2</sub> ), Respirable Particulate Matter (PM <sub>2.5</sub> and PM <sub>10</sub> ).	2 locations in the buffer zone and 1 work zone location in each lease.	Yearly Once
2	Water Quality	General, Physical, and chemical parameters	Ground Water samples 2 nearby locations (around the project area)	Pre and Post Monsoon
3	Noise	Leq. Lmax Lmin, Leq Day & Leq Night dB(A)	2 locations in the buffer zone and 1 work zone location in each lease	Yearly Once
4	Socio Economic Environment	Socio Economic Survey, Review of implementation of CER activities proposed	Buffer Zone	Yearly basis
5	Occupational Health	Occupational health survey to detect early incidence of diseases, Audiometry Test for workers in noise prone area and review of safety matters.	Staff and Workers involved in the project	Once in a year
6	Greenbelt	Maintenance	Within the lease area	Regularly

### 6.3 LEGISLATIVE AND REGULATORY FRAME WORK:

Chettinad Cement Corporation is having its own Environment Health & Safety policy declaring its responsibility and commitment to protect the environment and to ensure public safety. The existing policy will be available with all concerned officials of the plant. The following environmental standards as per methodologies prescribed, by MOEF/CPCB/TNPCB will be enforced in these projects:



**Table 6.2: Environmental Standards** 

Standards	Issued By	Reference
National Ambient Air Quality Standards	Central Pollution Control Board	Table No. 6.3
Water quality standards per IS 10500:2012	Bureau of Indian Standards	Table No.6.4
Noise Standards	CPCB / MoEF&CC	Table No.6.5
Permissible Peak Particle Velocity	DGMS, Dhanbad	Table No.6.6

**Table 6.3: National Ambient Air Quality Standards** 

NPT [[] - 127E-4] भारत भार राजपत्र : असाधारण NATIONALAMBIENTAIR QUALITY STANDARDS CENTRAL POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD NOTIFICATION New Delhi, the 18th November, 2009

No. B-29016/20199/PCI-L-In exercise of the powers coefferred by Sub-section (2) (b) of section 16 of the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 (Act No.14 of 1981), and in supersession of the Notification No(s). S.O. 384(E), dated 11th April, 1994 and S.O. 935(E), dated 14th October, 1998, the Central Pollution Control Board hereby notify the National Ambient Air Quality Standards with immediate effect, namely:-

### NATIONAL AMBIENT AIR QUALITY STANDARDS

5.	Pollatant	Time Weighted	Concentrat	ion in Ambient A	ir
No.		Average	Industrial, Residential, Rural and Other Area	Ecologically Sensitive Area (notified by Central Government)	Methods of Measurement
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1	Sulphur Dioxide (SO <sub>2</sub> ), µg/m <sup>3</sup>	Annusi* 24 hours**	50 80	20 80	- Improved West and Gaske -Ultraviolet fluorescence
2	Nitrogen Dioxide (NO <sub>2</sub> ), ag/m <sup>2</sup>	Annual* 24 bours**	40 80	30	Modified Jacob &     Hoolthriser (Na.     Arsenite)     Chemitaminescence
3	Particulate Matter (size less than 10µm) or PM <sub>m</sub> µg/m <sup>3</sup>	Annual* 24 hours**	60 100	100	Gravimetric     TOEM     Beta attenuation
4	Particular Matter (size less than 2.5µm) or PM <sub>3.5</sub> µg/m <sup>3</sup>	Annual* 24 hours**	40 60	40 60	Gravimetric     TOEM     Beta attenuation
5	Ozone (Oz) µg/m²	8 hours**	100	100	UV photometric     Chemisleninescence     Chemisal Method
6	Lead (Ph) yig/m	Annual* 24 hours**	0.50	0.50	- AAS/ICP method after sampling on EPM 2000 or equivalent filter paper     - ED-XRF using Tellon filter
7	Carbon Monoxide (CO) mg/m <sup>3</sup>	8 hours**  1 hours**	02	02	- Non Dispersive Infra Red (NDIR) spectroscopy
8	Ammonsu (NH <sub>2</sub> ) µg/m <sup>3</sup>	Annual* 24 hours**	100 400	100 400	-Chemiluminescence -Indophenol blue method

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(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
9	Benzene (C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>6</sub> ) µg/m <sup>3</sup>	Annual*	05	05	Gas chromatography based continuous analyzer     Adsorption and     Desorption followed by GC analysis
10	Benzo(o)Pyrene (BaP) - particulate phase only, ag/m <sup>3</sup>	Annual*	01	01	Solvent extraction     followed by HPLC/GC     analysis
11	Arsenic (As), ng/m²	Annual*	06	06	<ul> <li>AAS /ICP method after sampling on EPM 2000 or equivalent filter paper</li> </ul>
12	Nickel (Ni), ng/m <sup>3</sup>	Annual*	20	20	- AAS /ICP method after sampling on EPM 2000 or equivalent filter paper

- Annual arithmetic mean of minimum 104 measurements in a year at a particular site taken twice a week 24 hourly at uniform intervals.
- 24 hourly or 08 hourly or 01 hourly monitored values, as applicable, shall be complied with 98% of the time in a year. 2% of the time, they may exceed the limits but not on two consecutive days of monitoring.

Note. - Whenever and wherever monitoring results on two consecutive days of monitoring exceed the limits specified above for the respective category, it shall be considered adequate reason to institute regular or continuous monitoring and further investigation.

> SANT PRASAD GAUTAM, Chairman [ADVT-HI/4/184/09/Exty.]

The notifications on National Ambient Air Quality Standards were published by the Central Pollution Control Board in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary vide notification No(s). S.O. 384(E), dated 11th April, 1994 and S.O. 935(E), dated 14th October, 1998.



### Table 6.4: IS - 10500 :2012 Standards

Table 1 Organoleptic and Physical Parameters (Foreword and Clause 4)

SI No.		Requirement (Acceptable Limit)	Permissible Limit in the Absence of Alternate Source	Method of Test, Ref to Part of IS 3025	Remarks
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
i)	Colour, Hazen units, Max	5	15	Part 4	Extended to 15 only, if toxic substances are not suspected in absence of alternate sources
ii)	Odour	Agreeable	Agreeable	Part 5	<ul> <li>a) Test cold and when heated</li> <li>b) Test at several dilutions</li> </ul>
iii)	pH value	6.5-8.5	No relaxation	Part 11	
įv)	Taste	Agreeable	Agreeable	Parts 7 and 8	Test to be conducted only after safety has been established
v)	Turbidity, NTU, Max	1	5	Part 10	The Annual Control of
vi)	Total dissolved solids, mg/l, Max	500	2 000	Part 16	7프로

NOTE — It is recommended that the acceptable limit is to be implemented. Values in excess of those mentioned under 'acceptable' render the water not suitable, but still may be tolerated in the absence of an alternative source but up to the limits indicated under 'permissible limit in the absence of alternate source' in col 4, above which the sources will have to be rejected.



Table 2 General Parameters Concerning Substances Undesirable in Excessive Amounts (Foreword and Clause 4)

(1) (2) (3)  i) Aluminium (as Al), mg/l, Max 0.03  ii) Ammonia (as total ammonia-N), 0.5 mg/l, Max  iii) Anionic detergents (as MBAS) 0.2 mg/l, Max  iv) Barium (as Ba), mg/l, Max 0.7  v) Boron (as B), mg/l, Max 0.5 vi) Calcium (as Ca), mg/l, Max 75 vii) Chloramines (as Cl <sub>2</sub> ), mg/l, Max 4.0  viii) Chloride (as Cl), mg/l, Max 250 ix) Copper (as Cu), mg/l, Max 0.05	No relaxation  1.0  No relaxation  1.0  No relaxation  1.0  200  No relaxation	(5) IS 3025 (Part 55) IS 3025 (Part 34) Annex K of IS 13428 or IS 15302 IS 3025 (Part 57)	
ii) Ammonia (as total ammonia-N), mg/l, Max iii) Anionic detergents (as MBAS) 0.2 mg/l, Max iv) Barium (as Ba), mg/l, Max 0.7 v) Boron (as B), mg/l, Max 0.5 vi) Calcium (as Ca), mg/l, Max 75 vii) Chloramines (as Cl <sub>2</sub> ), mg/l, Max 4.0 viii) Chloride (as Cl), mg/l, Max 250	No relaxation 1.0 No relaxation 1.0 200	IS 3025 (Part 34)  Annex K of IS 13428  Annex F of IS 13428 or IS 15302 IS 3025 (Part 57)	
mg/l, Max iii) Anionic detergents (as MBAS) 0.2 mg/l, Max iv) Barium (as Ba), mg/l, Max 0.7  v) Boron (as B), mg/l, Max 0.5 vi) Calcium (as Ca), mg/l, Max 75 vii) Chloramines (as Cl <sub>2</sub> ), mg/l, Max 4.0 viii) Chloride (as Cl), mg/l, Max 250	1.0 No relaxation 1.0 200	Annex K of IS 13428 Annex F of IS 13428 or IS 15302 IS 3025 (Part 57)	
mg/l, Max iv) Barium (as Ba), mg/l, Max 0.7 v) Boron (as B), mg/l, Max 0.5 vi) Calcium (as Ca), mg/l, Max 75 vii) Chloramines (as Cl <sub>2</sub> ), mg/l, Max 4.0 viii) Chloride (as Cl), mg/l, Max 250	No relaxation 1.0 200	Annex F of IS 13428 or IS 15302 IS 3025 (Part 57)	
v) Boron (as B), mg/l, Max 0.5 vi) Calcium (as Ca), mg/l, Max 75 vii) Chloramines (as Cl <sub>2</sub> ), mg/l, Max 4.0 viii) Chloride (as Cl), mg/l, Max 250	1.0 200	or IS 15302 IS 3025 (Part 57)	
vi)         Calcium (as Ca), mg/l, Max         75           vii)         Chloramines (as Cl <sub>2</sub> ), mg/l, Max         4.0           viii)         Chloride (as Cl), mg/l, Max         250	200		
vii) Chloramines (as Cl <sub>2</sub> ), mg/l, Max 4.0 viii) Chloride (as Cl), mg/l, Max 250		the state of the s	
viii) Chloramines (as Cl <sub>3</sub> ), mg/l, Max 4.0 viii) Chloride (as Cl), mg/l, Max 250	No relaxation	IS 3025 (Part 40)	_
		IS 3025 (Part 26)* or APHA 4500-Cl G	-
ix) Copper (as Cu), mg/l, Max 0.05	1 000	IS 3025 (Part 32)	1-
	1.5	IS 3025 (Part 42)	
x) Fluoride (as F) mg/l, Max 1.0	1.5	IS 3025 (Part 60)	
xi) Free residual chlorine, mg/l, Min 0.2	T	IS 3025 (Part 26)	To be applicable only when water is chlorinated. Tested
xii) Iron (as Fe), mg/l, Max 0.3	No relaxation	IS 3025 (Part 53)	at consumer end. When protection against viral infec- tion is required, it should be minimum 0.5 mg/l Total concentration of man- ganese (as Mn) and iron (as Fe) shall not exceed 0.3 mg/l
xiii) Magnesium (as Mg), mg/l, Max 30	100	IS 3025 (Part 46)	
xiv) Manganese (as Mn), mg/l, Max 0.1	0.3	IS 3025 (Part 59)	Total concentration of man- ganese (as Mn) and iron (as Fe) shall not exceed 0.3 mg/l
xv) Mineral oil, mg/l, Max 0.5	No relaxation	Clause 6 of 1S 3025 (Part 39) Infrared partition method	_
xvi) Nitrate (as NO <sub>2</sub> ), mg/l, Max 45	No relaxation	IS 3025 (Part 34)	-
xvii) Phenolic compounds (as C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> OH), 0.001 mg/l, Max	0.002	IS 3025 (Part 43)	: <del>-</del> -
xviii) Selenium (as Se), mg/l, Max 0.01	No relaxation	IS 3025 (Part 56) or IS 15303*	_
xix) Silver (as Ag), mg/l, Max 0.1	No relaxation	Annex J of IS 13428	_
xx) Sulphate (as SO <sub>a</sub> ) mg/l, Max 200	400	IS 3025 (Part 24)	May be extended to 400 pro- vided that Magnesium does not exceed 30
xxi) Sulphide (as H,S), mg/l, Max 0.05	No relaxation	IS 3025 (Part 29)	_
xxii) Total alkalinity as calcium 200 carbonate, mg/l, Max	600	IS 3025 (Part 23)	
xxiii) Total hardness (as CaCO <sub>3</sub> ), 200 mg/l, Max	600	IS 3025 (Part 21)	0=0
xxiv) Zinc (as Zn), mg/l, Max 5	15		

### NOTES

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<sup>1</sup> In case of dispute, the method indicated by '\*' shall be the referee method.

<sup>2</sup> It is recommended that the acceptable limit is to be implemented. Values in excess of those mentioned under 'acceptable' render the water not suitable, but still may be tolerated in the absence of an alternative source but up to the limits indicated under 'permissible limit in the absence of alternate source' in col 4, above which the sources will have to be rejected.



**Table 6.5: Noise Level Standards** 

Area Code	Category of Area	Limits in dB(A) Leq	
		Day Time	Night Time
(A)	Industrial area	75	70
(B)	Commercial area	65	55
(C)	Residential area	55	45
(D)	Silence Zone	50	40

### Note:

- 1. Day time shall mean from 6 a.m. and 10.0 p.m.
- 2. Night time shall mean from 10.0 p.m. and 6 a.m.
- 3. Silence zone is an area comprising not less than 100 meters around hospitals, educational institutions, courts, religious places or any other area which is declared as such by the competent authority.
- 4. Mixed categories of areas may be average as one of the four above mentioned categories by the competent authority.
- \* dB(A) Leq denotes the time weighted average of the level of sound in decibels on scale A which is relatable to human hearing.

A "decibel" is a unit in which noise is measured.

"A", in dB(A) Leq, denotes the frequency weighting in the measurement of noise and corresponds to frequency response characteristics of the human ear.

Leg: It is energy mean of the noise level over a specified period.

Table 6.6: Permissible Noise For Industrial Workers As Laid Down By CPCB

Exposure time (in hr. per day)	Limit in dB(A)	
8	90	
4	93	
2	96	
1	99	
1/2	102	
1/4	105	
1/8	108	
1/16	111	
1/32	114	

c



### 6.4 ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING COST:

For environmental monitoring budgetary allocation is also made. Further details of the capital and recurring cost of environmental management has been provided in in Table No. 10.2, Chapter-X.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

## CHAPTER - VII

### ADDITIONAL STUDIES



### CHAPTER 7 ADDITIONAL STUDIES

#### 7.1 GENERAL:

The additional studies covered for this EIA / EMP report are:

- 1. Public consultation of the project as per MoEF&CC mandates.
- 2. Cumulative Impact Study
- 3. Risk Assessment
- 4. R&R Plan
- 5. Mine closure planning

#### 7.2 PUBLIC CONSULTATION:

This draft EIA/EMP report will be exposed to public consultation as per mandatory procedures through the District Collector and State Pollution Control Board officials after giving 30 days advance notice in two local newspapers about the scheduled date and time for conduct of the public hearing procedures. The opinions, concerns and objections of stakeholders will be recorded during the public hearing. All the public queries and the replies to the query by the project proponent and officials concerned will be recorded and incorporated in the EIA/EMP report for approval by SEIAA, Tamil Nadu.

#### 7.3 RISK ASSESSMENT:

In this project no major risk is envisaged as it is a very simple operation of small magnitude with less period of working. However, a risk analysis is carried out and given below:

S.No	Factors	Causes of risks	Control measures
1.	Removal of material	<ul><li>a) Bench may slide due to its unconsolidated nature.</li><li>b) Vibration due to movement of vehicles in the benches.</li></ul>	project.
2.	Drilling	a) Due to high pressure of compressed air hoses may burst.	No drilling is involved in this project.



S.No	Factors	Causes of risks	Control measures
		b) Down the hole drill rod may break due to improper maintenance of rod.	
3.	Blasting	<ul><li>a)Fly rock, ground vibration, noise etc.</li><li>b) Improper charging of explosives</li></ul>	No blasting is involved in this project.
4.	Excavation of Ore	a)Hauling and loading equipment are in such proximity while excavation b)Swinging of bucket over the body of tipper c) Driving of unauthorized person	<ul> <li>Operator shall not operate the machine when person &amp; vehicles are in such proximity.</li> <li>Shall not swing the bucket over the cab and operator leaves the machine after ensuring the bucket is on ground.</li> <li>Shall not allow any unauthorized person to operate the machine by effective supervision.</li> </ul>
5.	Transportation	<ul><li>a)Operating the vehicle "nose to tail"</li><li>b) Overloading of material</li><li>c) While reversal &amp; overtaking of vehicle</li><li>d) Operator of truck leaving his cabin when it is loaded</li></ul>	<ul> <li>It will be ensured that all these causes will be nullified by giving training to the operators.</li> <li>No over loading will be done.</li> <li>Proper training will be given.</li> </ul>
6.	Fire due to electricity and Oil	<ul><li>a)Due to the short circuit of cables &amp; other electrical parts</li><li>b) Due to the leakage of inflammable liquid like diesel, oil etc.</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Electrical parts shall be cleaned frequently with the help of dry air blower</li> <li>All fastening parts and places will be tightening. Suitable fire suppression equipment shall be provided.</li> </ul>
7.	Natural calamities	Unexpected happenings	The mine management is capable to deal with the situation.

This being a small-scale project that too working in a safe area, no major disaster is expected. The management and the EMC will be able to deal with the situations efficiently keeping in view of the likely sources of dangers in the mine.

#### 7.4 REHABILITATION AND RESETTLEMENT (R & R) PLAN:

Mining activities will be carried out within the mine lease area only. The entire mine lease area is a Patta land. There is no population within the ML area. Hence, the question of R& R does not arise.

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#### 7.5 MINE CLOSURE PLAN:

In the mine closure stage all necessary measures will be taken as per Act & Rules, There is no proposal for back filling, reclamation and rehabilitation. The quarried pits after the end of life of mine will be properly fenced all around to prevent inherent entry of public and cattle and all the statutory requirements will be fulfilled. The mine closure plan is provided in **Figure 4.5.** 

#### 7.6 CUMULATIVE IMPACT STUDY:

As mentioned earlier, these are Limekankar quarries located in Kallankurichi village, Ariyalur Taluk & District, Tamil Nadu. The details of the other quarries (existing + proposed) located within the 500m radius of the project considered for cumulative impact study now (Annexure-3) has been provided below in Table No.7.1 and Figure No.7.1 below:

Creating Possibilities



Figure 7.1: Vicinity Map



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Table 7.1: Details of quarries within 500m radius

SI.No	Name of the Quarry Owner	Taluk & Village	S.F.No.	Hectares	Name of the Mineral	Lease Period	
			Existing Quar	ries			
1.	TVI.Chettinad Cement Corporation Private Ltd.	Kallankurichi & Aminabad & Kairulabad & Periyanagalur	29/1B etc. & 130./2 & 327/2, 329/2 etc & 38/25 etc	150.01 & Porambore 44.28.5 Total – 194.29.5	Limestone	13.11.1985 to 12.11.2005 Deemed to be extended uptp 2035)	
2	TVI.Chettinad Cement Corporation Private Ltd.	Kallankurichi & Aminabad & Kairulabad	164/6 etc, & 91,92/4,5 & 28/7 etc	Patta – 62.77.0, Poramboke- 3.34Ha Total – 66.11.0	Limestone	13.11.1985 to 12.11.2005 Deemed to be extended uptp 2035)	
				260.40.5			
			Proposed Mi	nes			
1	TVI.Chettinad Cement Corporation Private Ltd.	Ariyar & Kallankurichi	41/1,2,3 etc	15.13.0	Lime Kankar	10 Years	
2	TVI.Chettinad Cement Corporation Private Ltd.	Ariyar & Kallankurichi	39/1, 39/2 etc	3.42.5	Lime Kankar	10 Years	
	•	Ехр	ired and Abando	ned Mines			
	Nil						

Since one lease is more than 5 ha and for other lease although the lease area is less than 5 Ha, total existing and proposed Lime Kankar quarries within the 500m radius cluster along with this subject project works out to >5 Ha. Hence, this proposal is considered under Category – B1 and as per MoEF & CC notification necessitates preparation of EIA/EMP report and public hearing. Considering that both the leases belong to the same proponent, within 500m radius on cluster situation is applicable and this EMP is prepared. The baseline monitoring carried out for this project reflects the cumulative impact of the existing scenario.

Since the production from these leases are very low involving simple mining operation with no Drilling and Blasting for a shallow depth only no significant impact on cumulative basis is also expected.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \*

# CHAPTER - VIII

### PROJECT BENEFITS



### CHAPTER 8 PROJECT BENEFITS

The proposed quarry will improve physical and social infrastructures in the area like:

- Direct employment to 10 people.
- Indirect employment to 50 people.
- Financial gains for the governments, through collection of various taxes like royalty, GST, etc.,
- Increase in General Awareness of the People.
- Continual improvements of the local amenities for the local society
- Improvement of the General Living Standard of the People in the Vicinity
- Overall Improvement in HDI (Human Development Index)
- Growth of Allied Industries in the Area.
- Improvement in Per Capita Income.
- Providing certain facilties for the local schools and panchyats

In short, the proposed quarry will benefit this region in the fields of employment opportunities, improved per capita income for local people, improved social welfare facilities in respect of education, medical systems, infrastructural build-up, etc in its own way.

By means of carrying out the socio-economic development activities, local community development is expected. Towards the same, the proponent has allocated Rs.2 Lakhs for CER activities for both the projects. The activities will be implemented once the mining operations commence. From the CER activities allocated for various social welfare activities, the villages near the lease area will be benefited.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

# CHAPTER - IX

## ENVIRONMENTAL COST BENEFIT ANALYSIS



### CHAPTER 9 ENVIRONMENTAL COST BENEFIT ANALYSIS

Appendix-III of the MoEF notification S.O. 1533 dated 14.09.2006, which describes the generic structure of Environmental Impact Assessment document, states that the chapter 'Environmental cost benefit analysis' is applicable if it is recommended during scoping stage.

In the ToR received for these 2 projects from SEIAA, Tamil Nadu ,Environmental cost benefit analysis is not prescribed. Hence, it is not applicable for this project.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

# CHAPTER - X

## ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN



#### **CHAPTER 10**

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN**

#### 10.1 INTRODUCTION:

This chapter describes the implementation strategies of the environmental management measures described through the course of this EIA/EMP report for the purpose of mitigating significant impacts due to the proposed mining operations.

#### 10.2 COMPONENTS OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN:

The environmental management plan comprises identification of the major impacts due to project operations and their suitable mitigative measures. (Provided in an elaborate manner in Chapter-IV) Based on the environmental policy of the company, the environmental management cell will oversee the implementation of these mitigative measures. The details of the proponent's environmental policy, environmental management cell and also the budgetary allocation towards various environmental management measures has been elaborated in this chapter.

#### **10.2.1 ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY:**

The proponent has frame a well-planned Environment, Health and Safety Policy. The policy is provided below in Figure No.10.1. Additionally, the Environmental management cell as described below in Table No. 10.1 below will also ensure the following in line with their policy:

- Ensuring risk-free and safe mining operations by following all rules and conditions prescribed in the Indian mines Act, metalliferrous mining regulation, mineral conservation and development rules, etc,
- Ensuring environmental preservation by adoption of remedial measures for control of air, water quality, noise status, biological improvements, green belt creation, etc,.
- Extending CER activities to cater to the needs of local community for various benefits like improvement of physical and social infrastructures for the welfare of local community.

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- Ensuring that all mining operations are strictly conducted keeping with regulatory standards & maintaining safe working environment in the area.
- Providing periodical training on safety, Health, & Environment to all employers.
- Any infringement / violation of any rule or unsafe mining operations should be reported mines manager, who will take immediate corrective measures for avoiding major disasters. The report will ultimately reach the owner through upwardly hierarchical communicative channels from the lowest level to superior levels in a quick time bound duration.
- ❖ Remedial measures for such violations and deviations should be taken care by the mines manager to avoid any hazards or disasters in the mine and nearby areas. The persons responsible for such violations will be punished through appropriate disciplinarily penal actions.
- ❖ The EC conditions and stipulations will be strictly observed by Mines manager of the mine.



#### Figure 10.1: Environment, Health and Safety Policy



#### Environment, Health and Safety Policy

Our Environment, Health and Safety responsibilities are focused by an objective to protect people we work with, Environment and society at large. It is integral to the way we do our business activities.

- We will work to protect people and environment with a basic belief that all injuries, emission and discharge can be prevented.
- We are committed to prevent work place accidents and pollution, promote employee health and well-being and reduce the environment impact in our business activities.
- We will continue to identify, evaluate and control our safety & occupational health hazards/risk and environmental impact and report progress.
- We are committed to improve and skill among Employees and Partners through training to demonstrate their involvement and accountability to achieve robust safety, Occupational health and Environmental practices across our areas of operation.
- We are committed to regularly set and review objectives and targets for continual improvement in the work environment and health & safety performance and go beyond compliance

We are responsible and accountable for deployment of this policy and believe that Environment, Occupational Health & safety is a core value of our company and integral part of all our business activities.

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Cement Business

Date: 30.03.2023



#### 10.2.2 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT CELL:

The Mines Manager/Mine Incharge will undertake effective monitoring and implementation of various environmental control measures promptly and effectively and to oversee various environmental management schemes for air quality control, water quality status, noise level control, plantation programme, social development schemes, etc in the mine. The organizational chart for the same has been provided below:

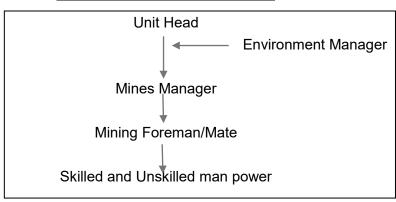


Figure 10.2: Organization Chart

The Mines Manager/Mines Incharge in the mine project site will be directly responsible for various environmental activities in the mine. The owner through Environment Department at the HQ & concerned Plant head will correlate and oversee the environmental activities and their effective implementation in consonance with the guidelines in the EMP. The Mines Manager/Mines Incharge will oversee the environmental administration at the mine and he will directly supervise all activities of environmental administration on environmental issues. Necessary assistance from sub ordinates, external consultants and laboratories shall be taken.

Environmental control measures will span various factors like land degradation, air, water and soil quality, noise levels, effective land reclamation for excavated areas, afforestation measures, etc. The administrative functions are given below.

- ❖ To observe the implementation of environmental control measures.
- ❖ To study the effects of project activities on the environment.



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- ❖ To ensure implementation of Plantation Programme. Regular monitoring of survival rate of plants is carried out to achieve the desired result.
- ❖ To keep records of monitoring etc., in a systematic way, so as to facilitate easy access, when needed by statutory agencies, etc. Also send prescribed returns to statutory authorities.
- ❖ To ensure that adequate fencing and plantation is carried out in the safety zones.
- Conducting environmental studies and reporting to SPCB.
- ❖ To interact and liaise with Government Departments.
- ❖ To evaluate the performance of existing pollution control equipment and systems periodically and take timely action to keep the equipment at its optimum performance condition.
- ❖ To take immediate preventive action in case of some unforeseen environmental pollution attributable to the project.
- Conducting safety audits and programmes to create safety awareness in workers/ staff.
- Conducting annual health audits to detect any health problems promptly in the workers/staff. This will reduce occupational health problems.
- ❖ Imparting training on safety and conduct safety drills to educate employees. Firefighting equipment and system has to be kept in 'ready-to-fight' condition.
- Carrying out socio economic study in the surrounding areas to find out the benefits derived by the society due to the project and also to fulfill the deficiency, if any, immediately.
- Ensuring proper mine closure arrangements

#### 10.2.3 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN:

#### 10.2.1.1 General:

Systematic monitoring systems and well-conceived and efficient Environment Management Plan will ensure that during the project operations, the various environmental parameters, are well within the statutorily sustainable limits. The environmental control measures proposed to keep various environmental parameters of the project in terms of air, water, noise, land, biological environment, etc. has been described below.



#### **10.2.2.2 Air Quality:**

With regards to air quality, to mitigate the fugitive and gaseous emission resulting from mining and allied activities, the following control measures are proposed to be undertaken:

- Regular water sprinkling in the transport roads using mobile tankers for dust suppression.
- Provision of dust filters / mask to workers working at highly dust prone and affected areas.
- Proper maintenance of haul roads, HEMM and dumpers.
- Covering of loaded tippers with tarpaulins during transportation
- Vehicular emissions will be controlled through regular and proper preventive maintenance schedules and emissions tests are done with diesel smoke meter equipment to ensure emission values.
- Besides, there will be good green belt cover will be developed around mine periphery and in safety zone.
- Setting up of tyre washing facility in the transport road.
- Fencing with Green netting will be carried out on all sides of the lease area.

#### 10.2.2.3 Water Environment:

There will be no process effluent generated from this project. The domestic sewage to be generated will be collected in septic tank with soak pit arrangements. Besides, there will be no waste dumps or stockpiles within the lease area as the entire material will be directly dispatched to the consumers. Since, the maximum depth of working is limited, there will not be much impact on water environment.

Surface runoff management structures such as garland drain connected to a settling pond will be constructed around the quarry to collect the rain water. The supernatant clear water from the settling pond will be provided to nearby downstream users.



For the surface water bodies like Eri/ vari near the lease area, safety distance of 50m has been left based on precise area conditions. Protective Earthen bund will be constructed in the entire safety zone and it will be developed with plantation. These streams/ water bodies act more of the drainage arrangement and it remains dry for most the year. There is no proposal to discharge any effluent into this water body. No major impact is envisaged on the nearby water bodies due to project operations.

#### **10.2.2.4 Noise Environment:**

During the project operations, various control measures as listed below will be carried out to mitigate adverse impact due to the noise generated due to mining and allied activities:

- Good plantation will be carried out in the safety zone areas
- Sound proof operator's cabin for equipments like shovel, tippers, etc.
- Proper and regular maintenance of equipments
- Providing earplugs to workers exposed to higher noise level.
- Providing in-built mechanism for reducing sound emissions.

#### 10.2.2.6 Biological Environment:

The mining lease area and 10km buffer zone are devoid of declared ecologically sensitive features such as national parks, sanctuaries etc. Besides, no Schedule-I animals are observed in the core and buffer zone. There will be no major clearance of vegetation involved in this project. However, good greenbelt and plantation programmes are planned within the lease area.

In the lease area, safety barrier 7.5m & 50m is left around the periphery. Greenbelt / Plantation will be carried out to enhance the vegetative growth and aesthetic in the safety zone area. This will boost the biological, visual and aesthetic outlook of the area. Elaborate details regarding the same is provided under section 4.6.4, Chapter-IV.

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#### **10.2.2.7 Socio-Economic Environment:**

The proposed project operations will provide positive impacts in the region on the employment area as well as on physical and social infrastructural status. Many other tangible benefits will be gained by the local people in the surrounding areas due to ancillary units, trading operations, contractual needs, casual labor, green belt development, etc. Towards the socio economic development of the surrounding area, the proponent has earmarked an amount of Rs.2 Lakh for both the projects under Corporate Environmental Responsibility. The activities identified under CER will be implemented in a phased manner.

#### 10.3 ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION CONTROL COST:

In this proposed quarry Implementation of environmental control measures as stated above involves capital as well as recurring expenses. The probable capital and recurring environmental control cost are calculated and given below **Table No – 10.1** 

Table 10.1: Environmental Control Cost – 15.145Ha

SI. No	Mitigation Measure	Provision for Implementation	Capital cost in Lakhs	Recurring Cost /Annum in lakhs
		Air Environment		
1	Compaction, gradation and drainage on both sides for Haulage Road	Rental Dozer & drainage construction on haul road @ Rs. 10,000/- per hectare; and yearly maintenance @ Rs. 10,000/- per hectare	0.00	1.51
2	Fixed Water Sprinkling Arrangements + Water sprinkling by own water tankers	Fixed Sprinkler Installation and / New Water Tanker Cost for Capital; and Water Sprinkling (thrice a day) Cost for recurring		0.50
3	Air Quality will be regularly monitored as per norms within ML area & Ambient Area	Yearly Compliance as per CPCB norms		0.50
4	Muffle blasting – To control fly rocks during blasting	Blasting face will be covered with sand bags / steel mesh / old tyres / used conveyor belts		
5	Wet drilling procedure / latest eco- friendly drill machine with separate dust extractor unit	Dust extractor @ Rs. 25,000/- per unit deployed as capital & @ Rs. 2500 per unit recurring cost for maintenance	0.00	0.00
6	No overloading of trucks/tippers/tractors	Manual Monitoring through Security guard		0.05
7	Stone carrying trucks will be covered by tarpaulin	Monitoring if trucks will be covered by tarpaulin		0.10
8	Enforcing speed limits of 20 km/hr within ML area	Installation of Speed Governers @ Rs. 5000/- per Tipper/Dumper deployed	0.10	0.00
9	Regular monitoring of exhaust fumes as per RTO norms	Monitoring of Exhaust Fumes by Manual Labour		0.05
10	Regular sweeping and maintenance of approach roads for at least about 200 m from ML Area	Provision for 2 labours @ Rs.10,000/labour (Contractual) per Hectare		1.51

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SI. No	Mitigation Measure	Provision for Implementation	Capital cost in Lakhs	Recurring Cost /Annum in lakhs		
11	Installing wheel wash system near gate of quarry	Installation + Maintenance + Supervision	0.50	0.20		
	Sı	ub-Total (A)	0.60	4.43		
	Noise Environment					
12	Source of noise will be during operation of transportation vehicles, HEMM- For this proper maintenance will be done at regular intervals.	Will be part of Operating Cost	-	-		
13	Oiling & greasing of Transport vehicles and HEMM at regular interval will be done	Will be part of Operating Cost	-	-		
14	Adequate silencers will be provided in all the diesel engines of vehicles.	Will be part of Operating Cost	-	-		
15	It will be ensured that all transportation vehicles carry a fitness certificate.	Will be part of Operating Cost	-	-		
16	Safety tools and implements that are required will be kept adequately near blasting site at the time of charging.	Provision made in OHS part	-	-		
17	Line Drilling all along the boundary to reduce the PPV from blasting activity and implementing controlled blasting.	Will be part of Operating Cost	-	-		
18	Proper warning system before blasting will be adopted and clearance of the area before blasting will be ensured.	Blowing Whistle by Mining Mate / Blaster / Compentent Person	-	-		
19	Provision for Portable blaster shed	Installation of Portable blasting shelter	0.00	0.00		
20	NONEL Blasting will be practiced to control Ground vibration and fly rocks	Rs. 30/- per 6 Tonnes of Blasted Material	0.00	0.00		
		ub-Total (B)	0.00	0.00		
		Water Environment				
21	Water management	Provision for garland drain @ Rs. 10,000/- per Hectare with maintenance of Rs. 5,000/- per annum	0.32	0.05		
	Sı	ub-Total (C)	0.32	0.05		
		entation of EC, Mining Plan & DGMS Condition				
22	Waste management (Spent Oil, Grease etc.,)	Provision for waste collection and disposal through authorized agency	0.25	0.20		
23		Installation of dust bins	0.05	0.02		
24	Size 6' X 5' with blue background and white letters as mentioned in MoM Appendix II by the SEAC TN	Fixed Display Board at the Quarry Entrance as permanent structure mentioning Environmental Conditions	0.10	0.01		
25	Workers will be provided with Personal Protective Equipment's	Provision of PPE @ Rs. 4000/- per employee with recurring based on wear and tear (say, @ Rs. 1000/- per employee)	0.40	0.10		
26	Health check up for workers will be provisioned	IME & PME Health check up @ Rs. 1000/- per employee	0.00	0.10		
27	First aid facility will be provided	Provision of 2 Kits per Hectare @ Rs. 2000/-	0.00	0.61		
28	Mine will have safety precaution signages, boards.	Provision for signages and boards made	0.10	0.02		
29	Barbed Wire Fencing to quarry area will be provisioned.	fencing Cost	5.00	0.10		
30	No parking will be provided on the	Parking area with shelter and flags @ Rs. 10,000/- per	1.51	0.10		

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SI. No	Mitigation Measure	Provision for Implementation	Capital cost in Lakhs	Recurring Cost /Annum in lakhs
	transport routes. Separate provision on the south side of the hill will be made for vehicles /HEMMs. Flaggers will be deployed for traffic management	hectare project and Rs. 5,000/- as maintenance cost		
31	Installation of CCTV cameras in the mines and mine entrance	Camera 4 Nos, DVR, Monitor with internet facility	0.30	0.05
32	Implementation as per Mining Plan and ensure safe quarry working	Mines Manager (1st Class / 2nd Class / Mine Foreman) under regulation 34 / 34 (6) of MMR, 1961 and Mining Mate under regulation 116 of MMR,1961 @ 40,000/- for Manager & @ 25,000/- for Foreman / Mate	0.00	7.80
	Sı	ub-Total (D)	7.71	9.11
		Green Belt Development		
34	Green belt development - 1500 trees (500 Inside Lease Area & 1000 Outside	Site clearance, preparation of land, digging of pits / trenches, soil amendments, transplantation of saplings @ 200 per plant (capital) for plantation inside the lease area and @ 30 per plant maintenance (recurring)	1.00	0.15
35	Lease Area)	Avenue Plantation @ 300 per plant (capital) for plantation outside the lease area and @ 30 per plant maintenance (recurring)	3.00	0.30
	Sı	4.00	0.45	
	G	Grand Total	12.63	14.03

Towards EMP measures, Rs.12.63 lakhs is allocated under capital cost. Besides, Rs.14.03 lakhs per annum will be spent under recurring cost. All the recurring cost of maintenance of pollution control measures, environmental monitoring etc., will be met from revenue.

Table 10.2: Environmental Control Cost – 3.425Ha

SI. No	Mitigation Measure	Provision for Implementation	Capital cost in Lakhs	Recurring Cost /Annum in lakhs
		Air Environment		
1	Compaction, gradation and drainage on both sides for Haulage Road	Rental Dozer & drainage construction on haul road @ Rs. 10,000/- per hectare; and yearly maintenance @ Rs. 10,000/- per hectare	0.00	0.34
2	Fixed Water Sprinkling Arrangements + Water sprinkling by own water tankers	Fixed Sprinkler Installation and / New Water Tanker Cost for Capital; and Water Sprinkling (thrice a day) Cost for recurring		0.50
3	Air Quality will be regularly monitored as per norms within ML area & Ambient Area	Yearly Compliance as per CPCB norms		0.50
4	Muffle blasting – To control fly rocks during blasting	Blasting face will be covered with sand bags / steel mesh / old tyres / used conveyor belts		
5	Wet drilling procedure / latest eco- friendly drill machine with separate dust extractor unit	Dust extractor @ Rs. 25,000/- per unit deployed as capital & @ Rs. 2500 per unit recurring cost for maintenance	0.00	0.00
6	No overloading of trucks/tippers/tractors	Manual Monitoring through Security guard		0.05
7	Stone carrying trucks will be covered	Monitoring if trucks will be covered by tarpaulin		0.10



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SI. No	Mitigation Measure	Provision for Implementation	Capital cost in Lakhs	Recurring Cost /Annum in lakhs
	by tarpaulin			
8	Enforcing speed limits of 20 km/hr within ML area	Installation of Speed Governers @ Rs. 5000/- per Tipper/Dumper deployed	0.10	0.00
9	Regular monitoring of exhaust fumes as per RTO norms	Monitoring of Exhaust Fumes by Manual Labour		0.05
10	Regular sweeping and maintenance of approach roads for at least about 200 m from ML Area	Provision for 2 labours @ Rs.10,000/labour (Contractual) per Hectare		0.34
11	Installing wheel wash system near gate of quarry	Installation + Maintenance + Supervision	0.50	0.20
	Si	ub-Total (A)	0.60	2.09
		Noise Environment		
12	Source of noise will be during operation of transportation vehicles, HEMM- For this proper maintenance will be done at regular intervals.	Will be part of Operating Cost	-	-
13	Oiling & greasing of Transport vehicles and HEMM at regular interval will be done	Will be part of Operating Cost	-	-
14	Adequate silencers will be provided in all the diesel engines of vehicles.	Will be part of Operating Cost	-	-
15	It will be ensured that all transportation vehicles carry a fitness certificate.	Will be part of Operating Cost	-	-
16	Safety tools and implements that are required will be kept adequately near blasting site at the time of charging.	Provision made in OHS part	-	-
17	Line Drilling all along the boundary to reduce the PPV from blasting activity and implementing controlled blasting.	Will be part of Operating Cost	-	-
18	Proper warning system before blasting will be adopted and clearance of the area before blasting will be ensured.	Blowing Whistle by Mining Mate / Blaster / Compentent Person	-	-
19	Provision for Portable blaster shed	Installation of Portable blasting shelter	0.00	0.00
20	NONEL Blasting will be practiced to control Ground vibration and fly rocks	Rs. 30/- per 6 Tonnes of Blasted Material	0.00	0.00
	Sı	ub-Total (B)	0.00	0.00
		Water Environment		
21	Water management	Provision for garland drain @ Rs. 10,000/- per Hectare with maintenance of Rs. 5,000/- per annum	0.32	0.05
		ub-Total (C)	0.32	0.05
22	Waste management (Spent Oil, Grease	Provision for waste collection and	0.25	0.20
23	etc.,)	disposal through authorized agency Installation of dust bins	0.05	0.02
24	Size 6' X 5' with blue background and white letters as mentioned in MoM Appendix II by the SEAC TN	Fixed Display Board at the Quarry Entrance as permanent structure mentioning Environmental Conditions	0.10	0.02
25	Workers will be provided with Personal Protective Equipment's	Provision of PPE @ Rs. 4000/- per employee with recurring based on wear and tear (say, @ Rs. 1000/- per employee)	0.40	0.10

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SI. No	Mitigation Measure	Provision for Implementation	Capital cost in Lakhs	Recurring Cost /Annum in lakhs
26	Health check up for workers will be provisioned	IME & PME Health check up @ Rs. 1000/- per employee	0.00	0.10
27	First aid facility will be provided	Provision of 2 Kits per Hectare @ Rs. 2000/-	0.00	0.14
28	Mine will have safety precaution signages, boards.	Provision for signages and boards made	0.10	0.02
29	Barbed Wire Fencing to quarry area will be provisioned.	fencing Cost	2.50	0.10
30	No parking will be provided on the transport routes. Separate provision on the south side of the hill will be made for vehicles /HEMMs. Flaggers will be deployed for traffic management	Parking area with shelter and flags @ Rs. 10,000/- per hectare project and Rs. 5,000/- as maintenance cost	0.34	0.10
31	Installation of CCTV cameras in the mines and mine entrance	Camera 4 Nos, DVR, Monitor with internet facility	0.30	0.05
32	Implementation as per Mining Plan and ensure safe quarry working	Mines Manager (1st Class / 2nd Class / Mine Foreman) under regulation 34 / 34 (6) of MMR, 1961 and Mining Mate under regulation 116 of MMR,1961 @ 40,000/- for Manager & @ 25,000/- for Foreman / Mate	0.00	7.80
	S	ub-Total (D)	4.04	8.64
		Green Belt Development		
34	Green belt development - 1000 trees (200 Inside Lease Area & 800 Outside	Site clearance, preparation of land, digging of pits / trenches, soil amendments, transplantation of saplings @ 200 per plant (capital) for plantation inside the lease area and @ 30 per plant maintenance (recurring)	0.40	0.06
35	Lease Area)	Avenue Plantation @ 300 per plant (capital) for plantation outside the lease area and @ 30 per plant maintenance (recurring)	2.40	0.24
	Si	2.80	0.30	
	G	7.76	11.07	

Towards EMP measures, Rs.7.76 lakhs is allocated under capital cost. Besides, Rs.11.07 lakhs per annum will be spent under recurring cost. All the recurring cost of maintenance of pollution control measures, environmental monitoring etc., will be met from revenue

#### 10.4 CONCLUSION:

The magnitude of mining operation is less due to Simple shall depth mining operation for less production, with less equipments and with adoption of mitigative measures as described in this report it is expected that the project activity will not have any major impact on environmental equilibrium in the study area..

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## CHAPTER-XI

## SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION



#### **CHAPTER 11**

#### **SUMMARY & CONCLUSION**

#### 11.1 **INTRODUCTION:**

Chettinad Cement Corporation Pvt. Ltd. proposes to operate two Lime Kankar Quarry Leases adjacent to each other in Kallankurichi village, Ariyalur Taluk and District, Tamil Nadu and has initiated action towards obtaining environmental clearance. Its details are as follows:

- 1) Lime Kankar Quarry Lease of Chettinad Cement Corporation private limited over an area of 15.145 ha in Kallankurichi village, Ariyalur Taluk and District, Tamil Nadu.
- 2) Lime Kankar Quarry Lease of Chettinad Cement Corporation private limited over an area of 3.425 ha in Kallankurichi village, Ariyalur Taluk and District, Tamil Nadu...

Since one lease is more than 5 ha and for other lease although the lease area is less than 5 Ha, total existing and proposed Lime Kankar guarries within the 500m radius cluster along with this subject project works out to >5 Ha. Hence, this proposal is considered under Category – B1 and as per MoEF & CC notification necessitates preparation of EIA/EMP report and public hearing. The details of the quarries located within the 500m radius of the project is given vide Annexure-3. A cumulative impact study has been carried out and furnished in Para 7.3, Chapter-VII.

Considering that both the leases belong to the same proponent, within 500m radius on cluster situation, combined draft EIA report with separate EMP measures is prepared for the above two mentioned projects based on the respective standard Terms of Reference issued by SEIAA, Tamil Nadu and is in conformance of the generic structure prescribed by MOEF&CC in their notification of September 2006 and the approved mining plan.

#### 11.1.1 STATUTORY APPROVALS:

	Statutory	Authority	Project - 1 ( 15.1	45 Ha)	Project - 2 ( 3.425	5 Ha)
S.No	S.No Statutory Approval		Letter Number and Date	Reference	Letter Number and Date	Reference
1.	Precise Area Communica tion Letter	Industries (MMC2) Department	Lr.No. No. 6151/MMC.2/2024-1 , dated: 14.10.2024	Annexure-	Lr.No.5716/MMC.2/2020- 1 dated 20.12.2023	Annexure- 2



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2.	Mining Plan Approval	Commission arate of Geology & Mining,	Rc.No.8882/MM7/2018 dated 19.02.2025	Annexure-	1509/MM7/2018/, dated 27.03.2024	Annexure-
3.	Details of other quarries within 500m radius	Department of Geology & Mining,	R.C.NO73/G&M/2017 Dated 21/2/19	Annexure- 5A	Rc.No.79/G&M/2016 dated 10.10.2024	Annexure- 5B

#### 11.1.2 ENVIRONMENTAL CLEARANCE APPLICATION:

Particulars	Project – 1 ( 15.145 Ha)	Project - 2 ( 3.425 Ha)	
Proposal no	SIA/TN/MIN/529447/2025	SIA/TN/MIN/517530/2025	
File no	11964 /2025	11688 /2025	
SEAC meeting for	542th SEAC Meeting held on 26.03.2025	532th SEAC Meeting held on	
issue of TOR		13.02.2025.	
SEIAA meeting for	817th SEIAA Meeting held on 07.05.2025	798th SEAC Meeting held on	
issue of TOR	617th SEIAA Meeting held on 07.05.2025	26.02.2025.	
Terms of Reference	Received from SEIAA, Tamil Nadu vide their TO25B0108TN5600951N . Dated:13.05.2025	Received from SEIAA, Tamil Nadu vide their Lr No. TO25B0108TN5732932N. Dated:01.03.2025.	
Baseline Data	Carried out by Creative Engineers & Consultants , Chennai for Summer Season		
Collection	(March – May 2025)		

#### 11.2 SALIENT FEATURES OF THE PROJECT:

#### **Table 11.1: Site Details**

Particulars	Project – 1 ( 15.145 Ha)	Project – 2 ( 3.425 Ha)
Location	Kallankurichi village, Ariyalur Taluk and District,	Kallankurichi Village, Ariyalur Taluk
	Tamil Nadu	& District, Tamil Nadu
Latitude	11°10'7.9148"N to 11°10'23.1276"N	11°10'3.3953"N to 11°10' 8.5623"N
Longitude	79°6' 36.1456"E to 79°6' 55.9348"E	79°6' 35.9857"E to 79°6' 47.6917"E
Nearest Village	Venkataramanapuram (hamlet) - 275 m North	Thamaraikulam Village – 830m- NW
Nearest Town	Ariyalur – 5.50Km - SW	Ariyalur – 5.50Km - SW
Nearest Highway	SH-217 - 600m	SH-217 - 600m
Nearest Railway Station	Ariyalur Railway Station – 5.50Km - SW	Ariyalur Railway Station – 5.5 (SW)
Nearest Airport	Trichy Airport-62Km - SW	Trichy Airport – 62 Km (SW)



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Accessibility	Located 3.2 kms from Kallankurichi Village in the South east and 5.0kms from Ariyalur in the Southwest and approachable from Ariyalur – Sendurai Road about 550m on the west side.		
Topography	Plain terrain, dry lands with scarce vegetation.	Plain terrain, dry lands with scarce vegetation.	
Drainage	Kallar River – 1.8Km – SE,Vilangudi Odai – 5.3Km – E,Vanchyiam Odai – 5.5Km – SW,Marudaiyar River – 8.7Km – SW,Metal Odai – 8.9Km – SW,Uppu Odai – 9.5Km - SE,Venmani Odai – 9.5Km – NW.	Kanjan Eri – Adjacent to lease, 50m safety has been left, Vari – Adjacent to lease, 50m safety has been left, Kallar River – 1.9Km – SE, Vilangudi Odai – 5.5Km – E, Vanchyiam Odai – 5.5Km – SW, Marudaiyar River – 8.1Km – SW, Metal Odai – 9.0Km – SW, Uppu Odai – 9.3Km – SE, Venmani Odai – 9.6Km – NW.	

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Table 11.2: Environment Setting of The Study Area

C No	Doutioulous	Deteile	15.1	45Ha	3.425Ha		
S.No	Particulars	Details	Distance	Direction	Distance	Direction	
I	I Connectivity						
		NH-136 (Ariyalur – Perambur)	3.6Km	SW	3.5Km	SW	
1.	Highway	SH-139(Ariyalur –	5.3Km	S	5.2Km	S	
		Reddipalayam)					
		NH-81 (Chidambaram – Trichy)	9.2Km	SE	9.0Km	SE	
2.	Railway Station	Ariyalur Railway Station	5.0Km	SW	5.0Km	SW	
3.	Airport	Trichy Airport	62Km	SW	62Km	SW	
		Thamaraikulam	700m	NW	720m	NW	
4.	Village	Venkatapuram	290m	N	750m	N	
	, mage	West Srinivasapuram	950m	SW	900m	SW	
		Srinivasapuram	890m	SE	880m	SE	
5.	Town/City	Ariyalur	5.2Km	SW	5.1Km	SW	
II	Environmental Features		-				
		Kallar River	1.8Km	SE	1.9Km	SE	
		Vilangudi Odai	5.3Km	E	5.5Km	Е	
		Vanchyiam Odai	5.5Km	SW	5.5Km	SW	
6.	Water Bodies	Marudaiyar River	8.7Km	SW	8.1Km	SW	
		Metal Odai	8.9Km	SW	9.0Km	SW	
		Uppu Odai	9.5Km	SE	9.3Km	SE	
		Venmani Odai	9.5Km	NW	9.6Km	NW	
7.	Reserve Forests	Vannankurichi RF	7.9Km	Е	8.2Km	E	
III	Sensitive Areas						
8.	Notified Archaeologically important places, Monuments	Nil within 10km radius					
9.	Local Places of Historical and Tourism Interest	Nil within 10km radius					
10.	Environmental sensitive areas, Protected areas as per Wildlife Protection Act, 1972*	Nil within 10km radius					
11.	Defense Installations	Nil within 10km radius					

**Table 11.3: Technical Description** 

PARTICULARS	15.145Ha	3.425Ha				
Geological	7.66.741	1.76.193				
reserve	1,00,141	1,70,193				
Mineable reserve	2,40,945	63,953				
Method of Mining	Opencast method without drilling and blasting will be	Opencast method without drilling and				
ivieti lod of Milling	carried out.	blasting will be carried out.				



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PARTICULARS	15.145Ha			3.4	425Ha		
	Year	Lime Kankar	Top Soil			YEAR	LIME KANKAR
	ı cai	ROM (Tonnes)				ILAN	(T)
	I	100845	13446	1:0.13		I YEAR	30062
Production	ll l	68212	9095	1:0.13		II YEAR	33891
Production	III	71888	9585	1:0.13		III YEAR	Afforestation of
	IV	Afforestation o	of cafety zo	ne area		IV YEAR	safety zone area
	V	Anorestation o	n Salety Zu	ille al ea		V YEAR	
	Total	2,40,945	32,126	1:0.13		TOTAL	63953
Waste Generation and Management	There is no generation of mineral rejects in the applied area. The topsoil that would be generated during the present plan period is proposed to be utilized for afforestation.						
Ultimate Depth	2.7m ( 0.45m of top soil + 2.25m of Lime kankar) 2.30m						
Man power	10 People directly and more than 50 people 10 People directly and more than 50 people			nd more than 50 people			
	indirectly						
Mode of transport	By Road By Road						
Water requirement	8 KLD						
Source of water		The r	equired wa	ater will be	procur	ed from outside agend	cies.
Power requirement	All the equipment will be diesel operated. No electricity is needed for mining operation. The minimum power requirement for office, etc will be met from state grid.  All the equipment will be diesel operated. No electricity is needed for mining operation. The minimum power requirement for office, etc will be met from state grid.						
Life of the mine	10 Years 5 Years						
Project cost	Rs. 217 Lakhs 155 lakhs						
CER	Totally Rs.2.0 Lakhs is allocated under CER budget for both the projects.						

#### 11.3 **EXISTING ENVIRONMENTAL SCENARIO:**

#### 11.3.1 **GENERAL**:

The studies and data collection have been carried out systematically and meticulously as per relevant IS codes, CPCB and MoEF&CC guidelines and as per approved ToR during Summer Season (March 2025 to May 2025) For the purpose of this study, the area has been divided into two zones, namely, core and buffer zones. Core zone is considered as the total lease area, while buffer zone encompasses an area of 10 km radius distance from the periphery of core zone.

#### 11.3.2 SOCIO-ECONOMIC STATUS:



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The proposed lease is located in Kallankurichi Village, Ariyalur Taluk, & District. Based on 2011 census data, in the 10km radius there are 38 Rural villages from Ariyalur Taluk, & District.

Table 11.4: Social, Economic And Demographic Profile of the Study Area

Details	Population	Percentage
A. Gender-wise distribution		
Male Population	79713	49.95
Female Population	79878	50.05
Total	159591	100
B. Caste-wise population distribution		
Scheduled Caste	42566	26.67
Scheduled Tribes	900	0.56
Other	116125	72.76
Total	159591	100
C. Literate and Illiterate population		
Literate Males	56409	35.35
Literate Females	42039	26.34
Total Literate Population	98448	61.69
Other Males	23304	14.60
Other Females	37839	23.71
Others Population	61143	38.31
Total	159591	100
D. Occupational structure		
Main workers	63583	39.80
Marginal workers	14860	9.30
Total Workers	78443	49.10
Total Non-workers	81148	50.80
Total	159591	100

#### **11.3.2.1 SAMPLE SURVEY:**

Nearby villages were visited for conducting sample Village survey on all socio-economic aspects and requirements of the people. The existing socio-economic scenario is studied and CER activities are also suggested to the proponent. The study details are given in **Para 3.2.4**, **Chapter – III**.

#### 11.3.3 EXISTING ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY:



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Baseline monitoring was carried out during Summer Season (March 2025 to May 2025). The details of the same are provided below:

**Table 11.5: Baseline Data** 

A) METEOROLOGICAL DATA	Monitoring Location - Near Mine Lease Area		
PARAMETERS	MINIMUM	N	MUMIXAI
Temperature in °C	23.0		41.0
Humidity in %	21.0%		99.0%
Wind speed Km/Hr	<1.8		38.9
Predominant wind direction (From)	W		
B) AMBIENT AIR QUALITY	Monitoring Location – 5 locations		
PARAMETER	RESULT (µg/m3)		*! IMIT (ug/m2)
Location	Core Zone	Buffer Zone	*LIMIT (µg/m3)
Particulate Matter (Size <10 µm)	41.1 – 52.6	46.9 – 61.7	100
Particulate Matter (Size <2.5 µm)	18.5-23.7 21.4 – 29.2		60
Sulphur Dioxide (as SO <sub>2</sub> )	4.6-6.9	4.8 – 9.5	80
Nitrogen Dioxide (as NO <sub>2</sub> )	7.9-10.4	8.3 – 13.6	80

**Conclusion:** The existing Ambient Air Quality levels for PM10, PM2.5, SO2 and NO2, are within the NAAQ standards prescribed CPCB limits of 100  $\mu$ g/m3, 60  $\mu$ g/m3, 80  $\mu$ g/m3 & 80  $\mu$ g/m3. The CO values in all the locations were found to be below detectable limit. Silica values in the study area are found to be below detectable limit. (Detection limit – 0.05 mg/m3)

C) WATER QUALITY	Monitoring Location - 5 lo	cations
PARAMETER	Result	*LIMIT (μg/m3)
pH at 25 °C	6.74 – 7.42	6.5-8.5
Total Dissolved Solids, mg/L	440 – 768	2000
Chloride as Cl-, mg/L	102 – 452	1000
Total Hardness (as CaCO3), mg/L	298 – 385	600
Total Alkalinity (as CaCO3), mg/L	239– 348	600
Sulphates as SO42-, mg/L	72.6 – 218	400
Iron as Fe, mg/L	0.05 - 0.09	0.3
Nitrate as NO3, mg/L	1.67 – 3.47	45
Fluoride as F, mg/L	0.28 – 0.41	1.5

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**Conclusion:** The water quality of ground water is found to be within the prescribed Permissible limits of IS: 10500 Norms in the absence of an alternative source as per Drinking Water Specifications.

D) NOISE LEVELS		Monitoring Location -	· 5 locations	
PARAMETER	RESULT dB(A)		*! IMIT (	
	Day Equivalent	ent Night Equivalent	*LIMIT (µg/m3)	
Core Zone	45.0	39.8	90	
Buffer Zone	47.3 – 50.4	39.0 – 39.9	Day Equivalent - 55dB(A), Night Equivalent - 45dB(A)	

<sup>\*</sup>Permissible noise for industrial workers as laid down by CPCB (at 8 hrs Exposure Time). While comparing with the MoEF&CC Norms, the monitored ambient noise levels are generally within the limit values.

E) SOIL QUALITY	Monitoring Location - 5 locations	
PARAMETER	Range of values	
рН	6.58 to 7.99	
Electrical Conductivity (µmho/cm)	32.97 – 89.54	
Organic matter (%)	0.65 – 0.94	
Total Nitrogen (mg/kg)	197 - 298	
Phosphorus (mg/kg)	0.54 – 1.22	
Sodium (mg/kg)	658- 916	
Potassium (mg/kg)	203 -383.93	
Soil is of silty clay type		

#### F) LAND EVIRONMENT:

For the present study on land use pattern in the study area, remote sensing satellite data have been used. The area estimated of land use categories around the 10km buffer zone is provided below:

Table 11.6: Land Use in 10Km Buffer Zone

S.No	Landuse Feature	Area (Sq.Km)	Percentage
1	Agriculture/ Plantation	75.21	22.54
2	Fallow Land	146.43	43.87
3	Land With Scrub	39.38	11.80
4	Land Without Scrub	42.42	12.71
5	Water bodies	5.58	1.67
6	Settlement	15.98	4.79
7	Mining	8.75	2.62
	Total	333.75	100



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From the above table it is seen that 22.54 % of the buffer area is classified under the Agriculture/ Plantation followed by 43.87 % of fallow land, 11.80 % constitutes land with scrub, 11.80 % constitutes land without scrub and the balance falls under other land use categories. Details are given in Table 3.21, Chapter – III.

#### **G) BIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENT:**

**Flora:** The lease area is a non forest, private land. The lease area is dominated with *Morinda tinctoria*, *Cassia auriculata* & Prosopis juliflora. The detailed list of plants found in the core zone are given in Table no – 3.23. The Dominated species in the buffer zone are Albizia lebbeck, Acacia auriculiformis, Sygygium cumuni, Borassus flabellifer, Azadirachta indica, Prosopis juliflora, etc.

**Fauna:** There is no Wild Life Sanctuary or National Park within the study area of 10 km. Domesticated animals are commonly found. The lease and 10 Km buffer zone does not fall in the Western Ghats ESA boundary. No wild mammalian species was directly sighted during the field survey. The list of fauna within the study area is given in Table No - 3.25.

#### H) HYDROLOGICAL STUDY:

The area applied for quarry lease exhibits almost plain topography covered by top soil and lime kankar formation. There are no Perennial Rivers in the vicinity. A Vari is flowing across the QL area in west to east direction. Another Vari is flowing aside the QL area in western side. As directed, Safety distance of about 50 m has been provided to both the Vari's and their flows will be maintained as such till the conceptual stage. Further elaborate details of the same has been provided under section 4.3.3C, Chapter-IV. The drainage map prepared from the survey of India topographic maps shows the presence of few streams running in a dendritic pattern.

The Groundwater levels from the 27 number of observation wells of TWAD in Ariyalur have been analyzed for Post-Monsoon and Pre-Monsoon. Its details are given in Chapter – III. The stage of ground water development of the Ariyalur block is < 70% & falls in " **Safe Category**" as per CGWB Report of Perambalur.

The Hydrological setting of this area is characterized generally by two aquifer system, comprising a phreatic water table aquifer in the top layers in the cracks and pockets and a semi-confined one in the sandstone occur below the hard formation.



The water table aquifer is normally developed for domestic water supply and small irrigation needs, through dug wells, constructed in the past. However, most of the dug wells inventoried during the field study are observed in dry condition. The semi- confined aquifer is mostly developed through bore wells for agricultural purposes tapping this zone at depths of 60 to 80m. The over burden and limestone together could be grouped under one water table zone for hydrological purposes. These wells are recharged through The occurrence of groundwater mainly in the porous soil are weathered layers, very negligible amount of groundwater percolated through the poorly fractured layer, after that there is no existence of groundwater.

The ultimate mining depth for the 2 leases are 2.70 m and 2.30 respectively. Hence, no adverse impact on groundwater table is envisaged.

#### 11.4 ANTICIPATED ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS AND MITIGATION MEASURES:

#### **11.4.1 GENERAL:**

In these 2 projects Semi – Mechanized Open Cast mining without drilling & blasting will be carried out to quarry out Lime Kankar. Negligible environmental impact is envisaged from these projects due to the following reasons:

- Low quantum of production
- No Drilling and Blasting
- Less number of equipments of optimum capacity proposed to be used in this project.
- Shallow depth of mining

Due to the above-mentioned reasons, there is no adverse impact envisaged on the environment. The identified impacts due to this mine during mining and associated activities have been studied in relation to various environmental components like Air, water, noise, vibration, land, transport etc.

#### 11.4.2 AIR ENVIRONMENT:

The principal sources of air pollution in the area due to mining and allied activities are dust generation in the mine due to various activities such as excavation of material, movement of HEMM, loading, unloading and transportation operations. Besides, Gas emission also occur as a result of emission of SO2, NOx, CO etc., from diesel driven mining equipment, compressors,

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generator sets, etc. The following measures will be adopted to control impact on the air quality due to mining operations in the lease area:

**Table 11.7: Mitigation Measures – Air Environment** 

S.No	Activity	Mitigation Measures
		Proper maintenance of HEMM
		Enclosures for operator cabin.
1	Excavation and Loading	Imparting sufficient training to operators on safety and environmental parameters.
		Proper maintenance of hauling equipments.
		Avoiding overloading of dumpers.
		Regular wetting of transport road using mobile water tanker.
	Transportation	Proper maintenance of haul road and other roads
		Setting up of tyre wash facility in the transport road.
2		Avoiding overloading of tippers
_		Covering of loaded tippers with tarpaulins during transportation
		Vehicular emissions will be controlled through regular and proper preventive maintenance schedules and emissions tests are done with diesel smoke meter equipment to ensure emission values.
3	Others	Development of greenbelt / barriers around mine in the safety zone and carrying out plantation within the lease area.
		Green netting will be carried out around the lease periphery on all sides.

Due to adoption of all these measures, no major impact on air quality is envisaged due to this proposed opencast mining operation.

The impact on air quality due to the proposed project is estimated using AERMOD View Gaussian Plume Air Dispersion Model developed by Lakes Environmental Software which is based on steady state Gaussian plume dispersion. Ground Level Concentration (GLC) have been computed using hourly meteorological data for particulate matter PM10 and PM2.5.

The results of the Peak GLC's for various environmental parameters with control measures on individual basis are given below:

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#### **Peak Incremental Concentration**

S.No	Parameters	Peak incremental concentration μg/m <sup>3</sup>		
		15.145 Ha Lease area	3.425 Ha Lease area	
1	PM <sub>10</sub>	2.64	0.80	
2	$PM_{2.5}$	0.49	0.13	

It is observed that the peak incremental concentration for PM<sub>10</sub>, PM<sub>2.5</sub> occurring very near the source. At away from the source the values are getting reduced due to dispersion effects.

It can be seen that the resultant added concentrations on individual basis with baseline figures in the study area that the values of ambient air quality with respect to PM<sub>10</sub> are in the range of 54.3  $\mu$ g/m3 to 62.7  $\mu$ g/m3 and with respect to PM2.5 are in the range of 24.7  $\mu$ g/m3 to 30.2  $\mu$ g/m3 for 15.145 Ha lease area and the PM<sub>10</sub> are in the range of 54.6  $\mu$ g/m3 to 62.7  $\mu$ g/m3 and with respect to PM2.5 are in the range of 24.7  $\mu$ g/m3 to 30.2  $\mu$ g/m3 for 3.425 Ha lease area which are within the statutory limits in each case.

On cumulative basis by working of both the leases, the peak incremental concentration of PM10 is  $2.88~\mu g/m3$  and with respect to PM2.5 it is  $1.00\mu g/m3$ 

The cumulative post project concentration with respect to PM10 is in the range of  $55.4~\mu g/m3$  to  $62.7~\mu g/m3$  and with respect to PM2.5 are in the range of  $24.7~\mu g/m3$  to  $30.2~\mu g/m3$  which are within the statutory limits in each case. For preservation of environment strict enforcement of management schemes and regular air quality monitoring will be undertaken for taking corrective actions, as needed. By adopting the effective implementation of all the mitigative measures as given above, no adverse impact on Air quality due to the mining operation in these leases on cumulative basis is also expected.

#### 11.4.3 WATER ENVIRONMENT:

**Water Requirement:** Total water requirement for the 2 projects will be 8.0 KLD each comprising 1.0 KLD for drinking water and domestic use, 5.0 KLD for dust suppression and 2.0 KLD for greenbelt. The water will be sourced from outside agencies.

The activity / source of pollution, its impact / consequence, proposed control measures are explained below:

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<u>Table 11.8: Mitigation Measures – Water Pollution</u>

S.No	Source	Consequence	Mitigation Measures
А	Domestic use	Generation of waste water	The domestic sewage to be generated from the project will be collected in septic tank with soak pits.
С	Rainfall	Runoff from waste dump and stack	Towards surface runoff management, garland drain of length 3300m & 950 m respectively with respect to 15.145 Ha lease area & 3.425 will be constructed around the quarry and will be connected to a settling pond with silt traps. The supernatant clear water from the settling pond will be flow to the downstream users.
		Rainwater Harvesting	The rain water falling in the quarry will be harvested in the sump at the lowest level of the quarry. This sump will act as a settling pond to prevent solids escaping along with discharge, before outlet. etc.
	Drainage Course	Disturbance to drainage course	There are no perineal water courses in both the lease areas. In the 15. 145 Ha lease area, Thangavelu Udaiyar Eri situated in S.F.No.50/1 is in the northern side, vari course is passing through the middle of the lease area, drainage channel passing in S.F.No.44/1, 2, 6, 10, 15, 18, 54/6, 7A & 7B from east to west & Sellamuthu Eri situated in S.F.No.62/10 in the eastern side. Safety distance of 50m has been left based on precise area conditions. As a protective measures, an Earthen bund of 3 ft height will be constructed in the safety zone and it will be developed with plantation. In the lease area of 3.425 Ha lease, Kanjan Eri in S.F.No.57/8 located in eastern side & a Vari is passing in northern side in S.F.Nos.40 & 57/1. Safety distance of 50m has been left based on precise area conditions. As a protective measures, an Earthen bund of 3 ft height will be constructed in the safety zone and it will be developed with plantation. These streams/ water bodies act more of the drainage arrangement and it remains dry for most the year. There is no proposal to discharge any effluent into this water body. No major impact is envisaged on the nearby water bodies due to project operations.

Stage of Groundwater Development: The groundwater resource data of Ariyalur district
was obtained from the data provided in the technical report of the National Water Mission,
Ministry of Jal Shakti, Department of Water Resources, RD&GR – Notes on Ariyalur
District. Based on the report it is seen that this area can be categorized as 'Safe' from
ground water development point of view.

**Generation of mine pit water:** Mining operations are proposed to be quarried upto a depth of 2.70m & 2.30 m respectively for the 2 leases. The groundwater table in this area is much below this level. As such no groundwater intersection envisaged.



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#### 11.4.4 NOISE ENVIRONMENT:

In this both projects, there is no drilling and blasting involved. There will be hardly operation of 1 loader and 2 tippers in the lease area. Hence the effects of noise from the mining operation will be insignificant. Noise Levels due to mining operations at the periphery of the mine lease itself will be less even without considering any attenuation factor. However, practically there will be attenuation due to vegetation etc., and as such there will not be any adverse noise propagation outside the lease boundary. Since the habitations are also away the effect of noise due to mining operations will not be felt at all in the surrounding village. Hence, by implementing the following mitigative measures for noise control, the impact on noise levels will continue to be insignificant:

- Planting rows of native trees along roads, around mine area and other noise generating centres to act as acoustic barriers.
- Sound proof operator's cabin for equipments like shovel, tippers, etc.
- Proper and regular maintenance of equipments may lead to less noise generation.
- Providing in-built mechanism for reducing sound emissions.
- Providing earplugs to workers exposed to higher noise level.
- Conducting regular health check-up of workers including Audiometry test for the workers engaged in noise prone area.
- Displaying the noise level status of operational machinery on the machines to know the extent of noise level and to control the time to which the worker is exposed to higher noise levels.
- Provision of green net in lease periphery

Further green belt and afforestation will be planned and executed to abate noise and dust propagation in the area.

# 11.4.6 IMPACT ON LAND ENVIRONMENT:

The lease area of 15.145Ha is a patta land in the name of the applicant Chettinad Cement Corporation Pvt Ltd. There is no waste generation anticipated in this quarry operation since the

PRO CODE: CEC/EMP/MI-244 **REV NO: 00/JUL/25** 



entire excavated material will be utilized. Hence, there is no external overburden dump involved. Ultimately the entire mined out area of 4.76 Ha will be used for rainwater harvesting. 10.385 Ha will be covered with plantation/ undisturbed. Entire mined out area will be properly fenced to prevent inadvertent entry of men and animals.

The lease area of 3.425Ha is a patta land in the name of the applicant Chettinad Cement Corporation Pvt Ltd. There is no waste generation anticipated in this quarry operation since the entire excavated material will be utilized. Hence, there is no external overburden dump involved. Ultimately the entire mined out area of 1.236 Ha will be used for rainwater harvesting. 2.189 Ha will be covered with plantation/ undisturbed. Entire mined out area will be properly fenced to prevent inadvertent entry of men and animals.

#### 11.4.7 BIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENT:

Necessary mitigative measures like dust suppression, proper maintenance of equipment's, greenbelt and plantation etc., will be carried out to prevent dust generation & any further impact on the vegetation. In the lease area, safety zones, Greenbelt / Plantation will be carried out to enhance the vegetative growth and aesthetic in the area. About 1500 trees & 1000 trees for 15.145ha lease & 3.425ha lease will be planted in and around the lease area.

#### 11.4.8 SOCIO ECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT:

The entire lease area is a private patta land. Hence, there are no habitations or hutments in the core zone area and no rehabilitation or resettlement problems will arise here. The vari in proximity to the lease area not be disturbed by the proponent and sufficient safety barrier has also been left. Towards the same, it is proposed to construct a bund on the eastern side along with fencing.

The mining operations in the 2 proposed mine will employ about 10 persons directly and about 50 persons on indirect basis through allied opportunities in logistics, trading, repairing works etc. good employment potential will arise in this area, which will provide raising income levels and standards of living in the area through various service related activities connected with the project operations.

Towards the socio economic development of the surrounding area, the proponent has earmarked an amount of Rs.2.0 Lakhs under Corporate Environmental Responsibility for 2 projects. The

Creative Engineers & Consultants **SUMMARY & CONCLUSION** 

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activities identified under CER will be implemented in a phased manner. In consultation with the locals based on the need & priority it will be implemented.

## 11.4.9 OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY ASPECTS:

In order to ensure minimisation of occupational health and safety problems in the project operation, the following preventive remedial measures will be effectively exercised in the project operations, so as to comply with applicable standards.

- Medical examination of workers at pre-entry level stage of workers, etc., by qualified doctors, with periodical examination of all workers/staff at least once a year, as per DGMS circulars.
- Regular awareness campaigns amongst staff and workers
- Staff will be provided with PPE to guard against excess noise levels, Dust generation and inhalation, etc., as per standards prescribed by DGMS.

## 11.4.10 IMPACT ON LOCAL LOGISTICAL SYSTEM DUE TO PROJECT:

From the above table it is seen that there will be hardly about 3 trips per hour during the first year. Subsequently as the production will reduce in the forthcoming years, the number of trips will further reduce. The transport route can easily absorb this negligible traffic due to this project. The following mitigative measures are suggested for mitigation of adverse impacts on the logistical aspect of the project:

- Water sprinkling on Rough stone in the transport vehicles before transporting, so that no dust nuisance during transport will arise.
- Proper maintenance of transport roads
- Proper maintenance of transport vehicles.
- Avoiding overloading of material
- Covering of loaded vehicles with tarpaulins sheet if warranted.

#### **11.4.11 WASTE MANAGEMENT:**

Since the entire mined out material will be used there will not be any solid waste generation from this project. There is no process effluent generation from this mine. Hence no liquid waste is generated.

Creative Engineers & Consultants **SUMMARY & CONCLUSION** 

**REV NO: 00/JUL/25** 

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The hazardous waste generated in this mine will be stored in a separate storage area with impervious containers for waste oil, oil contaminated clothes, used lead acid batteries, scraps, tyre storage etc. It will be disposed through authorized recyclers or re-processors periodically. The hazardous wastes will be transported in accordance with the provisions of rules. By effective implementation of above said mitigation measures no major impact due to Hazardous waste is expected.

Single use plastics/ use and throwaway plastics will be banned in the site as directed by the Tamil Nadu Government vide GO(Ms)No.84 regarding ban on use of plastic products. The employees will be encouraged to use compostable material or reusable material.

#### 11.5 ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAMME:

The monitoring schedules are planned for systematic study of various pollution levels with respect to air and water qualities, noise levels, etc. to ensure that they conform to the standards laid down by Environmental Protection Act and various statutory Limits.

Monitoring location and the frequency of monitoring shall be suitably modified in consultation with the nodal agency as per the actual requirements and prevailing conditions of the mine and environmental factors, as dictated from time to time, depending on the prevailing pollution levels, if required. Since the 2 leases are in the same cluster of the same owner, the monitoring schedules are devised on a common basis.

Towards EMP measures for 15.145ha Rs.12.63 Lakhs is allocated under capital cost. Besides, Rs.14.03 Lakhs per annum will be spent under recurring cost & Towards EMP measures for 3.425ha Rs.7.76 Lakhs is allocated under capital cost. Besides, Rs.11.07 Lakhs per annum will be spent under recurring cost. All the recurring cost of maintenance of pollution control measures, environmental monitoring etc., will be met from revenue. Further details of the capital and recurring cost of environmental management has been provided in Table No. 10.2, Chapter-X.

#### 11.6 ADDITIONAL STUDIES:

The additional studies covered for this EIA / EMP report are:

- 1. Public consultation of the project as per MoEF&CC mandates.
- 2. Risk Assessment



Creative Engineers & Consultants **SUMMARY & CONCLUSION** 

PRO CODE: CEC/EMP/MI-244 REV NO: 00/JUL/25



- 3. R&R Plan
- 4. Mine closure plan

This draft EIA/EMP report will be exposed to public consultation as per mandatory procedures through the District Collector and State Pollution Control Board officials after giving 30 days advance notice in two local newspapers about the scheduled date and time for conduct of the public hearing procedures. The opinions, concerns and objections of stakeholders will be recorded during the public hearing. All the public queries and the replies to the query by the project proponent and officials concerned will be recorded and incorporated in the EIA/EMP report for approval by SEIAA, Tamil Nadu.

Elaborate description in respect of Risk Assessment and Mine closure plan are given in **Chapter** - **VII**.

Since one lease is more than 5 ha and for other lease although the lease area is less than 5 Ha, total existing and proposed Lime Kankar quarries within the 500m radius cluster along with this subject project works out to >5 Ha. As such cluster situation applicable and this EMP is prepared. The baseline monitoring carried out for this project reflects the cumulative impact of the existing scenario.

#### 11.7 CONCLUSION:

By systematic and scientific mining adhering to all the statutory norms and enforcing and strictly implementing the above said mitigation measures mentioned in this report, no adverse impact is envisaged. Since the production from these leases are very low involving simple mining operation with no Drilling and Blasting for a shallow depth only no significant impact on cumulative basis is also expected. Besides, this project will also provide employment, social welfare facilities by way of CER activities and also meet the raw material requirement of their plant.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

# CHAPTER - XII

# DISCLOSURE OF CONSULTANTS ENGAGED



#### **CHAPTER 12**

#### **DISCLOSURE OF CONSULTANTS ENGAGED**

**Creative Engineers & Consultants,** Chennai is an **NABL** accredited testing laboratory and **NABET** accredited EIA consultancy. Established over 25 years ago, this company has steadily made good strides in the environmental impact assessment fields, and is also one of the first companies to get accredited by NABET as an Accredited Consultant Organization as early as 2011. Creative Engineers & Consultants has to its credit, successful completion of numerous EIA/EMP reports, grant of environmental clearances and periodic environmental monitoring works. Presently, the company has been accredited by NABET as a 'Category-A' organization for the sectors of Mining of Minerals (opencast only), Thermal Power Plants, Mineral Beneficiation and Cement Plants with the accreditation valid upto 23.12.2026. The team of experienced professionals that are a part of this organization has been detailed below.

Table 12.1: List of People Involved

EXPERT NAME	QUALIFICATION	POSITION	EXPERIENCE
Mr. P. Giri	AMIE (Mining)	EIA Coordinator & Functional area Expert (AP,NV,HW),	Over 30 years of experience in EIA/EMP report, mine plan preparation, including modeling
Mr. K. Shankar	M.Sc (Geology). PGMEMG	Functional area Expert (GEO, HG, SHW, RH) & IBM approved RQP.	Over 25 years of experience in EIA/EMP report, Mine plan, hydrological report preparation
Mr.S.S.Rajendran	M.Sc. (Pharmaceutical Chemistry)	Lab head	More than 15 years of experience in Environmental laboratory.
Mr. R. Babu raj	M.A (Sociology), B.Com(Y.L&Cost), ITI, Advance Diploma in Computer application	Functional Area Expert (Socio Economy)	Over 18 years of experience in dispersion modeling, computer applications. Specialized in CAD and computer software,

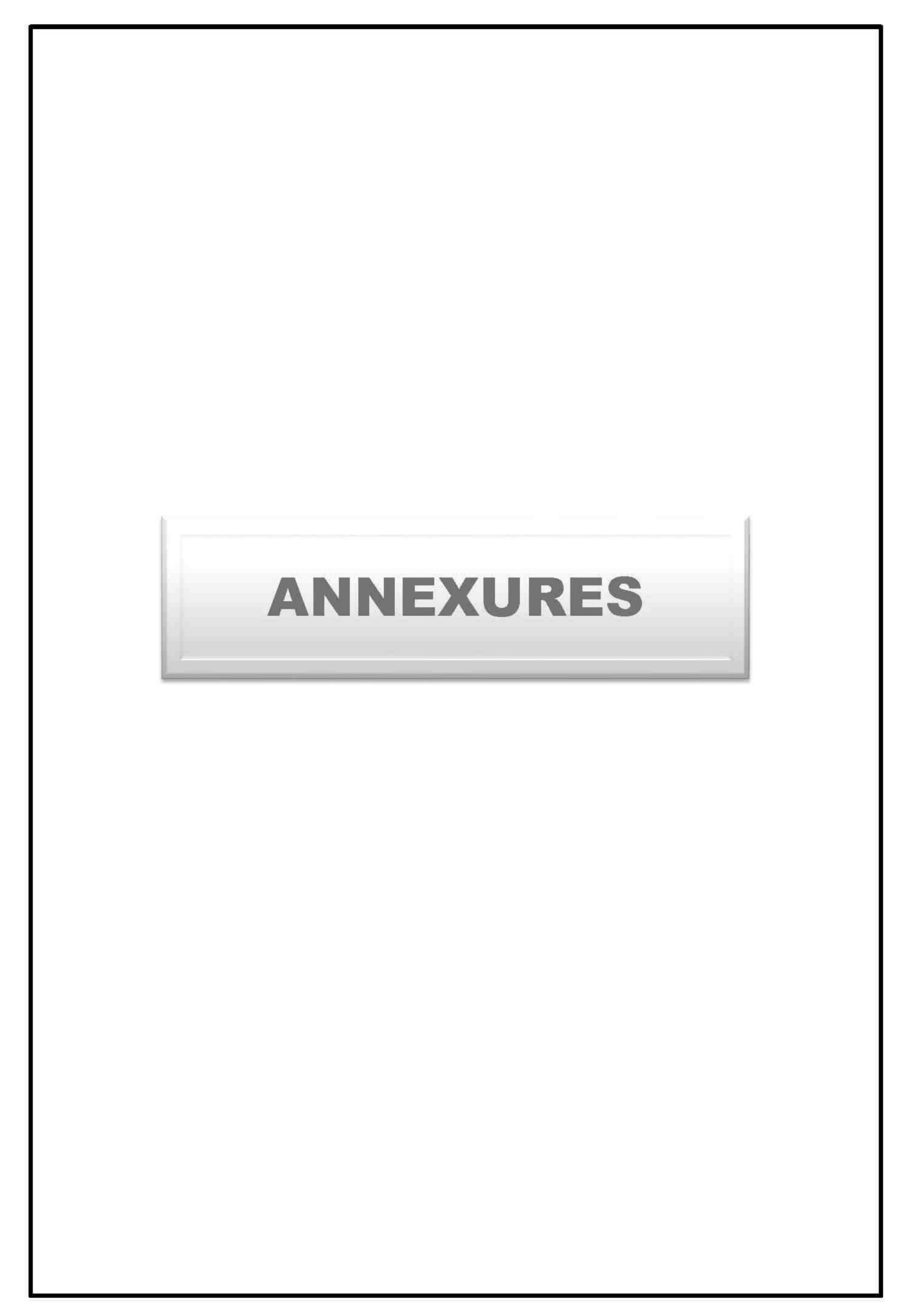


EXPERT NAME	QUALIFICATION	POSITION	EXPERIENCE
			applications. 7years experience
			in the field of socio economy and its allied report preparation.
Mr. B. Govindaraman	B.Sc.	Field technician	Over 20 years of field monitoring & data collection experience
Dr.B.Swamynathan	M.Sc (Ecology & Environmental Sciences), M.Phill (Botany), Ph.D (Ecology & Environmental Sciences)	EIA Coordinator and Functional Area Expert (EB,SC,LU and AP)	More than 12 years of experience in Environment and allied fields.
Ms. G. Sandhya	B. Tech Chemical Engineering M.Tech Environmental Engineering	Functional Area Expert (AQ, WP)	Over 6 years experience in preparation of EIA/EMP reports

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

PRO CODE: CEC/EMP/MI-244

**REV NO: 01/JUL/25** 



# ANNEXURE - 2



Natural Resources (MMC.2) Department Secretariat, Chennai-600 009.

# Letter No.6151/MMC.2/2024-1, Dated: 14.10.2024

From
Thiru. K. Phanindra Reddy, I.A.S.,
Additional Chief Secretary to Government (FAC)

To
Tvl. Chettinad Cement Corporation Private Limited,
4th Floor, Rani Seethai Hall Building,
No.603, Anna Salai, Chennai – 600 006.
Sir.

Sub: Natural Resources - Mines and Minerals - Minor Mineral - Quarry Lease Application of Tvl.Chettinad Cement Corporation Private Limited for quarrying Limekankar - over an extent of 15.14.5 hectares of patta lands - S.F.No.41/1, 41/2, 41/3, etc. - Kallankurichi Village - Ariyalur Taluk & District - Precise Area communicated - Approved Mining Plan and Environmental Clearance Certificate - Requested - Regarding.

Ref: 1. Your Quarry Lease application dated 15.03.2018.

- 2. From the District Collector, Ariyalur District, Letter Rc.No.73/G&M/2018, dated 13.11.2018 & 29.11.2022.
- From the Commissioner of Geology and Mining, File Rc.No.8882/MM7/2018, dated 19.8.2020, 14.2.2023 & 11.9.2023.

I am directed to invite your attention to the references second and third cited wherein the District Collector, Ariyalur District and the Commissioner of Geology and Mining have recommended your quarry lease application for quarrying Limekankar over an extent of 15.14.5 hectares of patta lands in S.F.No.41/1, 41/2, 41/3, etc., in Kallankurichi Village, Ariyalur Taluk and District for a period of 10 years under Rule 43(3) of the Tamil Nadu Minor Mineral Concession Rules, 1959.

- 2. In this connection, I am directed to inform that the above said area (as annexed) for quarrying Limekankar is approved as precise area by Government subject to the following conditions:
  - i. The quarrying operations shall be carried out up to a depth of 2.70 metres only in the lease applied area.
  - ii. The lessee shall quarry limekankar only. If any other mineral other than limekankar is found during quarrying operations, the lessee shall report to the District Collector immediately.



- The lessee shall not quarry limestone deposited below the limekankar deposit.
- iv. The Assistant Director (Geology & Mining), Ariyalur shall inspect the subject quarry lease before issuing permits and to ascertain whether the lessee is quarrying limekankar only.
- v. If any quarrying of limestone or any other mineral other than limekankar is found, issuance of permits shall be stopped immediately and penal action shall be initiated against the lessee as per Act and Rules.
- vi. The applicant company shall provide and maintain pathway to Arulmigu Opillathamman Temple patta land situated in S.F.No.56/10.
- vii. The applicant company shall provide and maintain a safety distance of 50 metres to Thangavelu Udaiyar Eri situated in S.F.No.50/1 in the northern side of the applied area.
- viii. The applicant company shall provide and maintain a safety distance of 50 metres to vari course situated in S.F. Nos.42, 55, 56/4 & 60.
- ix. The applicant company shall provide and maintain a safety distance of 50 metres to the detailed channel running in S.F.No.44/1, 2, 6, 10, 15, 18, 54/6, 7A & 7B from east to west.
- x. The applicant company shall provide and maintain a safety distance of 50 metres to the Selfamuthu Eri situated in S.F.No.62/10 in the eastern side of the applied area.
- xi. The applicant company shall provide and maintain a safety distance of 50 metres to the lyyaneri lake situated in S.F.No.43/2, 3 in the western side of the applied area.
- xii. The applicant company shall provide and maintain a safety distance of 7.5 metres to the adjoining patta lands.
- xiii. The applicant company shall obtain consent from the Tamil Nadu Pollution Control Board.
- xiv. If any violation is found during quarrying operation, the penal provisions of the Tamil Nadu Minor Mineral Concession Rules, 1959 and other Act and Rules in force will attract.
- xv. The applicant company should fence the lease granted area with barbed wire fencing before execution of the lease deed as follows:
  - a. The pillar post shall be firmly grounded with concrete foundation of height not less than 2 metres with a distance between two pillars shall not be more than 3 metres.
  - b. The applicant company shall incorporate the DGPS readings for the entire boundary Pillars of the area and the same should be clearly shown in the mining plan.

- c. A soft copy of the digitalized map with DGPS readings should be submitted in the CD form to the Deputy Director (G&M), Ariyalur.
- xvi. The applicant company should ensure that all the quarry workers working under its control are registered in the Labour Welfare Board and also enrolled in the ongoing insurance scheme and to submit compliance report to the District Collector, Ariyalur District before execution of the lease deed.
- 3. Therefore, I am to request you to furnish an approved mining plan for the above said precise area to Government through the Commissioner of Geology and Mining within a period of 3 months for grant of quarry lease for quarrying Limekankar as per rule 43 of the Tamil Nadu Minor Mineral Concession Rules, 1959.
- 4. I am also directed to request you to obtain and produce Environmental Clearance Certificate from the appropriate authority as per rule 42 of the Tamil Nadu Minor Mineral Concession Rules, 1959 for grant of quarry lease.

Yours faithfully,

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for Additional Chief Secretary to Government (FAC).

Copy to:

The Commissioner of Geology and Mining, Guindy, Chennal – 600 032.

The District Collector, Ariyalur District.

The Assistant Director, Geology and Mining, Ariyalur District.

# Natural Resources (MMC.2) Department, Secretariat, Chennai-600 009.

# Letter No.5716/MMC.2/2020-1, Dated: 20.12.2023

From

Thiru. K. Phanindra Reddy, I.A.S., Additional Chief Secretary to Government (FAC).

To

Tvl. Chettinad Cement Corporation Private Limited, Ariyalur Works, Trichy Road, Keelapaluvur, Ariyalur District – 621 707.

Sir,

Sub: Natural Resources Department - Mines and Minerals - Minor Mineral - Quarry Lease Application of Tvl.Chettinad Cement Corporation Private Limited - Quarrying Limekankar over an extent of 3.42.5 hectares of patta lands in S.F.Nos.39/1, 39/2, 39/4, etc. in Kallankurichi Village, Ariyalur Taluk and District - Precise Area communicated - Approved Mining Plan and Environmental Clearance Certificate - Requested - Regarding.

Ref: 1. Your Quarry Lease application dated 10.06.2016.

- From the District Collector, Ariyalur District, Letter Rc.No.79/G&M/2016, dated 15.02.2018.
- From the Commissioner of Geology and Mining, File Rc.No.1509/MM7/2018, dated 7.8.2020 and 25.01.2023.

\*\*\*\*

I am directed to invite your attention to the references second and third cited, wherein the District Collector, Ariyalur District and the Commissioner of Geology and Mining have recommended your quarry lease application for quarrying Limekankar over an extent of 3.42.5 hectares of patta lands in S.F.Nos.39/1, 39/2, 39/4, 39/5, 39/6, 39/7, 39/8, 39/9, 39/10, 39/11, 39/12, 39/13, 57/2, 57/3, 57/4, 57/5, 57/6, 57/7 in Kallankurichi Village, Ariyalur Taluk and District for a period of 5 years under Rule 43(3) of the Tamil Nadu Minor Mineral Concession Rules, 1959.

- 2. In this connection, I am directed to inform that the above said area for quarrying Limekankar is approved as precise area by Government subject to the following conditions:-
  - The quarrying operations shall be carried out up to a depth of 3 meters only in the lease applied area.

- The lessee shall quarry limekankar only. If any other mineral other than limekankar is found during quarrying operations, the lessee shall report to the District Collector immediately.
- The lessee shall not quarry limestone deposited below the limekankar deposit.
- iv. The Assistant Director (Geology & Mining), Ariyalur shall inspect the subject quarry lease before issuing permits and to ascertain whether the lessee is quarrying only limekankar.
- v. If any quarrying of limestone or any other mineral other than limekankar is found, issuance of permits shall be stopped immediately and penal action shall be initiated against the lessee as per Act and Rules.
- vi. The applicant company shall provide and maintain a safety distance of 10 metres to the Tar road in S.F.Nos.158 & 159 which is classified as car track passing in southern side.
- vii. The applicant company shall provide and maintain 10 metres safety distance to the Government poramboke lands situated in S.F.Nos.39/3 & 57/9.
- viii. The applicant company shall provide and maintain a safety distance of 50 metres to the Vari passing in northern side in S.F.Nos.40 & 57/1.
  - ix. The applicant company shall provide and maintain a safety distance of 50 metres to the Kanjaneri in S.F.No.57/8 located in eastern side.
  - x. The applicant company should fence the lease granted area with barbed wire before the execution of lease deed as follows:
    - a) The pillar post shall be firmly grounded with concrete foundation of height not less than 2 meters with a distance between two pillars shall not be more than 3 meters.
    - b) The applicant company shall incorporate the Differential Global Positioning System (DGPS) readings for the entire boundary Pillars of the area and the same should be clearly shown in the mining plan.
    - c) A soft copy of the digitalized map with DGPS readings should be submitted in the CD form to the Assistant Director / Deputy Director (Geology & Mining), Ariyalur.
- xi. Difference in seigniorage fee for the actual quantity transported should be reconciled before 15th April of every year.
- xii. Environmental Clearance should be obtained from the competent authority as per Rule 42 of the Tamil Nadu Minor Mineral Concession Rules, 1959 before the grant of quarry lease.

- xiii. Consent from the Tamil Nadu Pollution Control Board should be obtained before the commencement of quarrying operation.
- xiv. The applicant company shall provide and maintain a safety distance of 7.5 metres to the adjoining patta lands.
- xv. The applicant company should ensure that all the quarry workers working under its control are registered in the Labour Welfare Board and also enrolled in the ongoing insurance scheme and to submit compliance report to the District Collector, Ariyalur District before execution of the lease deed.
- 3. Therefore, I am to request you to furnish an approved mining plan for the above said precise area to the Government through the Commissioner of Geology and Mining within a period of 3 months for grant of quarry lease for quarrying Limekankar as per rule 43 of the Tamil Nadu Minor Mineral Concession Rules, 1959.
- 4. I am also directed to request you to obtain and produce Environmental Clearance Certificate from the appropriate authority as per rule 42 of the Tamil Nadu Minor Mineral Concession Rules, 1959 for grant of quarry lease.

Yours faithfully,

Cnajavalli 20.12-2023

for Additional Chief Secretary to Government (FAC)

Copy to:

The Commissioner of Geology and Mining, Guindy, Chennai – 600 032.

The District Collector, Ariyalur District.

# COMMISSIONERATE OF GEOLOGY AND MINING

From Tmt.N.Vijayalakshmi, M.Sc., Joint Director, Commissionerate of Geology and Mining, Guindy, Chennai – 600 032.

To Tvl.Chettinad Cement Corporation Private Limited, 4th Floor, Rani Seethai Hall Building, No.603, Anna Salai, Chennai- 600 006.

Rc.No.8882/MM7/2018, dated 19.02.2025

Sir.

Sub: Mines and Quarries - 31 Minor Minerals - Limekankar - Ariyalur District & Taluk - Kallankuruchi Village - S.F.Nos.41/1, 2, 3 etc., - over an extent of 15.14.5 Hectares of Patta lands - Application of Tvl. Chettinad Cement Corporation private limited for grant of quarry lease for quarrying Limekankar - Precise area communicated - Mining Plan Submitted for approval - forwarded and recommended for approval - Approval accorded.

Ref: 1 Quarry Lease application of Tvl.Chettinad Cement Corporation Private Ltd, 4th Floor, Rani Seethai Hall Building, No. 603, Anna Salai, Chennai – 600 006 dated:15.03.2018 (received by this office: 21.03.2018).

- 2 The Additional Chief Secretary to Government, Natural Resources (MMC.2) Department, Secretariat, Chennai Letter No.6151/MMC.2/ 2024-1, Dated:14.10.2024.
- 3 Tvl Chettinad Cement Corporation Private Limited, No.603, 4th Floor, Rani Seethai Hall Building, Anna Salai, Chennai 600 006 letter dated:18.11.2024. (along with six copies of Mining Plan addressed to the Assistant Director, Geology and Mining, Ariyalur)
- 4 The Assistant Director, Geology and Mining, Ariyalur letter Rc.No.73/G&M/2024 dated.27.12.2024. (along with five copies of Mining Plan addressed to the Commissioner of Geology and Mining, Guindy, Chennai-32)

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The references cited may be seen.

2) In exercise of the powers conferred under Rule 43 (8) of Tamil Nadu Minor Mineral Concession Rules, 1959, read with

G.O.(Rt) No.99, Natural Resources (E.1) Department, dated 13.11.2024 the mining plan presented by you is hereby approved.

- 3) This approval is subject to the following conditions.
  - i. The mining plan is approved without prejudice to any other law applicable to the quarry lease from time to time whether such laws are made by the Central Government, State Government or any other authority.
  - The approval of the mining plan does not in any way ii. imply the approval of the Government in terms of any provisions other of the Mines and (Development and Regulation) Act 1957, or any other connected laws including Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980, Forest Conservation Rules, 1981, Environment Protection Act, 1980, Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (Central Act IV of 1884) and the rules made there under and the Tamil Nadu Minor Mineral Concession Rules. 1959.
  - iii. The Mining plan is approved without prejudice to any other order or direction from any court of competent Jurisdiction.
  - iv. The quarrying operations shall be carried out up to a depth of 2.70 metres only in the lease applied area.
  - v. The lessee shall not quarry Limestone deposited below the Limekankar deposit.
  - vi. The Assistant Director (Geology and Mining), Ariyalur shall inspect the subject quarry lease before permits and to ascertain whether the lessee is quarrying limekankar only.
  - vii. The applicant company shall provide and maintain pathway to Arulmigu Opillathamman Temple patta land situated in S.F.No.56/10.
  - viii. The applicant company shall provide and maintain a safety distance of 50 metres to Thangavelu Udaiyar Eri situated in S.F.No.50/1 in the northern side of the applied area.
  - ix. The applicant company shall provide and maintain a safety distance of 50 metres to vari course situated in S.F.Nos.42,55, 56/4, 60.
  - x. The applicant company shall provide and maintain a safety distance of 50 metres to the detailed channel running in S.F.No.44/1,2,6,10,15,18,54/6,7A & 7B from east to west.

- xi. The applicant company shall provide and maintain a safety distance of 50metres to the Sellamuthu Eri situated in S.F.No.62/10 in the eastern side of the applied area.
- xii. The applicant company shall provide and maintain a safety distance of 50 metres to the Iyyaneri lake situated in S.F.No.43/2,3 in the western side of the applied area.
- xiii. The applicant company shall provide and maintain a safety distance of 7.5 metres to the adjoining patta lands.
- xiv. The waste material generated during the course of quarrying should be dumped only within the lease hold area.
- xv. Quarrying should be restricted within the lease granted area and barbed wire fencing should be erected all along the boundary of the lease granted area before commencement of quarrying operation.
- xvi. Quarrying should be carried out in scientific and systematic manner.
- xvii. If any mineral, other than Limekankar is discovered while quarrying, the applicant shall not mine or dispose of such minerals and it should be intimated to the Government within 30 days from the date of discovery of such new mineral(s) as required under sub-rule (3) of Rule 36 of Tamil Nadu Minor Mineral Concession Rules, 1959.
- xviii. No quarrying operations and dumping of the mineral and waste shall be carried out in safety distances provided to the lease applied area.

Encl.: Approved Mining Plan.

Joint Director of Geology and Mining

Copy Submitted to:
The Additional Chief Secretary to Government (FAC),
Natural Resources Department,

Secretariat, Chennai - 600 009. (with ADMP)

# Copy to:

- 1) The Director General of Mines Safety, Lapis Lagoon, AA Block, Shanthi Colony, Anna Nagar, Chennai. 600 040.
- The Assistant Director, Geology and Mining, Ariyalur District.
- Stock file.

# COMMISSIONERATE OF GEOLOGY AND MINING

From
Thiru T.Muruganandam, M.Sc.,
Additional Director,
Commissionerate of Geology and Mining,
Guindy, Chennai – 600 032.

To
M/s.Chettinad Cement Corporation
Private Limited,
Ariyalur Works,
Trichy Road, Keelpaluvur,
Ariyalur District - 621 707.

Rc.No.1509/MM7/2018, dated 27.03.2024

Sir,

Sub: Mines and Quarries - 31 Minor Minerals - Lime kankar - Ariyalur Taluk & District -Kallankurichi Village - S.F.Nos.39/1, etc., - over an extent of 3.42.5 Ha. - Patta lands - Quarry lease application preferred by Tvl.Chettinad Cement Corporation Private Limited - Recommended and forwarded by the Assistant Director, Geology and Mining, Ariyalur - Precise area communicated by the Government - Mining Plan submitted for approval - accorded - Regarding.

Ref:

- Quarry lease application of Tvl.Chettinad Cement Corporation Private Limited, Ariyalur dated 10.06.2016.
- District Collector, Ariyalur letter Rc.No.79/G&M/2016, dated 15.02.2018.
- This Office File Rc.No.1509/MM10/2018, dated 07.08.2020 forwarded to the Government.
- Government letter No.5716/MMC.2/2020-1, dated 20.12.2023.
- Mining Plan Submitted by Tvl.Chettinad Cement Corporation Private Limited dated 21.02.2024.
- G.O.(D) No.18, Natural Resources (E.1) Department, dated 01.03.2024.
- The Assistant Director, Geology and Mining, Ariyalur District letter Rc.No.79/G&M/2016, dated 13.03.2024.

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Kind attention is invited to the references cited above.

2) In the reference 4th cited, Precise Area Communicated by the Government with a direction to the Applicant Company to submit an approved mining plan within a period of 3 months in respect of the area applied for grant of quarry lease for quarrying Lime kankar over an extent of 3.42.5 Ha. of patta lands in S.F.Nos.39/1 (0.07.0 Ha.),

39/2 (0.11.5 Ha.), 39/4 (0.20.0 Ha.), 39/5 (0.35.0 Ha.), 39/6 (0.12. Ha.), 39/7 (0.35.0 Ha.), 39/8 (0.18.0 Ha.), 39/9 (0.23.0 Ha.), 39/10 (0.20.0 Ha.), 39/11 (0.16.0 Ha.), 39/12 (0.18.0 Ha.), 39/13 (0.18.0 Ha.), 57/2 (0.18.0 Ha.), 57/3 (0.13.5 Ha.), 57/4 (0.13.0 Ha.), 57/5 (0.24.5 Ha.), 57/6 (0.24.0 Ha.) & 57/7 (0.16.0 Ha.) of Kallankurichi Village, Ariyalur Taluk and District for a period of **5** years under Rule 43(3) of Tamil Nadu Minor Mineral Concession Rules, 1959 by incorporating the conditions stipulated in the Government letter dated 20.12.2023.

- 3) In response to the Precise Area Communicated by the Government, the applicant company has submitted 6 copies of draft mining plan duly prepared by the Recognized Qualified Person for approval vide reference 5th cited.
- 4) In the reference 7th cited, the Assistant Director, Geology and Mining, Ariyalur has recommended and forwarded the copies of draft mining plan and reported that contents of the draft mining plan have been verified with reference to the field conditions. The details such as Geological Reserves, Mineable Reserves, year wise production and Development programme and the Special conditions stipulated by the Government in letter No.5716/MMC.2/2020-1, dated 20.12.2023 were duly incorporated in the draft mining plan. Limekankar available in the applied area is upto a depth of 2.3m. The applicant company has proposed to quarry total reserves of 63,953 Tonnes of Limekankar @ the rate of 100% recovery within two years of mining operation and has planned afforestation for next 3 years.
- 5) In the mining plan, it has been observed that the applicant company has proposed to carry out quarrying operation up to a depth of 2.30 m. and no waste is envisaged as both the top soil mixed with kankar and kankar, will be completely utilized for the production of cement.
- 6) The Government have authorized the Additional Director of Geology and Mining, Head Quarters to approve the mining plan,

modified mining plans and scheme of mining in respect of 31 minor minerals vide G.O.(D) No.18, Natural Resources (E.1) Department, dated 01.03.2024.

7) In exercise of the powers conferred under Rule 43 (8) of Tamil Nadu Minor Mineral Concession Rules, 1959, read with G.O.(D) No.18, Natural Resources (E.1) Department, dated 01.03.2024 the mining plan submitted by the applicant company in respect of the precise area communicated for quarrying Limekankar over an extent of 3.42.5 Ha. of patta lands in S.F.Nos.39/1 (0.07.0 Ha.), 39/2 (0.11.5 Ha.), 39/4 (0.20.0 Ha.), 39/5 (0.35.0 Ha.), 39/6 (0.12. Ha.), 39/7 (0.35.0 Ha.), 39/8 (0.18.0 Ha.), 39/9 (0.23.0 Ha.), 39/10 (0.20.0 Ha.), 39/11 (0.16.0 Ha.), 39/12 (0.18.0 Ha.), 39/13 (0.18.0 Ha.), 57/2 (0.18.0 Ha.), 57/3 (0.13.5 Ha.), 57/4 (0.13.0 Ha.), 57/5 (0.24.5 Ha.), 57/6 (0.24.0 Ha.) & 57/7 (0.16.0 Ha.) of Kallankurichi Village, Ariyalur Taluk and District is approved subject to the following conditions:-

- i) The mining plan is approved without prejudice to any other law applicable to the quarry lease from time to time whether such laws are made by the Central Government, State Government or any other authority.
- ii) The approval of the mining plan does not in any way imply the approval of the Government in terms of any other provisions of the Mines and Minerals (Development and Regulation) Act 1957, or any other connected laws including Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980, Forest Conservation Rules, 1981, Environment Protection Act, 1980, Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (Central Act IV of 1884) and the rules made there under and the Tamil Nadu Minor Mineral Concession Rules, 1959.
- iii) The Mining plan is approved without prejudice to any other order or direction from any court of competent Jurisdiction.
- iv) A safety distance of 7.5 meters should be left out for the adjoining patta lands.
- v) The applicant company shall provide and maintain a safety distance of 10 meters to the Tar road in S.F.Nos.158 & 159 which is classified as cart track passing in southern side.

- vi) The applicant company shall provide and maintain 10 meters safety distance to the Government poramboke lands situated in S.F.Nos.39/3 & 57/9.
- vii)The applicant company shall provide and maintain a safety distance of 50 meters to the Vari passing in northern side in S.F.Nos.40 & 57/1.
- viii) The applicant company shall provide and maintain a safety distance of 50 metres to the Kanjaneri in S.F.No.57/8 located in eastern side.
- ix) Quarrying operations shall be carried out upto a depth of 2.30 meters only in the lease applied area.
- x) The lessee company shall quarry limekankar only. If any other mineral other than limekankar is found during quarrying operations, the lessee shall report to the District Collector immediately.
- xi) The lessee company shall **not quarry limestone deposited** below the limekankar deposit.
- xii) The Assistant Director (Geology and Mining), Ariyalur shall inspect the subject quarry lease before issuing permits and to ascertain whether the lessee is quarrying only limekankar.
- xiii) If any quarrying of limestone or any other mineral other than limekankar is found, issuance of permits shall be stopped immediately and penal action shall be initiated against the lessee as per Act and Rules.
- xiv) Quarrying operations should be carried out without any hindrance to the adjoining pattadars lands and to the public.
- xv) Quarrying should be restricted within the lease granted area.
- xvi) Quarrying should be carried out in scientific and systematic manner.
- xvii) If any mineral, other than Limekankar is discovered while quarrying, the applicant company shall not mine or dispose of such mineral and it should be intimated to the Government within 30 days from the date of discovery of such new mineral(s) as required under sub-rule (3) of Rule 36 of Tamil Nadu Minor Mineral Concession Rules, 1959.
- xviii) The applicant company should fence the lease granted area with barbed wire fencing before execution of lease deed as follows:-

- The pillar post shall be firmly grounded with concrete foundation of height not less than 2 mts with a distance between two pillars shall not be more than 3 mts.
- A soft copy of the digitalized map with Differential Global Positioning System (DGPS) readings should be submitted in the Compact Disc (CD) form to the Assistant Director/ Deputy Director (Geology & Mining), Ariyalur.
- xix) Difference in seigniorage fee for the actual quantum of Limekankar transported (as per weighment slips) should be reconciled before 15th April of every year.
- xx) A green belt should be constructed by planting trees along the boundary of the area to control air and noise pollution.
- xxi) Consent to Establish and Consent to Operate are to be obtained by the applicant company from the Tamil Nadu Pollution Control Board.
- xxii) As per the Hon'ble Supreme Court order dated 08.01.2020 in W.P.(C) No.144/2014 and subsequent instructions received from Ministry of Mines order dated 14.01.2020 and State Government letter No.1666/MMD.1/2020-1, dated 03.03.2020 the mining lease holders shall undertake regrassing the mining area and any other are which may have been disturbed due to their mining activities and restore the land to a condition which is fit for growth of fodder, flora, fauna, etc.,
- xxiii) If any violations are noticed during the quarrying operations, the penal provisions of Tamil Nadu Minor Mineral Concession Rules, 1959 and other Act and Rules in force will attract.
- xxiv) The applicant company should ensure that all the quarry workers working under its control are registered in the Labour Welfare Board and also enrolled in the ongoing insurance scheme and to submit compliance report to the District Collector, Ariyalur District before execution of the lease deed.
- xxv) The applicant company should obtain and produce Environment Clearance Certificate from the competent authority as per the guidelines issued by the Ministry of Environmental, Forest and Climate Change, Government of India and as per Rule 42 of Tamil Nadu Minor Mineral Concession Rules, 1959 before grant of quarry lease.

- xxvi) The applicant company shall strictly adhere to the statutory and safety requirements.
- xxvii) If any violation is found during quarrying operation, the penal provisions of Tamil Nadu Minor Mineral Concession Rules, 1959 and the Tamil Nadu prevention of illegal mining, transportation and storage of Minerals and Mineral Dealers Rules, 2011 and other Rules and Act in force will attract.
- xxviii) Before the execution of lease deed, the applicant company shall produce latest mining due clearance certificate obtained from the authorities concerned.
- xxix) No quarrying operations and dumping of the mineral and waste shall be carried out in safety distances provided to the lease applied area.
- xxx) The child labour should not be engaged in the quarry works.

Encl: Approved Mining Plan.

Additional Director of Goology and Mining

Copy Submitted to: The Additional Chief Secretary to Government (FAC), Natural Resources Department, Secretariat, Chennai-9. (with AMP) 27/03/24

# Copy to:

- The District Collector, Ariyalur.
- The Director General of Mines Safety, Lapis Lagoon, AA Block, Shanthi Colony, Anna Nagar, Chennai. 600 040. (with AMP)
- The Assistant Director, Geology and Mining, Ariyalur District. (with AMP)
- 4) Stock file.

From Thiru.P.Saravanan, M.Sc., Deputy Director, Geology & Mining, Ariyalur. To
The Director,
Department of Geology & Mining,
Industrial Estate,
Guindy,
Chennai – 600 032.

Rc.No.73/G & M/2017, Date: .02.2019.

Sir,

Sub: Mines & Minerals-Major Minerals - Limekankar - Ariyalur Taluk & District- Kallankurichi Village S.F.No. 41/1,2,3 etc..,
Over an extent of 15.13.0 Hects of Patta Lands Mining Lease Granted to Tvl. chettinad Cement Corporation (Private)
Limited, for Mining limekankar - Details of quarries situated within 500m Radial distance -requested -details furnished - Reg.

Ref: 1. 1.Quarry lease application of Tvl.chettinad Cement Corporation (Private) Limited, Ariyalur works, Trichy Road, Keelapalur, Ariyalur District, Dated:15.03.2018 (received by this office on 21.03.2018)

2. 2.District Collector, Ariyalur letter Rc.No.73/G&M/2018

Dated:26.03.2018

I invite your kind attention to the references cited.

- 2) In the reference 1st cited, Tvl. chettinad Cement Corporation (Private) Limited has applied for grant of quarrying lease for quarrying limekankar over an extent of 15.13.0 Hectares of patta lands in S.F.No. 41/1,2,3 etc..,in Kallankurichi Village, Ariyalur Taluk, Ariyalur District for a period of 10 years.
- 3) The above said quarry lease application has been forwarded to the Government through the Director of Geology & Mining, Chennai 32 vide this office letter in the reference 2<sup>nd</sup> cited.
- 4) In this connection, I submit the details of existing quarrying lease situated within 500 mts radial distance from the applied area are furnished as follows:

# Details of existing mine:

Sl. No	Name of the	Taluk & Village	S.F.Nos	Extent (in Hect)	Mineral	Lease Period
-----------	-------------	-----------------------	---------	------------------------	---------	-----------------

3			S.F.No.180 92/1,6, 113/3			12.11.05
		Village, Aminabad Village Kairlabad Village,	etc91, 92/4,5, 164/16etc 28/1, 29/1etc Poramboke			13.11.85 to
	Tvl. Tamil Nadu Cements	Village, Ariyalur Taluk Kallankurichi	16.05.1985 Patta. S.F. Nos. 176	66.11.0	Limestor	i i
*	4 20	Aminabad Village Kairlabad	,31 ,165 4 &166 etc, dated			to 12.11.05
1	Tvl. Tamil Nadu Cements	Ariyalur Taluk Kallankurichi Village,	G.O. Ms. No.456, S.F.No.29,30	194.29.5	Limeston e	13.11.85

Nos	(in Hect)		period applied, Granted
il		Hect)	Hect)

Sl. No	Name of the lessee / applicant	Taluk & Village	S.F. Nos	Extent (in Hect)	Mineral	Lease period applied Granted
			Nil	<del></del>		

Deputy Director, Geology and Mining, Ariyalur. From

Thiru.K.Ramajayem, M.Sc., Assistant Director, Geology and Mining, Ariyalur. To

Tvl. Chettinad Cement Corporation Private Ltd, Rani Seethai Hall Building, No.603, Anna Salai, Chennai – 600 006.

# Rc.No.79 /G & M/2016, Date: 10.10.2024.

Sir,

- Sub Mines and Quarries Quarrying Lease Minor Mineral Limekankar Ariyalur District Ariyalur Taluk Kallankurichi Village SF.Nos. 39/1, 39/2 etc., over an extent of 3.42.5 Hectares of Patta lands quarry lease application of Tvl. Chettinad Cement Corporation Private Ltd, for Quarrying Limekankar details of mines/Quarries situated within 500m Radial distance -requested -details furnished -Reg,
- Ref: 1. Quarry Lease application of Tvl. Chettinad Coment Corporation Private Ltd., Ariyalur Works, Trichy Road, Keelapalur 621 707, Ariyalur District dated:08 .06.2016 (received by this office 10.06.2016).
  - 2. The District Collector, Ariyalur Letter Rc.No.78/G&M/2016, Dated:15.02.2018.
  - Tvl Chettinad Cement Corporation Private Limited, Ariyalur Works, Trichy Road, Keelapalur, Ariyalur District -621707 Letter No. CCCPL/AW/DMG/KLK-3.42.5/ 2024-1 Dated: 01.10.2024
  - 4. Other Connected Records.

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Tvl. Chettinad Cements corporation Private Limited, Ariyalur Works, Trichy Road, Keelapalur – 621 707, Ariyalur District have applied for grant of quarrying lease for quarrying Limekankar over an extent of 3.42.5 Hectares of Patta lands in SF.Nos. 39/1, 39/2 etc., in Kallankurichi Village, Ariyalur Taluk and Ariyalur District for a period of 10 years Vide Reference 1st cited.

In this Connection, The District Collector, Ariyalur has recommended and forwarded the application of Tvl. Chettinad Cements Corporation Private Limited, for Quarrying limekankar over an extent of 3.42.5 Hectares of Patta lands in SF.Nos. 39/1, 39/2 etc., in Kallankurichi Village, Ariyalur Taluk and Ariyalur District for a period of 10 years. Vide reference 2<sup>nd</sup> cited

In this regard, Tvl. Chettinad Cements Corporation Private Limited, have requested to issue the details of mines as quarries situated within 500 meters radial distance from the above said applied area.

According, the details of existing, expired and proposed Mining /Quarrying leases situated within 500 meter radial distance from the applied area is as follows

1) ) Details of Existing Mining/Quarry Lesses:

SI N o	Name of the lessee	Taluk	Lease Granted Government order	Village	SF.Nos.	Extent in Hectares	Mineral	Lease Period
	ਚ		int	Kallankurichi	S.F. No. 29/1B etc			
	n Limite		epartme	&	86		1	0351
	TVL. Tamil Nadu Cements Corporation Limited	ь	G.O.Ms.No.456 Industries (M2) Department Dated.16.05.1985	Aminabad	S.F. No. 130/2	01, 28.5, 9.5		13.11.1985 to 12.11.2005 Deemed to be extended un to 20350
ı	ments Co	Ariyalur	56 Industries (M2) Dated. 16.05. 1985	8%	86	Patta -150.01, Poramboke 44.28.5, Total-194.29.5	Limestone	13.11.1985 to 12.11.2005 be extended
	adu Cer		No.456 J Dat	Kairulabad	S.F.Nos.327/2, 329/2 etc	Pat Poram Totz	13	13 12 d to be
	Tamii N		G.O.Ms.)	<u>&amp;</u>	& S.F.Nos.38/25 etc.,			(Дееше
	TYL.			Periyanagalur				

	ı Limited		Department	Kallankurichi	S.F. Nos. 164/6 etc			2035)
	orporation	£1		86	85	7.0, .34.0, 1.0	·	up to
2	Cements Corporation Limited	Ariyalur	Industries (M.II) Dated.21.05.1985	Aminabad <sup>5</sup>	S.F. Nos.91, 92/4, 5 etc.,	Patta - 62.7 Poramboke -3 Total - 66.1	Limestone	13.11.1985 to 12.11.2005 be extended
	Nadu		G.O.Ms.469 Industries Dated.21.03	85	& S.F.Nos.28/7 etc.,	Per Pora		Deemed to
	TVL. Tamil		6.0	Kairulabad				Q
						260.40.5		

# 2) Details of lease Period expired/abandoned Mines/Quarry:

Sl.No.	Name of the Owner	Taluk& Village	SF.Nos.	Hectares	Mineral	Lease Period
		10.7	NIL			

# 3) Details of Proposed Mines/Quarry:

Sl.No.	Name of the Owner	Taluk& Village	SF.Nos.	Hectares	Mineral	Lease Period
1	Tvl. Chettinad Cements Corporation Private Limited	Ariyalur & Kallankurichi	S.F.Nos.41/1,2,3 etc.,	15,13,0	Lime Kankar	10 Years

 The above proposal recommended and forwarded to the Government vide The District Collector Ariyalur Letter Rc.No.73/G &M /2018 Dated: 13.11.20218 & Quarry lease not yet granted.

> Assistant Director Geology and Mining Ariyalur.

# Annexure- 6

# **POPULATION BREAKUP & LITERACY LEVEL IN THE BUFFER ZONE**

SI.No	No. of	Name of	Rural	HOUSE	PO	OPULATI	ION		ATION B		SCHI	EDULE C	CASTE	SCHE	DULE T	RIBE	LI	TRERAT	ES	ILL	ITRERA	ΓES
Sto	Villages	village	urban	HOLDS	TOTAL	MALE	F.MALE	TOTAL	MALE	F.MALE	TOTAL	MALE	F.MALE	TOTAL	MALE	F. MALE	TOTAL	MALE	F.MALE	TOTAL	MALE	F.MALE
0-2 km	,Ariyalur	Sub-District, Ariyalur	District																			
1	1	Kallankurichi	Rural	1380	5385	2663	2722	607	304	303	1383	699	684	1	1	0	3392	1957	1435	1993	706	1287
		total (A)		1380	5385	2663	2722	607	304	303	1383	699	684	1	1	0	3392	1957	1435	1993	706	1287
2-5 km	,Ariyalur	Sub-District, Ariyalur	District														•					
2	1	Ottakoil	Rural	1210	4703	2344	2359	535	275	260	1769	899	870	0	0	0	2748	1640	1108	1955	704	1251
3	2	Govindapuram	Rural	1242	4996	2502	2494	591	314	277	1347	674	673	0	0	0	3260	1871	1389	1736	631	1105
4	3	Kadugur	Rural	866	3217	1627	1590	363	199	164	493	253	240	1	1	0	1893	1172	721	1324	455	869
5	4	Arungal	Rural	974	3581	1767	1814	477	240	237	827	415	412	259	120	139	1891	1073	818	1690	694	996
6	5	Karuppilakattalai	Rural	1038	4125	2082	2043	503	274	229	1385	686	699	6	1	5	2224	1297	927	1901	785	1116
7	6	Alanduraiyarkattalai	Rural	544	2106	1090	1016	265	141	124	427	220	207	0	0	0	1048	655	393	1058	435	623
8	7	Andipattakkadu	Rural	980	3848	2012	1836	463	230	233	714	389	325	0	0	0	2259	1401	858	1589	611	978
Ariyalı	ur Sub-Di	strict, Ariyalur Distric	t	•													•					
9	1	Ariyalur (M)	Urban	7319	28902	14349	14553	2977	1538	1439	3254	1620	1634	8	5	3	21977	11564	10413	6925	2785	4140
		total (B)		14173	55478	27773	27705	6174	3211	2963	10216	5156	5060	274	127	147	37300	20673	16627	18178	7100	11078
5-10 k	m,Senduı	rai Sub-District, Ariyal	ur Distr	ict													•					
10	1	Kottur	Rural	2406	9643	4817	4826	1055	558	497	2727	1435	1292	211	110	101	6460	3568	2892	3183	1249	1934
11	2	Kodanginaickan patti	Rural	1087	4262	2108	2154	492	273	219	1436	731	705	132	61	71	2461	1437	1024	1801	671	1130
12	3	Chinnamanaickankottai	Rural	818	2926	1481	1445	309	169	140	640	326	314	0	0	0	1777	1077	700	1149	404	745
Ariyalı	ur Sub-Di	strict, Ariyalur Distric	t	•													•					
13	1	Pottaveli	Rural	1048	4261	2171	2090	517	270	247	2142	1126	1016	0	0	0	2550	1524	1026	1711	647	1064
14	2	Rayampuram	Rural	947	3718	1846	1872	379	191	188	1456	726	730	0	0	0	2095	1229	866	1623	617	1006
15	3	Sennivanam	Rural	474	1870	932	938	195	109	86	1179	586	593	0	0	0	1257	711	546	613	221	392
16	4	Illuppaiyur	Rural	983	4142	2158	1984	481	283	198	1985	1043	942	0	0	0	2433	1505	928	1709	653	1056
17	5	Ayanathur	Rural	654	2445	1263	1182	207	115	92	362	184	178	0	0	0	1484	915	569	961	348	613
18	6	Kavanur	Rural	841	3242	1634	1608	400	197	203	594	307	287	11	7	4	1790	1092	698	1452	542	910
19	7	Vilangudi	Rural	683	2635	1312	1323	341	168	173	1058	533	525	128	64	64	1526	860	666	1109	452	657
20	8	Thelur	Rural	1094	4215	2136	2079	480	270	210	794	400	394	4	3	1	2407	1423	984	1808	713	1095
21	9	Periyanagalur	Rural	1041	3538	1762	1776	330	191	139	692	347	345	0	0	0	1975	1175	800	1563	587	976
22	10	Varanavasi	Rural	1091	4087	1947	2140	439	217	222	1412	651	761	0	0	0	2521	1359	1162	1566	588	978
23	11	Mallur	Rural	734	2956	1500	1456	364	184	180	956	493	463	0	0	0	1662	979	683	1294	521	773
24	12	Siruvalur	Rural	594	2155	1043	1112	215	93	122	453	230	223	0	0	0	1261	743	518	894	300	594
25	13	Pudupalayam	Rural	922	3535	1750	1785	330	176	154	1072	536	536	3	2	1	2009	1187	822	1526	563	963
26	14	Reddipalayam	Rural	1125	4126	2095	2031	417	212	205	516	260	256	5	3	2	2457	1432	1025	1669	663	1006
Kunna	m Sub-D	istrict, Perambalur Dis	strict																			
27	1	Kolapady	Rural	547	2053	1030	1023	251	145	106	638	313	325	8	4	4	1017	619	398	1036	411	625
28	2	Puduvettagudi	Rural	979	3621	1749	1872	412	210	202	1181	583	598	123	60	63	1919	1124	795	1702	625	1077
29	3	Kadur (North)	Rural	711	3132	1623	1509	376	196	180	1974	1053	921	0	0	0	1656	1021	635	1476	602	874
30	4	Kadur (South)	Rural	655	2794	1404	1390	346	173	173	1449	754	695	0	0	0	1490	903	587	1304	501	803
31	5	Periavenmani (East)	Rural	351	1469	737	732	186	97	89	557	285	272	0	0	0	783	476	307	686	261	425

SI.No	No. of	/		HOUSE	PC	OPULATI	ON		ATION E GE GRO	BELOW 6 UP	SCHI	EDULE C	CASTE	SCHE	DULE T	RIBE	LI	TRERAT	ES	ILL	ITRERA	ΓES
SI.NO	Villages	village	urban	HOLDS	TOTAL	MALE	F.MALE	TOTAL	MALE	F.MALE	TOTAL	MALE	F.MALE	TOTAL	MALE	F. MALE	TOTAL	MALE	F.MALE	TOTAL	MALE	F.MALE
32	6	Periavenmani (West)	Rural	731	2911	1444	1467	308	155	153	937	473	464	0	0	0	1662	1005	657	1249	439	810
33	7	Melamathur	Rural	1096	4282	2125	2157	532	271	261	1262	617	645	0	0	0	2452	1427	1025	1830	698	1132
34	8	Alagiripalayam	Rural	725	2687	1354	1333	302	163	139	544	261	283	0	0	0	1585	925	660	1102	429	673
35	9	Thondappadi	Rural	1075	3966	1885	2081	465	240	225	1121	517	604	0	0	0	2260	1275	985	1706	610	1096
36	10	Koothur	Rural	495	1797	841	956	169	92	77	458	220	238	0	0	0	1102	613	489	695	228	467
37	11	Adhanur (South)	Rural	427	1396	631	765	140	76	64	241	106	135	0	0	0	833	452	381	563	179	384
38	12	Adhanur (North)	Rural	720	2535	1262	1273	288	169	119	647	320	327	0	0	0	1443	853	590	1092	409	683
39	13	Kottarai	Rural	611	2329	1237	1092	233	129	104	484	246	238	0	0	0	1429	870	559	900	367	533
		total (C)		25665	98728	49277	49451	10959	5792	5167	30967	15662	15305	625	314	311	57756	33779	23977	40972	15498	25474
		Grand Total (A+B+C)		41218	159591	79713	79878	17740	9307	8433	42566	21517	21049	900	442	458	98448	56409	42039	61143	23304	37839

\*Source: District Primary Census Abstract, Ariyalur, Perambalur District of Tamilnadu State-2011

# **OCCUPATIONAL STRUCTURE IN THE BUFFER ZONE**

SI.No	No. of Villages	Name of village	Rural /	MAIN WORKERS		CULT	IVATORS	AGRI L	ABOURS	HOUS	E HOLD	OTHERS		MARGINAL WORKERS		NON WORKERS	
31.140			urban	MALE	F.MALE	MALE	F.MALE	MALE	F.MALE	MALE	F.MALE	MALE	F.MALE	MALE	F.MALE	MALE	F.MALE
0-2 km	Ariyalur S	ub-District, Ariyalur Dist	rict	<u>'</u>		•						•				1	
1	1	Kallankurichi	Rural	1228	705	396	253	264	236	17	54	551	162	252	150	1183	1867
		total (A)		1228	705	396	253	264	236	17	54	551	162	252	150	1183	1867
2-5 km	Ariyalur S	ub-District, Ariyalur Dist	rict														
2	1	Ottakoil	Rural	1120	590	393	311	355	186	18	22	354	71	276	557	948	1212
3	2	Govindapuram	Rural	1401	782	380	220	452	391	12	16	557	155	85	131	1016	1581
4	3	Kadugur	Rural	832	712	557	305	201	369	18	15	56	23	186	247	609	631
5	4	Arungal	Rural	1019	793	390	187	441	552	8	0	180	54	38	177	710	844
6	5	Karuppilakattalai	Rural	1088	782	608	410	347	339	2	1	131	32	160	154	834	1107
7	6	Alanduraiyarkattalai	Rural	645	599	94	78	481	492	4	1	66	28	10	15	435	402
8	7	Andipattakkadu	Rural	1093	970	421	263	584	688	2	2	86	17	6	16	913	850
Ariyalu	r Sub-Dist	rict, Ariyalur District															
9	1	Ariyalur (M)	Urban	6530	1918	248	67	444	226	173	125	5665	1500	1285	550	6534	12085
		total (B)		13728	7146	3091	1841	3305	3243	237	182	7095	1880	2046	1847	11999	18712
5-10 kn	n,Sendurai	Sub-District, Ariyalur D	istrict														
10	1	Kottur	Rural	2050	1000	532	222	591	482	81	41	846	255	479	407	2288	3419
11	2	Kodanginaickan patti	Rural	984	608	441	271	372	276	13	18	158	43	146	193	978	1353
12	3	Chinnamanaickankottai	Rural	843	580	185	66	564	477	3	4	91	33	7	21	631	844
Ariyalu	r Sub-Dist	rict, Ariyalur District	1				1										
13	1	Pottaveli	Rural	1033	685	351	294	419	349	28	4	235	38	232	157	906	1248
14	2	Rayampuram	Rural	752	432	412	266	138	122	32	4	170	40	321	464	773	976
15	3	Sennivanam	Rural	389	316	177	48	93	243	6	3	113	22	201	238	342	384
16	4	Illuppaiyur	Rural	1101	488	566	267	355	176	12	19	168	26	171	388	886	1108
17	5	Ayanathur	Rural	748	461	528	302	125	132	6	6	89	21	15	40	500	681
18	6	Kavanur	Rural	814	711	568	512	140	159	1	12	105	28	156	127	664	770
19	7	Vilangudi	Rural	762	478	139	119	329	287	8	9	286	63	21	36	529	809
20	8	Thelur	Rural	1118	632	461	275	297	289	37	11	323	57	160	167	858	1280
21	9	Periyanagalur	Rural	936	644	452	304	123	208	33	29	328	103	85	140	741	992
22	10	Varanavasi	Rural	1097	664	194	93	553	457	12	5	338	109	20	21	830	1455
23	11	Mallur	Rural	891	567	515	314	224	199	9	13	143	41	19	23	590	866
24	12	Siruvalur	Rural	515	363	254	186	120	153	4	1	137	23	114	133	414	616
25	13	Pudupalayam	Rural	514	195	92	51	153	108	2	0	267	36	501	481	735	1109
26	14	Reddipalayam	Rural	994	547	267	95	219	350	23	10	485	92	216	189	885	1295
Kunnaı	n Sub-Dist	rict, Perambalur District	1				1										
27	1	Kolapady	Rural	576	545	344	334	121	158	8	19	103	34	26	59	428	419
28	2	Puduvettagudi	Rural	1058	1113	426	471	482	594	15	13	135	35	6	10	685	749
29	3	Kadur (North)	Rural	50	31	14	3	11	16	1	1	24	11	945	861	628	617
30	4	Kadur (South)	Rural	343	188	126	38	104	122	4	5	109	23	464	351	597	851

SI.No	No. of Villages	Name of village	Rural / urban	MAIN WORKERS		CULT	VATORS	AGRI LABOURS		HOUSE HOLD		OTHERS		MARGINAL WORKERS		NON WORKERS	
31.140				MALE	F.MALE	MALE	F.MALE	MALE	F.MALE	MALE	F.MALE	MALE	F.MALE	MALE	F.MALE	MALE	F.MALE
31	5	Periavenmani (East)	Rural	420	179	140	13	176	158	5	2	99	6	17	259	300	294
32	6	Periavenmani (West)	Rural	843	706	264	164	445	504	7	6	127	32	33	176	568	585
33	7	Melamathur	Rural	1178	1004	651	598	226	323	10	13	291	70	59	72	888	1081
34	8	Alagiripalayam	Rural	797	737	487	424	230	288	6	5	74	20	17	14	540	582
35	9	Thondappadi	Rural	849	855	527	592	133	203	9	12	180	48	293	350	743	876
36	10	Koothur	Rural	269	313	165	211	48	80	3	0	53	22	188	193	384	450
37	11	Adhanur (South)	Rural	358	469	207	245	139	216	0	0	12	8	12	12	261	284
38	12	Adhanur (North)	Rural	710	766	605	693	20	44	2	4	83	25	8	12	544	495
39	13	Kottarai	Rural	782	725	681	688	5	5	29	8	67	24	21	18	434	349
		total (C)		23774	17002	10771	8159	6955	7178	409	277	5639	1388	4953	5612	20550	26837
		Grand Total (A+B+C)		38730	24853	14258	10253	10524	10657	663	513	13285	3430	7251	7609	33732	47416

\*Source: District Primary Census Abstract, Ariyalur, Perambalur District of Tamilnadu State-2011

# **EDUCATIONAL FACILITIES IN THE STUDY AREA**

SI.N o	No. of Village s	Name of village	Educationa I Facilities (A(1)/ NA(2)	Govt Pre - Primary School (Nursery/LKG/UKG ) (Numbers)	Govt Primary School (Numbers	Govt Middle School (Numbers	Govt Secondar y School (Numbers)	Govt Senior Secondar y School (Numbers)	Govt Arts and Science Degree College (Numbers	Govt Engineerin g College (Numbers)	Govt Medicine College (Numbers	Govt Managemen t Institute (Numbers)	Govt Polytechni c (Numbers)	Govt Vocationa I Training School/ITI (Numbers	Governmen t Non Formal Training Centre (Numbers)	Governmen t School For Disabled (Numbers)
0-2 kr	n,Ariyalı	ur Sub-District, Ariyalı	ır District													
1	1	Kallankurichi	1	4	5	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0
		total (A)		4	5	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0
	n,Ariyalı	ur Sub-District, Ariyalı	ır District													
2	1	Ottakoil	1	4	3	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
3	2	Govindapuram	1	5	5	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0
4	3	Kadugur	1	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
5	4	Arungal	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
6	5	Karuppilakattalai	1	5	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0
7	6	Alanduraiyarkattalai	1	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0
8	7	Andipattakkadu	1	4	3	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0
		total (B)		25	22	10	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	26	0
5-10 km,Sendurai Sub-District, Ariyalur District																
9	1	Kottur	1	9	5	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0
10	2	Kodanginaickan patti	1	5	4	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0
11	3	Chinnamanaickankotta i	1	4	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Ariyalur Sub-District, Ariyalur District																
12	1	Pottaveli	1	3	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
13	2	Rayampuram	1	3	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
14	3	Sennivanam	1	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
15	4	Illuppaiyur	1	3	2	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
16	5	Ayanathur	1	2	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
17	6	Kavanur	1	4	4	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	4	0
18	7	Vilangudi	1	2	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
19	8	Thelur	1	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
20	9	Periyanagalur	1	3	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	1
21	10	Varanavasi	1	2	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
22	11	Mallur	1	3	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
23	12	Siruvalur	1	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
24	13	Pudupalayam	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
25	14	Reddipalayam	1	6	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
Kunn	am Sub-	District, Perambalur D	istrict													
26	1	Kolapady	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
27	2	Puduvettagudi	1	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
28	3	Kadur (North)	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
29	4	Kadur (South)	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
30	5	Periavenmani (East)	1	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
31	6	Periavenmani (West)	1	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
32	7	Melamathur	1	3	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
33	8	Alagiripalayam	1	5	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
34	9	Thondappadi	1	4	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
35	10	Koothur	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
36	11	Adhanur (South)	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0

SI.N o	No. of Village s	Name of village	Educationa I Facilities (A(1)/ NA(2)	Govt Pre - Primary School (Nursery/LKG/UKG ) (Numbers)	Govt Primary School (Numbers	Govt Middle School (Numbers )	Govt Secondar y School (Numbers)	Govt Senior Secondar y School (Numbers)	Govt Arts and Science Degree College (Numbers	Govt Engineerin g College (Numbers)	Govt Medicine College (Numbers	Govt Managemen t Institute (Numbers)	Govt Polytechni c (Numbers)	Govt Vocationa I Training School/ITI (Numbers	Governmen t Non Formal Training Centre (Numbers)	Governmen t School For Disabled (Numbers)
37	12	Adhanur (North)	1	3	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
38	13	Kottarai	1	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
		total (C)		85	68	33	12	5	0	1	0	0	0	0	56	1
		Grand Total (A+B+C)		114	95	45	18	6	0	1	0	0	0	0	87	1

<sup>\*</sup>Source: District Primary Census Abstract, Ariyalur, Perambalur District of Tamilnadu State-2011

#### Annexure-9

#### **MEDICAL FACILITIES WITHIN THE STUDY AREA**

SI.No	No. of Villages	Name of village	Medical Facilities (A(1)/NA(2))	Community Health Centre (Numbers)	Primary Health Centre (Numbers)	Primary Healith Sub Centre (Numbers)	Maternity And Child Welfare Centre (Numbers)	TB Clinic (Numbers)	Hospital Allopathic (Numbers)	Hospiltal Alternative Medicine (Numbers)	Dispensary (Numbers)	Veterinary Hospital (Numbers)	Mobile Health Clinic (Numbers)	Family Welfare Centre (Numbers)
0-2 km	Ariyalur S	ub-District, Ariyalur Distr	rict											
1	1	Kallankurichi	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		total (A)		0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2-5 km	Ariyalur S	ub-District, Ariyalur Distr	rict											
2	1	Ottakoil	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	2	Govindapuram	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1
4	3	Kadugur	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1
5	4	Arungal	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	5	Karuppilakattalai	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
7	6	Alanduraiyarkattalai	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	7	Andipattakkadu	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1
		total (B)		1	3	6	3	3	0	0	3	1	0	3
5-10 km	n,Sendurai	Sub-District, Ariyalur Dis	strict											
9	1	Kottur	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
10	2	Kodanginaickan patti	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1
11	3	Chinnamanaickankottai	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ariyalu	r Sub-Dist	rict, Ariyalur District												
12	1	Pottaveli	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13	2	Rayampuram	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14	3	Sennivanam	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15	4	Illuppaiyur	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16	5	Ayanathur	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17	6	Kavanur	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18	7	Vilangudi	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1
19	8	Thelur	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	9	Periyanagalur	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
21	10	Varanavasi	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22	11	Mallur	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23	12	Siruvalur	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
24	13	Pudupalayam	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25	14	Reddipalayam	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kunna	m Sub-Dist	trict, Perambalur District												
26	1	Kolapady	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
27	2	Puduvettagudi	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
28	3	Kadur (North)	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
29	4	Kadur (South)	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
30	5	Periavenmani (East)	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
31	6	Periavenmani (West)	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
32	7	Melamathur	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1

SI.No	No. of Villages	Name of village	Medical Facilities (A(1)/NA(2))	Community Health Centre (Numbers)	Primary Health Centre (Numbers)	Primary Heallth Sub Centre (Numbers)	Maternity And Child Welfare Centre (Numbers)	TB Clinic (Numbers)	Hospital Allopathic (Numbers)	Hospiltal Alternative Medicine (Numbers)	Dispensary (Numbers)	Veterinary Hospital (Numbers)	Mobile Health Clinic (Numbers)	Family Welfare Centre (Numbers)
33	8	Alagiripalayam	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
34	9	Thondappadi	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
35	10	Koothur	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
36	11	Adhanur (South)	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
37	12	Adhanur (North)	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1
38	13	Kottarai	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		total (C)		0	4	18	9	5	0	0	4	6	0	4
		Grand Total (A+B+C)		1	7	25	12	8	0	0	7	7	0	7

\*Source: District Primary Census Abstract, Ariyalur, Perambalur District of Tamilnadu State-2011

Note : A: Available, NA- Not Available

# **INFRASTRUCTURAL FACILITIES IN THE STUDY AREA**

SI. No	No. of Villag es	Name of village	Tap Water- Treated (Status A(1)/NA (2))	Covere d Well (Status A(1)/NA (2))	Hand Pump (Status A(1)/NA (2))	Tube Wells/Bore hole (Status A(1)/NA(2))	Spring (Status A(1)/NA (2))	River/Ca nal (Status A(1)/NA( 2))	Tank/Pond/ Lake (Status A(1)/NA(2))	Post Office (Status A(1)/NA (2))	Sub Post Office (Status A(1)/NA (2))	Post And Telegra ph Office (Status A(1)/NA (2))	Telepho ne (landlin es) (Status A(1)/NA (2))	Mobile Phone Covera ge (Status A(1)/NA (2))	Public Bus Service (Status A(1)/NA (2))	Railway Station (Status A(1)/NA (2))	Commer cial Bank (Status A(1)/NA( 2))	Coopera tive Bank (Status A(1)/NA( 2))	Agricult ural Credit Societie s (Status A(1)/NA( 2))
0-2 k	m,Ariya	lur Sub-District,	Ariyalur D		ı	1		<b>,</b>		ı	ı	ı	T	T	1				
1	1	Kallankurichi	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
2-5 k	m,Ariya	lur Sub-District,	Ariyalur D	District	ı	T		I		ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	<u> </u>				
2	1	Ottakoil	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
3	2	Govindapuram	1	1	2	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	1
4	3	Kadugur	1	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
5	4	Arungal	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
6	5	Karuppilakattalai	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
7	6	Alanduraiyarkatt alai	1	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
8	7	Andipattakkadu	1	2	1	1	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
5-10	km,Sen	durai Sub-Distric	t, Ariyalu	r District															
9	1	Kottur	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
10	2	Kodanginaickan patti	1	2	1	1	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	2	1
11	3	Chinnamanaicka nkottai	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
Ariya	alur Sub	p-District, Ariyalu	r District			<del>,</del>													
12	1	Pottaveli	1	2	1	1	2	2	1	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
13	2	Rayampuram	1	2	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	1
14	3	Sennivanam	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
15	4	Illuppaiyur	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	1
16	5	Ayanathur	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	1	1	2	2	1	1
17	6	Kavanur	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
18	7	Vilangudi	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	1
19	8	Thelur	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
20	9	Periyanagalur	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	2	1	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	1
21	10	Varanavasi	1	2	1	1	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	2	2	2	1	2
22	11	Mallur	1	2	1	1	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
23	12	Siruvalur	1	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
24	13	Pudupalayam	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	1	1
25	14	Reddipalayam	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	1	2
	nam Sul	b-District, Peram	balur Dist		Т	T		<del> </del>	<b>-</b>	Т	T	Т	T	T	<u> </u>				
26	1	Kolapady	1	2	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
27	2	Puduvettagudi	1	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	1
28	3	Kadur (North)	1	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	2	2	2	2	1

SI. No	No. of Villag es	Name of village	Tap Water- Treated (Status A(1)/NA (2))	Covere d Well (Status A(1)/NA (2))	Hand Pump (Status A(1)/NA (2))	Tube Wells/Bore hole (Status A(1)/NA(2))	Spring (Status A(1)/NA (2))	River/Ca nal (Status A(1)/NA( 2))	Tank/Pond/ Lake (Status A(1)/NA(2))	Post Office (Status A(1)/NA (2))	Sub Post Office (Status A(1)/NA (2))	Post And Telegra ph Office (Status A(1)/NA (2))	Telepho ne (landlin es) (Status A(1)/NA (2))	Mobile Phone Covera ge (Status A(1)/NA (2))	Public Bus Service (Status A(1)/NA (2))	Railway Station (Status A(1)/NA (2))	Commer cial Bank (Status A(1)/NA( 2))	Coopera tive Bank (Status A(1)/NA( 2))	Agricult ural Credit Societie s (Status A(1)/NA( 2))
29	4	Kadur (South)	1	1	2	1	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
30	5	Periavenmani (East)	1	1	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	2
31	6	Periavenmani (West)	1	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
32	7	Melamathur	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
33	8	Alagiripalayam	1	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	1	2	2	1	2
34	9	Thondappadi	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	2
35	10	Koothur	1	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	1	2	2	1	1
36	11	Adhanur (South)	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
37	12	Adhanur (North)	1	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
38	13	Kottarai	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	2

\*Source: District Primary Census Abstract, Ariyalur, Perambalur District of Tamilnadu State-2011

Note : A: Available, NA- Not Available

Status: A(1)/NA(2)



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#### **AMBIENT AIR QUALITY**

Project		Limekankar Quarry Lease Of Chettinad Cement Corporation Pvt. Ltd. Over An Area Of 15.145 Ha & 3.425 Ha, Kallankurichi Village,
Name of the Location	:	Near Mine Lease Area
Station Code	:	A1

SL.NO	DATE	PM10	PM2.5	SO2	NO2
1	3/4/2025	42.2	19.0	4.8	8.1
2	3/5/2025	45.1	20.3	5.4	8.7
3	3/15/2025	51.6	23.2	6.7	10.1
4	3/16/2025	50.3	22.6	6.4	9.7
5	3/18/2025	45.6	20.5	5.5	8.8
6	3/19/2025	49.8	22.4	6.3	9.6
7	3/29/2025	41.6	18.7	4.7	8.0
8	3/30/2025	44.1	19.8	5.2	8.5
9	4/1/2025	50.6	22.8	6.5	9.8
10	4/2/2025	48.1	21.6	6.0	9.3
11	4/12/2025	43.1	19.4	5.0	8.3
12	4/13/2025	48.6	21.9	6.1	9.4
13	4/15/2025	46.2	20.8	5.6	8.9
14	4/16/2025	49.1	22.1	6.2	9.5
15	4/26/2025	51.0	23.0	6.6	9.9
16	4/27/2025	52.6	23.7	6.9	10.4
17	4/29/2025	41.1	18.5	4.6	7.9
18	4/30/2025	44.6	20.1	5.3	8.6
19	5/10/2025	52.1	23.4	6.8	10.2
20	5/11/2025	47.8	21.5	5.9	9.2
21	5/13/2025	42.6	19.2	4.9	8.2
22	5/14/2025	46.5	20.9	5.7	9.0
23	5/24/2025	43.6	19.6	5.1	8.4
24	5/25/2025	47.1	21.2	5.8	9.1
	MIN	41.1	18.5	4.6	7.9
	AVE	46.9	21.1	5.8	9.1
	MAX	52.6	23.7	6.9	10.4

Note: BDL – Below Detectable Limit, DL: Detectable Limit.

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### **AMBIENT AIR QUALITY**

Project	••	Limekankar Quarry Lease Of Chettinad Cement Corporation Pvt. Ltd. Over An Area Of 15.145 Ha & 3.425 Ha, Kallankurichi Village
Name of the Location	••	Thamaraikulam Village
Station Code	:	A2

SL.NO	DATE	PM10	PM2.5	SO2	NO2
1	3/4/2025	55.3	25.9	6.5	10.3
2	3/5/2025	57.7	27.1	8.1	11.9
3	3/15/2025	53.5	25.2	5.9	9.1
4	3/16/2025	55.1	25.9	6.4	10.1
5	3/18/2025	56.5	26.6	7.3	11.1
6	3/19/2025	54.9	25.8	6.3	9.9
7	3/29/2025	54.1	25.4	6.1	9.5
8	3/30/2025	56.2	26.4	7.1	10.9
9	4/1/2025	58.9	27.7	8.7	12.5
10	4/2/2025	56.8	26.6	7.5	11.3
11	4/12/2025	53.6	25.2	6.1	9.3
12	4/13/2025	55.9	26.3	6.7	10.7
13	4/15/2025	59.5	28.1	9.1	12.9
14	4/16/2025	57.1	26.8	7.7	11.5
15	4/26/2025	52.9	24.9	5.7	8.7
16	4/27/2025	54.4	25.6	6.2	9.7
17	4/29/2025	61.7	29.2	9.5	13.3
18	4/30/2025	58.6	27.5	8.5	12.3
19	5/10/2025	58.3	27.4	8.3	12.1
20	5/11/2025	59.2	27.8	8.9	12.7
21	5/13/2025	57.4	26.9	7.9	11.7
22	5/14/2025	59.8	28.1	9.3	13.1
23	5/24/2025	53.2	24.9	5.8	8.9
24	5/25/2025	55.6	26.1	6.6	10.5
	MIN	52.9	24.9	5.7	8.7
	AVE	56.5	26.6	7.3	11.0
	MAX	61.7	29.2	9.5	13.3

Note: BDL – Below Detectable Limit, DL: Detectable Limit.

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#### **AMBIENT AIR QUALITY**

Project	••	Limekankar Quarry Lease Of Chettinad Cement Corporation Pvt. Ltd. Over An Area Of 15.145 Ha & 3.425 Ha, Kallankurichi Village
Name of the Location	:	Venkatapuram Village
Station Code	:	A3

SL.NO	DATE	PM10	PM2.5	SO2	NO2
1	3/6/2025	47.6	21.7	5.5	9.1
2	3/7/2025	50.3	22.9	6.2	10.2
3	3/13/2025	52.8	24.1	7.1	11.6
4	3/14/2025	54.6	24.9	8.1	12.6
5	3/20/2025	48.1	21.8	5.6	9.2
6	3/21/2025	51.3	23.4	6.5	10.7
7	3/27/2025	49.2	22.4	5.9	9.9
8	3/28/2025	55.7	25.4	8.5	12.7
9	4/3/2025	50.4	23.1	6.3	10.4
10	4/4/2025	52.1	23.8	6.7	11.2
11	4/10/2025	48.4	22.1	5.7	9.4
12	4/11/2025	49.6	22.6	6.1	10.1
13	4/17/2025	56.6	25.8	8.7	12.9
14	4/18/2025	54.1	24.7	7.7	12.2
15	4/24/2025	46.9	21.4	5.3	8.6
16	4/25/2025	53.2	24.3	7.3	11.8
17	5/1/2025	50.7	23.1	6.4	10.6
18	5/2/2025	52.4	23.9	6.9	11.4
19	5/8/2025	48.8	22.3	5.8	9.6
20	5/9/2025	53.6	24.4	7.5	12.1
21	5/15/2025	47.2	21.5	5.4	8.8
22	5/16/2025	51.6	23.5	6.6	11.1
23	5/22/2025	55.2	25.2	8.3	12.7
24	5/23/2025	54.4	24.8	7.9	12.4
	MIN	46.9	21.4	5.3	8.6
	AVE	51.5	23.5	6.7	10.9
	MAX	56.6	25.8	8.7	12.9

Note: BDL - Below Detectable Limit, DL: Detectable Limit.

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#### **AMBIENT AIR QUALITY**

Project	:	Limekankar Quarry Lease Of Chettinad Cement Corporation Pvt. Ltd. Over An Area Of 15.145 Ha & 3.425 Ha, Kallankurichi Village.
Name of the Location	:	West Srinivasapuram Village
Station Code	:	A4

SL.NO	DATE	PM10	PM2.5	SO2	NO2
1	3/6/2025	55.6	25.6	7.3	12.1
2	3/7/2025	57.2	26.3	7.7	12.9
3	3/13/2025	50.2	23.1	5.7	9.3
4	3/14/2025	52.8	24.3	6.5	10.7
5	3/20/2025	51.6	23.7	6.2	10.1
6	3/21/2025	49.3	22.7	5.5	8.9
7	3/27/2025	58.2	26.8	8.1	13.3
8	3/28/2025	55.1	25.3	7.2	11.9
9	4/3/2025	50.4	23.2	5.8	9.5
10	4/4/2025	53.2	24.5	6.6	10.9
11	4/10/2025	52.1	23.9	6.3	10.3
12	4/11/2025	54.4	25.1	6.9	11.4
13	4/17/2025	58.3	26.8	8.3	13.6
14	4/18/2025	56.4	25.9	7.5	12.5
15	4/24/2025	49.6	22.8	5.6	9.1
16	4/25/2025	52.4	24.1	6.4	10.5
17	5/1/2025	49.2	22.6	5.5	8.9
18	5/2/2025	54.1	24.9	6.8	11.3
19	5/8/2025	56.2	25.9	7.4	12.3
20	5/9/2025	53.6	24.7	6.7	11.1
21	5/15/2025	57.7	26.5	7.8	13.1
22	5/16/2025	54.8	25.2	7.1	11.7
23	5/22/2025	51.2	23.6	6.1	9.9
24	5/23/2025	56.8	26.1	7.6	12.7
	MIN	49.2	22.6	5.5	8.9
	AVE	53.8	24.7	6.8	11.2
	MAX	58.3	26.8	8.3	13.6

Note: BDL – Below Detectable Limit, DL: Detectable Limit.

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### **AMBIENT AIR QUALITY**

Project	:	Limekankar Quarry Lease Of Chettinad Cement Corporation Pvt. Ltd. Over An Area Of 15.145 Ha & 3.425 Ha, Kallankurichi Village
Name of the Location	••	Srinivasapuram Village
Station Code	:	A5

SL.NO	DATE	PM10	PM2.5	SO2	NO2
1	3/8/2025	54.1	24.9	6.5	10.2
2	3/9/2025	55.7	25.6	6.9	10.6
3	3/11/2025	52.1	24.1	5.9	9.5
4	3/12/2025	56.1	25.8	7.3	10.9
5	3/22/2025	48.5	22.3	5.1	8.5
6	3/23/2025	50.9	23.4	5.6	9.2
7	3/25/2025	49.7	22.9	5.3	8.8
8	3/26/2025	52.9	24.3	6.2	9.7
9	4/5/2025	51.3	23.6	5.7	9.3
10	4/6/2025	54.5	25.1	6.6	10.3
11	4/8/2025	50.1	23.1	5.4	8.9
12	4/9/2025	53.3	24.5	6.3	9.8
13	4/19/2025	47.7	21.9	4.8	8.3
14	4/20/2025	49.3	22.7	5.2	8.7
15	4/22/2025	56.5	26.1	7.6	11.2
16	4/23/2025	54.9	25.3	6.7	10.4
17	5/3/2025	50.5	23.2	5.5	9.1
18	5/4/2025	53.7	24.7	6.4	10.2
19	5/6/2025	48.1	22.1	4.9	8.5
20	5/7/2025	51.7	23.8	5.8	9.4
21	5/17/2025	55.3	25.4	6.8	10.5
22	5/18/2025	56.9	26.2	7.9	11.4
23	5/20/2025	48.9	22.5	5.1	8.7
24	5/21/2025	52.5	24.2	6.1	9.6
_	MIN	47.7	21.9	4.8	8.3
	AVE	52.3	24.1	6.1	9.7
	MAX	56.9	26.2	7.9	11.4

Note: BDL – Below Detectable Limit, DL: Detectable Limit.

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# **WATER QUALITY DATA**

Project Name	:	Limekankar Quarry Lease Of Chettinad Ceme Kallankurichi Village	nt Corporation Pvt. Ltd. Over An Area Of 15.145 Ha & 3.425 Ha ,
		Location Code	Location Name
		W1	Near Mine Lease Area
Location Name		W2	Thamaraikulam Village
Location Name	•	W3	Venkatapuram Village
		W4	West Srinivasapuram Village
		W5	Srinivasapuram Village

S. No.	Parameter	Unit	W1	W 2	W 3	W 4	W 5	*Permissible Limits
1	рН	-	6.99	7.42	6.74	7.06	7.35	6.5-8.5
2	Electrical Conductivity	µmhos/cm	1032	1032 1276		732.4	1217	-
3	Odor	-	AGREEABLE	AGREEABLE	AGREEABLE	AGREEABLE	AGREEABLE	AGREEABLE
4	Turbidity	NTU	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	5.0
5	Total Hardness as CaCO <sub>3</sub>	mg/L	316	385	332	298	384	600
6	Calcium Hardness CaCO <sub>3</sub>	mg/L	268	339	242	201	340	-
7	Magnesium Hardness CaCO <sub>3</sub>	mg/L	48.0	46.0	90.5	97.0	44.0	-
8	Calcium Ca	mg/L	107	136	96.6	80.4	136	200
9	Magnesium Mg	mg/L	11.66	11.18	21.99	23.57	10.69	100
10	Alkalinity CaCO <sub>3</sub>	mg/L	312	326	348	239	335	600

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S. No.	Parameter	Unit	W1	W 2	W 3	W 4	W 5	*Permissible Limits
11	Chloride Cl-	mg/L	452	199	131	102	204	1000
12	Sulphate SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2</sup>	mg/L	161	204	218	72.6	205	400
13	Iron Fe	mg/L	0.06	BDL(D.L - 0.01)	0.05	0.09	BDL(D.L - 0.01)	0.3
14	Nitrate NO₃	mg/L	2.15	1.86	3.25	3.47	1.67	45
15	Fluoride F	mg/L	0.28	0.39	0.41	0.32	0.33	1.5
16	Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	620	768	654	440	730	2000
17	Free Residual Chlorine Cl <sup>-</sup>	mg/L	BDL (D.L-0.2)	BDL (D.L-0.2)	BDL (D.L-0.2)	BDL(D.L-0.2)	BDL(D.L-0.2)	1.0
18	Manganese Mn	mg/L	BDL (D.L-0.05)	BDL (D.L-0.05)	BDL (D.L-0.05)	BDL (D.L-0.05)	BDL (D.L-0.05)	0.3

Note: \* The water quality of the collected ground water samples were found to be within the prescribed permissible limits of IS: 10500:2012 Norms for Drinking in the absence of an alternative source.

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#### LAND USE PATTERN OF THE STUDY AREA WITHIN 10 KM RADIUS AROUND THE PROPOSED PROJECT AREA

SI.No	No. of Villages	Name of village	Total Geographical Area (in Hectares)	Forest Area (in Hectares)	Area under Non- Agricultural Uses (in Hectares)	Barren & Un- cultivable Land Area (in Hectares)	Permanent Pastures and Other Grazing Land Area (in Hectares)	Land Under Miscellaneous Tree Crops etc. Area (in Hectares)	Culturable Waste Land Area (in Hectares)	Fallows Land other than Current Fallows Area (in Hectares)	Current Fallows Area (in Hectares)	Total Unirrigated Land Area (in Hectares)	Area Irrigated by Source (in Hectares)
0-2 km	ı,Ariyalur 🤄	Sub-District, Ariyalur D		Г -	T	T		·		T			
1	1	Kallankurichi	1323.55	0	197.97	122.77	9.98	172.35	5.6	88.52	290.88	334.22	101.26
		total (A)	1323.55	0	197.97	122.77	9.98	172.35	5.6	88.52	290.88	334.22	101.26
	ı,Ariyalur 🤄	Sub-District, Ariyalur D			505.40	400.00		400			40	070.00	70.00
2	1	Ottakoil	1795.12	0	505.18	122.82	0	100	4.1	0	10	979.36	73.66
3	2	Govindapuram	1374.92	0	90.45	0	0	10.27	1.28	570.91	159.67	486.43	55.91
4	3	Kadugur	877.98	0	49.1	21.9	44	45.4	75.6	30.6	85.19	415.59	110.6
5	4	Arungal	2059.2	0	269.56	316	39.95	95.25	15.25	25.56	332.57	875.38	89.68
6	5	Karuppilakattalai	1230.49	0	173.78	126.2	10.01	79.25	0	13.03	7.6	534.75	285.87
7	6	Alanduraiyarkattalai	673.36	0	104.1	110.35	0	15.86	0	26.2	29.99	369.38	17.48
8	7	Andipattakkadu	779.46	0	183.4	70	0	6.4	0	15.3	43.28	409.34	51.74
		total (B)	8790.53	0	1375.57	767.27	93.96	352.43	96.23	681.6	668.3	4070.23	684.94
	m,Sendura	ai Sub-District, Ariyalu		I -	T		_			T			
9	1	Kottur	1459.02	0	397.1	0	0	56.3	53.3	63.47	255.35	581.02	52.48
10	2	Kodanginaickan patti	1714.25	0	362.22	5.26	0	262.55	45.31	3.14	178.98	772.25	84.54
11	3	Chinnamanaickankottai	823.27	0	99.48	0	8.66	11.39	0	13.25	19.72	580.07	90.7
_	ur Sub-Dis	trict, Ariyalur District	T	T	T	T	Γ	T	<b>-</b>	1			
12	1	Pottaveli	1180.31	0	214.66	0	0	0	103.69	0	0.67	787.47	73.82
13	2	Rayampuram	1160.97	0	148.87	11.05	0.48	96.95	39.03	5.24	105.15	582.97	171.23
14	3	Sennivanam	557.38	0	112.39	0	24.8	14.95	1.05	0	0.24	365.46	38.49
15	4	Illuppaiyur	1287.11	0	248.82	0	0	23.6	3.01	0	39.19	884.47	88.02
16	5	Ayanathur	988.7	0	20.7	6.04	15.9	20.5	105.1	110.6	210.1	369.36	130.4
17	6	Kavanur	1190.69	0	25.1	10.1	9.1	9.1	151.3	135.18	806.8	17.21	26.8
18	7	Vilangudi	804.16	4.09	51.04	53.91	0	2.8	6.41	96.22	213.01	282.61	94.07
19	8	Thelur	1219.57	0	370.13	0	0	35.39	234.97	3.23	144.87	244.65	186.33
20	9	Periyanagalur	1194.7	0	291.08	149.36	0.35	22.2	194.18	277.56	16.8	117.03	126.14
21	10	Varanavasi	976.09	0	14.34	277.97	13.39	0	0	216.08	127.93	267	59.38
22	11	Mallur	1224.97	0	262.13	0	0	17.6	15.4	0	201.72	653.82	74.3
23	12	Siruvalur	704.41	0	140.06	165.2	0	0	0	15.2	2.56	345.79	35.6
24	13	Pudupalayam	976.39	0	140.68	387.45	9.2	32.25	0	0	72.62	294.67	39.52
25	14	Reddipalayam	1218.34	0	250.91	154	0	51.45	401.25	18.2	80.04	220.47	42.02
Kunna	ım Sub-Di	strict, Perambalur Dist	rict										
26	1	Kolapady	477.98	0	109.99	0	1.62	0	0	12.72	9.96	309.52	34.17
27	2	Puduvettagudi	1516.08	0	226.99	3.59	0.23	10.6	71.3	74.95	58.49	916.84	153.09
28	3	Kadur (North)	727.66	0	127.98	0	0	8.4	0	75.15	61.12	124.06	330.95
29	4	Kadur (South)	656.37	0	126.99	0	0	2.52	14.3	0	6.6	317.97	187.99
30	5	Periavenmani (East)	829.88	0	86.88	0	0	0	0	50.86	70.31	464.73	157.1
31	6	Periavenmani (West)	1029.17	0	130.99	0	0	10.4	28.67	130.29	8.65	653.34	66.83

SI.No	No. of Villages	Name of village	Total Geographical Area (in Hectares)	Forest Area (in Hectares)	Area under Non- Agricultural Uses (in Hectares)	Barren & Un- cultivable Land Area (in Hectares)	Permanent Pastures and Other Grazing Land Area (in Hectares)	Land Under Miscellaneous Tree Crops etc. Area (in Hectares)	Culturable Waste Land Area (in Hectares)	Fallows Land other than Current Fallows Area (in Hectares)	Current Fallows Area (in Hectares)	Total Unirrigated Land Area (in Hectares)	Area Irrigated by Source (in Hectares)
32	7	Melamathur	1260.99	0	249.07	36.76	0	5.43	33.03	7.43	33.67	850.05	45.55
33	8	Alagiripalayam	608.93	0	131.03	0.37	0	24.88	1.8	23.02	2.95	419.34	5.54
34	9	Thondappadi	952.73	0	170.05	0.86	0	200.83	14.65	20.18	62.77	460.33	23.06
35	10	Koothur	898.23	10	75.72	5.21	2	1.92	91.19	4.39	250.26	443.96	13.58
36	11	Adhanur (South)	644.1	0	132.2	8.26	0	3.53	68	0	9.75	398.18	24.18
37	12	Adhanur (North)	634.64	0	123.67	9.76	2.08	4.4	12.49	25.33	18.94	437.52	0.45
38	13	Kottarai	1217.39	0	138.62	6.22	0	0.22	74.36	0	154.16	824.53	19.28
		total (C)	30134.48	14.09	4979.89	1291.37	87.81	930.16	1763.79	1381.69	3223.38	13986.69	2475.61
		Grand Total (A+B+C)	40248.56	14.09	6553.43	2181.41	191.75	1454.94	1865.62	2151.81	4182.56	18391.14	3261.81

\*Source: District Primary Census Abstract, Ariyalur, Perambalur District of Tamilnadu State-2011